STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25

AUDIT REPORT

STILWELL, ADAIR COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JULY 1, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Stilwell Public School, I-25 Stilwell, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements, regulatory basis, of the Stilwell School District No. I-25 (the School), Adair County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my adverse and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, the financial statements are prepared by the School on the basis of the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the School, as of June 30, 2019, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education noted above. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In my opinion, except for the effects of the omission of the general fixed asset account group, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the School as of June 30, 2019, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, of each fund type, for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other supplemental information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining statements-regulatory basis and other schedules as listed in the table of contents, under other supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the District. Also, the accompanying schedule

of expenditures of federal awards is presented for additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (The Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the other supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the combined financial statements-regulatory basis. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the other supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated February 20, 2020, on my consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Regards,

Michael Green, CPA February 20, 2019

	COMI Al	MBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS- REGULATORY BASIS 11INE 30-2019	TEME (PES_	NT OF A AND AC	COUI COUI	ASSETS, LIABIL COUNT GROUF	JTIES PS-RE	S AND FUI EGULATO	COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS- REGULATORY BASIS HINE 30-2019				
									Fiduciary				
			G	overnmen	tal Fu	Governmental Fund Types			Fund Types	Account Group	dno.	Total	
	ł		0	COOP		Special		Debt	Trust and	General Long-Term	, E	(Memorandum Only)	Е
ASSETS	5	General Fund		Fund		Revenue		Service	Agency	Debt			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	S	1,535,860	S	1,347	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	609,114	S	ı	\$ 198,978	S		2,345,299	60
Investments		ı		I		ı		I	I		ı	I	
Amount to be provided for compensated													
absences				ı		·		ı	I				
Amount to be provided for capitalized												I	
lease agreements		ı		ı		,		•	ı	853,	853,902	853,902	2
Amounts available in debt service fund		I		ı		·		·	ı		ı	ļ	
Amounts to be provided for retirement		I		ı		ı		ı	ı		ı	I	
of general long-term debt		ı		ı		·		·	·		ı	ı	
Total assets		1,535,860		1,347		609,114			198,978	853,	853,902	3,199,201	1
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY													
Liabilities:													
Outstanding warrants		605,201		1,347		647			ı		ı	607,195)5
Encumbrances				ı		ı		'	I			I	
Long-term debt												ļ	
Bonds payable		I		ı		ı		ı	ı		ı	I	
Interest payable		I		ı		ı		ı	ı		ı	I	
Capital leases		I		ı		ı		ı	I	853,	853,902	853,902	12
Due to student activities		I		ı				ı	198,978		1	198,978	78
Total liabilities		605,201		1,347		647		I	198,978	853,	853,902	1,660,075	15
Fund equity:													
Restricted for capital projects		ı		ı		ı		ı	ı		ı	'	
Resticted for debt service		I		ı		,		·	ı		ı	I	
Resticted for plant impov and oper.		I		ı		528,179		•	ı			528,179	61
Resticted for child nutrition		ı		ı		80,288		·	ı		ı	80,288	88
Unassigned		930,659						•			ı	930,659	69
Total fund balances		930,659		ı		608,467		1				1,539,126	90
Total liabilities and fund equity	S	1,535,860	S	1,347	Ś	609,114	S		\$ 198,978	\$ 853,902	902	\$ 3,199,201	10
•		```		[×]		*							

