City of Marlow, Oklahoma

Financial Statements Year –End: June 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the City Council City of Marlow, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.B; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.B.

Basis of Accounting

We draw your attention to Note 1.B.of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marlow, Oklahoma basic financial statements. The Supplemental Information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of the general fund and the non-major fund financial statements, and the grant activity schedule information are the responsibility of management and derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements of the general fund and the non-major fund financial statements, and the grant activity schedule information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 29, 30 and 31, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Marlow's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ongel, Johnston & Blosingeme, P.C.

Chickasha, Oklahoma February 7, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Marlow Government-Wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

	5 une 50, 2	017		~
		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	MEDA
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 3,344,508	\$ 1,593,777	\$ 4,938,285	\$ 474,125
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,864	283,218	306,082	-
Investments	607,797	1,823,393	2,431,190	-
Land and Construction in Progress	284,036	1,390,873	1,674,909	99,939
Other Capital Assets, net of depreciation	5,445,304	8,280,980	13,726,284	12,381
Total Assets	9,704,509	13,372,241	23,076,750	586,445
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Bonds Pending Court	1,899	-	1,899	-
Refundable Meter Deposits	-	312,452	312,452	-
Long -term liabilties				-
Due within one year	11,506	331,991	343,497	-
Due in more than one year	12,678	2,978,619	2,991,297	
Total Liabilities	26,083	3,623,062	3,649,145	
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets	5,705,156	6,361,243	12,066,399	-
Restricted for	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Sewer Project and Debt Service	1,394,583	82,515	1,477,098	-
Street and Alley	133,723	-	133,723	-
Cemetery	76,690	-	76,690	-
Water	959	-	959	-
EMS	781,667	-	781,667	-
Unrestricted	1,585,648	3,305,421	4,891,069	586,445
Total Net Position	\$ 9,678,426	\$ 9,749,179	\$ 19,427,605	\$ 586,445

City of Marlow Government-Wide Statement of Activities– Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Changes in I	Net Position	Component
			Operating	Capital	<u> </u>	Primary Go	vernment	Unit
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	MEDA
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	MEDA
Functions/Programs Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$ 277,360	\$ 23,847	¢	\$ -	\$ (253,513)	¢	\$ (253,513)	
Highways and Streets	\$ 277,300 431,738	\$ 25,647	5 -	\$ -	\$ (235,515) (431,738)	5 -	\$ (235,313) (431,738)	
Public Safety	1,515,400	130,423	65,552	-	(1,319,425)	-	(1,319,425)	
Culture and Recreation	271,369	150,425	3,977	-	(1,319,423) (267,392)	-	(1,319,423) (267,392)	
Cemetery	136,605	41,821	3,977	-	(94,784)	-	(94,784)	
Interest Expense	733		-	-	(733)	-	(733)	
Total Governmental Activities	2,633,205	196,091	69,529	-	(2,367,585)	-	(2,367,585)	
Business-Type Activities	0.614.605	1.252 (11)					530.056	
Electric	3,614,685	4,353,641	-	-	-	738,956	738,956	
Water	538,870	556,792	-	-	-	17,922	17,922	
Sanitation	672,708	733,573	-	-	-	60,865	60,865	
Sewer	98,217	307,255	-	-	-	209,038	209,038	
General Government and Recreation	703,215	187,446				(515,769)	(515,769)	
Total Business Type Activities	5,627,695	6,138,707				511,012	511,012	
Total Primary Government	8,260,900	6,334,798	69,529	<u> </u>	(2,367,585)	511,012	(1,856,573)	
Component Unit								
Marlow Economic Development Authority	26,270	2,250	42,000					17,980
General Revenues								
Taxes					1,880,102	-	1,880,102	-
Investment Return					35,805	51,720	87,525	3,037
Rent and Royalties					17,697	-	17,697	-
Miscellaneous					100,000	-	100,000	-
Transfers					562,500	(562,500)		
Total General Revenues and Transfers					2,596,104	(510,780)	2,085,324	3,037
Change in Net Position					228,519	232	228,751	21,017
Net Position - Beginning					9,449,907	9,748,947	19,198,854	565,428
Net Position - Ending					\$ 9,678,426	\$ 9,749,179	\$ 19,427,605	\$ 586,445

