Town of Langley, Oklahoma

Langley, Oklahoma

Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 Town of Langley, Oklahoma Town Officials June 30, 2016

Board of Trustees

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Member

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Ed Prine

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Langley Langley, OK

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Langley, State Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Langley's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation, and fair presentation, of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation, and fair presentation, of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan, and perform, the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts, and disclosures, in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates, made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient, and appropriate, to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Town Council Town of Langley, Oklahoma Page 2

OTHER MATTERS

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The introductory section, management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and Schedule of State and Federal Financial Assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of State and Federal Assistance and budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting, and other records, used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing, and reconciling, such information directly to the underlying accounting, and other records, used to prepare the basic financial statements, or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of State and Federal Assistance, and the budgetary comparison information, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements, as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1C.

Management's discussion and analysis, on pages 3-10, and the introductory section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion, or provide any assurance on such information.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 1C of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 2, 2017, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting, and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting, or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting, and compliance.

Sincerely,

A Littlefield, PLLC

OBER & LITTLEFIELD, CPAS, PLLC MIAMI, OKLAHOMA

January 2, 2017

VOLUNTARY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Langley's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements which begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's Net Position decreased by \$31,247 or 2% this fiscal year, resulting in total Net Position of \$1,742,402 as of June 30, 2016.
- Current year general fund revenues totaled \$667,566.
- Current year general fund expenditures were \$701,204.
- The Town disposed of a dump truck valued at \$5,808. The Fire Department purchased a grass rig, water storage tanks and a breathing air compressor for a total of \$126,863. The Park Dept. purchased a storage container for the ball field for \$2,600 and the Street Dept. purchased a tractor and loader for \$25,700 resulting in total general fund asset increases of \$70,346.
- The Public Works Authority had operating revenues of \$350,981 and an operating loss of \$371,717 for the year. Net non-operating revenues, including \$442,024 in sales tax combined with other non-operating revenues and expenses to produce a total net income of \$6,510 for the year.
- Asset purchases for the Public Works Authority consisted of construction in progress of \$98,924 for replacement of lift stations and \$5,487 for a storage container at the sewer plant and a generator. The Public Works also disposed of a lawn mower valued at \$6,250 resulting in total proprietary fund asset decreases of \$64,095.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis (on pages 11-12) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis provide information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. The statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All of the current year's revenues are recorded as they are received and expenses are recorded as they are paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the fire, general administration, streets, animal control and police. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and state grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's water and sewer system is reported here.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 8. The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the Town's most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. The Town's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental Funds Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements of the Governmental Funds.
- Proprietary Funds When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis. In fact, the Town's enterprise fund is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but more detail and additional information (such as the Statement of Cash Flows) is provided in the fund financial statements.

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's Net Position is reported in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis on page 11.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the net position for the Town's Governmental and Business-type Activities changed as follows:

			Summa	ary of	Net Position					
	 Governmen	Governmental Activities			Difference	8	 Business-ty	Differences		
	6/30/2016		6/30/2015				6/30/2016	6/30/2015		
Current Assets	\$ 173,023	\$	206,686	\$	(33,663)	-19%	\$ 1,090,215	\$ 969,633	\$ 120,582	11%
Restricted Assets	90,350		181,828		(91,478)	-101%	143,694	142,959	735	1%
Capital Assets	1,643,231		1,572,885		70,346	4%	3,750,053	3,814,148	(64,095)	-2%
Other Assets	 -		2,939		(2,939)	-100%	 -	 -	-	
Total Assets	 1,906,604		1,964,338		(57,734)	-3%	 4,983,962	 4,926,740	57,222	1%
Current Liabilities	56,224		51,415		4,809	9%	97,609	91,886	5,723	6%
Noncurrent Liabilities	 107,978		139,274		(31,296)	-29%	 1,569,481	 1,524,492	44,989	3%
Total Liabilities	 164,202		190,689		(26,487)	-16%	 1,667,090	 1,616,378	50,712	3%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,483,800		1,433,611		50,189	3%	2,132,805	2,244,102	(111,297)	
Net Position, Restricted	90,350		181,828		(91,478)	-101%	100,424	101,249	(825)	
Net Position, Unrestricted	168,252		158,210		10,042	6%	1,083,643	965,011	118,632	11%
Total Net Position	\$ 1,742,402	\$	1,773,649	\$	(31,247)	-2%	\$ 3,316,872	\$ 3,310,362	\$ 6,510	0%