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-25

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-25 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS	JUNE JU, ZUIS
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		ľ	JUNE 30, 2019	, 2019								
									Fid	Fiduciary		
			Ğ	Governmental Fund Types	al Fund	Types			Fund	Fund Types		
									Τ	Trust		Total
			Ö	COOP	S	Special	Debt	ot		and	(Me	(Memorandum
	Ğ	General Fund	H	Fund	R	Revenue	Service	ice	Ag	Agency		only)
Revenues collected:												
Local sources	S	1,582,418	S	ı	S	440,282	S	ı	S	565,753	S	2,588,452
Intermediate sources		118,932		ı		I		ı		ı		118,932
State sources		8,295,476		85,554		6,004		ı				8,387,035
Federal sources		3,203,436		I		730,070		·				3,933,505
Total revenues collected		13,200,261		85,554		1,176,355		,		565,753		15,027,924
Expenditures paid:												
Instruction		8,433,548		59,908		ı		ı		550,893		9,044,349
Support Services		4,614,363		25,646		115,500		ı		ı		4,755,508
Non-Instructional services		136,491		ı		693,385		ı		ı		829,875
Capital outlay		159,842		ı		46,848		,		·		206,690
Other outlays		11,760		I		40,000		ı		ı		51,760
Principal retirement		I		ı		ı		ı		ı		I
Interest		I		ı		I		ı		ı		I
Total expenditures paid		13,356,002		85,554		895,733				550,893		14,888,182
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(155,741)				280,623				14,860		139,742
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		ı		I		I				ı		
Other financing sources (uses): Bond sale proceeds				ı				ı		ı		
Operating transfers in & estopped warrants		80,004		ı		ı		ı		ı		80,004
Operating transfers out		ı		ı			(1	(12, 612)				(12,612)
Total other financing sources (uses)		80,004		ı		ı	(1)	(12, 612)		ı		67,392
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		(75,737)		,		280,623	(1	(12,612)		14,860		207,134
Beg. Fund Balance Including Activity Funds		1,006,396		I		327,844	1	12,612		184,118		1,530,970
Ending Fund Balance Including Activity Funds	÷	930,659	÷	ı	S	608,467	S	,	S	198,978	÷	1,738,104

		General Fund			COOP Fund		Spe. (Building	Special Revenue Funds (Building and Child Nutrition only)	ds on only)	Ō	Debt Service Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues collected:												
Local sources	\$ 1,077,067	\$ 1,077,067 \$	\$ 1,582,418	- 8	-	۰ ۶	\$ 180,068	\$ 180,068	\$ 440,282	\$ '	' \$	- \$
Intermediate sources	96,250	96,250	118,932	I	I	i	ı	ı	I	i	I	I
State sources	7,912,520	7,912,520	8,295,476	74,215	74,215	85,554	6,078	6,078	6,004		·	
Federal sources	1,964,037	1,964,037	3,203,436				623,001	623,001	730,070			
Supplemental revenue adjustments		1,682,571			15,053		·	97,611	ı			ı
Total revenues collected	11,049,873	12,732,444	13,200,261	74,215	89,268	85,554	809,148	906,759	1,176,355		,	Ţ
Expenditures paid:												
Instruction	7,133,815	8,816,386	8,433,548	59,908	59,908	59,908	262,853	262,853	ı	ı	ı	ı
Support services	4,614,363	4,614,363	4,614,363	14,306	29,360	25,646	115,500	115,500	115,500	ı	ı	ı
Non-instructional services	136,491	136,491	136,491	1	I	I	671,791	769,402	693,385	I	ı	ı
Capital outlays	159,842	159,842	159,842		ı		46,848	46,848	46,848	'	ı	·
Other outlays	11,760	11,760	11,760	ı	ı	ı	40,000	40,000	40,000	ı	ı	ı
Total expenditures paid	12,056,270	13,738,840	13,356,002	74,215	89,268	85,554	1,136,991	1,234,602	895,733		,	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(1,006,396)	(1,006,396)	(155,741)	1	,		(327,844)	(327,844)	280,623	ı	,	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances												.
Other financing sources (uses): Onerating trans. in & estonned warr			80.004	, ,		,	, ,					
Operating transfers out			1	ı	·			·	,	(12,612)	(12,612)	(12,612)
Total other financing sources (uses)		,	80,004		. .		· ·		,	(12,612)	(12,612)	(12, 612)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(1,006,396)	(1,006,396)	(75,737)		ı		(327,844)	(327,844)	280,623	(12,612)	(12,612)	(12,612)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,006,396	1,006,396	1,006,396	,	,	ŀ	327,844	327,844	327,844	12,612	12,612	12,612
Fund balances, end of year	۰ ۲	s -	930,659	•	•	۰ ۶	ج	•	\$ 608,467	•	\$	\$

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT, 1-25 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS- REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT No. I-25 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Stilwell Public School District No. I-25 (the "District") have been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is an-other comprehensive basis of accounting than generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting policies are prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education and conform to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board), composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Local Independent School District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the district, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic -- but not the only --criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The first special revenue fund is the District's Building Fund. The Building fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

The second special revenue fund is the Child Nutrition Fund, a special revenue fund used to account for monies derived from federal and state reimbursement and local food service collection.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's Bond Fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Any proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District does not have any proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The Agency fund is the School Activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fund-raising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account groups

Are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for liabilities for compensated absences and early retirement incentives which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Asset Account Group</u> - This account group is used to account for property, plant and equipment of the school district. The district does not maintain a record of its general fixed assets, and accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the financial statements. Land, buildings, nonstructural improvements, and all other physical assets in all funds are considered expenditures in the year of acquisition and are not recorded as assets for financial statement purposes.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

a. Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.