City of Marlow Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	EMS Fund	Sewer Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Investments Restricted Cash Investments Total Assets	\$ 461,402 22,864 <u>189,024</u> \$ 673,290	731,017 	1,190,248 	\$ 961,841 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,344,508 22,864 <u>607,797</u> <u>\$ 3,975,169</u>
Liabilities Bonds Pending Court Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,899</u> 1,899	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,899</u> 1,899
Fund Balances Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	\$ 781,667 67,871 	\$ 1,394,583 95,917 	\$ 210,413 751,428	\$ 2,387,622 933,181 652,467
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 671,391</u>	<u>\$ 849,538</u>	<u>\$ 1,490,500</u>	<u>\$ 961,841</u>	\$ 3,973,270
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 673,290	\$ 849,538	\$ 1,490,500	<u>\$ 961,841</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net position of governmental activities.	<u>\$ 9,678,426</u>
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.	(24,184)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.	5,729,340

City of Marlow Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund		EMS Fund		Sewer Project Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
REVENUE	¢	076 005	¢	016 074	¢	122 540	¢	254 205	Φ	1 000 100
Taxes	\$	976,885	\$	216,274	\$	432,548	\$	254,395	\$	1,880,102
Grants		7,977		61,552		-		-		69,529
License and Permits		31,135		-		-		-		31,135
Charges for Service Fines		23,847		-		-		-		23,847
Miscellaneous		99,288		-		-		-		99,288
		88,173		500		15 007		11,326		99,999 25 802
Investment Return		11,071		6,240		15,087		3,405		35,803
Royalties		-		-		-		17,697		17,697
Cemetery		36,555		-				5,266		41,821
Total Revenue		1,274,931		284,566		447,635		292,089		2,299,221
EXPENDITURES Current										
General Government		232,482		_		_		_		232,482
Public Safety		1,181,854		217,208				_		1,399,062
Highways and Streets		211,649				_		15,988		227,637
Culture and Recreation		156,019		_		_		15,500		156,019
Cemetery		129,253		_		_		1,062		130,315
Capital Outlay		129,200						1,002		150,515
General Government		-		-		17,510		-		17,510
Public Safety		35,805		137,954				-		173,759
Highways and Streets		-				-		37,135		37,135
Debt Service		-		-		-		12,352		12,352
Total Expenditures		1,947,062		355,162		17,510		66,537		2,386,271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		(672,131)		(70,596)	_	430,125		225,552		(87,050)
Other Financing Sources										
Capital Lease Proceeds		35,805		-		-		-		35,805
Transfers In		600,000		-		-		-		600,000
Transfers Out		-		-		-		(37,500)		(37,500)
Total Other Financing Sources		635,805		-		-		(37,500)		598,305
Net Change in Fund Balances		(36,326)		(70,596)		430,125		188,052		511,255
Fund Balances - Beginning		707,717		920,134		1,060,375		773,789		3,462,015
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	671,391	\$	849,538	\$	1,490,500	\$	961,841	\$	3,973,270

City of Marlow Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 511,255 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. (258, 552)The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (24, 184)Change in net position of governmental activities. 228,519 \$

City of Marlow Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Marlow Municipal Authority
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 1,593,778
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	200,703
Investments	1,823,393
Total Current Assets	3,617,874
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	82,515
Capital Assets	
Land and Construction in Progress	1,390,873
Other Capital Assets	47,156,120
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(38,875,140)
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,754,368
Total Assets	13,372,242
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Refundable Meter Deposits	312,453
Notes Payable, Current Portion	331,991
Total Current Liabilities	644,444
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Notes Payable	2,978,619
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,978,619
Total Liabilities	3,623,063
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	6,361,243
Restricted for Debt Service	82,515
Unrestricted	3,305,421
Total Net Position	\$ 9,749,179

City of Marlow Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Marlow Municipal Authority	
Operating Revenues:		
Electric	\$	4,353,641
Water		556,792
Sanitation		733,573
Sewer		307,255
Pool		12,322
Miscellaneous		175,124
Total Operating Revenue		6,138,707
Operating Expenses:		
Electric		3,614,685
Water		446,565
Sanitation		672,708
Sewer		98,217
Pool		22,502
General Government		680,713
Total Operating Expenses		5,535,390
Operating Income (Loss)		603,317
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest Revenue		51,720
Interest Expense		(92,305)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(40,585)
Income (Loss) before Transfers		562,732
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In		
Transfers Out		-
		(562,500)
Total Other Financing Sources		(562,500)
Net Change in Net Position		232
Total Net Position - Beginning		9,748,947
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	9,749,179

