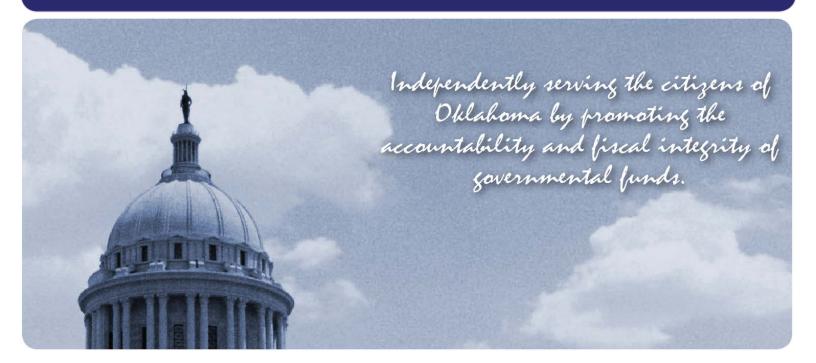
### **COUNTY AUDIT**

## MCINTOSH COUNTY

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015





McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This publication, issued by the Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector's Office as authorized by 19 O.S. § 171, has not been printed, but is available on the agency's website (<a href="www.sai.ok.gov">www.sai.ok.gov</a>) and in the Oklahoma Department of Libraries Publications Clearinghouse Digital Prairie Collection (<a href="http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/">http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/</a>) pursuant to 65 O.S. § 3-114.

## Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd. • State Capitol, Room 100 • Oklahoma City, OK 73105 • Phone: 405.521.3495 • Fax: 405.521.3426

September 19, 2018

### TO THE CITIZENS OF McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of McIntosh County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

Sincerely,

GARY A. JONES, CPA, CFE

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)

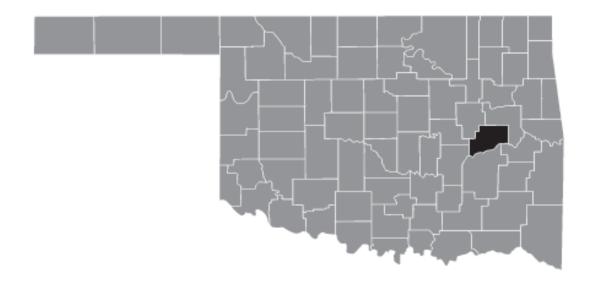
Statistical Information	i v v vi
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of State Auditor and Inspector	1
Financial Statement:	
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis (with Combining Information)—Major Funds	<i>Δ</i>
Notes to the Financial Statement	5
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Comparative Schedule of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis—General Fund	10
Comparative Schedule of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis—County Health Department Fund	12
Combining Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis—Remaining Aggregate Funds	13
Notes to Other Supplementary Information	14

#### McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	16
Schedule of Findings and Responses	. 18

INTRODUCTORY SECTION
UNAUDITED INFORMATION ON PAGES iii -viii
PRESENTED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY



Created at statehood from lands in the southern part of the Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory, McIntosh County was named for a well-known Creek family. The chief physical feature of the county is Lake Eufaula, which is comprised of 105,000 acres and is the largest body of water in Oklahoma.

The county seat, Eufaula, is located thirteen miles south of I–40 on U.S. 69. The Creeks immigrated into the area in 1836 and their influence is seen in names such as Eufaula, which comes from an old Creek town in Alabama called Yufala, "they split up here and went to other places." The Asbury Mission Boarding School was established in 1849 by the Episcopal Church under a contract with the Creek Indian Council. Today it is the Eufaula Boarding School. The *Indian Journal*, founded in 1876 and published in Eufaula, is the oldest surviving newspaper in the state. Tourism is the main industry in this area.

Checotah, established by the KATY railroad station, was named for a principal chief of the Creek Indians, Samuel Checote. The town, once a battleground where the Creek and Little Osage fought, is now a trade center for northern McIntosh and southwest Muskogee counties.

For more county information, call the county clerk's office at 918/689–2741.

County Seat – Eufaula

Area –712.48 Square Miles

County Population – 20,088 (2014 est.)

