## **Metropolitan Library System**

## Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and 2011 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Commissioners Metropolitan Library System Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Library System (the "Library") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Library as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As more fully described in Note 1, the 2011 financial statements have been restated to reflect the assets of the Defined Contribution Fund and the related changes in net assets of the Defined Contribution Fund.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2012, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

(Continued)

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages I–1 through I–7 and the schedule of funding progress for defined benefit pension plan and the budgetary comparison information on pages 48 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Shawnee, Oklahoma October 12, 2012

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Metropolitan Library System (the "Library") provides an overall review of the Library's financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. Readers should read this information in conjunction with the Library's financial statements.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the Library's General Fund reported an ending balance of \$32,837,004, versus \$33,682,423 for the year ended June 30, 2011. The comparison reflects a decrease of \$845,419, or 2.5%, of the June 30, 2011, General Fund ending fund balance. Of the June 30, 2012, year-end totals, \$13,423,430 was unassigned, indicating that none had been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Of the 2011 fiscal year-end totals, \$14,219,206 was unassigned, indicating that none had been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2012, \$19,333,641 of the balance was assigned, with \$10,773,641 assigned to Library capital improvement projects and \$8,560,000 assigned to cash flow requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2011, \$19,171,370 of the balance was assigned, with \$11,771,370 assigned to Library capital improvement projects and \$7,400,000 assigned to cash flow requirements. Nonspendable totals for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, were \$79,933 and \$291,847, respectively.

Over the years, the Library administration, with the Commission's approval, has prudently used or committed the money from the assigned fund balances to alleviate summer cash flow problems and provide funds for capital improvement projects. The Library does not have legal authority to raise tax dollars for capital improvement projects through bond issues as most other local government entities do. Therefore, the money in the assigned fund balances provides opportunities for the Library to improve and maintain its facilities.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Library:

The first statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide information about the Library's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the Library, reporting the Library's operations in more detail than the Library-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Library's budget for the year.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

The Library has three kinds of funds—governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds encompass two funds: the General Fund and the Gifts and Grants Fund.

*General Fund*: Represents unrestricted resources that are available for ongoing general library operations. This is the Library's primary operating fund. It includes income from special services, such as copy services, lost book fees, overdue book fines, and other miscellaneous services.

Gifts and Grants Fund: Includes all gifts and grants. Gifts and grants include funds provided by intergovernmental grants and other third parties' gifts and grants. All of these funds are generally restricted as to use. Therefore, each fund accounts for its receipts and disbursements of the restricted functions.

The proprietary fund is the Library's insurance fund, an internal service fund. The insurance fund is used to maintain the Library's health and dental self-insurance plan.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements but are excluded from government-wide reporting. They include the Pension Fund, the Flex Benefit Fund, and the Defined Contribution Fund. Fiduciary fund financial statements report assets that cannot be used to fund the Library's general operations.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the Library's financial statements.

## **Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information, such as a comparative statement between budgeted and actual resources and appropriations, and the schedule of funding progress for defined benefit pension plan.

## THE LIBRARY SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

		2012	2011
Statements of Net Assets			
Assets:			
Current	\$	36,106,444	37,287,957
Capital assets		15,364,470	14,425,010
Total assets		51,470,914	51,712,967
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,019,329	678,995
Compensated absences payable		294,266	274,149
Total liabilities	_	1,313,595	953,144
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets		15,364,470	14,425,010
Restricted		98,484	214,506
Unrestricted		34,694,365	36,120,307
Total net assets	\$	50,157,319	50,759,823
Changes in Net Assets			
Beginning net assets	\$	50,759,823	49,171,814
Revenues:			
Property taxes		29,695,771	28,216,587
State aid		286,073	354,928
Charges for services		1,803,804	1,779,508
Operating grants and contributions		233,771	323,069
Loss from disposals		(1,026,069)	(855,954)
Investment earnings		423,159	494,174
Total revenues		31,416,509	30,312,312
Expenses:			
Public library services		17,388,064	14,749,882
Administrative services		11,396,894	10,788,852
Depreciation—unallocated		3,234,055	3,185,569
Total expenses		32,019,013	28,724,303
Ending net assets	\$	50,157,319	50,759,823

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As financial information is accumulated on a continuous and consistent basis, financial statements and expenditure reports for governmental funds are presented to the Library Commission each month for its acknowledgement.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, governmental fund balances changed as follows:

			Total
	General	Gifts and Grants	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues	\$ 32,039,522	233,771	32,273,293
Expenditures	(32,884,941)	(349,793)	(33,234,734)
Net decrease	\$ (845,419)	(116,022)	(961,441)

For the year ended June 30, 2011, governmental fund balances changed as follows:

				Total
		General	Gifts and Grants	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues	\$	31,548,787	323,069	31,871,856
Expenditures	_	(28,816,538)	(246,929)	(29,063,467)
Net increase	\$	2,732,249	76,140	2,808,389

#### **General Fund:**

The Library is primarily funded by a 5.2 mill ad valorem (property) tax. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the County's assessed property value had an increase of 1.9% versus 2.6% for the year ended June 20, 2011. Actual tax collections increased 3.3% for the year ended June 30, 2012, over the year ended June 30, 2011, as compared to a 4.3% increase in the year ended June 30, 2011, over the previous year. Interest income for the Library decreased to \$423,159 in the year ended June 30, 2012, from \$494,174 in the year ended June 30, 2011. The decrease was due to lower interest rates.

Major expenditure categories were all higher in 2012 than 2011, showing an overall increase of \$4,068,403, or 14.1%. Within categories, personal services increased 9.1%, above the previous year's increase of 8.2%. Maintenance and operations expenses increased, totaling a 10.9% change. Capital outlays increased 31.4%. All of these expenses increased because of a significant increase in services, including the opening of the new Northwest Library, as large as any in the System, and an increase operating hours at numerous locations, including Sunday openings at all 13 major libraries, versus just 5 that were open on Sunday previously.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS, CONTINUED

#### **Gifts and Grants Fund:**

During the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$233,771 and \$323,069, respectively, of gifts and grants funds were received. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the largest contributor to the Library was the Friends of the Metropolitan Library System (the "Friends"), which gave 16 grants for various Library activities with a total amount of \$152,742. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the largest contributors were the Friends, which gave 18 grants totaling \$166,090, and the Library Endowment Trust, which gave 12 grants totaling \$122,274. Other major grantors for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, included the Midwest City Memorial Hospital (\$25,000), Sonic (\$25,000), the Oklahoma Arts Council, and the Oklahoma Department of Libraries.

## **Proprietary Fund:**

Insurance Fund	2012	2011
Revenues Expenses	\$ 2,697,351 (2,467,216)	2,043,247 (1,874,831)
Net increase	\$ 230,135	168,416

The total insurance premium contributed by both the employer and the employees to this fund was \$2,282,459 in the year ended June 30, 2012, versus \$1,893,888 in the year ended June 30, 2011. Claims paid for 2012 were \$2,467,216 and for 2011 were \$1,874,831.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$59,253,623, an increase of \$1,527,425, or 2.6%, over the June 30, 2011, budget of \$57,726,198. The biggest contributors to the increase in the year ended June 30, 2012, budget over the previous year were an ad valorem tax increase of 2.6% and a carryover from the previous year's budget.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, CONTINUED

Actual results compared to budgeted results were as follows:

	2012			
Revenues	Budgeted	Actual on a Budgeted Basis		
Revenues/inflows	\$ 28,028,	102 31,957,876		
Expenditures/outflows	\$ 39,919,	982 33,067,552		
		2011		
		2011 Actual on a		
<u>Revenues</u>	Budgeted	Actual on a		
Revenues  Revenues/inflows	<u>Budgeted</u> \$ 27,384,	Actual on a Budgeted Basis		

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The Library's investment in depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2012, was \$15,048,899, and at June 30, 2011, was \$14,109,439. Of the total depreciable capital assets at June 30, 2012, 52% consisted of furniture, equipment, vehicles, and buildings, while the remaining 48% consisted of books and materials. The previous year, those percentages were 48% and 52%, respectively. Nondepreciable assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011, represented land owned by the Library in the amount of \$315,571.

