# CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Transmittal Letter	. i
Organizational Charts	
CED #7 Board of Directors	iii
CED #7 Staff	iv
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
	I
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	. 10
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	. 11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	12
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	. 27
III. STATISTICAL SECTION	
Miscellaneous Statistics (unaudited)	. 29-30
IV. Other Reports	
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	30-31

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## Circuit Engineering District #7 P.O. Box 337 Clinton, OK 73601 Tel. (580) 323-8685 Fax (580) 323-8680

Serving Beckham, Blaine, Custer, Dewey, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Roger Mills, Tillman, and Washita Counties

October 12, 2015

To the Citizens of Circuit Engineering District #7:

We are pleased to present the Circuit Engineering District #7 (the "District") annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. This report contains basic financial statements and other financial and statistical information, providing complete and full disclosure of all financial aspects of the CED for fiscal year 2015.

Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of this report rests with the District. This report was prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other recognized authoritative sources, and it is representative of the District's commitment to provide complete financial information.

The financial statement is divided into three sections:

- 1. The Introductory Section contains a letter of transmittal and organizational charts for the CED staff and Board of Directors.
- 2. The Financial Section contains the independent auditor's report; management's discussion and analysis; basic financial statements; and notes to the basic financial statements.
- 3. The Statistical Section includes selective financial, economic, and demographic information about the CED and its member counties.

#### Form of Government and Reporting Entity

The District was created October 9, 1998 and began operations August 1, 1999, under Title 69, Section 687.1 Circuit Engineering Districts of Oklahoma Statute; and complies with Title 74, Chapter 31, Interlocal Cooperation Act. Within the statute, the board of county commissioners of any county within the state may create a circuit engineering district with any other county or counties located within its Association of County Commissioners of Oklahoma district to assist the counties in carrying out the day-to-day activities related to road maintenance, construction, engineering and inspection.

The District covers an eleven county region including: Beckham, Blaine, Custer, Dewey, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Roger Mills, Tillman, and Washita counties. During fiscal year 2013, these counties participated together in bridge inspection services, bridge and roadway design and construction engineering services, construction inspection services, sign making, Force account bridge construction and training classes for the member counties.

The District also reports one blended component unit, the CED #7 County Energy District Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority was created under Title 60 on October 26, 2010 under provision of the Oklahoma Statues by a Declaration of the Trust. The District has beneficial interest and the Trustees of the District serve as Trustees of the Authority.

### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

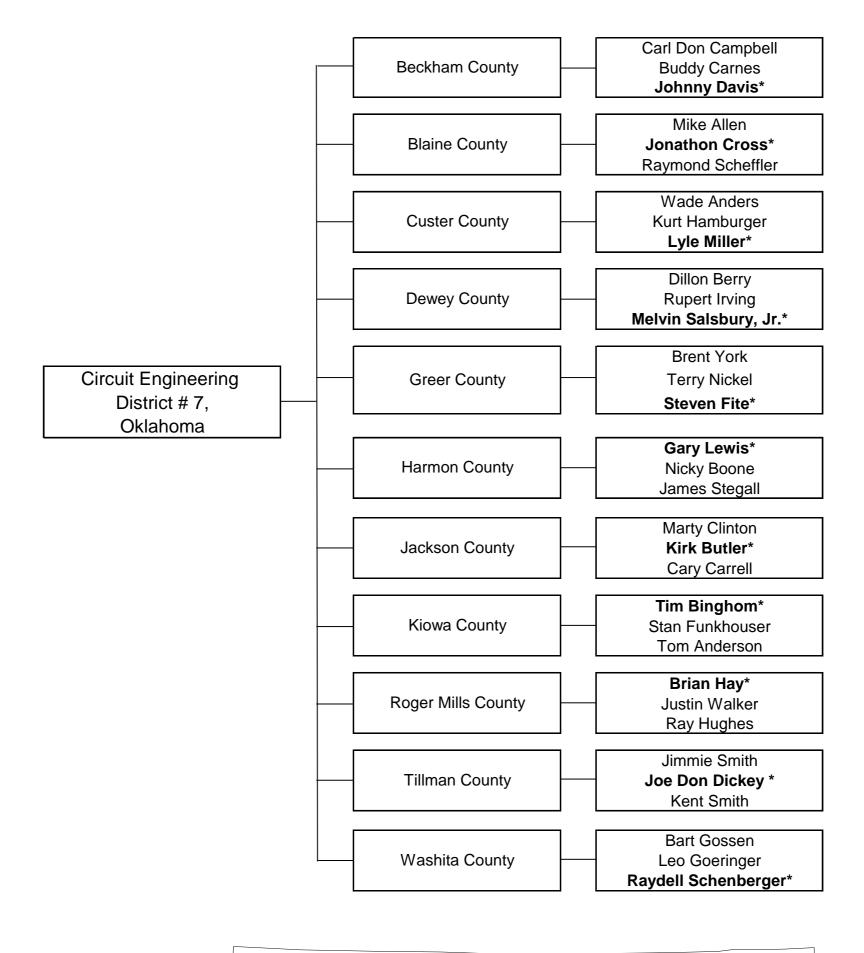
The District operates from five financial sources: Oklahoma Department of Transportation bridge inspection fees, design and construction engineering fees, construction inspection fees, force account bridge construction fees and legislative grants administered by the Association of County Commissioners of Oklahoma. For additional information on the financial condition of the District, please review the Management Discussion and Analysis in Section II of the financial statement.