Farms - 1,018

Land in Farms – 235,936 Acres

Primary Source: Oklahoma Almanac 2015-2016

#### **Board of County Commissioners**

District 1 – Bill Phillips District 2 – Tim Pendley

District 3 – Michael Burns

#### **County Assessor**

Trina Williams

#### **County Clerk**

Ronda Prince

#### **County Sheriff**

Kevin Ledbetter

#### **County Treasurer**

Betty Whisenhunt

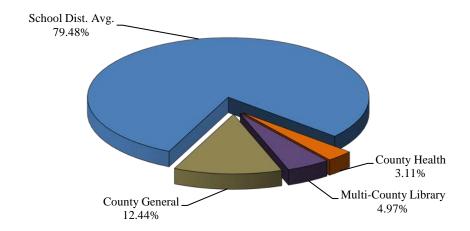
#### **Court Clerk**

Carrie Pittman

#### **District Attorney**

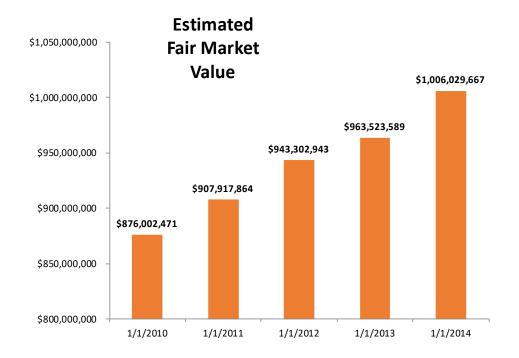
**Rob Barris** 

Property taxes are calculated by applying a millage rate to the assessed valuation of property. Millage rates are established by the Oklahoma Constitution. One mill equals one-thousandth of a dollar. For example, if the assessed value of a property is \$1,000.00 and the millage rate is 1.00, then the tax on that property is \$1.00. This chart shows the different entities of the County and their share of the various millages as authorized by the Constitution.



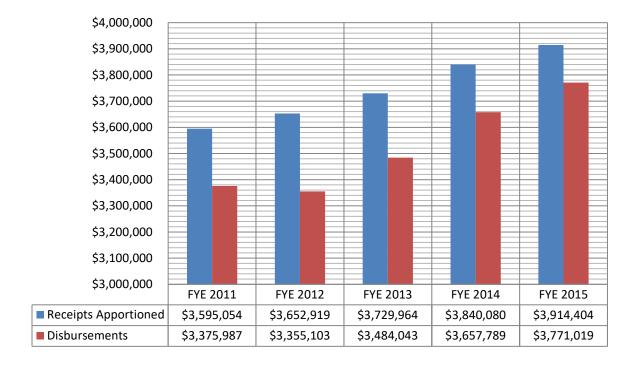
County-Wide Millag	ges	School District Millages										
							Career					
County General	10.26			Gen.	Bldg.	Skg.	Tech.	Common	Total			
County Health	2.56	Eufaula	I-1	35.39	5.06	8.74	12.37	4.10	65.66			
Multi-County Library	4.10	Checotah	I-19	35.70	5.10	24.30	10.37	4.10	79.57			
		Hanna	HA-64	36.85	5.26	-	5.04	4.10	51.25			
		Midway	I-27	36.77	5.25	23.95	10.37	4.10	80.44			
		Stidham	D-16	37.44	5.35	-	12.37	4.10	59.26			
		Ryal	D-3	37.05	5.29	-	-	4.10	46.44			
		Henryetta	J-2	36.23	5.18	9.71	12.49	4.10	67.71			
		Dewar	J-8	36.24	5.18	15.44	12.49	4.10	73.45			
		Warner	J-74	35.09	5.01	8.48	10.37	4.10	63.05			
		Weleetka	J-31	35.00	5.00	29.61	5.04	4.10	78.75			
		Graham-Dustin	J-54	36.44	5.21	4.49	5.04	4.10	55.28			

						Estimated
Valuation		Public	Real	Homestead		Fair Market
Date	Personal	Service	Estate	Exemption	Net Value	Value
1/1/2014	\$14,598,669	\$9,615,933	\$91,435,480	\$7,214,483	\$108,435,599	\$1,006,029,667
1/1/2013	\$14,322,161	\$8,931,751	\$87,365,685	\$6,641,308	\$103,978,289	\$963,523,589
1/1/2012	\$15,018,474	\$9,422,282	\$84,208,959	\$6,515,508	\$102,134,207	\$943,302,943
1/1/2011	\$13,774,141	\$9,161,986	\$81,686,240	\$6,419,147	\$98,203,220	\$907,917,864
1/1/2010	\$13,454,472	\$8,701,184	\$78,717,046	\$6,354,316	\$94,518,386	\$876,002,471



