Bluejacket School District No. I-20

Craig County, Oklahoma

Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

TURNER & ASSOCIATES, PLC Certified Public Accountants P.O. Box 378 Vinita, OK 74301 (918) 256-6788

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma School District Officials June 30, 2015

Board of Education

President John Rogers

Vice-President David Brown

Clerk Randy Henry

Member Jamie North

Member Johnnie Hurst

Superintendent of Schools

Shellie Baker

School District Treasurer

Philip Geren

Minute Clerk

Diana Beehler

Encumbrance Clerk

Diana Beehler

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Apparatus with Consumers Auditing Standards	4-5
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	4-3
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	6
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	7
Management's Discussion and Analysis	8-13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position-Regulatory Basis	14
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position-Regulatory Basis	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds-Regulatory Basis	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Net Position -Regulatory Basis	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Governmental Funds-Regulatory Basis	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes	
in Net Position-Regulatory Basis	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds-Regulatory Basis	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21-34
Other Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -	
Governmental Funds	35-37
Notes to Budgetary Information	38
Combining Balance Sheet-Non-Major Governmental Funds-Regulatory Basis	39
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Non-Major Governmental Funds-Regulatory Basis	40
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	41-42
Other Department of Education Required Information	
Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	43
Audit Acknowledgement	44



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Bluejacket, Craig County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements – regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bluejacket School District No. I-20, Craig County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2015, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position – regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position – regulatory basis for the year then ended on the regulator basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and notes on pages 8-13 and 35-38, are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and notes on pages 8-13 and 35-38, which are the responsibility of management, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with

certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vinita, Oklahoma

TURNER & Associates, PLC

February 11, 2016





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Bluejacket, Craig County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying basic financial statements – regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bluejacket School District No. I-20, Craig County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2016, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies as item 2015-01.

224 West Flint Ave., Vinita, OK 74301 Phone: 918.256.6788 Fax: 918.256.3739

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bluejacket School District's Response to Findings

TURNER & ASSOCIATES, PLC

The Bluejacket School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bluejacket School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vinita, Oklahoma

February 11, 2016

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the basic financial statements-regulatory basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education.
- 2. One deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Bluejacket School District were disclosed during the audit.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2015-1 Negative Fund Balance in Co-Op Fund

Criteria: Per the Oklahoma Cost Accounting System CODED manual each fund should have a positive fund balance, if not there should be documented the reason for the negative fund balance and the plan to correct the issue.

Condition: The Co-Op Fund Balance was (\$116.68) at June 30, 2015.

Cause: The District was required to repay \$116.68 in prior year indirect costs. In October 2015, \$116.68 was transferred from General Fund to the Co-Op Fund to correct the negative balance.

Effect: Negative fund balance of \$116.68.

Recommendation: All claims adjustments should be filed before June 1st.

Client Response: No response

This is a repeat finding.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

2014-1 Negative Fund Balance in Co-Op Fund

Criteria: Per the Oklahoma Cost Accounting System CODED manual each fund should have a positive fund balance, if not there should be documented the reason for the negative fund balance and the plan to correct the issue.

Condition: The Co-Op Fund Balance was (\$27,920.12) at June 30, 2014.

Cause: The District filed claims on \$23,359.74 prior to June 2, 2014; however, the funds were not released by Career Tech before June 30, 2014. There was \$4,590.03 claimed that was filed late.

Effect: Negative fund balance of \$27,920.12.

Recommendation: All claims should be filed with Career Tech before June 1st.

Client Response: All claims will be filed before June 1st.

As management of the Bluejacket School District No. I-20 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total net position of the District increased by \$98,974 or 5% over the fiscal year.
- General revenues accounted for \$1,703,989 or 84% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$338,054 or 16% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The District had \$1,943,069 in expenses related to governmental activities: \$332,364 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities were offset by property tax levies, state and county sources, and other miscellaneous sources.
- Governmental activities capital assets increased by a net of \$646,979, primarily due to the construction of a new Saferoom/PE building.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities with a difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increase or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlining event given rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.(e.g., reserves paid in the following year).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-15 of this report

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories –governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental find financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances on spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluation a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Building, and Child Nutrition, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General, Building and Child Nutrition Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the major funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and are presented as required supplemental information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements –The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-34 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain information required by the Oklahoma State Department of Education concerning the District's budgetary comparisons and notes. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 35-39 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District's Net Position is reported in the Statement of Net Position on page 14.

The District's total net position was \$1,940,944 at June 30, 2015.

