



# MARSHALL COUNTY

**Financial Audit** 

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

Cindy Byrd, CPA

State Auditor & Inspector

MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

This publication, issued by the Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector's Office as authorized by 19 O.S. § 171, has not been printed, but is available on the agency's website (<a href="www.sai.ok.gov">www.sai.ok.gov</a>) and in the Oklahoma Department of Libraries Publications Clearinghouse Digital Prairie Collection (<a href="http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/">http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/</a>) pursuant to 65 O.S. § 3-114.



# Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

October 26, 2020

TO THE CITIZENS OF MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Marshall County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

Sincerely,

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR



# **Board of County Commissioners**

District 1 – Don "Salty" Melton

District 2 – Joshua Cantrell

District 3 – Chris Duroy

# **County Assessor**

Debbie Croasdale

# **County Clerk**

Ann Hartin

# **County Sheriff**

Danny Cryer

# **County Treasurer**

Laura Larkin

### **Court Clerk**

Wanda Pearce

# **District Attorney**

Craig Ladd

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

TO THE OFFICERS OF MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

#### Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the combined total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Marshall County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Marshall County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Marshall County as of June 30, 2018, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the combined total of receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Marshall County, for the year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2020, on our consideration of Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the

effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

September 21, 2020



### MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS (WITH COMBINING INFORMATION) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Beginning Cash Balances Receipts July 1, 2017 Apportioned		Transfers In	Disbursements	Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2018	
Combining Information:						
County General Fund	\$ 1,042,26	6 \$ 2,067,598	\$ -	\$ 2,106,593	\$ 1,003,271	
County Highway Fund	738,27	5 2,779,288	-	2,035,151	1,482,412	
Sheriff Prisoner Fund	23,76	9 109,437	-	132,736	470	
County Health Department	256,10	4 336,916	-	196,444	396,576	
Resale Property	750,65	3 171,955	56,328	110,690	868,246	
Sheriff Service Fee	15,97	0 83,666	-	81,831	17,805	
Community Service	19	1 -	-	-	191	
Illegal Dumping Reward	10,00	0 -	-	-	10,000	
Emergency 911	26,85	0 196,589	-	172,151	51,288	
County Clerk Lien Fee	63,08	3 22,533	-	36,189	49,427	
Treasurer Mortgage Tax Certification Fee	20,49	7 2,780	-	800	22,477	
County Clerk Preservation Fund	16,82	8 18,270	-	16,750	18,348	
County Assessor Visual Inspection	56,11	1 35,969	-	28,965	63,115	
Lake Texoma Law	7,75	4 24,000	-	25,941	5,813	
Flood Plain	2,94	-	-	-	2,946	
Juvenile Attendant	14	0 -	-	-	140	
Law Enforcement Grant	1,39	2 -	-	-	1,392	
Tourism Revolving	30,08	0 24,835	-	29,650	25,265	
County General Revolving	535,72	1 99,342	-	111,135	523,928	
Sheriff Dispatch Grant	1	4 -	-	-	14	
Sheriff Commissary	10,52	4 39,736	-	46,269	3,991	
Sheriff Jail Fund	13	9 3,047	-	2,212	974	
Community Sentencing	4,94	4 16,901	-	4,642	17,203	
Sheriff Sales Tax	104,06	3 717,299	-	704,522	116,840	
Cardinal Cove Volunteer Fire Department Grant		9 -	-	-	9	
Enos Volunteer Fire Department Grant	2	5 -	-	-	25	
Fair Board Center	4,83	3 2,825	-	2,317	5,341	
Hauani Creek Volunteer Fire Department	18,13	0 34,072	-	31,334	20,868	
Tri City Volunteer Fire Department	47,98	2 34,072	-	55,506	26,548	
Soldier/Caney Creek Fire Department	19,67	5 34,072	-	38,735	15,012	
Lebanon Volunteer Fire Department	40,08	3 34,072	-	59,181	14,974	
Marshall County Expo	69	4 50	-	-	744	
XCDBG - Water Grant		- 113,034	-	42,744	70,290	
County Bridge and Road Improvement Fund	548,27	5 167,801	-	212,939	503,137	
Sheriff City Reimbursement	11,73	,	-	115,369	10,369	
INCA Home Grant	1,90		-	-	1,900	
Southern Oklahoma Development Authority Grant	27		-	-	270	
Willis/Powell Volunteer Fire Department	22,24	,	-	6,651	49,668	
Madill Fire Department	45,72	,	-	33,991	45,802	
Kingston Fire Department	18,69		-	38,641	14,121	
Enos/Cardinal Cove Volunteer Fire Department	93,71		-	16,000	111,790	
Buncombe Creek Volunteer Fire Department	47,69	1 34,072	-	43,519	38,244	

