TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Star	t <u>ement</u>	<u>Page</u>
LIS	T OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS	1
INI	DEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2-4
MA	NAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:	5-13
1.	Statements of Net Position, Modified Cash Basis	14
2.	Statements of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	15
3.	Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	16
4.	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	17
5.	Statements of Net Position- Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	18
6.	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	19
7.	Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	20
	Notes to Financial Statements	21-41
SUF	PPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
8.	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund	42-43
9.	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – Special Revenue Fund	44
10.	Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	45
OTI	HER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
11.	Combining Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	46

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Stat	ement	<u>Page</u>
12.	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	47
	REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	: :
13.	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	48-49

TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board of Trustees

Floyd Lawrence

Mayor

Rick Harvey

Vice-Mayor

Billy Miller

Member

Ray Foster

Member

Jessica Walden

Member

Town Clerk & Treasurer

Dottie Smith

Town Attorney

Ronald H. Lawson

KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 West Okmulgee Avenue Muskogee, Oklahoma 74401 Phone (918) 684-1040 Fax (918) 684-1041

WEB; KERSHAWCPA.COM E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM 607 NORTH 1⁵¹ STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Town of Arkoma. Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in

KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

Web: KershawCPA.com e-mail: REK@KershawCPA.com 607 North 1⁵¹ Street Ponca City, Oklahoma 74601 Phone (580) 762-1040 Fax (580) 762-1047

order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements taken as a whole. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 West Okmulgee Avenue Muskogee, Oklahoma 74401 Phone (918) 684-1040 Fax (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM 607 North 1⁵⁷ Street Ponca City, Oklahoma 74601 Phone (580) 762-1040 Fax (580) 762-1047

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016, on our consideration of the Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in compliance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Kerrham CPA # AssociAtes, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

December 9, 2016

Town of Arkoma
P. O. BOX 277
ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA 74901

(Unaudited) MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Arkoma's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, within the limitations of the Town's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements that begin on page 14.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The Town's total expenses exceeded total revenues, on the modified cash basis of accounting, by \$244,471 for the year, resulting in a decrease in total net position of 7.12 percent under the previous year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Town's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on page 15) provide information about the activities of the Town government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements (starting on page 16) focus on the individual parts of the Town government. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Town operates like businesses, such as water, sewer and sanitation services.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 2 (Unaudited)

Supplementary Information: This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules (*starting on page 42*) represent financial information to provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Supplementary Information: This part of the annual report includes financial information such as combining statements for nonmajor funds (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the Town's annual report.

Basis of Accounting

The Town has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the Town's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

The Town's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the Town of Arkoma Council is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the Town's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government and another separate legal entity that is included as a component unit.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 3 (Unaudited)

The primary government includes the following legal entities:

- The Town of Arkoma
- Arkoma Municipal Authority

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 9. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 and 15. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the Town's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's sales tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks, cemetery, and senior citizens. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's water, sewer and sanitation systems are reported here.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 4 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 11. The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. The Town considers the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund to be significant or major governmental funds. All other governmental funds are aggregated in a single column entitled nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds—When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. In fact, the Town's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town only has one enterprise fund—the Municipal Authority Utilities Fund.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 5 (Unaudited)

The Town currently has no fiduciary funds. *Fiduciary funds* are often used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity such as pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements, and similar arrangements.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Following is a summary of the Town's Net Position on a comparative basis with the previous year.

Net Position-Modified Cash Basis

TOWN OF ARKOMA'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		$\underline{\mathbf{Total}}$	
	<u>2016</u>	2015	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current and other assets	630,160	594,739	378,500	500,923	1,008,660	1,095,662
Capital Assets	491,436	581,331	5,010,954	5,160,058	5,502,390	5,741,389
Total Assets	1,121,596	1,176,070	5,389,454	5,660,981	6,511,050	6,837,051
Long term liabilities	94,076	108,249	3,164,709	3,234,282	3,258,785	3,342,531
Other liabilities	2,708	3,381	61,478	58,589	64,186	61,970
Total Liabilities	96,784	111,630	3,226,187	3,292,871	3,322,971	3,404,501
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets						
net of related debt	397,360	473,082	1,846,245	1,925,776	2,243,605	2,398,858
Restricted	563,359	566,547	221,685	266,232	785,044	832,779
Unrestricted	64,093	24,811	95,337	176,102	159,430	200,913
Total Net Position	1,024,812	1,064,440	2,163,267	2,368,110	3,188,079	3,432,550

The Town's combined net position, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, decreased from approximately \$3,432,550 to \$3,188,079 between fiscal years 2015 and 2016. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities had a decrease of \$39,628 and business-type activities decreased by \$204,843.