City of Marlow Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Revenues Received	\$ 6,138,707
Vendors and Others Paid	(5,191,128)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	947,579
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfer, Net	(562,500)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities Activities	(562,500)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Payment of Debt	(305,000)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(281,977)
Decrease in Restricted Cash - Capital Financing	135,371
Debt Proceeds - Capital Financing	120,610
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(330,996)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest Income	51,720
Interest Expense	(92,305)
Increase in Restricted Cash and Investments	(24,508)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(65,093)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(11,010)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2018	1,594,952
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,583,942
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income	<u>\$ 603,317</u>
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	336,488
Increase in Meter Deposits Payable	7,774
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 947,579</u>

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Marlow, Oklahoma, (the City) is a charter city operating under a Council-Manager form of government authorized by the charter and Title 11 of the Oklahoma statutes. The governing body of the City is the City Council comprised of five elected members. The appointed City Manager is the administrative head of the City.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Marlow and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit

The Marlow Municipal Authority (Authority)#serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council and two appointed members. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's council and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the government. The Authority is presented as an Enterprise fund.

Discretely presented Component Unit

The Marlow Economic Development Authority (MEDA) was established to promote industrial development in the Marlow area. MEDA has a separate governing board. The City transfers funds to this Authority. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the City.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of assets, liabilities and net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Under this basis, cash receipts are recognized as revenue at the date of receipt and cash payments are recognized as expenditures at date of payment with the following modifications:

- Capital assets are recorded as assets when purchased and related depreciation is recorded.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.
- Court bonds payable are recorded as liabilities.
- Investments

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in each fund-type financial statements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements – (continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is used. However, the governmental funds focus on a current financial resources measurement thus capital assets and debt is not recorded.

The City reports the following major government funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the Government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Funds combined with the General Fund are OHFA Grant, CINCH and Special Library.

<u>EMS Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund which accounts for dedicated sales tax to be used for operations of the City's EMS Department.

<u>Sewer Project Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund which accounts for one-percent dedicated sales tax to be used for sewer and sanitation improvements.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the Cemetery Care, Capital Improvement, Street and Alley Funds.

The City reports the Marlow Municipal Authority (MMA) as a major proprietary fund. MMA accounts for the activities related to the provision of water and sewer services to businesses and residents. It operates the water and sewer treatment plants, water distribution system, sewer collections systems and pump stations.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting modified as follows:

- Capital assets are recorded as assets when purchased and related depreciation is recorded. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Customer Meter deposits are held and recorded as a liability.
- Investments

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; collateralized or insured certificates of deposits of financial institutions located in the state of Oklahoma or fully-insured certificates of deposits of financial institutions located outside the state; savings accounts, and county, municipal or school district general obligation debt.

The City does not have a specific policy limiting the concentration amount that may be invested with one issuer. The City has no formal policy on managing credit risk.

Public trusts created under Oklahoma Statutes Title 60 are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

2. Interfund transactions

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in the period transacted. Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to move unrestricted revenue collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

3. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the Authority's notes payable, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable loan covenants. The debt service reserve accounts are used to report resources set aside to make up potential futures deficiencies, or to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset construction, renewals and replacements. Customer utility deposits and reserves held with the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group are reported as restricted cash.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	10-20
Infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30-50
Vehicles, Office and computer equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

5. Fund equity

<u>Fund Balance Classification:</u> The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the entity is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City did not have any nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town has restricted resources by state law and from grants as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinance or resolution of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the council delegating this responsibility to the clerk through the budgetary process. The Town has assigned resources of interest earnings in special revenue funds as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

City of Marlow would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and the Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

5. Fund equity - continued

As of June 30, 2019, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	EMS Fund	Sewer Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted					
Cemetery	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,690	\$ 76,690
Water	959	-	-	-	959
EMS	-	781,667	-	-	781,667
Street and Alley	-	-	-	133,723	133,723
Sewer Construction and Debt Service	-	-	1,394,583	-	1,394,583
Committed					
Assigned					
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	725,751	725,751
EMS	-	67,871	-	-	67,871
Library	17,965	-	-	-	17,965
Street and Alley	-	-	-	25,677	25,677
Sewer Construction and Debt Service	-	-	95,917	-	95,917
Unassigned	652,467	-	-	-	652,467
-	\$ 671,391	\$ 849,538	\$ 1,490,500	\$ 961,841	\$ 3,973,270

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and the assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the \$5,705,156 difference between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation is capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources.

Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 284,036
Capital assets, being depreciated	17,964,744
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(12,519,440)
	\$ 5,729,340

The other element of the reconciliation is that long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.

Capital Leases	\$	24,184
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B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation of the \$282,736 difference between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	\$ 228,404
Depreciation Expense	(486,956)
	\$ (258, 552)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities. – (continued)

The final element of the reconciliation explains that the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources, but has no effect on net position.

	Revenue Note
Capital Lease Proceeds	\$ (35,805)
Principal repayment	11,621
	(24,184)

III. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements. For budgetary comparison purposes, the City considers all encumbrances to lapse at year end; therefore, encumbrances are not considered expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. However, the City will re-appropriate these lapsed encumbrances in the subsequent year budget.

IV. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows state statues regarding custodial credit risk which requires collateral for all deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance. At June 30, 2019, the bank balance was \$5,244,367. This amount was insured and collateralized.

At June 30, 2019, the primary government reporting entity had the following deposits:

Type of Denesits and Investments	Cuadit Dating		rying Value ry Government	Carrying Value Component Unit		
Type of Deposits and Investments Credit Rating		Prima	ry Government	Com	ponent Unit	
Deposits:						
Demand Deposits		\$	3,714,238	\$	254,125	
Time Deposits			1,408,533		220,000	
OMAG Escrow			37,483		-	
Money Market Mutual Funds						
Federated Government Obligation			82,514		-	
Total Deposits		\$	5,242,768	\$	474,125	
Reconciliation to Statements of Net Positi	on:					
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	5,244,367	\$	474,125	

Component Unit: At June 30, 2019, MEDA had a bank balance of \$474,125. This amount was insured and collateralized.

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

	Maturity	Cost	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Association	May, 2017	\$ 1,999,248	\$ 2,004,200
Certificate of Deposit	August, 2016	381,000	381,207
Federated Prime Cash Money Market Mutual Fund	NA	 50,942	 50,942
		\$ 2,431,190	\$ 2,436,349

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk : Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt-type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy limiting the types of investments measured by assignment of a credit rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The investment in the Federal National Mortgage Association were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors and AA+ by Standard and Poors. The money market mutual fund is unrated.

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City does not have a formal policy limiting the amount that may be invested with one issuer. The investment in Federal National Mortgage Association totals 82% of investments.

V. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Government Activities:	Duluilee	mercuses	Decreases	Tunsters	Duranee
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 284,036	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,036
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	284,036	-	-	-	284,036
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land Improvements	6,366,989	17,510	-	-	6,384,499
Buildings	3,214,612		-	-	3,214,612
Building Improvements	583,280	-	-	-	583,280
Computers	176,648	71,049	-	-	247,697
Artwork	6,200	-	-	-	6,200
Vehicles	1,587,210	55,576	68,565	(17,650)	1,556,571
Machinery and Equipment	1,389,221	84,269	-	(1,,000)	1,473,490
Infrastructure	4,498,395	-	_	_	4,498,395
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,822,555	228,404	68,565	(17,650)	17,964,744
Less Accumulated Depreciation	12,118,699	486,956	68,565	(17,650)	12,519,440
	12,110,055	100,550	00,000	(17,000)	12,319,110
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,703,856	(258,552)		<u> </u>	5,445,304
Governmental activities capital assets, net	5,987,892	(258,552)			5,729,340
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 1,390,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,390,873
Construction in progress	1,118,893	140,361	-	(1,259,254)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,509,766	140,361		(1,259,254)	1,390,873
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land Improvements	2,005,586	-	-	-	2,005,586
Buildings	3,655,336	-	-	-	3,655,336
Vehicles	650,333	-	26,975	17,650	641,008
Machinery and Equipment	1,290,839	141,616	-	1,249,418	2,681,873
Water Rights	190,157	-	-	-	190,157
Infrastructure	37,982,160		-		37,982,160
Total capital assets, being depreciated	45,774,411	141,616	26,975	1,267,068	47,156,120
Less Accumulated Depreciation	38,547,977	336,488	26,975	17,650	38,875,140
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,226,434	(194,872)	<u>-</u>	1,249,418	8,280,980
Business activities capital assets, net	9,736,200	(54,511)		(9,836)	9,671,853
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,724,092	\$ (313,063)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (9,836)	\$ 15,401,193