Continued on next page

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

### MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS (WITH COMBINING INFORMATION) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Continued from previous page  Combining Information (Continued):	Ca	Beginning sh Balances uly 1, 2017	Receipts pportioned	Tı	ransfers In	Dis	bursements	Cas	Ending h Balances ae 30, 2018
Texoma Volunteer Fire Department		94,172	34.072						128,244
Marshall County Fire & Safety Fund		36,519	17.932		-		14.856		39,595
Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC)		3.068	17,932		-		444		2,624
		- ,	250.650		-				,-
1/4 Cent Jail - Building		58,591	358,650		-		386,825		30,416
Hospital Sales Tax		110,410	1,434,598		-		1,423,349		121,659
Court Fund Payroll		94,955	106,882		-		96,371		105,466
Emergency Management Performance Grant			5,489				247		5,242
Combined Total - All County Funds	\$	5,037,710	\$ 9,412,142	\$	56,328	\$	8,461,690	\$	6,044,490

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

Marshall County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects, and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including emergency medical districts, libraries, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included as combining information within the financial statement:

<u>County General Fund</u> – accounts for the general operations of the government.

<u>County Highway Fund</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>Sheriff Prisoner Fund</u> – accounts for monies collected from contracts for housing prisoners and disbursements of same as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Health Department</u> – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues. Disbursements are for the operation of the county health department.

<u>Resale Property</u> – accounts for the collection of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and disposition of same as restricted by state statute.

#### MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Sheriff Service Fee</u> – accounts for the collection and disbursement of sheriff process service fees as restricted by state statute.

<u>Community Service</u> – accounts for collection of funding through the State Department of Correction for administrative expenses and supervision of offenders.

<u>Illegal Dumping Reward</u> – accounts for monies received from donations and disbursements are for information that leads to the arrest or capture of people who illegally dump trash.

<u>Emergency 911</u> – accounts for monies received from private telephone companies for the operations of emergency 911 services.

<u>County Clerk Lien Fee</u> – accounts for lien collections and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>Treasurer Mortgage Tax Certification Fee</u> – accounts for the collection of fees by the Treasurer for mortgage tax certificates and the disbursement of the funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Preservation Fund</u> – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed with the County Clerk as restricted by state statute to be used for preservation of records.

<u>County Assessor Visual Inspection</u> – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds by the Assessor as restricted by state statute for the visual inspection program.

<u>Lake Texoma Law</u> – accounts for monies received from the Corps of Engineers for patrolling services.

<u>Flood Plain</u> – accounts for monies received from the United States Department of Defense for flood plain management.

<u>Juvenile Attendant</u> – accounts for all grants to support the programs and services provided at the juvenile detention facility.

<u>Law Enforcement Grant</u> – accounts for grant monies received from the United States Department of Justice Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Program and disbursed in accordance with grant agreement.

<u>Tourism Revolving</u> – accounts for 20% of the lodging sales tax to be used for the promotion of tourism in Marshall County.

<u>County General Revolving</u> – accounts for 80% of the lodging sales tax to be used for the maintenance and operation of Marshall County.

#### MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Sheriff Dispatch Grant</u> – accounts for state funds to be used for the incorporation of 911 dispatch for Marshall County.

<u>Sheriff Commissary</u> – accounts for the collection of the sale of items to inmates and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>Sheriff Jail Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of revenues for the housing of Department of Corrections' inmates and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>Community Sentencing</u> – accounts for the collection of funding through the State Department of Corrections for administrative expenses and supervision of offenders.

<u>Sheriff Sales Tax</u> – accounts for sales tax collections designated for the maintenance and operation of the Marshall County jail.