Net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased 3.72 percent to \$1,024,812. However, \$960,719 of those net position either are restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets. Consequently, unrestricted net position showed only \$64,093 at the end of this year. The net position of Town's business-type activities decreased to \$2,163,267. However, \$2,067,930 of the net position was restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets. Consequently, the unrestricted position was \$95,337 at the end of the year.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 6 (Unaudited)

TOWN OF ARKOMA'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Fees, fines and						
charges for services	147,630	116,376	716,533	668,324	864,163	784,700
Operating grants						
and contributions	4,290	4,484	0	79,866	4,290	84,350
General revenues:						
Sales tax	94,713	112,895			94,713	112,895
Use tax	22,502	27,318			22,502	27,318
Franchise tax	69,774	61,594			69,774	61,594
Cigarette tax	1,146	1,359			1,146	1,359
Intergovt. Revenue	32,771	36,600			32,771	36,600
Investment earnings	1,309	1,344	1,022	1,205	2,331	2,549
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(2,811)	0	0	(18, 259)	(2,811)	(18,259)
Miscellaneous	20,002	13,306			20,002	13,306
Total revenues	391,326	375,276	717,555	731,136	1,108,881	1,106,412
Expenses:						
General government						
and administration	28,137	30,199			28,137	30,199
Public safety	336,608	364,131			336,608	364,131
Transportation	63,992	66,672			63,992	66,672
Cultural and recreational	2,218	2,350			2,218	2,350
Interest on long term debt						
Water and Sewer			824,929	667,107	824,929	667,107
Sanitation			97,468	79,686	97,468	79,686
Total expenses	430,954	463,352	922,397	746,793	1,353,352	1,210,145
Increases in net position						
before transfers	(39,628)	(88,076)	(204,843)	(15,657)	(244,471)	(103,733)
Transfers	0	0	0	0		
Net position - July 1	1,064,440	1,152,516	2,368,110	2,383,767	3,432,550	3,536,283
Net position - June 30	1,024,812	1,064,440	2,163,267	2,368,110	3,188,079	3,432,550

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 7 (Unaudited)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, total expenses for governmental activities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, amounted to \$430,954. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$239,406, while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$4,290 from grants and other contributions and \$147,630 from charges for services.

Business-Type Activities

The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. The water and sewer service activities reported net revenues of \$(44,366) and \$(167,134) respectively. The water includes interest expense of \$69,279 and the non-cash system depreciation of \$217,542 and amortization of \$2,373. The sanitation service is operated under private contract and the net revenue of \$5,635 is from a fee for billing and collection of the sanitation revenue along with the normal billing.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the General Fund reported revenues, lease proceeds and net transfers of \$313,299 and expenditures of \$274,017 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$39,282.
- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the Street and Alley reported an increase in fund balance of \$8,045.
- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the Fire Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$11,233.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council revised the General Fund budget at various times. The final adjusted budget, however, was consistent with the prior year budget.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, General Fund expenditures were \$34,066 under final appropriations, while actual resources available for appropriation were \$19,504 over the final budgeted amount.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 8 (Unaudited)

CAPTIAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets—Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$5,502,390 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines. This represents a net decrease of \$236,627 or 9.59 percent, under last year.

This year's more significant capital assets additions include:

Municipal Authority - Sewer - 11 Manholes - Northside of Town

61,015

Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	e Activities	Total	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Land	10,000	10,000	16,000	16,000	26,000	26,000
Const. In Progress	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buildings	82,199	88,534	14,427	15,051	96,626	103,585
Equipment	284,875	352,177	53,789	64,823	338,664	417,000
Improvements	0	0	4,926,738	5,061,811	4,926,738	5,061,811
Infrastructure	114,362	130,621	0	0	114,362	130,621
Total	491,436	581,332	5,010,954	5,157,685	5,502,390	5,739,017

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 9 (Unaudited)

Long-Term Debt-Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2016, the Town as a whole had \$3,319,865 in long term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions compared to \$3,400,852 at June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2016, \$94,076 of the debt is related to governmental activities and \$3,225,789 related to business-type activities. (See table below).

Primary Government Long-Term Debt - Modified Cash Basis

	<u>2015</u>	2016
Governmental debt: Lease purchase to Welch St Bank Total business-type debt	\$ 108,249 108,249	\$ 94,076 94,076
Business-type debt: Refundable utility deposits OWRB note payable RUS note payable	\$ 58,321 128,892 3,105,390	\$ 61,080 114,438 3,050,271
Total business-type debt Total all debt	3,292,603 \$ 3,400,852	3,225,789 \$ 3,319,865

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Town's elected officials and staff considers many factors in setting the 2015-2016 budget, tax rates and service rates being the main sources and personal services and utility costs being the main uses of funds.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk's office at 1103 Main, Arkoma, Oklahoma or telephone at (918) 875-3228.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JUNE 30, 2016