Respectfully submitted,

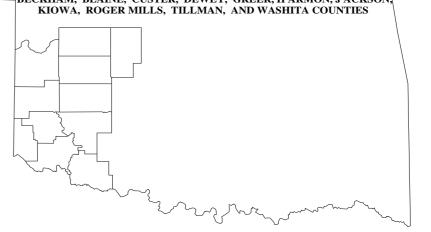
Monte Goucher, P.E. Executive Director, Circuit Engineer CED #7

# **Circuit Engineering District #7, Oklahoma**

## 2014-2015 Board of Directors Organizational Chart



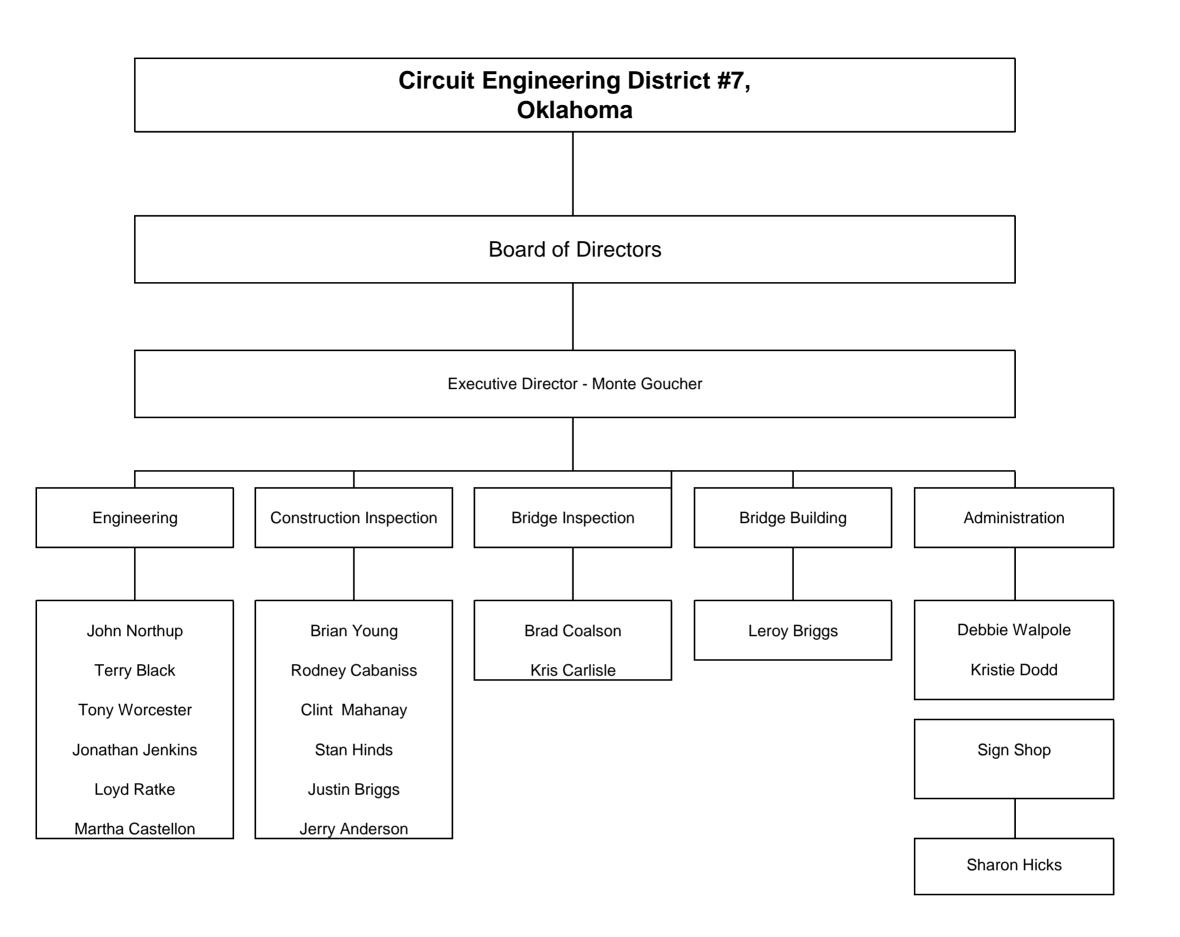
## CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT #7 BECKHAM, BLAINE, CUSTER, DEWEY, GREER, HARMON, JACKSON

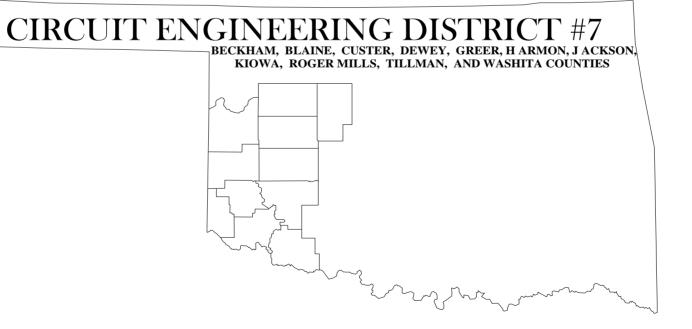


\* Member of the Circuit Engineering District Board of Directors

# **Circuit Engineering District #7, Oklahoma**

2014-2015 Staff Organizational Chart





Emulsion Plant: Michael Thorpe Jesse Fox

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Circuit Engineering District # 7

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Circuit Engineering District # 7, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Circuit Engineering District #7, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

205 W. McElroy Rd. Ste 1 • Stillwater, OK 74075 • Office: 405.624.9500 • Fax: 405.624.7326 1300 Main St. • Woodward, OK 73801 • Office: 580.256.6830 • Fax: 580.256.6019

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-6 and 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Circuit Engineering District # 7's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

7SW-B CPAS-PLLC

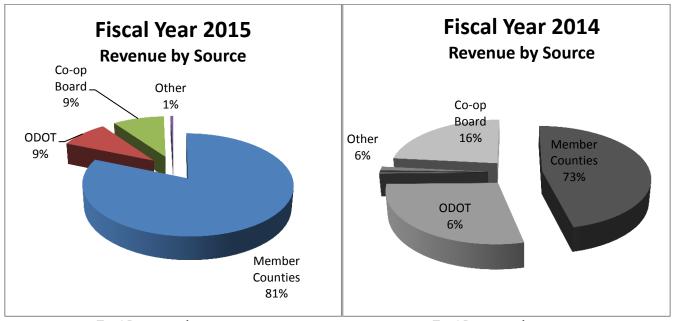
FSW&B CPAs-PLLC Woodward, OK October 26, 2015

Our discussion and analysis of the Circuit Engineering District #7's ("District") performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please review it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the District's basic financial statements.