District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities									
		June 30, 2015	J	June 30, 2014		Difference	ces			
Current Assets	\$	790,962	\$	1,394,968	\$	(604,006)	-76.4%			
Capital Assets		2,003,295		1,356,316		646,979	32.3%			
Total Assets	<u> </u>	2,794,257		2,751,284		42,973	1.5%			
Liabilities		853,313		909,314		(56,001)	-6.6%			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,253,295		581,767		671,528	53.6%			
Restricted		488,604		791,246		(302,642)	-61.9%			
Unrestricted		199,045		468,957		(269,912)	-135.6%			
Total Net Position	\$	1,940,944	\$	1,841,970	\$	98,974	5.1%			

Most of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (land, buildings, buses and equipment). The remaining net position is a combination of restricted and unrestricted amounts. The restricted balances are amounts set aside by management for specific purposes as planned by the District or required by law.

The net position of the District increased by \$98,974 or 5%. This increase is comprised of an increase of \$671,528 increase in net investment in capital assets; a decrease of \$302,642 in restricted net position; and a decrease of \$269,912 in unrestricted net position - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, legislation or other legal requirements.

ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S OPERATIONS

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014. Governmental activities increased the District's total net position by \$98,974.

District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities									
		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		Difference	S			
Revenues:					•					
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$	84,912	\$	16,607	\$	68,305	80.4%			
Operating Grants and Contributions		253,142		292,978		(39,835)	-15.7%			
General Revenues										
Property Taxes		465,948		605,308		(139,360)	-29.9%			
State Aid		1,140,272		924,842		215,430	18.9%			
Investment Earnings		1,352		2,848		(1,496)	-110.6%			
Reimbursements		11,851		11,623		228	1.9%			
Miscellaneous		84,536		67,341		17,195	20.3%			
Estopped Warrants		30		38		(8)	-25.4%			
Total Revenues		2,042,043		1,921,584		120,459	5.9%			
Expenses										
Instruction		1,018,862		1,070,134		(51,272)	-5.0%			
Support Services		648,626		665,692		(17,066)	-2.6%			
Non-Instruction Services		118,488		117,139		1,349	1.1%			
Capital Outlays		56,171		51,588		4,583	8.2%			
Other Outlays		6,908		4,172		2,736	39.6%			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		20,918		1,342		19,576	93.6%			
Unallocated Depreciation Expense		73,096		70,975		2,121	2.9%			
Total Expenses		1,943,069		1,981,042		(37,973)	-2.0%			
Increase in Net Position		98,974		(59,458)		158,432	160.1%			
Net Position, Beginning		1,841,970		1,901,428		(59,458)	-3.2%			
Net Position, Ending	\$	1,940,944	\$	1,841,970	\$	98,974	5.1%			
. •										

Property taxes made up 22.8% of total revenues for the District in fiscal year 2015 while operating grants contributed another 12.4% and State Aid provided 55.8% of revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds- The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$2,042,043 and expenditures of \$2,614,596. The overall net decrease in fund balances of \$572,553 is comprised of an increase in the General Fund balance of \$19,764; an increase in the Building Fund balance of \$8,901; an increase in the Debt Service Fund of \$73,601; a decrease in the Capital Project Fund of \$706,619; an increase in the Child Nutrition Fund balance of \$3,996; an increase in the Cooperative Fund of \$27,803.

CAPITAL ASSET

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$3,305,796 (excluding accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and transportation equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Completed construction of the Saferoom/PE building.

Capital Assets at Year- end Excluding Accumulated Depreciation

Governmental Activities								
	Balance		Balance					
Jui	ne 30, 2015	June 30, 2014						
\$	14,211	\$	14,211					
	-		43,117					
	2,929,031		2,165,839					
	362,554		362,554					
\$	3,305,796	\$	2,585,722					
		Balance June 30, 2015 \$ 14,211 - 2,929,031 362,554	Balance June 30, 2015 \$ 14,211 - 2,929,031 362,554					

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found Note 2 on page 30 of this report.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the District had a total of general obligation bonds payable of \$750,000, which are backed by future revenues of the Debt Service Fund.

	 Governmental Activities								
	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014						
General Obligations	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000						
Lease Payable	-		24,549						
Total Bonds and Leases Outstanding	\$ 750,000	\$	774,549						

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 on pages 30-31 of this report.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that school districts can issue to 10% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits. At June 30, 2015, the District's total bonding capacity was \$846,970 with \$750,000 in bonds outstanding for a net bonding capacity of \$96,970.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In the 2015-16 Budget, General Fund revenues are budgeted to increase from the 2014-15 Budget. General property taxes as certified assessed valuations have increased over this year. The State sources of revenue make up 67% of General fund revenues and have decreased by 10% from the preceding year. This revenue source is the most volatile and subject to decline if the State of Oklahoma is unable to supplement its income.