- b. Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- c. Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- d. Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- e. Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- f. Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.
- g. A General Fixed Asset Account Group is required or expected by the Department of Education and is presented in such an account group but is not depreciated.
- h. Management's Discussions and Analysis (MD&A) is not required to be presented.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the Statutory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability s incurred, Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (Building Fund and Child Nutrition Fund) and the Debt Service Fund, that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2018-19 estimate of needs was approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk. The Estimate of Needs was approved by the excise board and the requested levies were made.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting -- under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund -- is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Appropriations not used or encumbered lapse at the end of the year.

F. Assets Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies with maturities greater than three months when purchased. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2019 is not material to the financial statements. Purchases for inventory items are considered expenditures at the time the items were encumbered.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources has not been reported as an expenditure or a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it since the combined financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. Vested accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits have not been reported in the general long-term debt account group since the combined financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - Fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, and outstanding warrants.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned*, *or unassigned*, as appropriate.

• **Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

• **Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District.

• Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body

or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

• Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

<u>Property Tax Revenues and Other Local Revenues</u> - The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the roll for submission to the County Treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes deemed collectable. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rental, disposals, commissions, and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate source is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a

pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Monetary Transactions</u> — The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal wards; however, they have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. As of the current fiscal year end, the District's bank balance was \$2,345,299. This balance was covered by FDIC and collateral pledged by the bank.

Therefore, the District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2019, were not exposed to Custodial Credit Risk, Investment Credit Risk, Investment Interest Rate Risk, or Concentration of Investment Credit Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

There were no interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019.

4. <u>General Long-term Debt</u>

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. General long-term debt of the District consists of capital leases.

The District has entered into lease agreements, which qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term, as follows:

	Interest	Collateral	Р	ayment	Balance
Lessor	Rate	Pledged	A	mount	30-Jun-19
Bank of Commerce	4.25	LED Lighting	\$	46,030	\$ 124,646
Bank of Commerce	4.25	Building		62,495	117,450
Bank of Commerce	4.25	Intercom System		44,154	44,154
Bank of Commerce	5.25	Bus		117,236	323,804
Bank of Commerce	6.25	FEMA Match		77,807	137,800
OK. Dept. of Commerce	3.00	Window Replacement		4,558	 106,049
					\$ 853,902

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Bank of Commerce, as lessee for financing the acquisition of a LED lighting system for the school buildings. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Bank of Commerce, as lessee for financing the building improvements. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Bank of Commerce, as lessee for financing the improvements to the intercom system. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Bank of Commerce, as lessee for financing new busses. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Bank of Commerce, as lessee for financing short term payments during the construction phase of a new building that is being funded, in the majority, by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, (FEMA). The project will include a match grant where FEMA will cover 75% of the project with the remainder being paid by the school. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

The District has entered into a lease agreement with the Oklahoma Department of Commerce, as lessee for financing a window replacement project. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

As disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements, the District does not record fixed assets in the financial statements. Consistent with this, the District has not recorded the leased equipment as assets in the General

Fixed Assets Account Group. The District has recorded the liability for future lease payments in the General Long-term Debt Account Group.

Changes in the Capital Lease Obligations are shown as follows:

	Cap	oital Lease
	0	bligations
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	860,407
Additions		137,800
Retirements		(144,305)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	853,902

Annual commitments for the above debt are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Obligation
2020	435,894
2021	264,102
2022	153,906
2023	-
2024	-
2025-2029	-

5. Other Post Employment Benefits

The District does not offer any early retirement incentive plans.

6. Employee Retirement System

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under the system, contributions are made by the District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees.