This reflects a decrease of less than 2% for governmental activities and an increase of less than 1% for business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities	Difference	s	Business-typ	e Ac	tivities	Differ	ences
Revenues:		6/30/2016		6/30/2015			 6/30/2016		6/30/2015		
Charges for services	\$	31,830	\$	34,086	\$ (2,256)	-7%	\$ 350,981	\$	342,775	\$ 8,206	2%
Grants and contributions		16,160		9,601	6,559	41%	-		-	-	
Sales and use taxes		571,143		539,948	31,195	5%	442,024		435,182	6,842	2%
Other taxes		23,734		25,320	(1,586)	-7%	-		-	-	
Franchise taxes		10,700		10,666	34	0%	-		-	-	
Other		13,999		14,229	(230)	-2%	4,826		4,480	346	7%
Total Revenues		667,566		633,850	 33,716	5%	 797,831		782,437	15,394	2%
Expenses:											
General Government		97,852		113,990	(16,138)	-16%	-		-	-	
Town Management		50,893		48,468	2,425	5%	-		-	-	
Town Clerk		12,165		15,250	(3,085)	-25%	-		-	-	
Public Safety and Juciciary											
Animal Control		387		482	(95)	-24%	-		-	-	
Town Attorney		2,340		6,204	(3,864)	-165%	-		-	-	
Fire Department		35,298		71,030	(35,732)	-101%	-		-	-	
Fire Department Sales Tax		105,564									
Municipal Court		3,300		3,400	(100)	-3%	-		-	-	
Police Department		241,219		238,070	3,149	1%	-		-	-	
Transportation											
Street & Alley		32,628		16,453	16,175	50%	-		-	-	
Culture, Parks and Recreation											
Library		84,057		75,909	8,148	10%	-		-	-	
Parks		35,878		26,619	9,259	26%	-		-	-	
(Gain) on Sale or Disposal of Asset		1,233		32,845	(31,612)	-2563%	-		-	-	
Transfers (In) Out		(1,611)		(8,997)	7,386	-458%	1,611		8,997	(7,386) -458%
Town Utilities		-		-	-	0%	789,710		816,998	(27,288) -3%
Total Expenses		701,203		639,723	 61,480	9%	 791,321		825,995	(34,674) -4%
Change in Net Position		(33,637)		(5,873)	(27,764)	83 %	6,510		(43,558)	50,068	769%
Net Position, Beginning	_	1,776,039		1,781,912	 (5,873)	0%	 3,310,362		3,353,920	(43,558) -1%
Net Position, Ending	\$	1,742,402	\$	1,776,039	\$ (33,637)	-2%	\$ 3,316,872	\$	3,310,362	\$ 6,510	0%

Summary of Changes in Net Position

Business-type Activities

In reviewing the departmental Net Revenue/(Expense) the PWA is showing a net operating loss of \$371,717. However this number does not reflect the income from grants, interest and sales tax. When these income numbers are included, the PWA shows a net income for the year of \$6,510.

THE TOWN'S FUNDS

General Fund

The general fund balance sheet – modified cash basis is presented on page 13 followed by a reconciliation of governmental funds to the government-wide statement on page 14 and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances is presented on page 15 followed by a reconciliation of revenues and expenditures to the government-wide statement on page 16.

General fund revenues of \$667,566 included \$605,577 or 91% in taxes, including sales tax, use tax, franchise tax, occupational tax, motor vehicle collections, alcoholic beverage tax, tobacco tax and gasoline tax.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund statements are presented on pages 17-20. The proprietary fund reported an increase in net position of \$6,510, resulting in a balance of net position as of June 30, 2016 of \$3,316,872. The proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis on page 19 indicates a total net cash inflow for the year from all proprietary activities of \$126,997.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's budget is prepared according to Oklahoma law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

During the fiscal year, the Town Council authorizes revisions to the original budget if necessary to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the Town. A schedule showing the Town's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 38.

In the General Fund, actual revenues were \$133,553 more than budgeted and actual expenditures were held to \$81,170 less than budgeted, resulting in a general fund balance carryover of \$214,723.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$8,975,466 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, fire trucks, police cars, equipment and its water distribution and sewer systems. This amount represents an increase of \$172,493 from last year.

More information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III C on page 32.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$1,776,679 in capital leases and notes payable outstanding, with \$99,220 due within one year.

	Governmental			siness-Type	
	A	Activities	1	Activities	Total
Capital Lease Obligations	\$	159,431	\$	-	\$ 159,431
Notes Payable		-		1,617,248	 1,617,248
Total	\$	159,431	\$	1,617,248	\$ 1,776,679

More information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note III D on pages 33-34.

The Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt that municipalities can issue for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of the net assessed valuation. For the year ending June 30, 2016, the Town had no outstanding general obligation debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town Council and management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year June 30, 2016 budget, including economic trends and issues, trends in residential growth, and known information about State and Federal grants.

Our Estimate of Needs for General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2016 is \$789,612.

If revenue estimates are realized, we expect to maintain our General Fund balance at the same level as we ended the current fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk's office at P.O. Box 760, Langley, OK 74350-0760.

Unaudited

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2016

	(Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	122,636.38	\$	749,976.35	\$	872,612.73
Investments		50,386.90		340,238.62		390,625.52
Total Current Assets		173,023.28		1,090,214.97		1,263,238.25
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		143,693.86		143,693.86
Deposit with Third Party Administrator		90,349.97		-		90,349.97
Capital Assets:						
Property, Plant and Equipment, net		1,643,230.84		3,750,052.80		5,393,283.64
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,733,580.81		3,893,746.66		5,627,327.47
TOTAL ASSETS		1,906,604.09		4,983,961.63		6,890,565.72
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:						
Payroll Taxes and Withholding Payable		4,771.56		6,571.68		11,343.24
Payable from Restricted Assets:		,		- ,)
Meter Deposits Payable		-		43,270.00		43,270.00
Current Portion of Notes Payable		-		47,767.00		47,767.00
Current Portion of Capitalized Lease Obligation	ı	51,453.14		-		51,453.14
Total Current Liabilities		56,224.70		97,608.68		153,833.38
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Notes Payable		-		1,569,480.95		1,569,480.95
Capital Lease Obligation		107,977.82		-		107,977.82
Total Noncurrent Liabilities:		107,977.82		1,569,480.95		1,677,458.77
TOTAL LIABILITIES		164,202.52	_	1,667,089.63	_	1,831,292.15
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,483,799.88		2,132,804.85		3,616,604.73
Restricted		90,349.97		100,423.86		190,773.83
Unrestricted		168,251.72		1,083,643.29		1,251,895.01
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,742,401.57	\$	3,316,872.00	\$	5,059,273.57

