THE CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and the Management of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Tahlequah Hospital Authority, Tahlequah Public Works Authority, Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority, Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority, and the Tahlequah Industrial Authority, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of Tahlequah Hospital Authority, Tahlequah Public Works Authority, Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority, Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority, and the Tahlequah Industrial Authority. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Tahlequah Hospital Authority, Tahlequah Public Works Authority, Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority, Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority, and the Tahlequah Industrial Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate

remaining fund information of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Except for the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Financial Statement Opinion Unit Type of Opinion **Governmental Activities** Statement of Net Position Unmodified Statement of Activities Disclaimer **Business Type Activities** Statement of Net Position Unmodified Disclaimer Statement of Activities Statement of Activities Unmodified General Fund Balance Sheet Unmodified Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Disclaimer Changes in Fund Balance Restricted Sales Tax Funds **Balance Sheet** Unmodified Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Disclaimer Changes in Fund Balance Other Governmental Funds **Balance Sheet** Unmodified Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Disclaimer Sanitation Fund Statement of Net Position Unmodified Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Disclaimer Statement of Cash Flows Disclaimer

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the 2019 Activities and Cash Flows

We were not appointed as auditors for the City until after June 30, 2019 and thus have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on the beginning balances recorded in the statements of net position and balance sheets related to the ending balances as of June 30, 2018. As a result of these matters, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect to elements making up the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Statement of Activities, and Statement of Cash Flows.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on 2019 Activities and Cash Flows" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the activities and changes in net position and fund balances, and cash flows thereof for the year ended June 30, 2019 for the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on these financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the Statements of Net Position and Balance Sheets referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2019 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7–15 and 71–73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge



we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Aledge + Associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2020 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edmond, Oklahoma September 15, 2020

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Tahlequah's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City's total net position decreased by \$233,021 or 0.6% from the prior year.
- During the year, the City's expenses for governmental activities were \$15.9 million and were funded by program revenues of \$3.5 million and further funded with taxes and other general revenues and transfers that totaled \$11.8 million.
- In the City's business-type activities, which include education and sanitation, program revenues were over expenses in total by \$414 thousand.
- For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported revenues under estimates by \$951,533 or 9.5%, while expenditures were under the final appropriations by \$1.3 million or 11.2%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Tahlequah (the "City") and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statements No. 14, 34, 39, and 61. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of three categories of activities – governmental, business-type, including two blended component units and discretely presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City's financial reporting entity (including infrastructure capital assets) and deferred outflows, as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

About the City

The City of Tahlequah is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 16,966 located in eastern Oklahoma. The City is an aldermanic form of government and operates under state law that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the City Council is a five-member governing body with the mayor and four council members elected by the citizens at large
- Executive the City Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer and is elected by the citizenry
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council

The City's primary government provides typical municipal services such as public safety, health and welfare, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, airport, sanitation and education.

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

This annual report includes all activities for which the Tahlequah City Council is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the City's financial reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Tahlequah and two blended component units) as follows:

- The City of Tahlequah that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities
- The Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority that operates to stimulate public growth and development; to promote public well-being by improving available resources, increasing job opportunities, promoting entrepreneurism and capital investment
- The Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority operates to promote, finance and develop projects, facilities and services pertaining to educational institutions and the furtherance of educational opportunities

Both component units (Authorities) have the City Council as their governing body (trustees) and the City is able to impose its will on the Authorities through required approval of all debt obligations issued by these entities.

In addition, the City's financial reporting entity includes three discretely presented component units, the Tahlequah Hospital Authority, the Tahlequah Public Works Authority and the Tahlequah Industrial Authority.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report is presented in a format that complies with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The presentation includes financial statements that communicate the City's financial condition and changes therein at two distinct levels:

- The City as a Whole (a government-wide presentation)
- The City's Funds (a presentation of the City's major and aggregate non-major funds)

The City's various government-wide and fund financial statements are presented throughout this annual report and are accompanied by:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis that provides useful analysis that facilitates a better understanding of the City's financial condition and changes therein.
- **Footnotes** that elaborate on the City's accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements and further explain financial statement elements
- **Supplemental Schedules** that provide additional information about specified elements of the financial statements, such as budgetary comparison information

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in them from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's sanitation and education activities are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Tahlequah can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds – When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the primary government, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$37.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				ess-Type tivities	Total					
	- 100	*			*		*				
	2019	2018		2018		<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		2019	2018	2019	2018
Current assets	\$ 15,255	\$	7,896	\$12,898	\$ 27,804	\$ 28,153	\$35,700				
Non-current assets	36,951		31,750	5,204	5,097	42,155	36,847				
Total assets	52,206		39,646	18,102	32,901	70,308	72,547				
Deferred outflow of resources	2,119	2,748		154		2,273	2,748				
Current liabilities	2,682		1,277	2,274	211	4,956	1,488				
Non-current liabilities	20,717		4,504	8,572	31,963	29,289	36,467				
Total liabilities	23,399		5,781	10,846	32,174	34,245	37,955				
Deferred inflow of resources	770		1,256	66		836	1,256				
Net position											
Net investment in											
capital assets	19,689		31,596	5,033	6,674	24,722	38,270				
Restricted	6,802		-	57	55	6,859	55				
Unrestricted	3,665		3,760	2,254	(6,001)	5,919	(2,241)				
Total net position	\$ 30,156	\$	35,356	\$ 7,344	\$ 728	\$ 37,500	\$ 36,084				

^{*} Prior year amounts not restated for MD&A purposes. No explanations for the significant changes will be provided since the presentation varies substantially from prior year due to the number and amounts of restatements needed in the prior year. See note 9 for more information about restatements.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. For 2019, this net investment in capital assets amounted to approximately \$24.7 million. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another portion of the City's net position, approximately \$6.8 million, also represents resources that are subject to external restrictions or internal legislation on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, approximately \$5.9 million, is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2019, net position of the primary government changed as follows:

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi	* *	Total		
		*		*		*	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues							
Charges for service	\$ 1,275	\$ 1,370	\$ -	\$ 4,592	\$ 1,275	\$ 5,962	
Operating grants and contributions	2,013	126	2,368	-	4,381	126	
Capital grants and contributions	163	-	2	-	165	-	
Taxes	11,086	6,806	-	-	11,086	6,806	
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Investment income	324	70	56	-	380	70	
Miscellaneous	237	238	81		318	238	
Total revenues	15,098	8,610	2,507	4,596	17,605	13,206	
Expenses							
General government	3,580	3,899	-	-	3,580	3,899	
Public safety	5,683	4,882	-	-	5,683	4,882	
Highways and streets	1,611	1,931	-	-	1,611	1,931	
Culture and recreation	1,674	1,648	-	-	1,674	1,648	
Public Works	1,681	-	-	-	1,681	-	
Economic development	108	-	-	-	108	-	
Airport	654	-	-	-	654	-	
Cemetery	285	-	-	-	285	-	
Interest on long-term debt	606	-	-	-	606	-	
Education	-	-	27	22	27	22	
Sanitation	-	-	1,929	1,975	1,929	1,975	
TPFA				2,359		2,359	
Total expenses	15,882	12,360	1,956	4,356	17,838	16,716	
Excess (deficiency) before							
transfers	(784)	(3,750)	551	240	(233)	(3,510)	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	(48)	-	(48)	
Transfers	144	3,846	(144)			3,846	
Change in net position	(640)	96	407	192	(233)	288	
Beginning net position	30,796	35,260	6,937	536	37,733	35,796	
Ending net position	\$ 30,156	\$ 35,356	\$ 7,344	\$ 728	\$ 37,500	\$ 36,084	

^{*} Prior year amounts not restated for MD&A purposes. No explanations for the significant changes will be provided since the presentation varies substantially from prior year due to the number and amounts of restatements needed in the prior year. See note 9 for more information about restatements.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

TABLE 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

		Total Ex	•		Net Revenue (Expense) of Services					
		2019		* 2018	2019	* 2018				
General government	\$	3,580	\$	3,899	(\$2,289)	(\$3,899)				
Public safety		5,683		4,882	(4,421)	(4,259)				
Highways and streets		1,611		-	(1,245))				
Culture and recreation		1,674		1,648	(1,465)	(1,577)				
Public works		1,681		1,931	(1,682)	(1,129)				
Economic development		108		-	(108)) -				
Airport		654		-	(358)	-				
Cemetery		285		-	(257)	-				
Interest on long-term debt		606		-	(606)	-				
Total		15,882		15,882		15,882 \$12,360		12,360	(\$12,431)	(\$10,864)

^{*} Prior year amounts not restated for MD&A purposes.

TABLE 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

		Expense crvices		Net Rev (Exper	ıse)
	2019	* 2018	2	019	* 2018
Sanitation Education TPFA	\$ 1,929 27	\$ 1,975 22 2,359	\$	(3) 417 -	\$ 284 6 (54)
Total	\$ 1,956	\$ 4,356	\$	414	\$ 236

^{*} Prior year amounts not restated for MD&A purposes.

The City's business-type activities include utility services for sanitation and also education services.

In reviewing the business-type activities net (expense)/revenue, the following highlights should be noted:

- Total business-type activities reported net revenue of \$414,016 for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- While sanitation activities reported net revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019, education had a net expense.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2019 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,897,777. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$7,344,399.

Other fund highlights include:

- In the General Fund there was a \$902 restriction for public safety, an \$113,240 assignment for public safety, a \$150,000 assignment for CDBG, a \$17,735 assignment for Brookside restoration, and a \$10,987 assignment for the airport.
- Proprietary fund net position restrictions included \$57,136 for capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues and transfers were under estimates by \$951,533 or 9.5%, while expenditures and transfers were under final appropriations by \$1.3 million or 11.2%.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2019, the City had approximately \$39 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including streets, facility improvements, and land purchases. (See Table 5). This represents a net increase of approximately \$2 million over last year.

Capital Assets (In Thousands) (Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u> *		Business-Type <u>Activities</u> *			<u>Total</u>					
	2019		2018	2019		2018		2019		2018	
Land	\$ 3,592	\$	3,408	\$	76	\$	76	\$	3,668	\$	3,484
Buildings	6,667		5,587		1,956		1,917		8,623		7,504
Infrastructure	17,506		15,495		1,012		992		18,518		16,487
Machinery, furniture and equipment	5,005		5,689		2,155		2,112		7,160		7,801
Construction in progress	1,052		1,570		-		-		1,052		1,570
Totals	\$ 33,822	\$	31,749	\$	5,199	\$	5,097	\$	39,021	\$	36,846

^{*} Prior year capital assets not restated for MD&A purposes

This year's more significant capital asset additions/completion of CIP projects included:

W. 4 th Street Campbell to Ross project	\$1,668,668
Bluff Project 2019	\$915,703
Sports Complex Lighting System	\$901,750

See Note 4 to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's capital assets and changes therein.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$29.5 million in long-term debt outstanding. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

TABLE 6 Long-Term Debt

	Governmental <u>Activities</u> *		Busine <u>Activ</u>		<u>Total</u> *			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Accrued absences Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 472 18,130 369	\$ - 18,010 154	28 10,380 166	\$ - 10,380 272	\$ 500 28,510 535	\$ - 28,390 426		
Totals	\$18,971	\$18,164	\$ 10,574	\$ 10,652	\$ 29,545	\$ 28,816		

^{*} Prior year long-term debt not restated for MD&A purposes

See Note 5 to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

The Economic Outlook

The following information outlines significant known factors that will affect subsequent year finances:

• In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported to have surfaced in China. The spread of the virus to the United States is reported to have begun in February 2020, causing business disruption through temporary business closures throughout the country. While the City expects this matter to negatively impact its revenue collections, the impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with an understanding of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at 111 S. Cherokee, Tahlequah, Oklahoma 74464 or telephone at 918-456-0651.