The Library has no long-term debt.

## ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Library's primary revenue is ad valorem (property) tax. Barring a voter-approved change in the mill levy, the annual growth in the Oklahoma County's property values is the most important factor in the Library's revenue outlook. Currently, the Library collects 5.2 mills of the assessed property values. With voters' approval, the number of mills could increase to 6.21 mills.

In 1996, state voters approved State Question 676. This state question, with certain exceptions, put a 5% limitation on the growth of real estate value each year. That has impacted the annual growth of the Library's tax revenue. In November of 2012, another state question will be voted, this time asking whether to lower the 5% limitation to 3%, which could further have a detrimental impact on the Library's funding.

#### ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET, CONTINUED

In general, the Library expects a small growth in the tax revenue for the next year. The County Assessor has certified a 1.91% growth in property values for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, as opposed to 2.60% in the year ended June 30, 2012. Investment income is expected to remain flat. Real estate prices have cooled, but new construction and population growth continue, so, while tax revenues may not rise significantly, the Library does expect continued, small growth in revenue for the foreseeable future.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the Board of Commissioners has approved a General Fund budget of \$58,706,351, versus \$59,253,623 for the year ended June 30, 2012. Of the total budget amount for the year ended June 30, 2013, \$36,748,768 is for operating costs, \$5,828,633 is for capital projects, and \$16,128,950 is for other assigned funds. Of the total budget for the year ended June 30, 2012, \$36,694,019 was for operating costs, \$3,225,963 was for capital projects, and \$19,333,641 was for other assigned funds.

## CONTACTING THE LIBRARY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Metropolitan Library System, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Library's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Library's Business Office at 300 Park Avenue, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

## STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

June 30,		2012	2011
		Governmental Activities	
Assets		Ooveriiiieiita	<u> 1 1400 v1005</u>
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	15,166,562	14,508,587
Investments		19,155,252	20,089,182
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$128,856 and \$199,709			
as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively		1,516,301	2,072,140
Accounts receivable		120,921	170,645
Accrued interest receivable		67,475	155,556
Prepaid expenses		79,933	291,847
Total current assets		36,106,444	37,287,957
Noncurrent assets:			
Nondepreciable capital assets		315,571	315,571
Depreciable capital assets, net		15,048,899	14,109,439
Total noncurrent assets	_	15,364,470	14,425,010
Total assets		51,470,914	51,712,967
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,019,329	678,995
Compensated absences payable		294,266	274,149
Total current liabilities		1,313,595	953,144
Total liabilities		1,313,595	953,144
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets		15,364,470	14,425,010
Restricted		98,484	214,506
Unrestricted		34,694,365	36,120,307
Total net assets	\$	50,157,319	50,759,823

## STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2012

			REVENUES		
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenues/ Changes in Net Assets
Government activities:					
Public library services	\$ (17,388,064)	704,587	233,771	_	(16,449,706)
Administrative services	(11,396,894)	1,099,217	-	-	(10,297,677)
Depreciation—unallocated	(3,234,055)	-	-	-	(3,234,055)
	\$ (32,019,013)	1,803,804	233,771		(29,981,438)
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					29,695,771
State aid					286,073
Loss from disposals					(1,026,069)
Investment earnings					423,159
Total general revenues					29,378,934
Changes in net assets					(602,504)
Net assets, beginning of year					50,759,823
Net assets, end of year					\$ 50,157,319

## STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2011

			REVENUES		
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenues/ Changes in Net Assets
Government activities:					
Public library services	\$ (14,749,882)	588,817	323,069	-	(13,837,996)
Administrative services	(10,788,852)	1,190,691	-	-	(9,598,161)
Depreciation—unallocated	(3,185,569)	-	-	-	(3,185,569)
	\$ (28,724,303)	1,779,508	323,069		(26,621,726)
General revenues: Property taxes, levied for					
general purposes					28,216,587
State aid					354,928
Loss from disposals					(855,954)
Investment earnings					494,174
Total general revenues					28,209,735
Changes in net assets					1,588,009
Net assets, beginning of year					49,171,814
Net assets, end of year					\$ 50,759,823

## BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2012

	General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and Grants Fund	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets			
Cash Investments Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 13,836,612 19,155,252 1,516,301 67,475 79,933	98,484 - - - -	13,935,096 19,155,252 1,516,301 67,475 79,933
Total assets	\$ 34,655,573	98,484	34,754,057
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 644,755	-	644,755
Accrued salaries	271,697	-	271,697
Deferred revenue	 902,117		902,117
Total liabilities	 1,818,569		1,818,569
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	79,933	-	79,933
Restricted	-	98,484	98,484
Assigned	19,333,641	-	19,333,641
Unassigned	 13,423,430		13,423,430
Total fund balances	 32,837,004	98,484	32,935,488
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 34,655,573	98,484	34,754,057

## BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, CONTINUED

June 30, 2011

		General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and Grants Fund	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$	13,218,030	214,506	13,432,536
Accounts receivable		153,056	-	153,056
Investments		20,089,182	-	20,089,182
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance		2,072,140	-	2,072,140
Accrued interest receivable		155,556	-	155,556
Prepaid expenses		291,847		291,847
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	35,979,811	214,506	36,194,317
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	440,838	-	440,838
Accrued salaries		163,892	-	163,892
Deferred revenue		1,692,658		1,692,658
Total liabilities		2,297,388		2,297,388
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		291,847	-	291,847
Restricted		-	214,506	214,506
Assigned		19,171,370	-	19,171,370
Unassigned		14,219,206	<u> </u>	14,219,206
Total fund balances		33,682,423	214,506	33,896,929
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	35,979,811	214,506	36,194,317

## RECONCILIATIONS OF THE BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

June 30,	2012	2011
Reconciliation of Fund Balances to Net Assets		
Total fund balances—governmental funds	\$ 32,935,488	33,896,929
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statements of net assets are different because:		
Certain assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the funds:		
Capital assets	32,011,131	30,483,536
Accumulated depreciation	(16,646,661)	(16,058,526)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year		
but are not available soon enough to pay for the current		
period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	902,117	1,692,658
Internal Service Fund separately reported as proprietary fund.	1,249,510	1,019,375
Compensated absences in governmental activities are not		
financial expenditures and therefore are not reported as a		
liability in governmental funds.	 (294,266)	(274,149)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 50,157,319	50,759,823

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues:		General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and Grants Fund	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Property taxes	\$	30,486,312	_	30,486,312
Collections on book fines and copy services	Ψ	704,587	_	704,587
Gifts and grants		-	233,771	233,771
State revenue		286,073	-	286,073
Interest		423,159	_	423,159
Other		139,391	-	139,391
Total revenues		32,039,522	233,771	32,273,293
Expenditures:				
Personal services		19,976,857	97,293	20,074,150
Maintenance and operations:				
Contractual services		3,636,300	171,407	3,807,707
Commodities		1,301,127	612	1,301,739
Capital outlays		7,970,657	80,481	8,051,138
Total expenditures		32,884,941	349,793	33,234,734
Net changes in fund balances		(845,419)	(116,022)	(961,441)
Fund balances, beginning of year		33,682,423	214,506	33,896,929
Fund balances, end of year	\$	32,837,004	98,484	32,935,488