### Financial Highlights

- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$3,632,404 (net position) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,098,934.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$3,271,507 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. The District had outstanding debt of \$2,341,123 related to capital assets as of June 30, 2015.
  - (2) Unrestricted net assets of \$1,905,426 represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to member counties and creditors. Included in restricted net assets is \$796,594, which the District has restricted internally for capital asset purchases.
- Total liabilities of the District decreased from \$2,722,651 to \$2,501,537 during the fiscal year. The decrease is attributable to principle payments made on notes payable held by the Energy District Authority.
- Over \$495,000 in revenues was generated from CIRB through project management, interest earnings, and CBRI direct allocation per state statute.

Operations for the fiscal year 2015 were mainly supported by engineering fees and construction inspection fees, which provided 35% and 26% of revenues, respectfully. This division of revenues is consistent with prior year. Bridge inspection fees (5%), sign shop proceeds (2%), and bridge building proceeds (8%) also contributed to the operations for the year. Investment earnings, and auction proceeds provided the remainder of the support for the year.

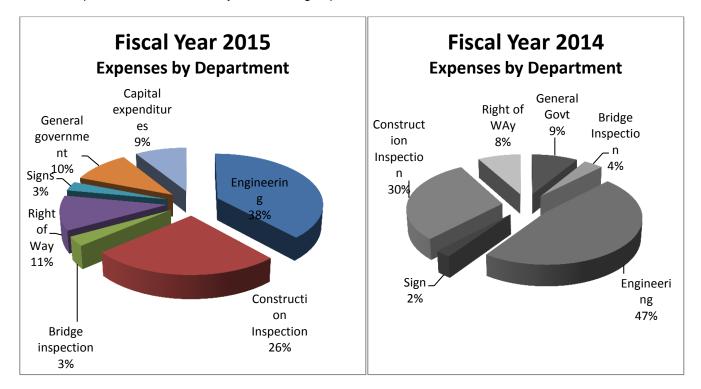


During fiscal year 2015 and 2014, the District received revenues from the following sources:

Total Revenues \$3,438,317

Total Revenues \$3,214,948

Expenses were allocated by the following departments as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:



Operating expenses for 2015 increased 9% over prior year. The following chart displays the change in expenses when compared to prior year.

			Chan	ge	
	2015	2014	\$	%	
General government	\$ 344,712	\$ 221,531	\$ 123,181	56	%
Engineering	1,097,223	1,200,158	(102,935)	-9	%
Construction inspection	805,523	756,779	48,744	6	%
Bridge inspection	97,462	94,708	2,754	3	%
Bridge building	334,344	206,401	127,943	62	%
Signs	 83,046	 61,540	 21,506	35	%
	\$ 2,762,310	\$ 2,541,117	\$ 221,193	9	%

General government expenses experienced a significant increase of 56% due largely to the start-up of the emulsion plant and lack of cash flow to cover the Energy Districts operation expenses. This increase in expenses to General government is considered to be a short-term loan to the Energy District as the sale of emulsion grows and Energy District cash flow improves.

Engineering department expenses experienced a 9% decline which can be attributed to slightly lower subcontractor cost for road and bridge design during the fiscal year and the loss of one engineering staff member.

Construction inspection experienced a 6% increase in expenses which can be attributed to the purchase of new pickups for inspection staff.

Right of Way Acquisition was a new department established in 2014 for the purchase of land for the construction of road and bridge projects throughout the district. This department experienced a 62% increase in expenses due to the amount of right of way successfully acquired during the

fiscal year. It should be noted that all right of way expenses are reimbursed to CED#7 from the districts CIRB 285C account administered by ODOT.

The Sign department experienced a 35% increase in expenses which can be attributed to increased inventory for the fiscal year.

#### Using This Annual Report

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The Fund financial statements tell how the services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities:

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is "Is the CED as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position as the difference between assets, what the District owns, and liabilities, what the District owes, as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's availability of capital projects and continuing local government support to assess the overall health of the District.

#### Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance:

The District's services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Included in the financial statements is a reconciliation between the governmental activities and governmental fund financial statements.

#### Notes:

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided.

#### Other Information:

In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents statistical information, not required to be presented in the notes, but deemed by management to be beneficial in additional analysis of the financial statements.

#### 2015 Operations and Future Plans

Fiscal Year 2015 was a busy year for the district striving to implement the district's aggressive 5year road and bridge construction plan. The district successfully completed several road and bridge projects from a design and construction standpoint. The emulsion plant experienced a slow year with regard to sales which was due to the significant spring rain and flooding that was experienced by member counties in the district. The flood damage and related repair work cancelled or delayed many chip seal improvement projects previously scheduled. It is anticipated that the 2016 chipping season will return to normal with strong sales and potentially new clients.

The districts CIRB program which was created by the legislature in 2006 took a financial hit during the past legislative session. The State of Oklahoma experienced a \$600 million shortfall and the legislature swept \$50 million from the county CIRB accounts and also enacted a \$120 million cap on current and future fiscal year funding. The funding cap resulted in another \$20 million reduction in current and future state-wide revenue from the CIRB road and bridge construction program. This action by the legislature resulted in an approximate \$10 million loss to the district which created the need to re-structure and fiscally re-balance the districts 5-year plan. This was accomplished by moving multiple projects out of the 5-year plan and into a 2021 "unscheduled" pool of construction projects. These projects will be re-inserted into the 5-year plan as funding becomes available.