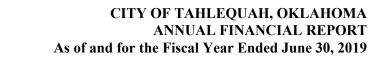
\mathbf{p}	CICE	IN A NOTA	ICT	TEMENTS	COVEDNMENT	WIDE

Statement of Net Position-June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities	Total		(Component Units	
ASSETS									
Current Assets:	•	0.057.000	•	4 040 004	•	4 700 007	•	40.770.047	
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,857,686 8,014,182	\$	1,910,681 121,630	\$	4,768,367 8,135,812	\$	12,778,647 10,838,748	
Investments		2,439,357		370,675		2,810,032		20,799,744	
Restricted investments		-		-		-		60,269	
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		1,637,427	
Accounts receivable, net		320,104		10,495,320		10,815,424		32,908,281	
Court fine receivable, net		115,618		-		115,618		-	
Due from other governments		1,508,238		-		1,508,238		-	
Inventory		-		-		-		3,927,511	
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	-	15,255,185		12,898,306		28,153,491		82,950,627	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,861,562		_		2,861,562		_	
Other assets		2,001,502		-		2,001,302		1,005,455	
Net pension asset		248,236		_		248,236		-	
Net OPEB asset		19,463		4,725		24,188		_	
Capital Assets:		,		,		,			
Land and construction in progress		4,644,116		76,100		4,720,216		9,375,175	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		29,177,429		5,122,682		34,300,111		80,341,319	
Total Noncurrent Assets		36,950,806		5,203,507		42,154,313		90,721,949	
Total Assets		52,205,991		18,101,813		70,307,804		173,672,576	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts related to pensions		2,073,434		142,825		2,216,259			
Deferred amounts related to derivative		45.000		-		-		637,715	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		45,300		11,118		56,418			
		2,118,734		153,943		2,272,677		637,715	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		845,105		200,279		1,045,384		15,966,353	
Other payables		64,720		-		64,720		-	
Sales tax due to TPWA		207,311		-		207,311		-	
Deposits subject to refund		-		-		-		1,616,892	
Due to other governments		9,289		-		9,289		-	
Current portion of:		4 555 470		0.070.050		0.000.700		5 007 000	
Long term liabilities - due in one year Total Current Liabilities		1,555,473 2,681,898		2,073,253		3,628,726 4,955,430		5,027,838 24,227,975	
Total Current Liabilities		2,001,090		2,213,332		4,955,450		24,221,915	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Long term liabilities - due in more than one year		17,415,158		8,500,583		25,915,741		40,877,103	
Net pension liability		3,302,204		71,212		3,373,416		-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		20,717,362		8,571,795		29,289,157		40,877,103	
Total Liabilities		23,399,260		10,845,327		34,244,587		65,105,078	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions		720,809		53,981		774,790			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		48,848		12,049		60.897		_	
Bolomod amounto foldiod to of EB		769,657		66,030		835,687			
		7.00,007		00,000	-				
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		19,688,965		5,032,889		24,721,854		45,369,358	
Restricted for:									
Capital Projects		3,188,043		-		3,188,043		-	
Debt Service		3,369,913		-		3,369,913		4,825,152	
Streets		112,776		-		112,776		-	
Tourism		41,135		-		41,135		-	
Public Safety		902 80 433		-		902 80 433		-	
Cemetery Education		89,433		57,136		89,433 57,136		-	
Unrestricted		3,664,641		2,254,374		5,919,015		60,627,595	
Total Net Position	\$	30,155,808	\$	7,344,399	\$	37,500,207	\$	110,822,105	
	<u> </u>	11,110,000		.,,000	<u> </u>	,o, 		,	

Statement of Activities -Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenu	e	Net (Expense) R			
			Operating	Capital Grants		.		
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 3,579,892	\$ 185,672	\$ 1,097,063	\$ 8,474	\$ (2,288,683)	\$ -	\$ (2,288,683)	\$ -
Public safety	5,682,799	499,337	761,822	-	(4,421,640)	-	(4,421,640)	-
Highways and streets	1,610,997	209,120	149,789	7,182	(1,244,906)	-	(1,244,906)	-
Culture and recreation	1,673,920	204,602	4,659	-	(1,464,659)	-	(1,464,659)	-
Public Works	1,681,686	-	-	-	(1,681,686)	-	(1,681,686)	-
Economic development	108,648	-	-	-	(108,648)	-	(108,648)	-
Airport	653,791	148,086	_	147.506	(358, 199)	-	(358, 199)	_
Cemetery	284,795	27,980	_	-	(256,815)	-	(256,815)	-
Interest on Long-term debt	605,963	-	_	_	(605,963)	-	(605,963)	-
Total governmental activities	15,882,491	1,274,797	2,013,333	163,162	(12,431,199)		(12,431,199)	
· · g · · · · · · · · · · ·					(12,101,100)		(,,)	
Business-type activities:								
Education	26,650	23.785	_	_	_	(2,865)	(2,865)	_
Sanitation	1,929,154	2,344,535	_	1,500	_	416,881	416,881	_
Total business-type activities	1,955,804	2,368,320		1,500		414,016	414.016	
rotal backlood type dollmiles	1,000,001	2,000,020		1,000		,0.10	,	
Total primary government	\$ 17,838,295	\$ 3,643,117	\$ 2,013,333	\$ 164,662	(12,431,199)	414,016	(12,017,183)	
		·						
Component Units								
Tahlequah Hospital Authority	117,846,418	118,836,203	-	-				989,785
Tahlequah Industrial Authority	120,432	95,511	-	-				(24,921)
Tahlequah Public Works Authority	23,410,283	23,329,083	1,661,367					1,580,167
Total component units	141,377,133	142,260,797	1,661,367					2,545,031
	General revenue	e·						
	Taxes:	•						
	Sales and use	taxes			10.488.462	_	10.488.462	_
		s and public service	re taves		447,637	_	447,637	_
	Hotel/motel tax		oc taxes		149,783		149,783	
	Unrestricted inve				323,711	56.342	380,053	3.189.435
	Miscellaneous	otmont carrings			237,442	80.785	318,227	1,046
	Transfers - internal	activities			143,900	(143,900)	510,221	1,040
		revenues and tran	nefore		11,790,935	(6,773)	11,784,162	3,190,481
		net position	ISICIS		(640,264)	407,243	(233,021)	5,735,512
	Net position - begin				30.796.072	6.937.156	37.733.228	105.086.593
	Net position - begin				\$ 30,155,808	\$ 7,344,399	\$ 37,733,228	\$ 110,822,105
	raer hosition - endit	19			ψ 30,133,000	ψ 1,5 44 ,599	ψ 31,300,201	ψ 110,022,103



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Governmental Funds Balance Sheet - June 30, 2019

	General Fund		Restricted Sales Tax Fund		icted Sales x II Fund	Pul	Γahlequah blic Facilities Authority	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	680,036	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10,875,744	\$	2,177,650	\$	13,733,430	
Investments		1,656,642		-	-				782,715		2,439,357	
Due from other funds		-					310,967		2,595		313,562	
Taxes receivable, net		951,921		207,311	310,967		-		33,445		1,503,644	
Receivables:												
Court fines receivable, net		115,618		-	-		-		-		115,618	
Due from other governments		19,969		-	-				-		19,969	
Other receivables		95,433		-	 -		209,296				304,729	
Total assets	\$	3,519,619		207,311	 310,967	_	11,396,007	\$	2,996,405	\$	18,430,309	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	834,411		-	7,019		-	\$	65,047	\$	906,477	
Payable to Component Unit		-		207,311	-		-		-		207,311	
Due to other funds		2,523		29	311,010		-		-		313,562	
Other accrued expenses		12,637		-	-		-		-		12,637	
Total liabilities		849,571		207,340	 318,029		-		65,047		1,439,987	
Deferred Inflows of resources:												
Deferred revenue		92,545		-	 -		<u> </u>				92,545	
Fund balances:												
Restricted for:												
Cemetery		-		-	-		.		89,433		89,433	
Capital Improvements		-		-	-		8,026,094		-		8,026,094	
Debt Service		-		-	-		3,369,913				3,369,913	
Streets		-		-	-		-		112,776		112,776	
Public Safety		902		-	-		-		-		902	
Tourism		-		-	-		-		41,135		41,135	
Assigned to:												
Public safety		113,240		-	-		-		-		113,240	
CDBG		150,000		-	-		-		-		150,000	
Capital Improvements		-		-	-		-		1,597,453		1,597,453	
Stormwater		-		-	-		-		439,366		439,366	
Brookside restoration		17,735									17,735	
Streets		-		-	-		-		509,506		509,506	
Airport		10,987		-	-		-		-		10,987	
Tourism		-		-	-		-		141,689		141,689	
Unassigned (deficit)		2,284,639		(29)	(7,062)				-		2,277,548	
Total fund balances		2,577,503		(29)	(7,062)		11,396,007		2,931,358		16,897,777	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	es \$	3,519,619	\$	207,311	\$ 310,967	\$	11,396,007	\$	2,996,405	\$	18,430,309	

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	General Fund	Restricted nd Sales Tax Fund			Restricted ales Tax II Fund	Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority	Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES				_			_		_	
Taxes	\$ 6,901,981	\$	1,613,647	\$	2,420,471	\$ -	\$	298,372	\$	11,234,471
Intergovernmental	1,417,045		-		-			.		1,417,045
Charges for services	402,882		-		-	19,300		212,588		634,770
Fines and forfeitures	432,130		-		-	-		-		432,130
Licenses and permits	112,006		-		-	-		-		112,006
Investment income	64,381		-		-	205,261		54,069		323,711
Donations	3,154		-		-	-		-		3,154
Miscellaneous	800,906							117,200		918,106
Total revenues	10,134,485		1,613,647		2,420,471	224,561		682,229		15,075,393
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Administrative	-		1,681,686		-	-		280		1,681,966
City Treasurer	12,971		-		-	-		-		12,971
City Clerk	77,257		-		-	-		-		77,257
Municipal Court	158,838		-		-	-		-		158,838
Police	3,337,490		-		-	-		-		3,337,490
Fire	1,621,579		-		-	-		-		1,621,579
Emergency Management	500,170		-		-	-		-		500,170
Maintenance	247,619									247,619
Streets	1,042,146		-		-	-		38,083		1,080,229
Health and sanitation	-		-		-	-		132,182		132,182
Culture, tourism and recreation	693,896		-		-	-		107,368		801,264
General government	2,158,232		-		-	38,658		2,554		2,199,444
Library	25,459		-		-	-		-		25,459
Cemetery	268,827		-		-	-		-		268,827
Parks	576,308		-		-	-		-		576,308
Airport	364,695		-		-	-		-		364,695
Capital Outlay	1,017,606		-		-	2,761,352		881,624		4,660,582
Debt Service:										
Principal	87,120		-		-	1,306,213		59,299		1,452,632
Interest and other charges	6,930		-		-	594,711		4,322		605,963
Total expenditures	12,197,143		1,681,686		_	4,700,934		1,225,712		19,805,475
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					,					_
expenditures	(2,062,658)		(68,039)		2,420,471	(4,476,373)		(543,483)		(4,730,082)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	172,956		-		_	_		188,072		361,028
Transfers in	145,040		_		_	2,529,548		· -		2,674,588
Transfers out	-		_		(2,529,548)	-		(6,720)		(2,536,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	317,996		-		(2,529,548)	2,529,548		181,352		499,348
Net change in fund balances	(1,744,662)		(68,039)		(109,077)	(1,946,825)		(362,131)		(4,230,734)
Fund balances - beginning, restated	4,322,165		68,010		102,015	13,342,832		3,293,489		21,128,511
Fund balances - beginning, restated Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,577,503	\$	(29)	\$	(7,062)	\$11,396,007	\$	2,931,358	\$	16,897,777
. aa balanooo onding	Ψ 2,011,000	Ψ	(23)	Ψ	(1,002)	ψ 11,000,007	Ψ	2,001,000	Ψ	10,001,111

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 16,897,777
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	33,821,545
Certain long-term assets and deferred outflows are not available to pay for current fund liabilities and therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds:	
Net OPEB asset	19,463
Net pension asset	248,236
OPEB related deferred outflows	45,300
Pension related deferred outflows	2,073,434
Deferred revenue	92,545
Certain long-term liabilities, along with certain deferred inflows, are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(3,302,204)
Pension related deferred inflows	(720,809)
OPEB related deferred inflows	(48,848)
Note payable	(18,970,631)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 30,155,808

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued):

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	(4,230,734)
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Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.