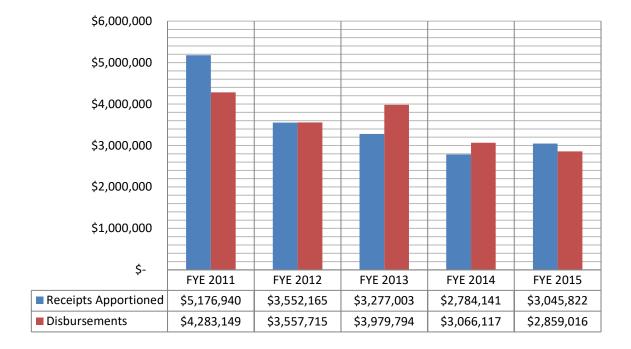
#### **County General Fund**

The Oklahoma Constitution and the Oklahoma Statutes authorize counties to create a County General Fund, which is the county's primary source of operating revenue. The County General Fund is typically used for county employees' salaries plus many expenses for county maintenance and operation. It also provides revenue for various budget accounts and accounts that support special services and programs. The Board of County Commissioners must review and approve all expenditures made from the County General Fund. The primary revenue source for the County General Fund is usually the county's ad valorem tax collected on real, personal (if applicable), and public service property. Smaller amounts of revenue can come from other sources such as fees, sales tax, use tax, state transfer payments, in-lieu taxes, and reimbursements. The chart below summarizes receipts and disbursements of the County's General Fund for the last five fiscal years.



#### **County Highway Fund**

The County receives major funding for roads and highways from a state imposed fuel tax. Taxes are collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Taxes are imposed on all gasoline, diesel, and special fuel sales statewide. The County's share is determined on formulas based on the County population, road miles, and land area and is remitted to the County monthly. These funds are earmarked for roads and highways only and are accounted for in the County Highway Fund. The chart below summarizes receipts and disbursements of the County's Highway Fund for the last five fiscal years.





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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

TO THE OFFICERS OF McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

#### Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the combined total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of McIntosh County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by McIntosh County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of McIntosh County as of June 30, 2015, or changes in its financial position for the year then ended.

#### Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the combined total of receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of McIntosh County, for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined total of all county funds on the financial statement. The Other Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The Other Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined total—all county funds.

The information listed in the table of contents under Introductory Section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2018, on our consideration of McIntosh County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests

of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and in considering McIntosh County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GARY A. JONES, CPA, CFE

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

September 18, 2018



#### McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS (WITH COMBINING INFORMATION)—MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Cas	Beginning sh Balances aly 1, 2014	Receipts Apportioned		Transfers In		Transfers Out		Disbursements		Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2015	
Combining Information:												
Major Funds:												
General Fund	\$	2,699,117	\$	3,914,404	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,771,019	\$	2,842,502
Sinking Fund		30		-		-		-		-		30
County Health Department		160,863		285,288		-		-		288,214		157,937
Highway Cash Fund		2,225,074		3,045,822		336,287		662,136		2,859,016		2,086,031
Jail Sales Tax Operations Cash Fund		484,422		903,055		-		-		995,211		392,266
McIntosh County 911		642,701		571,933		-		-		404,479		810,155
MCPFA Sales Tax Fund		75,345		902,513		-		-		903,889		73,969
Remaining Aggregate Funds		1,268,555		712,316						644,298		1,336,573
<b>Combined Total - All County Funds</b>	\$	7,556,107	\$	10,335,331	\$	336,287	\$	662,136	\$	9,866,126	\$	7,699,463

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

McIntosh County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including libraries, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included as combining information within the financial statement:

General Fund – accounts for the general operations of the government.

<u>Sinking Fund</u> – accounts for monies collected from ad valorem taxes for payment of bonds or judgments against the County. The County has no long-term debt and this balance will eventually be transferred to the General Fund.

<u>County Health Department</u> – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues. Disbursements are for the operation of the county health department.

<u>Highway Cash Fund</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>Jail Sales Tax Operations Cash Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of county sales tax money and is disbursed for the purpose of maintenance and operation of the McIntosh County Jail.

<u>McIntosh County 911</u> – accounts for revenues from various telecommunication companies and disbursed for the operation of the Emergency 911 system.

<u>MCPFA Sales Tax Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of sales tax revenue used for the retirement of indebtedness incurred on behalf of McIntosh County by the McIntosh County Public Facilities Authority (MCPFA) for the construction of a new detention facility.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 specifies the format and presentation for Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171. County governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue. All other funds included in the audit shall be presented in the aggregate in a combining statement.