The District has been very successful with the creation of the right of way acquisition department. One full-time staff member was hired last fiscal year to work throughout the district assisting county commissioners with the purchase of right of way for the construction of road and bridge projects. The CED recently added an additional right of way employee for the coming fiscal year to acquire right of way needed for numerous road projects upcoming in the district. Utility relocation coordination remains a challenge for the district with the amount of road projects being prepared for construction. The district utilizes one employee to coordinate the identification and relocation of utilities, however, this has not adequately addressed the problem. The district plans to retain the services of a Utility Relocation service provider to clear utility issues on upcoming projects. The district will continue to utilize the services of private sector engineer consultants to help deliver projects to meet the districts 5-year plan, however, previously enacted funding cuts and/or future funding reductions by the legislature will reduce the amount of design work outsourced.

The anticipated budgeted revenues are expected to be \$3,160,000 compared to the prior year budgeted amount of \$3,028,000 or a 4.36% increase. The majority of the increase in revenue will be attributed to increased construction inspection revenues due to the amount of new construction projects being delivered in the upcoming fiscal year. The construction inspection department will be adding two to four additional staff personnel this upcoming fiscal year to handle the amount of inspection work which will subsequently increase the amount of expenses for this department. The construction department will also be adding GPS inspection technology to their inspection program which requires a substantial investment in survey equipment and training. The District has budgeted \$294,500 in capital purchases for computers, software, laboratory equipment, GPS equipment, and pickups.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or any request for additional financial information should be addressed to the CED #7, PO Box 337, Clinton, Oklahoma 73601.

## CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE	30,	2015
------	-----	------

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,372,124	\$ 8,990	\$ 1,381,114
Investments	102,367	-	102,367
Restricted cash	393,625	-	393,625
Restricted investments	402,969	-	402,969
Accounts receivable	478,065	-	478,065
Unbilled receivables	15,290	-	15,290
Due from Energy District	1,167,831	(1,167,831)	-
Inventory	17,626	71,378	89,004
Total current assets	3,949,897	(1,087,463)	2,862,434
Non-current assets:	,		, ,
Land	35,214	14,786	50,000
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	596,458	2,625,049	3,221,507
Total non-current assets	631,672	2,639,835	3,271,507
Total assets	\$ 4,581,569	\$ 1,552,372	\$ 6,133,941
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 45,171	\$ 218	\$ 45,389
Accrued expenses payable	31,983	2,826	34,809
Compensated absences	78,964	1,252	80,216
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-
Notes payable	-	604,876	604,876
Total current liabilities	156,118	609,172	765,290
Non-current liabilities:			
Notes payable	-	1,736,247	1,736,247
Total non-current liabilities	-	1,736,247	1,736,247
Total liabilities	156,118	2,345,419	2,501,537
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	631,672	298,712	930,384
Restricted	796,594	-	796,594
Unrestricted	2,997,185	(1,091,759)	1,905,426
Total net position	4,425,451	(793,047)	3,632,404
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,581,569	\$ 1,552,372	\$ 6,133,941

## CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Program	Reven	Jes		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) / Revenue	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	336,447	\$	48,657	\$	495,117	\$	207,327
Engineering		1,097,223		1,385,333		-		288,110
Construction inspection		805,523		895,767		-		90,244
Bridge inspection		97,462		168,901		-		71,439
Right of way acquisition		334,344		269,879		-		(64,465)
Signs		83,046		59,988		-		(23,058)
Total governmental activities	\$	2,754,045	\$	2,828,525	\$	495,117	\$	569,597
Business-type activities:								
Energy District	\$	1,494,115	\$	1,394,888		-	\$	(99,227)
Total business-type activities		1,494,115	<u> </u>	1,394,888		-		(99,227)
Total primary government	\$	4,248,160	\$	4,223,413	\$	495,117	\$	470,370

Primary Government						
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total			
\$	569,597	\$	(99,227)	\$	470,370	
\$	34,048	\$	-	\$	34,048	
	35,192		-		35,192	
	2,047		78		2,125	
	71,287		78		71,365	
	640,884		(99,149)		541,735	
	3,792,832		(693,898)		3,098,934	
\$	4,433,716	\$	(793,047)	\$	3,640,669	
	<u> </u>	Activities           \$ 569,597           \$ 34,048           35,192           2,047           71,287           640,884           3,792,832	Governmental Activities         Bus A           \$ 569,597         \$           \$ 34,048         \$           \$ 34,048         \$           \$ 34,048         \$           \$ 71,287         640,884           \$,792,832         \$	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           \$ 569,597         \$ (99,227)           \$ 34,048         \$ - 35,192           2,047         78           71,287         78           640,884         (99,149)           3,792,832         (693,898)	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           \$ 569,597         \$ (99,227)           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 34,048         \$ -           \$ 35,192         -           2,047         78           71,287         78           640,884         (99,149)           3,792,832         (693,898)	

## **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA**

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		 Fund
Or all and a set on the last of the		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,372,124
Investments		102,367
Restricted cash		393,625
Restricted investments		402,969
Net receivables		478,065
Unbilled receivables, net		15,290
Due from Energy District		1,167,831
Inventory		 17,626
Total assets		\$ 3,949,897
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		\$ 45,171
Accrued payroll liabilities		31,983
Compensated absences		78,964
Total liabilities		156,118
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable		1,678,812
Restricted		402,969
Committed		393,625
Unassigned		1,318,373
Total fund balance		3,793,779
Total liabilities and fund balance		\$ 3,949,897
Total Governmental Fund Balance		3,793,779
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Land and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation are not therefore, are not reported in the funds.	finanical resources and,	
Land	35,214	
Capital assets	1,306,209	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(709,751)	 631,672
Net assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 4,425,451