<u>Cardinal Cove Volunteer Fire Department Grant</u> – accounts for collections of grant funds and disbursed in accordance with grant agreements.

<u>Enos Volunteer Fire Department Grant</u> – accounts for collections of grant funds and disbursed in accordance with grant agreements.

<u>Fair Board Center</u> – accounts for the donations and fund-raising activities to be used toward the purchase of furniture, fixtures, supplies, etc. for the new Marshall County Expo facility.

<u>Hauani Creek Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Tri City Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collections and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Soldier/Caney Creek Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collections and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Lebanon Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collections and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Marshall County Expo</u> – accounts for collections of grant funds and disbursed in accordance with grant agreements.

<u>XCDBG Water Grant</u> – accounts for collections received through grant funding from a Community Development Block Grant to be disbursed for water infrastructure in accordance with the grant agreement.

#### MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>County Bridge and Road Improvement Fund</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>Sheriff City Reimbursement</u> – accounts for collections from the cities of Madill and Kingston for housing city prisoners and disbursements are for operation of County Jail.

<u>INCA Home Grant</u> – accounts for collections of grant funds and disbursed in accordance with grant agreements.

<u>Southern Oklahoma Development Authority Grant</u> – accounts for collections of grant funds and disbursed in accordance with grant agreements.

<u>Willis/Powell Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collections and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Madill Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Kingston Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Enos/Cardinal Cove Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Buncombe Creek Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Texoma Volunteer Fire Department</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire department.

<u>Marshall County Fire & Safety Fund</u> – accounts for sales tax collection and disbursements for the operation of the fire departments.

<u>Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC)</u> – accounts for grant monies received and the disbursement of funds for emergency planning, training, and equipment.

<u>1/4 Cent Jail – Building</u> – accounts for the collection of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds as restricted by the sales tax ballot.

<u>Hospital Sales Tax</u> – accounts for sales tax collections and disbursed to the County Hospital for capital expenditures and indigent care as restricted by the sales tax ballot.

<u>Court Fund Payroll</u> – accounts for funds collected by the Court Clerk and disbursed for payroll of the Court Fund employees.

<u>Emergency Management Performance Grant</u> – accounts for federal grant collections and disbursements in accordance with the grant agreement.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 specifies the format and presentation for Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171. County governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

#### D. Budget

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before May 31 of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs (budget) to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. Within weeks, the County Budget Board may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

#### 2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

#### 3. Other Information

#### A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes

the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

#### B. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides post-retirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

#### D. Sales Tax

#### Sales Tax on Lodging August 27, 2002

The voters of Marshall County approved a five percent (5%) lodging tax to be collected for an unlimited duration. The proceeds from such tax shall be used for the promotion of tourism in Marshall County (20%) and the maintenance and operation of Marshall County (80%). These funds are accounted for in cash funds as reported on the County's financial statement as County General Revolving and Tourism Revolving.

#### Sales Tax of November 2, 2004

The voters of Marshall County approved a continuation of a 1/2 percent (.50%) sales tax on November 2, 2004 to be collected for an unlimited duration. This sales tax was established to provide revenue for the County Sheriff for the general operational expenses of the Marshall County

jail. These funds are accounted for in a cash fund as reported on the County's financial statement as Sheriff Sales Tax.

#### Sales Tax of December 12, 2006

The voters of Marshall County approved a one percent (1%) sales tax on December 12, 2006 commencing April 1, 2009 for ten (10) years, expiring on March 30, 2019. This sales tax was established to provide revenue for the County Hospital for capital expenditures and indigent care. These funds are accounted for in a cash fund as reported on the County's financial statement as Hospital Sales Tax.

#### Sales Tax of June 24, 2014

The voters of Marshall County approved a permanent one quarter percent (.25%) sales tax on June 24, 2014. This sales tax was established to provide revenue for the Marshall County Fire Departments and the Marshall County Fire and Safety Association. These funds are accounted for in cash funds as reported on the County's financial statement as: Hauani Creek Volunteer Fire Department, Tri City Volunteer Fire Department, Soldier/Caney Creek Fire Department, Lebanon Volunteer Fire Department, Willis/Powell Volunteer Fire Department, Madill Fire Department, Kingston Fire Department, Enos/Cardinal Cove Volunteer Fire Department, Buncombe Creek Volunteer Fire Department, Texoma Volunteer Fire Department, and Marshall County Fire and Safety.

