OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED



Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR



MICHELLE R. DAY, ESQ. Chief Deputy

State Auditor

2300 N. Lincoln Boulevard State Capitol, Room 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4801 Phone (405) 521-3495 Fax (405) 521-3426 www.sai.ok.gov

January 21, 2009

TO THE HONORABLE BRAD HENRY GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the Office of the State Treasurer, State of Oklahoma, audit report and financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during the course of our engagement.

The Office of the State Auditor and Inspector is committed to serving the public interest by providing independent oversight and issuing reports that serve as a management tool to the State to ensure a government which is accountable to the people of the State of Oklahoma.

Sincerely,

E BURRAGE. CPA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Office of the State Treasurer of Oklahoma Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2008

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Office of the State Treasurer of Oklahoma provides an overview and overall review of the Treasurer's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the Treasurer's Office financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the Treasurer's financial statements and the notes thereto.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets provides an indication of the Treasurer's financial condition at the end of the 2008 fiscal year; the statement reports all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Changes in Net Assets reports all of the revenues and expenses during the time periods indicated.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER NET ASSETS

	2008	-	2007
Current Assets	\$ 6,160,790	\$	4,850,613
Capital assets	251,292	_	307,713
Total Assets	6,412,082	_	5,158,326
Other Liabilities	574,987		844,405
Noncurrent Liabilities	132,524	_	94,564
Total Liabilities	707,511	_	938,969
Invested in capital assets	251,292		307,713
Restricted for taxpayer relief	235,529		236,159
Unrestricted	5,217,750	_	3,675,485
Total Net Assets	\$ 5,704,571	\$	4,219,357

As of June 30, 2008, the Office of the State Treasurer's current assets increased by 27% as a result of General Revenue appropriations and Unclaimed Property revenues exceeding expenses. Appropriations are determined by legislation, while Unclaimed Property revenues are linked to the amount of property recovered for the state. Property located and recovered on behalf of the state and stock sales resulted in a large cash deposit for the Unclaimed Property Program in FY 2008.

The Office of the State Treasurer contracts on behalf of the Unclaimed Property program for property recovery services; recovery expenses are reimbursed to the Treasurer's office from the Unclaimed Property account within the state's General Fund. Accounts payable have a direct relationship with the amount due from other agencies, in this case the Unclaimed Property account.

Other liabilities declined from the FY07 level primarily due to a reduction in Unclaimed Property accounts payable that were in-process on June 30.

Compensated absences represent the dollar value of Treasurer's staff annual leave balances and are reflected in both Other and Noncurrent Liabilities. Employee annual leave is used as vacation time or must be reimbursed if a staff member separates from agency service. This dollar value changes as employees use their leave or receive reimbursement payments as they leave service. Noncurrent liabilities increased due to the accumulation of compensated absences.

Unrestricted assets primarily consist of Unclaimed Property Program funds dedicated to the administration of the program; the category increased by 42% as a result of end of year cash balance increases. Net assets increased by 35% from FY 2007 to FY 2008. This \$1,485,214 increase is due primarily to Unclaimed Property Program revenues in excess of expenditures and end of year appropriated general revenue balance.

Changes in Net Assets - Revenues and Expenses

Except for revenues generated from administration of the Unclaimed Property Program, operating revenues of the Office of State Treasurer are largely dependent upon state General Revenue appropriations.

The first \$425,000 received in securities lending income is directed to the Office of State Treasurer. This portion of securities lending income is used to pay bank service charges, allowing the Treasurer's office to continue maximizing earnings on state deposits. Securities lending revenue in excess of \$425,000 is currently deposited to the state's General Fund as investment income.

Four percent of all property relinquished to the state under the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act is recognized as revenue by the Office of State Treasurer and used to finance Unclaimed Property Program expenses. Additionally, program revenues include transfers from the Unclaimed Property account within the state's General Fund to pay for professional service charges associated with property recovery and advertising services.

Service charge revenue has declined from FY07 as the Department of Human Services has moved from paper warrants to an electronic benefit payment system. The Department reimbursed the Office of the State Treasurer for warrant printing until the new system was implemented.

Unclaimed Property transferred to the state amounted to \$38.9 million in FY 2008 (\$36.7 million in FY 2007). The FY 2008 revenue increase was due to property transferred directly from holders or located by professional property recovery firms and \$15.3 million in stock sales. This increase is reflected in both the Unclaimed Property revenue and Personnel Services expense.