## **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT #7, OKLAHOMA**

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund
Revenues:		
Engineering fees	\$	1,211,935
Construction inspection	Ŧ	881,308
Bridge inspection fees		168,901
Bridge building fees		269,879
Intergovernmental		495,117
Signs		59,988
Proceeds from sale of assets		78,800
Auction proceeds		34,048
Reimbursed expenses		236,294
Interest income		2,047
Total Revenues		3,438,317
Expenditures:		
Current operations:		
Engineering		1,080,180
Construction Inspection		724,081
Bridge inspection		86,846
Right of way acquisition		312,298
Signs		82,694
General government		279,896
Capital expenditures		260,193
Total Expenditures		2,826,188
Net Change in Fund Balance		612,129
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,181,650
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,793,779
Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net assets of governmental activities:		
Net change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	612,129
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.       260,193         Capital asset purchases capitalized       260,193         Depreciation expense       (188,050)		72,143
In the statement of activities, the loss on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale, if any, increase financial resources. The change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets disposed of \$311,388, net of related accumulated depreciation of \$268,000.		(43,388)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	640,884

### **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA**

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

#### JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities
	Energy District
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,990
Inventory	71,378
Total current assets	80,368
Non-current assets:	
Land	14,786
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,625,049
Total non-current assets	2,639,835
Total assets	\$ 2,720,203
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 218
Accrued payroll liabilities	2,826
Compensated absences	1,252
Due to CED #7	1,167,831
Notes payable	604,876
Total current liabilities	1,777,003
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	1,736,247
Total non-current liabilities	1,736,247
Total liabilities	3,513,250
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of	
related debt	298,712
Unrestricted	(1,091,759)
Total net position	(793,047)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 2,720,203

## **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA**

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities
	Energy District
Operating Revenues:	
Sale of asphalt emulsion product	\$ 1,394,888
Total Operating Revenues	1,394,888
Operating Expenses:	
Current operations:	
Cost of goods sold	1,022,791
Personal services	158,936
Materials and supplies	9,960
Other services and charges	75,232
Depreciation and amortization	131,376
Total Operating Expenses	1,398,295
Net Operating Income	(3,407)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):	
Investment income	78
Interest expense	(95,820)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(95,742)
Change in Net Position	(99,149)
Net Position - beginning of year	(693,898)
Net Position - end of year	\$ (793,047)

#### CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Busines	ss-type Activities
	En	ergy District
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	1,395,610
Payments to suppliers		(1,183,272)
Payments to employees		(158,936)
Other operating revenues		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		53,402
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Due to CED#7		554,444
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		
financing activities		554,444
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets		(107,524)
Principal paid on capital debt		(381,528)
Interest paid on capital debt		(113,492)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		
related financing activities		(602,544)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income		78
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		78
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,380
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014		3,610
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2015	\$	8,990
Cash, including time deposits	\$	8,990
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	8,990
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	(3,407)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		131,376
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		722
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(71,378)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,181)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(1,730)
Total adjustments		56,809
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	53,402
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		00,402

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Circuit Engineering District #7, Oklahoma (the "District") complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

#### **1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY**

The District was created under Title 69, Section 687.1 Circuit Engineering Districts of Oklahoma Statute; and complies with Title 74, Chapter 31, Interlocal Cooperation Act. Within the statute, the board of county commissioners of any county within the state may create a circuit engineering district with any other county or counties located within its Association of County Commissioners of Oklahoma district to assist the counties in carrying out the day-to-day activities related to road maintenance, construction and inspection.

Individual counties may elect to participate in the District by passage of a resolution, which accepts the Bylaws of the District. Membership consists of the voting and non-voting members. Voting members are County Commissioners appointed by a member county to serve on the Board of Directors. Non-voting members are affiliate or associate members which serve on committees or represent outside business interest to the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Trustees (the "Board") that acts as the authoritative and legislative body of the entity. The Board is comprised of 11 voting members. Of the eleven, three are elected as officers of the District; President, Vice-President, and Secretary-Treasurer. Each officer serves a term of one year; there are no term limits for reappointment.

Within the District there are eleven eligible counties: Beckham, Blaine, Custer, Dewey, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Roger Mills, Tillman, and Washita County. As of June 30, 2015, all eligible counties elected to participate in the District.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the District. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or, (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. Using these criteria, the District has one component unit.

#### Blended Component Unit Reported with Primary Government:

<u>CED #7 County Energy District Authority (the "Authority"</u>) – was created under Title 60 on October 26, 2010 under provision of the Oklahoma Statues by a Declaration of the Trust. The District has beneficial interest and the trustees of the District serve as Trustees of the Authority. District employees carry on the activities of the Authority. The Authority provides assistance to member counties in the negotiation and preparation of Wind Farm Road Maintenance agreements and also plans to provide emulsified asphalt to member counties for use in

resurfacing roadways in the future. Accounts of the Authority are recorded in business-type activities.

#### **1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The District utilized two funds, the governmental and proprietary funds. The fund of the financial reporting entity is described below:

#### Governmental Funds

#### Circuit Engineering District #7 General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### Proprietary Funds

#### CED #7 County Energy District Authority

The Authority accounts for transactions relating to providing emulsified asphalt to member counties for use in resurfacing roadways.

Management has elected to report all funds as major in the fund financial statements. This election is in accordance with GASB reporting models.

#### 1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income,

changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statement, the governmental fund is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances in order to conform to the current period's presentation.

#### 1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes all unrestricted demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits maturing within 90 days. A formal deposit or investment policy has been developed by the District. Under common pretense, the District requires that all deposits be insured or collateralized within the financial institution maintaining custody of the deposit. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 4.A.

