



TEXAS COUNTY

Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

Cindy Byrd, CPA
State Auditor & Inspector

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
FINANCIAL STATEMENT
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

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Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

November 8, 2021

TO THE CITIZENS OF
TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Texas County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Cindy Byrd".

CINDY BYRD, CPA
OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR



**TEXAS COUNTY OFFICIALS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

Board of County Commissioners

District 1 – Ted Keeling
District 2 – Richard Bryan
District 3 – Jack Strain

County Assessor

Judyth Campbell

County Clerk

Wendy Johnson

County Sheriff

Matt Boley

County Treasurer

Lavena Chastine

Court Clerk

M. Renee Ellis

District Attorney

James M. Boring

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE OFFICERS OF
TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the combined total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Texas County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Texas County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the “Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles” paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Texas County as of June 30, 2018, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the combined total of receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Texas County, for the year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2021, on our consideration of Texas County’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an

integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Texas County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



CINDY BYRD, CPA

September 27, 2021

REGULATORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENT

TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS
(WITH COMBINING INFORMATION)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2017 | Receipts Apportioned | Transfers In | Transfers Out | Disbursements | Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2018 |
|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| Combining Information: | | | | | | |
| County General Fund | \$ 3,884,096 | \$ 4,378,163 | \$ 2,166 | \$ - | \$ 3,843,634 | \$ 4,420,791 |
| County Highway Cash | 6,155,356 | 5,896,097 | - | - | 5,992,626 | 6,058,827 |
| County Health Department | 760,368 | 699,694 | - | - | 582,189 | 877,873 |
| Sheriff Sales Tax | 426,114 | 1,267,165 | - | - | 1,325,785 | 367,494 |
| State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Grant | 49,517 | - | - | - | - | 49,517 |
| County Sales Tax Proceeds | 2,518,862 | - | - | - | - | 2,518,862 |
| 40% Sales Tax | 553,750 | 889,194 | - | - | 807,915 | 635,029 |
| Grant Account | 10,621 | 66,180 | - | - | 37,649 | 39,152 |
| County Commissioner Reward Fund | 1,164 | - | - | 1,164 | - | - |
| Resale Property | 384,178 | 157,594 | - | - | 145,939 | 395,833 |
| Treasurer Mortgage Tax Certification Fee | 13,045 | 2,370 | - | - | - | 15,415 |
| County Clerk Lien Fee | 186,507 | 17,663 | - | - | 100,323 | 103,847 |
| County Clerk Records Preservation Fee | 49,439 | 19,732 | - | - | 34,388 | 34,783 |
| Sheriff Service Fee | 1,197,176 | 464,319 | - | - | 517,335 | 1,144,160 |
| Sheriff Special Revenue | 131,757 | 21,234 | - | - | 5,844 | 147,147 |
| Sheriff Commissary | 94,460 | 47,925 | - | - | 60,292 | 82,093 |
| Sheriff Training | 844 | - | - | - | - | 844 |
| Juvenile Detention | 166,730 | 396,051 | - | - | 413,051 | 149,730 |
| Juvenile Child Nutrition | 4,231 | 8,693 | - | - | 8,219 | 4,705 |
| Assessor Revolving Fee | 7,057 | 2,596 | 412 | - | - | 10,065 |
| Assessor Visual Inspection | 412 | - | - | 412 | - | - |
| Assessor Equipment Upgrade | 101 | - | - | 1 | 100 | - |
| Activity Center/Free Fair | 20,392 | 27,482 | - | - | 29,581 | 18,293 |
| Local Emergency Planning Committee | 20,409 | 4,700 | - | - | 3,658 | 21,451 |
| ACCO Safety Awards | 1,001 | - | - | 1,001 | - | - |
| County Building | 290,930 | 860 | - | - | - | 291,790 |
| Sinking Fund | 5 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Court Fund Payroll | 71,575 | 246,467 | - | - | 244,725 | 73,317 |
| Combined Total - All County Funds, as Restated | \$ 17,000,097 | \$ 14,614,179 | \$ 2,578 | \$ 2,578 | \$ 14,153,253 | \$ 17,461,023 |

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Texas County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including emergency medical districts, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included as combining information within the financial statement:

County General Fund – accounts for the general operations of the government.