Personnel services expense declined by \$838,093 in two noteworthy areas: office staff reductions and professional services related to the Unclaimed Property program. Advertising, considered a professional expense, is directly related to the number of property owners reported to the state, while the property value determines property recovery services expense as mentioned above.

Expenses for equipment increased by 126% over FY 2007 as a result of computer system improvements. Banking service charges declined in FY 2008 as a result of improved service contracts, expansion of electronic payment processes and appropriate cost assignment efforts.

Transfers increased as a result of a deposit correction. A \$100,000 grant for the administration of a college savings research project, listed as other income in 2007, was transferred to a separate, non-operating account.

The 35% increase in ending net assets is the result of revenue generated by the Unclaimed Property Program as previously noted.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		2008		2007
General Revenues			-	
Appropriations	\$	4,668,763	\$	4,632,697
Unclaimed Property		3,707,499		4,026,657
Service Charges		52,145		114,644
Administrative Charges		136,663		126,500
Securities Lending		425,000		425,000
Other Income		2,845		102,821
Total General Revenues		8,992,915	-	9,428,319
Expenses				
Personnel Services		5,909,046		6,747,139
Travel		41,082		40,038
Administrative Expenses		146,779		169,749
Contracted Services		319,260		314,538
Equipment		88,719		39,302
Payments to Other Agencies		0		2,316
Other		3,310		1,295
Bank Service Charges		648,524		920,421
Payments to Counties		100,000		100,000
Depreciation		129,590		135,245
Total Expenses	-	7,386,310		8,470,043
Excess Before Transfers		1,606,605		958,276
Transfers		(121,391)		(13,806)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		1,485,214		944,470
Net Assets Beginning Balance		4,219,357		3,274,887
Net Assets Ending Balance	\$	5,704,571	\$	4,219,357

Fund Highlights:

Governmental Fund - Fund Balance

The Office of the State Treasurer has a legally adopted budget that is established by the Legislature. The FY 2008 final budget included carryover funds not available at the time of the original budget. The final budget expenses exceeded actual expenses for the fiscal year by \$2,339,881 or 24%. Unclaimed Property recovery and advertising expenses have been difficult to predict with any degree of accuracy because they are largely driven by the services of third parties who locate and recover property for the state.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The basic financial statements presented in the annual report include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide statements:

Government-wide statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements display information about the Office of the State Treasurer as a whole. The government-wide financial statements of the Office of the State Treasurer are presented on a full accrual economic resource basis which includes all assets and liabilities whether current or non-current. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Office of the State Treasurer's overall financial status.

Fund statements:

The fund financial statements include the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the fund financial statements, the revenues and expenditures of the Office of the State Treasurer are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under these accounting methods, revenues and assets are recognized when they become both measurable and available, and expenditures and liabilities are recognized when obligations are incurred as a result of the receipt of goods or services.

The Office of the State Treasurer provides banking and investment services for state agencies. The deposits and investments held by the Office of the State Treasurer on behalf of the State are reported in the Fiduciary Fund.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Office of the State Treasurer's finances for all of Oklahoma's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the Treasurer's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Travis Monroe, Director of Agency Services 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd. Suite 106 Oklahoma City, OK 73105 Susan Reed, Comptroller 2300 N. Lincoln Blvd. Room 217 Oklahoma City, OK 73105

STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR



MICHELLE R. DAY, ESQ. Chief Deputy

State Auditor

2300 N. Lincoln Boulevard State Capitol, Room 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4801 Phone (405) 521-3495 Fax (405) 521-3426 www.sai.ok.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE HONORABLE SCOTT MEACHAM STATE TREASURER OF OKLAHOMA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of State Treasurer, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Office of the State Treasurer's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Office of the State Treasurer's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Office of the State Treasurer are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the State of Oklahoma that is attributable to the transactions of the Office of the State Treasurer. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Oklahoma as of June 30, 2008, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of State Treasurer, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2008 on our consideration of the Office of the State Treasurer's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 4 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Office of the State Treasurer's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The expenditures by object code – budgetary basis schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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STEVE BURRAGE, CPA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

December 22, 2008

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	5,671,268
Due from other agencies		489,522
Capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	-	251,292
Total Assets		6,412,082
	-	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable vendors		378,753
Compensated absences:		
Payable within one year		196,234
Payable after one year	-	132,524
Total Liabilities	-	707,511
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets		251,292
Restricted for taxpayer relief		235,529
Unrestricted		5,217,750
Total Net Assets	\$	5,704,571