#### Accounts Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include construction inspection and engineering fees.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in the governmental fund include revenue accruals such as construction inspection and bridge inspection fees since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of materials, including aluminum, film, and posts to construct regulatory signs for member counties. Inventory for the Authority consists of resurfacing asphalt. Amounts in inventory represent new materials at cost basis. Cost of goods sold is recognized on the first infirst out basis. Reserves for obsolete inventory are recorded as considered necessary based upon the performance of an annual inventory.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The District's capital assets are reviewed for impairment and written down to fair value whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Machinery and Equipment	3-15 years
Improvements	15 years
Buildings	30 years

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets include cash from auction proceeds. Such funds are restricted by the Board of Directors for the purchase of capital assets. It is the policy of the District to first apply unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Compensated Absences

The District's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as noncurrent liabilities in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, the

governmental fund reports only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

#### Interfund Balances

Outstanding balances between funds reported and due to/due from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for debt service and miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are described as due to/due from other funds.

At June 30, 2015, \$1,167,831 was due from the Authority to the District related to debt financing. The balance is not expected to be repaid within one year.

#### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as a liability.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates made by the District include accounts receivable and inventories. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

#### **Restricted Assets**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Restricted assets and liabilities current in nature are reported with current assets and current liabilities in the financial statements.

#### Unbilled Receivables and Revenue Recognition

Contracts are accounted for based upon hourly billing performance. Hours worked on a project are billed as incurred. Hourly billing is considered to be the most relevant measure of performance on the contracts.

Revenues recognized prior to invoicing the client are recorded as unbilled receivables, where the collection of the receivable is probable. Unbilled amounts will be invoiced in subsequent periods. As of June 30, 2015 the District has \$15,290 in unbilled receivables. Of this amount, \$11,050 is attributable to engineering fees and \$4,240 is attributable to construction inspection fees.

#### Bridge Inspection Fees

Bridge inspection fees are payments from the Oklahoma Department of Transportation for the inspections of bridges within the district. The District also inspects, repairs, and posts signs for a fee.

#### Engineering Fees

The District performs most required design engineering for the bridge and road construction projects within the district; the fees for the design services are estimated to be a percentage of the total estimated cost of construction for each project. The District is reimbursed at an agreed hourly rate for actual work performed for each project.

#### Construction Inspection Fees

The District performs most required construction inspection for bridge and road construction projects within the district; fees for the inspection services are estimated to be a percentage of the total estimated cost of construction for each project. The District is reimbursed at an agreed hourly rate for actual work performed for each project.

#### Right of Way Acquisition Fees

Right of Way Acquisition fees are earned for the construction and repair of bridges across the district. Fees are billed at the completion of the project. These fees also include reimbursements for material and supplies used on the project.

#### Sign Fees

The District produces traffic signs for member counties and cities. The fees for production are based upon a standard rate charge. Fees are charged upon completion of the sign order.

#### Auction Proceeds

Auction proceeds represent the District's percentage of the sales commission generated from the yearly auctions held for surplus equipment and machinery. The District serves as host for the event and is paid accordingly.

#### Contributions

As a governmental operating entity, the District receives contributions from other political divisions including the State of Oklahoma.

#### Sale of asphalt

The Authority sells asphalt emulsion product to members and municipalities within the district area for roadway construction and repair.

#### Equity Classifications

#### Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b.Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantor, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

#### Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),

#### Restricted

Fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,

#### Committed

Fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Directors, the District's highest level of decision-making authority,

#### Assigned

Fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Balances are identified by the District's Board, and

#### <u>Unassigned</u>

Fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a government unit, the District and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### 2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The District complies with all state regulations requiring the use of separate funds.

#### 2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. See Note 4.A.

#### 2.C. FUND EQUITY RESTRICTIONS

#### **Deficit Prohibition**

Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund. The District complied with this statute in all material respects for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 3. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND CHARGES FOR SERVICES

Revenues are received from member counties which are related parties of the District. Such receipts are considered charges for services and include payment for engineering fees, construction inspection, and county road signs. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the member counties contributed the following funds to the District for services provided:

	Revenue
	 Earned
Beckham County	 223,227
Blaine County	377,166
Custer County	514,924
Dewey County	228,257
Greer County	218,715
Harmon County	203,503
Jackson County	301,620
Kiowa County	247,887
Roger Mills County	91,061
Tillman County	144,719
Washita County	 245,354
Total Member Contributions	\$ 2,796,433

At June 30, 2015, amounts due from related parties were as follows:

	June 30, 2015		
Beckham County	\$	114,754	
Blaine County		89,498	
Custer County		44,684	
Dewey County		16,453	
Greer County		860	
Harmon County		25,118	
Jackson County		58,545	
Kiowa County		37,454	
Roger Mills County		546	
Tillman County		40,920	
Washita County		50,388	
Total Member County Receivable	\$	479,220	

#### NOTE 4. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

#### 4.A. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### Deposits

The District's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note 1.D. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District was in compliance of the required collateral pledge for custody risk. Assets in excess of FDIC limits were secured with a line of credit in the amount of \$2,000,000 from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) of Topeka.

The District invests in certificates of deposit which are reported as Investments and Restricted Investments in the Statement of Net Position. At June 30, 2015, the District held two certificates of deposit in the amount of \$505,336 each with an interest rate of 0.3% and a total 5.3 weighted average months to maturity. Cost equates to fair value of the certificate of deposit. The District holds no other investments.

#### 4.B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists of engineering fees, bridge inspection fees, sign revenues, and construction inspection fees, as well as the unbilled receivable due to the District based upon hourly fees for construction inspection and engineering projects.