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Prog	gram Revenue	s			Net (Expens	e) R	evenue and Changes	in Net	Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
0	<u>.</u>					-							
Governmental Activities:													
General Government:	¢ 50.000.00	¢		¢		^		¢	(10,010,00)	^		¢	(10.012.02)
Managerial	\$ 50,893.33	\$	1,050.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	(49,843.33)
City Clerk/Treasurer	12,165.00		-		-		-		(12,165.00)		-		(12,165.00)
Maintenance and Operation	97,852.16		1,050.00	-		-	-	_	(97,852.16) (159,860.49)				(97,852.16)
Total General Government	160,910.49		1,050.00		-	-	-		(159,800.49)		-		(159,860.49)
Public Safety and Judiciary: City Attorney	2,340.00								(2,340.00)				(2,340.00)
Fire	35,297.73		- 4,881.95		- 7,289.96		-		(2,340.00)		-		(2,340.00)
Fire - Sales Tax	105,563.96		4,001.95		7,289.90		-		(105,563.96)		-		(105,563.96)
Municipal Court	3,300.00		-		-		-		(3,300.00)		-		(3,300.00)
Police	241,219.03		24,485.64		1,500.00		-		(215,233.39)		-		(215,233.39)
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	387,720.72		29,367.59	_	8,789.96	-	-	_	(349,563.17)		-		(349,563.17)
Transportation:	387,720.72		29,307.39		8,789.90	-	-		(349,303.17)		-		(349,303.17)
Street and Alley	32,627.88								(32,627.88)				(32,627.88)
Culture, Parks and Recreation:	52,027.88		-	_	-	-	-	_	(32,027.88)		-		(32,027.00)
Animal Control	387.47		50.00						(337.47)				(337.47)
Parks	35,877.69		30.00		-		-		(35,877.69)		-		(35,877.69)
Library	84,056.86		1,363.06		7,370.19		-		(75,323.61)		-		(75,323.61)
5	120,322.02		1,413.06		7,370.19	-	-		(111,538.77)		-		
Total Culture, Parks & Recreation Total Governmental Activities	701,581.11		31,830.65		16,160.15	-			(653,590.31)	_	-		(111,538.77) (653,590.31)
Total Governmental Activities	/01,381.11		51,850.05	_	10,100.15		-		(055,590.51)				(055,590.51)
Business-Type Activities:													
Utilities	789,710.20		350,980.67		-	_	-		-		(438,729.53)		(438,729.53)
Total	\$ 1,491,291.31	\$	382,811.32	\$	16,160.15	\$	-		(653,590.31)		(438,729.53)		(1,092,319.84)
	General Revenues:												
	Taxes:												
	Sales and Use Ta	axes							451,733.48		442,024.32		893,757.80
	Fire Dept. Sales	Tax							119,409.38		-		119,409.38
	Franchise and Pu	ublic S	ervice Taxes						10,700.03		-		10,700.03
	Motor Vehicle C	Collecti	ions						5,985.94		-		5,985.94
	Alcoholic Bevera	age Ta	х						6,191.20		-		6,191.20
	Gasoline Tax								909.04		-		909.04
	Tobacco Tax								10,647.54		-		10,647.54
	Investment Income	e							373.30		2,867.13		3,240.43
	Sale/Rent of Prop	erty							1,835.00		-		1,835.00
	Other Income								9,920.98		1,958.83		11,879.81
	Reimbursements								1,869.27		-		1,869.27
	Gain (Loss) on Sa	le or I	Disposal of Asso	et					(1,233.46)		-		(1,233.46)
	Transfers							_	1,611.00		(1,611.00)		-
	Total General I	Revenu	ies and Transfe	rs				_	619,952.70	_	445,239.28		1,065,191.98
	Change in Net Posi	tion							(33,637.61)		6,509.75		(27,127.86)
	Net Position, Begin	ning o	f Year						1,776,039.18		3,310,362.25		5,086,401.43
	Net Position, End							\$	1,742,401.57	\$	3,316,872.00	\$	5,059,273.57
	- tet i ostuon, Enu							Ψ	1,7.12,101.37	Ψ	5,510,072.00	Ψ	0,007,210.01

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2016

		General Fund
ASSETS	\$	100 606 00
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	ф	122,636.38 50,386.90
Deposit with Third Party Administrator TOTAL ASSETS	¢	90,349.97
IUIAL ASSEIS	\$	263,373.25
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings Payable	\$	4,771.56
Fund Balances:		
Cash Fund Balance, Unassigned		168,251.72
Cash Fund Balance, Assigned		90,349.97
Total Fund Balances		258,601.69
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	263,373.25