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues:		General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and Grants Fund	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Property taxes	\$	29,399,717	_	29,399,717
Collections on book fines and copy services	Ψ	588,817	_	588,817
Gifts and grants		500,017	323,069	323,069
State revenue		354,928	323,009	354,928
Interest		494,174	_	494,174
Other		711,151	-	711,151
Total revenues		31,548,787	323,069	31,871,856
Expenditures:				
Personal services		18,296,677	23,927	18,320,604
Maintenance and operations:				
Contractual services		3,285,300	199,644	3,484,944
Commodities		1,168,187	7,179	1,175,366
Capital outlays		6,066,374	16,179	6,082,553
Total expenditures		28,816,538	246,929	29,063,467
Net changes in fund balances		2,732,249	76,140	2,808,389
Fund balances, beginning of year		30,950,174	138,366	31,088,540
Fund balances, end of year	\$	33,682,423	214,506	33,896,929

# RECONCILIATIONS OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

Years Ended June 30,		2012	2011
Net changes in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$	(961,441)	2,808,389
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while government-wide activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets:			
Depreciation expense		(3,234,055)	(3,185,569)
Capital additions		5,199,584	3,915,076
	_	1,965,529	729,507
Disposals of capital assets are not considered to be expenditures in the governmental funds. Receipts of funds from the sale of capital assets are considered revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as overall loss in the statements of activities.		(1,026,069)	(855,954)
Compensated absences are not considered to be expenditures in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as expenses in the statements of activities.		(20,117)	(40,062)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the Library's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are instead counted as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statements of activities.		(497,415)	(167,504)
Uncollectible property taxes receivable that have been written-off are not considered to be revenues in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as a reduction of recognized revenue in the statements of activities.		(293,126)	(1,015,626)
Due to the timing difference, insurance expense was recognized in the statements of activities in the prior year and was reduced from current year expenditures.		-	(39,157)
The statements of activities include net activity of the Internal Service Fund, which is shown as a proprietary fund in the fund financial statements.		230,135	168,416
Changes in net assets of governmental activities See Independent Auditors Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.	<u>\$</u>	(602,504)	1,588,009

## BALANCE SHEETS—PROPRIETARY FUND

<i>June 30</i> ,	2012	2011
	Governmental Activities  Internal Service Fund	
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Stop-loss reimbursement receivable Total assets	\$ 1,231,466 120,921 1,352,387	17,589
Liabilities		
Claims payable	102,877	74,265
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$ 1,249,510	1,019,375

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS—PROPRIETARY FUND

Years Ended June 30,	2012	2011
	Governme	ntal Activities—
	Internal	Service Fund
Operating revenues:		
Insurance premiums	\$ 2,282,45	9 1,893,888
Stop-loss reimbursement	410,13	0 122,540
Refunds and miscellaneous	2,77	8 23,745
Total operating revenues	2,695,36	7 2,040,173
Operating expenses:		
Claims	2,467,21	6 1,874,831
Net operating income	228,15	1 165,342
Non-operating revenues:		
Interest income	1,98	4 3,074
Changes in net assets	230,13	5 168,416
Net assets, beginning of year	1,019,37	5 850,959
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,249,51	0 1,019,375

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS—PROPRIETARY FUND

## Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Years Ended June 30,		2012	2011
		Governmental A	Activities—
		Internal Serv	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from other fund for services	\$	2,282,459	1,954,227
Receipts from reinsurance		306,798	122,540
Payments of claims		(2,438,604)	(1,897,432)
Other receipts		2,778	23,745
Net cash provided by operating activities		153,431	203,080
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments		1,984	3,074
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,984	3,074
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		155,415	206,154
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,076,051	869,897
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,231,466	1,076,051
Reconciliation of net operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:	4		
Net operating income	\$	228,151	165,342
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:		(102 222)	60.220
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(103,332) 28,612	60,339 (22,601)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		20,012	(22,001)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	153,431	203,080

## STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS—FIDUCIARY FUNDS

7	20	20	1つ
June	7 311	/()	1/
Julic		201	_

011110 00, 2012				
Assets	Pension <u>Fund</u>	Flex Benefit Fund	Defined Contribution <u>Fund</u>	Total Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Current assets: Cash	\$ 904,783	41,715	-	946,498
Receivables (unsettled trades and accrued income) Investments Total current assets	70,911 20,490,521 21,466,215	41,715	9,596,260 9,596,260	70,911 30,086,781 31,104,190
Liabilities  Current liabilities:		17.715		16.715
Employee benefits payable Prepayment from the Library Total current liabilities	<u>-</u>	16,715 25,000 41,715	- - -	16,715 25,000 41,715
Net Assets				
Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	\$ 21,466,215		9,596,260	31,062,475

## STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS—FIDUCIARY FUNDS, CONTINUED

June	20	201	1
June	DU.	Z01	1

0 title 50, 2011				
	Pension <u>Fund</u>	Flex Benefit Fund	Defined Contribution Fund	Total Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 725,887	37,587	_	763,474
Receivables (unsettled trades and				
accrued income)	75,765	-	_	75,765
Investments	21,005,759		8,859,109	29,864,868
Total current assets	21,807,411	37,587	8,859,109	30,704,107
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Employee benefits payable	-	12,587	-	12,587
Prepayment from the Library	<u> </u>	25,000	<u>-</u> _	25,000
Total current liabilities		37,587		37,587
Net Assets				
Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes, as restated	\$ 21,807,411		8,859,109	30,666,520

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS—FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Pension <u>Fund</u>	Flex Benefit Fund	Defined Contribution <u>Fund</u>	Total Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 1,114,433	-	796,612	1,911,045
Employee	120,065	548,412	577,603	1,246,080
Interest and dividend income	641,011	17	38,865	679,893
Net realized gain on				
sale of investments	454,426	-	-	454,426
Net unrealized (loss) gain				
on investments	 (1,355,680)		31,488	(1,324,192)
Total additions	 974,255	548,429	1,444,568	2,967,252
Deductions:				
Benefits paid	1,145,558	545,508	684,304	2,375,370
Trustee and management fees	168,511	2,879	23,113	194,503
Miscellaneous	1,382	42	-	1,424
Total deductions	1,315,451	548,429	707,417	2,571,297
Changes in net assets	(341,196)	-	737,151	395,955
Net assets, beginning of year	 21,807,411		8,859,109	30,666,520
Net assets, end of year	\$ 21,466,215		9,596,260	31,062,475

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS—FIDUCIARY FUNDS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2011						
		Pension <u>Fund</u>	Flex Benefit <u>Fund</u>	Defined Contribution Fund	Total Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>	
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	996,982	-	697,240	1,694,222	
Employee		127,340	488,787	406,237	1,022,364	
Interest and dividend income		603,960	30	37,451	641,441	
Net realized gain on						
sale of investments		708,700	-	-	708,700	
Net unrealized gain						
on investments		2,676,969	-	1,509,342	4,186,311	
Miscellaneous		4,990			4,990	
Total additions		5,118,941	488,817	2,650,270	8,258,028	
Deductions:						
Benefits paid		1,093,830	488,817	249,264	1,831,911	
Trustee and management fees		167,743	, -	19,890	187,633	
Interest expense and foreign tax		3,115	-	-	3,115	
Total deductions		1,264,688	488,817	269,154	2,022,659	
Changes in net assets		3,854,253	-	2,381,116	6,235,369	
Net assets, beginning of year, as restated		17,953,158		6,477,993	24,431,151	
Net assets, end of year	\$	21,807,411		8,859,109	30,666,520	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012 and 2011