V. CAPITAL ASSETS – (continued)

Capital asset activity for MEDA for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Component Unit Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 99,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,939
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 99,939	 -	 -	 -	 99,939
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	 17,615	 -	 -	 -	 17,615
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 17,615	 -	 -	 -	 17,615
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 4,530	 704	 -	 	 5,234
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 13,085	 (704)	 -	 	 12,381
Component Unit capital assets, net	\$ 113,024	\$ (704)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,320

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government activities:	
General Government	\$ 44,879
Highways and Streets	204,101
Public Safety	116,338
Culture and Recreation	115,349
Cemetery	 6,289
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 486,956
Business-type activities	
Electric	\$ 125,671
Water	70,017
General Government	41,426
Pool	1,145
Sewer	 98,229
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 336,488

VI. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	T1	ansfer In	Tr	ansfer Out	Net		
Governmental Funds	\$	\$ 600,000		(37,500)	\$	562,500	
Proprietary Funds		-		(562,500)		(562,500)	
Government Wide							
	\$	600,000	\$	(600,000)	\$	-	

Transfer To	Transfer From	1	Amount
General Fund General Fund	Marlow Municipal Authority Capital Improvement	\$	562,500 37,500
		\$	600,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Leases	<u>\$</u> \$	\$ 35,805 \$ 35,805	<u>\$ 11,621</u> <u>\$ 11,621</u>	<u>\$ 24,184</u> <u>\$ 24,184</u>	<u>\$ 11,506</u> <u>\$ 11,506</u>
Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds - Private Placement Capital Leases Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,495,000	\$ - 120,610 120,610	\$ 305,000 	\$ 3,190,000 <u>120,610</u> <u>3,310,610</u>	\$ 140,000 21,991 161,991
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,495,000	\$ 156,415	\$ 316,621	\$ 3,334,794	\$ 173,497

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

The Following capital assets were purchased by capital lease that were considered in-substance cash transactions. The table discloses the amount capitalized and the related depreciation expense through June 30, 2019.

					Acc	umulated
_	Date	Capital Asset	I	Amount	Dep	reciation
	11/29/2018	2019 Tahoe	\$	35,805	\$	3,581
	5/16/2019	Bucket Truck	\$	120,610	\$	2,010

	Capital Leases							
	Governmental				Business	-Туре		
Year Ending June 30	Prinicipal		Interest		Prinicipal		Interest	
2020	\$	11,506	\$	846	\$	21,991	\$	4,834
2021		12,677		444		23,317		3,508
2022		-		-		24,147		2,678
2023		-		-		25,005		1,819
2024		-		-		26,151		930
	\$	24,183	\$	1,290	\$	120,611	\$	13,769

Private Placements – Long-term commitments payable from net revenues generated by the utility revenues pledged to the City's business-type activities at June 30, 2019 includes the following:

Revenue Notes Payable – Private Placements

2013 Utility System Revenue Note, original issue amount \$2,220,000 dated December 3, 2013, issued by Marlow Municipal Authority payable in semi-annual installments, interest rate of 3.1%, for a term of approximately fifteen years.

2017 Utility System Revenue Note, original issue amount \$1,935,000 dated October 5, 2017, issued by Marlow Municipal Authority payable in semi-annual installments, interest rate of 2.33%, for a term of approximately fifteen years.

The collateral for the notes is a pledge of revenues generated by the water, sanitary sewer and electric systems. In the event of default, the lender has all rights and remedies as allowed by law or pursuant to the provisions of the loan agreement, including but not limited to: 1) suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants of the authority contained in the indenture or in the bond; 2) acceleration of the payment of principal and interest accrued; 3) appointment of temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis and ensure the payment of the principal and interest or enjoin the action or inaction of parties under the provisions of the indenture.