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Expenses	
Governmental Activities - General Government:	
Personnel Services	\$ 5,909,046
Travel	41,082
Administrative Expenses	146,779
Contracted Services	319,260
Equipment	88,719
Other	3,310
Bank Service Charges	648,524
Payments to Counties	100,000
Depreciation	129,590
Total Expenses	7,386,310
General Revenues	
Appropriations	4,668,763
Unclaimed Property	3,707,499
Service Charges	52,145
Administrative Charges	136,663
Securities Lending	425,000
Other Income	2,845
Total General Revenues	8,992,915
Transfers	(121,391)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	1,485,214
Net Assets, July 1, 2007	4,219,357
Net Assets, June 30, 2008	\$

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2008

	GENERAL FUND
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 5,671,268
Due from the agency fund	489,522
Total Assets	\$ 6,160,790
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities	
Accounts payable vendors	\$ 378,753
Total Liabilities	378,753
Fund Balance	
Reserved for encumbrances	3,627
Reserved for taxpayer relief	235,529
Unreserved	5,542,881
Total Fund Balance	5,782,037
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 6,160,790

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 5,782,037
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	251,292
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	
reported in the fund. Compensated absences	 (328,758)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 5,704,571

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	GENERAL FUND
Revenues	
Unclaimed Property	\$ 3,707,499
Service Charges	52,145
Administrative Charges	136,663
Securities Lending	425,000
Other Income	2,845
Total Revenues	4,324,152
Expenditures	
Personnel Services	5,873,835
Travel	41,082
Administrative Expenses	146,779
Contracted Services	319,260
Equipment	163,509
Other	1,668
Bank Service Charges	648,524
Payments to Counties	100,000
Total Expenditures	7,294,677
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,970,525)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Appropriations	4,668,763
Transfers	(121,391)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,547,372
Net Change In Fund Balance	1,576,847
Fund Balance, July 1, 2007	4,205,190
Fund Balance, June 30, 2008	\$ 5,782,037

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$	1,576,847
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(54,800)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
This amount represents the cost of compensated		
absences earned but not used in the current year.		(35,211)
This amount represents the carrying value of the capital assets that were transferred for disposal.	_	(1,622)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	1,485,214

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2008

		Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash		
Cash On Hand	\$	262,809
Cash In Banks		74,534,799
Total Cash	_	74,797,608
Investments		
Treasurer's Portfolio		5,188,439,835
State Agency Portfolio		
Treasury Funds		294,603,083
Agency Special Accounts		1,922,845
Securities Lending Investments		1,600,286,800
Total Investments		7,085,252,563
Interest Receivable		
Treasurer's Portfolio		29,848,552
State Agency Portfolio		27,040,552
Treasury Funds		10,754,105
Agency Special Accounts		2,602,513
Total Interest Receivable	—	43,205,170
Total interest Receivable		43,203,170
Total Assets	\$	7,203,255,341
LIABILITIES		
Balance Due Depositors		
State Agency Portfolio		
Treasury Funds	\$	4,128,794,641
Agency Special Accounts	Ψ	1,473,421,569
Cashier		262,809
Payable Under Securities Lending Agreements		1,600,286,800
Total Due Depositors		7,202,765,819
Total Due Depositors		7,202,705,819
Due to the General Fund	_	489,522
Total Liabilities	\$	7,203,255,341

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	-	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance
	-	Original	Final	Actual	with Final Budget
Revenues					
Unclaimed Property	\$	4,100,000 \$	4,100,000 \$	3,789,502 \$	(310,498)
Service Charges		50,000	50,000	54,667	4,667
Administrative Charges		110,000	110,000	138,913	28,913
Securities Lending		425,000	425,000	425,000	0
Other Income	-	4,000	4,000	2,845	(1,155)
Total Revenues	-	4,689,000	4,689,000	4,410,927	(278,073)
Expenditures					
Personnel Services		7,390,174	7,305,174	5,870,231	1,434,943
Travel		89,200	81,200	41,082	40,118
Administrative Expenses		312,360	600,175	148,846	451,329
Contracted Services		346,900	346,900	318,817	28,083
Equipment		18,192	43,192	110,254	(67,062)
Other		1,360	1,360	1,688	(328)
Bank Service Charges		1,100,322	1,100,322	648,524	451,798
Payment to Counties		100,000	100,000	100,000	0
Total Expenditures	-	9,358,508	9,578,323	7,239,442	2,338,881
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	· -	(4,669,508)	(4,889,323)	(2,828,515)	2,060,808
Other financing sources (uses)					
Appropriations		4,668,763	4,668,763	4,668,763	-
Transfers		-	-	(121,391)	(121,391)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	4,668,763	4,668,763	4,547,372	(121,391)
Net change in fund helence		(745)	(220 560)	1 710 057	1 020 417
Net change in fund balance		(745)	(220,560)	1,718,857	1,939,417
Fund balance, July 1, 2007	-	3,854,188	3,854,188	3,854,188	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2008	\$_	3,853,443 \$	3,633,628 \$	5,573,045 \$	1,939,417

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Office of the State Treasurer (the Office) is established under authority of the Constitution of Oklahoma as an agency of the State. The State Treasurer performs duties as designated by the Constitution or prescribed by law. The Office is a part of the primary government of the State of Oklahoma.

