Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority (the Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 to 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2019 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 23, 2019



TULSA COUNTY JUVENILE JUSTICE TRUST AUTHORITY (THE "AUTHORITY") MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's total assets increased by \$67,440 or 5% during the year ended June 30, 2019 from \$1,408,169 at June 30, 2018 to \$1,475,609 at June 30, 2019. The Authority's net position increased by \$67,880 or 5% during the year ended June 30, 2019 from \$1,404,811 at June 30, 2018 to \$1,472,691 at June 30, 2019. The Authority's total assets increased by \$82,240 or 6% during the year ended June 30, 2018 from \$1,325,929 at June 30, 2017 to \$1,408,169 at June 30, 2018. The Authority's net position increased by \$101,365 or 8% during the year ended June 30, 2018 from \$1,303,446 at June 30, 2017 to \$1,404,811 at June 30, 2018.
- Total operating revenue of the Authority decreased by \$99,172 or 28% for the year ended June 30, 2019, from \$359,176 for the year ended June 30, 2018 to \$260,004 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Total operating revenue of the Authority decreased by \$13,004 or 3% for the year ended June 30, 2018, from \$372,180 for the year ended June 30, 2017 to \$359,176 for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- Total program services of the Authority decreased by \$3,606 or 5% for the year ended June 30, 2019 from \$79,162 for the year ended June 30, 2018 to \$75,556 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Total program services of the Authority decreased by \$62,276 or 44% for the year ended June 30, 2018 from \$141,438 for the year ended June 30, 2017 to \$79,162 for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- Total non-operating revenue increased by \$6,423 or 269% for the year ended June 30, 2019 from \$2,388 for the year ended June 30, 2018 to \$8,811 for the year ended June 30, 2019, considered on a net basis. The Authority was also rewarded a grant of \$116,863 which was immediately transferred to the Tulsa County Juvenile Bureau. Non-operating revenue increased by \$1,179 or 98% for the year ended June 30, 2018 from \$1,209 for the year ended June 30, 2017 to \$2,388 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The following summarizes the content of the Authority's financial statements and differs from previous presentations:

- Management Discussion and Analysis
- Financial Statements, including the Statements of Net Position on page 12 and the Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position on page 13.
- Notes to Financial Statements

The primary focus of the Authority's financial statements is on the Authority as a whole. This perspective allows the user to address relevant questions with a basis for comparison and enhances the Authority's accountability.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority engages in only public service and non-profit type activities. The financial statements are designed such that all types of activities are consolidated to a total for the entire entity. The Authority's major business activities consist of providing programs for children alleged and adjudicated to be deprived, delinquent or in need of supervision.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

The following table reflects the condensed Statements of Net Position compared to prior years.

| | Year Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | 2019 2018 | | 2017 | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 1,475,609 | \$ 1,408,169 | \$ 1,325,929 | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 1,475,609 | \$ 1,408,169 | \$ 1,325,929 | | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 2,918 | \$ 3,358 | \$ 22,483 | | | |
| Unrestricted net assets | 1,472,691 | 1,404,811 | 1,303,446 | | | |
| Total Liabilities and Net Assets | \$ 1,475,609 | \$ 1,408,169 | \$ 1,325,929 | | | |

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$94,644 for the year ended June 30, 2019. This is primarily due to a decrease in program expenses. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$61,717 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The change is from a decrease in general and administrative expenses.

Liabilities decreased by \$440 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The change is attributed to timing differences and vendor invoices in account payable. Liabilities decreased by \$19,125 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The change is attributed to timing differences and vendor invoices in accounts payable. Liabilities increased by \$20,454 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The change in liabilities is attributed to timing differences and vendor invoices in accounts payable.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

| | Year Ended June 30, | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | | | | |
| Net Assets at the, beginning of the year | \$ 1,404,811 | \$ 1,303,446 | \$ 1,177,581 | | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets | 67,880 | 101,365 | 125,865 | | | | |
| Net Assets at the, end of the year | \$ 1,472,691 | \$ 1,404,811 | \$ 1,303,446 | | | | |

While the results of operations are a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the change in unrestricted Net Position provides a clearer change in financial well-being. The change in Unrestricted Net Position is attributed to decreased general and administrative expenses.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal years. As stated before, the Authority engages in only business-type activities.

| | Year Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | | 2017 |
| Operating Support Revenue | | | | | | |
| Government grant | \$ | 260,004 | \$ | 359,035 | \$ | 372,077 |
| Other | | 8,811 | | 2,529 | | 1,312 |
| Total Operating Support and Revenues | 268,815 | | | 361,564 | | 373,389 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | |
| Program services | | 75,556 | | 79,162 | | 141,438 |
| Support services | | 125,379 | | 181,037 | | 106,086 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 200,935 | | 260,199 | | | 247,524 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | | | | | |
| Grant from foundation | | 116,863 | | - | | - |
| Transfer to Tulsa County Juvenile Bureau | (116,863) | | - 6,863) | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues, expenses | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets | \$ 67,880 | | \$ 101,365 | | \$ 125,865 | |

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Total operating revenue decreased by \$99,172 and operating expenses decreased by \$59,264 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The decrease in operating revenue and expenses is due to the reduction in qualified grant participants. Total revenue decreased by \$13,004 and expenses decreased by \$12,675 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in revenue and expenses is due to a reduction in qualified grant participants.