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Metropolitan Library System's (the "Library") financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

## **Reporting Entity**

The Library is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Under the Oklahoma Metropolitan Library Act (the "Act"), the Library is governed by the Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County (the "Commission). Effective July 31, 2007, Section 554 of the Act was amended, increasing the number of Commission voting members from 19 to 27. Commission members include: 13 voting members who are appointees of the City of Oklahoma City; 1 voting member who is an appointee of the Oklahoma County Commissioners; 1 voting member each from the cities of Bethany, Choctaw, Del City, Edmond, Harrah, Jones, Luther, Midwest City, Nicoma Park, the Village, and Warr Acres; and 2 ex-officio members—the Mayor of Oklahoma City and the Chairman of the Oklahoma County Commissioners, for a total of 27 voting members. The Commission also includes one nonvoting member, the Librarian, who conducts Library operations.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Library does not have any activities classified as business-type activities. Internal Service Fund activity is eliminated in the fund financial statements to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide and fund financial statements, but are reported separately in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

## **Basis of Presentation, Continued**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide statements of net assets, the Library's governmental activities are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Library's net assets are reported in three parts—invested in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The government-wide statements of activities report both the gross and net cost of each of the Library's programs and functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues. The statements of activities reduce gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Charges for services include charges and fees to customers for fines and charges for services provided. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

The net costs are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state aid, other taxes, etc.).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the changes in the Library's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Nonmajor funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

#### **Basis of Presentation, Continued**

#### Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans. Employer and participant contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due and the Library has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the plan.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

## General Fund:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Special Revenue Fund:**

Gifts and Grants Fund—The Library accounts for resources received from various gifts and grants. These resources are restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor.

Additionally, the Library reports the following fund types:

## **Proprietary Fund:**

*Internal Service Fund*—Revenues and expenses related to services provided to the Library for employee insurance are accounted for in the internal service fund, the insurance fund.

### **Fiduciary Funds:**

*Employee Benefit Trust Funds*—The Pension Fund, the Flex Benefit Fund, and the Defined Contribution Fund are used to report assets held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the plans, and the assets cannot be used to support the Library's operating programs.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## Accrual

The government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Modified Accrual

The fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$500 or more and all books and materials are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	30 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Computer equipment	4 years
Vehicles	5 years
Books and materials	5 years

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Library accrues accumulated unpaid annual leave when it has been earned by the employee. Generally, up to 75% of annual leave must be taken during the calendar year earned and compensated absences are reported as current liabilities. Eligible employees who end their employment with the Library are reimbursed for each day of accumulated annual leave.

#### **Annual Budget**

The Library is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Oklahoma County Excise Board formally approves an annual budget for the General Fund.

#### **Cash**

The Library considers all cash on-hand, demand deposits, money market checking, and certificates of deposit held at an individual bank which are subject to early withdrawal penalties, no matter what the maturity period, to be cash.

## **Investments**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments held at June 30, 2012 and 2011, with original maturities greater than 1 year are stated at fair value.

## **Property Tax Revenues**

The Library is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within Oklahoma County. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the Oklahoma County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within 15 days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half are due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 1. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has 2 years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of 2 years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. The Oklahoma County Assessor's Office bills and collects the property taxes and remits to the Library its share.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

## **Property Taxes Receivable**

Property taxes receivable by the Library include uncollected taxes assessed as of October 1, 2011 and 2010, and earlier. The Library considers prior years' experience in estimating uncollectible property taxes. An allowance of \$128,856 and \$199,709 was recorded as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. No provision has been made in the other funds for uncollectible amounts. All property taxes earned at year-end but not yet received are included in receivables reported on the government-wide statements. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Library wrote-off \$363,979 and \$1,015,626, respectively, of property taxes receivable as an uncollectible amount which related to the property taxes receivable of 2005 and earlier years. The write-off of \$363,979 in 2012 resulted in an increase to the allowance account of \$293,126 as all 2005 and prior years receivables were written off. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Any remaining property taxes due are deferred until they become available.

#### **State Revenues**

The Library receives revenue from the State and the Oklahoma Department of Libraries to administer certain categorical library programs.

## **Interfund Transfers**

During the course of normal operations, the Library has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and purchase assets. Transactions that are normal and recurring between funds are recorded as operating transfers.

Interfund transfers were used to transfer grant receipts from the Gifts and Grants Fund to the General Fund. For the purpose of the statements of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

## **Contributed Facilities and Services**

The Library operates several branches located in government-owned buildings and receives certain services without charge. The estimated fair rental value of the premises and services is not reported in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

#### **Grants**

The Library records income from grants in the period received or to the extent of expenses paid prior to reimbursement by a grant.

## **Income Taxes**

The Library was established under the provisions of the Oklahoma Constitution and as such is exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code as a unit of government.

## **Prepaid Expenses**

The Library uses the consumption method to record prepaid expenses. Prepaid expenses are payments in advance of the receipt of goods or services in exchange transactions and are usually made for insurance and rent. Prepaid expenses are reported as financial resources at the time of prepayment, and expenditures for prepaid services are recognized when the related services are received. Included in prepaid expenses is \$25,000 paid by the Library to the Flex Benefit Fund, which the Flex Benefit Fund reflects a liability.

#### **Restricted Resources**

The Library records gifts and grants as restricted when the donor specifies a restriction on the timing or use of the gift or grant. Expenses are allocated first to the restricted resource. If additional expense is incurred, the expense is allocated to unrestricted funds when the restriction has been depleted.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

#### **Equity Classification**

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- (a) Invested in capital assets—consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted—consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (i) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (ii) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted—all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

It is the Library's policy to first use restricted net assets prior to the use of unrestricted net assets when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The classifications are defined as:

- (a) Nonspendable fund balance—includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (i) not in spendable form or (ii) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This would include items not expected to be converted to cash, including prepaid expenses.
  - It is the responsibility of the Library's Finance Director to identify and report all nonspendable funds appropriately in the Library's financial statements.
- (b) Restricted fund balance—consists of amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either (i) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (ii) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

It is the responsibility of the Library's Finance Director to identify and report all restricted funds appropriately in the Library's financial statements. The Library has identified the Gifts and Grants Fund as a restricted fund balance.

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

# **Equity Classification, Continued**

Fund Statements, Continued

- (c) Committed fund balance—reflects specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Also, such constraints can only be removed or changed by the same form of formal action.
  - For purposes of the committed fund balance, the Commission is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Funds set aside by the Commission as committed fund balances require the passage of a resolution by a majority vote of the members of the Commission. The passage of such a resolution must take place prior to the Library's fiscal year-end in order for it to be applicable to the Library's fiscal year-end, although it is permitted for the specific amount of the commitment to be determined after the fiscal year-end if additional information is required in order to determine the exact amount to be committed. The Commission has the authority to remove or change the commitment of funds with a majority vote.
- (d) Assigned fund balance—reflects amounts that are constrained by the Library's intent to be used for specific purposes, but meet neither the restricted nor committed forms of constraint. Assigned funds cannot cause a deficit in the unassigned fund balance.
  - For purposes of the assigned fund balance, the Commission is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Any funds that the Finance Director assigns for specific purposes must be reported to the Commission at its next regular meeting. The assignment of funds shall be recorded in the Commission's official meeting minutes.
- (e) Unassigned fund balance—is the residual classification for the General Fund only. Unassigned fund balance essentially consists of excess funds that have not been classified in the above four fund balance categories.