The State Treasurer is elected every four years and takes office the second Monday in January following the election for the position in November. On January 8, 2007 the Honorable Scott Meacham assumed the position of State Treasurer.

The primary functions of the Office are the maintenance of bank accounts for the receipt and disbursement of state funds, the prudent investment of certain state funds, the recording and servicing of the long-term debt of the State, and the administration of the State's Unclaimed Property program. Additionally, the Office performs safekeeping and investment functions for state agencies, and other entities as authorized by state statute. Various activities of the Office include receipt of warrants, vouchers, and debt instruments, management of cash and investments, and the reconciliation of account balances and transactions with the various state agencies. The Treasurer's office is also responsible for accounting functions associated with the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust Fund, and the Economic Development Generating Excellence Trust Fund.

The accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only that portion of the State of Oklahoma that is attributable to the transactions of the Office of the State Treasurer.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting Government-wide</u> <u>Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. All of the functions available to finance the Office are presented together as general government activities. Financial information for funds that are not available to finance these activities are not included; consequently, the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary assets and liabilities.

Using the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities, both current and long-term, associated with the operation of the Office activities are presented in the statement of net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as they are earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred. General revenues include charges for banking services rendered by this Office to individual state agencies. Additionally, the Office receives reimbursement for certain costs incurred in connection with the recovery, advertisement, and sale of unclaimed property. The Office also receives up to 4% of unclaimed property receipts to offset certain capital and administrative costs incurred in connection with the administration of the State's unclaimed property program.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements report the detailed activities of the Office by fund type for governmental and fiduciary funds as described below.

Governmental Fund

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Office. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund financial statements are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Using the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet in the general fund financial statements. The modified accrual basis of accounting provides for the recognition of revenues when they become both measurable and available. The Office is entitled to reimbursement for certain costs incurred in connection with administration of the Unclaimed Property Program. These revenues are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. The Office also receives 4% of the monies accruing to the State according to state statute as service charges. Revenues for these service charges are recognized based on the monies that are remitted to the State. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred except for compensated absences where vested annual leave is recorded as an expenditure when utilized.

Since the general fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund and government-wide presentations.

Fiduciary Fund

<u>Agency Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assets held by the Office in a trustee or agency capacity. The Office is the official depository for all agencies of the State and, accordingly, receives and disburses all monies of the State. The agency fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

C. <u>Investment Holdings and Basis</u>

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in SEC-registered money market mutual funds and in nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (e.g. nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are stated at cost, or amortized cost which approximates market value. Investments held by the SEC-registered money market mutual funds may include U.S. Government securities that have variable or floating rates that are based on money market indices and that reset frequently at par.

D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

All furniture, fixtures, and equipment costing more than \$500 and that may be used repeatedly without material impairment of its physical condition that has a calculable period of service of more than one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at cost when purchased or estimated cost as determined by available records maintained by the Office. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date of donation.

Depreciation is recorded on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

	Years
Information systems	4 - 7
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	6 - 12

No provision for depreciation is recorded in the general fund financial statements as expenditures for capital assets are recorded as period costs when the capital assets are purchased.

E. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Employees of the Office entering State service earn annual vacation leave at the rate of 10 hours per month for the first 5 years of service, 12 hours per month for service of 5 to 10 years, 13.3 hours per month for service of 10 to 20 years, and 16.66 hours per month for over 20 years of service. Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 240 hours for those with service of up to 5 years. After 5 years of service, the maximum number of hours that can be accumulated and carried into the next year is 480 hours. All accrued annual leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death. The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2008.

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2007	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2008
Compensated Absences	\$ 293,546	209,747	174,535	\$ 328,758

2. <u>Budgetary Reporting</u>

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. This statement includes all funds, both appropriated and non-budgeted.

