AUDIT REPORT TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

April 16, 2003

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Tillman County Emergency Medical Service, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. A report of this type is critical in nature; however, we do not intend to imply that our audit failed to disclose commendable features in the present accounting and operating procedures of the emergency medical service.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during the course of our audit.

The Office of the State Auditor and Inspector is committed to serve the public interest by providing independent oversight and to issue reports that serve as a management tool to the state to ensure a government which is accountable to the people of the State of Oklahoma.

Sincerely,

egf A. M. Mahan

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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<u>CHAIRMAN</u>

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MEMBERS

Frank Jensen

Dwight Parker

Lynn Hayes

Craig Peters

BOOKKEEPER

Diane Wylie

ADMINISTRATOR

Max Brown



STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tillman County Emergency Medical Service, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Emergency Medical Service. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tillman County Emergency Medical Service, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2003, on our consideration of Tillman County Emergency Medical Service's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Sincerely,

KA. M. Mahan

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

January 15, 2003

Financial Statements

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TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2002

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	FU	ERNMENTAL ND TYPE ENERAL	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	(MEM	TOTAL IORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Ad valorem taxes receivable Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$	118,127 837	\$	\$	118,127 837
for doubtful accounts)		72,125			72,125
Accrued interest receivable		280			280
Ambulance and equipment			236,455		236,455
Total assets	\$	191,369	\$ 236,455	\$	427,824
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Warrants payable	\$	17,221	\$	\$	17,221
Total liabilities		17,221			17,221
Fund Equity: Investments in general fixed assets			236,455		236,455
Fund Balance:					
Unreserved:					
Undesignated		174,148			174,148
Total fund equity		174,148	236,455		410,603
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u> </u>	191,369	\$ 236,455	\$	427,824

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $$\mathbf{2}$$

TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	GEN	GENERAL FUND	
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	·\$	73,456	
Charges for services		161,709	
Miscellaneous revenues		3,382	
Total revenues		238,547	
Expenditures:			
Current operating:			
Personal services		146,890	
Travel		480	
Maintenance and operations		41,509	
Contract		10,914	
Capital outlay		7,850	
Total expenditures		207,643	
Excess revenues over			
expenditures		30,904	
Beginning fund balance		143,244	
Ending fund balance	\$	174,148	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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	General Fund		
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Beginning fund balances, budgetary basis	\$ 97,421	\$ 96,127	S (1,294)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	64,193	74,022	9,829
Charges for services	67,671	134,995	67,324
Miscellancous revenues	6,050	3,405	(2,645)
Total revenues, budgetary basis	137,914	212,422	74,508
Expenditures:			
Personal services	149,990	146,890	3,100
Travel	1,000	480	520
Maintenance and operations	45,551	41,509	4,042
Contract	11,000	10,914	86
Capital outlay	27,794	7,850	19,944
Total expenditures, budgetary basis	235,335	207,643	27,692
Excess of revenues and beginning fund			
balances over expenditures, budgetary basis	<u>s</u> -	100,906	<u>\$</u> 00,906
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues,			
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			
Add: Ad valorem receivable		837	
Accrued interest		280	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance			
for doubtful accounts)		72,125	
Ending fund balance		<u>\$ 174,148</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of the Tillman County Emergency Medical Service (EMS) are required to be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The EMS is a governmental entity organized under the laws of the State of Oklahoma, and is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The EMS was created to provide ambulance service to all of the citizens.

The accompanying financial statements include all EMS funds, functions, and activities over which the EMS Board exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on the oversight exercised by the EMS Board. The EMS has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Governmental entities use funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregation of transactions related to certain functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of an EMS's general activities. The general fund is used to account for all activities of the EMS not accounted for in some other fund.

<u>General Fund</u> — The general fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the EMS.

Account Groups

Account groups are not funds. They do not reflect available financial sources. They are not involved with the measurement of results of operations.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

General Long-Term Debt Account Group

The general long-term debt account group is used to account for the outstanding principal balances of general long-term debt.

General Fixed Assets Account Group (GFAAG)

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that those fixed assets of a governmental entity not reported in a proprietary fund or in a trust fund be reported in a general fixed assets account group (GFAAG). This account group is not a fund. It does not have a balance sheet as such, nor does it report operations. Instead, the GFAAG serves as a list of the fixed assets and is designed to ensure accountability.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. Governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be quantified, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The EMS considers property taxes as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when incurred, and the related fund liability is expected to be paid from available spendable resources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. The EMS accrues accounts receivable based on service charges incurred for ambulance service. The accrual is based on accounts that have been charged and are receivable at the end of the fiscal year.

D. Budgetary Policies and Procedures

The budget presented for the general fund includes the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund. At

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

the end of the year, unencumbered appropriations are lapsed. There were no encumbered appropriations at June 30, 2002.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual -General Fund presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance because of adopting certain aspects of the modified accrual basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances to their related budget year.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the EMS.

All funds were fully invested as of June 30, 2002. State statutes authorize the governmental entity to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposit, or savings accounts of banks, savings and loans, and trust companies if secured by acceptable collateral where the collateral has been deposited with a trustee or custodian bank.

F. General Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost when historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated.

G. Risk Management

The EMS is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The EMS continues to carry commercial insurance for these types of risk. Settled claims resulting from these risks are subject to commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year 2002. The EMS has worker's compensation insurance with CompSource Oklahoma.

H. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

The total column on the Combined Balance Sheet is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Interfund transactions have not been eliminated.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

Budgetary Compliance

On or before June 1 of each year, a budget for each fund, as required by the Board, shall be completed. The budget is approved by fund and object. The EMS Board may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the Excise Board.

3. Detailed Notes on Account Balances

A. Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the EMS's deposits was \$118,127 and the bank balance was \$135,348. Of the bank balance, all funds were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the EMS's agent in the EMS's name.

B. <u>Receivables</u>

The EMS receives ad valorem tax from the County's ad valorem tax collections.

The property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board.

Article X, § 9C of the Oklahoma Constitution authorized the formation of EMS districts and authorized a tax levy not to exceed (3) mills for the purpose of providing funds to support, organize, operate, and maintain district EMS. County voters approved a (2.09) mill levy to support the operations of the EMS. Property taxes are considered currently receivable if collected within 60 days.

Detailed Notes on Account Balances (continued)

The assessed property value as of January I, 2001, was approximately \$34,887,941, net of homestead exemptions.

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property on October 1 of each year. Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are published usually in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

Tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2002, were approximately 96 percent of the tax levy.

The EMS considers outstanding accounts receivable for ambulance charges to be charges incurred and charged prior to the end of the fiscal year. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those charges considered uncollectible by the Board. Accounts receivable for the year ended June 30, 2002, were \$72,125, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$17,643.

C. Fixed Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2001	Additions	Reductions	<u>June 30, 2002</u>
Ambulances	\$109,778	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,778
Equipment	122,584	<u>7,850</u>	<u>3,757</u>	<u>126,677</u>
Totals	\$ <u>232,362</u>	\$ <u>7,850</u>	\$ <u>3,757</u>	\$ <u>236,455</u>

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

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STATE OF OKLAHOMA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

TO THE OFFICERS OF TILLMAN COUNTY EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE

We have audited the financial statements of Tillman County Emergency Medical Service, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tillman County Emergency Medical Service's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Tillman County Emergency Medical Service's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the EMS's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable conditions are described below.

Finding 96-1 - Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Good internal controls dictate that the most effective controls lie in management's knowledge of EMS operations and a periodic review of operations.

Condition: The limited number of office personnel within the EMS prevents a proper segregation of accounting functions, which is necessary to assure adequate internal control structure.

Recommendation: We recommend management be aware of this condition and realize the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from a control point of view. Under these conditions, the most effective controls lie in management's knowledge of EMS operations and a periodic review of operations.

Finding 2002-1 – Payroll System

Criteria: Good internal controls dictate that a system provides complete and accurate output consistent with information input and availability.

Condition: The test of payroll claims revealed that two of four shift employees were paid incorrectly based on the limited payroll information available. The EMS District does not have a payroll system in place to account for hours worked.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Tillman County EMS implement policies and procedures to adequately maintain hours worked by all employees. We further recommend that the hours worked by each employee be attached to payroll purchase orders/claims as required documentation.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider item 96-1 to be a material weakness.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statement on Auditing Standards No. 87 requires the inclusion of the following paragraph in this report:

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

However, the Oklahoma Open Records Act states that all records of public bodies and public officials shall be open to any person, except as specifically exempted. The purpose of this Act is to ensure and facilitate the public's right of access to and review of government records so they may efficiently and intelligently exercise their inherent political power. Therefore, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is in no way limited or restricted.

Sincerely,

egg A. M.Maken

JEFF A. McMAHAN State Auditor and Inspector

January 15, 2003

Management Response

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Tillman County District E.M.S.

Paramedic Ambulance Service P.O. Box 122 Frederick, Oklahoma 73542 Phone: 405/335-5877

Max L. Brown, EMT-P. Director



April 10, 2003

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR 1401 LERA, SUITE 9 WEATHERFORD, OKLAHOMA 73069

Ms. Sherri Merle.

We have reviewed your findings and recommendations report for Tillman County E.M.S. for the year ended June 30, 2002. In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we submit the following comments to your Reportable Conditions for Tillman County EMS.

Finding 96-1 - Segregation of Duties

We have coordinated with the appropriate employees, our Director, as well as, our Board members to improve the segregation and concentration of accounting functions to help assure adequate internal control structure. From these meetings, all office functions for Tillman County E.M.S. will now be managed and supervised by the newly appointed Office Manager, Sam Starr. Secretarial duties are now shared by two (2) secretaries under the oversight and input of the Office Manager. Each secretary has been, and will continue to be, trained in each and ever aspect of EMS operations. Standing Operating Procedures are in the process of being generated for receipts, billing, payroll, audits, purchase orders, finance, and E.M.S. operations and functions. These S.O.P.s will be available for any and all Tillman County E.M.S. personnel as needed. This means that instead of only one (1) person being familiar with the internal control structure for Tillman County E.M.S. all Medics, the Director and all Board Members will have access to the S.O.P. for each aspect and function. Our goal is to increase the now limited number of individuals familiar with the duties and responsibilities of EMS operations.

Finding 2002-1 - Payroll System

To adequately maintain hours worked by all employees and volunteers, Tillman County E.M.S. has implemented procedures to maintain hours worked. All employee and volunteer payroll purchase orders will now include and show the number of hours worked for each given pay period. These P.O.s will be filed in each employees payroll file. The calculation sheets, including the monthly schedule calendar for "Stand-by/On Call," will be kept by the Director for approved viewing.

We appreciate your patience during our transition the past two months. If I can be of further assistance, please don't hesitate to call me at (580)335-5877.

Sam E. Starr: Office Manager

Max