Participation is required for all teachers and other certified employees and is optional for all other regular employees of public educational institutions who work at least 20 hours per week. A participant's date of membership is the date the first contribution is made to the System. The System is administered by a Board of Trustees which acts as a fiduciary for investing the funds and governing the administration of the System. The District has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the System nor has it any liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with five years of creditable service may retire with a normal retirement allowance at the age of sixty-two or with reduced benefits as early as age fifty-five. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries, if certain options are exercised, equals two percent of the average of the highest three earning years on contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service. A participant leaving employment before attaining retirement age, but completing ten years of service, may elect to vest his accumulated contributions and defer receipt of a retirement annuity until a later date.

When a participant dies in active service and has completed ten years of credited service, the beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit of \$18,000 and the participant's contributions plus interest. If the beneficiary is a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse may, in lieu of the death benefit, elect to receive, subject to the surviving spousal options, the participant's retirement benefits accrued at the time of death.

The contribution rates for the District, which are not actuarially determined, and its employees are established by law. The District is required by statute to contribute 9.5% of applicable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The required contribution for participating members is 7%.

The District's contributions to the System for the years ending

June 30, 2019 is \$878,242 June 30, 2018 is \$730,100 June 30, 2017 is \$727,212

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System.

The system issues an independent financial report, financial statements, and required supplementary information that may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

7. Contingencies and Other Commitments

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. 8. <u>Risk Management</u>

The District purchases commercial insurance policies covering property casualty loss, public liability, school board member and administrator liability, and workers compensation. The District also purchases surety bonds for employees in all positions required by state law to be bonded. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials' liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established

payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years, it is returned to them with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program, the District is required to contribute 1.6% of their taxable payroll for unemployment. The funds for each District are kept separate. The money contributed by each District does not earn interest and is fully insured. If the district has claims in excess of the amount of their account, they would be liable for the excess.

9. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Leave Benefits, and Health Care Coverage

The District provides sick leave benefits to the certified staff in accordance with Title 70, Article 6-104, of the Oklahoma Statutes, which provides for an annual accrual of sick leave of ten days and personal business days accrual of three days. Ten days are allowed to accumulate up to a total of sixty days per employee. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death.

10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 20, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	I	Building Fund	Child Jutrition Fund	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash Investments	\$	528,813	\$ 80,301	\$ 609,114
Total assets	\$	528,813	\$ 80,301	\$ 609,114
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities: Outstanding warrants Encumbrances	\$	634	\$ 13	\$ 647
Total liabilities		634	13	647
Fund balances: restricted		528,179	 80,288	 608,467
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	528,813	\$ 80,301	\$ 609,114

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	I	Building Fund	N	Child Iutrition Fund	Total
Revenues Collected:	٩	410 100	۵	21 000	• • • • • • • • •
District sources	\$	419,193	\$	21,088	\$ 440,282
Intermediate sources		-		-	-
State sources		-		6,004	6,004
Federal sources		-		730,070	730,070
Total revenues collected		419,193		757,162	1,176,355
Expenditures paid:					
Instruction		-		-	-
Support services		115,500		-	115,500
Non-instruction services		-		693,385	693,385
Capital outlay		46,848		-	46,848
Other outlays		-		40,000	40,000
Total expenditures paid		162,348		733,385	895,733
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		256,846		23,777	280,623
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		-		-	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in & estopped warrants		-		-	-
Operating transfer out		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other					
uses		256,846		23,777	280,623
Fund balances: restricted, beginning of year		271,334	. <u> </u>	56,510	327,844
Fund balances: restricted, end of year	\$	528,179	\$	80,288	\$ 608,467

SPECIAL REVENUE (BUILDING AND CHILD NUTRITION ONLY) FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT 1-25 JUNE 30, 2019

40,000 56,510 21,0886,004 693,385 80,288 23,777 23,777 730,070 757,162 733,385 ı Actual \$ \$ Child Nutrition Fund Final budget (56, 510)(56, 510)56,510 6,078 769,402 752,892 40,000 26,201 623,001 97,611 809,402 $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ S (56, 510)(56, 510)56,510 Orig budget 6,078 40,00026,201 623,001 655,281 671,791 711.791 ı Special Revenue Funds \$ S 115,500 46,848 271,334 528,179 419,193 256,846 162,348 256,846 419,193 Actual \$ \$ (271, 334)(271, 334)271,334 **Building Fund** 46,848 153,867 153,867 115,500 Final budget 262,853 425,200 \$ (271, 334)(271, 334)115,500 46,848 153,867 153,867 262,853 425,200 271,334 Orig budget ı ı $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ \$ Supplemental revenue adjustments Operating trans in & estopped warr Fund balances: restricted, beg. of year Fund balances: restricted, end of year and other financing sources (uses) other resources over expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues and Total revenues collected Other financing sources (uses) before adjustments to prior Total expenditures paid over (under) expenditures Excess of revenues collected Non-instruction services Total other financing Operating transfers out Adjustments to prior year Intermediate sources year encumbrances sources (uses) Revenues collected: Support services Federal sources Expenditures paid: encumbrances Capital outlay Local sources Other outlays State sources Instruction