Capital asset purchases capitalized 1,859,154
Depreciation expense (2,616,509)

Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain or loss on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.

Donated assets 15,656 Transferred assets 2,820,654

In the Statement of Activities, the net cost of pension benefits earned is calculated and reported as pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as pension expenditures. This amount represents the difference between pension contributions and calculated pension expense.

775,188

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Change in deferred revenue 22,114

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:

Principal payments on long-term debt 1,452,636 Proceeds of long-term debt (361,028)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Change Net OPEB asset (39,076)
Change in accrued compensated absences (338,319)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (640,264)



Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2019

	s	anitation		TEFA	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,894,824	\$	15,857	\$ 1,910,681
Investments		370,675		-	370,675
Restricted:					
Cash and cash equivalents		-		121,630	121,630
Accounts receivable, net		45,021		2,385,600	2,430,621
Total current assets		2,310,520		2,523,087	4,833,607
Non-current assets:					
Restricted:					
Net OPEB asset		4,725		_	4,725
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		76,100		-	76,100
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,122,682		-	5,122,682
Accounts receivable, net		-		8,064,699	8,064,699
Total non-current assets		5,203,507		8,064,699	13,268,206
Total assets	\$	7,514,027	\$	10,587,786	\$18,101,813
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		4.40.005			440.005
Deferred amounts related to pensions Deferred amounts related to OPEB		142,825		-	142,825 11,118
Deletted amounts related to OPEB		11,118 153,943		<u>-</u>	153,943
		153,943			153,943
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	36,596	\$	_	\$ 36,596
Salaries payable		38,182		-	38,182
Accrued interest payable		-		150,650	150,650
Capital lease obligation		55,459		-	55,459
Revenue bonds payable		-		2,015,000	2,015,000
Accrued compensated absences		2,794		<u>-</u>	2,794
Total current liabilities		133,031		2,165,650	2,298,681
Non-current liabilities:					
Capital lease obligation		110,434		-	110,434
Revenue bonds payable		-		8,365,000	8,365,000
Net pension liability		71,212			71,212
Total non-current liabilities		181,646		8,365,000	8,546,646
Total liabilities		314,677		10,530,650	10,845,327
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions		53,981		_	53,981
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		12,049		_	12,049
20101104 4111041110 1014104 10 01 22		66,030			66,030
					-
NET POSITION		F 000 055			5 000 555
Net investment in capital assets		5,032,889		-	5,032,889
Restricted for capital projects		-		57,136	57,136
Unrestricted	•	2,254,374	•		2,254,374
Total net position	\$	7,287,263	\$	57,136	\$ 7,344,399

<u>Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	s	anitation	TEFA	Total
REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Sanitation charges	\$	2,344,535	\$ -	\$ 2,344,535
Rents and royalties		_	 23,785	23,785
Total operating revenues		2,344,535	 23,785	2,368,320
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal Services		817,280	-	817,280
Materials and Supplies		769,862	-	769,862
Education		-	20,522	20,522
Depreciation expense		336,201	 -	 336,201
Total operating expenses		1,923,343	20,522	1,943,865
Operating income		421,192	 3,263	 424,455
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income		51,453	4,889	56,342
Miscellaneous		80,785	(6, 128)	74,657
Interest expense		(5,811)	 	 (5,811)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		126,427	(1,239)	125,188
Income before contributions and transfers		547,619	2,024	549,643
Capital contributions		1,500	-	1,500
Transfers out		(143,900)	<u>-</u>	 (143,900)
Change in net position		405,219	2,024	407,243
Total net position - beginning, restated		6,882,044	55,112	 6,937,156
Total net position - ending	\$	7,287,263	\$ 57,136	\$ 7,344,399

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	S	anitation		TEFA		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	2,400,178	\$	23,784	\$	2,423,962
Payments to suppliers		(793,919)		(14,500)		(808,419)
Payments to employees		(857,118)		(10,864)		(867,982)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		749,141		(1,580)	_	747,561
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers to other funds		(143,900)		_		(143,900)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(143,900)				(143,900)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		<u> </u>				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of capital assets		(437,425)				(437,425)
Capital grants and contributions		1,500		-		1,500
· ·		1,500		(6 129)		
Annual sub lease payments		(405 700)		(6,128)		(6,128)
Principal paid on debt		(105,730)		(1,875,000)		1,980,730)
Net Increase in capital lease purchase receivable		.		1,903,247		1,903,247
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		(5,811)		(25,078)		(30,889)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(547,466)		(2,959)		(550,425)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Sale (purchase) of investments		(675)				(675)
Interest and dividends		51,453		4,889		56,342
	_	50,778		4,889		55,667
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	30,770		4,009		33,007
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		108,553		350		108,903
Balances - beginning of year		1,786,271		137,137		1,923,408
Balances - end of year	\$	1,894,824	\$	137,487	\$	2,032,311
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,894,824	\$	15,857	\$	1,910,681
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current		-		121,630		121,630
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,894,824	\$	137,487	\$	2,032,311
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	421,192	\$	3,262	\$	424,454
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		336,201		-		336,201
Other non-operating revenues		80,785		-		80,785
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(25, 142)		(4,842)		(29,984)
Net OPEB asset		(4,725)		-		(4,725)
Accrued payroll payable		6,926		-		6,926
Accounts payable		(30,983)		-		(30,983)
Net OPEB Liability		(3,768)		-		(3,768)
Net Pension liability		(106,640)		-		(106,640)
Pension and OPEB deferrals		72,501		-		72,501
Accrued compensated absences		2,794		-		2,794
Not each provided by (read in) approximate a stilling	_	740 444	Ф.	(4 500)	•	747 504
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	749,141	\$	(1,580)	\$	747,561



Discretely Presented Component Units Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2019

	I	Discrete Component	Units	
	Tahlequah Hospital			
	Authority	TPWA	TIA	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,803,814	\$ 4,017,549	\$ 957,284	\$ 12,778,647
Investments	20,799,744	-	-	20,799,744
Restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	10,838,748	-	10,838,748
Investments	-	60,269	-	60,269
Accounts Receivable, net	28,274,715	3,189,592	-	31,464,307
Other receivables	1,443,974	-	-	1,443,974
Inventories	2,630,813	1,296,698	-	3,927,511
Prepaid Expenses	1,637,427	-	-	1,637,427
Total current assets	62,590,487	19,402,856	957,284	82,950,627
Non-current assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Other capital assets,net of accumulated depreciation	45,163,900	43,461,561	1,091,033	89,716,494
Other assets	1,005,455	-	-	1,005,455
Total non-current assets	46,169,355	43,461,561	1,091,033	90,721,949
Total assets	108,759,842	62,864,417	2,048,317	173,672,576
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to derivative	637,715	-	-	637,715
	637,715			637,715
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	13,007,085	1,529,661	3,739	14,540,485
Other accrued expenses	637,715	-	· -	637,715
Unearned revenue	788,153	-	-	788,153
Deposits subject to refund	-	1,616,892	-	1,616,892
Capital lease obligation	44,625	117,027	-	161,652
Notes payable	1,707,640	712,000	20,000	2,439,640
Revenue bonds payable	, . , <u>-</u>	1,930,194	-	1,930,194
Compensated absences	_	496,352	-	496,352
Total current liabilities	16,185,218	6,402,126	23,739	22,611,083
Non-current liabilities:	10,100,210	0,102,120		22,011,000
Capital lease obligation	28,688	120,025	_	148,713
Notes payable	26,628,318	14,056,740	43,332	40,728,390
Total non-current liabilities	26,657,006	14,176,765	43,332	40,877,103
Total liabilities	42,842,224	20,578,891	67.071	63,488,186
rotal habilitios	12,012,221	20,070,001	- 07,071	00, 100, 100
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to pensions				
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	_	_	_	_
Dolonica amounto rotatoa to Of ED				
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,885,888	28,455,769	1,027,701	45,369,358
Restricted for debt service	13,003,000	4,825,152	1,021,101	4,825,152
Unrestricted	50,669,445	4,825,152 9,004,605	953,545	4,825,152 60,627,595
Total net position	\$66,555,333	\$ 42,285,526	\$ 1,981,246	\$ 110,822,105

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	Dis	nits		
	Tahlequah Hospital Authority	screte Component U	TIA	Total
REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Electric	\$ -	\$ 16,343,916	\$ -	\$ 16,343,916
Water	-	3,894,021	-	3,894,021
Sewer	-	2,941,521	-	2,941,521
Penalties	118,836,203	-	-	118,836,203
Rental Income	-	-	89,000	89,000
Payment from City of Tahlequah	-	1,617,424	-	1,617,424
Miscellaneous		149,625		149,625
Total operating revenues	118,836,203	24,946,507	89,000	143,871,710
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration	_	1,848,207	_	1,848,207
Water	_	2,953,224	_	2,953,224
Wastewater/Sewer	-	2,324,500	-	2,324,500
Electric	_	12,891,276	_	12,891,276
Industrial	_	· · · · · -	75,185	75,185
Hospital	113,294,199	-	· -	113,294,199
Depreciation expense	3,294,775	1,916,423	45,247	5,256,445
Payment to City of Tahlequah	· · · · -	934,017	· -	934,017
Total Operating Expenses	116,588,974	22,867,647	120,432	139,577,053
Operating income (loss)	2,247,229	2,078,860	(31,432)	4,294,657
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	2,921,287	257,242	10,906	3,189,435
Gain on capital asset disposal	1,046	-		1,046
Miscellaneous revenue		43,943	6,511	50,454
Interest expense	(1,257,444)	(542,636)	· -	(1,800,080)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	1,664,889	(241,451)	17,417	1,440,855
Change in net position	3,912,118	1,837,409	(14,015)	5,735,512
Total net position - beginning	62,643,215	40,448,117	1,995,261	105,086,593
Total net position - ending	\$ 66,555,333	\$ 42,285,526	\$ 1,981,246	\$ 110,822,105



FOOTNOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements:

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Tahlequah and two blended component units) as noted below, along with three discretely presented component units. This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Tahlequah City Council are fiscally responsible.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by Statement 61, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

The City of Tahlequah – provides the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities.

The City of Tahlequah has a population of 16,966 located in eastern Oklahoma. The City is an aldermanic form of government and operates under state law that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the City Council is a five-member governing body with the mayor and four council members elected by the citizens at large
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, health and welfare, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, airport, and certain utility services including water, wastewater, and sanitation.

Component Units:

- The Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority that stimulate public growth and development, increasing meaningful job opportunities, promoting entrepreneurism and capital investment, to inventory public services, facilities and resources, to promote, encourage and finance the growth and development of the City
- The Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority that stimulates educational growth and development and promote, encourage and finance the growth and development of education within the City

Both component units (Authorities) have the City Council as their governing body (trustees) and the City is able to impose its will on the Authorities through required approval of all debt obligations issued by these entities.