-	Primary Government				
. commo	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS Cash, and cash equivalents	\$630,160	\$2.77 0.75	\$1,007,435		
Due from other Governments	\$030,100	\$377,275 1,225	\$1,007,435 1,225		
Capital assets (Note 2.C.):		1,223	1,223		
Land and construction in progress	10,000	16,000	26,000		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	481,436	4,994,954	5,476,390		
Loan application cost, net of accumulated amortization	401,430	0	0		
Total assets	1,121,596	5,389,454	6,511,050		
LIABILITIES					
Payroll taxes payable	497	398	895		
Due to other governments	2,211		2,211		
Refundable deposits		61,080	61,080		
Long term liabilities (Note 2.D.)					
Due within one year	14,769	71,090	85,859		
Due in more than one year	79,307	3,093,619	3,172,926		
Total Liabilities	96,784	3,226,187	3,322,971		
NET ASSETS					
Net investment in capital assets	397,360	1,846,245	2,243,605		
Restricted for:					
Street and Alley	456,846		456,846		
Fire Department	106,513		106,513		
Debt service		136,069	136,069		
Other purposes		85,616	85,616		
Unrestricted	64,093	95,337	159,430		
Total Net Position	\$1,024,812	\$2,163,267	\$3,188,079		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	venue and Changes i	n Net Assets
		****	Operating	Capital	Primary (Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$28,137	\$6,275			(\$21,862)		(\$21,862)
Total general government	28,137	6,275	0	0	(21,862)	0	(21,862)
Public Safety:	20,107	0,210			(27,002)		121,002,
Police	272,115	140,605			(131,510)		(131,510)
Fire	61,402	750	4,290		(56,362)		(56,362)
Animal Control	93	120	,,2,0		(93)		(93)
Emergency Management	2,998				(2,998)		(2,998)
Total Public safety	336,608	141,355	4,290	0	(190,963)		(190,963)
Transportation:							(1,50,500)
Streets	63,992				(63,992)		(63,992)
Total transportation	63,992	0	0	0	(63,992)	0	(63,992)
Cultural, Parks and Recreation:	- 03,772				(03,772)		(03,772)
Library	2,218				(2,218)		(2,218)
Total cultural, parks and recreation	2,218	0	0	0	(2,218)	0	(2,218)
Total Variability parts and two battors	7,210			-	(2,210)		(2,010)
Total governmental activities	430,954	147,630	4,290	0	(279,034)	0	(279,034)
Business-type activities:	200 412	254.047				(1126)	(112(1)
Water	398,412	354,047				(44,366)	(44,366)
Sewer	426,517	259,383				(167,134)	(167,134)
Sanitation	97,468	103,103		0		5,635	5,635
Total business-type activities	922,397	716,533	0	U	0	(205,865)	(205,865)
Total primary government	\$1,353,352	\$864,163	\$4,290	\$0	(\$279,034)	(\$205,865)	(\$484,899)
					Governmental	Business-Type	Total
					(\$279,034)	(\$205,865)	(\$484,899)
	General revenu	es:					
	Taxes:						
	Sales Tax			•	94,713		94,713
	Use Tax			22,502		22,502	
		l public service tax	es		69,774		69,774
	Cigarette Tax				1,146		1,146
			stricted to specific prog	grams	32,771		32,771
	Interest incom				1,309	1,022	2,331
	Gain (loss) on				(2,811)		(2,811)
	Miscellaneous				20,002		20,002
	Transfers inter				0	0	0
	Total ne	neral revenues and	transfers	239,406	1,022	240,428	
	total ge	HEIGH SEVENDES WITH				***************************************	
	-	harge in net positio			(39,628)	(204,843)	(244,471)
	-	harge in net positio			(39,628)	(204,843) 2,368,110	(244,471) 3,432,550

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET -- MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash, and cash equivalents Due from General Fund	\$66,437	\$456,313 582	\$105,349 1,164	\$2,061	630,160 1,746
Total assets	66,437	456,895	106,513	2,061	\$631,906
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Payroll taxes payable	448	49			497
Due to other governments	986 582				986 582
Due to Street Fund Due to Fire Fund	1,164				1,164
Due to AMA	1,225				1,225
Total Liabilities	4,405	49	0	0	4,454
Fund Balances:					
Restricted for:					
Street and Alley		456,846	106 612		456,846
Fire Department Assigned			106,513		106,513 0
Unassigned	62,032			2,061	64,093
Total Fund Balances	62,032	456,846	106,513	2,061	627,452
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$66,437	\$456,895	\$106,513	\$2,061	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the states	ment of net position	are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$ 1,63 \$ 1,148,297 are not financial resources and, therefore, a					491,436
Some liabilities, including capital debt obligations pays current period and therefore are not reported in the fund		payable in the			(94,076)
Net position of governmental activities					\$1,024,812