#### D. Budget

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

#### 2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

#### 3. Other Information

#### A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and

amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

#### **B.** Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides post-retirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

#### D. Sales Tax

The voters of McIntosh County approved a one percent (1%) sales tax through a special election on June 11, 2002, that went into effect on August 14, 2002. This sales tax has an unlimited duration. The sales tax was established to provide revenue for the following: Senior Citizens Organizations-5%; Rural Fire Departments-10%; Office of Emergency Management-0.5%; OSU Extension Office-3.5%; McIntosh County Fair Board-2%; County Commissioners-M&O of Roads & Bridges-23%; County Clerk-5%; County Assessor-2.5%; County Treasurer-2.5%; Court Clerk-2%; County Sheriff-12% County Government-19%; Maintenance & Repairs to McIntosh County Courthouse-7%; Library-5%; Collection Fee to Oklahoma Tax Commission-1%. These funds are accounted for in the General Fund.

The voters of McIntosh County approved a one-half of one cent (1/2%) sales tax through a special election on May 9, 2006, with proceeds to be designated and used specifically for the acquisition

of real property, construction, equipping, operating and maintaining the new McIntosh County Detention Facility and courthouse improvements. A portion of such sales tax, three-eighths of one cent (3/8%) shall have a limited duration of twenty years from the date of commencement, or until principal and interest upon indebtedness incurred on behalf of McIntosh County by the McIntosh County Public Facility Authority in furtherance of the county detention facility and courthouse improvements are paid in full, whichever occurs earlier; while the remaining portion of such sales tax, one-eighth of one cent (1/8%), to continue for operation and maintenance expenses of the county detention facility until repealed by a majority of the electors of McIntosh County in an election called for the purpose of posing said proposition; making provisions separable; and declaring an emergency be approved. These funds are accounted for in the Jail Sales Tax Operations Cash Fund and the MCPFA Sales Tax Fund.

The voters of McIntosh County approved a one-half of one cent (1/2%) sales tax through a special election on August 9, 2011, with proceeds to be used to pay the cost of operating and maintaining the McIntosh County Detention Facilities, provided that a one-eighth cent (1/8%) portion be limited to a duration of fifteen years commencing January 1, 2012 and ending on December 31, 2026, and the remaining three-eighths cent (3/8%) portion to have an unlimited duration, until repealed by a majority of the electors of McIntosh County in an election called for the purpose of posing said proposition; making provisions separable; and declaring an emergency be approved. These funds are accounted for in the Jail Sales Tax Operations Cash Fund and the MCPFA Sales Tax Fund.

#### E. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfers between cash funds.

- \$336,287 was transferred from the Emergency and Transportation Revolving Fund, a trust and agency fund, to the Highway Cash Fund as a loan used for bridge and road projects in the County.
- \$662,136 was transferred from the Highway Cash Fund to the Emergency and Transportation Revolving Fund, a trust and agency fund, to repay a loan used for bridge and road projects in the County.



#### McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—BUDGETARY BASIS— GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund						
	Budget	Actual	Variance				
Beginning Cash Balances	\$ 2,699,117	\$ 2,699,117	\$ -				
Less: Prior Year Outstanding Warrants	(102,905)	(102,905)	Ψ				
Less: Prior Year Encumbrances	(18,917)	(13,850)	5,067				
Beginning Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis	2,577,295	2,582,362	5,067				
Degining Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis	2,311,293	2,362,302	3,007				
Receipts:							
Ad Valorem Taxes	1,011,409	1,104,806	93,397				
Charges for Services	84,000	160,313	76,313				
Intergovernmental Revenues	622,501	782,606	160,105				
Sales Tax	1,577,672	1,805,027	227,355				
Miscellaneous Revenues	10,000	61,652	51,652				
Total Receipts, Budgetary Basis	3,305,582	3,914,404	608,822				
Expenditures:							
District Attorney	6,000	5,999	1				
County Sheriff	550,337	550,337	-				
County Treasurer	161,081	160,382	699				
County Commissioners	53,795	48,898	4,897				
OSU Extension	10,000	7,238	2,762				
County Clerk	204,336	204,324	12				
Court Clerk	317,884	317,698	186				
County Assessor	161,053	161,045	8				
Revaluation of Real Property	242,650	242,461	189				
General Government	475,609	243,823	231,786				
Excise-Equalization Board	7,524	4,695	2,829				
County Election Expense	80,506	79,464	1,042				
Sales Tax Senior Citizens - Checotah	73,888	10,150	63,738				
Sales Tax Senior Citizens - Eufaula	36,386	13,676	22,710				
Sales Tax Senior Citizens - Hanna	26,166	14,114	12,052				
Sales Tax Senior Citizens - Salem Ryal	30,421	12,074	18,347				
Sales Tax Senior Citizens - Oak Grove	22,877	18,604	4,273				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Texanna	18,906	12,080	6,826				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Tiger Mountain	29,564	7,647	21,917				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Vivian	29,997	16,099	13,898				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Salem Ryal	42,515	9,947	32,568				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Hanna	59,548	9,007	50,541				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Hitchita	28,378	3,100	25,278				
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Lotta Watta	29,734	640	29,094				