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Reconciliation of Governmental Fund and Government-Wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2016

Total Governmental Funds Balance	\$ 258,601.69
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$2,302,037.57 and the accumulated depreciation is \$658,806.73 for a net book value of \$1,643,230.84.	1,643,230.84
Long-term liabilities, including capitalized lease obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Capitalized Lease Obligations Payable	(159,430.96)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,742,401.57

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General Fund
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	605,576.61
Grants		16,160.15
Charges for Services		7,345.01
Fines and Forfeitures		24,485.64
Investment Income		373.30
Reimbursements		1,869.27
Sale/Lease of Property		1,835.00
Other Revenue		11,427.85
Total Revenues		669,072.83
Expenditures:		
General Government:		
City Clerk/Treasurer		12,165.00
Managerial		50,893.33
Maintenance and Operation		89,860.87
Public Safety and Judiciary:		
City Attorney		2,340.00
Fire		35,297.73
Fire Sales Tax		210,887.55
Municipal Court		3,300.00
Police		243,442.63
Transportation:		
Street and Alley		36,091.12
Parks and Recreation:		
Animal Control		387.47
Parks		32,044.15
Library		79,539.57
Total Expenditures	_	796,249.42
Net Change in Fund Balance		(127,176.59)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		385,778.28
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	258,601.69

Town of Langley, Oklahoma

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(127,176.59)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis are different because:		
In the governmental funds, capital outlays are reported as expenditures while in the government-wide statement of activities, depreciation expense is reported to allocate thos expenditures over the life of the assets.	e	
Capital asset purchases		155,163.68
Depreciation expense		(83,688.41)
Cost of capital assets disposals - Under the current financial resources focus, in the funds disposals of capital assets are unreported. In the government-wide statement, however, the assets disposed of had been capitalized previously and thus have a "book value" that needs to be removed.	5	(1,129.33)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repaym reduces long-term liabilities in the government-wide statements.	lent	
Capital lease obligation proceeds		(25,900.00)
Capital lease obligation principal payments		49,093.04
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(33,637.61)

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2016

	ilities Authority
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 749,976.35
Investments	 340,238.62
Total Current Assets	1,090,214.97
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	143,693.86
Capital Assets:	
Property, Plant and Equipment, net of Accumulated Depreciation	 3,750,052.80
Total Noncurrent Assets	 3,893,746.66
TOTAL ASSETS	 4,983,961.63
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings Payable	6,571.68
Payable from Restricted Assets:	
Meter Deposits Payable	43,270.00
Current Portion of Notes Payable	47,767.00
Total Current Liabilities	97,608.68
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Notes Payable	1,569,480.95
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,667,089.63
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,132,804.85
Restricted	100,423.86
Unrestricted	 1,083,643.29
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,316,872.00

Town of Langley, Oklahoma

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Utilities Authority Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:	¢ 250.090.67
Utility Revenue	\$ 350,980.67
Other Revenues	1,958.83
Total Operating Revenues	352,939.50
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Benefits	189,920.22
Depreciation & Amortization	168,505.79
Utilities and Telephone	35,557.01
Insurance	89,487.79
Supplies	101,938.30
Maintenance and Repairs	68,111.71
Other Expenses	21,692.65
Professional Fees	7,452.50
Water Purchased	1,151.05
Truck Expense	3,548.19
Licenses and Permits	26,687.39
Uniforms	5,412.91
Capital Outlay	3,616.65
Office Supplies and Postage	1,574.30
Total Operating Expenses	724,656.46
Operating Income (Loss)	(371,716.96)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest Income	2,867.13
Sales Tax Income	442,024.32
Transfers Out	(1,611.00)
Interest Expense	(65,053.74)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	378,226.71
Change in Net Position	6,509.75
Net Position, Beginning of Year	3,310,362.25
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 3,316,872.00