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	124,993	31,571	31,571		188,135
Intergovernmental	16,263	16,508	4,290		37,061
Charges for services	144	,	750		894
Fines and forfeitures	140,605				140,605
Licenses and permits	6,131				6,131
Interest income	252	832	225		1,309
Miscellaneous	17,911	1,199	893		20,003
Total Revenues	306,299	50,110	37,729	0	394,138
Expenditures:					
Сиптепт:					
General Government:	24,057				24,057
Public Safety:					
Police	248,726				248,726
Fire			24,013		24,013
Emergency Management					0
Street and Public Works:					
Streets		42,065			42,065
Culture and Recreation:					
Library	1,234				1,234
Capital Outlay	0				0
Debt Service			17,949		17,949
Total Expenditures	274,017	42,065	41,962	0	358,044
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	32,282	8,045	(4,233)	0	36,094
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	7,000				7,000
Transfers out	,,000		(7,000)		(7,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,000	0	(7,000)	0	0
Net change in fund balances	39,282	8,045	(11,233)	0	36,094
-			,		
Fund balances - beginning	22,750	448,801	117,746	2,061	591,358
Fund balances - ending	62,032	456,846	106,513	2,061	627,452
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:					
Net change in fund balances -total governmental funds	3				\$36,094
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	e Statement of Ac	tivities are different l	because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as ex report depreciation expense to allocate those of Capital asset purchases capitalized					0
Depreciation expense					(87,085)
Debt service principal payments are not conside					14,174
The net effect of various transactions involving	capital assets (i.e.	sales, trade ins, and	contributions)		(2,811) (75,722)
(Change in Net Pos	sition of Government	al Activities		(\$39,628)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2016

	Arkoma Municpal Authority
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash, and cash equivalents	\$94,510
Due from other governments	1,225
Total current assets	95,735
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	282,765
Land and construction-in-progress	16,000
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,994,954
Total noncurrent assets	5,293,719
Total Assets	5,389,454
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Payroll taxes payable	398
Notes payable - current portion	71,090
Total current liabilities	71,488
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Refundable deposits	61,080
Notes payable - long-term portion	3,093,619
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,154,699
Total Liabilities	3,226,187
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,846,245
Restricted for debt service	136,069
Restricted for other purposes	85,616
Unrestricted	95,337
Total net position	2,163,267

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Arkoma Municipal Authority Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Charges for services:	
Water	\$333,775
Sewer	244,825
Sanitation	97,316
Penalties	15,046
Water & Sewer Taps	425
Reconnect Fees	4,659
Other	20,486
Total Operating Revenues	716,532
Operating Expenses:	
Administration/General	53,441
Water	209,901
Sewer	280,136
Sanitation	89,725
Depreciation	217,542
Amortization	2,373
Total Operating Expenses	853,118
Net Operating Income (Loss)	(136,586)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense):	
Investment income	1,022
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(69,279)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	(68,257)
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(204,843)
Transfers Out	0
Changes in net position	(204,843)
Total Net Position-Beginning	2,368,110
Total Net Position-Ending	\$2,163,267

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Arkoma Municipal Authority Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$716,532
Payments to suppliers	(558,813)
Payments to employees	(74,390)
Receipts of customer utility deposits	16,902
Refunds of cusomer utility deposits	(14,144)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	86,087
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Increase in payroll taxes payable	131
Transfers to other funds	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	131
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	(70,811)
Principal paid on capital debt	(69,573)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on capital debt	(69,279)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(209,663)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends	1,022
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,022
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivelents	(122,423)
Balance- beginning of the year	499,698
Balance- end of the year	\$377,275
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(\$136,586)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	(\$150,500)
(used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	217,542
Amortization expense	2,373
Change in assests and liabilites:	-4-1-
Refundable deposits	2,758
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$86,087

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the Town are described below.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government:

Town of Arkoma

Blended Component Unit:

Arkoma Municipal Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Town complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

A blended component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria. In addition, the blended component unit's governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Town Council, or the component unit provides services entirely to the Town. The component unit's funds are blended into those of the Town by appropriate fund type to constitute the primary government presentation. The blended component unit is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Fund Included In	
Arkoma Municipal Authority	Created January 4, 1972 to finance, develop, and operate the water, wastewater, and sanitation activities of the Town. Current Town Council serves as entire governing Body (Trustees). Debt issued by Authority Requires two-thirds approval of the Town Council	AMA Enterprise Fund	

The component unit does not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties of goods or services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Town presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Town. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as nonmajor funds:

Fund	Brief Description		
Street and Alley Fund	Accounts for gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes legally restricted for street and alley improvements.		
Fire Fund	Accounts for a special 1 cent sales tax for benefit of the fire department.		

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds area used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity presently includes no capital project fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

Fund	Brief Description
Arkoma Municipal Authority	Accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing water, wastewater, and sanitation services to the public.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS ON BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the funds financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like, and component unit activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements, proprietary fund statements, and the similar discretely presented component unit statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, (Cont.)

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual funds shares are also considered cash equivalents.