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

In addition, the City has the following three discretely presented component units:

- The Tahlequah Hospital Authority —consists of seven trustees who are responsible for decisions related to the management, operation and development of the Northeastern Health System hospital. Appointments of the Trustees are made by appointment of the mayor of Tahlequah and approved by the City Council and established as a Title 60 Public Trust.
- The Tahlequah Public Works Authority is a public trust created under the authority of and pursuant to the provisions of Title 60, Oklahoma Statute 1961, Sections 176 to 180, on December 4, 1970 for the use and benefit of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma. The Authority was established to manage utility facilities whether water, sewage, electric, or other forms or types of public and municipal services within or without the corporate boundaries of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma and the conservation of public welfare in these areas.
- The Tahlequah Industrial Authority is a public trust created on September 8, 1981, under the provisions of Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes, the Oklahoma Trust Act, and other applicable laws and statutes of the State of Oklahoma. The Board of Trustees are citizens and residents of the Beneficiary appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by a majority vote of the City Council of the City of Tahlequah. All Trustees must reside within the Beneficiary City. The industrial authority mission is to advance an environment through partnerships which preserves, attracts and promotes business growth in the Tahlequah community.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues in the Statement of Activities are revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside of the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- General government licenses and permits, inspection fees, rental fees, operating grants and contributions
- Public safety fine revenue, fire run fees, on-behalf pension payments, operating grants
- Highways and streets stormwater management fees, commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

- Culture and recreation swimming pool, golf course, and aquatic center fees/concessions, operating grants
- Airport rental fees, fuel sales, capital grants and contributions
- Cemetery Cemetery lot sales and openings/closings revenue

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Governmental Funds:

The City's governmental funds include:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds
- Restricted Sales Tax Fund accounts for sales tax levied by the City for the utility system
- Restricted Sales Tax II Fund accounts for sales tax levied by the City for capital project improvements and debt service payments related to capital projects
- Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority accounts for resources related to capital projects

Aggregated Non-Major Funds (reported as Other Governmental Funds):

Special Revenue Funds:

- Street and Alley Fund accounts for revenues from gasoline and vehicle taxes restricted for street repairs and maintenance
- Cemetery Care Fund accounts for 12.5 percent of cemetery revenue restricted by State law for cemetery capital improvements, with interest used for maintenance or capital improvements
- Hotel/Motel Tax Fund accounts for hotel/motel tax collections to promote tourism for the City.
- Stormwater Management Fund accounts for fees charges to manage stormwater runoff and stormwater management including but not limited to development, administration, and implementation of a stormwater management program.
- Capital Improvement Fund accounts for capital outlays related to City capital improvement projects.

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting in which revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 60 days of period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

The General Fund, Restricted Sales Tax Fund, Restricted Sales Tax II Fund and the Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority Fund are considered major funds and are therefore displayed in separate columns. All other governmental funds are considered non-major funds and are aggregated under the column Other Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary funds include:

Enterprise Funds

- Sanitation Fund accounts for the activities in providing sanitation services to the public.
- Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority Fund accounts for the activities related to educational facilities and Tahlequah Public Schools.

The proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS), and Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's, FPRS's, and OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS'S, FPRS, and OPPRS. For this purpose,

benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

d. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's, fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS'S. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days of period end) to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferrals and Equity

Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments of the promissory note trustee accounts are considered cash equivalents.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines, and ambulance fees. Business-type activities report utilities as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

Inventories for the component units, the Tahlequah Hospital Authority and Tahlequah Public Works Authority, are valued at lower of cost or market using first-in, first-out. The cost of governmental funds inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed because they are immaterial.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, all capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 1992.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Buildings	10-50 years
- Improvements other than buildings	5-10 years
- Machinery, furniture and equipment	5-20 years
- Vehicles	5-20 years
- Infrastructure	5-50 years

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to capital improvement funds and debt related trustee accounts.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of revenue bonds payable, deposits subject to refund and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Net Position and Fund Balances

Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balances:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Sales Tax

The City presently levies a three and one-quarter cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. Two cents of the sales tax is recorded in the General Fund. One-half cent is recorded in the Restricted Sales Tax Fund per voter approval to be used for education. Three-quarters cent is recorded in the Restricted Sales Tax II Fund to be used to provide revenues to the City to make capital improvements to the streets and other facilities of the City; this is done through transferring resources to the Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

F. Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effect of interfund services between funds, if any, is not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For the purpose of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three-months or less.

At June 30, 2019, the reporting entity held the following deposits and investments:

Primary Government:

	Credit	Fair Value	Carrying		
Type Rating Valuation Level		Value			
Deposits:					
Demand deposits			\$	7,437,724	
Certificates of Deposit				2,808,455	
				10,246,179	
Investments:					
US Treasury Notes		Level I	\$	2,434,523	
Federated Treasury Obligations Series Class #398	AAAm	Level I		5,895,071	
				8,329,594	
Total deposits and investments			\$	18,575,773	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and cash equivalents			\$	4,768,367	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents				8,135,812	
Investments				2,810,032	
Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents				2,861,562	
			\$	18,575,773	

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. At June 30, 2019, the City had no custodial credit risk as described above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no investment policy that limits investments based on maturity. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments, where applicable.

At June 30, 2019, the City's investments were not exposed to interest rate risk.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trusts.

As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments consisted of \$2,434,523 in US Treasury notes and \$5,895,071 of Federated Treasury Obligations with a credit rating of AAAm as rated by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City has no investment policy regarding concentration of credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the City had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

Restricted Cash and Investments – The amounts reported as restricted assets of the governmental activities statement of net position are comprised of amounts held by the Tahlequah Public Finance Authority (TFPA) for sales tax transfers for debt service payments, amounts held by the trustee bank for debt retirement, and amounts held for capital improvement. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Type of Restricted Assets	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
Sales Tax - TPFA	\$	2,667,780	\$ -		
Trust Account - Bond A TPFA		505,172	-		
Trust Account - Bond B TPFA		3,179	-		
Trust Account - Improvement Fund TPFA		4,838,051	-		
Trust Account- Reserve TPFA		427,039	-		
Trust Account - TEFA		-	121,630		
Reserve Account TPFA		2,434,523	_		
		10,875,744	121,630		
Reconcilation of Statmenet of Net Position:					
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents - current		8,014,182	121,630		
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents - noncurrent		2,861,562	-		
	\$	10,875,744	\$ 121,630		

Discretely presented component units:

Туре	Credit Rating	Fair Value Valuation Level	Carrying Value
Deposits:			
Demand deposits	N/A	-	\$ 16,737,412
Money Market Accounts	N/A	Level 1	1,837,000
Time deposits, due within one year	N/A	-	5,142,445
			23,716,857
Investments:			
Domestic Fixed Income	Baa1-Aa2	Level II	\$ 3,307,190
International Fixed Income	Baa2-Aa3	Level II	334,232
Domestic equities	N/A	Level I	7,212,573
international equities	N/A	Level I	1,831,027
U.S. Treasury Notes	N/A	LevelI	60,269
Investment in joint venture	N/A	Equity Method	6,617,172
Assets under deferred compensation agreements	N/A	N/A	813,327
Investments in capitive insurance contracts	N/A	N/A	584,761
			20,760,551
Total deposits and investments			\$ 44,477,408
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:			
CU Cash and cash equivalents			12,778,647
CU Restricted cash and cash equivalents			10,838,748
Restricted Investments			60,269
CU investments			20,799,744
			\$ 44,477,408

Detailed disclosures can be found in the separately audit financial statements of each discretely presented component unit.

3. Accounts and Notes Receivable

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> - Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year end, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The governmental activities receivables include accounts receivable, hotel/motel tax receivable, other receivables and court fines receivables.

			Les	s: Allowance		Net
		Accounts	for Uncollectible		Accounts	
	F	Receivable		Accounts		Receivable
Governmental Activities:						
Accounts receivable	\$	273,311		-	\$	273,311
Hotel/motel tax receivable		15,375		-		15,375
Other receivables		31,418		-		31,418
Court fines		3,067,509		(2,951,891)		115,618
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,387,613	\$	(2,951,891)	\$	435,722
Business-Type Activities:						
Education	\$	10,495,320	\$	-	\$	10,495,320
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	10,495,320	\$	-	\$	10,495,320

4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets:

Capital assets consist of land, land improvement, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of donation.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, capital assets balances changed as follows:

	Restated				
	Balance at			Interfund	Balance at
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers In (Out)	June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:			_	_	
Land	\$ 3,283,390	\$ 309,070	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,592,460
Construction in progress	1,570,021	3,153,658	3,672,023	· .	1,051,656
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,853,411	3,462,728	3,672,023	. .	4,644,116
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	10,761,769	19,315	-	-	10,781,084
Infrastructure	29,878,255	3,742,265	-	-	33,620,520
Machinery, furniture and equipment	11,528,666	1,141,919		11,000	12,681,585
Total other capital assets at historical cost	52,168,690	4,903,499		11,000	57,083,189
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	3,824,689	289,401	-	-	4,114,090
Improvements	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure	14,564,549	1,550,095	-	-	16,114,644
Machinery, furniture and equipment	6,890,273	777,013	-	9,740	7,677,026
Total accumulated depreciation	25,279,511	2,616,509	-	9,740	27,905,760
Other capital assets, net	26,889,179	2,286,990	-	1,260	29,177,429
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 31,742,590	\$ 5,749,718	\$3,672,023	\$ 1,260	\$ 33,821,545
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 76,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,100
Total capital assets not being depreciated	76,100			-	76,100
Other capital assets:			-		
Buildings	2,230,948	4,500	_	-	2,235,448
Machinery, furniture and equipment	3,967,983	115,752	63,968	(11,000)	4,008,767
Infrastructure	873,808	323,044	_	-	1,196,852
Total other capital assets at historical cost	7,072,739	443,296	63,968	(11,000)	7,441,067
Less accumulated depreciation for:	.,,				., ,
Buildings	235,414	43,730	_	_	279,144
Machinery, furniture and equipment	1,674,986	252,542	63,968	(9,740)	1,853,820
Infrastructure	145,493	39,928	-		185,421
Total accumulated depreciation	2,055,893	336,200	63,968	(9,740)	2,318,385
Other capital assets, net	5,016,846	107,096		(1,260)	5,122,682
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,092,946	\$ 107,096	\$ -	\$ (1,260)	\$ 5,198,782
Dasmess-type activities capital assets, net	5,072,740	Ψ 107,070	<u> </u>	Ψ (1,200)	Ψ 5,170,762

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business-Type A	ctivities:
General government	\$ 911,065	Sanitation	\$ 336,201
Public safety	533,954		
Highways and streets	484,483		
Culture and recreation	378,675		
Cemetery	19,338		
Airport	 288,994		
	\$ 2,616,509		

Discretely Presented Component Units:

For the year ended June 30, 2019, capital assets balances for the combined discretely presented component units which includes the THA, TPWA and TIA changed as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Transfers and Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2019		
Discretely Presented Component Units:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 3,526,788	\$ 34,555	\$ -	\$ 3,561,343		
Construction in progress	12,902,922	4,790,491	(11,879,581)	5,813,832		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,429,710	4,825,046	(11,879,581)	9,375,175		
Other capital assets:						
Buildings	40,285,550	1,427,179	11,310,383	53,023,112		
Improvements	935,689	-	-	935,689		
Infrastructure	70,748,531	71,537	306,699	71,126,767		
Machinery, furniture and equipment	35,344,199	1,477,440	(9,897)	36,811,742		
Total other capital assets at historical cost	147,313,969	2,976,156	11,607,185	161,897,310		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(17,427,875)	(1,226,212)	1,600	(18,652,487)		
Improvements	(581,500)	(44,266)	-	(625,766)		
Infrastructure	(34,547,409)	(1,730,158)	84,158	(36,193,410)		
Machinery, furniture and equipment	(23,833,257)	(2,260,632)	9,560	(26,084,328)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(76,390,041)	(5,261,268)	95,318	(81,555,991)		
Other capital assets, net	70,923,928	8,237,424	11,511,867	80,341,319		
Discretely presented component units capital assets, net	\$ 87,353,638	\$13,062,470	\$ (367,714)	\$ 89,716,494		

5. Debt and Debt Service Requirements

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the reporting entity's long-term debt changed as follows:

Type of Debt Governmental Activities:		Restated Balance uly 1, 2018	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>D</u>	eductions	<u>Jı</u>	Balance ine 30, 2019	_	ue Within One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$	19.436.367	\$	_	\$	1,306,217	\$	18,130,150	\$	1,350,000
Capital leases payable	Ψ	154,005	Ψ	361,028	Ψ	146,419	Ψ	368,614	Ψ	158,286
Accrued compensated absences		133,551		338,316		-		471,867		47,187
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,723,923	\$	699,344	\$	1,452,636	\$	18,970,631	\$	1,555,473
Business-Type Activities:										
Revenue bonds payable	\$	12,395,000	\$	-	\$	2,015,000	\$	10,380,000	\$	2,015,000
Capital lease payable		271,623		-		105,730		165,893		55,459
Accrued compensated absences		25,957		1,986		-		27,943		2,794
Total Business-Type Activities		12,692,580		1,986		2,120,730		10,573,836		2,073,253
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	32,416,503	\$	701,330	\$	3,573,366	\$	29,544,467	\$	3,628,726

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental activities long-term debt:

Governmental activities long-term debt payables from net revenues include the following:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

Tahlequah	Public	Facilities	Authority
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2013 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series A, original issue amount of \$15,935,000 dated May 1, 2013, issued by the Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority secured by sales tax revenue, interest rate of 3.125% with a final maturity of April 1, 2025	\$ 9,490,000
2013 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series B, original issue amount of \$8,520,000 dated May 1, 2013, issued by the Tahlequah Public Facilities Authority secured by sales tax revenue, interest rate of 3.25% with a final maturity of April 1, 2028	8,520,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 18,010,000
Current portion	\$ 1,350,000
Noncurrent portion	16,780,150
	\$ 18,130,150
Less: Premium on bonds	(120,150)
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 18,010,000

Capital Leases Payable:

City of Tahlequah

\$160,709 lease with BancFirst for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Police Interceptor SUV, issued January 2018 with an interest rate of 2.125%, maturing December 2020.	\$ 81,711
\$172,955 lease with Welch State Bank for the purchase of a 2019 Freightliner fire truck, issued August 2018 with an interest rate of 3.46%, maturing August 2022.	138,864
\$188,072 lease with Armstrong Bank for the purchase of a street sweeper, issued October 2018 with an interest rate of 5%, maturing October 2021.	148,039
Total Capital Leases Payable	\$ 368,614
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total Capital Leases Payable	\$ 158,286 210,328 368,614

Accrued Compensated Absences:

Current portion	\$ 47,187
Noncurrent portion	 424,680
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 471,867

Business-type activities long-term debt payable from net revenues generated by and taxes pledged to the City's business-type activities include the following:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

Tahlequah Educational Facilities Authority

2009A Series Build America Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, dated September 30, 2009, original amount of \$19,280,000 secured by lease revenue, interest rate of 6.05%, final maturity of September 1,2022

•	\$ 10,380,000
Current portion	\$ 2,015,000
Noncurrent portion	8,365,000
Total Revenu Bonds Payable (TEFA)	\$ 10,380,000

Capital Lease Payable:

Sanitation

\$224,368 lease with Armstrong Bank for the purchase of a 2018 Case Waste Handler, issued May 2018 with an interest rate of 2.157%, maturing May 2022.

· ·	\$ 165,893
oital Leases Payable	\$ 165,893
Current portion	\$ 55,459
Noncurrent portion	110,434

Total Capital Leases Payab Current porti

Total Capital Leases Payable

165,893

Accrued Compensated Absences:

Current portion	\$ 2,794
Noncurrent portion	 25,149
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 27,943

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending June 30,	Revenue Paya		Capital Paya				
	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest			
2020	1,350,000	845,394	158,286	9,796			
2021	1,455,000	521,494	135,455	4,923			
2022	1,535,000	481,753	67,179	1,288			
2023	1,615,000	443,381	7,694	33			
2024	1,720,000	385,219	-	-			
2025-2028	10,335,000	1,585,116	-	-			
Totals	\$ 18,010,000	\$ 4,262,357	\$ 368,614	\$ 16,040			

	 Business-Ty	pe A	citivities	B	usiness-Ty	pe Aci	tivities
Year Ending June 30,							
	Revenue Bo	nds I	Payable		Capital Lea	se Pay	able
	 Principal Interest			<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>In</u>	terest
2020	\$ 2,015,000	\$	301,300	\$	55,459	\$	3,774
2021	2,165,000		431,621		56,931		2,202
2022	2,320,000		302,600		53,503		701
2023	3,880,000		117,370		=		-
2024	-		-		=		-
Totals	\$ 10,380,000	\$	1,152,891	\$	165,893	\$	6,677

Discretely Presented Component Units:

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the combined discretely presented component units which includes the THA, TPWA and TIA for long-term debt changed as follows:

Type of Debt	<u>J</u>	Balance July 1, 2018 Additions Deductions			Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year			
Component Unit:									
Notes Payable (direct borrowings)	\$	42,558,815	\$	2,815,588	\$	2,206,373	\$ 43,168,030	\$	2,439,640
Capital lease payable		515,927		-		205,563	310,364		161,652
Revenue bonds payable		2,905,000		-		970,000	1,935,000		1,935,000
Accrued compensated absences		383,528		112,824		-	496,352		496,352
Total Governmental Activities	\$	46,363,270	\$	2,928,412	\$	3,381,936	\$ 45,909,746	\$	5,032,644
	Less: unamortized discount							(4,806)	
							\$ 45,909,746	\$	5,027,838

Notes Payable (Direct Borrowings):

Tahlequah Public Works Authority

original issue amount $$16,320,000$, secured by utility revenues, interest rate of 2.99% and administrative fee of 0.5% , final maturity of March $15,2041$	\$ 13,042,153
2011 Series Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original issue amount \$1,680,000, secured by utility revenues, interest rate of 1.78% and	
administrative fee of 0.5%, final maturity of March 15, 2023	609,732

2010 Series Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board,

2019 Series Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original issue amount \$1,116,855, secured by utility revenues, interest rate of 2.99% and administrative fee of 0.5%, final maturity of March 15, 2041

1,116,855

Total Notes Payable (TPWA)	\$ 14,768,740
Current portion	\$ 712,000
Noncurrent portion	14,056,740
Total Note Payable (TPWA)	\$ 14,768,740

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The direct borrowings for TPWA are collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Borrower under the provisions of the loan agreements.

Tahlequah Industrial Authority (direct borrowing)

Tahlequah Industrial Authority (direct borrowing)	
\$400,000 note payable in monthly installments of \$1,666, with a 0% interest rate, final payment due August 2022. this note is with the Oklahoma Department of Commerce. It is collateralized by a pledge of sales tax from the City of Tahlequah,	\$ 63,332
Total Notes Payable (TIA)	\$ 63,332
Current portion	\$ 20,000
Noncurrent portion	 43,332
Total Note Payable (TIA)	\$ 63,332
Tahlequah Hospital Authority (direct borrowing)	
4.39% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$114,385 including interest, with an estimated balloon payment of \$6,257,000 due December 2027, secured by property and equipment	\$ 13,969,041
4.75% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$3,925 including interest, through January 2027, secured by property	445,354
4.1% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$4,268 including interest, through April 2024, secured by land	224,025
4.1% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$6,431 including interest, through April 2024, secured by land	337,745
4.0% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$4,878 including interest, through December 2028, secured by land	463,400
2.99% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$9,606 including interest, through February 2022, secured by associated equipment	295,080
4.5% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$29,359 including interest, through December 2031, secured by property	3,350,678
5.0% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$5,876 including interest, through August 2033, secured by building	713,563
3.92% note payable up to \$7,400,000, due in monthly installments of \$44,531 including interest, through September 2021, secured by building	7,167,741
2.75% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$10,258 including interest, through July 2023, secured by equipment	474,896
3.2% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$5,426 including interest, through July 2021, secured by property and equipment	130,689
3.85% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$7,875 including interest, through March 2029, secured by property and equipment	763,746
Total Notes Payable (THA)	\$ 28,335,958
	 ,,
Current portion	\$ 1,707,640
Noncurrent portion Total Note Payable (THA)	\$ 26,628,318 28,335,958
-, ()	 ,,

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital Leases Payable:

Tahlequah Public Works Authority \$79,010 capital lease obligation for the purchase of a loader/backhoe, matures December 2019 with stated interest of 1.575%	\$ 8,188
\$44,670 capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures December 2019 with stated interest of 1.575%	4,629
\$42,874 capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures December 2019 with stated interest of 1.575	4,443
\$37,742 capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures February 2020 with stated interest of $2.1%$	5,262
$\$38{,}773$ capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures February 2020 with stated interest of 2.1%	5,408
$\$67{,}726$ capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures February 2020 with stated interest of 2.1%	9,447
$\$83,\!828$ capital lease obligation for the purchase of a truck, matures July 2020 with stated interest of 1.8%	13,752
\$311,841 capital lease obligation for the purchase of a vacuum truck, matures May 2022 with stated interest of $2.39%$	185,922
Total Capital Leases Payable (TPWA)	\$ 237,051
Current portion	\$ 117,027
Noncurrent portion	 120,024
Total Capital Leases Payable (TPWA)	\$ 237,051
Tahlequah Hospital Authority Capital lease obligation with imputed interest of 0%, with a maturity date of April 2021, collateralized by equipment	\$ 73,313
Current portion	\$ 44,625
Noncurrent portion	 28,688
Total Capital Leases Payable (THA)	\$ 73,313
Revenue Bonds Payable:	
Tahlequah Public Works Authority	
2009A Series Build America Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, dated September 1, 2009, original amount of \$9,135,000 secured by pledged sales tax, interest rates from 2.474% to 5.551%, final maturity of December 1,2019 Less unamortized discount Total revenue bonds payable, net	\$ 1,935,000 (4,806) 1,930,194
Current portion	\$ 1,935,000
Less unamortized discount	(4,806)
Total Revenu Bonds Payable (TPWA)	\$ 1,930,194

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Discr	etely Presente	omponent Ui		Discretely Presented Component Units					
Year Ending June 30,	Notes Payable (direct borrowings)		Transfer yune 50;					Year Ending June 30,		able
		Principal		Interest				Principal	Ir	nterest
2020	\$	2,439,640	\$	1,626,471		2020	\$	161,652	\$	4,211
2021		2,601,878		1,532,511		2021		94,094		2,267
2022		9,311,422		1,234,003		2022		54,618		719
2023		2,174,657		1,073,594		2023		-		-
2024		2,007,179		977,010		2024		-		-
2025-2029		14,832,032		3,244,734		2025-2029		-		-
2030-2034		3,802,235		1,096,586		2030-2034		-		-
2035-2039		2,720,000		543,420		2035-2039		-		-
2040-2043		3,278,987		98,225		2040-2043		-		-
Totals	\$	43,168,030	\$	11,426,554		Totals	\$	310,364	\$	7,197

Discretely Presented Component Units

Year Ending June 30,	Bonds Payable				
2020	\$	Principal 1,935,000	<u>I</u>	44,755	
	\$	1,935,000	\$	44,755	

Pledge of Future Revenues

Sales Tax Pledge - The City has pledged three fourths of a cent of future sales tax revenues to assist in the repayment of \$24,455,000 of 2013 A & B Series Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, dated May 1, 2013. Proceeds from the note provided financing for capital assets. The bonds are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and are payable through April 1, 2028. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$21,426,963. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$2,420,471. Debt service payments of \$1,900,924 for the current fiscal year were 78.5% of the pledged sales taxes.

The City has pledged one half cent of future sales tax revenues to assist in the repayment of \$9,135,000 of 2009A Series Build America Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, dated September 1, 2009. Proceeds from the note provided financing for capital assets. The bonds are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and are payable through December 1, 2019. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$1,979,755. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$1,613,647. Debt service payments of \$2,176,255 for the current fiscal year were 134.8% of the pledged sales taxes.

6. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statements of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Transfers:

Internal transfers between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To			Amount	Purpose of Transfer	
Restricted Sales Tax II Fund Sanitation Fund	TPFA General F	und	\$	2,529,548 138,320	Restricted Self-Insure	
Stormwater Management Fund Total	General F	und	\$	6,720 2,674,588	Self-Insure	d Health
Reconciliation to Fund Financial St	atements:					
	T1	ansfers In	Tr	ansfers Out	Net	Transfers
Governmental Funds	\$	2,674,588	\$	(2,536,268)	\$	138,320
Proprietary Funds		-		(143,900)		(143,900)
	\$	2,674,588	\$	(2,680,168)		(5,580)
Reconciliation to Statement of Activ	ities:					
Net Transfers					\$	138,320
Transfer of business-type activity as	set to governn	nental activity				5,580
Transfers - internal activity					\$	143,900

Balances:

Interfund receivable and payables at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Due From		Due To		Amount	Nature	of Balance
General Fund	Street and Alley	Fund	\$	2,523	Operating	;
Restricted Sales Tax Fund I	Street and Alley	Fund		29	Operating	;
Restricted Sales Tax Fund II	Street and Alley	Fund		43	Operating	;
Restricted Sales Tax II	Tahlequah Publ	ic Facilities Authority		310,967	Restriced	Sales Tax
Total			\$	313,562		
Reconciliation to Fund Financial St	atements:					
	D	ue From		Due To	Net Interi	nal Balances
Governmental Funds	\$	313,562	\$	(313,562)	\$	-
Proprietary Funds						-
Total	\$	313,562	\$	(313,562)	\$	_

7. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability and Physical Property Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool
- Worker's Compensation Worker's compensation is covered through participation in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool
- Employee's Group Medical Self -insured

The City has established a risk management program for health insurance for City employees, the City has obtained stop-loss coverage for the program for amount up to \$30,000.

The City has recorded a liability of health claims and an estimate of IBNR and accounts for the risk financing activity in the General Fund. The claims liability of \$181,533 reported in the Fund at June 30, 2019 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The following is a summary of changes in claims liability for fiscal years 2018 and 2019:

Claims Liability, June 30,2017	\$ 143,271
Claim & Changes in estimates Claims Payments	 733,265 739,691
Claims Liability, June 30,2018	136,845
Claim & Changes in estimates Claims Payments	1,527,776 1,483,088
Claims Liability, June 30, 2019	\$ 181,533

This health insurance risk plan has subsequently been terminated after June 30, 2019 and the health insurance program will be provided through third-party insurance with transfer of risk.

Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation:

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Award Programs:

The City of Tahlequah participates in various federal and state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

9. Prior Period Adjustment

Certain restatements of the beginning net position and/or fund balances of both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financials statements were necessary in order to correct errors presented in the previously reported financial statements. In addition, several funds and activities were reclassified to more appropriately present financial activity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

	Major (Governmental I	vernmental Funds Other Governemental funds			s	General Fur	nd - Account	Total	Total	
	Tahlequah	Restricted	Restricted								Business
	Public Finance	Sales Tax	Sales Tax		Hotel Motel	Street &	Capital	Cops in	Ge ne ral	Governmental	Type
	Authority	Fund I	Fund II	StormWater	Tax Fund	Alley Fund	Project Fund	School	Fund	Activities	Activities
Beginning Balance per previous audit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 493,923	\$ 122,330	\$ 475,121	\$ 1,838,352	\$ 584	\$3,417,570	\$ 35,355,853	\$ (6,295,813)
Prior period adjustments:											
Understated accounts payable	-	-	-	(242)	-	-	(190)	(1,773)	-	(2,205)	-
Understated accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	15,303	-	-	30,731	-	46,034	-
Understated tax receivables (Due from Other Govts)	-	-	-	-	-	19,813	-	-	-	19,813	-
Included ommitted Special Revenue Funds	-	68,010	102,015	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,025	-
Reclassified funds to General fund account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Understated payroll payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,290)	(52,290)	-
Understated tax receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,802	47,802	-
Overstated Self-Insurance activity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,323	179,323	-
Understated Court Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,381	38,381	-
Overstated accounts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	386,776	386,776	-
Overstatement Due to Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337,128	337,128	-
Understated Cash - Sweep Account activity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,997	1,997	-
Overstated Investments - Activity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(251,276)	(251,276)	-
Understated Investments - Activity	-	-	-	-	-	-	245,000	-	-	245,000	-
Recalssify TPFA to Governmental	13,342,832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,342,832	6,295,813
Reclass Debt to Governmental Activities - TPFA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,436,363)	-
Overstatement of Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(651,655)	-
Overstatement of Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	768,378	-
Overstatement of Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,852	-
Overstatement of Net OPEB Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,768	-
Overstatement of Court Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,225	-
Overstatement of grant Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,206	-
Overstatement of OPEB Deferred Outflow of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,242)	-
Overstatement of OPEB Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,710	-
Total prior period adjustments:	13,342,832	68,010	102,015	(242)	15,303	19,813	244,810	28,958	687,841	(4,559,781)	6,295,813
Restated Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 13,342,832	\$ 68,010	\$ 102,015	\$ 493,681	\$ 137,633	\$ 494,934	\$ 2,083,162	\$ 29,542	\$4,105,411	\$ 30,796,072	\$ -

Accounts reclassfied to General fund Total General fund account

\$ 216,754 \$4,322,165

10. Pension Plan Participation

The City of Tahlequah participates in three pension or retirement plans:

- Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide costsharing plan
- Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a state-wide cost-sharing plan

A summary of all the amounts recorded in the City's financial statements for the plans is as follows:

		Governmental Business-type		-		
		Activities	1	Activities	P	lan Totals
Net Pension Asset:						
Police	\$	248,236	\$	-	\$	248,236
Total	\$	248,236	\$	-	\$	248,236
Net Pension Liability:						
Firefighters	\$	3,008,855	\$	-	\$	3,008,855
OPERS		293,349		71,212		364,561
Total	\$	3,302,204	\$	71,212	\$	3,373,416
Deferred Outflows of Resource	s:					
OPERS	\$	580,938	\$	142,825	\$	723,763
Police		495,242		-		495,242
Firefighters		997,254		-		997,254
Total	\$	2,073,434	\$	142,825	\$	2,216,259
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
OPERS	\$	213,196	\$	53,981	\$	267,177
Police		254,638		-		254,638
Firefighters		252,975		-		252,975
Total	\$	720,809	\$	53,981	\$	774,790
Pension Expense:						
OPERS	\$	245,635	\$	59,357	\$	304,992
Police		175,899		-		175,899
Firefighters		82,931		-		82,931
Total	\$	504,465	\$	59,357	\$	563,822

Firefighters' Plan:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Tahlequah, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs

Benefits provided - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

Normal Retirement:

• Hired Prior to November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$117,211. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$271,844 (modified-accrual); these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation. For full-accrual reporting the amount of on-behalf payments made were \$268,191.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$3,008,855 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.27183%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$82,931. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

D'00	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 628,465	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments	-		250,011	
Changes in proportion	251,578		-	
City contributions during measurement date	-		2,964	
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 117,211		-	
Total	\$ 997,254	\$	252,975	

\$117,211 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year-ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:						
2020	\$	214,993				
2021		182,165				
2022		66,007				
2023		109,214				
2024		54,689				
Total	\$	627,068				

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 9.0% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	4.90%
Domestic equity	47%	7.09%
International equity	15%	9.19%
Real estate	10%	7.99%
Otherassets	8%	5.51%

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Discount	
	6.5%	Rate 7.5%	8.5%
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 3,940,997	\$ 3,008,855	\$ 2,225,990

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Police Plan:

<u>Plan description</u>-The City of Tahlequah, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

<u>Benefits provided</u>-OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> -The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$240,709. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$224,121 during the calendar year and this is reported as both expense and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$203,383. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019, the City reported an asset of \$248,236 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.52112%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$175,899. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,466	\$	232,597	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	108,414		-	
actual earnings on pension plan investments	129,266		-	
Changes in proportion	15,387		1,122	
City contributions during measurement date	-		20,919	
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 240,709			
Total	\$ 495,242	\$	254,638	

\$240,709 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	132,296
2021		52,219
2022	(140,309)
2023		(48,342)
2024		4,031
	\$	(105)

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 10% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to

repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer,

based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational

improvement using scale AA.

Disabled pensioners RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined

table with age set forward 4 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	
Fixed income	4.53%	
Domestic equity	5.86%	
International equity	8.83%	
Real estate	6.58%	
Private Equity	9.21%	
Commodities	5.06%	

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Discount		1% Increase
	6.5%	Rate 7.5%		8.5%
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,151,490	\$	(248,236)	\$(1,431,545)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u>-Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Tahlequah, as the employer, participates in Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan —a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Title 74 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPERS. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.opers.ok.gov.

Benefits provided - OPERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Members qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or, for any person who became a member prior to July 1, 1992, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 80 (Rule of 80), and for any person who became a member after June 30, 1992, when the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 90 (Rule of 90).

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Normal retirement date is further qualified to require that all members employed on or after January 1, 1983 must have six or more years of full-time equivalent employment with a participating employer before being eligible to receive benefits. Credited service is the sum of participating and prior service. Prior service includes nonparticipating service before January 1, 1975, or the entry date of the employer and active wartime military service.

A member with a minimum of ten years of participating service may elect early retirement with reduced benefits beginning at age 55 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 60 if the participant became a member on or after November 1, 2011.

Benefits are calculated for each member category as follows:

• Employees

- O Benefits are determined at 2% of the average annual salary received during the highest thirty-six months of the last ten years of participating service, but not to exceed the applicable annual salary cap, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who join OPERS on or after July 1, 2013, will have their salary averaged over the highest 60 months of the last ten years. Normal retirement age under the Plan is 62 or Rule of 80/90 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 65 or Rule of 90 if the participant became a member on or after November 1, 2011.
- O Members who elect to pay the additional contribution rate, which became available in January 2004, will receive benefits using a 2.5% computation factor for each full year the additional contributions are made. In 2004, legislation was enacted to provide an increased benefit to retiring members who were not yet eligible for Medicare. The Medicare Gap benefit option became available to members under age 65 who retired on or after May 1, 2006. Members may elect to receive a temporary increased benefit to cover the cost of health insurance premiums until the member is eligible to receive Medicare. After the member becomes eligible for Medicare, the retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an actuarially determined amount. The option is irrevocable, must be chosen prior to retirement, and is structured to have a neutral actuarial cost to the Plan.
- Members become eligible to vest fully upon termination of employment after attaining eight years of credited service, or the members' contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment.

Disability retirement benefits are available for members having eight years of credited service whose disability status has been certified as being within one year of the last day on the job by the Social Security Administration. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but payable immediately without an actuarial reduction.

Upon the death of an active member, the accumulated contributions of the member are paid to the member's named beneficiary(ies) in a single lump sum payment. If a retired member elected a joint annuitant survivor option or an active member was eligible to retire with either reduced or unreduced benefits or eligible to vest the retirement benefit at the time of death, benefits can be paid in monthly payments over the life of the spouse if the spouse so elects.