The legal level of control is established by the Legislature in its annual appropriation bills. The appropriation bills are deemed to be the legal level of control as this level is statutory. Certain funds are not appropriated annually by the Legislature, and are subject to administrative budgetary controls only.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of resulting differences in the excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses) between budgetary and GAAP presentations for the year ended June 30, 2008, is presented as follows:

General Fund Balance, Budgetary Basis	\$ 5,573,045
Basis Differences:	
Add: Net Service and Administrative Charges	(4,772)
Net Unclaimed Property	(82,003)
Encumbrances recognized as expenses	3,627
Difference in July 1, 2007 GAAP basis fund	
balance, compared to budget basis fund balance	351,002
Subtract: Prior year's Encumbrances	58,862
Total General Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 5,899,761

3. <u>Deposits</u>

The **custodial credit risk** for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the State's deposits may not be recovered. In accordance with Title 62 O.S. § 72.4, the State Treasurer minimizes custodial credit risk by requiring financial institutions to pledge collateral securities and/or provide collateral instruments in an amount not less than the deposits of the State in each such institution. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged and/or coverage to be provided by collateral instruments is established by rules promulgated by the State Treasurer. In accordance with the rules established by the State Treasurer, the market value of collateral securities pledged by financial institutions combined with the coverage provided by additional collateral instruments, if any, is equal to or greater than 110% of the amount on deposit, less any federal insurance coverage. If only collateral instruments are provided, the coverage is equal to or greater than the amount on deposit, less any federal insurance coverage. Collateral securities are held in a restricted account by an agent of the State Treasurer (i.e., a Federal Reserve Bank, a Federal Home Loan Bank, or a third-party safekeeping bank approved by the State Treasurer).

4. <u>Investments and Securities Lending</u>

Investments

The Office maintains two investment portfolios as follows: Treasurer's Portfolio for the investments of all state monies that are under the control of the Treasurer for which the earnings accrue to the general fund of the State or state agencies; and State Agency Portfolio for the investments of a limited number of state agencies which are specifically authorized by statute to direct the investment activities of certain funds and accounts for which the investment earnings accrue to those funds and accounts.

The Treasurer or his investment officer is authorized to invest the state monies under his control in the types of securities specified in Title 62 O.S. § 89.2. The Treasurer's Portfolio investments during the year have included U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds, U.S. agency and instrumentality obligations, repurchase agreements, SEC-registered money market mutual funds, certificates of deposit and foreign bonds.

The types of investments in which specific state agencies are authorized to invest are established by law or by their boards or commissions. Generally, the investments of the state agencies are the same types as the Treasurer's investments, except for one agency which invests in equity mutual funds.

The State Treasurer operates an internal investment pool, OK Invest, for state funds and state agencies. Only those agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and who have funds deposited with the State Treasurer may participate in OK Invest.

Investment Policy

The State Treasurer has a formal investment policy which was updated in June 2007. This policy applies to all funds of the State entrusted to the Treasurer by specific statutory investment authority as delineated in Title 62 O.S. § 89.2. This policy also applies to the investments of state agencies when they request that the Treasurer act as their agent. Only investment transactions relating to the following are covered by this policy: U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds, U.S. Government Agency Securities, collateralized or insured Certificates of Deposit and other evidences of deposit, negotiable Certificates of Deposit, Banker's acceptances, Commercial paper, obligations of state and local governments, including obligations of Oklahoma State public trusts, repurchase agreements and tri-party repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds, short term bond funds and foreign government bonds.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the State's investing activities are managed under the custody of the State Treasurer. The following table details credit ratings that are set by the State Treasurer's Investment Policy to mitigate this risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Treasurer's investments in a single issuer. As the following table depicts, the State Treasurer's Investment Policy places limits on the total dollar amount that may be invested in each investment type as well as a limit on the amount placed with each issuer or counterparty.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. Investments made by the State Treasurer are covered by the State Treasurer's Investment Policy. This policy dictates that the Treasurer's portfolio will not have an average maturity greater than four (4) years. Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with

the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. In accordance with the Treasurer's Investment Policy, interest rate risk is managed by imposing maturity limitations by investment types.

The State Treasurer's Investment Policy uses diversification as a means to reduce overall portfolio risk. Investments are diversified by security type, institution and maturity. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 50% of the State's total funds available for investment will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. The Treasurer's investments will not have an average maturity greater than four (4) years, unless specifically otherwise designated by the Treasurer. Individual security type limits are shown in the following table. All investments held by the State Treasurer's office are insured, registered, or held in the name of the State Treasurer of Oklahoma.