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUNDS-REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	 Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 198,978
Investments	-
Due from other funds	 -
Total assets	 198,978
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Due to student, parent and booster activities	198,978
Due to administrative activities	 -
Total liabilities	198,978
Fund balance:	
Reserved	-
Unreserved/undesignated	-
Total fund balance	 -
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 198,978

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

		High Schoo	ol Activity Fund	
	Balance	0	·	Balance
ACTIVITIES	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
OFFICE	\$ 3,820	\$ 34,545	\$ 31,670	\$ 6,695
ATHLETIC	37,724	54,811	56,412	36,124
FCCLA	13,281	35,062	32,467	15,877
BAND	10,953	18,684	12,696	16,940
SCIENCE/MATH	444	7,169	7,382	231
LIBRARY	8	-	-	8
JUNIOR CLASS	3,188	22,217	22,683	2,722
FFA	1,433	50,267	50,555	1,146
OTHER	963	-	132	831
STUDENT COUNCIL	3,127	10,244	9,621	3,749
AG MECH	221	1,657	-	1,878
SPEECH	3,965	2,727	4,888	1,803
YEARBOOK	2,355	12,369	12,466	2,257
CHORUS	1,137	16,581	17,187	531
CHEER	151	4,310	4,235	226
SHOOTING SPORTS	100	4,055	1,920	2,235
CHANGE	2,000	29,900	29,900	2,000
HORTICULTURE	42	-	-	42
HISTORY CLUB	1,366	13,598	10,901	4,062
KEY CLUB	1,186	2,486	2,150	1,521
FCA	723	-	-	723
OUTDOOR CLASSROOM	483	3,664	2,846	1,302
SPANISH	279	-	-	279
FRENCH	-	-	-	-
MEDIA PRODUCTION	1,167	-	1,167	-
SUNSHINE FUND	223	-	223	-
BETA CLUB	674	800	709	765
SPECIAL NEEDS	10	1,357	864	502
SPECIAL OLYMPICS	2,767	3,034	2,811	2,991
SPIRIT COUNCIL	102	-	102	-
SCIENCE LAB	4,301	6,039	5,090	5,251
SLOW PITCH SB	75	-	53	21
SHS 4-H	28	-	-	28
NEWSPAPER	3	-	3	-
DANCE TEAM	16	-	16	_
FOOTBALL FUNDRAISER	12,537	16,267	17,952	10,852
GOLF FUNDRAISER	1,151	850	1,000	1,000
POWERLIFTING	89	198	198	89
BASEBALL FUNDRAISER	4,535	875	4,120	1,290
SOCCER FUNDRAISER	6,302	-	839	5,463
GEAR UP FEDERAL	5,870	_	5,870	-
GIRLS BASKETBALL FUNDRA		9,406	5,892	4,360
WRESTLING FUNDRAISER	21	8,755	7,502	1,274
AP ENGLISH	293	-	-	293
SHS FISHING	32	2,644	1,424	1,252
SHS ART	785	413	552	646
DREAM TEAM	115	-	115	- 040
CHEROKEE LANGUAGE	509	8,621	8,653	476
EUROPE FUND	1,002	1,222	-	478
		1,222	2,110	
AP HISTORY	164	-	164	-
TRACK FUNDRAISER	625	-	53	572
BOYS BASKETBALL	396	5,442	3,764	2,074
ACADEMIC TEAM	-	222	59	163
RODEO CLUB	-	1,000	943	57
ARCHERY	\$ 133,584	976 \$ 392,464	768 \$ 383,127	<u>208</u> \$ 142,921
	φ 155,364	\$ 372,404	\$ 383,127	\$ 142,921