The Title IV-E Program Revenue is predicated on two years retrospective expenses of Tulsa County and on the eligibility of individual claims processed during the year. The claims are realized at a reduced rate due to a decrease of eligible cases.

Program services were \$3,606 less in 2019 than in 2018. The Child Protection Coal funded by the Authority in 2018 was not funded in 2019. Program Services were \$62,276 less in 2018 than 2017 due to significantly decreased funding levels for the three largest programs in 2018 as compared to 2017.

The Authority was awarded a grant from the George Kaiser Family Foundation during the year, which it accepted on behalf of the Tulsa County Juvenile Bureau. The grant was transferred to the Bureau upon receipt.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2019, the Authority did not have any capital assets.

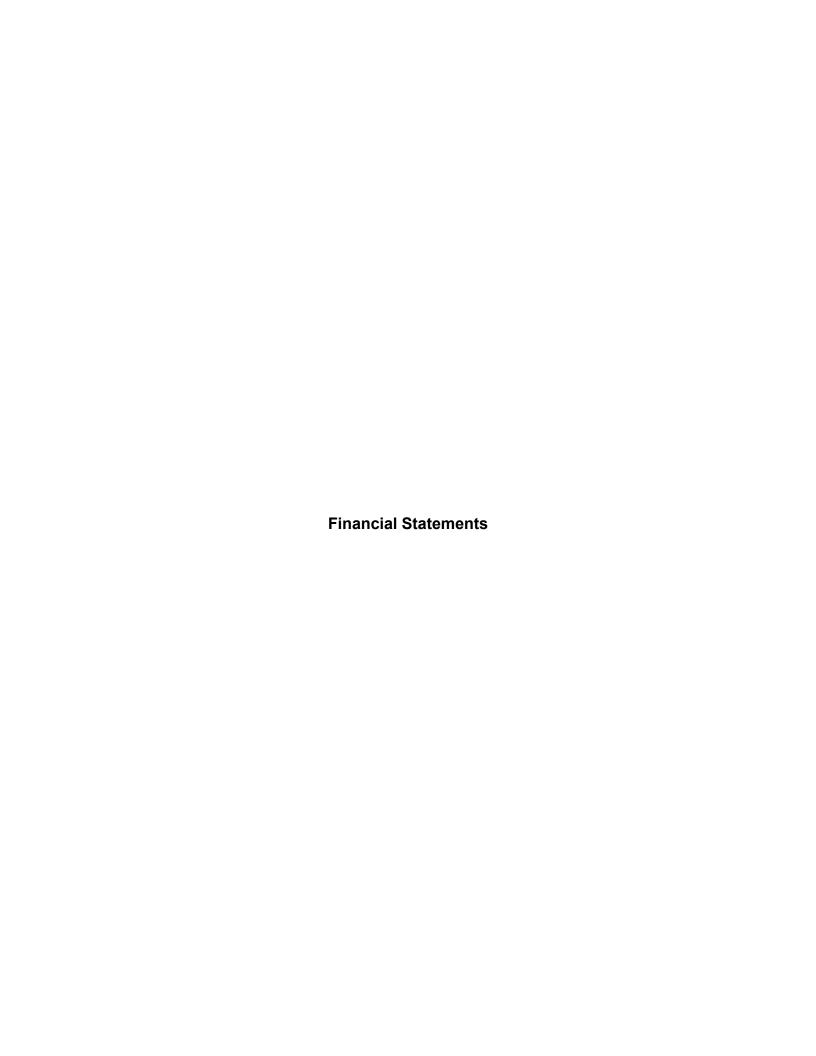
ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- The available grant funds from other government entities.
- The ability of the Authority to qualify certain Juvenile Bureau expenses under the Title IV-E grant.
- Redirection of funding directly to the Juvenile Bureau.
- The ability of the Authority to seek out and obtain other sources of grant funding

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to contact regarding this report is Rosemary Brown, Chief Financial Officer, 918-596-5902, rbrown@tulacounty.org, Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority, 315 S. Gilcrease Museum Road, Tulsa, Oklahoma, 74127.