As a result of the potential impact in revenue, the District has made a concerted effort to limit appropriations to only those items truly necessary.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Superintendent's office at Bluejacket School District, P.O. Box 29, Bluejacket, OK 74333-0029.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position (Regulatory Basis) June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities					
ASSETS	-	_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	790,962.34				
Capital Assets:						
Land		14,210.86				
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment						
net of depreciation		1,989,083.89				
TOTAL ASSETS		2,794,257.09				
LIABILITIES						
Warrants Payable		103,313.02				
Long-term liabilities						
General obligation bonds payable		750,000.00				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		853,313.02				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in Capital Assets		1,253,294.75				
Restricted		199,045.21				
Unrestricted		488,604.11				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,940,944.07				

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Regulatory Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Program Revenues									
				Charges		Operating	C	Capital		
				for		Grants and		ants and		Net
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	_	Services		Contributions	Con	tributions		(Expense)
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	1,018,862.37	\$	_	\$	253,142.16	\$	_	\$	(765,720.21)
Support Services		648,626.37	·		•	,	·			(648,626.37)
Non-Instruction Services		174,658.93		79,221.83						(95,437.10)
Other Outlays		6,907.83		-		-		-		(6,907.83)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		20,917.50		-		-		-		(20,917.50)
Unallocated Depreciation Expense		73,095.63		_		-		-		(73,095.63)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,943,068.63	\$	79,221.83	\$	253,142.16	\$	-		(1,610,704.64)
Property Taxes, levice Property Taxes, levice Property Taxes, levice State Aid County Sources not a Tuition and Fees Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Reimbursements Special Items:	ed for	debt service		ıms						330,582.83 93,986.40 1,140,272.37 41,378.47 5,690.00 1,352.30 84,535.99 11,850.52
Prior year estopped	warı	ants								30.00
Total General Revenu										1,709,678.88
Change in Net Positio	n									98,974.24
Net Position, Beginnin	_								Φ.	1,841,969.83
Net Position, Ending	or Ye	ar							\$	1,940,944.07

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Regulatory Basis) June 30, 2015

	General Fund		Building Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Project Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	584,426.58	\$	88,966.82	\$	75,117.89	\$	-	\$	42,451.05	\$	790,962.34
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	CE											
Liabilities:												
Warrants Payable	\$	95,705.79	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,607.23	\$	103,313.02
Fund Balance:												
Restricted for:												
Capital Project Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service Fund		-		-		75,117.89		-		-		75,117.89
Building Fund		-		88,966.82		-		-		-		88,966.82
Child Nutrition Fund		-		-		-		-		34,960.50		34,960.50
Unassigned:												-
Co-Op Fund		-		-		-		-		(116.68)		(116.68)
General Fund		488,720.79		-		-		-		_		488,720.79
Total Fund Balance		488,720.79		88,966.82		75,117.89		-		34,843.82		687,649.32
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	584,426.58	\$	88,966.82	\$	75,117.89	\$	-	\$	42,451.05	\$	790,962.34

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Regulatory Basis) June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds			\$	687,649.32
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net because:	Position	are different		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource	es and t	herefore,		
are not reported as assets in governmental funds. These consist of:				
Land	\$	14,210.86		
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment				
net of depreciation		1,989,083.89	-	2,003,294.75
General obligation bonds payable are not included in the governmental fund liabilities.				
General Obligations Bonds Payable				(750,000.00)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	1,940,944.07

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General Fund		Building Fund]	Debt Service Fund	C	apital Project Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:												
Local Sources	\$	331,760.30	\$	79,285.71	\$	94,038.16	\$	-	\$	16,468.20	\$	521,552.37
Intermediate Sources		41,378.47		-		-		-		-		41,378.47
State Sources		1,125,607.97		1,000.00		-		-		13,664.40		1,140,272.37
Federal Sources		173,887.43				-		_		164,952.23		338,839.66
Total Revenues		1,672,634.17		80,285.71		94,038.16		_		195,084.83		2,042,042.87
Expenditures:		007.460.00								22 (24 25		1 010 000 05
Instruction		985,168.32		-		-		-		33,694.05		1,018,862.37
Support Services		647,863.71		1,758.64		-		-		24,232.91		673,855.26
Non-Instruction Services		13,171.98		-		-		-		105,316.14		118,488.12
Capital Outlay		-		69,625.83		-		706,619.25		-		776,245.08
Other Outlays		6,665.68		-		200.00		-		42.15		6,907.83
Interest		-		-		20,237.50						20,237.50
Total Expenditures		1,652,869.69		71,384.47		20,437.50		706,619.25		163,285.25		2,614,596.16
Excess (Deficit) of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditure		19,764.48		8,901.24		73,600.66		(706,619.25)		31,799.58		(572,553.29)
Fund Balance												
Beginning of Year		468,956.31		80,065.58		1,517.23		706,619.25		3,044.24		1,260,202.61
Fund Balance End of Year	¢	400 720 70	\$	99 066 92	¢	75 117 90	¢		¢	24 942 92	¢	697 640 22
End of Year	\$	488,720.79	Þ	88,966.82	\$	75,117.89	\$		\$	34,843.82	\$	687,649.32