It is the Library's policy to first use the restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The Library's policy for the use of the unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

# **Equity Classification, Continued**

Fund Statements, Continued

Effective July 1, 2010, the Library implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the governmental funds balance sheets in accordance with GASB 54 as of June 30:

	2012				
			Total		
	General	Gifts and	Governmental		
	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Grants Fund</b>	<u>Funds</u>		
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid expenses	\$ 79,933		79,933		
Restricted:					
Grants or gifts received for special programs		98,484	98,484		
Assigned:					
Cash flow	6,000,000	-	6,000,000		
Northwest Library opening	1,500,000	-	1,500,000		
Reserve for additional location	1,000,000	-	1,000,000		
Reserve for extra payday	60,000	-	60,000		
Capital improvement:					
Belle Isle Library	950,000	-	950,000		
Bethany Library	442,957	-	442,957		
Capital Hill Library	1,500,000	-	1,500,000		
Del City Library	688,000	-	688,000		
Jones Library	378,000	-	378,000		
New Edmond Library	4,000,000	-	4,000,000		
Village Library	491,481	-	491,481		
Warr Acres Library	426,522	-	426,522		
Future capital improvements	1,896,681		1,896,681		
Total assigned	19,333,641		19,333,641		
Unassigned	13,423,430		13,423,430		
Total fund balances	\$ 32,837,004	98,484	32,935,488		

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

# **Equity Classification, Continued**

Fund Statements, Continued

	2011				
	General Gifts and Fund Grants Fund		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid expenses	\$ 291,847	<del>_</del>	291,847		
Restricted:					
Grants or gifts received for special programs		214,506	214,506		
Assigned:					
Cash flow	5,900,000	-	5,900,000		
Northwest Library opening	1,500,000	-	1,500,000		
Capital improvement:					
Belle Isle Library	950,000	-	950,000		
Bethany Library	442,957	-	442,957		
Capital Hill Library	930,503	-	930,503		
Del City Library	688,000	-	688,000		
Jones Library	438,000	-	438,000		
New Edmond Library	4,000,000	-	4,000,000		
Village Library	491,481	-	491,481		
Warr Acres Library	426,522	-	426,522		
Future capital improvements	3,403,907		3,403,907		
Total assigned	19,171,370		19,171,370		
Unassigned	14,219,206		14,219,206		
Total fund balances	\$ 33,682,423	214,506	33,896,929		

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

# **Restatements of Prior Year Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Effective August 29, 2005, the Library established the Metropolitan Library System Defined Contribution Plan (the "Contribution Plan"). In its prior financial statements, the Library did not report the Contribution Plan in its fiduciary fund, as management treated the Contribution Plan as an individual fund managed by a third party rather than as a fiduciary fund. In 2012, the Library determined that the Library was acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Contribution Plan. Therefore, the Library has restated its fiduciary fund to include the Contribution Plan in the fiduciary fund. Because the fiduciary fund cannot be used to support the Library's operating programs, restatement of the fiduciary fund had no effect on the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds, or the proprietary fund.

The effects of these restatements on the June 30, 2011, financial statements were as follows:

	Pension	Flex Benefit	Defined Contribution	Total Fiduciary
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Current assets,				
as previously reported	\$ 21,807,411	37,587	-	21,844,998
Effects of reporting the Contribution Plan			8,859,109	8,859,109
As restated	\$ 21,807,411	37,587	8,859,109	30,704,107
Net assets, beginning of year,				
as previously reported Effects of reporting the	\$ 17,953,158	-	-	17,953,158
Contribution Plan			6,477,993	6,477,993
As restated	\$ 17,953,158		6,477,993	24,431,151
Net assets, end of year,				
as previously reported	\$ 21,807,411	-	-	21,807,411
Effects of reporting the Contribution Plan			8,859,109	8,859,109
As restated	\$ 21,807,411	_	8,859,109	30,666,520

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is used, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable funds. This is an extension of the formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances do not represent any further constraint on the use of amounts than is already communicated by governmental fund balance classification as restricted, committed, or assigned. As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, approximately \$1,757,000 and \$1,453,000, respectively, of encumbrances were outstanding.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements (GASB 62). The objective of GASB 62 is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements:

- 1. Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations
- 2. Accounting Principles Board Opinions
- 3. Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedures

The requirements in GASB 62 will improve financial reporting by contributing GASB's efforts to codify all sources of generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments so that they derive from a single source. GASB 62 is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, with earlier application encouraged. The provisions of GASB 62 are required to be applied retroactively for all periods presented.

In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (GASB 63). The objective of GASB 63 is to provide guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The pronouncement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. It alleviates uncertainty about reporting those financial statement elements by providing guidance where none previously existed. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Earlier application is encouraged.

# (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued**

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* (GASB 65). The objective of GASB 65 is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify certain items that were previously reported as assets or liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources; and recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources or inflows of resources. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* (GASB 67). GASB 67 addresses reporting by pension plans that administer benefits for governments and outlines basic framework for the separately issued financial reports of defined benefit pension plans, and details note disclosure requirements for defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. This statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2013.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68). The primary objective of GASB 68 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. GASB 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. This statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.

# **Date of Management's Review of Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 12, 2012, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The Library's investment policies are governed by State statutes. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies; negotiable certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations and trust companies. Non-negotiable certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit on all amounts not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

### Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the carrying amount of the Library's cash and cash equivalents was \$15,166,562 and \$14,508,587, respectively, and the bank balances were \$15,616,930 and \$15,528,450, respectively. The difference in balances was primarily due to outstanding checks.

The fair value of investments pledged to secure deposits was approximately \$18,978,000 and \$9,305,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The deposits were fully insured as of June 30, 2012. However, there was approximately \$4,149,000 of bank balances which were uninsured and uncollateralized as of June 30, 2011.

### Custodial Credit Risk—Investments

Investments are made under the custody of the Library Treasurer in accordance with investment policies complying with State statutes and Library policy.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. While the investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk, all investments are insured and collateralized.

# **Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest changes. Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The following tables provide information concerning credit risk.

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk, Continued**

As of June 30, the Library had the following investments and maturities:

		2012				
	Moody's		Investment Maturities			
	Credit			(In Years)		
				1 or More,		
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	Less than 5	5 or More	<u>%</u>
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal National	Aaa	\$ 7,023,724	1,020,804	6,002,920	-	37%
Mortgage Association	Aaa	4,102,830	-	4,102,830	-	21%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	8,028,698		6,018,190	2,010,508	<u>42</u> %
		\$19,155,252	1,020,804	16,123,940	2,010,508	<u>100</u> %
				2011		
	Moody's		Inv	estment Matur	rities	
	Credit			(In Years)		
				1 or More,		
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	Less than 5	5 or More	<u>%</u>
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal National	Aaa	\$ 7,075,397	-	7,075,397	-	35%
Mortgage Association	Aaa	10,997,033	-	10,997,033	-	55%
Federal Home Loan  Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	2,016,752		2,016,752		<u>10</u> %
		\$20,089,182		20,089,182		<u>100</u> %

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

### **Pension Fund**

The cash and investments of the Pension Fund are invested in various assets with the Bank of Oklahoma and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the pension plan (see Note 6). The composition of the pension fund at fair value as of June 30 is shown in the following table:

	Exposure as		Exposure as
	U		a Percentage
	of Total		of Total
2012	<u>Investment</u>	2011	<u>Investment</u>
\$ 904,783	4%	725,887	3%
-	0%	199,930	1%
2,920,823	14%	3,886,637	17%
2,920,823		4,086,567	
10,343,926	48%	10,685,492	49%
2,853,963	13%	3,215,080	15%
4,371,809	20%	3,018,620	14%
17,569,698		16,919,192	
70,911	<u>1</u> %	75,765	<u>1</u> %
\$ 21,466,215	100%	21,807,411	100%
	\$ 904,783 2,920,823 2,920,823 10,343,926 2,853,963 4,371,809 17,569,698	a Percentage of Total  10,343,926 2,853,963 4,371,809 17,569,698  a Percentage of Total  Investment  4%  4%  48  48  2,920,823  14%  2,853,963 13% 4,371,809 17,569,698	a Percentage of Total  2012