(Continued on the next page)

# McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—BUDGETARY BASIS— GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund								
(Continued from previous page)									
	Budget	Actual	Variance						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Porum Landing	32,855	1,700	31,155						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Paradise Point	79,424	10,661	68,763						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - FAIC	27,361	8,745	18,616						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Onappa	51,178	33,303	17,875						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Rentiesville	42,808	2,765	40,043						
Sales Tax Rural Fire - Shady Grove	47,732	11,032	36,700						
Sales Tax Sheriff	244,953	244,279	674						
Sales Tax Treasurer	158,421	22,542	135,879						
Sales Tax County Clerk	174,384	63,327	111,057						
Sales Tax Assessor	65,403	40,722	24,681						
Sales Tax Court Clerk	85,135	9,870	75,265						
Sales Tax OSU Extension	96,212	58,329	37,883						
Sales Tax General Government	940,396	444,295	496,101						
Sales Tax Courthouse	300,565	78,234	222,331						
Sales Tax Highway	646,534	394,780	251,754						
Sales Tax Library	90,805	90,805	-						
Sales Tax Fair Board	41,427	41,112	315						
Sales Tax EMS	21,997	9,960	12,037						
County Audit Budget Account	30,132	30,132	-						
Free Fair Budget Account	6,000	3,910	2,090						
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	5,882,877	3,754,005	2,128,872						
Excess of Receipts and Beginning Cash									
Balances Over Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ -	2,742,761	\$ 2,742,761						
Reconciliation to Statement of Receipts,									
Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances									
Add: Current Year Outstanding Warrants		99,402							
Add: Current Year Encumbrances		339							
Ending Cash Balance		\$ 2,842,502							

# McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—BUDGETARY BASIS— COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	County Health Department Fund										
	]	Budget		Actual	Variance						
Beginning Cash Balances	\$	160,863	\$	160,863	\$	_					
Less: Prior Year Outstanding Warrants		(22,597)		(22,597)		_					
Less: Prior Year Encumbrances		(4,699)		(3,709)		990					
Beginning Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis		133,567		134,557		990					
Receipts:											
Ad Valorem Taxes		252,359		275,663		23,304					
Charges for Services		8,519		8,519		-					
Intergovenmental Revenues		-		11		11					
Miscellaneous Revenues				1,095		1,095					
Total Receipts, Budgetary Basis		260,878		285,288		24,410					
Expenditures:											
Health and Welfare		394,445		304,007		90,438					
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis		394,445		304,007		90,438					
Excess of Receipts and Beginning Cash Balances Over Expenditures,											
Budgetary Basis	\$			115,838	\$	115,838					
Reconciliation to Statement of Receipts,											
Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances											
Add: Current Year Outstanding Warrants				42,099							
Ending Cash Balance			\$	157,937							

# McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS— REMAINING AGGREGATE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2014			Receipts oportioned	Disb	oursements	Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2015		
Damaining Aggregata Funds									
Remaining Aggregate Funds: County Assessor Fees Cash Fund	\$	19,568	\$	7,931	\$	15,174	\$	12,325	
Mortgage Tax Cash Fund	Ф	1,676	Ф	3,635	φ	475	Ф	4,836	
County Clerk M&M Cash Fund		19,113		12,026		4/3		31,139	
RM&P Cash Fund				27,812		41 207			
Lake Patrol Cash Fund		36,776		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		41,207		23,381	
		22,425		11,674		23,898		10,201	
Sheriff Revolving Narcotics Cash Fund		26,100		<del>-</del>		18,089		8,011	
Sheriff Board of Prisoners Cash Fund		574,528		132,703		120,586		586,645	
Sheriff Fees Cash Fund		48,659		151,625		135,314		64,970	
Resale Cash Voucher Fund		367,196		144,600		142,515		369,281	
Adult Drug Court Revolving Cash Fund		24,846		-		10,801		14,045	
Jail Use Tax Cash Fund		58,519		83,278		49,900		91,897	
LEPC Cash Fund		734		1,000		1,189		545	
Hazard Mitigation Plan Cash Fund		1,822		, -		· -		1,822	
Sheriff Commissary		65,872		104,535		83,293		87,114	
Emergency Management Cash Fund		721		1,200		1,857		64	
MCPFA M&O		-		30,297		-		30,297	
Combined Total - Remaining Aggregate Funds	\$	1,268,555	\$	712,316	\$	644,298	\$	1,336,573	

#### 1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedules of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund and the County Health Department Fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances with Combining Information because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.