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the District Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Regulatory Basis)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$	(572,553.29)						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the because:	Statement o	f Activities are different							
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.									
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense	\$	720,074.27 (73,095.63)		646,978.64					
Payments on capitalized lease obligations are included in debt service expenditures in the governmental funds. The principal portion of these payments is reported as a reduction of liabilities in the statement of activities, while the interest portion of these payments is an expenditure. General obligation receipts are not recorded as revenue in the statement of activities.									
Principal payments on capital lease obligations				24,548.89					

98,974.24

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Regulatory Basis) Agency Funds June 30, 2015

	School Activity Funds											
	Balance			Balance								
	July 1, 2014	_	Receipts	D	isbursements	Ju	ne 30, 2015					
Assets:												
Cash:												
High School	\$ 52,673.75	\$	126,346.01	\$	127,913.18	\$	51,106.58					
Middle School	1,034.78		3,220.09		2,706.78		1,548.09					
Elementary	2,571.54		7,614.41		6,105.61		4,080.34					
All Schools			139.15		139.15							
Total Assets	\$ 56,280.07	\$	137,319.66	\$	136,864.72	\$	56,735.01					
Liabilities:												
Due to Student Groups:												
High School:												
Yearbook	\$ 6,706.92	\$	4,642.72	\$	7,156.00	\$	4,193.64					
Athletics	20,458.78		40,010.73		42,577.75		17,891.76					
Concession	6,933.99		14,320.18		14,395.87		6,858.30					
FCCLA	2,172.41		8,610.69		7,781.59		3,001.51					
Student Council	193.61		_		_		193.61					
HS Cheerleaders	765.75		3,225.68		2,480.47		1,510.96					
FFA	7,962.02		44,658.86		41,648.71		10,972.17					
NHS	323.98		_		_		323.98					
Class of 2014	258.82		_		258.82		-					
Class of 2016	473.22		-		-		473.22					
MS/HS Project	6,424.25		10,877.15		11,613.97		5,687.43					
Middle School:												
MS Cheerleaders	842.09		3,220.09		2,706.78		1,355.40					
Class of 2018	41.00		_		_		41.00					
Class of 2019	63.00		-		-		63.00					
Class of 2020	88.69		-		-		88.69					
Elementary School:												
Elementary	2,374.24		5,030.57		3,521.77		3,883.04					
All School Project	3.47		2,583.84		2,583.84		3.47					
Class of 2021	79.83		-		-		79.83					
Class of 2022	31.00		-		-		31.00					
Class of 2023	41.50		-		-		41.50					
Class of 2024	41.50		_		_		41.50					
All Schools:												
General Fund in Activity			139.15		139.15							
Total Liabilities	\$ 56,280.07	\$	137,319.66	\$	136,864.72	\$	56,735.01					

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Bluejacket School District, No. I-20, Craig County, Oklahoma (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board) composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Local Independent School District. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is, in substance, the format established by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

As the basis of accounting, the basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is paid.
- Capital assets are recorded when acquired and depreciated over their useful lives.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

The Fund financial conform to the regulatory (statutory) basis of accounting, which is another comprehensive basis of accounting other than general accepted accounting principles. The accounting policies are prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education and conform to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma.

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole), including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds), which provide a more detailed level of financial information. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District does not have any activities classified as business-type activities.

Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or activity. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity. In addition, program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Government-Wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are also provided for all of the governmental funds of the District. The District's major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported separately from governmental funds.