	Business-Type - Private Placement					
	2013	Note	2017 N	lote		
Year Ending June 30	Prinicipal	Interest	Prinicipal	Interest		
2020	\$ 140,000	\$ 46,578	\$ 170,000	\$ 37,674		
2021	145,000	42,160	180,000	31,555		
2022	150,000	37,588	185,000	29,361		
2023	155,000	32,860	190,000	24,992		
2024	160,000	28,055	195,000	20,619		
2025-2026	785,000	62,155	735,000	34,847		
	\$ 1,535,000	\$ 249,396	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 179,048		

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Interest expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety	\$ 731
Business Type Activities: Water	\$ 92,305

Utility Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged future water, sanitary sewer and electric revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$4,155,000 in revenue noes. The notes are payable from the water, sanitary sewer and electric customer net revenues and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the note are expected to require less than 30% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$3,618,444. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$397,305 and \$991,525, respectively.

Debt Service Requirement

All net revenues (gross revenues less operating expenses) received by the Authority by reason of its ownership and/or operation of the properties are pledged for the payment of the interest and timely retirement of the debt as well as a dedicated sewer improvement sales tax.

The Authority at all times will maintain schedules of rates and charges for services rendered through the mortgage property which will provide annually net revenues available for debt service not less than one and one-quarter times the average annual principal and interest required to be paid.

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Debt Service Coverage Ratio is computed as follows:

Debt Service Coverage Ratio:	
Operating Revenues	\$ 6,138,707
Interest Revenue	51,720
Total Revenue	6,190,427
Operating Expenses	5,535,390
Less: Depreciation Expense	(336,488)
Total Expenses	5,198,902
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	991,525
Average Annual Debt Service	
BancFirst 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note	151,818
Sales Tax Revenue Note Payable, Series 2017	172,500
	324,318
Coverage Ratio	306%
Required Coverage Ratio	125%

VIII. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted cash as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Funds restricted for debt service reserves	\$ 82,515
Meter deposits	186,085
Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Escrow	 37,482
	\$ 306,082

IX. PENSION PLANS

Municipal Retirement Plan

The City of Marlow and its employees participate in the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund as a defined contribution plan. All regular full-time employees, except those covered under another retirement system are eligible. Employees are vested at 7 years.

The OMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information that can be obtained by requesting a copy at City Hall.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the OMRF board. Employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their annual covered salary after tax. The City's required contribution rate is 10%.

<u>Annual Pension Cost:</u> For 2018-2019, City of Marlow and Marlow Municipal Authority's annual pension cost of \$89,222, were equal to the required contributions

Policemen's Retirement Plan

Police department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements. A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equals 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 13% for the year ended June 30, 2019. Participating members are required to contribute 8%. The Oklahoma State Legislature has the authority to grant percentage increases or special one-time payments to persons receiving benefits from the System and is required by statute to make appropriations as necessary to insure benefit payments are made.

IX. PENSION PLANS (continued)

<u>Policemen's Retirement Plan – (continued)</u> Trend Information:

Year					
Ending	Covered	Pension		Employee	On-Behalf
June 30	Payroll	Cost	City Share	Share	Payments
2019	348,420	73,045	45,219	27,826	37,978
2018	345,626	72,581	44,931	27,650	37,673
2017	336,613	70,689	43,760	26,929	36,691

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Board, 1001 N.W. 63rd, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, OK 73116.

Firefighters' Retirement Plan

Fire department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equal to 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years. The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 14% per the year June 30, 2019. Participating members are required to contribute 9%.

The Oklahoma State Legislature has the authority to grant percentage increases or special one-time payments to persons receiving benefits from the System and is required by statute to make appropriations as necessary to insure benefit payments are made.

Trend Information:

Year					
Ending	Covered	Pension		Employee	On-Behalf
June 30	Payroll	Cost	City Share	Share	Payments
2019	184,501	42,435	25,830	16,605	57,933
2018	177,910	40,919	24,907	16,012	55,864
2017	157,442	36,212	22,042	14,170	54,160

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 165, Oklahoma City, OK 73105.

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

X. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The final acceptance of the audits of these programs including the year ended June 30, 2019, has not been given. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Donated Assets

The County has donated to the City of Marlow, a Pierce Pumper valued at \$491,000. The County acquired the equipment through a lease with Welch State Bank. The Payments are being made from the county sales tax to support county fire services. However, it is likely the currently approved sales tax will run out prior to the lease being fully paid. It is anticipated that the county citizens will be asked to renew this sales tax. If the citizens do not extend the tax, then it is anticipated that the City will have to obtain its own financing for the equipment to retain possession.