INVESTMENTS

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since July 1, 2003 are recorded at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Government-Wide Statements, (Cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-25 years
Machinery, furniture and equipment	3-20 years
Utility property and improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATION

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Government-Wide Statements, (Cont.)

- b. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment of capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the Town's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

1. E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Town has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government Licenses and permits.

Public Safety Fine revenue and Fire run revenue; operating and capital

grants include Cops School Grant and KEDDO

Streets and Public Works Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the

State

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

OPERATING REVENUE AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans—Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services—Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements—Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers—Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances—Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities—Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers--Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, (Cont.)

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances—Resource flows between the primary government (the Town and Municipal Improvement Authority) are reported as if they were external transactions and are classified separately from internal balances and activities within the primary government.

1.G. FUND EQUITY

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (Such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposed by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt services, or for other purposes).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1.H. USE OF STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the Town requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. DETAIL NOTES—TRANSACTIONS CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

2.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK-DEPOSITS

The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Town based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2016. The comparison relates to the primary government only. The categories of custodial credit risk are defined as follows:

Category 1	Insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or
	collateralized with securities held by the Town (or public trust)
	or by its agent in its name.
Category 2	Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging
	financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
Category 3	Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities
	held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department
	or agent but not in the Town's name; or properly collateralized
	with no written and approved collateral agreement.

Custody Credit Risk Category

Type of Deposits	Balance	Total Bank	2	3	
Insured deposits	250,000	250,000	-	-	
Uninsured deposits Collateralized Uncollateralized	772,733 -	~ -	772,733 -	Ξ	Total Carrying
Total Deposits Petty Cash	1,022,733	250,000	772,733	-	Value 1,007,035 400 1,007,435
Reconciliation to Government-Wide Statements of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents				1,007,435	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

INVESTMENTS AND CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Investments are limited by State law to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper, and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal, or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c, and d.

For purposes of custodial credit risk, the certificates of deposit are included in the preceding deposits risk analysis.

2.B. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets are composed of amounts held by the Municipal Authority for utility deposits (refunded upon termination of service or applied to final bill) of \$82,419. Additionally a certificate of deposit is held for debt service on the OWRB promissory note in the amount of \$15,000. Also, the amounts held to comply with the RUS water and sewer project debt service requirements are \$121,069 in the debt reserve account and \$64,277 in the short lived asset reserve account.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2.C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year.

Capital asset activity, resulting from in		isis italisactio	iis, for the fisca	•
	Balance at	4 7 75.0		Balance at
	July 1, 2015	<u>Additions</u>	Deductions	June 30, 2016
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	10,000	0	0	10,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	10,000	0	0	10,000
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	221,401	0	0	221,401
Vehicles	155,891	0	(47,539)	108,352
Machinery and equipment	929,809	0	(167,118)	762,691
Infrastructure	539,289	0	(2,000)	537,289
Total other capital assets at historical cost	1,846,390	0	(216,657)	1,629,733
Less accumulated depreciation for:				***************************************
Buildings	132,867	6,335	0	139,202
Vehicles	84,255	20,193	(46,839)	57,609
Machinery and equipment	649,268	44,298	(165,007)	528,559
Infrastructure	408,668	16,259	(2,000)	422,927
Total accumulated depreciation	1,275,058	87,085	(213,846)	1,148,297
Other capital assets, net	571,332	(87,085)	(2,811)	481,436
Governmental activities capital assets, net	581,332	(87,085)	(2,811)	491,436
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	16,000	0	0	16,000
Construction-in-process	0	Ö	0	0
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,000	0	0	16,000
Other capital assets:			·	
Buildings	22,370	0	0	22,370
Machinery and equipment	239,666	9,796	(6,349)	243,113
Utility property & improvements	7,760,332	61,015		7,821,347
Total other capital assets at historical cost	8,022,368	70,811	(6,349)	8,086,830
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	7,319	624	0	7,943
Machinery and equipment	174,843	20,830	(6,349)	189,324
Utility property & improvements	2,698,521	196,088	0	2,894,609
Total accumulated depreciation	2,880,683	217,542	(6,349)	3,091,876
Other capital assets, net	5,141,685	(146,731)	0	4,994,954
Business-type activities capital assets, net	5,157,685	(146,731)	0	5,010,954
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		managaman ana ana ana		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Primary Government	
Government Activities:	
General Government	4,079
Police	23,388
Fire	33,614
Street & Alley	21,928
Animal Control	93
Library	985
Emergency Management	2,998
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	87,085
Business-Type Activities:	
Administration	338
Water	92,676
Sewer	124,528
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	217,542

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2.D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Lease Purchase Obligations

As of June 30, 2016, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

Lease purchase obligations due Welch State Bank:

3.64% interest with 120 monthly payments of a principal and interest of	
1,496 due April 15, 2022, secured by 2012 International 4400 Commercial	
Rescue Pumper. Scheduled debt service payments to the Fire Fund.	\$ <u>94,076</u>