Upon the death of a retired member, the Plan will pay a \$5,000 death benefit to the member's beneficiary or estate of the member if there is no living beneficiary. The death benefit will be paid in addition to any excess employee contributions or survivor benefits due to the beneficiary.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contribution rates for each member category of the Plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. Employees are required to contribute 7.5% percent of their annual pay. Participating entities are required to contribute 12.5% of the employees' annual pay. A portion of the contributions received by OPERS are allocated to the Supplemental Health Insurance program; see Note 10. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$491,250.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$364,561 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.186913%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$304,992. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	205,316
Changes of assumptions		156,781		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		59,635
Changes in proportion		55,824		2,226
City contributions during measurement date		19,908		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		491,250		-
Total	\$	723,763	\$	267,177

\$491,250 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year ended June 30:

	\$ (34,664)
2023	(45,199)
2022	(206,576)
2021	(2,831)
2020	\$ 219,942

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 7.00% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates Active participants and nondisabled pensioners RP-2000 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale AA (disabled pensioners set forward 15 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate 2.75%
- Payroll growth 3.5% per year
- Actuarial cost method Entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which cover the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The Target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-US Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.5%
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u>- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and the employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate-The</u> following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	Rate 6.00%	Rate 7.00%	Rate 8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,339,106	\$ 364,561	\$ (1,308,757)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPERS; which can be located at www.opers.ok.gov.

10. Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Tahlequah, as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPERS

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPERS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to maintain health insurance with the Oklahoma Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID) or other qualified insurance plan provided by the employer. This subsidy continues until the retiree terminates health insurance coverage with EGID or other qualified plan, or until death. The subsidy is only for the retiree, not joint annuitants or beneficiaries. The supplement payment is capped at \$105 per month per retiree, remitted to the (insurance provider or entity).

<u>Contributions</u> - The contribution rates for each member category of the System are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. An actuarially determined portion of the total contributions to the System are set aside to finance the cost of the benefits of the HISP in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Based on the contribution requirements of the plan employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in Note (pension note number); from this amount OPERS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from the City were \$36,205.

OPEB Liabilities (Asset), **OPEB Expense**, and **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows** of Resources Related to **OPEB** - At June 30, 2019, the City reported an asset of \$24,188 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .186913%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$5,391. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	38,030
Changes of assumptions		14,174		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		22,430
Changes in proportion		5,861		234
City contributions during to the measurement date		178		203
City contirbutions subsequent to the measurement date		36,205		-
Total	\$	56,418	\$	60,897

The \$36,205 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:					
2020	\$	(10,868)			
20201		(10,868)			
2022		(10,868)			
2023		(5,092)			
2024		(2,729)			
Thereafter		(259)			
	\$	(40,684)			

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as if June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 7.00% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates active participants and nondisabled pensioners RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disabled pensioners set forward 12 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate 2.75%

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

- Payroll growth 3.5%
- Actuarial cost method Entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The Target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

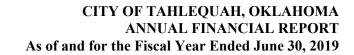
	Target	Long-Term Expected
	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.80%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.90%
Non-US Equity	24.0%	9.20%
US Fixed	32.0%	1.50%
TOTAL	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate-</u> A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	6.00%	Rate 7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 35,511	\$ (24,188)	\$ (78,117)

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPERS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPERS.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis)</u>— General Fund — Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget				
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)				
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ 3,790,448	\$ 3,790,448	\$ 4,105,411	\$ 314,963				
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes	6,640,000	6,640,000	6,874,395	234,395				
Intergovernmental	1,814,565	1,814,565	975,899	(838,666)				
Charges for services	499,500	499,500	359,265	(140,235)				
Fines and forfeitures	724,620	724,620	460,378	(264,242)				
Licenses and permits	109,750	27,000	109,979	82,979				
Miscellaneous	237,750	234,250	217,585	(16,665)				
Interest	65,000	65,000	55,901	(9,099)				
Transfers in	416,845	-	-	-				
Total Resources (Inflows)	10,508,030	10,004,935	9,053,402	(951,533)				
Amounts available for appropriation	14,298,478	13,795,383	13,158,813	(636,570)				
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Managerial	3,122,769	2,371,934	2,243,869	128,065				
City treasurer	14,525	14,525	12,973	1,552				
City clerk	74,388	77,388	73,704	3,684				
Municipal court	171,854	171,854	151,716	20,138				
Police	3,219,603	3,284,503	3,258,666	25,837				
Fire	1,501,056	1,497,556	1,454,188	43,368				
Emergency management	106,555	108,415	96,917	11,498				
Highways and streets	1,266,698	1,266,698	1,103,450	163,248				
Maintenance	244,740	244,740	234,400	10,340				
Culture, tourism and recreation	1,189,059	1,199,009	664,992	534,017				
Cemetery	286,472	286,471	269,896	16,575				
Parks	838,585	838,585	620,113	218,472				
Airport	190,790	190,790	187,126	3,664				
Library	31,573	31,573	25,459	6,114				
Transfers out		414,850	260,067	154,783				
Total Charges to Appropriations	12,258,667	11,998,891	10,657,536	1,341,355				
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 2,039,811	\$ 1,796,492	\$ 2,501,277	\$ 704,785				

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – Restricted Sales Tax Fund I & II – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	RESTRICTED SALES TAX FUND I							
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget			
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Positiv	ve (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,010	\$	68,010
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes	1	,557,500		1,557,500		1,609,197		51,697
Total Revenue	1	,557,500		1,557,500		1,609,197		51,697
Amounts available for appropriation	\$ 1	,557,500	\$	1,557,500	\$	1,677,207	\$	119,707
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Administrative:								
Other services and charges	\$ 1	,557,500	\$	1,557,500	\$	1,609,226	\$	(51,726)
Total Charges to Appropriations	1	,557,500	_	1,557,500		1,609,226		(51,726)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	67,981	\$	67,981

	RESTRICTED SALES TAX FUND II							
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Fin	iance with al Budget		
	Uni	ginal		Final	F	Amounts	Positiv	ve (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,015	\$	102,015
Resources (Inflows): Taxes	2,3	27,000		2,327,000		2,413,796		86,796
Total Revenue	2,3	27,000		2,327,000	_	2,413,796		86,796
Amounts available for appropriation	\$ 2,3	27,000	\$	2,327,000	\$	2,515,811	\$	188,811
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Transfer out	\$ 2,3	527,000	\$	2,327,000	\$	2,413,839	\$	(86,839)
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,3	27,000		2,327,000		2,413,839		(86,839)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$		\$	_	\$	101,972	\$	101,972

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

- 1. The budgetary comparison schedule is reported on a cash basis that reports expected cash expenditures by program within a fund and estimated cash receipts by source for all funds.
- 2. The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within line items and object categories within a department may be made by the City Administrator, however, transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.
- 3. The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual (GAAP) basis as shown in the schedule below:

Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in expenditure accruals Net Change in expenditure accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,796) Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual (115,709) Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual	General Fund:		
Net Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund sub-accounts changes in balance Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change in Evenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Ret Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals (43) Change in expenditure accruals (56,675) Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Total budgetary revenues and transfers	\$	9,053,402
Change in revenue accruals Proceeds from long-term debt Change in expenditure accruals General Fund sub-accounts changes in balance Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Interpretation of the structure of t	Less: budgetary expenses and transfers		(10,657,536)
Proceeds from long-term debt Change in expenditure accruals General Fund sub-accounts changes in balance Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary expenses and transfers (1,609,226) Change in revenue accruals (29) Change in expenditure accruals (72,460) Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals (6,675) Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance		(1,604,134)
Change in expenditure accruals General Fund sub-accounts changes in balance Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (1,609,226) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals (72,460) Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary revenues and transfers (2,413,796) Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals (56,675) Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Change in revenue accruals		617,177
Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Net Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary expenses and transfers Change in revenue accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Sequence 47,480 (1,744,662) \$ 1,609,197 (29) Change in revenue accruals (72,460) Change in expenditure accruals (72,460) \$ (68,039) Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers \$ 2,413,796 Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Proceeds from long-term debt		172,956
Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (1,609,226) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (29) Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals (72,460) Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary revenues and transfers (2,413,796) Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals (43) Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Change in expenditure accruals		(978,141)
Restricted Sales Tax Fund I: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (1,609,226) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (29) Change in revenue accruals (72,460) Change in expenditure accruals (72,460) Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals (66,675) Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	General Fund sub-accounts changes in balance		47,480
Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual Restricted Sales Tax Fund II: Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual	\$	(1,744,662)
Total budgetary revenues and transfers \$ 2,413,796 Less: budgetary expenses and transfers (2,413,839) Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance (43) Change in revenue accruals 6,675 Change in expenditure accruals (115,709)	Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals		(1,609,226) (29) 4,450 (72,460)
Change in rund Balance- Modified Accrual \$\(\frac{109,077}{2}\)	Total budgetary revenues and transfers Less: budgetary expenses and transfers Net Change to Budgetary Fund Balance Change in revenue accruals Change in expenditure accruals	_	(2,413,839) (43) 6,675 (115,709)
	Change in Fund Balance- Modified Accrual	\$	(109,077)

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF TAHLEQUAH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.223900%	0.246298%	0.254001%	0.260579%	0.271829%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,302,349	\$ 2,614,231	\$ 3,103,156	\$3,277,365	\$3,008,855
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 608,050	\$ 640,287	\$ 666,324	\$ 695,000	\$ 742,841
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	379%	408%	466%	472%	405%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only five years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 95,544	\$ 94,212	\$ 99,469	\$103,693	\$117,211
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	95,544	94,212	99,469	103,693	117,211
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 640,287	\$ 666,324	\$ 695,000	\$742,841	\$837,221
Contributions as a percentage of coverd-employee payroll	14.92%	14.14%	14.31%	13.96%	14.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Only five years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF TAHLEQUAH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4099%	0.4372%	0.4457%	0.4819%	0.5211%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (138,025)	\$ 17,826	\$ 682,581	\$ 17,826	\$ (248,236)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$1,186,670	\$1,083,246	\$1,235,769	\$1,314,515	\$1,413,115
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.63%	1.65%	55.24%	1.36%	17.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only five years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 140,822	\$ 160,650	\$ 170,887	\$ 183,705	\$ 240,709
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	140,822	160,650	170,887	183,705	240,709
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,083,246	\$ 1,235,769	\$ 1,314,515	\$1,413,115	\$1,851,608
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Only five years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015	2016	** 2017	2018	2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1517%	0.1598%	0.1552%	0.1634%	0.1869%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 274,448	\$ 574,704	\$ 1,539,943	\$ 883,458	\$ 364,561
City's covered-employee payroll	\$2,569,909	\$2,740,012	\$ 2,824,552	\$2,788,176	\$3,124,503
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	11%	21%	55%	32%	12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.90%	96.00%	89.48%	94.28%	97.96%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only five fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

The Plan's net pension liability increased between 2015 and 2016 due to changes in assumptions adopted by the System's Board .

The most notable change was the lowering of the System's discount rate from 7.25% to 7.5%.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 452,102	\$ 466,051	\$ 460,049	\$ 515,543	\$ 491,250
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	452,102	466,051	460,049	515,543	491,250
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,740,012	\$ 2,824,552	\$ 2,788,176	\$ 3,124,503	\$ 2,977,273
Contributions as a percentage of coverd- employee payroll	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%

Notes to Schedule:

Only five fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

^{**} The net pension liability for fiscal year 2017 was restated due to the restatement of other post employement benefits at OPERS.