#### Sales Tax of October 13, 2015

The voters of Marshall County approved a one quarter percent (.25%) sales tax on October 13, 2015 to be used for the design, construction, financing, furnishing and equipping, capital facilities and improvements, equipment, fixtures, site preparation, street improvements and continuing maintenance and operations expenses for a detention facility located in Marshall County, Oklahoma. One quarter (.25%) of the one quarter cent (.25%) will terminate at 20 years from the effective date of the tax (January 1, 2016) or at the date of retirement of all debt related thereto, whichever occurs earlier; three-sixteenths (3/16) of one cent to remain for an unlimited duration for operations and maintenance of the detention facility. These funds are accounted for in a cash fund as reported on the County's financial statement as 1/4 Cent Jail-Building.

#### E. Interfund Transfers

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfer between cash funds:

• \$56,328 was transferred from the Excess Resale fund (a trust and agency fund) to the Resale Property fund in accordance with 68 O.S. § 3131(C).



# MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—BUDGETARY BASIS— GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	]	Budget	Actual		Variance		
Beginning Cash Balances	\$	995,644		1,042,266	\$	46,622	
Less: Prior Year Outstanding Warrants		(84,232)		(84,232)		-	
Less: Prior Year Encumbrances		(75,907)		(81,282)		(5,375)	
Beginning Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis		835,505		876,752		41,247	
Total Receipts, Budgetary Basis		1,863,183		2,067,598		204,415	
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis		2,698,688		2,171,902		526,786	
Excess of Receipts and Beginning Cash							
Balances Over Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$			772,448	\$	772,448	
Reconciliation to Statement of Receipts,							
Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances							
Add: Current Year Outstanding Warrants				95,170			
Add: Current Year Encumbrances				135,653			
Ending Cash Balance			\$	1,003,271			

# MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—BUDGETARY BASIS— COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	County Health Department Fund							
	]	Budget		Actual	Ţ	/ariance		
Beginning Cash Balances	\$	249,454	\$	256,104	\$	6,650		
Less: Prior Year Outstanding Warrants		(385)		(385)		-		
Less: Prior Year Encumbrances		(18,157)		(8,369)		9,788		
Beginning Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis		230,912		247,350		16,438		
Total Receipts, Budgetary Basis		314,749		336,916		22,167		
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis		545,661		247,695		297,966		
Excess of Receipts and Beginning Cash Balances Over Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$	<u>-</u>		336,571	\$	336,571		
Reconciliation to Statement of Receipts,								
Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances								
Add: Current Year Encumbrances				46,702				
Add: Current Year Outstanding Warrants				13,303				
Ending Cash Balance			\$	396,576				
Litting Cubit Dumine			Ψ	370,310				

#### 1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedules of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund and the County Health Department Fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.





# Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

TO THE OFFICERS OF MARSHALL COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined total—all funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) of Marshall County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises Marshall County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated September 21, 2020.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County for the year ended June 30, 2018, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Marshall County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Marshall County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be material weaknesses: 2018-001 and 2018-006.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Marshall County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2018-006.

#### Marshall County's Response to Findings

Marshall County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Marshall County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is also a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.), and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

September 21, 2020

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

#### Finding 2018-001 – Lack of County-Wide Controls and Internal Controls Over Information Systems

**Condition:** When assessing county-wide controls, the following weaknesses were noted:

- County-wide controls regarding Risk Assessment, Information and Communication, and Monitoring have not been designed.
- Upon review of the computer systems within the County Clerk's office and County Treasurer's office, it was noted that there does not appear to be adequate internal controls in place to safeguard data from unauthorized modification, loss, or disclosure. The specifics of the condition have been sanitized to protect the County pursuant to the provision of 51 O.S. § 24A.28.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to address the risks of the County and to prevent unauthorized access to data.

**Effect of Condition:** These condition could result in compromised security for the computers, computer programs, and data. Additionally, without written documentation of the county-wide internal controls it is more difficult to retain organizational knowledge, communicate that knowledge to personnel, indicate what internal controls are present and monitor those internal controls.