#### 4.C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Ju	ly 1, 2014	A	dditions	D	isposals	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Land	\$	35,214	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,214
Equipment		493,926		40,916		170,901		363,941
Vehicles		249,279		214,977		144,234		320,022
Building improvements		417,748		-		-		417,748
Building		201,357		4,300		4,517		201,140
		1,397,524		260,193		319,652		1,338,065
Less accumulated depreciation		786,343		188,050		268,000		706,393
Net capital assets	\$	602,953					\$	631,672

#### **Business-type Activities:**

	Ju	ıly 1, 2014	A	dditions	Dis	posals	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Land	\$	14,786	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,786
Equipment		1,521,042		107,524		-		1,628,566
Site development		603,125		-		-		603,125
Building		69,877		-		-		69,877
Emulsion recipe		575,000		-		-		575,000
		2,783,830		107,524		-		2,891,354
Less accumulated depreciation		120,143		131,376		-		251,519
Net capital assets	\$	2,663,687					\$	2,639,835

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 56,551
Engineering	17,043
Construction inspection	81,442
Bridge inspection	10,616
Bridge building	22,046
Sign	 352
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 188,050

Depreciation for the Authority is reported on the face of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Fund.

#### 4.D. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable for the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

#### Business-Type Activities

Notes Payable:

\$2,350,000 payable to Interbank dated December 2012, due in semi-annual installments over 8 years plus interest of 5%. Loan matures in December 2020. Proceeds were used to fund the CED #7 Energy District Authority initial operations.

\$575,000 payable to Paul Beavers amended October 2014 payable in 425,000 installments, carrying a 0% interest rate. Loan matures April 2017. Proceeds were used for the purchase of title and interest in the rubber asphalt formula.

\$2,341,123

#### Changes in Long-Term Debt

	Balance at July 1, 2014	Amount Issued	Amount Retired	Balance at June 20, 2015	Due Within One Year
Business-type activites					
Notes Payable					
Interbank	\$2,205,651	-	\$ 289,528.00	\$ 1,916,123	\$ 463,209
Paul Beavers	517,000		92,000	425,000	141,667
Total primary government	\$2,722,651	\$ -	\$ 381,528	\$ 2,341,123	\$ 604,876

#### **Annual Debt Service Requirements**

Year Ending June 30	Notes Payable						
	Principal	Interest					
2016	604,876	94,747					
2017	476,170	68,516					
2018	493,104	51,582					
2019	369,229	33,790					
2020	387,921	15,098					
2021	9,825	246					
Totals	\$ 2,341,123	\$ 263,979					

#### NOTE 5. OTHER NOTES

#### 5.A. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The District has a defined contribution plan (a "457 plan") which covers all District employees. The District contributes 12% of the covered employee's payroll. Employees are 100% vested in employer contributions upon entering the plan. Total contribution expense was \$85,202 in fiscal year 2015. The plan is administered by Lincoln Life.

#### **5.B. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risk of loss as follows:

<u>Types of Loss</u> General Liability - Torts - Error and Omissions - Officer Liability - Vehicle	Method Managed The District participates in a public entity risk pool – Association of County Commissioners of Oklahoma – Self Insured Group (ACCO-SIG)	Risk of Loss Retained If claims exceed pool assets, the District would have to pay its share of the pool deficit.
Physical Plant - Theft - Damages to Assets - Natural Disasters	The District participates in a public entity risk pool – ACCO-SIG.	If claims exceed pool assets, the District would have to pay its share of the pool deficit.
Worker's Compensation - Employees' Injuries	The District participated in a public entity risk pool – ACCO-SIF	If claims exceed pool assets, the District would have to pay its share of the pool deficit.
Health and Life - Medical - Disability - Dental - Life	The District carries commercial insurance for these types of risk.	None

#### ACCO-SIG

The pool operates as a common risk management and insurance program and is to be selfsustaining through member premiums. Each participating member pays a deductible amount for each insured event as stated in the "Certificate of Participation." The risk pool pays legitimate claims in excess of the deductible amounts up to and including \$50,000 per insured event. The pool has acquired commercial reinsurance to cover claims in excess of \$50,000 up to \$1,000,000 limit per insured event. The pool, established in 1986, has never had to assess additional premiums to be paid by its members.

#### ACCO-SIF

The pool operates as a common risk management and insurance program and is to be selfsustaining through member premiums. ACCO-SIF was set up in 1984 and pays legitimate worker's compensation claims up to \$500,000 per incident. A reinsurance policy, with no limit,

pays claims that exceed \$500,000 for a particular incident. The pool has not assessed additional premiums to be paid by its members in the past three years.

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District when combined with internal cash reserves.

#### **5.C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

In June 2014, the Board of Directors authorized the Executive Director to hire an attorney to explore potential litigation with the company that manufactured and installed the operating equipment at the emulsion plant. The matter was resolved in August 2014 with the manufacturer reimbursing the CED \$22,392.40 for the necessary repair work.

#### 5.D. Date of Management's Review

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 30, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT # 7, OKLAHOMA**

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amount	S		
Original Budget	Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable / (Unfavorable)
\$ 425,000	\$-	\$ 425,000	\$ 495,117	\$ 70,117
160,000	-	160,000	168,901	8,901
1,300,000	-	1,300,000	1,448,229	148,229
50,000	-	50,000	59,988	9,988
900,000	-	900,000	881,308	(18,692)
190,000	-	190,000	269,879	79,879
25,000	-	25,000	34,048	9,048
,	-	,		78,800
-	-	-	,	2,047
3,050,000	-	3,050,000	3,438,317	388,317
292.500	-	292,500	125.903	166.597
,	-	,	,	(2,693)
101,000		101,000	100,000	(2,000)
112 320	_	112 320	74 970	37,350
				1,724
10,000		10,000	11,070	1,724
515 800		515 800	515 318	482
,	-	,	,	402
009,000	-	009,000	304,002	44,330
22.240		22 240	24 215	(875)
,	-	,	,	(34,729)
23,750	-	23,750	50,479	(34,729)
470 400		470 400	C 40, 007	(407 507)
	-		,	(167,527)
108,300	-	108,300	80,154	28,146
-	-	-	-	-
	-			(77,298)
	-			7,807
2,830,110		2,830,110	2,826,188	3,922
219,890		219,890	612,129	392,239
-	-	-	3,626,865	
	\$ 425,000 160,000 1,300,000 50,000 900,000 25,000 3,050,000 292,500 151,300 112,320 13,600 515,800 609,800 23,340 23,750 476,400 108,300 235,000 268,000 2,830,110	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Budgetary Process**

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, the general fund is required to adopt a formal budget. The budget presented for the general fund included the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and the supplemental appropriations. The level of budgetary control is at the object level for the District. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by approval of the Board. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year, which increased the original budget amounts.