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2018	2019
Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1634%	0.1869%
Center's covered payroll	\$2,788,176	\$3,124,503
Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	0.67%	0.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	96.50%	103.94%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current and prior fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	 2018	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 35,633	\$	36,205	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	35,633		36,205	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,124,503	\$2	,977,273	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.14%		1.22%	

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current and two prior fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund Accounts - June 30, 2019

	Ge	neral Fund (110)		olice ine (215)		e Dare 217)	Res	ookside storation (203)	Res	chool source er (204)	Wo	Vinter nderland (220)	Ve	et Proof st Grant (337)	S	Cops in Schools etention (347)	Reha	cate & lb Taxi lt (355)		fe Routes School (387)
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	184,611	\$	2,051	\$	71	\$	17,735	\$	321	\$	(7,196)	\$	(182)	\$	80,141	\$	509	\$	207,637
Investments	Ψ	1,656,642	Ψ	2,001	Ψ	- ' '	Ψ	17,733	Ψ	321	Ψ	(7,190)	Ψ	(102)	Ψ	00, 141	Ψ	505	Ψ	207,037
Due from other governments		15,000		_		_		_		_		_		855		_		_		_
Due from other funds		262,136		_		_		_		_		_		855		_		_		_
Taxes receivable, net		951,921		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		_
Court fines receivable, net		115,618		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other receivables		69,590		-		-		-		-		-		-		25,843		-		-
Total assets	\$	3,255,518	\$	2,051	\$	71	\$	17,735	\$	321	\$	(7,196)	\$	1,528	\$	105,984	\$	509	\$	207,637
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																				
Accounts payable	\$	828,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,352	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		13,977		-		-		-		-		-		3,763		-		-		217,025
Deferred revenue		87,576		-		-		-		-		-		855		-		-		-
Other payables		12,637				-				-								-		
Total liabilities		942,249												4,618		6,352				217,025
Fund balances:																				
Restricted for:																				
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned to:																				
Public safety		-		2,051		71		-		321		-		-		99,632		-		-
CDBG		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Brookside restoration		-		-		-		17,735		-		-		-		-		-		-
Airport		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		509		-
Unassigned (deficit)		2,313,269						-				(7,196)		(3,090)						(9,388)
Total fund balances	_	2,313,269		2,051		71		17,735		321		(7,196)		(3,090)		99,632		509		(9,388)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,255,518	\$	2,051	\$	71	\$	17,735	\$	321	\$	(7,196)	\$	1,528	\$	105,984	\$	509	\$	207,637

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts – June 30, 2019, (Continued)

	Bes	lequah st Grant (388)	ED	FBI - OVCTF (392)		API-FAA ant (393)		DBG 16 (395)		Safe dahoma ant (396)	TID	E 8 (397)	of .	artment Justice -OT (398)		e Trails int (399)		al General Fund Accounts
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(2,480)	\$	17,548	\$	10,478	\$	150,000	\$	11,067	\$	(568)	\$	2,000	\$	6,293	\$	680,036
Investments	Ψ	(2, 100)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	- 11,007	Ψ	(000)	Ψ	_,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,656,642
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_		_		4,114		_		_		19,969
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		11,169		_		_		274,160
Taxes receivable, net		_		_		_		_		_				_		_		951,921
Court fines receivable, net		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		115,618
Other receivables		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		95,433
Total assets	\$	(2,480)	\$	17,548	\$	10,478	\$	150,000	\$	11,067	\$	14,715	\$	2,000	\$	6,293	\$	3,793,779
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	834,411
Due to other funds	*	2,500	*	17,548	•	_	•	_	•	_	Ψ.	14,200	•	1,000	Ψ	6,670	•	276,683
Deferred revenue		_,		-		_		_		_		4,114		-		-		92,545
Other payables		_		_		_		_		_		-		_		_		12,637
Total liabilities		2,500		17,548		-		-		-		18,314		1,000		6,670		1,216,276
Fund balances:																		
Restricted for:										000								000
Public safety		-		-		-		-		902		-		-		-		902
Assigned to:										40.405				4 000				440.040
Public safety CDBG		-		-		-		150,000		10,165		-		1,000		-		113,240
		-		-		-		150,000		-		-		-		-		150,000
Brookside restoration		-		-		40.470		-		-		-		-		-		17,735
Airport		(4.000)		-		10,478		-		-		(2 500)		-		(277)		10,987
Unassigned (deficit) Total fund balances		(4,980)				10 170		150,000		11.067		(3,599)		1.000		(377)		2,284,639
Total liabilities and fund balances	•	(4,980)	Φ.	17 5 10	•	10,478	•	150,000	•	11,067	Φ.	(3,599)	Ф.	1,000	•	(377)	_	2,577,503
iotal liabilities and fund balances	\$	(2,480)	\$	17,548	\$	10,478	\$	150,000	\$	11,067	\$	14,715	\$	2,000	\$	6,293	\$	3,793,779

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	General Fund (110)	Police Canine (215)	Police Dare (217)	Brookside Restoration (203)	School Resource Officer (204)	Winter Wonderland (220)	Bullet Proof Vest Grant (337)	Cops in Schools Retention (347)	Relocate & Rehab Taxi Grant (355)	Safe Routes To School (387)
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 6,901,981	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees and fines	432,130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	112,006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	975,899	-	-	-	-	-	855	246,205	-	-
Charges for services	385,731	-	-	840	-	16,311	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	63,951	-	-	430	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	798,881	2,025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	3,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	9,670,579	5,179		1,270		16,311	855	246,205		
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government	2,158,232	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
City Treasurer	12,971	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
City Clerk	77,257	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Municipal Court	158,838	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Police	3,337,490	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fire	1,621,579	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Emergency Management	93,976	_	_	_	_	_	1,710	361,235	_	_
Highways and streets	1,042,146	_	_	_	_	_	1,710	001,200	_	_
Maintenance	245,052	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Culture, tourism and recreation	661,848	_	_	56	_	31,992	_	_	_	_
Cemetery	268,827	_	_	-	_	01,002	_	_	_	_
Parks	576,308							_		
Airport	191,483							_		
Library	25,459	=	-	=	=	=	_	-	=	-
Principal	87,120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other charges	6,930	=	-	=	=	=	_	-	=	-
Capital Outlay	998,789	18,699		118	_		_	_		
Total Expenditures	11,564,305	18,699		174		31,992	1,710	361,235		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,893,726)	(13,520)		1,096		(15,681)	(855)	(115,030)		
revenues over (under) experiantices	(1,000,720)	(13,320)		1,030		(10,001)	(000)	(110,000)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	172,956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in	145,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in- Intra account	43,655	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,775	-	-
Transfers out- Intra account	(260,067)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,655)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	101,584							185,120		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(1,792,142)	(13,520)	-	1,096	-	(15,681)	(855)	70,090	-	-
Fund balances - beginning, restated	4,105,411	15,571	71	16,639	321	8,485	(2,235)	29,542	509	(9,388)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,313,269	\$ 2,051	\$ 71	\$ 17,735	\$ 321	\$ (7,196)	\$ (3,090)	\$ 99,632	\$ 509	\$ (9,388)
. aa salanoos onang	Ψ 2,010,203	Ψ 2,001	Ψ /1	Ψ 11,133	ψ 521	ψ (1,130)	Ψ (0,000)	ψ 33,032	ψ 509	Ψ (3,500)

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – For the Fiscal Year Ended June</u> 30, 2019, (Continued)

REVENUES	Best	quah Grant 88)	FB EDOV (39	CTF		API-FAA ant (393)		DBG 16 (395)	Ok	Safe lahoma ant (396)	TIDE	E 8 (397)	of J	rtment ustice O-OT 98)		Trails		al General
	æ		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		•	0.004.004
Taxes	\$	-	ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	ф	-	ф	-	ф	-	\$	6,901,981
Fees and fines		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		432,130 112.006
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-		- 04 004		-		4.050		,
Intergovernmental		-		-		147,506		-		20,000		21,921		-		4,659		1,417,045
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		402,882
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		64,381
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		800,906
Donations		-		-				-						-		-		3,154
Total revenues						147,506				20,000		21,921				4,659	_	10,134,485
EXPENDITURES																		
Current:																		0.450.000
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,158,232
City Treasurer		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		12,971
City Clerk		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		77,257
Municipal Court		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		158,838
Police		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,337,490
Fire		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,621,579
Emergency Management		-		-		-		-		19,098		19,520		-		4,631		500,170
Highways and streets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,042,146
Maintenance		2,567		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		247,619
Culture, tourism and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		693,896
Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		268,827
Parks		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		576,308
Airport		-		-		173,212		-		-		-		-		_		364,695
Library		_		_		-		-		-		-		_		_		25,459
Principal		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		87,120
Interest and other charges		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		6,930
Capital Outlay				_		_		_		_						_		1,017,606
Total Expenditures		2,567	-			173,212	_		_	19,098		19,520				4,631		12,197,143
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,567)		<u> </u>		(25,706)	_			902		2,401		-		28		(2,062,658)
Revenues over (under) experialitures		(2,307)	-			(23,700)		_		902		2,401				20		(2,002,030)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																		
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		172,956
Transfer in		_		_		_		-		-		-		_		_		145,040
Transfers in- Intra account		_		_		31,292		_		_		_		_		_		303,722
Transfers out- Intra account		_		_		0.,202		_		_		_						(303,722)
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		-	31,292	_		_					<u>_</u>			_	317,996
Total other infancing sources (uses)			-			31,232	_											317,990
Revenues and other sources over																		
(under) expenditures and other uses		(2,567)		-		5,586		-		902		2,401		-		28		(1,744,662)
Fund balances - beginning, restated		(2,413)				4,892		150,000		10,165		(6,000)		1,000		(405)		4,322,165
Fund balances - ending	\$	(4,980)	\$	-	\$	10,478	\$	150,000	\$	11,067	\$	(3,599)	\$	1,000	\$	(377)	\$	2,577,503
							_										-	

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – June 30, 2019

	-	treet and lley Fund (111)	emetery re Fund (113)	 tel Motel ax Fund (112)	Stormwater Management Fund (116)		Capital Impr Fund (210)		Total-Other Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds Taxes receivable, net Total assets	\$	601,617 - 2,595 18,070 622,282	\$ 89,433 - - - 89,433	\$ 167,449 - - 15,375 182,824	\$	440,164 - - - 440,164	\$	878,987 782,715 - - 1,661,702	\$	2,177,650 782,715 2,595 33,445 2,996,405
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	798 798	\$	64,249 64,249	\$	65,047 65,047
Fund balances: Restricted for: Cemetery Streets Tourism		- 112,776 -	89,433 - -	- - 41,135		- - -		- - -		89,433 112,776 41,135
Assigned to: Capital Improvements Stormwater Streets Tourism Total fund balances		509,506 - 622,282	 - - - - 89,433	 - - 141,689 182,824	_	439,366 - - 439,366		1,597,453 - - - - 1,597,453		1,597,453 439,366 509,506 141,689 2,931,358
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	622,282	\$ 89,433	\$ 182,824	\$	440,164	\$	1,661,702	\$	2,996,405

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor</u> <u>Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

	Street and Alley Fund (111)	Cemetery Care Fund (113)	Hotel Motel Tax Fund (112)	Stormwater Management Fund (116)	Capital Impr Fund (210)	Total-Other Governmental Funds		
REVENUES				<u> </u>				
Taxes	\$ 148,589	\$ -	\$ 149,783	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 298,372		
Charges for services	2,270	3,468	-	206,850	-	212,588		
Investment earnings	14,572	2,166	4,056	10,648	22,627	54,069		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	1,200	116,000	117,200		
Total revenues	165,431	5,634	153,839	218,698	138,627	682,229		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	2,554	2,554		
Highways and streets	38,083	-	-	-	-	38,083		
Stormwater	-	-	-	132,182	-	132,182		
Culture, tourism and recreation	-	-	107,368	· -	-	107,368		
Administrative	-	280	· -	-	-	280		
Principal	-	-	-	-	59,299	59,299		
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	4,322	4,322		
Capital Outlay	-	-	1,280	134,111	746,233	881,624		
Total Expenditures	38,083	280	108,648	266,293	812,408	1,225,712		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	127,348	5,354	45,191	(47,595)	(673,781)	(543,483)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from long-term debt	_	_	_	_	188,072	188,072		
Transfers out	_	_	_	(6,720)	-	(6,720)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(6,720)	188,072	181,352		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	127,348	5,354	45,191	(54,315)	(485,709)	(362,131)		
Fund balances - beginning, restated	494,934	84,079	137,633	493,681	2,083,162	3,293,489		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 622,282	\$ 89,433	\$ 182,824	\$ 439,366	\$ 1,597,453	\$ 2,931,358		

CITY OF TAHLEQUAH, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tahlequah, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing*Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002.

City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Arledge ? Associetes, P.C. September 15, 2020