#### 2. Remaining County Funds

Remaining aggregate funds as presented on the financial statement are as follows:

<u>County Assessor Fees Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from fees charged by the Assessor and disbursement of funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>Mortgage Tax Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from fees for certifying mortgages. Disbursements are for any lawful expense of the Treasurer's office.

<u>County Clerk M&M Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from fees charged by the County Clerk for filing liens. Disbursements are for any lawful expense of the County Clerk's office.

<u>RM&P Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from fees charged by the County Clerk for recording instruments. Disbursements are for the maintenance and preservation of public records.

<u>Lake Patrol Cash Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of monies from the Corp of Engineers for the payroll of a part-time patrol officer.

<u>Sheriff Revolving Narcotics Cash Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of drug money seized in crimes and forfeited to the Sheriff's office via court order. Disbursements are for enforcement of controlled dangerous substances laws, drug abuse prevention and drug abuse education.

<u>Sheriff Board of Prisoners Cash Fund</u> – accounts for monies received by the Sheriff's office for the housing of prisoners for towns, tribes, and other counties. Disbursements are for jail operating expenses.

#### McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<u>Sheriff Fees Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from fees collected for serving summons and notices. Disbursements are for any lawful expense of the Sheriff's office.

<u>Resale Cash Voucher Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from interest and penalties on delinquent ad valorem taxes. Disbursements are to offset the expense of collecting delinquent ad valorem taxes.

<u>Adult Drug Court Revolving Cash Fund</u> – accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the adult drug court.

<u>Jail Use Tax Cash Fund</u> – accounts for the use tax collected by the State of Oklahoma and disbursed to the County with funds to be used toward costs related to the jail.

<u>LEPC Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from the State of Oklahoma and are disbursed for the purchase of equipment for Emergency Management.

<u>Hazard Mitigation Plan Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from the State of Oklahoma and disbursements are for the completion of a hazard mitigation plan.

<u>Sheriff Commissary</u> – accounts for profits on commissary sales in the County jail transferred from the inmate trust account and disbursement of funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>Emergency Management Cash Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from state, federal, and miscellaneous donations. Disbursements are for any lawful expense of emergency management.

<u>MCPFA M&O</u> – accounts for revenues from insurance claims for damage to property at the jail. Disbursements are for the maintenance and operation of the McIntosh County Jail.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

TO THE OFFICERS OF McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined total—all funds of the accompanying Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of McIntosh County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises McIntosh County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2018.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County for the year ended June 30, 2015, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered McIntosh County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McIntosh County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McIntosh County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McIntosh County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters regarding statutory compliance that we reported to the management of McIntosh County, which are included in Section 2 of the schedule of findings and responses contained in this report.

#### **McIntosh County's Responses to Findings**

McIntosh County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. McIntosh County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is also a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.), and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

GARY A. JONES, CPA, CFE

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

September 18, 2018

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

No matters were reported.

SECTION 2—This section contains certain matters not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe these matters are significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider these matters and take appropriate corrective action.

Finding 2015-001 - Inadequate Internal Controls Over Federal Awards - Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

**Condition:** The County has not designed and implemented formal internal controls for the reporting of its federal programs as required by OMB Circular A-133.

During our review and reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) as initially prepared by the County, we noted the following:

- CFDA #14.228 Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii expenditures were understated by \$26,655.
- Expenditures in the amount of \$166,947 listed on the SEFA were not federal expenditures and resulted in an overstatement.

These errors resulted in the SEFA being overstated by \$140,292.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented by the County to establish a uniform recording system of federal revenues and expenditures and to ensure the required reporting of federal awards are presented accurately and prepared in a timely manner.

**Effect of Condition:** This condition resulted in inaccuracy in the recording of federal expenditures on the SEFA.

**Recommendation:** The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector's Office (OSAI) recommends the County establish policies for handling all federal grants awarded to the County. These policies should incorporate, by reference, applicable federal regulations to be followed, as well as the appropriate policy for the application, receipt, and expenditure of federal funds. OSAI also recommends that amounts reported on the SEFA be reconciled to the accounting records.

#### **Management Response:**

**Board of County Commissioners Chairman:** Through a resolution, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) have now established policies and procedures to ensure the accurate reporting of federal programs on the SEFA.