The following table outlines the diversification limits to control different types of risk placed on the Treasurer's portfolio as detailed in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy:

Investment Type Limitations	Percentage Total Invest		By Issuer	Maturity Limit	Rating
U.S. Government Agency Securit	.es 65	%	35%	5 years	AAA
U.S. Government Agency Mortga Backed Securities – Passthrough (as a % of U.S. Government Age	8	% of U.S. Gov	ernment Agency 3 7	Securities 7 years (7)	AAA
Collateralized or Insured Certificates of Deposit		mit of \$35,000 ancial institutio	-	365 days(1)(4)	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	7.5	5%	2.5%	180 days(1)	A-1 & P-1
Banker's Acceptance	7.5	5%	2.5%	270 days	A-1 & P-1
Commercial Paper	7.5	5%	2.5%	180 days	A-1 & P-1
State & Local Government Obligations	5%	ó	2.5%	30 years	(2)(6)
Repurchase Agreements and Tri-party Repurchase Agreements	30	%	15% (per counterparty	14 days(1)(4) 7)	(3)
Money Market Mutual Funds	30	%	15%	(1)(5)	AAA
Foreign Government Bonds	2.5	5%		5 years A-/.	A3 or better

(1) Excluding weekends and holidays

- (2) Must possess the highest rating from at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.
- (3) Counterparties must have a minimum short-term debt rating of A-1, A-1+, or the equivalent by Moody's Investor Service and Standard and Poor's.
- (4) Collateralized according to Title 62 O.S. § 72.5.
- (5) Investments made by Money Market Mutual Funds which consist of repurchase agreements are collateralized by obligations of U.S. government and its agencies and instrumentalities.
- (6) Interest rate of variable rate securities must be tied to one of the following indices: LIBOR, Fed Funds, Treasury Bills or Commercial Paper and must reset no less frequently than quarterly.
- (7) Average life not to exceed seven years based on Bloomberg Prepayment Speed using street consensus at the time of purchase.

Securities Lending

The Treasurer is authorized by state statutes to participate in securities lending transactions. The Treasurer has authorized the custodial bank to act as a securities lending agent, lending securities to approved brokerdealers and banks. There are no restrictions regarding the amount of securities which may be lent. Securities under loan are maintained in the State's financial records. Corresponding liabilities are recorded at fair value.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the securities lending agent lent U.S. government securities held on behalf of the Treasurer and received U.S. government securities and cash as collateral. Borrowers were required to deliver and maintain collateral for each loan with a market value that is not less than 100 percent of the market value of the loaned security. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the Treasurer or the borrower. At June 30, 2008, the maturity of these loans was one hundred eighty-five (185) days. Cash collateral is invested in instruments of the same type the Treasurer is allowed to invest in by statute. At year-end, 42 percent of the cash investments had an average maturity of one (1) day, with the overall average maturity being sixteen (16) days. The Treasurer did not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities absent a borrower default. The securities lending agent provides indemnification if the borrowers fail to return the underlying securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fails to pay the Treasurer for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay related income distributions during the fiscal year.

At year-end, the Treasurer has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Treasurer owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Treasurer.

At year-end, the fair value of the underlying securities was \$2,527,472,794.

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The following schedule compares the cost or amortized cost to the fair value of investments held in the Fiduciary Funds at June 30, 2008

FAIR	AMORTIZED	AVERAGE	WEIGHTED
VALUE	COST	CREDIT	AVERAGE

TYPE OF INVESTMENT					QUALITY RATING (1)	MATURITY (DAYS) (2)
TREASURER'S PORTFOLIO						
POOLED INVESTMENTS						
U.S. TREASURY	\$	704,270,873	\$	682,284,035	AAA	479
SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL POOL		1,600,286,800		1,600,286,800	NR	
U.S. AGENCIES		2,340,604,101	2	2,290,576,078	AAA	494
MORTGAGE BACKED AGENCIES		833,201,745		839,559,069	AAA	1,719
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS		331,000,000		331,000,000	A-1+/P-1 (6)	
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT		399,057,000		399,057,000	NR	59
MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUND		329,862,625		329,862,625	AAAm	1
	\$ (5,538,283,144	\$ 6	5,472,625,607		
NON-POOLED INVESTMENTS						
U.S. AGENCIES	\$	8,074,641	\$	8,093,000	AAA	260
FOREIGN BONDS		9,904,500		10,000,000	NR	701
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT - AG/BUS/RUR LINK		44,713,421		44,713,421	NR (5)	350
STATE BOND ISSUE		187,750,930		187,750,930	(4)	52
-	\$	250,443,492	\$	250,557,351		
TOTAL TREASURER'S INVESTMENTS	\$ (6,788,726,635	\$ (5,723,182,958		
STATE AGENCY PORTFOLIO FUNDS						
U.S. TREASURY	\$	57,873,643	\$	56,054,487	AAA (3)	135
U.S. AGENCIES	φ	0	φ	0,054,487	AAA(3)	155
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS		0		0		
MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUND		236,295,939		236,295,939	AAAm (3)	1
MUTUAL FUND		433,501		422,147	N/A (3)	N/A
MOTOAL FOND		455,501		422,147	N/A (5)	1N/A
TOTAL FUNDS INVESTMENTS	\$	294,603,083	\$	292,772,573		
SPECIAL ACCOUNTS						
	\$	721,843	\$	689,645	AAA (3)	1,337
U.S. TREASURY		0		0		<i>y</i>
U.S. TREASURY U.S. AGENCIES						
U.S. AGENCIES		0		0		
		0 1,201,002		0 686,747	N/A (3)	N/A
U.S. AGENCIES REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	\$		\$		N/A (3)	N/A