Fund Accounting - The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The two categories of funds are governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - are used to account for most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Governmental fund types use the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting, which is primarily cash receipts and disbursements with certain modifications as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting based on the flow of current financial resources measurement focus recognizing revenues when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available, normally considered available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period). As a result, Ad valorem taxes on real and personal property associated with the current fiscal period and all other revenue items as recorded as revenues when collected rather than when "measurable" and "available". Entitlements, grants and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt. Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements which are recognized when the obligations are expended to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting (continued)

<u>Building Fund</u> - The Building Fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - is the District's Sinking Fund and accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for servicing of general long-term debt (principal, interest and related costs). This is a budgeted fund. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied for debt service.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – is the District's Bond Fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, acquisition of technical equipment and acquiring transportation equipment.

Other governmental funds of the District that are considered non-major funds include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The special revenue funds are composed of the District's Building Fund and Co-Op Fund. These are budgeted funds and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the operations of the school cafeteria.

<u>Co-op Fund-</u> consists of monies derived from other Districts which participate in shared programs. This fund is used to account for the operations of the shared programs.

Fiduciary Funds - are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Agency Fund - is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations. Agency Funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fund raising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. This is not a budgeted fund. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds. These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the District.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance, Revenue and Expenditures (continued)

1. Deposits and Investments

State statutes govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The District invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

5. Inventories

The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2015, is not material to the financial statements. Acquisitions are considered expenditures at the time of purchase and are not recorded for financial statement purposes.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance, Revenue and Expenditures (continued)

6. Capital Assets (continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements (15-60 years); transportation equipment (5-15 years); equipment (5-15 years).

7. Compensated Absences

The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows personnel to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Upon retirement, accumulated sick leave days and unused sick leave days may be certified to the Teachers Retirement System to add creditable service for retirement purposes at the rate of one month of credit for each twenty days of accumulated sick leave up to a total of one hundred and twenty days. Unused sick leave is not paid out the employee. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable Statement of Net Position.

9. Net Position/Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statement, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints places on the use of resources for specific purposed versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance, Revenue and Expenditures (continued)

9. Net Position/Fund Balances (continued)

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are usable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The District's Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority of the District.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

11. Intermediate Revenues

Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance, Revenue and Expenditures (continued)

12. State Revenues

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by state aid formula under the provisions of Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

13. Federal Revenues

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The district maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

14. Non-Monetary Resources

The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities have been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

15. Resource Use Policy

It is in the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers the restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the District's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers committed, amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly, unassigned amounts.

II. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk: At June 30, 2015, the District held deposits of approximately \$848,259 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits are entirely covered by the Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk: The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with the acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgements, or bond revenue anticipation noted of the public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and the obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a-d).

The cash and investments held at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Type		Value	Cost		
Cash in Bank	\$	848,259.35	\$	848,259.35	

Concentration of Investment Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following credit risk: 100% Cash in Bank (\$848,259.35).

II. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

B. Changes in Capital Assets

Primary Government capital asset activity for the year ended is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2014			Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015		
Non Depreciable Assets		Julie 30, 2014	_	Additions		Deletions		une 30, 2013	
Land	\$	14,210.86	\$	-	\$	_	\$	14,210.86	
Construction in Progress		43,117.42	·	720,074.27	·	(763,191.69)	·	, -	
Total		57,328.28		720,074.27		(763,191.69)		14,210.86	
Depreciable Assets									
Buildings and Improvements		2,165,839.22		763,191.69		_		2,929,030.91	
Transportation Equipment		362,554.36		-		-		362,554.36	
Total Depreciable Assets		2,528,393.58		763,191.69		_		3,291,585.27	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,229,405.75)		(73,095.63)		-		(1,302,501.38)	
Net Depreciable Assets		1,298,987.83		690,096.06		-		1,989,083.89	
Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	1,356,316.11	\$	1,410,170.33	\$	(763,191.69)	\$	2,003,294.75	

C. Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

Bonds

The District issued building bonds in the amount of \$750,000 on May 1, 2014. The bond maturities begin May 1, 2016 in increments of \$70,000 for the first year with remaining payment of \$85,000 with final payment on May 1, 2024.

Debt service requirements for the 2014 building bonds are as follows:

_	General Obligation Bonds						Total	
Year Ended June 30,	Rate	Principal		Interest		Requirements		
2016	2.500%	\$	70,000.00	\$	20,237.50	\$	90,237.50	
2017	2.500%		85,000.00		18,487.50		103,487.50	
2018	2.500%		85,000.00		16,362.50		101,362.50	
2019	2.500%		85,000.00		14,237.50		99,237.50	
2020	2.500%		85,000.00		12,112.50		97,112.50	
2021-2024	Varies		340,000.00		25,797.50		365,797.50	
Totals		\$	750,000.00	\$	107,235.00	\$	857,235.00	

II. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

D. Leases

The District executed a lease to purchase a 2013 BlueBird Vision Bus with DeLage Landen Public Finance on November 16, 2012. The amount of the lease is \$73,665 with interest of 2.77%. This lease was paid off during the current year.