On March 28, 1983, the Commission appointed a Board of Administrators for the pension plan—the Library Retirement Pension Board (the "Pension Board"). The Pension Board has the responsibility for the management of the Pension Fund and has the responsibility for reviewing the pension plan and reporting on its status to the Commission annually. The Pension Board consists of the three officers of the Commission and three designated Library staff employees. Overall investment guidelines provide for diversification and allow investment in domestic and international equities, fixed-income securities, and cash equivalents.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

# Pension Fund, Continued

The following are the investment allocations limits:

	<u>Upper Limit</u>
Domestic large cap equities	50%
Domestic small cap equities	9%
International equities	9%
Fixed-income investments	45%
Cash equivalents	5%

The Pension Fund addresses custodial credit risk, with the policy providing for the engagement of a custodian who accepts possession of securities for safekeeping; collects and disburses income; collects principal of sold, matured, or called items; and provides periodic accounting to the Commission. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the pension fund held \$21,466,215 and \$21,807,411, respectively, in cash, investments, and receivables. This amount was held by the investment counterparty, in the name of the pension plan.

Pursuant to the Prudent Investor Rule, Oklahoma statutes restrict Pension Fund investing.

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. All cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the Pension Fund are insured and collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk—The investment policy limits the concentration of equity investments to no more than 5% in any one issuer.

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Pension Fund, Continued**

The following table presents the individual investments exceeding the 5% threshold at June 30, 2012:

Classification		Shares		
of Investment	Name of Investment	<u>Held</u>	<u>Cost</u>	Fair Value
Equity fixed				
income fund	Federated High Yield Bond	123,200	\$ 1,157,000	1,222,148

The Pension Fund at June 30, 2011, did not have more than 5% of investments with any one issuer.

Foreign Currency Risk—Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Pension Fund held no foreign investments at June 30, 2012 or 2011. As such, no Pension Fund investments were subject to foreign currency risk.

*Credit Risk*—Fixed-income investments are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The following table provides information as of June 30 concerning credit risk:

		2012		20	11
			Percentage of		Percentage of
			Total		Total
			Fixed-Income		Fixed-Income
			Investments at		Investments at
S&P 500 Rating	Fa	air Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value
AA+	\$	358,722	12%	544,633	13%
AA		72,040	2%	137,586	4%
A+		422,771	15%	621,867	15%
A		826,461	28%	900,270	22%
A-		1,240,829	43%	1,682,281	41%
Not rated			<u>0</u> %	199,930	<u>5</u> %
	\$	2,920,823	<u>100</u> %	4,086,567	<u>100</u> %

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Pension Fund, Continued**

*Interest Rate Risk*—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, the Pension Fund had the following fixed-income investments with maturities:

	2012					
	Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)					
		1 or More,	5 or More,	Total		
<u>Investment Type</u>	Less than 1	Less than 5	Less than 10	Fair Value		
Corporate bonds	\$ 355,789 1,763,429		801,605	2,920,823		
	2011					
	Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)					
		1 or More,	5 or More,	Total		
Investment Type	Less than	Less than 5	Less than 10	Fair Value		
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 199,930	) _		199,930		
Corporate bonds	489,859		758,234	3,886,637		
	\$ 689,789	2,638,544	758,234	4,086,567		

# **Defined Contribution Fund**

The investments of the Defined Contribution Fund are invested in mutual funds and a guaranteed investment account with Mass Mutual Life Insurance Company and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the participants of the defined contribution plan (see Note 6).

The following table presents the fair value of the defined contribution plan's investments by type at June 30:

<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value			
		2012	2011	
Guaranteed interest account	\$	1,397,456	1,208,777	
Mutual funds		8,198,804	7,650,332	
	<u>\$</u>	9,596,260	8,859,109	

# (2) <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Defined Contribution Fund, Continued**

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. While the trust agreement does not specifically address custodial credit risk, all investments are insured and collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk—Except as noted below, no single investment exceeds 5% of the Defined Contribution Fund's total investments. The following table presents the individual investments exceeding the 5% threshold at June 30:

	2012		
Classification of	Name of		Fair
<u>Investment</u>	<u>Investment</u>		<u>Value</u>
Mutual fund	Select Strategies Bond	\$	709,064
Mutual fund	Destination Retirement 2020		1,027,517
Mutual fund	Destination Retirement 2030		553,900
Mutual fund	American Century Equity		
	Growth Fund		1,013,813
Guaranteed interest account	Guaranteed interest account		1,397,456
	2011		
Classification of	Name of		Fair
<u>Investment</u>	<u>Investment</u>		<u>Value</u>
36 . 10 1	D : G! 1 1	Φ.	450.500
Mutual fund	Premier Global	\$	478,739
Mutual fund	Select Strategies Bond		578,729
Mutual fund	Destination Retirement 2020		936,398
Mutual fund	Destination Retirement 2030		489,356
Mutual fund	Destination Retirement 2040		523,617
Mutual fund	American Century Equity		
	Growth Fund		823,500
Guaranteed interest account			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (3) <u>COLLECTIONS</u>

The Library has not capitalized existing inexhaustible collections, including research books, because the values are not readily determinable.

# (4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets of the Library at June 30 consisted of the following:

	Balance at June 30, 2011	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance at June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 315,571			315,571
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Library books	17,312,853	3,879,021	(3,310,460)	17,881,414
Furniture and fixtures	4,005,900	563,452	(98,655)	4,470,697
Computer equipment	2,362,321	706,337	(262,874)	2,805,784
Vehicles	531,542	50,774	-	582,316
Buildings and improvements	5,955,349			5,955,349
Total capital assets being depreciated	30,167,965	5,199,584	(3,671,989)	31,695,560
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Library books	10,600,170	2,363,272	(2,306,531)	10,656,911
Furniture and fixtures	3,054,466	197,122	(91,092)	3,160,496
Computer equipment	1,219,740	390,050	(248,297)	1,361,493
Vehicles	317,369	59,287	-	376,656
Buildings and improvements	866,781	224,324	-	1,091,105
Total accumulated depreciation	16,058,526	3,234,055	(2,645,920)	16,646,661
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	14,109,439	1,965,529	(1,026,069)	15,048,899
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 14,425,010</u>	1,965,529	(1,026,069)	15,364,470

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED</u>

	Balance at June 30, 2010	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance at June 30, 2011	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 315,571			315,571	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Library books	16,512,566	3,403,699	(2,603,412)	17,312,853	
Furniture and fixtures	3,949,261	87,749	(31,110)		
Computer equipment	2,093,866	312,860	(44,405)	2,362,321	
Vehicles	420,774	110,768	-	531,542	
Buildings and improvements	5,955,349			5,955,349	
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,931,816	3,915,076	(2,678,927)	30,167,965	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Library books	10,137,609	2,218,542	(1,755,981)	10,600,170	
Furniture and fixtures	2,738,802	341,332	(25,668)	3,054,466	
Computer equipment	912,275	348,789	(41,324)	1,219,740	
Vehicles	264,787	52,582	-	317,369	
Buildings and improvements	642,457	224,324	<u>-</u>	866,781	
Total accumulated depreciation	14,695,930	3,185,569	(1,822,973)	16,058,526	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	14,235,886	729,507	(855,954)	14,109,439	
Capital assets, net	\$ 14,551,457	729,507	(855,954)	14,425,010	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (5) <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

Compensated absences are liquidated through the General Fund. Generally, up to 75% of annual leave must be taken during the calendar year earned and compensated absences are reported as current liabilities.