Total Lease Purchases Outstanding	\$ <u>94,076</u>
Current portion	\$ 14,769
Non-current portion	<u>79,307</u>
Total Notes Payable	\$ <u>94,076</u>

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

As of June 30, 2016, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Notes Payable:

Amended Series 2001 Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board. The amended note was issued by the Arkoma Municipal Authority and dated April 2, 2009, with the aggregate principal of \$340,000 and the next scheduled payment due August 15, 2009. Interest payments are scheduled semiannually beginning August 15, 2009 thru August 15, 2015. The interest rates progress annually from the initial rate of .895% to the final rate of 2.995%. The cost associated with the reissue are capitalized as loan application fees in the amount of \$22,151 and are amortized over the 7 year life of the amended loan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES, (Cont.)

Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board in the amount of 287,364 with a 2.495% interest and a .5% administration fee. Interest and principal payments are due semiannually with a stated principal payment of \$8,875 beginning September 15, 2003. The note proceeds are for sewer system improvements.

114,438

Note due to Rural Utilities Service Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$3,241,000. The note was completely funded on April 9, 2014. The note is for the purpose of providing a portion of the cost of acquiring and constructing of Arkoma Municipal Authority water and sewer improvements. The original principal amount of \$3,241,000 will have a fixed interest rate of 2.125% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$10,048 due June 2053.

3,050,271

Total Notes Payable Outstanding	\$ <u>3,164,709</u>
Current portion	\$ 71,090
Non-current portion	3,093,619
Total Notes Payable	\$ <u>3,164,709</u>

Refundable Deposits:

Refundable deposits reported as a liability within the Statement of Net Position are composed of the following:

Utility Deposits -Refundable

\$ 61,080

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Type of Debt	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Amount Due Within One Year
Government Activities: Capital Debt Obligations	108,249		14,173	94,076	14,769
Business-Type Activities: Refundable Deposits Notes Payable	58,321 3,234,282	16,903	14,144 69,573	61,080 3,164,709	71,090
Total Business-Type Activities:	3,400,852	16,903	97,890	3,319,865	85,859

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, except for refundable deposits, as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ended	Capital Debt Obligations		Notes	Payable
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	14,769.31	3,179.57	71,090.45	67,035.55
2018	15,315.97	2,632.91	72,669.84	65,456.16
2019	15,882.87	2,066.01	74,284.49	63,841.51
2020	16,470.75	1,478.13	75,935.18	62,190.82
2021	17,080.41	868.47	77,622.72	60,503.28
2022-2026	14,556.33	241.76	363,474.92	277,310.60
2027-2031			363,372.71	239,507.29
2032-2036			404,068.78	198,811.22
2037-2041			449,322.60	153,557.40
2042-2046			499,644.62	103,235.38
2047-2051			555,602.51	47,277.49
2052~2053			157,620.45	2,356.39
Total	94,075.64	10,466.85	3,164,709.27	1,341,083.09

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE AND RESERVE REQUIREMENT

The Municipal Authority's OWRB Promissory Notes are collateralized by the revenue of the Arkoma Municipal Authority Water and Sewer System. The agreement OWRB contains provisions which require the Town to maintain pledged revenue, of at least 125% of the annual debt service and a debt reserve fund of 10% of the note balance. As of June 30, 2016 the Authority's meets the debt service coverage percentage. The Authority's reserve balance for the OWRB debt is \$15,000 and RUS debt is \$121,069 both meeting the promissory note requirements.

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE AND RESERVE REQUIREMENT, (Cont.)

The Municipal Authority's RUS Promissory Notes are collateralized by the revenue of the Arkoma Municipal Authority Water and Sewer System. The Authority is required to set aside at least 10% of the annual debt service in a debt reserve account. The Authority has fully funded the amount of the debt reserve account in the amount of \$121,069. The Authority is required to monthly deposit \$1,255 beginning April 2014 into a short lived asset reserve account until a balance of \$316,853 is reached. The Authority began the year with \$108,832 has added monthly deposits of \$13,805 and interest of \$218 less expenditures for replacement assets of \$58,578 leaving a ending balance of \$64,277 in the short lived asset reserve account as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2.E. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

MAJOR FUNDS:	TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFERS OUT
GENERAL:		
Fire Fund Total General Fund	\$ 7,000 7,000	\$
FIRE FUND: General Fund Total Fire Fund		7,000 7,000
GRAND TOTALS	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000

INTERFUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, the General Fund owed the Street Fund \$582, the Fire Fund \$1,164 and the Arkoma Municipal Authority \$1,225.

NOTE 3. OTHER NOTES

3. A. GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

<u>Rural Fire Defense Grant</u> - The Town received a grant of \$4,290 from the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Forestry Services for a fire calls.

