

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement Plan

Administered by

Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees of the
Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), administered by the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, which is a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which comprise the statements of fiduciary net position (pensions and other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of changes in fiduciary net position (pensions and OPEB) for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position (Pensions and OPEB) of the Plan as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in fiduciary net position (Pensions and OPEB) for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2017 the Plan adopted new accounting guidance, Statement No. 74 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* (GASB 74). Adoption of this statement resulted in revised financial statements and disclosures related to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

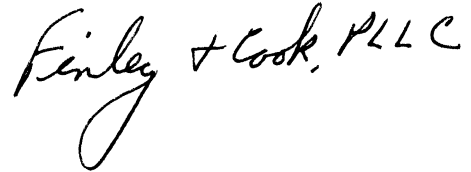
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages I-1 through I-6 and the schedule of changes in employer agencies' net pension liability, the schedule of employer agencies' net pension liability, the schedule of pension contributions from employer agencies and other contributing entities, the schedule of pension investment returns, the related notes to required pension supplementary information, the schedule of changes in employer agencies' net OPEB liability, the schedule of employer agencies' net OPEB liability, the schedule of OPEB contributions from employer agencies and other contributing entities, the schedule of OPEB investment returns, and the related notes to required OPEB supplementary information on pages 61 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2017, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Finley + Cook, PLLC". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Shawnee, Oklahoma
October 17, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement Plan, administered by the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System (collectively referred to as the "System") provides an overview of the System's activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the System's financial statements, which begin on page 4.

Management's Discussion and Analysis has been restated to consider the impact of the adoption of GASB 74, as further described in Note 2. In summary, health insurance payments made in the current and prior years have been reflected as OPEB expenses and not as pension expenses. In addition, contributions have been reduced to reflect the resources for the payment of health insurance as a part of OPEB as well. As OPEB has been on a "pay as you go" basis and no assets have been allocated, OPEB has no fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2017, 2016, or 2015. The System is in the process of developing an allocation plan effective July 1, 2017, which will be used to allocate OPEB assets based on a contribution funding percentage to be determined. The overall impact of GASB 74 on the financial statements of the System for 2017 and 2016 was to reflect the health insurance premiums paid as a component of OPEB and not pensions. Total net position, revenues, and expenses were unchanged.

Financial Highlights

Pensions

	June 30,		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
		(Restated)	(Restated)
• Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions	\$ 939,344,616	853,583,637	895,140,717
• Contributions:			
State agencies	9,262,357	9,372,638	8,605,018
Plan members	6,832,480	6,866,274	6,389,911
Insurance premium tax	12,240,435	12,823,301	12,671,293
Other state sources	<u>9,601,825</u>	<u>10,157,348</u>	<u>10,189,814</u>
	<u>37,937,097</u>	<u>39,219,561</u>	<u>37,856,036</u>
• Net investment income (loss)	106,518,842	(22,244,141)	34,802,362
• Benefits paid, refunds, and other deductions	58,694,960	(58,532,500)	57,424,177
• Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	85,760,979	(41,557,080)	15,234,221

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

OPEB

	June 30,		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
• Fiduciary net position restricted for OPEB	\$ -	-	-
• Contributions:			
State agencies	848,717	846,718	833,373
Plan members	-	-	-
Insurance premium tax	-	-	-
Other state sources	-	-	-
	<u>848,717</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>833,373</u>
• Net investment (loss) income	-	-	-
• Health insurance payments	848,717	846,718	833,373
• Net (decrease) increase in fiduciary net position	-	-	-

DISCUSSION OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's basic financial statements. The System's basic financial statements are comprised of 1) the statements of fiduciary net position, pensions and OPEB; 2) the statements of changes in fiduciary net position, pensions and OPEB, and; 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information. The System is a component unit of the State of Oklahoma and together with other similar funds comprise the fiduciary pension trust funds of the State of Oklahoma. The financial statements are presented using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The System's statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the System. These statements are presented in a manner similar to those of a private business.

The statements of fiduciary net position represent the fair value of the System's assets as of the end of the fiscal year. The difference between assets and liabilities, called "fiduciary net position," represents the value of assets held in trust for future benefit payments. Over time, increases and decreases in the System's net position can serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the System is improving or declining.

The statements of changes in fiduciary net position are presented in order to show the changes in net position during the year. The activity primarily consists of contributions to the System, unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments, investment income, benefits paid, and investment and administrative expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION COMPARING THE CURRENT YEAR TO PRIOR YEARS

The following table summarizes the fiduciary net position as of June 30:

Pensions

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,353,051	11,292,439	11,408,567
Receivables	5,980,408	5,878,411	5,873,732
Investments, at fair value	929,106,499	845,871,568	891,289,904
Securities lending short-term collateral	75,293,664	73,055,009	76,249,829
Capital assets, net	<u>-</u>	<u>4,736</u>	<u>5,920</u>
 Total assets	 <u>1,030,733,622</u>	 <u>936,102,163</u>	 <u>984,827,952</u>
 Liabilities	 <u>91,389,006</u>	 <u>82,518,526</u>	 <u>89,687,235</u>
 Fiduciary net position	 <u>\$ 939,344,616</u>	 <u>853,583,637</u>	 <u>895,140,717</u>

OPEB

As discussed elsewhere, OPEB has no assets, liabilities, or fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2017 or 2016.

Investments are made in accordance with the investment policy approved by the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System Board of Trustees. A more detailed description of the types of investments held and the investment policy is presented in Note 2 and Notes 4 through 8 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION COMPARING THE CURRENT YEAR TO PRIOR YEARS, CONTINUED

The following table summarizes the changes in fiduciary net position between fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015:

Pensions

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Additions			
Contributions	\$ 37,937,097	39,219,561	37,856,036
Net investment income (loss)	<u>106,518,842</u>	<u>(22,244,141)</u>	<u>34,802,362</u>
Total additions	<u>144,455,939</u>	<u>16,975,420</u>	<u>72,658,398</u>
Deductions			
Benefits paid, including refunds	50,910,637	50,267,546	46,618,508
Deferred option benefits	6,701,654	7,233,620	9,736,391
Administrative expenses	<u>1,082,669</u>	<u>1,031,334</u>	<u>1,069,278</u>
Total deductions	<u>58,694,960</u>	<u>58,532,500</u>	<u>57,424,177</u>
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	85,760,979	(41,557,080)	15,234,221
Fiduciary net position—pensions, beginning of year	<u>853,583,637</u>	<u>895,140,717</u>	<u>879,906,496</u>
Fiduciary net position—pensions, end of year	<u><u>\$ 939,344,616</u></u>	<u><u>853,583,637</u></u>	<u><u>895,140,717</u></u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION COMPARING THE CURRENT YEAR TO PRIOR YEARS, CONTINUED

OPEB

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Additions			
Contributions	\$ 848,717	846,718	833,373
Net investment (loss) income	-	-	-
Total additions	<u>848,717</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>833,373</u>
Deductions			
Health insurance payments	<u>848,717</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>833,373</u>
Net increase in fiduciary net position	-	-	-
Fiduciary net position—OPEB, beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary net position—OPEB, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

ANALYSIS OF THE OVERALL FINANCIAL NET POSITION AND THE CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Funding for the System is derived primarily from contributions from employer agencies and the System members, as well as from funds received from motor license agents for the System's share of fees, taxes, and penalties, from the State of Oklahoma Insurance Department for the System's share of insurance premium taxes, and from net investment income generated on assets held. In total, contributions decreased during fiscal year 2017 compared to 2016 primarily due to agencies not having the funding to hire to replace retiring employees. In the prior period, contributions increased during fiscal year 2016 compared to 2015 primarily due to raises given in fiscal year 2015 were fully realized. The System received 5% of total insurance premium tax collected for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The System's net yield on average assets was approximately 13% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Net investment income earnings increased from \$(22) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, to \$107 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, as a result of great returns on investments. As the System accounts for its investments at fair value, rises and declines in the prices of stocks and bonds have a direct effect and impact on the net position and changes in net position of the System. The System's net yield on its average assets and the yield for the S&P 500 were as follows for the years ended June 30:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
System	13%	(2)%	4%
S&P 500	18%	4%	7%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

ANALYSIS OF THE OVERALL FINANCIAL NET POSITION AND THE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, CONTINUED

In fiscal year 2017, benefit expenses, including refunds, increased during the year by approximately 1%. In fiscal year 2016, benefit expenses, including refunds, increased during the year by approximately 8%. Health insurance payments increased by less than 1% during fiscal year 2017 and 2% during fiscal year 2016. During the fiscal year 2017, deferred option benefits decreased approximately 7% compared to 2016 and during the fiscal year 2016, deferred option benefits decreased approximately 26% compared to 2015 due to salary increases enticing members to stay longer.

Administrative expenses are composed primarily of payroll and related expense for the employees of the System, legal and professional fees, and medical and travel costs. During fiscal year 2017 total administrative expenses increased approximately 5% and during fiscal year 2016 total administrative expenses decreased approximately 4% due to salaries increase and converting to paperless system.

The overall fiduciary net position increased for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, decreased for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and increased for fiscal year 2015, principally due to market value fluctuations.

DESCRIPTION OF CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS, OR CONDITIONS THAT ARE EXPECTED TO HAVE A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE NET POSITION OR CHANGES IN NET POSITION

While the System is directly impacted by the overall stock market changes, investments are made based on the expected long-term performance and in the best interest of the members of the System. With over \$939 million of total assets and a wide range of diversity of investments, the System has the financial resources to maintain its current investment strategies, while continuing to review for other investment options to benefit its members.

Presently, the System receives 5% of total taxes collected on insurance premiums. The System received insurance premium taxes of approximately \$12 million for the year ended June 30, 2017, and \$13 million in the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director of the System, c/o Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, 421 N.W. 13th Street, Suite 100, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73103.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

<i>June 30, 2017</i>	<i>Pensions</i>	<i>OPEB</i>	<i>Total</i>
Assets			
Cash	\$ 368,016	-	368,016
Short-term investments	19,985,035	-	19,985,035
Total cash and cash equivalents	20,353,051	-	20,353,051
Receivables:			
Interest and dividends receivable	956,946	-	956,946
Contributions receivable:			
State agencies	807,190	-	807,190
Plan members	584,917	-	584,917
Other state sources	945,704	-	945,704
Insurance premium tax	2,684,870	-	2,684,870
Other	781	-	781
Total receivables	5,980,408	-	5,980,408
Investments, at fair value:			
U.S. government securities	60,997,916	-	60,997,916
Domestic corporate bonds	120,431,878	-	120,431,878
International corporate bonds	79,489,419	-	79,489,419
Domestic common and preferred stock	322,883,340	-	322,883,340
International common and preferred stock	225,573,751	-	225,573,751
Real estate funds	74,383,160	-	74,383,160
Commodities	16,947,716	-	16,947,716
Alternative investments	24,499,319	-	24,499,319
Real estate—building	3,900,000	-	3,900,000
Total investments, at fair value	929,106,499	-	929,106,499
Securities lending short-term collateral	75,293,664	-	75,293,664
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	-	-
Total assets	1,030,733,622	-	1,030,733,622
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	618,206	-	618,206
Net payable to brokers	15,179,732	-	15,179,732
Deferred option benefits due and currently payable	297,404	-	297,404
Securities lending collateral payable	75,293,664	-	75,293,664
Total liabilities	91,389,006	-	91,389,006
Fiduciary net position restricted for:			
Pensions	939,344,616	-	939,344,616
OPEB	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 939,344,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>939,344,616</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See accompanying notes to financial statements.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, CONTINUED

<i>June 30, 2016</i>	<i>Pensions</i>	<i>OPEB</i>	<i>Total</i>
Assets			
Cash	\$ 246,868	-	246,868
Short-term investments	11,045,571	-	11,045,571
Total cash and cash equivalents	11,292,439	-	11,292,439
Receivables:			
Interest and dividends receivable	861,271	-	861,271
Contributions receivable:			
State agencies	812,164	-	812,164
Plan members	580,409	-	580,409
Other state sources	919,538	-	919,538
Insurance premium tax	2,656,717	-	2,656,717
Other	48,312	-	48,312
Total receivables	5,878,411	-	5,878,411
Investments, at fair value:			
U.S. government securities	62,049,742	-	62,049,742
Domestic corporate bonds	121,031,737	-	121,031,737
International corporate bonds	71,674,611	-	71,674,611
Domestic common and preferred stock	282,082,496	-	282,082,496
International common and preferred stock	195,160,479	-	195,160,479
Real estate funds	69,912,939	-	69,912,939
Commodities	17,906,633	-	17,906,633
Alternative investments	22,252,931	-	22,252,931
Real estate—building	3,800,000	-	3,800,000
Total investments, at fair value	845,871,568	-	845,871,568
Securities lending short-term collateral	73,055,009	-	73,055,009
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,736	-	4,736
Total assets	936,102,163	-	936,102,163
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	550,041	-	550,041
Net payable to brokers	8,376,933	-	8,376,933
Deferred option benefits due and currently payable	536,543	-	536,543
Securities lending collateral payable	73,055,009	-	73,055,009
Total liabilities	82,518,526	-	82,518,526
Fiduciary net position restricted for:			
Pensions	853,583,637	-	853,583,637
OPEB	-	-	-
	\$ 853,583,637	-	853,583,637

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See accompanying notes to financial statements.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN

Administered by

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

<i>Years Ended June 30, 2017</i>	<i>Pensions</i>	<i>OPEB</i>	<i>Total</i>
Additions:			
Contributions:			
State agencies	\$ 9,262,357	848,717	10,111,074
Plan members	6,832,480	-	6,832,480
Insurance premium tax	12,240,435	-	12,240,435
Other state sources	9,601,825	-	9,601,825
Total contributions	<u>37,937,097</u>	<u>848,717</u>	<u>38,785,814</u>
Investment income:			
From investing activities:			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	97,963,476	-	97,963,476
Interest	8,020,724	-	8,020,724
Dividends	4,471,972	-	4,471,972
Net rental income (loss)	157,001	-	157,001
Total investment (loss) income	<u>110,613,173</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>110,613,173</u>
Less: investment expense	<u>(4,410,795)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,410,795)</u>
Income (loss) from investing activities	<u>106,202,378</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,202,378</u>
From securities lending activities:			
Securities lending income	728,712	-	728,712
Securities lending expenses:			
Management fees	(135,387)	-	(135,387)
Borrower rebates	<u>(276,861)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(276,861)</u>
Income from securities lending activities	<u>316,464</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>316,464</u>
Net investment income (loss)	<u>106,518,842</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,518,842</u>
Total additions	<u>144,455,939</u>	<u>848,717</u>	<u>145,304,656</u>
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	50,155,990	-	50,155,990
Deferred option benefits	6,701,654	-	6,701,654
Health insurance premiums paid	-	848,717	848,717
Refunds of contributions	754,647	-	754,647
Administrative expenses	<u>1,082,669</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,082,669</u>
Total deductions	<u>58,694,960</u>	<u>848,717</u>	<u>59,543,677</u>
Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	85,760,979	-	85,760,979
Net position restricted for pensions and OPEB:			
Beginning of year	<u>853,583,637</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>853,583,637</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 939,344,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>939,344,616</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN

Administered by

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, CONTINUED**

<i>Years Ended June 30, 2016</i>	<i>Pensions</i>	<i>OPEB</i>	<i>Total</i>
Additions:			
Contributions:			
State agencies	\$ 9,372,638	846,718	10,219,356
Plan members	6,866,274	-	6,866,274
Insurance premium tax	12,823,301	-	12,823,301
Other state sources	10,157,348	-	10,157,348
Total contributions	<u>39,219,561</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>40,066,279</u>
Investment income:			
From investing activities:			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(31,178,006)	-	(31,178,006)
Interest	7,823,872	-	7,823,872
Dividends	4,270,315	-	4,270,315
Net rental income (loss)	<u>221,867</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>221,867</u>
Total investment (loss) income	(18,861,952)	-	(18,861,952)
Less: investment expense	<u>(3,610,107)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,610,107)</u>
(Loss) income from investing activities	<u>(22,472,059)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,472,059)</u>
From securities lending activities:			
Securities lending income	338,005	-	338,005
Securities lending expenses:			
Management fees	(97,481)	-	(97,481)
Borrower rebates	<u>(12,606)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,606)</u>
Income from securities lending activities	<u>227,918</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>227,918</u>
Net investment (loss) income	<u>(22,244,141)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,244,141)</u>
Total additions	<u>16,975,420</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>17,822,138</u>
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	49,333,005	-	49,333,005
Deferred option benefits	7,233,620	-	7,233,620
Health insurance premiums paid	-	846,718	846,718
Refunds of contributions	934,541	-	934,541
Administrative expenses	<u>1,031,334</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,031,334</u>
Total deductions	<u>58,532,500</u>	<u>846,718</u>	<u>59,379,218</u>
Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	(41,557,080)	-	(41,557,080)
Net position restricted for pensions and OPEB:			
Beginning of year	<u>895,140,717</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>895,140,717</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 853,583,637</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>853,583,637</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System (the “System”) was established July 1, 1947, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for qualified law enforcement officers as defined by Oklahoma statutes. The System is the administrator of a single-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan that provides participants with retirement, death, and disability benefits, a Deferred Option Plan (the “Deferred Option”), and supplemental health benefits, all established by the State of Oklahoma. The supplemental health benefits are considered other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). As such, the System is also the administrator of a single-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan. For financial reporting purposes, the pension and the OPEB components of the Plan are reported separately. The System is part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity and is included in the State of Oklahoma’s financial reports as a pension and OPEB trust fund. Currently, agencies and/or departments who are members of the System are the Oklahoma Highway Patrol and Capitol Patrol of the Department of Public Safety (DPS), the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Alcoholic Beverage Law Enforcement Commission, certain members of the Grand River Dam Authority, certain members of the DPS Communications Division, DPS Waterways Lake Patrol Division, park rangers, park managers, and park supervisors of the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department, inspectors of the Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy, and Oklahoma University and Oklahoma State University campus police officers.

While all members participate in the pension plan, presently only six are participating in the OPEB plan:

- Oklahoma Department of Public Safety
- Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation
- The Alcoholic Beverage Law Enforcement Commission
- Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control
- Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy
- Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department

The System, considered a single employer pension and OPEB plan, is a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which is combined with other similar funds to comprise the fiduciary pension and OPEB trust funds of the State of Oklahoma.

See Independent Auditors’ Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS, CONTINUED

The Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System Board of Trustees (the “Board”) is responsible for the operation, administration, and management of the System. The Board also determines the general investment policy of the System’s assets. The Board is composed of 13 members consisting of: the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee; the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services or designee; three (3) members to be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be a retired member of the System; one (1) member to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; one (1) member to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; two (2) members of the Highway Patrol Division and one (1) member of the Communications Section of the Oklahoma Highway Patrol; one (1) member from the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation; one (1) member of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control; and one (1) member of the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, elected by and from the membership of the System. The appointees and office holders or designees all serve a 4-year term, with the governor appointee’s term being coterminous with that office.

The System’s participants at June 30 consisted of the following:

Pension

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,368	1,362
Terminated vested participants	24	24
Deferred Option participants	29	20
Active participants	<u>1,277</u>	<u>1,300</u>
Total members	<u><u>2,698</u></u>	<u><u>2,706</u></u>

OPEB

	<u>2017</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	595
Terminated vested participants	24
Active participants	<u>1,277</u>
Total members	<u><u>1,896</u></u>

See Independent Auditors’ Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the significant accounting policies followed by the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement Plan (the “Plan”).

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are established by statute as a percentage of salaries and are recognized in the period in which employees’ salaries are earned. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The financial statements of the pension portion of the Plan are in conformity with provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* (GASB 67).

The financial statements for the OPEB portion of the Plan are in conformity with provisions of GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* (GASB 74).

The Plan is administered by the System, a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which together with other similar pension, OPEB, and retirement funds comprise the fiduciary pension trust funds of the State of Oklahoma. Administrative expenses are paid with the funds provided by operations of the Plan.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As of July 1, 2016, the System adopted GASB 74. As noted elsewhere, the Plan provides certain retirees with an allowance for health insurance premiums of up to \$105 per month for retirees. While a separate account for OPEB is not maintained, it is a component of the pension trust account. The adoption of GASB 74 impacted the financial statement presentation and required supplemental schedules and required a separate actuarial valuation of OPEB.

The implementation did not change total net position of the System, but rather required a separation of pension and OPEB balances and transactions. While the System created a Retirement Benefit Fund for the purposes of paying such insurance premiums, no allocation of the System’s total assets were specifically assigned to the fund. As such, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no assets set aside for OPEB. The System intends to fully fund the OPEB liability and is in the process of implementing a plan to develop a contribution funding rate to enable the System to set aside specific funds to accumulate assets to be used to fund OPEB.

See Independent Auditors’ Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement, Continued

The fund will be administered in accordance with the requirements of Section 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). GASB 75 addresses employer and governmental non-employer contributing entities' accounting and financial reporting when participating in an OPEB plan. This statement requires proper recognition of OPEB liabilities by employers and requires a more comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. More robust disclosures will also improve transparency and accountability. GASB 75 is effective for financial statements for the periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The Plan will adopt GASB 75 effective July 1, 2017, for the June 30, 2018, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 75 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* (GASB 77). GASB 77 provides financial reporting and disclosure guidance to governments that have either entered into tax abatement agreements or that have revenues affected by tax abatements entered into by another government. Governments will generally use tax abatements to encourage specific economic development that benefit either the government or its citizens by forgoing certain taxes. The Plan adopted this statement on July 1, 2016. The Plan has no items to be reported and the adoption had no significant impact on the Plan's financial statements.

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans* (GASB 78). GASB 78 addresses an issue that arose as a result of the employer reporting for pension plans under GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Certain state and local governments participate in a cost-sharing multi-employer pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental plan, (2) provides defined benefits both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer. This Statement establishes the requirements for recognition, reporting, disclosures, and required supplementary information for governmental employers that provide pensions through pension plans with the above-mentioned characteristics. The Plan adopted this statement on July 1, 2016. The adoption had no significant impact on the Plan's financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* (GASB 80). GASB 80 amends blending requirements for the financial statements of component units to include criteria requiring blending of a component unit organized as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The Plan adopted this statement on July 1, 2016. The adoption had no significant impact on the Plan's financial statements.

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* (GASB 81). GASB 81 provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is one of the beneficiaries of an irrevocable split-interest agreement. Irrevocable split-interest agreements are a type of giving by a donor to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. GASB 81 provides the recognition and reporting requirements applicable when a government is one of the parties to such an agreement. The Plan will adopt GASB 81 effective July 1, 2017, for the June 30, 2018, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 81 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* (GASB 83). GASB 83 provides accounting and reporting requirements for certain asset retirement obligations (ARO) that arise from legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of certain tangible capital assets. ARO's require an internal and external obligating event and the costs to be reasonably estimable for the incurrence of such a liability. The Plan will adopt GASB 83 effective July 1, 2018, for the June 30, 2019, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 83 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84). GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the recognition and reporting of fiduciary activities. GASB 84 identifies four types of reportable fiduciary fund types, including 1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, 2) investment trust funds, 3) private-purpose trust funds, and 4) custodial funds. GASB 84 outlines the accounting and disclosure requirements for operating structures that qualify as a fiduciary activity. The Plan will adopt GASB 84 effective July 1, 2019, for the June 30, 2020, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 84 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No 85, *Omnibus 2017* (GASB 85). GASB 85 clarified several practice issues identified during the application of earlier GASB pronouncements. GASB 85 addresses topics including the blending of component units, goodwill and negative goodwill, fair value measurement and application, employer accounting and reporting for pensions and OPEB, and reporting by OPEB plans. The Plan will adopt GASB 85 on July 1, 2017, for the June 30, 2018, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 85 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* (GASB 86). GASB 86 provides guidance regarding the in-substance defeasance of debt. Normally, a government will issue new debt at favorable rates and place the proceeds in trust to eliminate the liability of an existing debt. GASB 86 provides accounting and reporting guidance for situations where a government irrevocably sets aside cash and other assets to defease an existing debt. Guidance also addresses prepaid insurance related to extinguished debt and the financial valuation and disclosure of other assets used to defease debt. The Plan will adopt GASB 86 on July 1, 2017, for the June 30, 2018, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 86 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). GASB 87 defines a lease as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. GASB 87 improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The Plan has not determined the impact of GASB 87 on the financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Plan's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Plan to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net position restricted for pensions at the date of the financial statements and the actuarial information in Exhibits I through X included in the required supplementary information as of the benefit information date, the changes in the Plan's net position during the reporting period, and when applicable, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risks and Uncertainties

Contributions to the Plan and the actuarial information in Exhibits I through X included in the required supplementary information are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee compensation and demographics. Due to the changing nature of these assumptions, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these assumptions may occur in the near-term and, due to the uncertainties inherent in setting assumptions, that the effect of such changes could be material to the financial statements.

Plan Contributions

Contributions to the Plan are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements.

Plan Benefit Payments and Refunds

Benefit payments and refunds of the Plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Receivables

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Plan had no long-term receivables. All the receivables reflected in the statements of fiduciary net position are expected to be received and available for use by the Plan in its operations. Also, no allowance for any uncollectible portions is considered necessary.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments

Management of the Plan is authorized to invest in eligible investments as approved by the Board as set forth in its investment policy. The Board reviews and updates the plan investment policy at least annually, making changes as deemed necessary to achieve policy goals. An investment policy change can be made any time the need should arise, at the discretion of the Board. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, no investments had been allocated to the OPEB portion of the Plan.

Investment Allocation Policy—The Board's investment asset allocation policy will currently maintain approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public large and small cap equity, international developed equity, global long-short hedge, emerging markets, and private equity strategies; approximately 30% of assets in fixed income, to include core bonds, global, and multisector/core plus bonds; and 10% of assets in real assets, to include core real estate and commodities.

Significant Investment Policy Changes—During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Board made no significant investment policy changes.

Rate of Return—For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.68% and (2.52)%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Method Used to Value Investments—The Plan holds investments that are measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis. Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy for the determination and measurement of fair value. This hierarchy is based on the type of valuation inputs needed to measure the fair value of an asset. The hierarchy generally is as follows:

Level 1—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs.

Level 3—Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

In addition to the above three levels, if an investment does not have a readily determined fair value, the investment can be measured using net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). Investments valued at NAV are categorized as NAV and not listed as Level 1, 2, or 3. Fair values of investments by level are presented in Note 4.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments, Continued

Short-term investments include an investment fund composed of an investment in units of a commingled trust fund of the Plan's custodial agent (which is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value), commercial paper, treasury bills, and U.S. government agency securities. Active manager accounts holding debt and equity securities are reported at fair value, as determined by the Plan's custodial agent, using pricing services or prices quoted by independent brokers based on the latest reported sales prices in active markets, and at current exchange rates for securities traded on national or international exchanges. The fair value of the pro rata share of units owned by the Plan in equity index and commingled trust funds is determined by the respective fund trustee or manager based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities. The fair value of hedge fund and private equity investments are priced by each respective manager using a combination of observable and unobservable inputs. The fair value of the real estate is determined from independent appraisals and discounted income approaches. Investments which do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value based on primarily unobservable inputs.

Net investment income (loss) includes net appreciation in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, investment income from real estate, securities lending income and expenses, and investment expenses, which includes investment management and custodial fees and all other significant investment related costs. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are reflected in the net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments. Investment income from real estate includes the Plan's share of income from operations, net appreciation in the fair value of the underlying real estate properties, and the Plan's real estate investment management fees. The fair values of the limited partnerships are determined by managers of the partnerships based on the values of the underlying assets.

The Plan's international investment managers enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to protect against fluctuation in exchange rates between the trade date and the settlement date of foreign investment transactions. The gains and losses on these contracts are included in income in the period in which the exchange rates change.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments, Continued

The Plan may invest in various traditional financial instruments that fall under the broad definition of derivatives. The Plan's derivatives may include collateralized mortgage obligations, convertible stocks and bonds, and variable rate instruments. These investments do not increase investment risk beyond allowable limits specified in the Plan's investment policy.

The Plan's investment policy provides for investments in any combinations of stocks, bonds, fixed-income securities, and other investment securities, along with investments in commingled, mutual, and index funds. Investment securities and investment securities underlying commingled or mutual fund investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate and market and credit risks. Due to the risks associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities may occur in the near term, and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of fiduciary net position.

The investment policy limits the concentration of each portfolio manager. Except as noted below, no investment with a single firm exceeds 5% of the Plan's net fiduciary position.

The Plan invests in domestic equity index funds, domestic equity commingled trust funds, and international equity funds. The Plan shares the risk of loss in these funds with other participants in proportion to its respective investment. Because the Plan does not own any specific identifiable investment securities of these funds, the market risk associated with any derivative investments held in these funds is not apparent. The degree of market risk depends on the underlying portfolios of the funds, which were selected by the Plan in accordance with its investment policy guidelines, including risk assessment. The international funds invest primarily in equity securities of entities outside the United States and may enter into forward contracts to purchase or sell securities at specified dates in the future at a guaranteed price in a foreign currency to protect against fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments, Continued

The following tables present the individual investments exceeding the 5%* threshold at June 30:

Classification of <u>Investment</u>	Name of <u>Investment</u>	2017	
		<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Domestic corporate bonds	MFB NT Collective Aggregate Bond Index Fund	\$ 45,522,409	76,768,739
International common and preferred stock	Grosvenor Global Long/Short Equity Fund	71,000,000	96,283,862
Real estate funds	JPMorgan Bank Strategic Property Fund	44,104,138	59,988,644
International corporate bonds	Templeton Global Multisector Plus Fund	70,000,000	79,489,419
Domestic common and preferred stock	NTGI S&P 500 Equity Index Fund	39,908,768	40,424,214

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments, Continued

Classification of <u>Investment</u>	Name of <u>Investment</u>	2016	
		<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Domestic corporate bonds	MFB NT Collective Aggregate Bond Index Fund	\$ 45,539,408	77,075,312
International common and preferred stock	Grosvenor Global Long/Short Equity Fund	71,000,000	85,620,061
Real estate funds	JPMorgan Chase Bank Strategic Property Fund	42,090,090	56,124,461
International corporate bonds	Templeton Global Multisector Plus Fund	70,000,000	71,674,611
Domestic common and preferred stock	NTGI S&P 500 Equity Index Fund	39,923,152	59,757,645

*While the individual investment may exceed 5% of the Plan's net position, each investment is comprised of numerous individual securities. As such, no individual security exceeds the 5% threshold.

Repurchase/Reverse Repurchase Agreement

The Plan has a master repurchase/reverse repurchase agreement. Under the agreement, the Plan may enter into a purchase/sale of a security with a simultaneous agreement to resell/repurchase the security at a specified future date and price. The Plan did not enter into any transactions under this agreement during fiscal year 2017 or 2016.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which consist of furniture and computer equipment, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the related asset, primarily 5–7 years.

Income Taxes

The Plan is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

Plan Termination

In the event the Plan terminates, the Oklahoma Statutes contain no provision for the order of distribution of the net position of the Plan. Plan termination would take an act of the Oklahoma State Legislature, at which time the order of distribution of the Plan's net position would be addressed.

Administrative Items

Operating Leases

The Plan has no capital or operating lease commitments that have terms greater than 1 year. The Plan has an operating lease which ends annually as of June 30th. The present lease has been renewed for the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018. Total lease expense was approximately \$38,000 for each of the fiscal years ended 2017 and 2016.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the System earn annual vacation leave at the rate of 10 hours per month for up to 5 years of service, 12 hours per month for service of 5 to 10 years, 13.3 hours per month for service of 10 to 20 years, and 16.7 hours per month for over 20 years of service. Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 480 hours. All accrued leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Administrative Items, Continued

Compensated Absences, Continued

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the System owed \$55,731 and \$49,555, respectively, to its employees for accrued vacation. A summary of the changes in accrued vacation is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Accrued vacation at beginning of year	\$ 49,555	46,422
Additions	29,400	29,043
Reductions	<u>(23,224)</u>	<u>(25,910)</u>
Accrued vacation at end of year	<u>\$ 55,731</u>	<u>49,555</u>

Retirement Expense

Employees of the System are eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan, which is administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing public retirement defined benefit pension plan. OPERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to its plan members and beneficiaries. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for OPERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 5801 N. Broadway Extension, Suite 200, Oklahoma City, OK 73118.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Administrative Items, Continued

Defined Benefit Plan

Employees of the System are required to contribute 3.5% of their annual covered salary. The System is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 16.5% of annual covered payroll for each of the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, a total of \$69,221, \$67,262, and \$67,007, respectively, was paid to OPERS. The System's and the employees' portions of those amounts were as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
System portion	\$ 54,624	53,080	52,944
Employee portion	<u>14,597</u>	<u>14,182</u>	<u>14,063</u>
	<u>\$ 69,221</u>	<u>67,262</u>	<u>67,007</u>

The Plan adopted GASB 68 as of July 1, 2014, as it applies to its participants in OPERS. The effects upon the financial statements of the Plan as a result of the adoption of GASB 68 are considered immaterial.

Defined Contribution Plan

Effective November 1, 2015, OPERS established the Pathfinder Defined Contribution Plan ("Pathfinder"), a mandatory defined contribution plan for eligible state employees who first become employed by a participating employer on or after November 1, 2015, and have no prior participation in OPERS. Under Pathfinder, members will choose a contribution rate which will be matched by their employer up to 7%. During the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the System and employees had no contributions to Pathfinder.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Administrative Items, Continued

Risk Management

The Risk Management Division of the Department of Central Services (the “Division”) is empowered by the authority of Title 74 O.S. Supp. 1993, Section 85.34 et seq. The Division is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the State of Oklahoma or administration of any self-insurance plans and programs adopted for use by the State of Oklahoma for certain organizations and bodies outside of state government, at the sole expense of such organizations and bodies.

The Division is authorized to settle claims of the State of Oklahoma and shall govern the dispensation and/or settlement of claims against a political subdivision. In no event shall self-insurance coverage provided by the State of Oklahoma, an agency, or other covered entity exceed the limitations on the maximum dollar amount of liability specified by the Oklahoma Government Tort Claims Act, as provided by Title 51 O.S. Supp. 1988, Section 154. The Division oversees the collection of liability claims owed to the State of Oklahoma incurred as the result of a loss through the wrongful or negligent act of a private person or other entity.

The Division is also charged with the responsibility to immediately notify the attorney general of any claims against the State of Oklahoma presented to the Division. The Division purchases insurance policies through third-party insurance carriers that ultimately inherit the risk of loss. The Division annually assesses each state agency, including the System, their pro rata share of the premiums purchased. The System has no obligations to any claims submitted against the System.

Date of Review of Subsequent Events

The Plan has evaluated subsequent events through October 17, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

The following brief description of the Plan is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Oklahoma Statutes for more complete information.

General

The Plan is a single-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan covering members who have actively participated in being a qualified law enforcement officer as defined by the Oklahoma Statutes or participated in a related agency.

The Plan also provides other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB), as it provides certain retirees with health insurance premiums of up to \$105 per month for members receiving retirement benefits. As such, the Plan is also considered a single-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan.

Contributions

Contributions to the Plan are generated from established employer and employee contribution rates, and certain revenues are dedicated by the Oklahoma State Legislature and are not based on an actuarially calculated contribution amount. A suggested minimum required contribution from the State of Oklahoma is computed annually by an actuary hired by the State of Oklahoma. However, funding by the State of Oklahoma to the Plan is based on statutorily determined amounts rather than the actuarial calculations of the amount required to fund the Plan.

Presently, the Plan receives contributions from state agencies and members of 11% and 8%, respectively, of the actual paid base salary of each member. Prior to November 1, 2012, the state agencies' contribution rate was 10%. The Plan also receives 1.2% of all fees, taxes, and penalties collected by motor license agents after approximately the first 5%. Additional funds are also provided to the Plan by the State of Oklahoma through an allocation of 5% of the tax on premiums collected by insurance companies operating in Oklahoma and by the net investment income generated on assets held by the Plan. The Plan is responsible for paying administrative costs. Administrative costs of the Plan are paid by using the earnings from the invested assets of the Plan.

Contributions for the OPEB portion of the Plan are from employer contributions. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the contributions are equal to the insurance premiums paid. The Plan commencing as of July 1, 2017, is in the process of determining a contribution rate for use in the accumulation of earnings and assets to be allocated to the OPEB portion of the Plan.

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OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED

Benefits—Pensions

In general, the Plan provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. Retirement provisions are as follows:

- The normal retirement date when a member is eligible to receive retirement benefits is when the member completes 20 years of service or reaches age 62 with at least 10 years of service. Members become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing member of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Members' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Members who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the member is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the member's normal retirement date as if the member's employment continued uninterrupted, based on the actual completed years and months of service.
- Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the highest 30 consecutive months of actual paid base salary multiplied by the years and complete months of credited service. Only salaries on which required contributions have been made are used in computing the final average salary. House Bill 2212, which was effective as of July 1, 2002, redefined final average earnings to be the greater of (i) the highest consecutive 30 months of actual earnings and (ii) the top base pay paid to active members. In accordance with House Bill 1383, for participants, other than DPS and Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation participants, hired on or after May 22, 2013, the top base pay paid to active members will no longer be used in determining the member's final retirement benefit. This applies to DPS and Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation participants hired on or after November 1, 2012.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED

Benefits—Pensions, Continued

- Members who became disabled prior to July 1, 2000, prior to the member's normal retirement date and by direct reason of the performance of the member's duties as an officer, receive a monthly benefit equal to the greater of 50% of the average of the highest 30 consecutive complete months of actual paid base salary or 2.5% of the average of the highest 30 consecutive complete months of actual paid base salary multiplied by the number of years and complete months of the member's credited service. Effective July 1, 2000, Senate Bill 994 provides that the monthly benefit will be equal to 2.5% multiplied by the greater of 20 years of service or the actual number of years of service performed by the member if the member had performed 20 or more years of service, multiplied by final average salary. Senate Bill 994 provides that the final average salary for a member who performed less than 20 years of service prior to disability shall be computed assuming that the member was paid the highest salary allowable pursuant to the law in effect at the time of the member's disability based on 20 years of service and with an assumption that the member was eligible for any and all increases in pay based upon rank during the entire period. The final average salary for a member who had performed 20 or more years of service prior to disability shall be equal to the member's actual final average salary.
- Members who became disabled prior to the member's normal retirement date, but after completing 3 years of vesting service and not by reason of the performance of the member's duties as an officer or as a result of the member's willful negligence, receive a monthly benefit equal to 2.5% of the average of the highest 30 consecutive complete months of actual paid base salary multiplied by the number of years and complete months of the member's credited service.
- Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is also entitled to a pension benefit and, if applicable, each child is entitled to receive \$400 per month until reaching age 18 or 22, providing the child is a full-time student. A \$5,000 death benefit is also paid, in addition to any survivor's pension benefits from the Plan, to the participant's beneficiary or estate for those active or retired members who died after July 1, 1999.

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OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED

Benefits—Pensions, Continued

- The Deferred Option allows members who have 20 or more years of service to defer terminating employment and drawing retirement benefits for a period not to exceed 5 years. Under the Deferred Option, retirement benefits are calculated based on compensation and service at the time of election and a separate account is set-up for each member. During the participation period, the member's retirement benefit is credited to the member's account along with a portion of the employer's contribution and interest. Interest is credited at a rate of 2% below the rate of return on the investment portfolio of the Plan, with a guaranteed minimum interest equal to the assumed actuarial interest of 7.5%. Member contributions cease once participation in the Deferred Option begins. At the conclusion of participation in the Deferred Option, the member will receive the balance in the member's separate account under payment terms allowed by the Deferred Option and will then begin receiving retirement benefit payments as calculated at the time of election.
- In the 2003 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 688 and House Bill 1464 created a "Back" DROP for members of the Plan. The "Back" DROP is a modified deferred option retirement plan. The "Back" DROP allows the member flexibility by not having to commit to terminate employment within 5 years. Once a member has met their normal retirement period of 20 years, the member can choose, upon retirement, to be treated as if the member had entered into the Deferred Option. A member, however, cannot receive credit to the Deferred Option account based upon any years prior to when the member reached their normal retirement date. Once a member is ready to retire, the member can make the election to participate in the "Back" DROP and can receive a Deferred Option benefit based upon up to 5 years of participation. The member's regular retirement benefit will not take into account any years of service credited to the "Back" DROP.

A member may elect to participate in the "Back" DROP even if the member has elected to participate in the Deferred Option. The member may select a "Back" DROP date which is up to 5 years prior to the termination date. Participation in the "Back" DROP cannot exceed 5 years when combined with the member's prior period of participation in the Deferred Option plan.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED

Benefits—OPEB

The Plan contributes \$105 per month or the Medicare supplement premium, if less, toward the cost of health insurance for members receiving retirement benefits and who receive their insurance from the State of Oklahoma's insurance plan. These benefits commence upon retirement. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, 625 and 596 members, respectively, had elected this benefit. House Bill 2311 allows spouses and children to elect health insurance and provides up to \$105 per month to those who do elect the insurance. The monies for the health insurance coverage are remitted monthly to the Oklahoma State and Education Employees Group Insurance Board, which administers various group health benefit plans for the State of Oklahoma. The Plan is required by statute to remit the payment, but has no administrative functions related to the payment, and no portion of the contribution amounts of either active members or state agencies is specifically identified by statute as relating to such payment. As of July 1, 2016, due to the implementation of GASB 74, the insurance premiums are considered OPEB, and a separate OPEB liability for employers will be required to be disclosed. As previously noted, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, no assets have been allocated to the OPEB portion of the Plan.

House Bill 2442, which took effect July 1, 2004, allows members who are retired from the System by means of a personal and traumatic injury of a catastrophic nature and in the line of duty and any surviving spouse of a member who was killed in the line of duty to have 100% of the retired member's or surviving spouse's healthcare premium cost paid by the Plan.

The total amount remitted for health insurance premiums for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, was \$848,717 and \$846,718, respectively.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, cash and cash equivalents were composed of the following:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash on deposit with the State of Oklahoma	\$ 22,781	(16,300)
Cash on deposit with local financial institution	345,235	263,168
Cash on deposit with custodial agent:		
Short-term investments	<u>19,985,035</u>	<u>11,045,571</u>
	<u>\$ 20,353,051</u>	<u>11,292,439</u>

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, as a result of outstanding checks, the carrying amount of the Plan's cash deposits with the State of Oklahoma and a financial institution totaled \$368,016 and \$246,868, respectively, and the bank balances totaled \$970,931 and \$(2,402,040), respectively. The carrying amounts of the short-term investment and cash on deposit with Northern Trust were the same as the bank balances at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The Plan's short-term investment fund consists of collective trust funds of Northern Trust which are allocated on the basis of \$1.00 for each unit. This fund is composed of high-grade money market instruments with short maturities, generally less than 90 days, including banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper notes, Euro time deposits, floating rate instruments, and money market demand accounts. Each participant in the fund shares the risk of loss in the fund in proportion to their respective investment in the fund.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Plan, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Plan. While the investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk of deposits, it does limit the amount of cash and short-term investments to no more than 5% of each manager's portfolio. The Plan had no bank balances that were uninsured or uncollateralized as of June 30, 2017 or 2016. The policy also provides that investment collateral be held by a third-party custodian with whom the Plan has a current custodial agreement in the Plan's name.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The investment policy limits global long/short equities to 15%, international developed equities to 15%, and emerging markets to 10% of total assets through its asset allocation policy. Investments in equity securities and corporate bonds as of June 30 are shown below by monetary unit to indicate possible foreign currency risk.

<u>Currency</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Commingled funds:		
International common and preferred stock:		
Grosvenor Global Long/Short Equity Master Fund	\$ 96,283,862	85,620,061
Mondrian Partners International Equity Fund	45,240,559	39,105,007
Barings Focused International Equity Fund	38,934,112	32,340,148
Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund	11,580,645	10,326,693
William Blair Emerging Markets Leaders Fund	33,534,573	-
NTGI Emerging Market Value Index Fund	-	27,768,570
	<u>225,573,751</u>	<u>195,160,479</u>
International corporate bonds:		
Templeton Global Multisector Plus Fund	<u>79,489,419</u>	<u>71,674,611</u>
	<u>\$ 305,063,170</u>	<u>266,835,090</u>

The Plan was exposed to foreign currency risk through investments in the following commingled funds:

- Grosvenor Global Long/Short Equity Master Fund—The fund seeks to achieve superior returns that are attractive, on both an absolute and risk-adjusted basis, with substantially less volatility than the broad global equity market indices. In addition, the fund operates with the intent of preserving capital in declining market conditions. The fund pursues this strategy by investing, both long and short, predominately in equity securities in developed and emerging markets.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Foreign Currency Risk, Continued

- Mondrian Partners International Equity Fund—The fund's investment objective is long-term total return through a value-driven approach of equity selection. The fund pursues this strategy by investing primarily in non-U.S. and emerging market equity securities.
- Barings Focused International Equity Fund—The fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a concentrated portfolio of equity securities from developed international markets combined with a limited number of equities from emerging markets.
- Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund—The fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of small companies located in emerging markets. Companies will generally have a market capitalization of less than \$3 billion when purchased, and holdings will generally span broadly across countries and sectors.
- William Blair Emerging Markets Leaders Fund—The fund seeks to invest in emerging markets companies with above-average returns on equity, strong balance sheets, and consistent, above-average earnings growth, resulting in a focused portfolio of leading companies. The fund will seek well-managed companies with superior business fundamentals, including global leadership in product quality or cost competitiveness.
- NTGI Emerging Market Value Index Fund—The fund's investment objective is to approximate the risk and return characteristics of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. This index is commonly used to represent the large and medium cap segment of the equity emerging markets. To achieve its objective the fund employs a replication technique which generally seeks to hold each index constituent in its proportional index weight.
- Templeton Global Multisector Plus Fund—The fund's strategy is a high alpha-seeking, multisector global fixed-income strategy, and the fund may invest across the entire global fixed-income opportunity set, including government, securitized, and corporate sectors. The fund seeks to maintain a portfolio risk profile in proportion with the volatility of the benchmark, which allows for 8%–10% standard deviation under normal market conditions. As such, below-investment grade exposure is limited to no more than 50% of portfolio net assets.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The investment portfolio requires the portfolio to maintain an average of AA or higher. Exposure to credit risk as of June 30 was as follows:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>S&P (Unless Noted)</u>	<u>2017</u>	
		<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percentage of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
U.S. government agency securities	Not Rated ⁽¹⁾	\$ 33,312,779	54.61%
U.S. Treasury securities	Not Rated ⁽¹⁾	27,008,600	44.28%
	AA	559,178	0.92%
	AA-	<u>117,359</u>	<u>0.19%</u>
Total U.S. government securities		<u>\$ 60,997,916</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

(Continued)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Credit Risk, Continued

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>S&P (Unless Noted)</u>	<u>2017</u>	
		<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percentage of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
Domestic corporate bonds	AAA	\$ 3,122,394	2.59%
	AA+	1,730,155	1.44%
	AA	921,654	0.77%
	AA-	985,752	0.82%
	A+	1,084,760	0.90%
	A	2,930,204	2.43%
	A-	3,101,944	2.58%
	BBB+	8,274,504	6.87%
	BBB	2,524,586	2.10%
	BBB-	1,809,876	1.50%
	BB+	510,989	0.42%
	BB	282,100	0.23%
	CCC	3,333,858	2.77%
	D	1,562,840	1.30%
	Aaa (Moody's)	2,714,349	2.25%
	Aa1 (Moody's)	230,747	0.19%
	A3 (Moody's)	22,872	0.02%
	Ca (Moody's)	740,231	0.61%
	Caa2 (Moody's)	899,785	0.75%
	Not Rated ⁽²⁾	<u>83,648,278</u>	<u>69.46%</u>
Total domestic corporate bonds		<u>\$ 120,431,878</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
International corporate bonds ⁽³⁾	Not Rated ⁽³⁾	<u>\$ 79,489,419</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

⁽¹⁾ While the funds are not rated, the securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

⁽²⁾ While the funds are commingled and not rated, the majority of the assets are held in an index fund which at June 30, 2017, maintained ratings of: AAA—4%; AA—71%; A—11%; BBB—14%.

⁽³⁾ The fund is commingled and not rated. At June 30, 2017, the fund maintained ratings of: B- or higher—84%; not rated and cash and cash equivalents—16%.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Credit Risk, Continued

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>S&P (Unless Noted)</u>	<u>2016</u>	
		<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percentage of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
U.S. government agency securities	Not Rated ⁽¹⁾	\$ 31,550,478	50.85%
U.S. Treasury securities	Not Rated ⁽¹⁾	29,791,101	48.01%
	AA	584,663	0.94%
	AA-	<u>123,500</u>	<u>0.20%</u>
Total U.S. government securities		<u>\$ 62,049,742</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

(Continued)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Credit Risk, Continued

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>S&P (Unless Noted)</u>	2016	
		<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percentage of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
Domestic corporate bonds	AAA	\$ 2,926,345	2.42%
	AA+	3,105,768	2.57%
	AA	1,291,991	1.07%
	AA-	744,356	0.61%
	A+	1,283,818	1.06%
	A	2,401,971	1.98%
	A-	3,078,003	2.54%
	BBB+	4,814,593	3.98%
	BBB	2,604,136	2.15%
	BBB-	2,047,631	1.69%
	BB+	455,228	0.38%
	B	266,251	0.22%
	CCC	2,859,821	2.36%
	D	2,197,862	1.82%
	Aaa (Moody's)	4,486,286	3.71%
	A3 (Moody's)	41,344	0.03%
	Ca (Moody's)	756,310	0.62%
	Caa2 (Moody's)	674,092	0.56%
	Not Rated ⁽²⁾	<u>84,995,931</u>	<u>70.23%</u>
Total domestic corporate bonds		<u>\$ 121,031,737</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
International corporate bonds ⁽³⁾	Not Rated ⁽³⁾	<u>\$ 71,674,611</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

⁽¹⁾ While the funds are not rated, the securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

⁽²⁾ While the funds are commingled and not rated, the majority of the assets are held in an index fund which at June 30, 2016, maintained ratings of: AAA—4%; AA—71%; A—12%; BBB—13%.

⁽³⁾ The fund is commingled and not rated. At June 30, 2016, the fund maintained ratings of: B- or higher—86%; CCC+ or lower—14%.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While all investments are subject to market changes, securities invested in index funds are more sensitive to market risk. Although the investment policy does not specifically address the duration of fixed-income securities, the Plan does monitor interest rate risk by monitoring the performance of each investment manager. As of June 30, the Plan had the following investments with maturities:

	2017					
	Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)					
Investment Type	Less Than 1	1 or More, Less Than 5	5 or More, Less Than 10	10 or More	Investments with No Duration	Total Fair Value
U.S. government securities:						
Mortgage-backed securities and CMOs	\$ 18,763	2,047,558	1,938,443	17,310,981	11,997,035	33,312,780
Short-term bills and notes	74,869	-	-	-	-	74,869
U.S. government bonds	-	16,776,235	2,339,713	4,148,765	-	23,264,713
Index linked government bonds	611,335	759,981	1,268,414	1,029,287	-	3,669,017
Municipal/Provincial bonds	-	117,359	281,535	277,643	-	676,537
Total U.S. government securities	<u>704,967</u>	<u>19,701,133</u>	<u>5,828,105</u>	<u>22,766,676</u>	<u>11,997,035</u>	<u>60,997,916</u>
Domestic corporate bonds:						
Asset-backed securities	-	-	2,017,194	8,429,969	-	10,447,163
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	1,881,389	-	1,881,389
Corporate bonds	6,058,436	4,982,203	2,997,819	7,571,586	2,240,304	23,850,348
Nongovernment-backed CMOs	-	45,858	-	4,777,403	-	4,823,261
U.S. fixed-income funds	-	-	-	-	79,429,717	79,429,717
Total domestic corporate bonds	<u>6,058,436</u>	<u>5,028,061</u>	<u>5,015,013</u>	<u>22,660,347</u>	<u>81,670,021</u>	<u>120,431,878</u>
International corporate bonds:						
International fixed-income funds	-	-	-	-	79,489,419	79,489,419
Total international corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	79,489,419	79,489,419
	\$ 6,763,403	24,729,194	10,843,118	45,427,023	173,156,475	260,919,213

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk, Continued

<u>Investment Type</u>	2016					
	<u>Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)</u>					<u>Total Fair Value</u>
	<u>Less Than 1</u>	<u>1 or More, Less Than 5</u>	<u>5 or More, Less Than 10</u>	<u>10 or More</u>	<u>Investments with No Duration</u>	
U.S. government securities:						
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ -	2,869,810	873,654	21,621,554	4,782,000	30,147,018
Short-term bills and notes	3,657,075	-	-	-	-	3,657,075
U.S. government bonds	-	18,467,220	1,948,537	3,834,817	-	24,250,574
Index linked government bonds	-	-	1,631,108	1,655,805	-	3,286,913
Municipal/Provincial bonds	-	-	420,225	287,937	-	708,162
Total U.S. government securities	<u>3,657,075</u>	<u>21,337,030</u>	<u>4,873,524</u>	<u>27,400,113</u>	<u>4,782,000</u>	<u>62,049,742</u>
Domestic corporate bonds:						
Asset-backed securities	-	590,338	1,704,232	9,071,059	-	11,365,629
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	3,243,453	-	3,243,453
Corporate bonds	1,130,108	6,426,565	3,884,183	6,972,727	3,329,246	21,742,829
Nongovernment-backed CMOs	-	97,527	-	5,048,797	-	5,146,324
U.S. fixed-income funds	-	-	-	-	79,533,502	79,533,502
Total domestic corporate bonds	<u>1,130,108</u>	<u>7,114,430</u>	<u>5,588,415</u>	<u>24,336,036</u>	<u>82,862,748</u>	<u>121,031,737</u>
International corporate bonds:						
International fixed-income funds	-	-	-	-	71,674,611	71,674,611
Total international corporate bonds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>71,674,611</u>	<u>71,674,611</u>
	<u>\$ 4,787,183</u>	<u>28,451,460</u>	<u>10,461,939</u>	<u>51,736,149</u>	<u>159,319,359</u>	<u>254,756,090</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>June 30, 2017</i>	<u>Amounts Measured at Fair Value</u>			
<u>Investments by Fair Value Level</u>				
Debt securities:				
U.S. government agency	\$ 33,312,780	-	33,312,780	-
U.S. Treasury	27,008,599	-	27,008,599	-
Municipals	676,537	-	676,537	-
Domestic corporate bonds:				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	1,881,389	-	1,881,389	-
Corporate bonds	25,216,487	-	21,610,044	3,606,443
Asset backed securities	10,447,163	-	10,447,163	-
Non-government backed CMOs	4,823,261	-	4,823,261	-
TCW International Fixed Income	1,294,839	-	-	1,294,839
NTGI Collective Aggregate Bond Fund	76,768,739	-	76,768,739	-
International corporate bonds:				
Franklin Templeton	79,489,419	-	-	79,489,419
Total debt securities	<u>260,919,213</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>176,528,512</u>	<u>84,390,701</u>
Equity securities—domestic:				
Domestic Large Cap:				
Hotchkis	69,524,110	69,524,110	-	-
Waddell	69,999,247	69,999,247	-	-
Domestic Small Cap:				
Kennedy	54,037,593	54,037,593	-	-
Columbus	58,898,176	58,898,176	-	-
Domestic Large Cap-S&P Index	70,424,214	-	70,424,214	-
Total domestic equities	<u>322,883,340</u>	<u>252,459,126</u>	<u>70,424,214</u>	<u>-</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>June 30, 2017</i>	<u>Amounts Measured at Fair Value</u>			
<u>Investments by Fair Value Level, Continued</u>				
Equity securities—international:				
Intl. Equities—Barings Focused Intl Equity Fund (developed mkts)	38,934,112	-	38,934,112	-
Intl. Equities—Value Focus—Mondrian Partners	45,240,559	-	45,240,559	-
Intl. Emerging Markets— Wasatch EM Small Cap Fund	11,580,645	-	11,580,645	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—William Blair	33,534,573	-	33,534,573	-
Total international equities	<u>129,289,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>129,289,889</u>	<u>-</u>
Private equity:				
Non-real estate focused	24,499,319	-	-	24,499,319
Total private equity	<u>24,499,319</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,499,319</u>
Real estate—direct ownership— income producing:				
Total direct ownership real estate	<u>3,900,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,900,000</u>
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):				
Long/Short Equity—Master Fund— Grosvenor	96,283,862			
Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	59,988,644			
Core Real Estate—UBS Trumbull Property Fund	14,394,516			
Commodities—Gresham Partners— TAP Fund	<u>16,947,716</u>			
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>187,614,738</u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>\$ 929,106,499</u>			

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(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>June 30, 2016</i>	Amounts Measured at Fair Value			
<u>Investments by Fair Value Level</u>				
Debt securities:				
U.S. government agency	\$ 31,550,479	-	31,550,479	-
U.S. Treasury	29,791,101	-	29,791,101	-
Municipals	708,162	-	708,162	-
Domestic corporate bonds:				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	3,243,453	-	3,243,453	-
Corporate bonds	22,925,005	-	18,413,582	4,511,423
Asset backed securities	11,365,630	-	11,365,630	-
Non-government backed CMOs	5,146,324	-	5,146,324	-
TCW International Fixed Income	1,276,013	-	-	1,276,013
NTGI Collective Aggregate Bond Fund	77,075,312	-	77,075,312	-
International corporate bonds:				
Franklin Templeton	71,674,611	-	-	71,674,611
Total debt securities	<u>254,756,090</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>177,294,043</u>	<u>77,462,047</u>
Equity securities—domestic				
Domestic Large Cap:				
Hotchkis	61,267,995	61,267,995	-	-
Waddell	61,123,905	61,123,905	-	-
Domestic Small Cap:				
Kennedy	53,803,585	53,803,585	-	-
Columbus	46,129,366	-	46,129,366	-
Domestic Large Cap-S&P Index	<u>59,757,645</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>59,757,645</u>	<u>-</u>
Total domestic equities	<u>282,082,496</u>	<u>176,195,485</u>	<u>105,887,011</u>	<u>-</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>June 30, 2016</i>	<u>Amounts Measured at Fair Value</u>			
<u>Investments by Fair Value Level, Continued</u>				
Equity securities—international				
Intl. Equities—Barings Focused Intl Equity Fund (developed mkts)	32,340,148	-	32,340,148	-
Intl. Equities—Value Focus—Mondrian Partners	39,105,006	-	39,105,006	-
Intl. Emerging Markets— Wasatch EM Small Cap Fund	10,326,694	-	10,326,694	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—NTGI Emerging Markets	27,768,570	-	27,768,570	-
Total international equities	109,540,418	-	109,540,418	-
Private equity:				
Non-real estate focused	22,252,931	-	-	22,252,931
Real estate focused	-	-	-	-
Total private equity	22,252,931	-	-	22,252,931
Real estate—direct ownership— income producing:				
Total direct ownership real estate	3,800,000	-	-	3,800,000
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):				
Long/Short Equity—Master Fund— Grosvenor	85,620,061			
Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	56,124,461			
Core Real Estate—USB Trumball Property Fund	13,788,478			
Commodities—Gresham Partners— TAP Fund	17,906,633			
Total investments measured at NAV	173,439,633			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>\$ 845,871,568</u>			

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

Fair Values of Debt Securities—The Plan holds several large diversified debt security funds. The international funds are classified as Level 3, while the domestic fund is classified as Level 2.

Fair Value of Equity Securities—The Plan holds equity securities through a number of managers, both actively and passively managed. Domestic equity securities are classified in Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the values are calculated daily since all securities are priced at quoted market prices in active markets for identical securities or calculated daily through the aggregation of Level 1 quoted prices for identical or similar securities.

International Equity Securities are priced as follows:

Barings Focused International Equity—The Plan participates in a commingled equity fund that focuses on a smaller number of equity securities located primarily in international developed markets. This investment is a commingled fund on international equity securities that are typically priced based on quoted market prices in active markets around the globe. This fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the price of the fund is derived from securities that are all priced at quoted market prices in active markets. This fund prices and provides liquidity to its investors on a monthly basis.

Mondrian Partners International Equity Fund L.P.—The Plan participates in a fund managed by Mondrian Partners that invests primarily in non-U.S. equity securities, with a focus on the value style of investing. This fund is classified in Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy since the price of the fund is derived from securities that are all priced at quoted market prices in active markets. The fund prices and provides liquidity to its investors on a monthly basis.

Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund—The Plan invests in a Wasatch fund that is focused on small-capitalization equity securities that are located in non-U.S. emerging markets. The Wasatch fund is a commingled investment trust that is managed for institutional investors. The fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the holdings of the fund are all priced at quoted markets prices in active markets, allowing the fund sponsor to develop daily net asset value pricing and liquidity.

Northern Trust Emerging Markets Index Fund—In order to maintain investment policy exposure to international markets, the Plan used the proceeds from exiting the Vontobel Fund I March 2016 to invest in a passive vehicle that accesses international markets. This fund invests in equity securities located primarily outside the United States. This fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy since the price of the fund is derived from the holdings in the fund which are all actively quoted in active markets. The fund prices its asset value daily and provides very short-term liquidity.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

Fair Value of Private Equity—The Plan participates in a number of private equity partnerships as a limited partner. Private equity investments are structured to be operated by a general partner, usually highly experienced in the specific focus of the fund, who calls for investments from the limited partners when a suitable investment opportunity arises. As such, investments in private equity can generally never be redeemed, but instead participate in distributions from the fund as liquidation of the underlying assets are realized.

Several of the limited partnerships invest in equity securities outside of the United States and may enter into forward contracts to purchase or sell securities at specified dates in the future at a guaranteed price in a foreign currency to protect against fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency. In addition, some of the partnerships may engage in hedging transactions involving derivative instruments as a part of their investment strategy.

The Plan's private equity (PE) investments have a long investment horizon of 5 to 10 years, are not liquid, and the Plan generally holds this type of investment to maturity. Depending on the type of holdings within a given partnership, the investment horizon can be extended if the general partner deems the remaining investments in the fund still hold significant future value and a majority of limited partners concur. The Plan's PE general partners typically make fair value determinations on the investments in each of their respective funds quarterly using a variety of pricing techniques including, but not limited to, observable transaction values for similar investments, third-party bids, appraisals of both properties and businesses, and public market capitalization of similar or like businesses. Each PE fund then calculates the fair value of the Plan's ownership of the partners' capital on a quarterly basis. The Plan classifies all private equity investments in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, as most investments of this type require unobservable inputs and other ancillary market metrics to determine fair value. Although most PE interests are marketable in a secondary market, the Plan generally does not sell its interests early at values less than its interest in the partnership. At June 30, 2017, the Plan was invested in six different PE investments and had remaining commitments of \$13,754,731. At June 30, 2016, the Plan was invested in six different PE investments and had remaining commitments of \$17,926,660.

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(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued

Fair Value of Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)

Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund—Grosvenor—The Plan has an investment with Grosvenor Capital Management. The investments are structured as fund of funds and utilize a number of sub-managers that invest in long and short positions of U.S. and international equity securities. The fund is valued at NAV monthly, and are redeemable at the end of each calendar quarter with prior written notice.

Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property and USB Trumbull Property—The Plan invests in two core real property funds: the JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund and the USB Trumbull Property. Both of these funds invest in core real properties seeking to realize capital appreciation on its portfolio while also generating a high level of current income. These funds both make strategic property acquisitions primarily in the U.S. As part of the JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund's and the Trumbull Property Fund's valuation process, independent appraisers value properties on an annual basis (at a minimum). Both funds are valued at NAV monthly.

Commodities—Gresham Partners (TAP Fund)—The Gresham TAP (Tangible Asset Program) fund is a commingled investment fund that invests in long-only, fully collateralized tangible commodity futures. It seeks to provide diversification to a portfolio of traditional investments through low correlation to stocks and bonds, and trades across most commodities markets. The fund is priced at NAV on a monthly basis. The Gresham TAP fund offers monthly liquidity with at least 5 days' written notice.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Securities Lending

The Plan's investment policy allows loans of securities through a lending agent to various institutions on a short-term basis (generally less than 30 days). The amount of loans that can be made is presently limited to a maximum of approximately \$74.3 million. The collateral held and the fair values of the securities on loan for the Plan at June 30 are as follows:

	2017		
	Collateral <u>Held</u>	Fair Value of Securities <u>on Loan</u>	% of Collateral Held to Securities on <u>Loan</u>
U.S. issuers:			
U.S. equities	\$ 62,714,298	61,291,749	102%
U.S. corporate fixed	2,042,041	1,994,371	102%
U.S. government fixed	<u>10,537,325</u>	<u>10,312,100</u>	102%
	<u>\$ 75,293,664</u>	<u>73,598,220</u>	
	2016		
	Collateral <u>Held</u>	Fair Value of Securities <u>on Loan</u>	% of Collateral Held to Securities on <u>Loan</u>
U.S. issuers:			
U.S. equities	\$ 69,059,697	68,046,417	101%
U.S. corporate fixed	1,647,099	1,619,993	102%
U.S. government fixed	<u>2,348,213</u>	<u>2,310,320</u>	102%
	<u>\$ 73,055,009</u>	<u>71,976,730</u>	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Securities Lending, Continued

As the Plan does not have the ability to pledge or sell noncash collateral without a borrower default, the noncash collateral the Plan had received at June 30, 2017 and 2016, was not included in the accompanying statements of fiduciary net position. According to the securities lending agreement, the borrower is required to deliver additional collateral when necessary so that the total collateral held by the agent for all loans to the borrower will at least equal the fair value plus accrued interest of all the borrowed securities loaned to the borrower. At the maturity of the loans, the Plan receives a loan premium and the securities are returned.

The Plan has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount the Plan owes the borrowers exceeds the amount the borrowers owe the Plan. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Plan had no losses on securities lending transactions resulting from default of a borrower or lending agent. Contracts with lending agents require them to indemnify the Plan if the borrowers fail to return the securities or otherwise fail to pay the Plan for income while the securities are on loan. The securities on loan are included in the respective investment categories in the accompanying statements of plan fiduciary net position. Cash collateral is invested in the lending agent's short-term investment pool and included as an asset in the accompanying statements of plan fiduciary net position, with an offsetting liability for the return of the collateral. The securities lending agreement states those investments of cash collateral must be structured to closely match the maturities of the underlying loans. The agreement also sets forth that a minimum of 20% of the cash collateral fund should be available each business day. The cash collateral investments had an average weighted maturity of 36 days and 38 days at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The Plan has certain investment managers that trade on foreign exchanges. Foreign currency gains and losses are calculated at the transaction date using the current exchange rate, and assets are remeasured to U.S. dollars using the exchange rate as of each month-end. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no foreign currency gains and no remeasurement losses.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(5) DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates, or financial indices. They include futures contracts, swap contracts, options contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange. The Plan's investment policy states that derivatives may be used to reduce or eliminate undesirable portfolio risks caused by currency exposure, duration, and yield curve position. Investments in limited partnerships (alternative investments) and commingled funds may include derivatives. The Plan's investments in alternative investments are reflected at fair value, and any exposure is limited to its investment in the partnership and any unfunded commitment. Commingled funds have been reviewed to ensure they are in compliance with the Plan's investment policy. The Plan did not hold any direct derivative investments as of June 30, 2017 or 2016.

The Plan may invest in mortgage-backed securities, which are reported at fair value in the statements of fiduciary net position and are based on the cash flows from interest and principal payments by the underlying mortgages. As a result, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which are likely in declining interest rate environments, thereby reducing the values of these securities. The Plan may invest in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk. Details regarding interest rate risks for these investments are included under the interest rate risk disclosures.

(6) INVESTMENT IN BUILDING

The Plan owns a building (Colcord Center), originally purchased as an investment property for approximately \$3.4 million, and it is held as a long-term investment. The building is accounted for at fair value based on periodic appraisals and rental income and expenses reported currently. The Plan utilizes part of the building for its administrative office and pays itself rent, which is reflected as administrative expense and other investment income. The fair value of the building was estimated at approximately \$3.9 and \$3.8 million at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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(7) INVESTMENT IN ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS

The Plan also invests in alternative investments, such as limited partnerships. A summary of the alternative investments is as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Fair Value as of June 30,</u>	
		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
American Private Equity Partners, L.P.	Invests in private equity securities.	\$ 444,481	1,535,047
American Private Equity Partners II, L.P.	Invests in private equity securities.	2,431,812	2,648,365
Knightsbridge Venture Capital VI	Invests in private equity securities.	3,991,272	4,461,711
Knightsbridge Venture Capital VII	Invests in private equity securities.	8,065,247	8,721,458
Apollo Investment Fund VIII, L.P.	Invests in private equity securities.	6,700,821	4,358,526
Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII	Invests in private equity securities.	<u>2,865,686</u>	<u>527,824</u>
		<u>\$ 24,499,319</u>	<u>22,252,931</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(7) INVESTMENT IN ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

The Plan had the following total and remaining capital commitments for its alternative investments as of June 30, 2017:

	<u>Capital Committed</u>	<u>Remaining Capital Commitment</u>
American Private Equity Partners, L.P.	\$ 8,000,000	470,076
American Private Equity Partners II, L.P.	10,000,000	226,980
Knightsbridge Venture Capital VI	10,000,000	493,342
Knightsbridge Venture Capital VII	7,500,000	1,364,995
Apollo Investment Fund VIII, L.P.	10,000,000	4,189,338
Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>7,010,000</u>
	<u>\$ 55,500,000</u>	<u>13,754,731</u>

Several of the limited partnerships invest in equity securities outside of the United States and may enter into forward contracts to purchase or sell securities at specified dates in the future at a guaranteed price in a foreign currency to protect against fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency. In addition, some of the partnerships may engage in hedging transactions involving derivative instruments as a part of their investment strategy.

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(8) INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE FUNDS

The Plan's investments in real estate funds consist of two commingled pension trust funds. The real estate investment funds at June 30 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	
		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
JP Morgan Bank Strategic Property Fund	The fund owns and seeks improved real estate projects with stabilized occupancies in an effort to produce a relatively high level of current income combined with moderate appreciation potential.	\$ 59,988,644	56,124,461
UBS Trombull Property Fund	The fund is an actively managed core portfolio of equity real estate. Its primary focus is to invest in well-leased, income-producing properties within major U.S. markets. Investments are structured as wholly owned properties, joint ventures, or on occasion, as participating mortgages.	<u>14,394,516</u>	<u>13,788,478</u>
		<u>\$ 74,383,160</u>	<u>69,912,939</u>

Each fund accounts for its investments at fair value. Fair values of real estate investments are determined by JPMorgan and UBS, respectively, at each evaluation date. As part of JPMorgan's valuation process, independent appraisers value properties on an annual basis (at a minimum). UBS utilizes independent appraisers to value the UBS Trombull Property Fund's real estate investments, generally every quarter, starting the first full quarter after the investment is made.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Plan had no remaining commitments to fund in the real estate funds.

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(9) CAPITAL ASSETS

The Plan records capital assets at cost when acquired. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, as follows:

Furniture and equipment	10–15 years
Computer equipment	3–5 years

A summary as of June 30 is as follows:

	<u>Balance at</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance at</u> <u>June 30, 2017</u>
Cost	\$ 194,746	-	-	194,746
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(190,010)</u>	<u>(4,736)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(194,746)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,736</u>	<u>(4,736)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	<u>Balance at</u> <u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance at</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Cost	\$ 194,746	-	-	194,746
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(188,826)</u>	<u>(1,184)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(190,010)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,920</u>	<u>(1,184)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,736</u>

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(10) DEFERRED OPTION BENEFITS

As noted previously, the Plan has Deferred Option and "Back" DROP benefits available to its members. A summary of the changes in the various options as of June 30 is as follows:

	2017		
	<u>Deferred Option</u>	<u>"Back" DROP</u>	<u>Total</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 3,001,279	536,543	3,537,822
Employer contributions	56,610	3,937,641	3,994,251
Deferred benefits	647,352	476,386	1,123,738
Payments	(1,365,812)	(5,574,982)	(6,940,794)
Interest	197,789	288,553	486,342
Transfers between "Back" DROP and Deferred Option	<u>(633,263)</u>	<u>633,263</u>	<u>-</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 1,903,955</u>	<u>297,404</u>	<u>2,201,359</u>
	2016		
	<u>Deferred Option</u>	<u>"Back" DROP</u>	<u>Total</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 2,977,895	2,609,506	5,587,401
Employer contributions	66,944	5,431,218	5,498,162
Deferred benefits	768,210	566,522	1,334,732
Payments	(931,824)	(8,374,759)	(9,306,583)
Interest	187,250	236,860	424,110
Transfers between "Back" DROP and Deferred Option	<u>(67,196)</u>	<u>67,196</u>	<u>-</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 3,001,279</u>	<u>536,543</u>	<u>3,537,822</u>

The "Back" DROP is considered due and currently payable and is reflected as a liability in the statements of fiduciary net position.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(11) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES**

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employer agencies at June 30 were as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<u>(Amounts in Thousands)</u>	
Total pension liability	\$ 1,069,287	1,042,544
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>939,345</u>	<u>853,584</u>
Employer agencies' net pension liability	<u>\$ 129,942</u>	<u>188,960</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>87.85%</u>	<u>81.88%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

	<u>2017</u>
Inflation:	2.75%
Salary increases:	3.50% to 9.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5% compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Mortality:	Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Employees with Generational Projection using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the same table as pre-retirement mortality. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Table with no projection from 2006 base rates.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(11) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES, CONTINUED**

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued—

	2016
Inflation:	3%
Salary increases:	3.75% to 7.80%, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5% compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Mortality:	Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Employees with Generational Projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the same table as pre-retirement mortality. Disabled pensioners' mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the periods July 2012 to June 2016. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the periods July 2007 to June 2011.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(11) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES, CONTINUED**

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return—The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The inflation factor added back was 3.51% for 2017 and 3.54% for 2016. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, (see discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<i>(Includes inflation factor)</i>	
Fixed income:		
Core bonds	6.28%	6.34%
Multisector	7.16%	7.32%
Global bonds	6.05%	6.23%
Equities:		
U.S. large cap equity	10.99%	11.09%
U.S. small cap equity	12.22%	12.30%
International developed equity	11.96%	12.05%
Emerging market equity	13.23%	13.32%
Long/Short equity	10.74%	11.00%
Private equity	13.71%	14.03%
Real assets:		
Core real estate	9.39%	9.31%
Commodities	5.61%	7.50%

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(11) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES, CONTINUED**

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for 2017 and 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employer agencies will be made at contractually required rates, determined by the State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State will continue contributing 5% of the insurance premium, as established by statute, and the System will continue to receive its share of fees, taxes, and penalties from motor license agents. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net pension liability of the employer agencies calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
	(Amounts in Thousands)		
<u>2017</u>			
Employer agencies'			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 266,701	129,942	17,841
<u>2016</u>			
Employer agencies'			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 326,013	188,960	76,598

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(12) NET OPEB LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the participating employer agencies at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 12,856
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>-</u>
Employer agencies' net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 12,856</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u>0.00%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	N/A
Investment rate of return:	7.5% compounded annually, net of investment expense and including inflation. The OPEB portion of the Plan had no allocated assets as of June 30, 2017 or 2016. However, as OPEB is combined with the pension portion of the Plan, the same discount rate is used.
Mortality:	Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Table with Generational Projection using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the same table as pre-retirement mortality. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Table, with no projection from 2006 base rates.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(12) NET OPEB LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES, CONTINUED**

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued—

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 2012 to June 2016.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return—At June 30, 2017, the OPEB portion of the Plan had no allocated investments. The System is in the process of determining a contribution rate for future years. As the assets of the OPEB portion of the Plan will be maintained with the pension portion and an allocation will be performed, all investment information as to rates of return and performance will be the same as that presented for the pension portion.

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.5%. Because OPEB assets will be in the same trust as pensions, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employer agencies will be made at contractually required rates, determined by the State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State will continue contributing 5% of the insurance premium, as established by statute, and the System will continue to receive its share of fees, taxes, and penalties from motor license agents. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB portion of the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension/OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer agencies calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>1% Decrease</u> <u>(6.5%)</u>	<u>Current Discount</u> <u>Rate (7.5%)</u>	<u>1% Increase</u> <u>(8.5%)</u>
		<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
Employer agencies' net OPEB liability		<u>\$ 14,305</u>	<u>12,856</u>	<u>11,636</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**(12) NET OPEB LIABILITY OF
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER AGENCIES, CONTINUED**

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates—As there is no healthcare cost trend rate actuary assumption, this table is not required.

Information to show the sensitivity for changes in the discount rate as of June 30, 2016, is not available nor is it required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

(13) PLAN TERMINATION

In the event the Plan terminates, the Board will distribute the net position of the Plan to provide the following benefits in the order indicated:

- a) Accumulated member contributions, defined for purposes of the Plan termination section as member contributions and contributions from state agencies for the benefit of a member, will be allocated to each respective member, former member, retired member, joint annuitant, or beneficiary then receiving payments.
- b) The balance of such assets, if any, will be allocated to persons in the following groups. The amount allocated to the respective members would be the excess of their retirement income under the Plan less the actuarial equivalent of the amount allocated to them under a) above. The allocation would occur in the following order:
 - Those retired members, joint annuitants, or beneficiaries receiving payments,
 - Those members eligible to retire,
 - Those members eligible for early retirement,
 - Former members electing to receive a vested benefit, and
 - All other members.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(14) FEDERAL INCOME TAX STATUS

As an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma, the Plan is tax-exempt. It is not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. The Plan has received a favorable determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service regarding its tax-exempt status. The Plan has been amended since receiving the determination letter. However, the Plan's management believes that the Plan is designed and is currently being operated in substantial compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

(15) HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Historical trend information designed to provide information about the Plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in Exhibits I through X.

(16) LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

The following is a summary of significant plan provision changes that were enacted by the Oklahoma State Legislature during 2017 and 2016:

2017

- House Bill 1706—The bill updates the rules for distributions to include rollover contributions for SIMPLE IRAs that are structured and timed in accordance with the IRS's SIMPLE IRA regulations.

2016

- Senate Bill 1040—The bill modifies language in the Plan in order for the Plan to remain compliant with IRS guidelines and regulations.

(17) CONTINGENCIES

The Plan is involved in legal proceedings in the normal course of operations, none of which, in the opinion of management, will have a material effect on the net position or the changes in net position of the Plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 4 Fiscal Years (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 23,670	23,126	22,087	20,294
Interest	75,080	72,766	66,613	64,959
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,307)	6,137	51,090	(9,771)
Changes in assumptions	1,107	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including health insurance premiums and refunds of member contributions	<u>(57,612) **</u>	<u>(58,348)</u>	<u>(57,187)</u>	<u>(49,777)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	39,938	43,681	82,603	25,705
 Total pension liability—beginning*	<u>1,029,349</u>	<u>998,863</u>	<u>916,260</u>	<u>890,555</u>
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u><u>\$ 1,069,287</u></u>	<u><u>1,042,544</u></u>	<u><u>998,863</u></u>	<u><u>916,260</u></u>

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

* 2017 beginning of year amounts were restated to exclude OPEB

** Beginning in 2017, insurance premiums are no longer reflected in pension benefits.

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See notes to required pension supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET PENSION LIABILITY, CONTINUED

Last 4 Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Plan fiduciary net position (pensions)				
Contributions—state agencies	\$ 9,262	10,219	9,438	8,566
Contributions—members	6,832	6,866	6,390	5,787
Contributions—State of Oklahoma insurance premium tax and other state sources	21,843	22,981	22,861	21,165
Net investment (loss) income	106,519	(22,244)	34,802	121,403
Benefit payments, including health insurance premiums and refunds of member contributions	(57,612) *	(58,348)	(57,187)	(49,777)
Administrative expense	<u>(1,083)</u>	<u>(1,031)</u>	<u>(1,069)</u>	<u>(927)</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	85,761	(41,557)	15,235	106,217
Plan fiduciary net position (pensions)—beginning	<u>853,584</u>	<u>895,141</u>	<u>879,906</u>	<u>773,689</u>
Plan fiduciary net position (pensions)—ending (b)	<u>\$ 939,345</u>	<u>853,584</u>	<u>895,141</u>	<u>879,906</u>
Plan's net pension liability (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 129,942</u>	<u>188,960</u>	<u>103,722</u>	<u>36,354</u>

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

* Beginning in 2017, insurance premiums are no longer reflected in pension benefits.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See notes to required pension supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 4 Fiscal Years (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 1,069,287	1,042,544	998,863	916,260
Plan fiduciary net position (pensions)	<u>939,345</u>	<u>853,584</u>	<u>895,141</u>	<u>879,906</u>
Plan's net pension liability	<u>\$ 129,942</u>	<u>188,960</u>	<u>103,722</u>	<u>36,354</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>87.85%</u>	<u>81.88%</u>	<u>89.62%</u>	<u>96.03%</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 86,496</u>	<u>88,683</u>	<u>84,880</u>	<u>76,838</u>
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>150.23%</u>	<u>213.07%</u>	<u>122.20%</u>	<u>47.31%</u>

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See notes to required pension supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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**SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER AGENCIES AND
OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES**

Last 10 Fiscal Years *(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)*

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 33,110	33,291	31,838	43,775	44,734	48,634	50,094	48,103	36,616	32,668
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:										
State agencies	9,262	10,219	9,438	8,566	8,296	7,414	7,694	7,779	7,686	7,501
Contributions—State of Oklahoma insurance premium tax and other state sources	<u>21,843</u>	<u>22,981</u>	<u>22,861</u>	<u>21,165</u>	<u>19,807</u>	<u>18,836</u>	<u>16,965</u>	<u>15,456</u>	<u>17,311</u>	<u>17,670</u>
	<u>31,105</u>	<u>33,200</u>	<u>32,299</u>	<u>29,731</u>	<u>28,103</u>	<u>26,250</u>	<u>24,659</u>	<u>23,235</u>	<u>24,997</u>	<u>25,171</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 2,005</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>(461)</u>	<u>14,044</u>	<u>16,631</u>	<u>22,384</u>	<u>25,435</u>	<u>24,868</u>	<u>11,619</u>	<u>7,497</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 86,496</u>	<u>88,683</u>	<u>84,880</u>	<u>76,838</u>	<u>73,423</u>	<u>71,598</u>	<u>70,967</u>	<u>73,400</u>	<u>75,320</u>	<u>73,508</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>35.96%</u>	<u>37.44%</u>	<u>38.05%</u>	<u>38.69%</u>	<u>38.28%</u>	<u>36.66%</u>	<u>34.75%</u>	<u>31.66%</u>	<u>33.19%</u>	<u>34.24%</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See notes to required pension supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last 4 Fiscal Years

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	12.68%	(2.52)%	4.02%	15.90%

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required pension supplementary information.

**OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM****NOTES TO REQUIRED PENSION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION****June 30, 2017**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of an actuarial valuation by independent enrolled actuaries (Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC as of July 1, 2017 and 2016, and Buck Consultants at the previous dates indicated). Additional information as of the July 1, 2017, valuation follows:

Assumptions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age
Asset valuation method:	5-year moving average
Amortization method:	Level dollar—closed
Remaining amortization:	13 years
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return:	7.5%
Projected salary increases*:	3.50% to 9.75%, depending on service
Cost-of-living adjustments:	3% for those eligible

*Includes inflation at 3%.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET OPEB LIABILITY

Current Fiscal Year (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)

	<u>2017</u>
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 357
Interest	958
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(501)
Changes in assumptions	(304)
Health insurance premiums paid	(849)
Healthcare trend rates	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	(339)
Total OPEB liability—beginning	<u>13,195</u>
Total OPEB liability—ending (a)	<u><u>\$ 12,856</u></u>

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required OPEB supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET OPEB LIABILITY, CONTINUED

Current Fiscal Year (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)

	<u>2017</u>
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)	
Contributions—state agencies	\$ 849
Net investment (loss) income	-
Health insurance premiums paid	(849)
Administrative expense	<u>-</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-
 Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)—beginning	 <u>-</u>
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)—ending (b)	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
 Plan's net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	 <u><u>\$ 12,856</u></u>

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required OPEB supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AGENCIES' NET OPEB LIABILITY

Current Fiscal Year *(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)*

	<u>2017</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 12,856
Plan fiduciary net position (OPEB)	<u>-</u>
Plan's net OPEB liability	<u><u>\$ 12,856</u></u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u>0.00%</u>
Covered payroll	N/A
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required OPEB supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
Administered by
OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OPEB FROM EMPLOYER AGENCIES AND
OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES**

Current Fiscal Year *(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)*

2017

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ <u>398</u>
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:	
State agencies	849
Contributions—State of Oklahoma insurance premium tax and other state sources	<u>-</u> <u>849</u>
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ <u>(451)</u>
Covered payroll	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required OPEB supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS

Current Fiscal Year

2017

Annual money-weighted rate of return,
net of investment expense

0.00%

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

As of June 30, 2017, OPEB had no allocated assets. As such, the return for 2017 is 0%. Commencing July 1, 2017, assets will be allocated to OPEB and the return in future years will be the same for both OPEB and the pensions.

See Independent Auditors' Report.
See notes to required OPEB supplementary information.

OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN
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OKLAHOMA LAW ENFORCEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTES TO REQUIRED OPEB SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2017

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of an actuarial valuation by an independent enrolled actuarial consulting company, Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC, as of July 1, 2017. Additional information as of the July 1, 2017, valuation follows:

Assumptions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age
Asset valuation method:	5-year moving average
Amortization method:	Level dollar—closed
Healthcare trend rates:	N/A
Remaining amortization:	13 years
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return:	7.5%
Projected salary increases*:	3.50% to 9.75%, depending on service
Cost-of-living adjustments:	3% for those eligible

*Includes inflation at 3%.

See Independent Auditors' Report.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees of the
Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), administered by the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, which is a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which comprise the statements of fiduciary net position (pensions and OPEB) as of June 30, 2017, and the related statements of changes in fiduciary net position (pensions and OPEB) for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2017. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph disclaiming an opinion on required supplementary information. Our report also includes an explanatory paragraph to emphasize the adoption of GASB 74 by the Plan.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plan's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

(Continued)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED**

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma
October 17, 2017