**Criteria:** *OMB A-133, Subpart C*, §\_\_\_\_.300 (b)(d) reads as follows:

Subpart C—Auditees

§\_\_\_\_.300 Auditee responsibilities.

The auditee shall:

- (b) Maintain internal control over Federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing Federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material effect on each of its Federal programs.
- (d) Prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards in accordance with §\_\_\_\_.310.

Further, accountability and stewardship are overall goals of management in the accounting of funds. To help ensure a proper accounting of funds, an accurate record of federal expenditures should be maintained.

#### Finding 2015-002 - Inadequate Segregation of Duties – Court Clerk (Repeat Finding)

**Condition:** Upon inquiry of the Court Clerk, the Court Clerk employees, and observation, we noted the following weaknesses with regard to segregation of duties related to the receipting process of the Court Clerk and the expenditure process over the District Court and Court Fund held in the official depository.

#### **Receipting:**

- One employee issues receipts, balances the cash drawer, takes the deposit to the County Treasurer, and picks up mail from the post office.
- A mail log is not maintained.
- All employees operate from the same cash drawer.

#### **Expenditures:**

District Court:

• One employee balances and processes the report that lists the amount of fees that go to each entity, prints and signs vouchers distributing these fees, takes vouchers to the County Treasurer's office to be registered, and mails vouchers to the entities.

#### Court Fund:

• One employee prints vouchers, signs vouchers, takes vouchers to the County Treasurer's office to be registered, and distributes vouchers.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to adequately segregate the duties of the receipting and disbursement processes within the office of the Court Clerk.

**Effect of Condition:** A single person having responsibility for more than one area of recording, authorization, custody of assets, and execution of transactions could result in unrecorded transactions, misstated financial reports, clerical errors, or misappropriation of funds not being detected in a timely manner.

**Recommendation:** OSAI recommends that procedures be designed to separate key functions of the receipting process and of the expenditure process over District Court and Court Fund. In the event that a segregation of duties is not possible due to limited personnel, OSAI recommends implementing compensating controls to mitigate the risk involved with a concentration of duties. Compensating controls would include separating key processes and/or critical functions of the office, and having management review and approve accounting functions.

#### **Management Response:**

#### **Court Clerk:**

Receipting -

- I will implement a new policy so that I will have one deputy clerk that will not write receipts and that same employee will then balance the cash drawer and take the deposit to the County Treasurer. I will have the deputy clerks alternate picking up the mail each day.
- I will have two deputies opening the mail together.
- The following policy is in place to help mitigate the risk of all employees operating from the same cash drawer: When a receipt is issued, the deputy issuing the receipt is required to initial it and if cash is taken, the amount received and how it was received is written on the receipt along with what was given back. Each receipt is printed with the deputy's name on it from their computer.

#### Expenditures –

• District Court and Court Fund – I will be training my 1<sup>st</sup> Deputy how to do these procedures so that the process will be shared.

**Criteria:** Accountability and stewardship are overall goals of management in the accounting of funds. To help ensure a proper accounting of funds, key duties and responsibilities should be segregated among different individuals to reduce the risk of error or fraud. No one individual should have the ability to authorize transactions, have physical custody of assets, and record transactions.

## Finding 2015-003 - Inadequate Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund (Repeat Finding)

**Condition:** An audit of the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund reflected the following:

- One employee retrieves funds from the kiosk, balances the retrieved funds to the amounts logged in the system by the booking officer, prepares the deposit ticket, takes the deposit to the bank, and posts deposits to the commissary system.
- The amount of cash and checks encoded by the bank on the deposit receipt is not independently reviewed by someone other than the person making the deposit.

- Bank reconciliations are not prepared properly or timely and inmate ledger balances are not reconciled to the bank statements.
- The Sheriff's office does not file an annual report for the Sheriff Commissary Fund with the Board of County Commissioners by January 15<sup>th</sup>, of each year.
- Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account debit cards are not kept in a secure location and all deputies have access to the debit cards. The monthly statements from the debit card company are not being retained and debit cards issued are not reconciled to individual inmate accounts.
- Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account checks are not kept in a secure location.
- The Jail Administrator has control of the Sheriff's signature stamp. The signature stamp is not registered with the Secretary of State.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented regarding the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund.

**Effect of Condition:** These conditions resulted in noncompliance with state statutes. In addition, without proper accounting and safeguarding of the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account, there is an increased risk of misappropriation of funds.