County Highway Cash – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements are for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

County Health Department – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues.

Sheriff Sales Tax – accounts for the collection of sales tax money and disbursed for the purpose of maintenance and operations of the Sheriff's office.

State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Grant – accounts for the reimbursement for housing of illegal aliens.

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

County Sales Tax Proceeds – accounts for the collection of sales tax monies to be disbursed to provide assistance to the Texas County Memorial Hospital, Rural Emergency Service Departments including fire, ambulance, and 911 services, and the Texas County Free Fair.

40% Sales Tax – accounts for the collection of sales tax monies to be disbursed for rural Texas County emergency providers including ambulance and fire services, rural 911 emergency telephone services, Texas County Memorial Hospital, Texas County Free Fair, and for the Sheriff of Texas County for the Texas County Detention Center.

Grant Account – accounts for the collection of grant funds for emergency civil management to be disbursed in compliance with grant requirements.

County Commissioner Reward Fund – accounts for money received through District Court and disbursed to citizens reporting crime in the County in which a reward is offered.

Resale Property – accounts for the collection of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and the disposition of same as restricted by state statute.

Treasurer Mortgage Tax Certification Fee – accounts for the collection of fees by the Treasurer for mortgage tax certificates and the disbursement of the funds as restricted by state statute.

County Clerk Lien Fee – accounts for lien collections and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

County Clerk Records Preservation Fee – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed in the County Clerk's office as restricted by state statute for preservation of records.

Sheriff Service Fee – accounts for the collection and disbursement of sheriff process service fees as restricted by state statute.

Sheriff Special Revenue – accounts for the collection of medical fees reimbursed from prisoners and disbursements are made for general operations of the Sheriff's office.

Sheriff Commissary – accounts for profits on commissary sales in the County jail. Disbursements are for jail operations as defined by state statute.

Sheriff Training – accounts for the collection of miscellaneous receipts and disbursements are for the training of sheriff deputies.

Juvenile Detention – accounts for the collections from the State of Oklahoma and other Oklahoma Counties for the housing of juvenile offenders. Disbursements are for the operation of the juvenile detention center.

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

Juvenile Child Nutrition – accounts for the collections from the Department of Education and used to provide healthy meals for the children at the Juvenile Detention Center.

Assessor Revolving Fee – accounts for the collection of fees for copies as restricted by state statute.

Assessor Visual Inspection – accounts for the collection and disbursement of monies by the Assessor as restricted by state statute for the visual inspection program.

Assessor Equipment Upgrade – accounts for grant receipts to be used to update equipment in the Assessor's office.

Activity Center/Free Fair – accounts for the collection of fees and is disbursed for the operations of the free fair organization.

Local Emergency Planning Committee – accounts for the collection of fees received from Tier II companies that house and maintain hazardous materials in the county and disbursement of funds may be used for emergency planning, training, and equipment.

ACCO Safety Awards – accounts for the collection of a state-wide safety award from the Association of County Commissioners of Oklahoma to be disbursed to employees of Texas County qualifying for the award.

County Building – accounts for the collection of funds used for construction and maintenance of a storage facility for overflow for the courthouse.

Sinking Fund – accounts for monies collected on behalf of Texas County from ad valorem taxes used to pay principal and interest on outstanding bonds. There has been no activity in this fund for several years.

Court Fund Payroll – accounts for funds deposited by the court and supplemented by the county and disbursed for payroll for the Court Clerk's office.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 specifies the format and presentation for Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171. County governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

D. Budget

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, “Ending Cash Balances, June 30” includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County’s books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County’s deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County’s governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

3. Other Information

A. Pension Plan

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

Funding Policy. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides post-retirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in management's opinion, the resolution of these matters may or may not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

D. Sales Tax

Sales Tax of August 1, 1994

On November 4, 2008, Texas County voters approved a one-cent sales tax continuation of the sales tax which began on August 1, 1994, and expired July 31, 2009. Said sales tax collections continued on August 1, 2009 and will end July 31, 2024. The sales tax shall be to provide necessary funding for expenses relating to capital outlay, maintenance, and/ or operations of county entities providing services necessary and/or essential for the health, safety, security, and well-being of the citizens of Texas County.