	FAIR	AMORTIZED
	VALUE	COST
	VALUE	0001
INVESTMENTS SUMMARY		
U.S. TREASURY		\$ 739,028,168
NOT ON SECURITES LOAN	\$ 41,679,131	, ,
ON SECURITIES LOAN - BONDS BORROWED	31,607,865	
ON SECURITIES LOAN - CASH COLLATERAL	689,579,363	
U.S. AGENCIES		3,138,228,147
NOT ON SECURITES LOAN	1,375,594,923	
ON SECURITIES LOAN - BONDS BORROWED	945,137,794	
ON SECURITIES LOAN - CASH COLLATERAL	861,147,771	
INVESTMENTS		
PURCHASED W/CASH COLLATERAL	1,600,286,800	1,600,286,800
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	331,000,000	331,000,000
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT	443,770,421	443,770,421
FOREIGN BONDS	9,904,500	10,000,000
STATE BOND ISSUE	187,750,930	187,750,930
MUTUAL FUND	1,634,504	1,108,894
MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUND	566,158,563	566,158,563

TOTAL INVESTMENTS

\$7,085,252,565 \$7,017,331,923

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

(2) Interest Rate Risk is estimated using weighted average days to maturity.

(3) These agency directed investments are not covered by the State Treasurer's

Investment Policy.

(4) State Bond issues are comprised of \$50,000,000 Oklahoma Student Loan Authority municipal bond with a credit rating of AAA. The interest rate resets quarterly and is tied to the average bond equivalent rates of the quotes of the 3-month commercial paper rate. Also included is \$40,000,000

Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority State of Oklahoma Taxable General Obligation Refunding

Bonds. These rates, adjusted quarterly, are tied to the 3 month LIBOR rate and are private placement.

\$3,405,000 in Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority Series 1994B, AAA rated and

these bonds are registered in the State Treasurer's name and were private placement. The remainder of the total, \$94,345,930 is Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Series 2006D VRDO. These bonds are variable rate bonds with the rate resetting daily and are rated AAA.

(5) Ag Link, Business Link and Rural Link Certificate of Deposits are outside the scope of the State Treasurer's Investment Policy. These investments are established by Title 2 O.S. § 5-81, Title 62 O.S. § 88.1 and 91.1-9. These certificates of deposit are collateralized with the collateral held in the State Treasurer's name at an approved safekeeping bank or with surety bonds or letters of credit.

(6) Credit ratings are provided for the counterparties to the repurchase agreement.

5. <u>Interfund Accounts</u>

Due from Other Agencies / Due from the Agency Fund

Various charges are applied to individual state agencies for certain banking services rendered by this Office. Additionally, the Office receives reimbursement for certain costs incurred in connection with the recovery, advertisement, custody, and sale of unclaimed property. The Office also receives up to 4% of unclaimed property receipts to offset certain capital and administrative costs incurred in connection with the administration of the State's unclaimed property program. The balance of unpaid service charges and unclaimed property revenues at year end are reflected as Due from Other Agencies /Due from the Agency Fund.

6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets accounted for in the government-wide financial statements are recorded at cost net of accumulated depreciation using the straight line method. The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2008.