#### **Recommendation:** OSAI recommends the following:

- Key duties and responsibilities should be segregated among different individuals to reduce the risk of error or fraud. No one individual should have the ability to authorize transactions, have physical custody of assets, and record transactions.
- The encoded amount of cash and checks on bank deposit receipt should be reviewed and approved by someone other than the person making the deposit.
- Bank reconciliations should be accurately performed on a monthly basis. Additionally, Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account monies should be maintained in a manner that reflects each inmate's trust deposits, disbursements, and account balances. The inmate's ledger balances should be reconciled to the bank statements each month.
- The County Sheriff should file a report of the Commissary with the Board of County Commissioners by January 15th, of each year in accordance with 19 O.S. § 180.43 D.
- Unissued debit cards should be maintained in a controlled environment with limited access. Debit cards listed on the monthly statements received from the debit card company should be reconciled to individual inmate accounts.
- Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account checks should be maintained in a controlled environment with limited access.
- Signature stamps should not be used by anyone other than the owner and should be adequately safeguarded from unauthorized use. Also, signature stamps should be registered with the Oklahoma Office of the Secretary of State in accordance with 62 O.S. § 602.

### **Management Response:** County Sheriff:

- The following process is now in place regarding segregation of duties: Two employees retrieve funds from the kiosk. Employee one balances the funds to the system. Employee two prepares the deposit. Both of these employees verify and initial the deposit slip. A third employee takes the deposit to the bank. Employee two will verify and initial the amount of cash and checks encoded by the bank on the deposit receipt. Employee one posts the deposit on the system.
- The amount of cash and checks encoded by the bank on the deposit receipt is now reviewed by someone other than the person making the deposit. See process noted above.
- A software representative will be contacted for assistance with properly preparing bank reconciliations.
- The County Sheriff's secretary will take over the duty of preparing the annual commissary report.
- Debit cards are now secured in a locked drawer and monthly statements are reconciled.
- A lock has been installed on the desk drawer where the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account checks are kept.
- One signature stamp has been destroyed. The other stamp is locked in the County Sheriff's office. The stamp is now registered with the Secretary of State.

**Criteria:** Accountability and stewardship are overall goals of management in the accounting of funds. To help ensure a proper accounting of funds, no one individual should have the ability to have physical custody of assets, prepare deposits, make deposits, and post transactions to the accounting system. In addition, bank reconciliations should be properly performed each month, as well as a reconciliation of debit cards to individual inmate accounts.

- Title 19 O.S. § 531 A. states in part, "The county sheriff may establish a checking account, to be designated the "Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account." The county sheriff shall deposit all monies collected from inmates incarcerated in the county jail into this checking account and may write checks to the Sheriff's Commissary Account for purchases made by the inmate during his or her incarceration and to the inmate from unencumbered balances due the inmate upon his or her discharge."
- Title 19 O.S. § 180.43 D. states in part, "The sheriff shall file an annual report on any said commissary under his or her operation no later than January 15 of each year."
- Title 62 O.S. § 602 requires any authorized officer to file his manual signature, certified by him under oath, with the Oklahoma Secretary of State for his facsimile signature to have the same legal effect as his manual signature.

## Finding 2015-004 - Inadequate Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over Consumable Inventories (Repeat Finding)

**Condition:** Upon inquiry and observation of the recordkeeping processes regarding consumable inventories, the following was noted:

#### District 3

- Documentation of the periodic review of consumable inventory is not maintained.
- Transfer documentation for all consumable inventories (e.g., grader blades, tires, and rock) is not used.
- The fuel log does not include a running balance that can be reconciled to fuel on hand.
- Fuel records are not maintained for fuel dispensed from portable fuel tanks.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been implemented to ensure the accurate reporting of consumable inventories.

**Effect of Condition:** These conditions could result in inaccurate records, unauthorized use of consumable inventories, or loss of consumable inventories.

**Recommendation:** OSAI recommends the following with regards to consumable items:

- A physical review of consumable items should be performed and documented. The review should be initialed and dated by the employee performing the physical review and retained to show the design and implementation of internal controls.
- Transfer documents should be completed and retained.
- Fuel logs should be maintained to show a running fuel balance. The balance should be reconciled to the fuel on hand periodically.
- Fuel logs should be maintained for all fuel storage tanks, including any fuel tanks located in the back of fuel transportation trucks.

#### **Management Response:**

**County Commissioner District 3:** Consumable items inventory has been caught up and is being maintained to date; transfer documents have been completed and kept up to date; fuel logs show daily fuel balance; and fuel logs are being kept for each fuel tank that transports to other equipment.

**Criteria:** Effective internal controls include designing and implementing procedures to ensure that all supplies, materials, and equipment received, disbursed, stored and consumed by their department comply with 19 O.S. § 1504A.



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