Compensated Absences

City employees are allowed to accrue a maximum of 240 hours of vacation time. Any accrued vacation remaining at the time an employee leaves employment of the city is payable to the employee. Vacation leave accrual as of June 30, 2019 is \$75,204.

Commitments

At June 30, 2019, the City had a commitment to purchase assets from Motorola of \$236,830. \$71,049 had been paid by June 30, 2019 with a balance due of \$165,781.

XI. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss (torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruptions, errors and omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and acts of God) and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Variance		
	Budgeted Amo				Actual	With Final			
		Original		Final		Amounts		Budget	
REVENUE									
Taxes	\$	884,000	\$	884,000	\$	976,885	\$	92,885	
Intergovernmental		6,750		6,750		7,977		1,227	
License		23,850		23,850		31,135		7,285	
Charges for Service		22,500		22,500		23,847		1,347	
Fines		79,700		79,700		84,587		4,887	
Miscellaneous		71,300		71,300		85,670		14,370	
Interest		1,000		1,000		10,825		9,825	
Cemetery		31,000		31,000		36,555		5,555	
Total Revenue		1,120,100		1,120,100		1,257,481		137,381	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government		293,725		261,878		232,482		29,396	
Public Safety		1,237,235		1,258,791		1,167,787		91,004	
Highways and Streets		241,400		241,400		211,649		29,751	
Culture and Recreation		165,150		171,411		151,613		19,798	
Cemetery		133,450		137,441		129,253		8,188	
Total Expenditures		2,070,960		2,070,921		1,892,784		178,137	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(950,860)		(950,821)		(635,303)		315,518	
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers In		720,000		720,000		600,000		(120,000)	
Transfers Out		-		(39)		-		39	
Total Other Financing Sources		720,000		719,961		600,000		(119,961)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(230,860)		(230,860)		(35,303)		195,557	
Fund Balance - Beginning		230,860		230,860		687,110		456,250	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$			651,807	\$	651,807	

Change in Fund Balance of Municipal Court Fund, combined with General fund for presentation, and not for budget purposes

-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance - Ending				

691 652,498

\$

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual EMS Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance With Final		
	Original			Final		Amounts	Budget		
REVENUE									
Taxes	\$	197,000	\$	197,000	\$	216,274	\$	19,274	
Grants		-		61,552		61,552		-	
Miscellaneous		-		-		500		500	
Interest		1,500		1,500		6,240		4,740	
Total Revenue	198,500			260,052		284,566		24,514	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public Safety		222,000		222,000		217,208		4,792	
Capital Outlay									
Public Safety		255,000		316,552		137,954		178,598	
Total Expenditures		477,000		538,552	_	355,162		183,390	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(278,500)		(278,500)		(70,596)		207,904	
Fund Balance - Beginning		285,000		285,000		920,134		635,134	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	849,538	\$	843,038	

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual Sewer Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance Vith Final	
	(Original		Final		Amounts	Budget		
REVENUE									
Taxes	\$	394,000	\$	394,000	\$	432,548	\$	38,548	
Investment Return		500		500		15,089		14,589	
Total Revenue		394,500		394,500		447,637		53,137	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government		809,050		809,050		17,512		791,538	
Total Expenditures		809,050		809,050		17,512		791,538	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(414,550)		(414,550)		430,125		844,675	
Fund Balances - Beginning		415,000		415,000		1,060,375		645,375	
Fund Balances - Ending		450		450		1,490,500	1,490,050		

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Cemetery Care		In	nprovement Fund	 Street & Alley	Total		
Assets								
Cash	\$	76,690	\$	725,751	\$ 159,400	\$	961,841	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	76,690	\$	725,751	\$ 159,400		961,841	
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	76,690 - -	\$	725,751	\$ 133,723	\$	210,413 751,428	
Total Fund Balances		76,690		725,751	 159,400		961,841	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	76,690	\$	725,751	\$ 159,400	\$	961,841	