	Balance at June 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within 1 Year
Compensated absences	\$ 274,149	916,161	(896,044)	294,266	294,266
	Balance at			Balance at	Amounts Due Within
	<u>June 30, 2010</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	1 Year
Compensated absences	\$ 234,087	870,465	(830,403)	274,149	274,149

# (6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u>

# **Defined Benefit Plan**

Plan Description: The Metropolitan Library System Pension Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer plan that covers some full-time employees of the Library. The Plan is a defined benefit plan which provides for retirement benefits based on length of service and salary. The Plan was amended effective January 1, 2008. This latest amendment lowered the vesting schedule from 5-year cliff vesting to 3 years. Death, early and late retirement, and deferred vested benefits are also available under the Plan. Assets of the Plan are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the Plan. Actuarial valuations are performed annually on July 1.

The Plan's membership consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2012	2011
Retirees, disabled participants, and beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	78	79
Terminated vested participants	11	11
Active participants	64	65
	153	155

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Defined Benefit Plan, Continued**

*Plan Description, Continued:* Effective August 29, 2005, the Plan was frozen and no new employees are eligible to participate. A defined contribution plan was established for new employees.

Benefit payments for the Plan are as follows:

- a) The normal monthly retirement benefit will be 2.5% of an employee's average monthly earnings multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 32 years. "Average monthly earnings" means the average of the employee's highest 60 consecutive completed calendar months of employment by the Library.
- b) The early retirement benefit will be the greater of the actuarial equivalent of the employee's accrued benefit at normal retirement date or the aggregate value of the employee's participant contributions plus interest credited.
- c) The late retirement benefits will be greater of: 1) the normal retirement pension determined under the Plan, taking into account service and compensation credited after normal retirement age; or 2) the accrued benefit, determined as the later of normal retirement age or the end of the prior plan year, actuarially adjusted for late retirement.

Funding Policy: Participating employees contribute 4% of their compensation to the Plan. The Library contributes any additional amount necessary to fund normal cost and to amortize unfunded past service costs over a period of 30 years. The actuarial required contributions for 2012 and 2011 were \$1,114,433 and \$996,982, respectively, which equaled the annual pension cost for the years then ended. The actuarial required contribution for 2013 is \$1,074,744.

The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and related required supplementary information. The information is included within these financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the required supplementary information.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Defined Benefit Plan, Continued**

*Net Pension Obligation (Benefit) and Annual Pension Cost:* The required contribution is determined as part of the July 1<sup>st</sup> actuarial valuation using the aggregate actuarial cost method, which does not identify and separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities. The actuarial assumptions included:

	2012	2011
(a) Investment rate of return	7%	7%
(b) Projected salary increases	5%	5%
(c) Post-retirement increases	7%	7%
(d) Mortality	up 84	up 84

The Library has contributed the actuarially required contribution annually. As a result, there was no net pension obligation as of June 30, 2012 or 2011.

Three-year trend information is as follows:

# 3-Year Trend Information

					Excess of Plan
				Present	Assets Over
	Annual	Percentage		Value of	Present Value of
Fiscal Year	Pension	of APC	Valuation of	Future	Future Benefits
<b>Ended</b>	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Assets (A)	Benefits (B)	$(\underline{A})$ - $(\underline{B})$
2010	\$ 1,012,622	100.0%	17,969,796	15,821,962	2,147,834
2011	996,982	100.0%	21,807,411	16,945,742	4,861,669
2012	1,114,433	100.0%	21,466,216	18,078,488	3,387,728

# (6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

### **Defined Benefit Plan, Continued**

*Net Pension Obligation (Benefit) and Annual Pension Cost, Continued:* The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
July 1, 2012	\$ 21,868,195	26,808,086	4,939,891	82%	2,617,869	189%

For purposes of this schedule, the AAL for the Plan is determined using the entry age normal funding method. Note that the annual required contribution for the Plan is calculated using the aggregate actuarial cost method.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

# **Defined Contribution Plan**

Effective August 29, 2005, the Metropolitan Library System Defined Contribution Plan (the "Contribution Plan") was established. The Contribution Plan is intended to be a governmental plan as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 414(d), and is to be approved and qualified by the Internal Revenue Service as satisfying the governmental plan requirements of Sections 401(a) and 501(a) and other pertinent provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Under the Contribution Plan, the employer's contribution shall be discretionary, to be determined by the employer, and is available to all participants. During 2012 and 2011, the Library contributed 10% of each participant's compensation. Participants are fully vested in the employer's contributions after 3 years. Participants may make voluntary contributions of 4% or 6% of compensation before tax. Participants are fully vested in the voluntary contributions. Participants may direct the Contribution Plan's trustee in the investment of their individual account balances. Normal retirement age is the later of a participant's 65<sup>th</sup> birthday or the 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the first day of the plan year in which participation in the Contribution Plan commenced. For the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Library's contribution to the Contribution Plan was \$796,612 and \$697,240, respectively.

# (6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

# **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The Library offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan as authorized by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 1701 through 1706 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The Deferred Compensation Plan is available to all Library employees. Employees may direct the investment of their contributions in available investment options offered by the Deferred Compensation Plan. All interest, dividends, and investment fees are allocated to employees' accounts. For the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, employee contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan totaled \$187,011 and \$211,944, respectively.

# (7) <u>SELF-INSURANCE RISK OF LOSS</u>

The Library operates a self-insurance plan to fund its employee health benefits. The Library purchased insurance policies to limit its maximum possible benefit cost on both an employee basis and an aggregate basis. The Library has a contract with a third-party administrator to operate the self-insurance plan. The Library has limited its risk of loss by purchasing insurance to pay an individual's claim in excess of \$60,000 per year. The stop-loss insurance increased to \$70,000 at July 1, 2012.

The carrying amount of liabilities for unpaid claims is equal to the amount of claims unpaid but due at year-end. This amount has been determined by the third-party administrator.

Changes in the claims liability amounts for the years ended June 30 were:

	2012	2011	2010
Balance, beginning of year Current year claims Claim payments	\$ 74,265 2,467,216 (2,438,604)	96,866 1,936,360 (1,958,961)	79,628 1,929,665 (1,912,427)
Balance, end of year	\$ 102,877	74,265	96,866

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# (8) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or natural disasters for which the Library carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year, and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past 3 years.

# (9) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### **Operating Leases**

On an ongoing basis, the Library leases 17 branch library buildings from the area cities and Oklahoma City. All of the branch buildings, except for the Del City library building, are leased for \$1 per year. The terms of the leases are for a period of 1 year and automatically renew each year for a total term of 10 years unless written notice is given by either party of its intent not to renew. The Library provides for all maintenance, utilities, repairs, and liability insurance for all leased buildings. The Del City library building is leased for \$400 per month. On occasion, the Library makes contributions towards the construction of a new library building. The purpose of the contribution is for the Library to have partial say in the design of the building since the design and construction of the building can affect the operations of the Library. During the year ended June 30, 2012, the Library made no such contribution. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the Library contributed \$93,500 to the Northwest Library building. This amount was recorded as an expenditure on both the government-wide financial statements and governmental fund financial statements.

During 2011, the Library leased a temporary facility to house one of its branch libraries, the Southern Oaks Library, while its permanent building underwent expansion and renovation. An escrow deposit of \$263,654 was required to be held as security for the rent payment and the performance of the Library in 2011, all of which was utilized through March 2012. The Southern Oaks Library lease renewed in 2012, and the Library pays \$4,948 on a month-to-month term.

