MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

This publication is printed and issued by the State Auditor and Inspector as authorized by Article 10, § 9C of the Oklahoma Constitution. Pursuant to 74 O.S. § 3105, 25 copies have been prepared and distributed at a cost of \$34.25. Copies have been deposited with the Publications Clearinghouse of the Oklahoma Department of Libraries.



STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN
State Auditor and Inspector

March 15, 2005

TO THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT

Transmitted herewith is the audit of the Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The audit was conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

A report of this type is critical in nature; however, we do not intend to imply that our audit failed to disclose commendable features in the present accounting and operating procedures of the Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during the course of our audit.

The Office of the State Auditor and Inspector is committed to serve the public interest by providing independent oversight and to issue reports that serve as a management tool to the state to ensure a government which is accountable to the people of the State of Oklahoma.

Sincerely,

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

XX. McMahan

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Board of Trustees	ii
INTRODUCTION	iii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of State Auditor and Inspector	1
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances	3
Comparative Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION	
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	8
Schedule of Findings	10

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES JUNE 30, 2003

CHAIRMAN Sue Rendel

VICE-CHAIRMAN Linda Garrett

SECRETARY-TREASURER Carolyn Wood

MEMBERS
James Leake
Betty J. Bruner
James Case

<u>Bookkeeper</u> Carolyn Wood

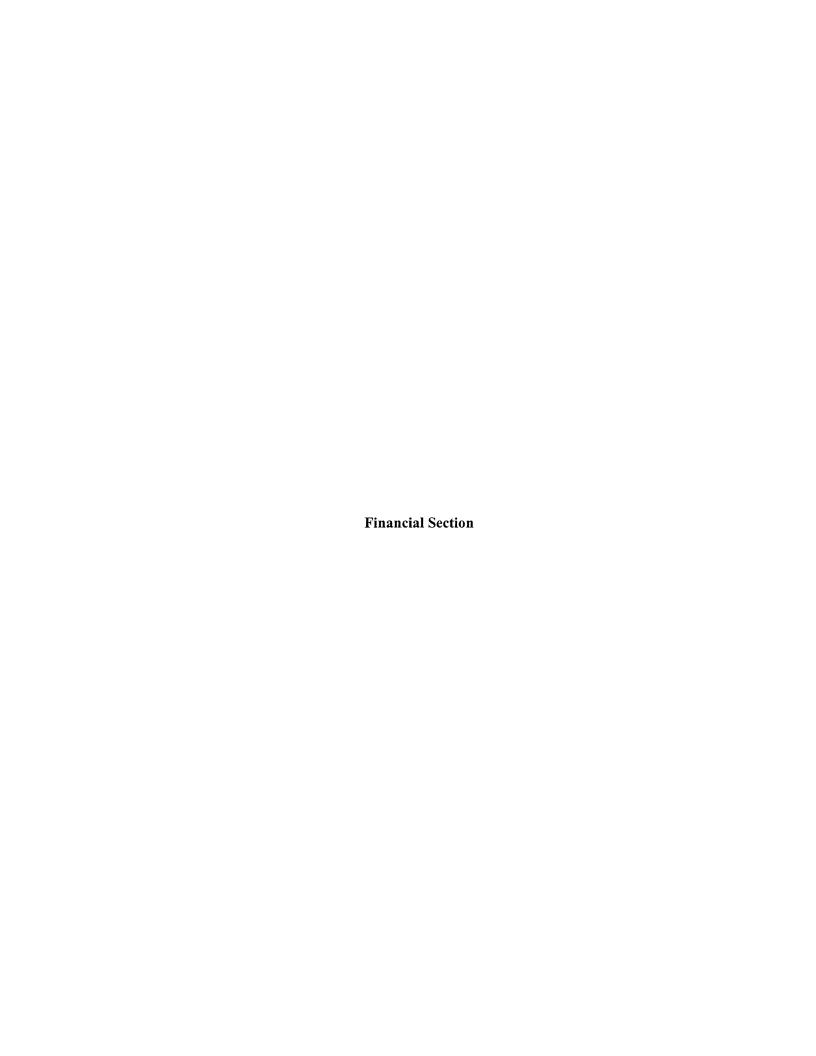
MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2003

INTRODUCTION

Article 10, § 9C of the Oklahoma Constitution authorized the formation of emergency medical service districts and authorized a tax levy not to exceed 3 mills for the purpose of providing funds to support, organize, operate, and maintain district ambulance services. District voters approved the formation of the district and 3 mill levy to support the operation of the district. The District is comprised of school district 13 of Ottawa County, Oklahoma and was created to provide ambulance service to all citizens.

Emergency medical service districts are governed by a board of trustees. The board of trustees (the board) has the power to hire a manager and other personnel, contract, organize, maintain or otherwise operate the emergency medical service district. The trustees must act as a board when entering into contracts or other agreements affecting the district's welfare. Thus, actions taken by the board are voted on and approved by a majority of the trustees. The board of trustees' business meetings are open to the public. The board shall have the capacity to sue and be sued but shall enjoy immunity from civil suits for actions or omissions arising from the operation of the district. Such districts have the authority to charge fees for services, accept gifts, funds, or grants.

The Oklahoma Constitution also provides that the district shall be audited by the State Auditor and Inspector.





STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN
State Auditor and Inspector

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These special-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying special-purpose financial statements were prepared for the purpose of presenting the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District, and comparisons of such information with the corresponding budgeted information for the general fund, and are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the special-purpose financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash of all funds of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District, and comparisons of such information with the corresponding budgeted information for the general fund, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2003, on our consideration of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statement on Auditing Standards No. 87 requires the inclusion of the following paragraph in this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

However, the Oklahoma Open Records Act states that all records of public bodies and public officials shall be open to any person, except as specifically exempted. The purpose of the Act is to ensure and facilitate the public's right of access to and review of government records so they may efficiently and intelligently exercise their inherent political power. Therefore, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is in no way limited or restricted.

Sincerely,

JEFF A. McMAHAN

State Auditor and Inspector

HX. MEMchan

October 16, 2003



MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES JUNE 30, 2003

	Gen	General		
	Fu	Fund		
Beginning Cash Balance	\$ 9	6,075		
	-			
Receipts:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	114	114,926		
Miscellaneous		1,990		
Total Receipts	110	5,916		
Disbursements:				
Provider Contract	9:	3,560		
Maintenance and Operation		2,817		
Total Disbursements	90	5,377		
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 110	5,614		

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2003

	General Fund			
	Original	Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Beginning Cash Balances, Budgetary Basis	\$ 90,395	\$ 90,395	\$ 96,075	\$ 5,680
Receipts:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	112,842	112,842	114,926	2,084
Miscellaneous Revenues			1,990	1,990
Total Receipts, Budgetary Basis	112,842	112,842	116,916	4,074
Expenditures:				
Provider Contract	95,000	95,000	93,560	1,440
Maintenance and Operation	108,237	108,237	2,817	105,420
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	203,237	203,237	96,377	106,860
Excess of Receipts and Beginning Cash Balances Over Expenditures, Budgetary	ø	ø	116.614	e 11 <i>C C</i> 14
Basis	\$ -	3 -	116,614	\$ 116,614
Reconciliation to Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances				
Ending Cash Balance			\$ 116,614	

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying special-purpose financial statements present the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District (the District), and comparisons of such information with the corresponding budgeted information for the District. The fund presented is established under statutory authority, and its operation is under the control of the Board of Trustees. The more significant accounting policies and practices are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a special unit of government and does not possess political or governmental powers other than those necessary to carry out the specific purposes for which it was created. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The accompanying special-purpose financial statements include all District funds, functions, and activities over which the District Board exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on the oversight exercised by the District Board. The District is not a component unit of another government and does not have any component units.

The general fund is the District's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Any other funds presented would account for financial resources whose use is restricted for specified purposes.

B. Fund Accounting

A governmental entity uses funds to report receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all activities of the District not accounted for in some other fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

The special-purpose financial statements are prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgetary Policies

Oklahoma Statutes require the District to prepare a formal budget for the general fund and other funds as the Board of Trustees may require. The budget presented for the general fund includes the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

The Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

E. Cash

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposit, or savings accounts of banks, savings and loans, and trust companies if secured by acceptable collateral where the collateral has been deposited with a trustee or custodian bank.

All funds were deposited in an interest-bearing demand account at June 30, 2003.

F. Risk Management

The District Board does not believe they are exposed to any material risk since they contract with Baptist Regional Health Center to provide all necessary services. The contract transfers all liability for employees and assets to the provider.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Compliance

On or before June 1 of each year, a budget for each fund, as required by the Board, shall be completed. The budget is approved by fund and object. The District Board may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the Excise Board.

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

3. Detailed Notes on Account Balances

A. Deposits

At year-end, the cash balance consisted of amounts in demand deposits. The reported amount of the District's deposits was \$116,614 and the bank balance was \$116,614. Of the bank balance, all funds were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

B. Description of Funds

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the District had one general fund.

C. Ad Valorem Tax

The property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the District, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. The tax is collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the District.

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although, they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property on October 1 of each year.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are published usually in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

Current year tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2003, were approximately 93 percent of the tax levy.

4. Provider Contract

The District contracts for all services with Baptist Regional Health Center. The Provider is responsible for all employees, insurance coverage, and fixed assets.





STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN
State Auditor and Inspector

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

TO THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2003. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph discussing that the financial statements are not a complete presentation. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District's special-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of special-purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Miami School District 23 Emergency Medical Service District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the special-purpose financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2001-1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider item 2001-1 to be a material weakness.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statement on Auditing Standards No. 87 requires the inclusion of the following paragraph in this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

However, the Oklahoma Open Records Act states that all records of public bodies and public officials shall be open to any person, except as specifically exempted. The purpose of the Act is to ensure and facilitate the public's right of access to and review of government records so they may efficiently and intelligently exercise their inherent political power. Therefore, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is in no way limited or restricted.

Sincerely,

JEFF A. McMAHAN

State Auditor and Inspector

efft. Mc Mahan

October 16, 2003

MIAMI SCHOOL DISTRICT 23 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2003

Findings related to the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Finding 2001-1 - Segregation of Duties (Repeat Finding)

Criteria: Segregation of duties over asset custody, transaction authorization, bookkeeping, and reconciliation is an important element of effective internal control over public assets and resources.

Condition: The limited number of personnel prevents a proper segregation of accounting functions, which is necessary to assure adequate internal control.

Recommendations: We recommend management be aware of this condition and realize the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desired from a control point of view. Under these conditions, the most effective controls lie in management's knowledge of office operations and a periodic review of operations.

Management Response: Our limited number of office personnel creates a control problem. In an attempt to counter this, policies and procedures are in place with regard to receipting and depositing income, and the Board reviews financial reports each month.