E. Changes in General Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of bonds payable and capital lease obligations. The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt of the District for the fiscal year.

Balance								Balance	Due Within		
	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Proceeds		Payments		June 30, 2015		One Year		
Bonds Payable	\$	750,000.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	750,000.00	\$	70,000.00	
Lease Obligations		24,548.89		-		24,548.89		-		-	
Total	\$	774,548.89	\$	-	\$	24,548.89	\$	750,000.00	\$	70,000.00	

III. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District is a member of Oklahoma Schools Risk Management Trust (OSRMT) and purchases shared commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. The District had the following insurance coverage during the year: commercial property-\$8,591,403; general liability-\$2,000,000; and educators liability-\$1,000,000.

The District also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma.

In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the District's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the loss fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

III. Other Information (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program (OESC). In this program the District is required to maintain a minimum finding level for unemployment insurance. At June 30, 2015, the District had \$5,500 in deposits with the OPSUCP and had claims in 2014-2015 totaling \$2,027.49. The funds for each district are kept separate and districts can contribute more of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in their account they would be liable for the excess.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Non-Monetary Transactions

The fair market value as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services of the commodities received during the period under audit was \$9,295.23.

D. Employee Retirement System and Plan

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2015

III. Other Information (continued)

D. Employee Retirement System and Plan (continued)

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee may make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation.

Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for the positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma plus federal contribution contributed the remaining 4.5% during the year. The combined state and local rate will stabilize at 14%. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to pay 16.5% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$89,616, \$96,107, and \$96,581, respectively.

Schedule of Funding Progress (dollars in millions)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)(a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)(b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)(b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (b-a)/(c)
6/30/2005	6,952.7	14,052.4	7,099.7	49.5%	3,175.2	223.6%
6/30/2006	7,470.4	15,143.4	7,672.9	49.3%	3,354.9	228.7%
6/30/2007	8,421.9	16,024.4	7,602.5	52.6%	3,598.9	211.2%
6/30/2008	9,256.8	18,346.9	9,090.1	50.5%	3,741.4	242.3%
6/30/2009	9,439.0	18,950.9	9,512.0	49.8%	3,807.9	249.8%
6/30/2010	9,566.7	19,980.6	10,414.0	47.9%	3,854.8	270.2%
6/30/2011	9,960.6	17,560.8	7,600.2	56.7%	3,773.3	201.4%
6/30/2012	10,190.5	18,588.0	8,397.6	54.8%	3,924.8	214.0%
6/30/2013	10,861.1	18,973.2	8,112.1	57.2%	3,933.1	203.3%
6/30/2014	14,229.5	19,646.6	5,417.1	72.4%	4,304.3	125.9%

Note: Dollar amounts in millions

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2015

III. Other Information (continued)

E. Surety Bonds

The Superintendent is bonded by the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 106058477, for the sum of \$100,000 for the term July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

The Treasurer is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 105306323, for the sum of \$75,000 for the term June 30, 2015 to June 29, 2016.

The Encumbrance Clerk/Activity Fund Custodian/Minutes Clerk is bonded by Western Surety Company, bond number 15421728, for the sum of \$5,000 each for the term June 19, 2015 to June 19, 2016.

V. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.



Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						F	ariance with inal Budget
		Original	Final		Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								
Local Sources	\$	287,825.92	\$	287,825.92	\$	331,760.30	\$	43,934.38
Intermediate Sources		40,393.60		40,393.60		41,378.47		984.87
State Sources		1,105,393.57		1,105,393.57		1,125,607.97		20,214.40
Federal Sources		161,018.32	161,018.32			173,887.43	12,869.11	
Total Revenues		1,594,631.41		1,594,631.41		1,672,634.17		78,002.76
				_				
Expenditures:								
Instruction		1,226,387.72		1,096,087.72		985,168.32		110,919.40
Support Services		820,000.00		940,000.00		647,863.71		292,136.29
Non-Instruction Services		12,000.00		19,000.00		13,171.98		5,828.02
Other Outlays		5,000.00		8,000.00		6,665.68		1,334.32
Other Uses		200.00		500.00		-		500.00
Total Expenditures		2,063,587.72		2,063,587.72		1,652,869.69		410,718.03
Excess (Deficit) of Revenu	100							
		(469.056.21)		(469.056.21)		10.764.49		499 730 70
Over (Under) Expediture	S	(468,956.31)		(468,956.31)		19,764.48		488,720.79
Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year		468,956.31		468,956.31		468,956.31		-
F 151								
Fund Balance					_			
End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	488,720.79	\$	488,720.79