Total lease and equipment rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, was \$21,647 and \$49,552, respectively.

### Legal

From time to time, the Library is involved in certain legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and counsel, the ultimate disposition of such proceedings will not have a material effect on the Library's financial statements.

# METROPOLITAN LIBRARY SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

June 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
July 1, 2010	\$ 20,026,476	25,103,798	5,077,322	80%	2,816,071	180%
July 1, 2011	21,089,287	26,611,547	5,522,260	79%	2,857,692	193%
July 1, 2012	21,868,195	26,808,086	4,939,891	82%	2,617,869	189%

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See accompanying notes to Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions from the Employer.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYER

June 30, 2012

	Annual Required		Employer	Percentage
Year Ended	Co	ontributions	Contributions	Contributed
June 30, 2003	\$	950,722	950,722	100%
June 30, 2004		1,430,683	1,430,683	100%
June 30, 2005		1,573,250	1,573,250	100%
June 30, 2006		719,272	719,272	100%
June 30, 2007		550,340	550,340	100%
June 30, 2008		802,450	802,450	100%
June 30, 2009		712,700	712,700	100%
June 30, 2010		1,012,622	1,012,622	100%
June 30, 2011		996,982	996,982	100%
June 30, 2012		1,114,433	1,114,433	100%

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See accompanying notes to Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions from the Employer.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYER

June 30, 2012

The information presented in Schedule I and Schedule II was determined as part of an actuarial valuation by an independent enrolled actuary (Daily Access Corporation) at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the July 1, 2012, valuation follows:

Actuarial cost method: Aggregate cost method

Amortization method: None

Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

An expected actuarial value is equal to fair market value of assets less a decreasing fraction (4/5, 3/5, 2/5, and 1/5) of the gain or loss for each of the preceding four years, with gains being subtracted and losses being added. The gain or loss for a year is determined by calculating the difference between the expected value of the assets for the year and the fair market value of the assets at the valuation date. The expected value of the assets for the year is the fair market value of the assets at the valuation date of the prior year brought forward, with 7% interest to the valuation date for the current year, plus contributions minus benefit disbursements, all adjusted with 7% interest to the valuation date for the current year. The result will not exceed the corridor of 80% to 120% of fair market value.

# Actuarial assumptions

Investment rate of return: 7%
Projected salary increases: 5%
Cost-of-living adjustment: None

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE—GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2012

Budgetary fund balance, beginning of year:	Budgeted Amounts— <u>Original</u>	Budgeted Amounts— <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts— Modified Accrual Basis	Modified Accrual to Budgetary Basis Adjustments	Actual Amounts— Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Variance with Final Budget— Positive (Negative)
Carryover funds	\$ 12,054,151	12,054,151	14,511,053	2,139,749	12,371,304	317,153
Capital reserve	19,171,370	19,171,370	19,171,370	-	19,171,370	-
•	31,225,521	31,225,521	33,682,423	2,139,749	31,542,674	317,153
Resources (inflows):						
Property taxes	27,262,635	27,262,635	30,486,312	234,702	30,251,610	2,988,975
Collections on book fines and copy services	474,660	474,660	704,587	-	704,587	229,927
State revenue	290,807	290,807	286,073	-	286,073	(4,734)
Interest Other	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	423,159 139,391	(153,056)	423,159 292,447	423,159 292,447
Total resources (inflows)	28,028,102	28,028,102	32,039,522	81,646 (1)	31,957,876	3,929,774
Charges to appropriations (outflows):						
Personal services	21,539,793	21,539,793	19,976,857	96,065	19,880,792	1,659,001
Maintenance and operations:		,		•	, ,	, ,
Contractual services	4,642,616	4,642,616	3,636,300	151,206	3,485,094	1,157,522
Commodities	1,470,925	1,470,925	1,301,127	110,463	1,190,664	280,261
Capital outlays—operations	12,266,648	12,266,648	7,970,657	(540,345)	8,511,002	3,755,646
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	39,919,982	39,919,982	32,884,941	(182,611) (2)	33,067,552	6,852,430
Change in budgetary fund balance	(11,891,880)	(11,891,880)	(845,419)	264,257	(1,109,676)	10,782,204
Budgetary fund balance, end of year:						
Carryover funds	-	-	13,503,363	2,404,006	11,099,357	11,099,357
Capital reserve	19,333,641	19,333,641	19,333,641		19,333,641	
	\$ 19,333,641	19,333,641	32,837,004	2,404,006	30,432,998	11,099,357

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE—GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED), CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgetary fund balance, beginning of year: Carryover funds Capital reserve	Budgeted Amounts— Original  \$ 11,071,436	Budgeted Amounts— <u>Final</u> 11,071,436 19,270,320 30,341,756	Actual Amounts— Modified Accrual Basis 11,679,854 19,270,320 30,950,174	Modified Accrual to Budgetary Basis Adjustments	Actual Amounts— Budgetary <u>Basis</u> 11,679,854 19,270,320 30,950,174	Variance with Final Budget— Positive (Negative)  608,418
Resources (inflows):		, , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Property taxes	26,570,638	26,570,638	29,399,717	62,148	29,337,569	2,766,931
Collections on book fines and copy services	527,400	527,400	588,817	-	588,817	61,417
State revenue	286,404	286,404	354,928	-	354,928	68,524
Interest	-	-	494,175	-	494,175	494,175
Other			711,151	153,057	558,094	558,094
Total resources (inflows)	27,384,442	27,384,442	31,548,788	215,205 (3)	31,333,583	3,949,141
Charges to appropriations (outflows): Personal services Maintenance and operations:	19,918,456	19,918,456	18,296,677	(509,245)	18,805,922	1,112,534
Contractual services	4,546,645	4,546,645	3,285,300	(418,497)	3,703,797	842,848
Commodities	1,391,430	1,391,430	1,168,187	(8,513)	1,176,700	214,730
Capital outlays—operations	12,698,297	12,698,297	6,066,374	(988,289)	7,054,663	5,643,634
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	38,554,828	38,554,828	28,816,538	(1,924,544) (4)	30,741,082	7,813,746
Change in budgetary fund balance	(11,170,386)	(11,170,386)	2,732,250	2,139,749	592,501	11,762,887
Budgetary fund balance, end of year:						
Carryover funds	-	-	14,511,054	2,139,749	12,371,305	12,371,305
Capital reserve	19,171,370	19,171,370	19,171,370	<del>_</del>	19,171,370	
	\$ 19,171,370	19,171,370	33,682,424	2,139,749	31,542,675	12,371,305

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE} - \textbf{GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED),} \\ \textbf{CONTINUED} \end{array}$

Years Ended June 30,	2012	2011
Budget-to-actual reconciliation:		
Revenues on a budgetary basis are based on cash received rather than the modified accrual basis used for financial reporting, and the Revolving Fund is not reported as part of the General Fund for budgetary purposes.	\$ 81,646 (1)	215,205 <sup>(3)</sup>
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting. In addition, the Revolving Fund is not reported as part of the General Fund for budgetary purposes. Reserves for future cash flow and improvement needs were included in the budgetary basis, but not in the GAAP basis.	 182,611 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,924,544 (4)
Total budget-to-actual reconciliation	\$ 264,257	2,139,749

Note: Under the budgetary basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are received rather than when they are earned. Purchases of materials, outside services, and capital outlays are recognized as expenditures when the commitment to purchase is made (encumbered).



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners Metropolitan Library System Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Library System (the "Library") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2012. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph disclaiming an opinion on management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information. Our report also includes an explanatory paragraph noting that the 2011 financial statements were restated. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the Library is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

(Continued)

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*, CONTINUED

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commissioners, management, and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma October 12, 2012