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating ActivitiesCash Inflows:Payments Received from Customers\$ 350,980.67Other Income1,958.83Meter Deposits Received6,400.00Total Cash Provided359,339.50Cash Outflows:8Payments for Salaries and Benefits187,969.83Payments for Goods and Services360,351.54Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Transfers Out(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities(104,413.32)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year5 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted\$ 749,976.35Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21			lities Authority nterprise Fund
Payments Received from Customers\$ 350,980.67Other Income1,958.83Meter Deposits Received6,400.00Total Cash Provided359,339.50Cash Outflows:359,339.50Payments for Salaries and Benefits187,969.83Payments for Goods and Services360,351.54Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities(104,411.32)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted\$ 749,976.35	Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Other Income $1,958.83$ Meter Deposits Received $6,400.00$ Total Cash Provided $359,339.50$ Cash Outflows: $359,339.50$ Payments for Salaries and Benefits $187,969.83$ Payments for Goods and Services $360,351.54$ Meter Deposits Refunded $4,840.00$ Total Cash Used $553,161.37$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities $(193,821.87)$ Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities $(1,611.00)$ Sales Tax from Town $442,024.32$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities $(104,411.32)$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(104,411.00)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(47,772.05)$ Proceeds from Capital Debt $(65.053.74)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities $(122,262.79)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities $126,997.34$ Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year $58,93,670.21$ Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted $143,693.86$	Cash Inflows:		
Meter Deposits Received $6,400.00$ Total Cash Provided $359,339.50$ Cash Outflows: $359,339.50$ Payments for Salaries and Benefits $187,969.83$ Payments for Goods and Services $360,351.54$ Meter Deposits Refunded $4.840.00$ Total Cash Used $553,161.37$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities $(193,821.87)$ Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities $(1,611.00)$ Sales Tax from Town $442,024.32$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities $440,413.32$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(104,411.00)$ Principal Paid on Capital Debt $(47,772.05)$ Proceds from Capital Debt $(94,974.00)$ Interest Paid on Capital Debt $(65,053.74)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities $(122,262.79)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities $126,997.34$ Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year $5893,670.21$ Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted $143,693.86$	Payments Received from Customers	\$	350,980.67
Total Cash Provided359,339.50Cash Outflows:359,339.50Payments for Solaries and Benefits187,969.83Payments for Goods and Services360,351.54Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities(104,411.32)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceds from Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Other Income		1,958.83
Cash Outflows:1Payments for Salaries and Benefits187,969.83Payments for Goods and Services360,351.54Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year5Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$Sestricted\$Ya9,976.35\$Restricted\$Tarset143,693.86	Meter Deposits Received		6,400.00
Payments for Salaries and Benefits $187,969.83$ Payments for Goods and Services $360,351.54$ Meter Deposits Refunded $4,840.00$ Total Cash Used $553,161.37$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities $(193,821.87)$ Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities $(1,611.00)$ Sales Tax from Town $442,024.32$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities $440,413.32$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(104,411.00)$ Purchase of Capital Assets $(104,411.00)$ Purchase of Capital Assets $(104,772.05)$ Proceeds from Capital Debt $(47,772.05)$ Proceeds from Capital Debt $(65,053.74)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities $(122,262.79)$ Cash Flows from Investing Activities $2,668.68$ Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities $126,997.34$ Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year $$893,670.21$ Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted $$143,693.86$	Total Cash Provided		359,339.50
Payments for Goods and Services360,351.54Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(104,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Cash Outflows:		
Meter Deposits Refunded4,840.00Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$ 893,670.21Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Cash restricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Payments for Salaries and Benefits		187,969.83
Total Cash Used553,161.37Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities(104,411.32)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$ 893,670.21Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Cash ricted\$ 749,976.35	Payments for Goods and Services		360,351.54
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(193,821.87)Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Meter Deposits Refunded		4,840.00
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year\$893,670.21Unrestricted\$749,976.35Restricted\$749,976.35Restricted\$143,693.86	Total Cash Used		553,161.37
Transfers Out(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing ActivitiesPurchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(193,821.87)
Transfers Out(1,611.00)Sales Tax from Town442,024.32Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing ActivitiesPurchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86			(1,611.00)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities440,413.32Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(104,411.00)Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 749,976.35Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Sales Tax from Town		442,024.32
Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Purchase of Capital Assets(104,411.00)Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt(47,772.05)Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86			(104, 411.00)
Proceeds from Capital Debt94,974.00Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	•		
Interest Paid on Capital Debt(65,053.74)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(122,262.79)Cash Flows from Investing Activities2,668.68Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86	-		
Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted Restricted\$ 749,976.35 143,693.86	•		
Interest2,668.68Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities126,997.34Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted Restricted\$ 749,976.35 143,693.86	Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year766,672.87Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$ 893,670.21Unrestricted\$ 749,976.35Restricted143,693.86			2,668.68
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 893,670.21 Unrestricted \$ 749,976.35 Restricted 143,693.86	Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from All Activities		126,997.34
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 893,670.21 Unrestricted \$ 749,976.35 Restricted 143,693.86	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		766,672.87
Restricted 143,693.86		\$	
Restricted 143,693.86	Unrestricted	\$	749,976.35
		Ŧ	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	893,670.21

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Utilities Authority Enterprise Fund		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(371,716.98)	
Depreciation		168,505.79	
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Prepaid Expenses		5,878.91	
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings Payable		1,950.39	
Meter Deposits Payable		1,560.00	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(193,821.89)	

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the Town's financial statements.

The Town's financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities resulting from cash transactions, adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government:Town of LangleyBlended Component Unit:Langley Public Works Authority

These financial statements present the activities of the Town and includes all component units of which the Town appointed a voting majority of the units' board and the Town is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Town Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the Town. The component unit's fund is blended into those of the Town's by appropriate activity type to comprise the primary government presentation.

Component units that are blended into the reporting activity types of the Town's reports are presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Reporting
Langley Public	Created to finance, develop and operate the water	Enterprise Fund
Works Authority	and sewer services activities.	

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the Town has no discretely presented component units.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditure/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditure/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund:

Langley Public Works Authority Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water and sewer services to the public.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below (continued):

Major and Non-Major Funds

Major:	General Fund	
	Proprietary Fund:	Langley Public Works Authority

Non-Major: None

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applied to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. Under the modified cash basis of accounting nearly all elements of the income statement are recorded using the cash basis, and accounts receivable and inventory are not recorded in the balance sheet.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and proprietary funds are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this modified cash basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are received. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when they are paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand, savings accounts and certificates of deposit of the Town. For the purposes of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contract, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds.