Statements of Net Position

June 30,

| Accode | 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,404,475 | \$ 1,309,831 |
| Grants receivable | 71,134 | 98,338 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,475,609 | \$ 1,408,169 |
| Liabilities and net position | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 2,918 | \$ 3,358 |
| Net position | | |
| Unrestricted | 1,472,691 | 1,404,811 |
| Total net position | 1,472,691 | 1,404,811 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ 1,475,609 | \$ 1,408,169 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| Operating revenues | | |
| Government grants | \$ 260,004 \$ | 359,035 |
| Other | - | 141 |
| Net operating revenues | 260,004 | 359,176 |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Program services | | |
| Drug court | 1,746 | 1,376 |
| Juvenile Bureau | 44,622 | 51,549 |
| Phoenix Rising | 29,188 | 23,549 |
| Child Protection Coalition | - | 2,688 |
| Total program services | 75,556 | 79,162 |
| Management and general | 125,379 | 181,037 |
| Total operating expenses | 200,935 | 260,199 |
| Operating gain | 59,069 | 98,977 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | |
| Grant from foundation | 116,863 | - |
| Transfer to Tulsa County Juvenile Bureau | (116,863) | - |
| Investment income | 8,811 | 2,388 |
| Change in net position | 67,880 | 101,365 |
| Net position | | |
| Beginning of year | 1,404,811 | 1,303,446 |
| End of year | \$ 1,472,691 \$ | 1,404,811 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,

| | | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----|-----------|-----------------|
| Operating activities | | | |
| Cash received from grant awards | \$ | 287,208 | \$ 338,512 |
| Cash received from other sources | | - | 141 |
| Cash payments for goods or services | | (201,375) | (279,324) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 85,833 | 59,329 |
| Noncapital financing activities | | | |
| Grant from foundation | | 116,863 | - |
| Transfer to Tulsa County Juvenile Bureau | | (116,863) | - |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | | - | - |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Investment income | | 8,811 | 2,388 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 8,811 | 2,388 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 94,644 | 61,717 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | | 1,309,831 | 1,248,114 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 1,404,475 | \$ 1,309,831 |
| Reconciliation of change in net assets to cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Operating gain | \$ | 59,069 | \$ 98,977 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating cost to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Grants receivable | | 27,204 | (20,523) |
| Accounts payable | _ | (440) | (19,125) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 85,833 | \$ 59,329 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note A – Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority (the Authority) is a public trust as defined under Oklahoma Statutes and was formed on September 21, 1998. The Authority exists to provide programs for children alleged and adjudicated to be deprived, delinquent or in need of supervision. These programs secure for each child the care and guidance that will best serve the spiritual, emotional, mental and physical welfare of the child; provide a system for the rehabilitation and reintegration of juvenile delinquents into society; and preserve and strengthen family ties, including improvements of the home environment. The Authority primarily serves children and families in Tulsa County.

- 1. Basis of Accounting The Authority prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. The basic financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.
- 2. Basis of Presentation The Authority has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with, or contradict, GASB pronouncements.
- 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents All highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of 90 days or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash balances are maintained at two financial institutions.
- 4. *Grants Receivable* Grants receivable consists of amounts due from grantors and are uncollateralized. Grants receivable are stated at the amount billed. The carrying amount of grants receivable is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of amounts that will not be collected. Management has determined that no allowance for bad debts is necessary at June 30, 2019 and 2018.
- 5. *Income Taxes* The Authority is exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes is included in these financial statements.
- 6. Operating Revenues and Expenses The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses consist of governmental grant revenues and expenses associated with operating and administering programs consistent with the Authority's purpose. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.
- 7. *Net Position* Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- 8. *Use of Estimates* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note A – Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

9. *Subsequent Events* – The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through October 23, 2019, the date which the financial statements were issued.

Note B – Cash and Investments

The Authority's policy is to invest in those securities which are authorized by Tulsa County. Such investments may consist of obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies and instrumentalities, collateralized or insured certificates of deposit or other bank deposits, and certain other commercial instruments. The primary objectives of the Authority's investment policy are safety, liquidity, yield and administrative costs.

The Authority's investment at June 30, 2019 and 2018 consisted of treasury obligations.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposit and money market balances of the Authority are categorized to give an indication of the level of custodial risk assumed by the Authority at June 30, 2019 and 2018, as follows:

| _2019_ | | Category | | | |
|------------------------|------------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | Bank | Book |
| Cash | (1) | (2) | (3) | Balance | Balance |
| Cash and bank deposits | \$ 500,000 | \$ - \$ | 753,316 | \$1,407,128 | \$1,404,475 |

- 1 FDIC insured.
- 2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.
- 3 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor government's name or uninsured or uncollateralized.

| 2018 | Category | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----|---|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Bank | Book |
| Cash | (1) | (2 |) | (3) | Balance | Balance |
| Cash and bank deposits | \$250,000 | \$ | _ | \$ 1,059,831 | \$1,311,243 | \$1,309,831 |

Note C – Concentrations

The Authority receives a substantial amount of its support from one grant agency. During the year ended June 30, 2019, \$260,004 or 100 percent of total revenues was from this source. During the year ended June 30, 2018, \$359,035 or 99 percent of total revenues came from this one grant agency.

A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Authority's programs and activities. In addition, the Authority's Grant programs are subject to audit by the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Management believes that any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of audits of Grant funds would not be material.





Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees
Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Tulsa County Juvenile Justice Trust Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described below, that we consider to be a significant deficiency:

During the audit we noted account reconciliations including cash, petty cash and equity, were not prepared correctly and didn't tie to the general ledger. We recommend monthly and year-ended procedures be strengthened to ensure all key account balances are reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 23, 2019