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019

	Middle School Activity Fund							
	E	alance						Balance
ACTIVITIES	June	30, 2018		Additions]	Deletions	Jur	ne 30, 2019
OFFICE	\$	10,471	\$	48,572	\$	46,637	\$	12,406
ATHLETIC		4,537		29,141		30,686		2,992
BAND		3,814		669		160		4,323
CHORUS		296		4,530		4,378		449
FCS		158		633		713		78
LIBRARY		78		-		-		78
NEWSPAPER		1,683		2,982		3,072		1,593
7TH & 8TH CHEER		565		3,275		1,898		1,942
WRESTLING		294		40		160		174
SCIENCE		399		1,372		1,503		267
STUDENT COUNCIL		2,958		21,235		20,736		3,458
YEARBOOK		1,463		1,496		1,145		1,814
4-H		250		314		324		239
TECH ED		937		10,987		8,895		3,028
MATHCOUNT		43		323		208		158
MULTI-HANDICAPP		12		-		-		12
SPECIAL OLYMPICS		1		537		486		52
SPECIAL ED		14		-		-		14
LEADER IN ME		1,120		2,895		3,253		763
MSINDIAN		137		1,373		617		893
FCCLA		1,530		4,205		5,373		361
SMS ACADEMIC TEA		1,049		-		912		137
SCIENCE LAB		260		1,660		1,390		530
ARCHERY		388		954		756		587
	\$	32,456	\$	137,192	\$	133,300	\$	36,349

	Grade School Activity Fund							
	Balance June 30, 2018						Balance	
ACTIVITIES			A	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2019
GS OFFICE	\$	6,671	\$	15,831	\$	17,453	\$	5,049
GS 4H		680		-		-		680
GS YEARBOOK		703		925		1,114		514
GS LIBRARY		2,599		7,113		7,506		2,206
GS MENSA		248		544		503		289
PREOFFICE		581		2,509		1,583		1,507
4TH GRADE		224		-		-		224
GS ATHLETICS		2,949		3,673		2,531		4,091
KINDERGARTEN		593		1,508		1,299		802
BIRTH CERTIFICAT		108		-		30		78
HEALTHY NATION		1,586		-		-		1,586
GRADE SCH MUSIC		679		3,464		2,108		2,036
HOSPITALITY		457		530		340		647
	\$	18,077	\$	36,097	\$	34,466	\$	19,708

MICHAEL W. GREEN

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Stilwell Public School, I-25 Stilwell, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Stilwell School District No. I-25 (the School), Oklahoma as listed in the Table of Contents, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated February 20, 2020, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, my report was qualified for the omission of general fixed asset account groups with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the school's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regards,

Michael Green, CPA February 20, 2020

MICHAEL W. GREEN

Certified Public Accountant

827 W. Locust Street STILWELL, OK. 74960 (918) 696-6298

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Stilwell School District No. I-25, Adair County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the Stilwell School District No. I-25, Adair County, Oklahoma (the School) with the types of compliance requirements described in *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (The Uniform Guidance) that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of federal awards.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the School's compliance based on my audit. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (The Uniform Guidance), require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance with each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (The Uniform Guidance), but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (The Uniform Guidance). Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regards,

Michael Green, CPA February 20, 2020

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO I-25 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>Program</u>	Federal CFDA Number	DA		
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Programs:				
Title VII	84.060	\$ 184,756		
Special Projects Demo Grant	84.299	438,581		
ESSC	84.215	291,968		
Impact Aid	84.041	599,067		
Sub Total		1,514,372		
Passed through State Dept. of Education:				
Title I A	84.010	612,485		
Carl Perkins	84.048	24,490		
Title IV B	84.287	183,513		
Title III A	84.365	262,812		
Teacher and Prin Training	84.367	321,339		
Title VI B	84.358	27,882		
Medicaid	93.778	141,269		
Special Education Cluster:				
Spec Ed Grants to States	84.027	557,190		
IDEA Preschool	84.173	15,349		
Total Special Education Cluster		572,539		
Sub Total		2,146,329		
Passed through BIA:				
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	31,080		
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> <u>Passed Through State Dept. of Education:</u> Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Breakfast Program-Cash Assistance National School Lunch Program:	10.553	125,247		
Cash Assistance	10.555	398,025		
Summer Food Service	10.559	3,474		
Food Commodities	10.555	49,823		
Child Nutrition Cluster Sub Total		576,569		
Child & Adult Care Food	10.558	44,528		
Total Federal Assistance Expenditures		\$ 4,312,878		

Note A: Basis of Presentation - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the School District and is presented on another comprehensive basis of accounting conforming with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, expenditures are recognized when an approved purchase order is issued.