**Recommendation:** The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector's Office (OSAI) recommends the County comply with the best practices presented in the criteria. The specifics of the recommendation have been sanitized to protect the County pursuant to the provision of 51 O.S. § 24A.28. Additionally, OSAI recommends that the County design and implement policies and procedures to document their internal control framework. This documentation should outline the importance of internal controls, the risk that the County has identified, the control activities established to address the risk, the steps taken to properly communicate pertinent information in a timely manner and the methodology to monitor the quality of performance over time. These procedures should be written policies and procedures and could be included in the County's policies and procedures handbook.

#### **Management Response:**

Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners: The Board of County Commissioners will work towards assessing and identifying risks to design written county-wide controls.

County Treasurer: We are working to correct the condition over the information system used in our office.

**County Clerk:** The condition over the information system used in our office has been corrected.

**Criteria:** The United States Government Accountability Office's *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* (2014 version) aided in guiding our assessments and conclusion. Although this publication (GAO Standards) addresses controls in the federal government, this criterion can be treated as best practices and may be applied as a framework for an internal control system for state, local, and quasi-governmental entities.

The GAO Standards – Section 1 – Fundamental Concepts of Internal Control – OV1.01 states in part:

Definition of Internal Control

Internal control is a process effected by an entity's oversight body, management, and other personnel that provides reasonable assurance that the objectives of an entity will be achieved.

Additionally, GAO Standards – Section 2 – Establishing an Effective Internal Control System – OV2.04 states in part:

Components, Principles, and Attributes

Control Environment - The foundation for an internal control system. It provides the discipline and structure to help an entity achieve its objectives.

Risk Assessment - Assesses the risks facing the entity as it seeks to achieve its objectives. This assessment provides the basis for developing appropriate risk responses.

Information and Communication - The quality information management and personnel communicate and use to support the internal control system.

Monitoring - Activities management establishes and operates to assess the quality of performance over time and promptly resolve the findings of audits and other reviews.

Further, according to the standards of the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (CobiT, Deliver and Support Ds5), the need to maintain the integrity of information and protect IT assets requires a security management process. This process includes establishing and maintaining IT security roles and responsibilities, policies, standards, and procedures. Security management also includes performing security monitoring and periodic testing and implementing corrective actions for identified security weaknesses or incidents. Effective security management protects all IT assets to minimize the business impact of security vulnerabilities and incidents.

#### Finding 2018-006 – Lack of Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over the Disbursement Process

**Condition:** The audit of thirty-nine (39) disbursements reflected the following:

• Five (5) instances were noted in which disbursements were not properly encumbered.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to strengthen internal controls over disbursements to ensure compliance with state statute.

**Effect of Condition:** This condition resulted in noncompliance with state statute and could result in unrecorded transactions, misstated financial reports, undetected errors, and misappropriation of funds.

**Recommendation:** OSAI recommends the County implement a system of internal controls over the disbursement process. Such controls should include ensuring that funds are encumbered prior to the receipt of goods and/or services in accordance with 19 O.S. § 1505.

#### **Management Response:**

Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners: The Board of County Commissioners will express to fellow County officials the importance of County funds being encumbered prior to the receipt of goods and/or services.

Criteria: The GAO Standards – Section 2 – Objectives of an Entity - OV2.23 states in part:

#### Compliance Objectives

Management conducts activities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. As part of specifying compliance objectives, the entity determines which laws and regulations apply to the entity. Management is expected to set objectives that incorporate these requirements.

Further, GAO Standards – Principle 6 – Define Objectives and Risk Tolerances - 6.05 states:

#### Definitions of Objectives

Management considers external requirements and internal expectations when defining objectives to enable the design of internal control. Legislators, regulators, and standard-setting bodies set external requirements by establishing the laws, regulations, and standards with which the entity is required to comply. Management identifies, understands, and incorporates these requirements into the entity's objectives. Management sets internal expectations and requirements through the established standards of conduct, oversight structure, organizational structure, and expectations of competence as part of the control environment.

Further, effective internal controls require that management properly implement procedures to ensure that purchases comply with 19 O.S. § 1505.

SECTION 2—This section contains certain matters not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe these matters are significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider these matters and take appropriate corrective action.

No matters were noted.