UNAUDITED

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis - Building Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
		Original		Final	Actual		(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:									
Local Sources		37,950.72		37,950.72		79,285.71		41,334.99	
State Sources	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,000.00	\$	1,000.00	
Total Revenues		37,950.72		37,950.72		80,285.71		42,334.99	
Expenditures:									
Support Services		5,500.00		5,500.00		1,758.64		3,741.36	
Capital Outlay		112,516.30		112,516.30		69,625.83		42,890.47	
Total Expenditures		118,016.30		118,016.30		71,384.47		46,631.83	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenu Collected Over (Under)	es								
Expenditures Paid		(80,065.58)		(80,065.58)		8,901.24		88,966.82	
Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		80,065.58		80,065.58		80,065.58			
Fund Balance									
End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	88,966.82	\$	88,966.82	

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis - Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final to Actual	
Revenues:						,		
Local Sources	\$	93,720.27	\$	93,720.27	\$	93,986.40	\$	266.13
State Sources						51.76		51.76
Total Revenues		93,720.27		93,720.27		94,038.16		317.89
Expenditures:								
Principal Retirement		75,000.00		75,000.00		-		75,000.00
Interest and Fiscal Agent		20,237.50		20,237.50		20,437.50		(200.00)
Total Expenditures		95,237.50		95,237.50		20,437.50		74,800.00
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Collected Over (Under)	S							
Expenditures Paid		(1,517.23)		(1,517.23)		73,600.66		75,117.89
Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year		1,517.23		1,517.23		1,517.23		
Fund Balance								
End of Year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	75,117.89	\$	75,117.89

UNAUDITED

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Notes to the Budgetary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual Estimate of Needs. The annual Estimate of Needs is then approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board. Supplemental appropriations can be made during the year.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at yearend.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Regulatory Basis) June 30, 2015

		Special Rev	Total				
		Child			Non-Major		
		Nutrition		Cooperative	G	lovernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,567.73	\$	(116.68)	\$	42,451.05	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	CE						
Liabilities:							
Warrants Payable	\$	7,607.23	\$	-	\$	7,607.23	
Fund Balance:		_		_			
Restricted for:							
Child Nutrition Fund		34,960.50		-		34,960.50	
Unassigned:							
Co-Op Fund				(116.68)		(116.68)	
Total Fund Balance		34,960.50		(116.68)		34,843.82	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	42,567.73	\$ (116.68)		42,451.05		
			_	i	_		

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Special Rev	Total			
	Child			Non-Major	
	Nutrition		Cooperative		Governmental
Revenues:	Fund		Fund		Funds
Local Sources	\$ 16,468.20	\$	-	\$	16,468.20
State Sources	13,664.40		-		13,664.40
Federal Sources	79,221.83		85,730.40		164,952.23
Total Revenues	 109,354.43	\$	85,730.40		195,084.83
Expenditures:					
Instruction	-		33,694.05		33,694.05
Support Services	-		24,232.91		24,232.91
Non-Instruction Services	105,316.14		-		105,316.14
Other Outlays	 42.15		_		42.15
Total Expenditures	105,358.29		57,926.96		163,285.25
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,996.14		27,803.44		31,799.58
Fund Balance					
Beginning of Year	 30,964.36	_	(27,920.12)		3,044.24
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 34,960.50	\$	(116.68)	\$	34,843.82

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2014	Receipts	Federal Expenditures	Receivables / Payables Balance at June 30, 2015
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title VII, Part A - Indian Education	84.060	561	\$ 18,150.00	\$ -	\$ 18,150.00	\$ 18,150.00	\$ -
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	68,238.87	-	65,936.96	65,936.96	-
IDEA-B	84.027	621	41,956.24	-	41,956.24	41,956.24	-
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	208.64	_	208.64	208.64	-
Title VI, REAP	84.000	586	6,848.16		6,444.85	6,444.85	
Title VI, Subpart 2 - SRSAG	84 358A	588	19,876.00	-	19,876.00	19,876.00	-
Passed Through State Department of Vocational Education:							
Job Training -OJT	84.126	456	_		1,783.50	1,783.50	
Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act	84.048	423	58,195.00	27,920.12	85,847.08	57,926.96	
Total U.S. Department of Education			213,472.91	27,920.12	240,203.27	212,283.15	