Deposits with Third-Party Administrator

Certain sales tax revenues designated for the Fire Department are received and disbursed by the Mayes County Clerk. For the year ended June 30, 2016, \$119,409.38 was received and \$210,887.55 was disbursed by Mayes County on behalf of the Town of Langley Fire Department. The cash fund balance as of June 30, 2016 was \$90,349.97.

Receivables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from other/due to other funds".

Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the governmentwide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Fixed Assets (continued)

Government-Wide Statements (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

Fixed assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Management determines on an item-by-item basis whether to capitalize or expense.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-60 years
Improvements	20-60 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 years
Utility System	20-60 years
Infrastructure	20-60 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. Restricted assets include funds on deposit representing utility customer meter deposits which are refundable to the customer and funds on deposit required to be reserved by terms of promissory notes.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of note payable and capitalized lease obligations.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Long-Term Debt (continued)

Long term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as revenue and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for long-term debt of the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences (when material) is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred

Equity Classifications

Net Position/Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statement, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on its use changes the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset.

Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints places on the use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e, fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Equity Classifications (continued)

Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are usable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The Town's Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority of the Town.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Resource Use Policy

It is in the Town's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the Town considers the restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the Town's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the Town considers committed, amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly, unassigned amounts.

E. <u>Revenues</u>, Expenditures and Expenses

Sales Tax

The Town presently levies a sales tax on taxable sales within the Town. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the Town in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The sales tax is recorded entirely in the General Fund.

Use Tax

The Town levies a use-tax on personal property purchased outside the town limits but stored, used or consumed within the Town. The use tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the Town in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission, which is one month after the tax is received from the vendors.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Proprietary Funds – By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent re-allocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016:

GASB Statement No 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of GASB 76 is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the Town and its component unit are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the Town's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over Town resources follows.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

A. Fund Accounting Requirements

The Town complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the Town include the following:

Fund	Required By
Public Works Authority Fund	Trust Indenture

B. Deposit and Investments Laws and Regulations

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the Town must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. As reflected in note III A., all deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60 are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town and its public trusts complied, in all material respects, with these investment restrictions.

C. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Special Sales Tax	Fire Department Purposes
Gasoline Excise Tax	Street and Alley Purposes
Commercial Vehicle Tax	Street and Alley Purposes
Water and Sewer Revenue	Debt Service and Utility Operations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

D. Debt Restrictions and Covenants

General Obligation Debt

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town had no outstanding general obligation debt.

Other Long-Term Debt

Except as noted in the following paragraph, as required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the Town (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town incurred no such indebtedness.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

D. Debt Restrictions and Covenants (continued)

Notes Payable

The various loan agreements relating to the notes payable issuances of Langley Public Works Authority contain some financial restrictions or covenants. These include covenants such as the required reserve account balances.

The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2016.

Requirement	Level of Compliance
Reserve Account Requirement	
(OWRB Loan Agreements)	
Account balances should be equal to \$100,423.86	Account balances at June 30, 2016 are \$100,491.59

The Langley Public Works Authority has over funded the reserve account by \$67.73.

Meter Deposits Payable

The Langley Public Works Authority is required to have reserved funds available for the amount of meter deposits held. The following is a brief summary of the requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2016.

Requirement	Level of Compliance
Reserve Account Requirement	
Account balance should be equal to the	Account balance at June 30, 2016 is \$76,855.19.
total meter deposits payable of \$43,270.	

The Langley Public Works Authority has over funded the reserve account by \$33,585.19.

E. Fund Equity Restrictions

Deficit Prohibition

Title 11, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund. The Town complied with this statute in all material respects for the year ended June 30, 2016.

III. Detailed Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts

A. Cash and Investments

Authorized Investments

Town policy for eligible investments is governed by State statutes which, in general, allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States and insured or collateralized Certificate of Deposits. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it is earned.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's cash deposits are maintained in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2016 \$190,339.02 of the Public Works Authority's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

B. Restricted Assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets are comprised of cash held in trust on behalf of the Public Works Authority related to their required note payable reserve account and amounts held in trust for customer utility meter deposits.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Meter Deposits	\$ 43,270.00
Reserve Accounts	 100,423.86
Total	\$ 143,693.86

III. Detailed Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts (continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	J	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Disposals		Balance June 30, 2016	
Governmental Activities:					<u> </u>		
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$	521,230.05	\$ -	\$	-	\$	521,230.05
Depreciable assets:							
Buildings/Improvements		649,034.72	-		-		649,034.72
Machinery and Equipment		982,417.12	155,163.68		5,808.00		1,131,772.80
Total Depreciable Assets		1,631,451.84	 155,163.68		5,808.00		1,780,807.52
Accumulated Depreciation		(579,796.99)	(83,688.41)		(4,678.67)		(658,806.73)
Net DepreciableAssets		1,051,654.85	 71,475.27		1,129.33		1,122,000.79
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,572,884.90	\$ 71,475.27	\$	1,129.33	\$	1,643,230.84
Business-Type Activities:							
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$	110,364.10	\$ _	\$	_	\$	110,364.10
Construction in Progress		41,000.00	98,924.00		-		139,924.00
Total Non-depreciable assets		151,364.10	 98,924.00		-		250,288.10
Depreciable assets:			 <u> </u>				,
Sewer System		2,986,371.82	-		-		2,986,371.82
Water System		3,042,448.08	-		-		3,042,448.08
Machinery and Equipment		217,283.72	5,487.00		6,250.00		216,520.72
Buildings/Improvements		177,799.97	-		-		177,799.97
Total Depreciable Assets		6,423,903.59	 5,487.00		6,250.00		6,423,140.59
Accumulated Depreciation		(2,761,120.10)	(168,505.79)		(6,250.00)		(2,923,375.89)
Net Depreciable Assets		3,662,783.49	 (163,018.79)		-		3,499,764.70
Net Capital Assets	\$	3,814,147.59	\$ (64,094.79)	\$	-	\$	3,750,052.80