1. Estimated Resources

As part of the District's budgetary process, the Board approves the official estimated resources. The official estimated resources state the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to adoptions, the Board must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available from estimated resources. The estimated resources may be further amended during the year if the Board determines that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased.

2. Appropriations

Appropriations are required at the object level, personal services, maintenance and operations, or capital outlay, within the fund. Appropriations may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources. Allocations of appropriations among funds and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by approval of the Board.

#### 3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under GAAP, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements and on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District did not exceed total budgeted expenditures.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

Date of Creation:	1999
Member Counties	Beckham Blaine Custer Dewey Greer Harmon Jackson Kiowa Roger Mills Tillman Washita
	The first Circuit Engineering District in Oklahoma
Number of Full-time Employees	General government – 3 Bridge inspection – 2 Engineering – 6 Right of Way Acquisition - 1 Construction Inspection – 6 Sign Shop – 1
Emulsion Plant:	Number of Full-time Employees - 2

Source: Circuit Engineering District #7

# **CIRCUIT ENGINEERING DISTRICT #7**

## 

				MISCELLA	NEOUS ST	ATISTICS						
				Oct	tober 14, 20	15	1	1			1	
	Beckham	Blaine	Custer	Dewey	Greer	Harmon	Jackson	Kiowa	Roger Mills	Tillman	Washita	Total
Miles of Roads inside the District:	Deckham	Diame	Custer	Dewey	Green	Harmon	Jackson	Riowa	Roger wints	Tiinnan	wasinta	Total
State (includes Interstates)	309	177	157	138	128	103	153	213	164	149	178	1,869
County	1,153	1,309	1,401	1,148	845	777	1,210	1,548	1,258	1,437	1,671	13,757
Total Road Miles	1,462	1,486	1,558	1,286	973		,	1,761	1,422	1,586	1,849	15,626
Number of Bridges inside the District:												
State (includes Interstates)	129	54	122	34	28	29	53	117	51	72	81	770
County **	182	232	275	138	198	76		342	101	213	304	2,301
Total Bridges	311	286	397	172	226	105		459	152	285	385	3,071
Substandard Bridges inside the District:												
State (includes Interstates)	11	3	14		-	1	1	11	3	1	7	52
County **	13	39	26	- 8	13	2	32	52	1	28	72	286
Total Substandard Bridges	24	42	40	8				63	4	29	72	338
Replacement Cost of All Deficient State Bridges	\$ 10 101 000	¢ 6 120 000	\$ 54,312,000	¢	\$-	¢ 5545000	¢ 6 456 000	\$ 17,390,000	¢ 5,226,000	¢ 1 600 000	\$ 12,387,000	¢ 128 246 000
Replacement Cost of All Deficient County Bridges												
Total Replacement Cost of All Deficient Bridges	22,880,000	\$ 11,629,000 17,758,000	<u>5</u> 8,433,000 62,745,000	<u>5</u> 2,444,900 2,444,900	\$ 8,748,600 8,748,600	<u>5</u> <u>900,000</u> 6,445,000		\$ 15,955,000 33,345,000	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> 7,603,000 9,293,000	\$ 22,124,000 34,511,000	\$ 92,823,500 221,169,500
Number of Road/Bridge Projects* inside the District:												
State (includes Interstates)	3	-	3	1	3	-	1	5	1	1	4	22
County	1	3	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	10
Total Projects	4	3	3	3	3	-	2	7	1	1	5	32
\$'s of Road/Bridge Projects* inside the District:												
State	\$ 7,711,304	\$ -	\$ 12,856,292	\$ 8,009.587	\$ 8.201.071	\$ -	\$ 1.599.742	\$ 12,163,531	\$ 2,768,821	\$ 261.058	\$ 4,875,042	\$ 58,446,448
County	422,169	4,725,951	-	1,478,558		-	4,150,099	4,704,871	-	-	332,243	15,813,891
Total \$'s of Projects		\$ 4,725,951	\$ 12,856,292	, ,	\$ 8,201,071	\$-		\$ 16,868,402	\$ 2,768,821	\$ 261,058	\$ 5,207,285	
*Amounts based on Oklahoma Department of Transportation ** Most of the temporary pipes were removed from the inve				o June 30, 201	5							
			,									
Sources: 1) Circuit Engineering District #7, 2) ODOT Bridg	e Division's "Sum	mary Bridge Re	port, September	2015", 3) ODO	T Website-Bid L	etting- Projects	Awarded					

OTHER REPORTS



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Circuit Engineering District # 7

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of Circuit Engineering District # 7, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2015.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Circuit Engineering District #7's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Circuit Engineering District #7's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Circuit Engineering District #7's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Circuit Engineering District #7's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

205 W. McElroy Rd. Ste 1 • Stillwater, OK 74075 •Office: 405.624.9500 •Fax: 405.624.7326 1300 Main St. • Woodward, OK 73801 •Office: 580.256.6830 •Fax: 580.256.6019

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

7SW-B CPAS-PLLC

FSW&B CPAs-PLLC Woodward, OK October 26, 2015