Continued on next page

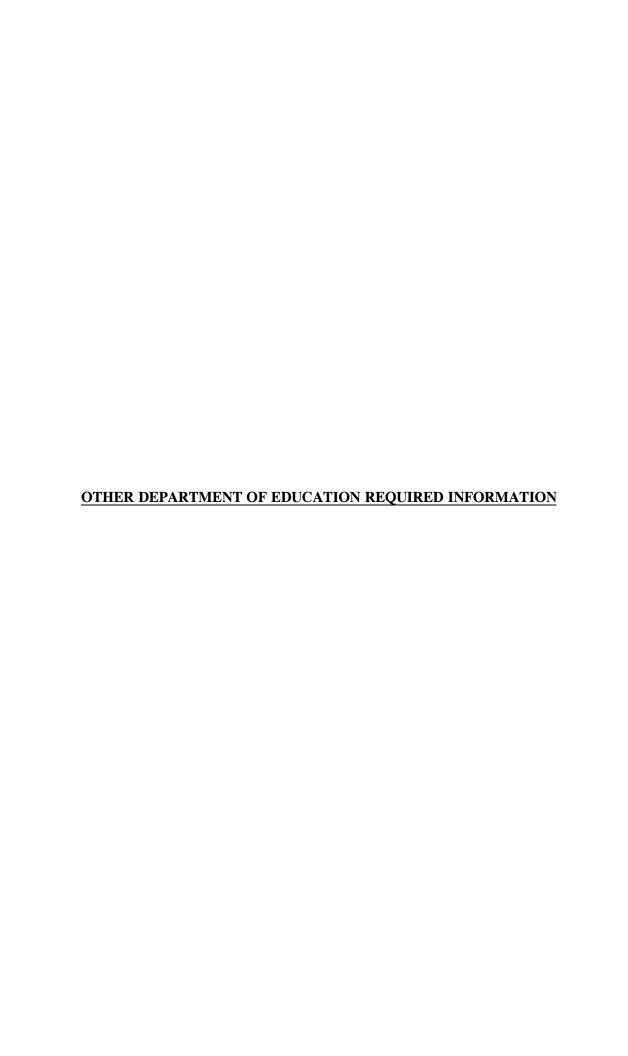
Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2014	Receipts	Federal Expenditures	Receivables / Payables Balance at June 30, 2015
U.S. Department of Agriculture							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	764	N/A	-	23,844.97	23,844.97	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763	N/A	-	55,376.86	55,376.86	-
Fresh Fruit/Vegetable Program	10.587	768	N/A	-	-	-	-
Passed Through Department of Health & Human Services Commodities - Note B	10.550	385	9,571.23	-	9,295.23	9,295.23	-
Passed Through Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Resources	93.778	698			10,701.18	10,701.18	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			9,571.23		99,218.24	99,218.24	
Other Federal Assistance Johnson O'Malley Program	15.130	563	3,465.00	699.86	2,354.39	3,038.96	1,384.43
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 226,509.14	\$ 28,619.98	\$ 341,775.90	\$ 314,540.35	\$ 1,384.43

Note A - This schedule was prepared on the accrual basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the basic financial statements except for nonmonetary assistance noted in Note B.

Note B - Food Distribution: Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.



Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

State of Oklahoma)
)ss
County of Craig)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Bluejacket Public Schools for the audit year 2014-2015.

Turner & Associates, PLC

Auditing Firm

by Brig m. June Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this That day of March, 2016.

My Commission Expires:

5th day of March, 2018

My Commission Number:

02001872

AUDIT ACKNOWLEDGEMNT

Bluejacket School District No. I-20 Craig County, Oklahoma June 30, 2015

The annual independent audit for Bluejacket School District was presented to the Board of Education in a Regular Board meeting on MAR 7, 2016 by Bill W. Turner, CPA for Turner & Associates, PLC.

The Board (as the governing body of the school district) acknowledges responsibility for the district's financial statements, internal controls and compliance with the law and regulations and the audit findings and exceptions that have been presented.

A copy of the audit, including this acknowledgement and the within 30 days from its presentation, as state	form, will be sent to the Oklahoma State Department of Education 70 O.S. § 22-108:
"The local board of education shall forward a cop within thirty (30) days at	y of the audit report to the State Board of Education receipt of the audit."
Superintendent of Schools	John O Roger Board of Education President
100	
Board of Education Vice President	Board of Education Clerk
Johnnie W. Hurst Board of Education Member	Board of Education Member
Diana C. Beekler Notary Public	
Subscribed and sworn before me on this	of March, 2016. My Commission expires on
N	NA C BEEHLER otary Public e of Oklahoma

Commission # 01011029 My Commission Expires Jul 2, 2017