3.B. COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT SALES TAX REVENUE

The LeFlore County Board of Commissioners passed a resolution assessing a .25% sales tax for the benefit of the LeFlore County Fire Departments. The County began collecting the funds July 1, 2011 and remitting monthly into the funds designated by each County Fire Department and maintained under custody and control of the County Treasurer. In accordance with the resolution the funds can generally be used for construction and improvements, various approved equipment, fire training safety and education, and general maintenance and operation of the department. For the period beginning July 1, 2014 thru June 30, 2016 the Town of Arkoma Fire Department had a beginning balance of \$44,066.16, the department has been appropriated \$33,243.76 for its benefit and has expended \$39,888.54 leaving a balance of \$37,421.38 for future use. Funds requested must be used in accordance with County purchasing policies and procedures as outlined in the resolution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3.C. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Volunteer firemen of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, participate in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System. The plan covers all volunteer fireman hired before age 45 if they are working in a participating municipality. These firemen are not paid a salary.

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, (Cont.)

A. Eligibility Factors, Contribution Methods, and Benefit Provisions

Oklahoma Firefighter's
Pension and
Retirement System

Obtaining separately issued financial

statements

Firefighters Pension & Retirement

4545 N. Lincoln Blvd,

Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414

Eligibility to participate

All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality and

hired before age 45.

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefits

State Statute

Employee's contribution rate

N/A

Town's contribution rate (\$60 per volunteer)

\$60

State obligation

State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability

Period required to vest

20 years of service

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(full-time)

20 years credited service, 2 ½% of Final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested; at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(volunteer)

20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service,

with a maximum of 30 years

considered.

Deferred retirement option

Yes, 20 years credited with continued service for a maximum

of 30 or more years

Provisions for:

Cost of living adjustments

(normal retirement)

Yes, if vested by 5/83

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, (Cont.)

Provisions for:

Death (duty, non-duty, post retirement)

Yes

Disability (duty, non-duty)

Yes

Cost of living allowances

Yes

Contributions and Trend Information

Contributions required by State Statute and made for each of the past three fiscal years are:

2014	\$ 960
2015	\$ 900
2016	\$ 960

These contributions represent 100% of the required contribution in each fiscal year.

The Town participates in the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (O.M.R.F.), which provides coverage to substantially all full-time Town employees. The plan is a multiple-employer plan.

Agent Multiple-Employer, Defined Contribution Plan

The Town provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate twelve months after the employee's employment commencement date.

The employer hereby elects to have provisions of Section 4.9 of the plan apply. The employer shall pick-up and pay 3% of each participant's compensation. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service. The Town contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are divided equally amount current plan participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The Town's total payroll in the fiscal year 2016 was \$270,810. The Town's contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of \$228,919. Both the Town and the covered employees made the required contribution of 3% and 1% respectively.

The employer required contributions from the current year wages amounted to \$6,866. The covered employees required contributions amounted to \$2,289 and additional voluntary contributions above the required 1% totaled \$4,992 for total plan employee/employer contributions of \$14,147.

Trend information showing the progress of the Systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in their respective separate annual financial reports.

Related-Party Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the System held no related-party investments of the Town or of its component units.

3.D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters.

The Town manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk Retained
a. Torts, errors and omissions	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
b. Injuries to employees (workers' compensation)	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
c. Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group and	(1)
d. Health and life	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Blue Cross and Blue Shield and Dearborn National Life	None

(1) The Town participates in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Liability Protection Plan and Life and Health Benefit Plan (risk entity pools).

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3.E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2016, the City had an unrecorded commitment for earned but unused vacation and compensatory time leave benefits that would require payment upon employee termination of service.

The compensated absences commitment of \$3,431 at June 30, 2016, can be summarized as follows:

	Street &			
	<u>Town</u>	<u>Alley</u>	<u>AMA</u>	<u>Total</u>
Vacation	\$ 2,982	\$ 186	\$ 874	\$ 4,042

CONTINGENCIES

Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the Town participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Litigation

The financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies resulting from litigation. Under applicable Oklahoma statutes, such judgments may become liabilities only of the Debt Service Fund and only in the year in which tax revenue is specifically assessed for payment of the claim, and only to the extent of the taxes so specifically assessed in that year. Such claims are generally paid through special tax assessments over a three-year period.

Accordingly, the Town believes that such claims should be recorded in the year in which taxes are assessed for payment on the claim, only to the extent of such tax revenue that is actually provided. This method is preferable to the conflicting rule for treatment of loss contingencies as set out in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.5 (issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board) wherein contingencies should be recorded in full in the year in which it is probable that a liability has been created if the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town did not have any subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2016.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	22,750	22,750	22,750	-
Revenues:				
Taxes				
Sales tax	38,000	38,000	31,571	(6,429)
Use tax	23,650	23,650	22,502	(1,148)
Franchise tax	60,000	60,000	69,774	9,774
Cigarette tax	1,145	1,145	1,146	1
Total Taxes	122,795	122,795	124,993	2,198
Intergovernmental:				
Alcoholic beverage tax	14,000	14,000	16,263	2,263
Grants	0	0	0	0
Total Intergovernmental	14,000	14,000	16,263	2,263
Charges for services	100	0	144	144
Fines and forefeitures				
Court Fines	132,000	132,000	140,605	8,605
Total Fines and Forfeitures	132,000	132,000	140,605	8,605
Licenses and Permits	4,500	4,500	6,131	1,631
Interest Income	500	500	252	(248)
Miscellaneous:				
Oil & Gas Royalties	0	0	74	74
Donations	0	0	72	72
Misc, Revenue	20,000	20,000	17,765	(2,235)
Total Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	17,911	(2,089)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers from other funds	0	0	7,000	7,000
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	7,000	7,000
Amounts available for appropriation	316,645	316,545	336,049	19,504

BUDETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted A	A mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				Tobleto (10gateto)
General Government				
Personal services	19,063	19,063	17,292	1,771
Materials and supplies	500	2,700	309	2,391
Other services and charges	6,000	6,100	6,456	(356)
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0
Total General Government	25,563	27,863	24,057	3,806
Police:				
Personal services	187,420	212,420	205,221	7,199
Materials and supplies	18,300	16,100	9,549	6,551
Other services and charges	48,100	45,100	33,956	11,144
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	0	5,000
Total Police	258,820	278,620	248,726	29,894
Library:				
Materials and supplies	200	200	0	200
Other services and charges	1,100	700	1,234	(534)
Total Library	1,300	900	1,234	(334)
Emergency Management:				
Other services and charges	700	700		700
Total Emergency Management	700	700	0	700
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers to other funds	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0
Total Charges to Appropriations	286,383	308,083	274,017	34,066
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	30,262	8,462	62,032	53,570

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		SPECIAL	REVENUE FUI	NDS
			T AND ALLEY	
	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	448,801	448,801	448,801	0
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	38,000	38,000	31,571	(6,429)
Intergovernmental	17,000	17,000	16,508	(492)
Interest	700	700	832	132
Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation	1,000 505,501	1,000 505,501	1,199 498,911	(6,590)
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):			*****	
Street:				
Personal services	23,937	23,937	25,867	(1,930)
Materials and supplies	15,400	15,400	7,456	7,944
Other services and charges	13,800	13,800	8,742	5,058
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	0	200,000
Total Street	253,137	253,137	42,065	211,072
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers to other funds	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0
Total Charges to Appropriations	253,137	253,137	42,065	211,072
Ending Budetary Fund Balance	252,364	252,364	456,846	204,482
		SPECIAL I	REVENUE FUI	NDS
			FIRE	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	117,746	117,746	117,746	0
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	38,000	38,000	31,571	(6,429)
Intergovernmental	0	0	4,290	4,290
Charges for services	0	0	750	750
Interest	200	200	225	25
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	893	(3,107)
Amounts available for appropriation	159,946	159,946	155,475	(4,471)
Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire:				
Personal services	15,909	15,869	8,674	7,195
Materials and supplies	6,500	6,500	3,311	3,189
Other services and charges	16,100	16,100	12,028	4,072
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	0	5,000

17,949

41,962

(7,000)

(7,000)

48,962

106,513

19,507

(7,000)

7,000

12,507

8,036

18,000

61,469

61,469

98,477

0

0

18,000

61,509

61,509

98,437

0

0

Debt service

Other Financing Uses: Transfers to other funds

Total Other Financing Sources

Ending Budetary Fund Balance

Total Charges to Appropriations

Total Fire

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2016

Budget Law

The Town prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Town Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.
- The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is by department within a fund.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Town Council approval. The Mayor may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without Town Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules presented for purposes of additional analysis

TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
	CDGB
	Grant
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	2,061
Total Assets	2,061
FUND BALANCES	
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor	
special revenue funds	2,061

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CDBG GRANT

	CDBG GRANT			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	2,061	2,061	2,061	0
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0
Amounts available for appropriation	2,061	2,061	2,061	0
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):				
CDBG Grant:				
Transfers out	0	0	0	0
Total CDBG Grant	0	0	0	0
Total Charges to Appropriations	0	0	0	0
Ending Budetary Fund Balance	2,061	2,061_	2,061	0

KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 West Okmulgee Avenue Muskogee, Oklahoma 74401 Phone (918) 684-1040 Fax (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM
E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 North 1⁵⁷ Street Ponca City, Oklahoma 74601 Phone (580) 762-1040 Fax (580) 762-1047

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, which collectively comprise the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Arkoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Arkoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. material or combination weakness is a deficiency. control, deficiencies, in internal such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected

KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 NORTH 15 STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However. material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town Arkoma's financial statements are free of misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However. providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Auditing Standards in considering the entity's Government internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kershaw CPA # Associates, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

December 9, 2016