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 7,991.29
Public Safety and Judiciary	
Fire	49,370.63
Police	13,290.93
Culture, Parks and Recreation	
Library	4,517.29
Parks	6,433.54
Street & Alley	 2,084.73
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 83,688.41

III. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

D. Long-Term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2016, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

The Town executed a lease to purchase a 2008 International Fire Truck on September 23, 2008. The truck was purchased for \$294,627.00. The amount of the lease is \$294,627.00 with interest at 5.12%, payable in annual installments of \$33,986.61 and maturing August 18, 2018. The payments will be made using the sales tax money held by a third party administrator. Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 29,243.42	\$ 4,743.19	\$ 33,986.61
2018	30,754.60	3,232.01	33,986.61
2019	 32,330.25	 1,656.36	 33,986.61
	\$ 92,328.27	\$ 9,631.56	\$ 101,959.83

The Town executed a lease to purchase two 2015 Ford Explorers for the Police Department on June 3, 2015. The vehicles were purchased for \$75,559.18. The amount of the lease is \$63,759.18 with interest at 1.89%, payable in monthly installments of \$1,379.83 and maturing May 20, 2019. Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 15,807.06	\$ 750.90	\$ 16,557.96
2018	16,108.40	449.56	16,557.96
2019	 15,035.20	 142.93	 15,178.13
	\$ 46,950.66	\$ 1,343.39	\$ 48,294.05

The Town executed a lease to purchase a 2015 Kioti Tractor with Loader. The tractor was purchased for \$25,700.00. The amount of the lease is \$25,900.00 with interest at 2%, payable in monthly installments of \$561.95 and maturing July 9, 2019. Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 6,402.66	\$	340.74	\$ 6,743.40
2018	6,528.02		215.38	6,743.40
2019	6,659.80		83.60	6,743.40
2020	 561.55		0.40	 561.95
	\$ 20,152.03	\$	640.12	\$ 20,792.15

III. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

D. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 51,453.14	\$ 5,834.83	\$	57,287.97
2018	53,391.02	3,896.95		57,287.97
2019	54,025.25	1,882.89		55,908.14
2020	 561.55	 0.40		561.95
	\$ 159,430.96	\$ 11,615.07	\$	171,046.03

Business-Type Activities

As of June 30, 2016, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

A note payable due to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, in the principal amount of \$1,840,000.00. The note bears a variable interest rate.

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 47,767.00	\$ 62,603.40	\$ 110,370.40
2018	48,988.00	60,356.27	109,344.27
2019	51,220.00	58,028.93	109,248.93
2020	53,462.00	55,731.34	109,193.34
2021	55,689.00	53,503.99	109,192.99
2022-2026	314,089.00	231,024.49	545,113.49
2027-2031	384,288.00	159,161.60	543,449.60
2032-2036	464,133.00	71,232.39	535,365.39
2037	 104,855.00	 2,173.12	 107,028.12
	\$ 1,524,491.00	\$ 753,815.53	\$ 2,278,306.53

The PWA secured a loan in the amount of \$500,000.00 on November 27, 2015 for improvements to the water and wastewater systems. As of June 30, 2016 a total of \$94,974.00 has been drawn down on the construction loan. Payments are being made to cover accrued interest and the excess of those payments are being applied to principal.

	Pr	incipal	 Interest	Total
Year Ending June 30,				
Various Years	\$	92,756.95	\$	\$ 92,756.95

III. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

E. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance June 30, 2015	 Proceeds	 Payments	 Balance June 30, 2016	 Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Lease Obligations	<u></u>	182,624.00	\$ 25,900.00	\$ 49,093.04	\$ 159,430.96	\$ 51,453.14
Business-Type Activities Notes Payable	\$	1,570,046.00	\$ 94,974.00	\$ 47,772.05	\$ 1,617,247.95	\$ 47,767.00

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The Town purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Proprietary Fund Rates and Charges

Water Rates and Charges	
Residential Base Rate first 1,000 gallons-Inside City Limits	\$ 18.50
Residential Base Rate first 1,000 gallons-Outside City Limits	20.50
Use From 1,001-3,000 Gallons - per 1,000	3.60
Use from 3,001-5,000 Gallons - per 1,000	3.80
Use from 5,001 Gallons - per 1,000	4.10
Use from 5,001 Gallons - per 1,000 Outside City Limits	4.15
Industrial Base Rate first 1,000 gallons	22.00
Use From 1,001-3,000 Gallons - per 1,000	3.65
Use from 3,001-5,000 Gallons - per 1,000	3.85
Use from 5,001 Gallons - per 1,000	4.25
Sewer Rates and Charges	
Residential Base Rate first 3,000 gallons	\$ 12.50
Use from 3,001-5,000 gallons - per 1,000	1.50
Use from 5,001-10,000 gallons - per 1,000	1.25
Use from 10,001 gallons - per 1,000	1.00
Industrial Base Rate first 1,000 gallons	15.00
Use from 1,001-5,000 gallons - per 1,000	1.50
Use from 5,001-10,000 gallons - per 1,000	1.75
Use from 10,001 gallons - per 1,000	2.00

IV. Other Information (continued)

C. Contingent Liabilities

The governing board of the Town is not aware of any pending or threatened legal actions against it. However, any such actions would probably be covered by insurance.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

D. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and no additional disclosures are required.