	Balance June 30, 2007	Capital Acquisitions	Sales or Other Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2008
Furniture, fixtures, and office equipment	\$ 1,522,970	74,790	175,875	\$ 1,421,885
Less accumulated depreciation	1,215,257	129,590	174,254	1,170,593
Total	\$ 307,713			\$251,292

7. <u>Bank Service Fees</u>

During the year, the Office incurred fees for services rendered by various financial institutions. Service charges of \$648,524 were paid, as reflected in the financial statements, other charges were off-set by earnings calculated on the compensating cash balances maintained in various banks.

8. <u>Risk Management</u>

The Risk Management Division of the State's Department of Central Services is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the State and for administration of self-insurance plans and programs adopted for use by the State.

The Risk Management Division is authorized to settle claims of the State and oversee the dispensation and/or settlement of claims against a political subdivision. In no event shall self-insurance coverage provided to the State, an agency or other covered entity exceed the limitations on the maximum dollar amount of liability specified by the Oklahoma Governmental Tort Claims Act. The Risk Management Division oversees the collection of liability claims owed to the State incurred as the result of a loss through the wrongful or negligent act of a private person or other entity. The Risk Management Division is also charged with the responsibility to immediately notify the Attorney General of any claims against the State presented to the Risk Management Division.

9. <u>Pension Plan</u>

Plan Description. The Office contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan, a multiple employer, cost sharing public employee retirement plan, which is a defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are

established and can be amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, provides more complete information about the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

Funding Policy. The contribution rates for each member category of the Plan are established by and can be amended by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates. The contribution rates applied to each participating state employee's salary for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, are listed below: Elected officials must select an employee contribution rate of 4.5%, 6.0%, 7.5%, 8.5%, 9.0% or 10%.

State Employee Contribution	State Agencies' Contribution
All Salaries	All Salaries
3.5%	12.5%

The Office's contributions to the Plan for the years June 30, 2008 - \$394,291.71; June 30, 2007 - \$378,685; June 30, 2006 - \$346,235; were equal to the established required contributions for each year.

10. <u>Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)</u>

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, employees of the Office are provided postretirement health care benefits through their membership in the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS pays the Medicare supplement premium or \$105 per month, whichever is less, for all retirees who elect coverage at time of retirement through the Oklahoma State and Education Employee Group Insurance.

OPERS funds post employment health care benefits as part of the overall retirement requirement. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the Oklahoma State Treasurer is not available or reasonably estimable.

11. <u>Taxpayer Relief Program</u>

The State Treasurer's office administered Oklahoma's first Taxpayer Relief payment. This program was authorized by H.B. 1193 on legislation enacted June 5, 2005 and represented the distribution of surplus state revenue collected during fiscal year 2005.

More than 1.2 million checks totaling almost \$92 million were processed. All Oklahoma residents who filed Oklahoma tax returns for 2004, with limited exceptions, were eligible. For taxpayers filing as an individual or married filing separately in 2004, the payments were \$45 each. For taxpayers filing as a surviving spouse, head of household or married filing jointly in 2004 the payment was \$90.

Checks not deposited or cashed by the end of February 2006 were cancelled by statute and the names and addresses of those who never cashed their checks were turned over to the Treasurer's Unclaimed Property Division.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT CODE-(BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

OBJECT CATEGORY CODE

AMOUNT

1100	Salary Expense	\$ 4,256,865
1200	Insurance	11,982
1300	FICA and Retirement	1,812
1500	Professional Services	1,596,310
1900	Inter/Intra Agency Payments Professional Services	3,262
2100	Travel-Reimbursement	14,919
2200	Travel-Direct Expense	26,163
3100	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	79,926
3100	Bank Service Charges	648,524
3200	Rent Expense	120,643
3300	Maintenance and Repair Expense	198,174
3500	Production and Safety	9,622
3600	Office Expense	59,298
4100	Office Furniture and Equipment	110,254
5200	Employee Recognition Awards	640
5300	Refunds, Indemnities and Restitution	469
5500	General Assistance Awards	579
6200	County Treasurers	100,000

Total

\$ 7,239,442

STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR



MICHELLE R. DAY, ESQ. Chief Deputy

State Auditor

2300 N. Lincoln Boulevard State Capitol, Room 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4801 Phone (405) 521-3495 Fax (405) 521-3426 www.sai.ok.gov

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND **OTHER MATTERS**

TO THE HONORABLE SCOTT MEACHAM STATE TREASURER OF OKLAHOMA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of State Treasurer, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Office of the State Treasurer's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Office of the State Treasurer's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office of the State Treasurer's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government* Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Office of the State Treasurer and should not be used for any other purpose. This report is also a public document pursuant to the Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.), and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

Bunge

STEVE BURRAGE, CPA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

December 22, 2008



OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

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