Note B: Commodities representing non-cash expenditures have been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards which is an exception to the prescribed basis of accounting.

Note C: There were no amounts passed to subrecipients and does not use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Note D: Grantor provides adequate insurance coverage against loss on assets purchased with federal awards.

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST JUNE 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statemeters were in accordance with GAAP:	ents	Adverse
With Respect to the Regulatory Method of Accounting and the omission of the general fixed asset group Internal control over financial reporting:		Qualified
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major feder	al programs:	Unmodified
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major feder Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	al programs: yes	Unmodified Xno
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported		-
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		<u>X</u> no
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major federal programs tested: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast School Lunch Summer Food Service Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies Innovative Approaches to Literacy Program	yes	<u>X</u> no <u>CFDA Number</u> 10.553 10.555 10.559 84.010 84.060 84.215G

Section II – Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

None to report for the June 30, 2019 period.

Section III – Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Uniform Guidance:

None to report for the June 30, 2019 period.

Section IV – Prior Year Findings and Questioned Cost:

No prior year findings.

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT I-25 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA	Grantor's	Grant	Federal Grant	
Program	Number	Number	Award	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct Programs:					
Title VII	84.060	561	\$ 181,758	\$ 176,953	
Special Projects Demo Grant	84.299	775	470,893	470,893	438,581
ESSC	84.215	773	500,000	326,018	291,968
Impact Aid	84.041	591,592	599,067	599,067	599,067
Sub Total					1,514,372
Passed through State Dept. of Education:					
Title I A	84.010	511, 515	588,672	580,050	612,485
Carl Perkins	84.048	421	24,490	24,490	24,490
Title IV B	84.287	553	210,476	183,511	183,513
Title III A	84.365	572,774	17,182	15,980	262,812
Teacher and Prin Training	84.424	551	354,595	335,559	321,339
Title VI B	84.358	587	26,357	23,344	27,882
Medicaid	93.778	698	141,269	2,967	141,269
Special Education Cluster:					
Spec Ed Grants to States	84.027	613,615,621,626	569,670	557,190	557,190
IDEA Preschool	84.173	641	15,906	15,350	15,349
Total Special Education Cluster					572,539
Sub Total					2,146,329
Passed through BIA:					
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	31,080	3,383	31,080
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Breakfast Program-Cash Assistance	10.553	764	178,214	178,214	125,247
National School Lunch Program:)	- , .
Cash Assistance	10.555	763	420,072	420,072	398,025
Summer Food Service	10.559	766	10,854	10,854	3,474
Food Commodities	10.555	763	49,244	49,244	49,823
Child Nutrition Cluster Sub Total					576,569
Child & Adult Care Food	10.558	769	71,686	71,686	44,528
Total Federal Assistance Expenditures					\$ 4,312,878

Note A: Food Distribution: Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note B: This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial

Note C: None of the Federal grant/contracts include any loan or loan guarantee programs, has no sub-recipients, and does not use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2018 JUNE 30, 2019

State of Oklahoma)	
)ss
County of Adair)	

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the noklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Stilwell Public School for the audit year 2018-2019.

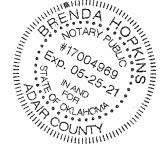
Michael Green, CPA Auditing Firm

by

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of February, 2020.

NOTARY PUBLIC (or CLERK or JUDGE)



My Commission Expires: 05.25.2021

STILWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO I-25 SCHEDULE OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY, AND HONESTY BONDS JUNE 30, 2019

Position	Bonded By	Policy Number	<u>Term</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Treasurer	Western Surety Co.	719261.98	7-17-18 / 7-17-19	100,000.00
Encumbrance Clerk	Western Surety Co.	633795.45	10-10-18 / 10-10-19	100,000.00
Child Nutrition Custodian	Western Surety Co.	54708510	7-1-18 / 7-1-19	10,000.00
Superintendent	Western Surety Co.	71123104	7-1-18 / 7-1-19	100,000.00
Activity Fund Custodian	Western Surety Co.	71637346	2-13-19 / 2-13-20	10,000.00
Minute Clerk	Western Surety Co.	71595398	2-20-18 / 2-20-19	10,000.00