E. Correction of an Error

During the current year, it was determined that the beginning net position for Governmental Activities was understated by \$2,390.18. This was due to the change from accrual basis to modified cash basis. To correct this error, the beginning net position of \$1,773,649.00 as originally reported on July 1, 2015 has been increased to \$1,776,039.18.

A prior period adjustment of \$2,939.46 was made to the General Fund. This was to remove accrued interest and prepaid insurance for the modified cash basis. To correct this error, the beginning net position of the General Fund of \$388,717.74 as originally reported on July 1, 2015 has been decreased to \$385,778.28.

A prior period adjustment of \$19,065.17 was made to the Proprietary Fund. This was to remove accrued interest for the modified cash basis. To correct this error, the beginning net position of the Proprietary Fund of \$3,334,854.71, as originally reported on July 1, 2015 has been decreased to \$3,310,362.25.

F. Employee Retirement System and Plan

The Town and PWA have a savings incentive match plan for employees (Simple IRA) with nine employees participating. Employees are deferring between 3 and 9 percent of wages with the Town matching 3 percent of wages. All employees are eligible after 30 days. The Town and PWA matched with \$8,972.66 in 2015-16.

All Town fire department employees hired before age 45 are covered by a statewide cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan adopted under Oklahoma Statutes. This plan is operated and administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS). Under this plan, fire department personnel contribute 8% of base salary and the Town contributes an additional 13.0%. The OFPRS issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, 4545 North Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414 or by calling 1-800-525-7461. The required contribution from the Town for this plan was \$900 in 2015-16. The required contribution was fully contributed.

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Construction in Progress

The Public Works Authority is in the process of making water and wastewater system improvements. At the beginning of fiscal year 2015, the balance of the Construction in Progress account was \$41,000.00 and expenses totaling \$98,924.00 were incurred in the current fiscal year. The June 30, 2016 balance of the Construction in Progress account is \$139,924.00. Construction projects are scheduled to be completed in the 2017 fiscal year.

VOLUNTARY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Regulatory Basis - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Budget	Vari	ance
						Original to		Final to
	Original		Final	Actual		Final		Actual
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 7,396.20	\$	7,396.20	\$ 5,981.95	\$	-	\$	(1,414.25)
Local Sources	34,356.75		34,356.75	36,409.73		-		2,052.98
State Sources	495,203.88		495,203.88	611,036.73		-		115,832.85
Miscellaneous	 1,610.97		1,610.97	18,692.14				17,081.17
Total Revenues Collected	 538,567.80	_	538,567.80	 672,120.55		-		133,552.75
Expenditures:								
Managerial	67,000.00		67,000.00	63,446.52		-		3,553.48
City Clerk	18,100.00		18,100.00	12,165.00		-		5,935.00
Municipal Court	4,500.00		4,500.00	3,300.00		-		1,200.00
City Attorney	7,150.00		7,150.00	2,340.00		-		4,810.00
Library	75,650.00		80,650.00	79,263.30		5,000.00		1,386.70
General Government	132,952.20		92,952.20	79,045.15		(40,000.00)		13,907.05
Street and Alley	40,000.00		65,000.00	56,960.08		25,000.00		8,039.92
Animal Control	1,000.00		1,000.00	371.33		-		628.67
Park	36,000.00		36,000.00	31,928.71		-		4,071.29
Police	245,000.00		248,000.00	229,232.25		3,000.00		18,767.75
Fire Department	30,000.00		37,000.00	35,323.22		7,000.00		1,676.78
Fire Dept. Sales Tax	 132,260.02		132,260.02	115,066.30		-		17,193.72
Total Expenditures Paid	 789,612.22		789,612.22	 708,441.86		(0.00)		81,170.36
Excess (Deficit)	(251,044.42)		(251,044.42)	(36,321.31)		-		214,723.11
Cash Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year	 251,044.42		251,044.42	 251,044.42		-		-
Cash Fund Balance								
End of Year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 214,723.11	\$	-	\$	214,723.11

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Langley, Oklahoma Schedule of State and Federal Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Program or Award Amount	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures		
State of Oklahoma Programs:					
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Rural Fire Defense Grant	\$ 4,289.96	\$ 4,289.96	\$ 4,289.96		
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Libraries State Library Grant	7,370.19	7,370.19	7,370.19		
Total Expenditures of State Awards	\$ 11,660.15	\$ 11,660.15	\$ 11,660.15		



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 2, 2017.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section, and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Langley, State of Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance, or other matters, that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town Council Town of Langley, Oklahoma Page 2

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control, and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control, and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Obert Littlefield, PLLC

OBER & LITTLEFIELD, CPAS, PLLC MIAMI, OKLAHOMA

January 2, 2017