Distribution of the sales tax is 60% for assistance to the County Sheriff and 40% for assistance to the Texas County Memorial Hospital, Rural Emergency Service Departments including fire, ambulance, and 911 services, Texas County Free Fair, and Texas County Detention Center, including the payment of debt service on indebtedness incurred by or for any such county entities by the county or any public trust of which the county is a beneficiary. These funds are accounted for within the Sheriff Sales Tax fund and 40% Sales Tax fund.

E. Tax Abatements

The County is subject to ad valorem tax abatements granted by the State of Oklahoma in accordance with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article 10 Section 6B for qualifying manufacturing concern—ad valorem tax exemption.

Under this program, a five-year ad valorem tax exemption exempts all real and personal property that is necessary for the manufacturing of a product and facilities engaged in research and development which meet the requirements set by the Oklahoma Constitution and statutes. Under Title 68 O.S. § 2902, in exchange for the five-year exemption, qualifying manufacturing concerns must meet certain minimum investment requirements for construction, acquisition, or expansion of

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

a manufacturing facility. In addition, there are general minimum payroll requirements that must be met and the qualifying manufacturing concern must offer basic health benefit plans to all full-time employees within 180 days of employment.

The County had \$751,193 of ad valorem taxes abated under this program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The State has an Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund in accordance with Title 62 O.S. § 193 that is used to reimburse the County for the loss of revenue. Monies apportioned to this fund by the State also may be transferred to other state funds or otherwise expended as directed by the Legislature. In the event monies apportioned to the Fund are insufficient to pay all claims for reimbursement, claims for reimbursement for loss of revenue due to manufacturing exemptions of ad valorem taxes shall be paid first, and any remaining funds shall be distributed proportionally among the counties making claims for reimbursement for loss of revenue for school district exemptions.

F. Interfund Transfers

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfers between cash funds:

- \$1,164 was transferred from the County Commissioner Reward Fund to the County General Fund by the Board of County Commissioners' (BOCC) Resolution to close the fund.
- \$1 was transferred from Assessor Equipment Upgrade fund to the County General Fund by BOCC Resolution to close the fund.
- \$1,001 was transferred from ACCO Safety Awards fund to the County General Fund by BOCC Resolution to close the fund.
- \$412 was transferred from the Assessor Visual Inspection fund to the Assessor Revolving Fee fund by BOCC Resolution to close the fund.

G. Restatement of Fund Balance

During the fiscal year, the County had a restatement of the beginning balance for the following funds:

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Prior year ending balance, as reported | \$17,000,358 |
| Adjustments to beginning balance due to balance corrections: | |
| County General | (7,075) |
| County Highway Cash | (35,716) |
| Grant Account | (71,539) |
| Juvenile Detention | 4,089 |
| County Building | 46,635 |
| Court Fund Payroll | <u>63,345</u> |
| Prior year ending balance, as restated | <u>\$17,000,097</u> |

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—
BUDGETARY BASIS—COUNTY GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | County General Fund | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | Variance |
| District Attorney - County | \$ 13,800 | \$ 11,077 | \$ 2,723 |
| County Sheriff | 555,618 | 550,242 | 5,376 |
| County Treasurer | 241,598 | 222,546 | 19,052 |
| County Commissioners | 295,309 | 290,930 | 4,379 |
| County Commissioners - O.S.U. Extension | 102,859 | 85,977 | 16,882 |
| County Clerk | 398,048 | 364,029 | 34,019 |
| Court Clerk | 183,239 | 180,251 | 2,988 |
| County Assessor | 280,647 | 259,701 | 20,946 |
| Revaluation of Real Property | 368,189 | 323,429 | 44,760 |
| Juvenile Shelter Bureau: Detention | 80,650 | 44,869 | 35,781 |
| District Court | 1,000 | 800 | 200 |
| General Government | 981,629 | 187,004 | 794,625 |
| Excise - Equalization Board | 5,200 | 2,332 | 2,868 |
| County Election Expense | 75,073 | 57,775 | 17,298 |
| Insurance - Benefits | 1,676,189 | 859,354 | 816,835 |
| Charity | 11,000 | 3,020 | 7,980 |
| Fire Fighting Services | 110,000 | 103,041 | 6,959 |
| Civil Defense | 75,386 | 68,909 | 6,477 |
| Highway Budget | 16,391 | 12,389 | 4,002 |
| County Audit Budget Account | 66,778 | 66,778 | - |
| Free Fair Budget Account | 51,434 | 51,041 | 393 |
| Library Budget | 2,000 | 1,954 | 46 |
| County Hospital Budget | 70,722 | 70,722 | - |
| Building Maintenance Account | 1,341,309 | - | 1,341,309 |
| Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis | <u>\$ 7,004,068</u> | <u>\$ 3,818,170</u> | <u>\$ 3,185,898</u> |

TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL—
BUDGETARY BASIS—HEALTH FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | Health Fund | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| | Budget | Actual | Variance |
| Health and Welfare | \$ 1,419,793 | \$ 608,075 | \$ 811,718 |
| Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis | \$ 1,419,793 | \$ 608,075 | \$ 811,718 |

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedules of Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the County General Fund and the County Health Department fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

TO THE OFFICERS OF
TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined total—all funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances (with Combining Information) of Texas County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises Texas County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2021.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County for the year ended June 30, 2018, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Texas County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Texas County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Texas County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness: 2018-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Texas County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Texas County's Response to Finding

Texas County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Texas County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is also a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.), and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.



CINDY BYRD, CPA
OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

September 27, 2021

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Finding 2018-001 – Lack of County-Wide Internal Controls (Repeat Finding 2011-001, 2012-001)

Condition: Through the process of gaining an understanding of the County’s internal control structure, it was noted that county-wide internal controls regarding Risk Assessment and Monitoring have not been designed.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to address the risks of the County.

Effect of Condition: Without an adequate system of county-wide internal controls, there is greater risk of a breakdown in control activities which could result in unrecorded transactions, undetected errors, or misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation: The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector’s Office (OSAI) recommends that the County design and implement a system of county-wide procedures to identify and address risks related to financial reporting and to ensure that information is communicated effectively. OSAI also recommends that the County design and implement monitoring procedures to assess the quality of performance over time. These procedures should be written policies and procedures and could be included in the County’s policies and procedures handbook.

Management Response:

Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners: We realize risk assessment and monitoring needs to be addressed and policies need to be implemented. We will start to address the over-all county wide assessment.

County Clerk: We have a plan to implement a Risk Assessment Form to talk about and sign off on in our County Officers’ Meetings. We will start going over a section at a time.

County Treasurer: This will be brought up in our next officer’s meeting, and I will work with the other County Officers to start the process of developing a risk assessment chart to be reviewed in the officer’s meeting.

Criteria: The United States Government Accountability Office’s *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* (2014 version) aided in guiding our assessments and conclusion. Although this publication (GAO Standards) addresses controls in the federal government, this criterion can be treated as best practices and may be applied as a framework for an internal control system for state, local, and quasi-governmental entities.

**TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

The GAO Standards – Section 1 – Fundamental Concepts of Internal Control – OV1.01 states in part:

Definition of Internal Control

Internal control is a process effected by an entity’s oversight body, management, and other personnel that provides reasonable assurance that the objectives of an entity will be achieved.

Additionally, GAO Standards – Section 2 – Establishing an Effective Internal Control System – OV2.04 states in part:

Components, Principles, and Attributes

Control Environment - The foundation for an internal control system. It provides the discipline and structure to help an entity achieve its objectives.

Risk Assessment - Assesses the risks facing the entity as it seeks to achieve its objectives. This assessment provides the basis for developing appropriate risk responses.

Information and Communication - The quality information management and personnel communicate and use to support the internal control system.

Monitoring - Activities management establishes and operates to assess the quality of performance over time and promptly resolve the findings of audits and other reviews.

O·K·L·A·H·O·M·A
S·A·I
STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR



Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov