TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board of Trustees

Floyd Lawrence

Mayor

Rick Harvey

Vice-Mayor

Billy Miller

Member

Ray Foster

Member

Jessica Walden

Member

Town Clerk & Treasurer

Dottie Smith

Town Attorney

Ronald H. Lawson

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Town of Arkoma. Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in

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order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements taken as a whole. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional

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procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2018, on our consideration of the Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in compliance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

November 19, 2018



(Unaudited) MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Arkoma's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, within the limitations of the Town's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements that begin on page 14.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The Town's total expenses exceeded total revenues, on the modified cash basis of accounting, by \$80,825 (on page 15) for the year, resulting in a decrease in total net position of 2.87 percent under the previous year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Town's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on page 15) provide information about the activities of the Town government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements (starting on page 16) focus on the individual parts of the Town government. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Town operates like businesses, such as water, sewer and sanitation services.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 2 (Unaudited)

Supplementary Information: This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules (starting on page 42) represent financial information to provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Supplementary Information: This part of the annual report includes financial information such as combining statements for nonmajor funds (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the Town's annual report.

Basis of Accounting

The Town has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the Town's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

The Town's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the Town of Arkoma Council is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the Town's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government and another separate legal entity that is included as a component unit.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 3 (Unaudited)

The primary government includes the following legal entities:

- The Town of Arkoma
- Arkoma Municipal Authority

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 9. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 and 15. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the Town's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's sales tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks, cemetery, and senior citizens. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's water, sewer and sanitation systems are reported here.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 4 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 11. The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. The Town considers the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund to be significant or major governmental funds. All other governmental funds are aggregated in a single column entitled nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds—When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. In fact, the Town's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town only has one enterprise fund—the Municipal Authority Utilities Fund.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 5 (Unaudited)

The Town currently has no fiduciary funds. *Fiduciary funds* are often used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity such as pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements, and similar arrangements.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Following is a summary of the Town's Net Position on a comparative basis with the previous year.

Net Position—Modified Cash Basis

TOWN OF ARKOMA'S NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-tyr	oe Activities	Tot	tal
	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Current and other assets	523,761	493,760	311,023	231,228	834,784	724,988
Capital Assets	397,241	461,675	4,650,930	4,864,125	5,048,171	5,325,800
Total Assets	921,002	955,435	4,961,953	5,095,353	5,882,955	6,050,788
Long term liabilities	63,985	79,305	3,020,627	3,093,501	3,084,612	3,172,806
Other liabilities	5,593	4,607	62,759	62,562	68,352	67,169
Total Liabilities	69,578	83,912	3,083,386	3,156,063	3,152,964	3,239,975
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets						
net of related debt	333,256	382,373	1,630,303	1,770,624	1,963,559	2,152,997
Restricted	431,728	441,494	150,973	122,861	582,701	564,355
Unrestricted	86,440	47,659	97,291	45,805	183,731	93,464
Total Net Position	851,424	871,526	1,878,567	1,939,290	2,729,991	2,810,816

The Town's combined net position, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, decreased from approximately \$2,810,816 to \$2,729,991 between fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities had a decrease of \$20,102 and business-type activities decreased by \$60,723.

Net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased 2.31 percent to \$851,424. However, \$764,984 of those net position either are restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets. Consequently, unrestricted net position showed only \$86,440 at the end of this year. The net position of Town's business-type activities decreased to \$1,878,567. However, \$1,781,276 of the net position was restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets. Consequently, the unrestricted position was \$97,291 at the end of the year.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 6 (Unaudited)

TOWN OF ARKOMA'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-tyr		<u>Total</u> 2018	2017
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2011</u>
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Fees, fines and						
charges for services	140,036	108,747	862,011	783,113	1,002,047	891,860
Operating grants						
and contributions	3,744	3,817	0	0	3,744	3,817
General revenues:						
Sales tax	102,816	98,280			102,816	98,280
Use tax	28,622	21,719			28,622	21,719
Franchise tax	63,742	63,524			63,742	63,524
Cigarette tax	1,227	1,166			1,227	1,166
Intergovt. Revenue	33,000	35,591			33,000	35,591
Investment earnings	2,616	1,196	1,023	660	3,639	1,856
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	18,858	30,602			18,858	30,602
Total revenues	394,661	364,642	863,034	783,773	1,257,695	1,148,415
Expenses:						
General government						
and administration	25,690	27,892			25,690	27,892
Public safety	319,805	351,104			319,805	351,104
Transportation	67,479	121,548			67,479	121,548
Cultural and recreational	1,791	1,849			1,791	1,849
Interest on long term debt						
Water and Sewer			850,953	924,193	850,953	924,193
Sanitation			89,802	99,092	89,802	99,092
Total expenses	414,764	502,393	940,755	1,023,285	1,355,519	1,525,678
Increases in net position						
before transfers	(20, 102)	(137,751)	(77,723)	(239,512)	(97,825)	(377,263)
Transfers	0	(15,535)	0	15,535		
Net position - July 1	871,526	1,024,812	1,939,290	2,163,267	2,810,816	3,188,079
Net position - June 30	851,424	871,526	1,861,567	1,939,290	2,712,991	2,810,816

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 7 (Unaudited)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, total expenses for governmental activities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, amounted to \$414,764. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$250,881, while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$3,744 from grants and other contributions and \$140,036 from charges for services.

Business-Type Activities

The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. The water and sewer service activities reported net revenues of \$11,451 and \$(102,427) respectively. The water and sewer includes interest expense of \$63,066 and \$2,912 and the non-cash system depreciation of \$89,007 and \$123,908 respectively. The sanitation service is operated under private contract and the net revenue of \$29,230 is from a fee for billing and collection of the sanitation revenue along with the normal billing.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the General Fund reported revenues and lease proceeds of \$304,141, net transfers of \$6,000 and expenditures of \$271,360 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$38,781.
- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the Street and Alley reported a decrease in fund balance of \$2,435.
- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the Fire Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$7,331.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council revised the General Fund budget at various times. The final adjusted budget, however, was consistent with the prior year budget.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, General Fund expenditures were \$14,219 under final appropriations, while actual resources available for appropriation were \$12,791 over the final budgeted amount.

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 8 (Unaudited)

CAPTIAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets—Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2018, the Town had \$5,048,171 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines. This represents a net decrease of \$277,629 or 5.21 percent, under last year.

This year's more significant capital assets additions include:

General Fund - Police - Desktop Computer General Fund - Police - 3 Police Radios	1,030 640
Street - 2 Pro Trimmer Weedeaters	841
Street - Pro Polesaw	645
Street - Pro Stihl Saw	603

Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Land	10,000	10,000	16,000	16,000	26,000	26,000
Const. In Progress	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buildings	71,587	76,768	13,193	13,810	84,780	90,578
Equipment	220,123	270,234	24,791	38,289	244,914	308,523
Improvements	0	0	4,596,946	4,796,026	4,596,946	4,796,026
Infrastructure	95,531	104,673	0	0	95,531	104,673
Total	397,241	461,675	4,650,930	4,864,125	5,048,171	5,325,800

TOWN OF ARKOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 9 (Unaudited)

Long-Term Debt-Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2018, the Town as a whole had \$3,147,225 in long term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions compared to \$3,235,124 at June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2018, \$63,985 of the debt is related to governmental activities and \$3,083,240 related to business-type activities. (See table below).

Primary Government Long-Term Debt - Modified Cash Basis

		2017		<u>2018</u>
Governmental debt: Lease purchase to Welch St Bank Total business-type debt	_\$_	79,302 79,302	_\$_	63,985 63,985
Business-type debt: Refundable utility deposits OWRB note payable RUS note payable		62,321 99,532 2,993,969		62,613 84,168 2,936,459
Total business-type debt Total all debt		3,155,822 3,235,124		3,083,240 3,147,225

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Town's elected officials and staff considers many factors in setting the 2016-2017 budget, tax rates and service rates being the main sources and personal services and utility costs being the main uses of funds.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk's office at 1103 Main, Arkoma, Oklahoma or telephone at (918) 875-3228.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JUNE 30, 2018

<u>-</u>	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS	\$502.761	\$308,987	\$832,748	
Cash, and cash equivalents Due from other Governments	\$523,761	2,036	2,036	
Capital assets (Note 2.C.):		2,030	2,030	
Land and construction in progress	10,000	16,000	26,000	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	387,241	4,634,930	5,022,171	
Loan application cost, net of accumulated amortization	,-	0	0	
Total assets	921,002	4,961,953	5,882,955	
LIABILITIES				
Payroll taxes payable	488	146	634	
Due to other governments	5,105		5,105	
Refundable deposits		62,613	62,613	
Long term liabilities (Note 2.D.)				
Due within one year	15,883	74,293	90,176	
Due in more than one year	48,102	2,946,334	2,994,436	
Total Liabilities	69,578	3,083,386	3,152,964	
NET ASSETS				
Net investment in capital assets	333,256	1,630,303	1,963,559	
Restricted for:				
Street and Alley	347,519		347,519	
Fire Department	84,209		84,209	
Debt service		80,806	80,806	
	26.440	70,167	70,167	
Unrestricted	86,440	97,291	183,731	
Total Net Position	\$851,424	\$1,878,567	\$2,729,991	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
				Capital	Primary Government		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$25,690	\$ 6,425			(\$19,265)		(\$19,265)
Total general government	25,690	6,425	0	0	(19,265)	0	(19,265)
Public Safety:							
Police	266,852	133,611			(133,241)		(133,241)
Fire	49,915		3,744		(46,171)		(46,171)
Animal Control	39				(39)		(39)
Emergency Management	2,998				(2,998)		(2,998)
Total Public safety	319,805	133,611	3,744		(182,450)		(182,450)
Transportation:							
Streets	67,479				(67,479)		(67,479)
Total transportation	67,479		0	0	(67,479)	0	(67,479)
Cultural, Parks and Recreation:							· · · · · ·
Library	1,791				(1,791)		(1,791)
Total cultural, parks and recreation	1,791	0	0	0	(1,791)	0	(1,791)
Total governmental activities	414,764	140,036	3,744	0	(270,984)	0	(270,984)
Water Sewer Sanitation Total business-type activities	393,500 457,453 89,802 940,755	404,952 355,026 102,032 862,011	17,000 17,000			11,451 (102,427) 29,230 (61,746)	11,451 (102,427) 29,230 (61,746)
rotal dusiness-type activities	940,733	802,011	17,000			(01,740)	(01,740)
Total primary government	\$1,355,519	\$1,002,047	\$20,744		(\$270,984)	(\$61,746)	(\$332,730)
					Governmental	Business-Type	Total
	General revenue	es:			(\$270,984)	(\$61,746)	(\$332,730)
	Taxes:						
	Sales Tax				102,816		102,816
	Use Tax				28,622		28,622
	Franchise and	public service taxe	es		63,742		63,742
	Cigarette Tax				1,227		1,227
	Intergovernme	ntal revenue not res	stricted to specific progra	ms	33,000		33,000
	Interest income	:			2,616	1,023	3,639
	Gain (loss) on	sale of assets			0		0
	Miscellaneous	1 20 %			18,858		18,858
	Transfers inten Total ger	ar activity neral revenues and	transfers	250,881	1,023	251,904	
					(20,102)	(60,723)	(80,825)
	Net position-beg	ginning			871,526	1,939,290	2,810,816
	Net position- en	dina			\$851,424	\$1,878,567	\$2,729,991

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET -- MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash, and cash equivalents Due from General Fund	\$91,922	\$346,734 1,019	\$83,044 1,165	\$2,061	523,761 2,184		
Total assets	91,922	347,753	84,209	2,061	\$525,945		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Payroll taxes payable	254	234			488		
Due to other governments	3,069				3,069 1,019		
Due to Street Fund Due to Fire Fund	1,019 1,165				1,165		
Due to AMA	2,036				2,036		
Total Liabilities	7,543	234	0	0	7,777		
Fund Balances:							
Restricted for:					245.510		
Street and Alley		347,519	04.000		347,519		
Fire Department			84,209		84,209 0		
Assigned Unassigned	84,379			2,061	86,440		
Total Fund Balances	84,379	347,519	84,209	2,061	518,168		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$91,922	\$347,753	\$84,209	\$2,061			
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:							
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stater	ment of net position	are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$ 1,68 \$ 1,287,930 are not financial resources and, therefore, a					397,241		
Some liabilities, including capital debt obligations payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (63,985)							
Net position of governmental activities					\$851,424		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:							
Taxes	127,863	34,272	34,272		196,407		
Intergovernmental	17,392	15,608	3,744		36,744		
Charges for services	17				17		
Fines and forfeitures	133,611				133,611		
Licenses and permits	6,408				6,408		
Interest income	375	1,951	290		2,616		
Miscellaneous	18,475		383		18,858		
Total Revenues	304,141	51,831	38,689	0	394,661		
Expenditures:							
Current:					22 (21		
General Government:	22,634				22,634		
Public Safety:					045.000		
Police	245,993		00.071		245,993		
Fire			22,071		22,071		
Emergency Management					0		
Street and Public Works: Streets		52,177			52,177		
Culture and Recreation:		32,177			32,177		
Library	1,063				1,063		
Capital Outlay	1,670	2,089			3,759		
Debt Service	.,	_,	17,949		17,949		
Total Expenditures	271,360	54,266	40,020		365,646		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	32,781	(2,435)	(1,331)	0	29,015		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	6,000				6,000		
Transfers out	3,555		(6,000)		(6,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,000	0	(6,000)		0		
Net change in fund balances	38,781	(2,435)	(7,331)	0	29,015		
•				20(1	•		
Fund balances - beginning	45,598	349,954	91,540	2,061	489,153		
Fund balances - ending	84,379	347,519	84,209	2,061	518,168		
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:							
Net change in fund balances -total governmental fund	s				\$29,015		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:							
Governmental funds report capital outlays as ex report depreciation expense to allocate those							
Capital asset purchases capitalized	•				3,759		
Depreciation expense					(68,193)		
Debt service principal payments are not consider					15,317		
The net effect of various transactions involving	capital assets (i.e	. sales, trade ins, and	contributions)		(40.117)		
					(49,117)		
	Change in Net Po	sition of Government	al Activities		(\$20,102)		
-							

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2018

	Arkoma Municpal Authority
ASSETS	Authority
Current Assets:	
Cash, and cash equivalents	\$95,401
Due from other governments	2,036
Total current assets	97,437
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	213,586
Land and construction-in-progress	16,000
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,634,930
Total noncurrent assets	4,864,516
Total Assets	4,961,953
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Payroll taxes payable	146
Notes payable - current portion	74,293
Total current liabilities	74,439
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Refundable deposits	62,613
Notes payable - long-term portion	2,946,334
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,008,947
Total Liabilities	3,083,386
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,630,303
Restricted for debt service	80,806
Restricted for other purposes	70,167
Unrestricted	97,291
Total net position	1,878,567

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Arkoma Municipal Authority Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services:	
Water	\$384,573
Sewer	337,514
Sanitation	96,999
Penalties	21,042
Water & Sewer Taps	425
Reconnect Fees	5,774
Other	15,682
Total Operating Revenues	862,009
Operating Expenses:	
Administration/General	58,934
Water	213,626
Sewer	306,232
Sanitation	82,790
Depreciation	213,195
Amortization	0
Total Operating Expenses	874,777
Net Operating Income (Loss)	(12,768)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense):	
Grant income	17,000
Investment income	1,023
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(65,978)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	(47,955)
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(60,723)
Transfers In	0
Changes in net position	(60,723)
Total Net Position-Beginning	1,939,290
Total Net Position-Ending	\$1,878,567

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Arkoma Municipal Authority Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$862,009
Payments to suppliers	(599,654)
Payments to employees	(61,928)
Receipts of customer utility deposits	18,724
Refunds of cusomer utility deposits	(18,432)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	200,719
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Decrease in due from other funds	1,330
Decrease in payroll taxes payable	(95)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,235
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal paid on capital debt	(72,874)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on capital debt	(65,978)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(138,852)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Grant income	17,000
Interest and dividends	1,023
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	18,023
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivelents	81,125
Balance- beginning of the year	227,862
Balance- end of the year	\$308,987
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(\$12,768)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	(, , , , , , ,
(used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	213,195
Change in assests and liabilites:	
Refundable deposits	292
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$200,719

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the Town are described below.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Blended Component Unit:

Town of Arkoma Arkoma Municipal Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Town complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

A blended component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria. In addition, the blended component unit's governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Town Council, or the component unit provides services entirely to the Town. The component unit's funds are blended into those of the Town by appropriate fund type to constitute the primary government presentation. The blended component unit is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Fund Included In
Arkoma Municipal Authority	Created January 4, 1972 to finance, develop, and operate the water, wastewater, and sanitation activities of the Town. Current Town Council serves as entire governing Body (Trustees). Debt issued by Authority Requires two-thirds approval of the Town Council	AMA Enterprise Fund

The component unit does not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties of goods or services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Town presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Town. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as nonmajor funds:

Fund	Brief Description		
Street and Alley Fund	Accounts for gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes legally restricted for street and alley improvements.		
Fire Fund	Accounts for a special 1 cent sales tax for benefit of the fire department.		

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds area used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity presently includes no capital project fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

Fund	Brief Description		
Arkoma Municipal Authority	Accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing water, wastewater, and sanitation services to the public.		

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS ON BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the funds financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like, and component unit activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements, proprietary fund statements, and the similar discretely presented component unit statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, (Cont.)

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual funds shares are also considered cash equivalents.

INVESTMENTS

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since July 1, 2003 are recorded at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Government-Wide Statements, (Cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-25 years
Machinery, furniture and equipment	3-20 years
Utility property and improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATION

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Government-Wide Statements, (Cont.)

- b. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment of capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the Town's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

1. E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Town has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government Licenses and permits.

Public Safety Fine revenue and Fire run revenue; operating and capital

grants include Cops School Grant and KEDDO

Streets and Public Works Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the

State

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

OPERATING REVENUE AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans—Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services—Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements—Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers—Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances—Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities—Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers--Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, (Cont.)

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances—Resource flows between the primary government (the Town and Municipal Improvement Authority) are reported as if they were external transactions and are classified separately from internal balances and activities within the primary government.

1.G. FUND EQUITY

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (Such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposed by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt services, or for other purposes).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1.H. USE OF STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the Town requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. DETAIL NOTES—TRANSACTIONS CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

2.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK-DEPOSITS

The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Town based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2018. The comparison relates to the primary government only. The categories of custodial credit risk are defined as follows:

Category 1	Insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or
	collateralized with securities held by the Town (or public trust)
	or by its agent in its name.
Category 2	Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging
	financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
Category 3	Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities
	held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department
	or agent but not in the Town's name; or properly collateralized
	with no written and approved collateral agreement.

Custody Credit Risk Category

		Total Bank			-
Type of Deposits	Balance_	1		3	-
Insured deposits	250,000	250,000	-	-	
Uninsured deposits					
Collateralized	595,229	•	595,229	-	
Uncollateralized	-	-	-	-	
					Total Carrying
					Value
Total Deposits	845,229	250,000	595,229	-	832,348
Petty Cash					400
					832,748
			Cales Decisions		
Reconciliation to Gov			Net Position:		
	Cash and cash	h equivalents			832,748

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

INVESTMENTS AND CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Investments are limited by State law to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper, and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal, or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c, and d.

For purposes of custodial credit risk, the certificates of deposit are included in the preceding deposits risk analysis.

2.B. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets are composed of amounts held by the Municipal Authority for utility deposits (refunded upon termination of service or applied to final bill) of \$61,254. Additionally, a certificate of deposit is held for debt service on the OWRB promissory note in the amount of \$15,000. Also, the amounts held to comply with the RUS water and sewer project debt service requirements are \$65,806 in the debt reserve account and \$71,526 in the short lived asset reserve account.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2.C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year.

Capital asset activity, resulting from i	Balance at		•	Balance at
	July 1, 2017	<u>Additions</u>	Deductions	June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	10,000	0	0	10,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	10,000	0	0	10,000
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	221,401	0	. 0	221,401
Vehicles	108,352	0	0	108,352
Machinery and equipment	804,370	3,759	0	808,129
Infrastructure	537,289	0	0	537,289
Total other capital assets at historical cost	1,671,412	3,759	0	1,675,171
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	144,633	5,181	0	149,814
Vehicles	77,252	19,643	0	96,895
Machinery and equipment	565,236	34,227	0	599,463
Infrastructure	432,616	9,142	0	441,758
Total accumulated depreciation	1,219,737	68,193	0	1,287,930
Other capital assets, net	451,675	(64,434)	0	387,241
Governmental activities capital assets, net	461,675	(64,434)	0	397,241
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	16,000	0	0	16,000
Construction-in-process	0	ő	ŏ	0
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,000	- 0		16,000
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	22,370	0	0	22,370
Machinery and equipment	243,113	0	0	243,113
Utility property & improvements	7,889,254	0		7,889,254
Total other capital assets at historical cost	8,154,737	0	0	8,154,737
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,560	617	0	9,177
Machinery and equipment	204,824	13,498	0	218,322
Utility property & improvements	3,093,228	199,080	0	3,292,308
Total accumulated depreciation	3,306,612	213,195	0	3,519,807
Other capital assets, net	4,848,125	(213,195)	0	4,634,930
Business-type activities capital assets, net	4,864,125	(213,195)	0	4,650,930

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Primary Government	
Government Activities:	
General Government	3,055
Police	20,858
Fire	25,213
Street & Alley	15,302
Animal Control	39
Library	728
Emergency Management	2,998_
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	68,193
Business-Type Activities:	
Administration	280
Water	89,007
Sewer	123,908
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	213,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2.D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Lease Purchase Obligations

As of June 30, 2018, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

Lease purchase obligations due Welch State Bank:

3.64% interest with 120 monthly payments of a principal and interest of	
1,496 due April 15, 2022, secured by 2012 International 4400 Commercial	
Rescue Pumper. Scheduled debt service payments to the Fire Fund.	\$ <u>63,985</u>

Total Lease Purchases Outstanding	\$ <u>63,985</u>
Current portion	\$ 15,883
Non-current portion	<u>48,102</u>
Total Notes Payable	\$ <u>63,985</u>

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

As of June 30, 2018, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Notes Payable:

Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board in the amount of 287,364 with a 2.495% interest and a .5% administration fee. Interest and principal payments are due semiannually with a stated principal payment of \$8,875 beginning September 15, 2003. The note proceeds are for sewer system improvements.

84,168

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES, (Cont.)

Note due to Rural Utilities Service Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$3,241,000. The note was completely funded on April 9, 2014. The note is for the purpose of providing a portion of the cost of acquiring and constructing of Arkoma Municipal Authority water and sewer improvements. The original principal amount of \$3,241,000 will have a fixed interest rate of 2.125% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$10,048 due June 2053.

2,936,459

Total Notes Payable Outstanding	\$ <u>3,020,627</u>
Current portion	\$ 74,293
Non-current portion	<u>2,946,334</u>
Total Notes Payable	\$ <u>3,020,627</u>

Refundable Deposits:

Refundable deposits reported as a liability within the Statement of Net Position are composed of the following:

Utility Deposits –Refundable

\$ <u>62,613</u>

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Type of Debt	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Amount Due Within One Year
Government Activities: Capital Debt Obligations	79,302		15,317	63,985	15,883
Business-Type Activities: Refundable Deposits Notes Payable	62,321 3,093,501	18,724	18,432 72,874	62,613 3,020,627	74,293
Total Business-Type Activities:	3,235,124	18,724	106,623	3,147,225	90,176

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, except for refundable deposits, as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ended	Capital Debt	Capital Debt Obligations		ayable
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	15,883.07	2,065.81	74,292.61	63,833.39
2020	16,470.97	1,477.91	75,943.47	62,182.53
2021	17,080.62	868.26	77,631.21	60,494.79
2022	14,549.99	241.58	79,356.62	58,769.38
2023			83,555.10	57,007.74
2024-2028			340,949.35	261,930.65
2029-2033			379,134.08	223,745.92
2034-2038			421,595.39	181,284.61
2039-2043			468,812.14	134,067.86
2044-2048			521,316.88	81,563.12
2049-2053			498,040.65	23,672.55
Total	63,984.65	4,653.56	3,020,627.50	1,208,552.54

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE AND RESERVE REQUIREMENT

The Municipal Authority's OWRB Promissory Notes are collateralized by the revenue of the Arkoma Municipal Authority Water and Sewer System. The agreement OWRB contains provisions which require the Town to maintain pledged revenue, of at least 125% of the annual debt service and a debt reserve fund of 10% of the note balance. As of June 30, 2018 the Authority does meet the debt service coverage percentage. The Authority's reserve balance for the OWRB debt is \$15,000 and does meet the promissory note requirement.

The Municipal Authority's RUS Promissory Notes are collateralized by the revenue of the Arkoma Municipal Authority Water and Sewer System. The Authority is required to set aside at least 10% of the annual debt service in a debt reserve account. The Authority is required to monthly deposit \$1,055 beginning January 2017 into the debt reserve until a balance of \$298,600 is reached. The Authority began the year with \$53,627 has added monthly deposits of \$12,060 and interest of \$119 leaving a ending balance of \$65,806 in the debt reserve account as of June 30, 2018. The Authority is required to monthly deposit \$1,255 beginning April 2014 into a short lived asset reserve account until a balance of \$316,853 is reached. The Authority began the year with \$56,489 has added monthly deposits of \$15,060 and interest of \$277 less expenditures for replacement assets of \$250 leaving a ending balance of \$71,526 in the short lived asset reserve account as of June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2.E. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

MAJOR FUNDS:	TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFERS OUT	
GENERAL:			
Fire Fund	\$ 6,000	\$ -	
Total General Fund	6,000	•	
FIRE FUND:			
General Fund	-	6,000	
Total Fire Fund	-	6,000	
GRAND TOTALS	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	

INTERFUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2018, the General Fund owed the Street Fund \$1,019, the Fire Fund \$1,165 and the Arkoma Municipal Authority \$2,036.

NOTE 3. OTHER NOTES

3. A. GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

<u>Rural Fire Defense Grant</u> - The Town received a grant of \$3,744 from the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Forestry Services for a fire calls.

<u>Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma Grant</u> - The Town received a grant of \$17,000 from the Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma for AMA engineering fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

3.B. COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT SALES TAX REVENUE

The LeFlore County Board of Commissioners passed a resolution assessing a .25% sales tax for the benefit of the LeFlore County Fire Departments. The County began collecting the funds July 1, 2011 and remitting monthly into the funds designated by each County Fire Department and maintained under custody and control of the County Treasurer. In accordance with the resolution the funds can generally be used for construction and improvements, various approved equipment, fire training safety and education, and general maintenance and operation of the department. For the period beginning July 1, 2017 thru June 30, 2018 the Town of Arkoma Fire Department had a beginning balance of \$50,467.46 the department has been appropriated \$29,870.92 for its benefit and has expended \$17,825.41 leaving a balance of \$62,512.97 for future use. Funds requested must be used in accordance with County purchasing policies and procedures as outlined in the resolution.

3.C. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Volunteer firemen of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, participate in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System. The plan covers all volunteer fireman hired before age 45 if they are working in a participating municipality. These firemen are not paid a salary.

A. Eligibility Factors, Contribution Methods, and Benefit Provisions

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System

Obtaining separately issued financial

statements

Firefighters Pension & Retirement

4545 N. Lincoln Blvd.

Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414

Eligibility to participate

All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality and

hired before age 45.

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefits

State Statute

Employee's contribution rate

N/A

Town's contribution rate (\$60 per volunteer)

\$60

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, (Cont.)

State obligation

State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability

Period required to vest

20 years of service

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(full-time)

20 years credited service, 2 ½% of Final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested; at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits.

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(volunteer)

20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years

considered.

Deferred retirement option

Yes, 20 years credited with continued service for a maximum

of 30 or more years

Provisions for:

Cost of living adjustments

(normal retirement)

Yes, if vested by 5/83

Provisions for:

Death (duty, non-duty, post retirement) Disability (duty, non-duty) Cost of living allowances Yes Yes Yes

Contributions and Trend Information

Contributions required by State Statute and made for each of the past three fiscal years are:

2016 \$ 960 2017 \$ 960 2018 \$ 900

These contributions represent 100% of the required contribution in each fiscal year.

The Town participates in the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (O.M.R.F.), which provides coverage to substantially all full-time Town employees. The plan is a multiple-employer plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Agent Multiple-Employer, Defined Contribution Plan

The Town provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate twelve months after the employee's employment commencement date.

The employer hereby elects to have provisions of Section 4.9 of the plan apply. The employer shall pick-up and pay 3% of each participant's compensation. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service. The Town contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are divided equally amount current plan participants.

The Town's total payroll in the fiscal year 2018 was \$252,145. The Town's contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of \$198,288. Both the Town and the covered employees made the required contribution of 3% and 1% respectively.

The employer required contributions from the current year wages amounted to \$6,350. The covered employees required contributions amounted to \$1,983 and additional voluntary contributions above the required 1% totaled \$3,882 for total plan employee/employer contributions of \$12,215.

Trend information showing the progress of the Systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in their respective separate annual financial reports.

Related-Party Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the System held no related-party investments of the Town or of its component units.

3.D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The Town manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk Retained
a. Torts, errors and omissions	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
b. Injuries to employees (workers' compensation)	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
c. Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group and	(1)
d. Health and life	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Blue Cross and Blue Shield and Dearborn National Life	None

(1) The Town participates in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Liability Protection Plan and Life and Health Benefit Plan (risk entity pools).

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

3.E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2018, the City had an unrecorded commitment for earned but unused vacation and compensatory time leave benefits that would require payment upon employee termination of service.

The compensated absences commitment of \$605 at June 30, 2018, can be summarized as follows:

		Street &		
	Town	Alley	<u>AMA</u>	<u>Total</u>
Vacation	\$ 605	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 605

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CONTINGENCIES

Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the Town participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Litigation

The financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies resulting from litigation. Under applicable Oklahoma statutes, such judgments may become liabilities only of the Debt Service Fund and only in the year in which tax revenue is specifically assessed for payment of the claim, and only to the extent of the taxes so specifically assessed in that year. Such claims are generally paid through special tax assessments over a three-year period.

Accordingly, the Town believes that such claims should be recorded in the year in which taxes are assessed for payment on the claim, only to the extent of such tax revenue that is actually provided. This method is preferable to the conflicting rule for treatment of loss contingencies as set out in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.5 (issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board) wherein contingencies should be recorded in full in the year in which it is probable that a liability has been created if the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

3.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town did not have any subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	45,598	45,598	45,598	-
Revenues:				
Taxes				
Sales tax	32,750	32,750	34,272	1,522
Use tax	16,000	16,000	28,622	12,622
Franchise tax	70,000	70,000	63,742	(6,258)
Cigarette tax	1,000	1,000	1,227	227
Total Taxes	119,750	119,750	127,863	8,113
Intergovernmental:				
Alcoholic beverage tax	15,000	15,000	17,392	2,392
Grants	0	. 0	0	0
Total Intergovernmental	15,000	15,000	17,392	2,392
Charges for services	100	100	17_	(83)
Fines and forefeitures				
Court Fines	132,000	132,000	133,611	1,611
Total Fines and Forfeitures	132,000	132,000	133,611	1,611
Licenses and Permits	5,000	5,000	6,408	1,408
Interest Income	500	500	375	(125)
Miscellaneous:				
Oil & Gas Royalties	100	100	88	(12)
Donations	400	400	2,055	1,655
Misc. Revenue	24,500	24,500	16,332	(8,168)
Total Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000	18,475	(6,525)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers from other funds	0	0	6,000	6,000
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	6,000	6,000
Amounts available for appropriation	342,948	342,948	355,739	12,791

MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General Government				
Personal services	19,063	19,063	14,686	4,377
Materials and supplies	400	500	109	391
Other services and charges	6,000	6,000	7,839	(1,839)
Capital outlay	0	0	0_	0
Total General Government	25,463	25,563	22,634	2,929
Police:				
Personal services	192,481	193,016	194,186	(1,170)
Materials and supplies	18,300	16,100	11,152	4,948
Other services and charges	45,600	45,000	40,655	4,345
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	1,670	3,330
Total Police	261,381	259,116	247,663	11,453
Library:				
Materials and supplies	200	200	0	200
Other services and charges	800	700	1,063	(363)
Total Library	1,000	900	1,063	(163)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers to other funds	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0
Total Charges to Appropriations	287,844	285,579	271,360	14,219
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	55,104	57,369	84,379	27,010

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS STREET AND ALLEY				
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	349,954	349,954	349,954	0	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes	29,800	26,000	34,272	8,272	
Intergovernmental Interest	0 700	15,500 700	15,608 1,951	108 1,251	
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	0	(1,000)	
Amounts available for appropriation	381,454	393,154	401,785	8,631	
Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Street:					
Personal services	22,624	22,624	24,903	(2,279)	
Materials and supplies	15,400	15,400	15,444	(44)	
Other services and charges	21,800	13,800	11,830	1,970 197,911	
Capital outlay Total Street	200,000 259,824	200,000 251,824	2,089 54,266	197,558	
Other Financina Hear					
Other Financing Uses: Transfers to other funds	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0	
Total Charges to Appropriations	259,824	251,824	54,266	197,558	
Ending Budetary Fund Balance	121,630	141,330	347,519	206,189	
-					
		SPECIAL F	REVENUE FUN	DS	
		SPECIAL F	REVENUE FUN FIRE		
	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted . Original		FIRE	Variance with	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance Resources (Inflows):	Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts 91,540	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes	Original 91,540 26,000	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000	Actual Amounts 91,540	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental	Original 91,540 26,000 0	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744 (500)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744 (500) 90	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows):	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744 (500) 90 (3,617)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire:	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 0 8,272 3,744 (500) 90 (3,617)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire:	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 8,272 3,744 (500) 90 (3,617) 7,989 6,266 3,959 6,213 5,000	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay Debt service	0riginal 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0 17,949	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 8,272 3,744 (500) 90 (3,617) 7,989 6,266 3,959 6,213 5,000 51	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay	Original 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 8,272 3,744 (500) 90 (3,617) 7,989 6,266 3,959 6,213 5,000	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay Debt service Total Fire Other Financing Uses:	0riginal 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0 17,949 40,020	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay Debt service Total Fire Other Financing Uses: Transfers to other funds	0riginal 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0 17,949 40,020 (6,000)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Amounts available for appropriation Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Fire: Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay Debt service Total Fire Other Financing Uses:	0riginal 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Amounts Final 91,540 26,000 0 500 200 4,000 122,240 15,909 6,500 16,100 5,000 18,000 61,509	Actual Amounts 91,540 34,272 3,744 0 290 383 130,229 9,643 2,541 9,887 0 17,949 40,020	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	

60,731

Ending Budetary Fund Balance

60,731

84,209

23,478

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2018

Budget Law

The Town prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Town Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.
- The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is by department within a fund.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Town Council approval. The Mayor may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without Town Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

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TOWN OF ARKOMA, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
	CDGB
	Grant
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,061
Total Assets	2,061
FUND BALANCES	
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor	
special revenue funds	2,061

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CDBG GRANT				
	CDE Budgeted Amounts		Actual _	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	2,061	2,061	2,061	0	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	
Amounts available for appropriation	2,061	2,061	2,061	0	
Charges to appropriations (Outflows): CDBG Grant:					
Transfers out	0	0	0	0	
Total CDBG Grant				0	
Total CDDG Grant					
Total Charges to Appropriations	0	0	0	0	
Ending Budetary Fund Balance	2,061	2,061	2,061	0	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, which collectively comprise the Town of Arkoma, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Arkoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Arkoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Arkoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. combination of deficiency, or weakness is а material there is that control, such deficiencies. in internal reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected

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and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town are free Arkoma's statements financial misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Accordingly, this communication internal control and compliance. is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenshaw CPA # Associates, P.C. Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

November 19, 2018