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Cemetery Care		Improvement Fund	Street & Alley		 Total
REVENUE						
Taxes	\$	-	214,664	\$ 39	,731	\$ 254,395
Royalties		-	17,697		-	17,697
Miscellaneous		-	11,326		-	11,326
Investment Return		34	1,329	1,	,342	3,405
Cemetery	5,26	56	-		-	 5,266
Total Revenue	6,00	00	245,016	41,	,073	 292,089
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Highways and Streets		-	15,988		-	15,988
Cemetery	1,06	52	-		-	1,062
Capital Outlay						
Highways and Streets		-	37,135		-	37,135
Debt Service		-	12,352		-	12,352
Total Expenditures	1,00	52	65,475		-	 66,537
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,93	38	179,541	41,	,073	 225,552
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In		-	-		-	-
Transfers Out		-	(37,500)		-	(37,500)
Total Other Financing						
Sources		-	(37,500)		-	 (37,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,93	38	142,041	41,	,073	188,052
Fund Balances, Beginning	71,75	52	583,710	118	,327	 773,789
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 76,69	90	\$ 725,751	\$ 159	,400	\$ 961,841

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis General Fund June 30, 2019

	(General Fund	 CINCH	 OHFA Grant	 Special Library	 Total
Assets						
Cash and Cash Investments	\$	442,509	\$ 925	\$ 3	17,965	\$ 461,402
Restricted Cash		22,864	-	-	-	22,864
Investments		189,024	 -	 _	 	 189,024
	\$	654,397	\$ 925	\$ 3	\$ 17,965	\$ 673,290
Total Assets						
Liabilities						
Bonds Pending Court	\$	1,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,899
Total Liabilities		1,899	 	 	 	 1,899
Fund Balances						
Restricted	\$	34	\$ 925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 959
Committed		-		-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-	17,965	17,965
Unassigned		652,464	 	 3	 	 652,467
Total Fund Balances		652,498	 925	 3	 17,965	 671,391
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	654,397	\$ 925	\$ 3	\$ 17,965	\$ 673,290

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund		CINCH	OHFA Grant	Special Library		Total
REVENUE							
Taxes	\$	976,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 976,885
Grants		7,977	-	-		-	7,977
License and Permits		31,135	-	-		-	31,135
Charges for Service		23,847	-	-		-	23,847
Fines		99,288	-	-		-	99,288
Miscellaneous		85,680	493	-		2,000	88,173
Interest		10,872	-	-		199	11,071
Cemetery		36,555				-	 36,555
Total Revenue		1,272,239	493			2,199	 1,274,931
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government		232,482	-	-		-	232,482
Public Safety		1,181,854	-	-		-	1,181,854
Highways and Streets		211,649	-	-		-	211,649
Culture and Recreation		151,613	-	-		4,406	156,019
Cemetery		129,253	-	-		-	129,253
Capital Outlay							
Public Safety		35,805				-	 35,805
Total Expenditures		1,942,656	<u> </u>			4,406	 1,947,062
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(670,417)	493			(2,207)	 (672,131)
Other Financing Sources							
Capital Lease Proceeds		35,805	-	-		-	35,805
Transfers In		600,000	-	-		-	600,000
Transfers Out		-					 -
Total Other Financing							
Sources		635,805					 635,805
Net Change in Fund Balances		(34,612)	493	-		(2,207)	(36,326)
Fund Balances, Beginning		687,110	432	3		20,172	 707,717
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	652,498	<u>\$ 925</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	\$	17,965	\$ 671,391

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Schedule of Grant Activity Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Granting Agency	Purpose		Award mount	Expenditures 2018-2019		
Department of Agriculture	Fire Operations Grant	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	
Department of Libraries	Operations Grant	\$	3,977	\$	3,977	
Federal Department of Homeland Security	955-023	<u></u>	61,552	\$	61,552	
Total		\$	69,529	\$	69,529	



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Council City of Marlow, Oklahoma

We have audited audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2020. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph on the City's use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. City of Marlow, Oklahoma Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Marlow's Responses to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

<u>Purpose of This Report</u>

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

angel, Johnston + Blasingeme, P.C.

Chickasha, Oklahoma February 7, 2020

CITY OF MARLOW, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters:

No findings were noted for the 2018-19 fiscal year.

CITY OF MARLOW, OKLAHOMA DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters:

No findings were noted for the 2017-18 fiscal year.