

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 and 2019

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency, as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-9, the schedule of OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 38, the schedule of OHFA's pension contributions on page 39, the schedule of OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) on page 40, and the schedule of OHFA's OPEB contributions on page 41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information on pages 42 through 50 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2021, on our consideration of OHFA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of OHFA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OHFA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hogan Taylon UP Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

January 25, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA) was created in 1975 to provide funds to promote the development of adequate residential housing to families of Oklahoma with low and moderate incomes. OHFA is a self-supporting public trust and follows enterprise fund accounting.

As management of OHFA, we offer readers of OHFA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. This information is presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of OHFA and to meet the disclosure requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, notes to financial statements, and supplemental information.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report of OHFA consists of three sections: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. OHFA's basic financial statements include the following: the Statements of Net Position; the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; the Statements of Cash Flows; and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Statements of Net Position answers the question, "How is our financial health at the end of the year?" This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of OHFA, both financial and capital, short term and long term, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The resulting net position presented in this statement is displayed as invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Assets are restricted when their use is subject to external limits such as bond resolutions, legal agreements or statutes. Assets not included in this category are characterized as unrestricted. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of OHFA is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position measure the activities of OHFA's operations over the past year and present the operating income and change in net position. They can be used to determine whether OHFA has successfully recovered all its costs through mortgage and loan interest, investment interest, externally funded programs, and other revenue sources. This statement helps answer the question, "Is OHFA, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?"

The primary purpose of the Statements of Cash Flows is to provide information about the sources and uses of OHFA's cash and the components of the change in cash balance during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes resulting from operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, and investing activities. It provides answers to such questions as "What were the sources of cash?" "How was cash used?" and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In addition, this report contains a Supplemental Combining Statement of Net Position for the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs as well as a Supplemental Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the various Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs. These supplemental schedules are presented to provide the reader with information regarding the financial condition of each Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program of the Agency.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year ended September 30, 2020

- Total assets increased by \$32.7 million.
- Total liabilities increased by \$15.9 million.
- Net position increased by \$16.7 million.
- Made 2,142 single family mortgage loans available to first-time homebuyers compared to 1,198 in 2019.
- Provided 124,128 unit months of Section 8 rental assistance compared to 120,954 in 2019.
- Paid \$57.3 million in rental assistance to benefit Section 8 voucher holders compared to \$55.6 million in 2019
- Paid \$79.7 million in rental assistance to project based Section 8 properties compared to \$77.2 million in 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year ended September 30, 2019

- Total assets increased by \$92.3 million.
- Total liabilities increased by \$74.3 million.
- Net position increased by \$17.4 million.
- Made 1,198 single family mortgage loans available to first-time homebuyers compared to 1,059 in 2018.
- Provided 120,954 unit months of Section 8 rental assistance compared to 120,946 in 2018.
- Paid \$55.6 million in rental assistance to benefit Section 8 voucher holders compared to \$54.9 million in 2018.
- Paid \$77.2 million in rental assistance to project based Section 8 properties compared to \$75.8 million in 2018.

The Agency has maintained a General Obligation issuer rating of A1 from Moody's Investors Service since June 2006. This rating reflects OHFA's sound financial condition and a bond program collateralized by highly rated mortgage-backed securities (MBS), as well as capable and dedicated management.

The Section 8 Voucher Program provides rental assistance to many elderly people, persons with disabilities, single parents, or working families in need of help with their rent payments.

The Single Family Loan Program provides affordable mortgages with down payment and closing cost assistance to homebuyers through proceeds from mortgage revenue bonds (first-time homebuyers) or selling MBS in the open market via the "To Be Announced" (TBA) Program (no first-time homebuyer requirement).

Housing Tax Credits are provided to developers as an incentive to build new, affordable complexes or rehabilitate complexes in need of repair.

As Section 8 Contract Administrator for project-based Section 8 properties located throughout Oklahoma for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), OHFA's 2020 duties consisted of 168 properties, totaling 12,761 assisted units. The Agency receives a fee to administer the program based on the number of units under contract.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Statement of Net Position

The following table presents condensed statements of net position for the Agency as of September 30 (in millions):

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2020			2019	2018		
Assets							
Current assets	\$	28.3	\$	31.3	\$	23.5	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted		339.8		321.6		226.1	
Net capital assets		3.2		3.0		2.8	
Unrestricted		68.7		51.4		62.6	
Total assets		440.0		407.3		315.0	
Deferred outflows		0.9		1.1		1.6	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		14.5		11.1		23.8	
Noncurrent liabilities		240.4		227.9		140.9	
Total liabilities		254.9		239.0		164.7	
Deferred inflows		0.4		0.5		0.4	
Net Position							
Invested in capital assets		3.2		3.0		2.8	
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs		92.4		86.3		76.6	
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program		_		0.9		0.6	
Unrestricted		90.0		78.7		71.5	
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Total net position	\$	185.6	\$	168.9	\$	151.5	

Explanations of significant variances between 2020 and 2019 on the condensed statements of net position follow:

The increase in total assets of \$32.7 million is primarily due to the net effect of adding \$51.7 million of new assets and related bonds payable from new bond issues, reductions in MBS due to paying down \$39.6 million of bonds and notes payable from payments and prepayments of Agency MBS

investments due to homeowners refinancing their mortgages due to low market interest rates, and a \$16.7 million net position increase realized by the Agency.

The increase in total liabilities of \$15.9 million is primarily due to four factors: 1) The issuance of debt for the 2020 Series A programs of \$50.0 million; 2) payments and prepayments of \$38.5 million on bonds payable which decreased total liabilities as loans were paid down early by homeowners refinancing their mortgages to take advantage of low market mortgage rates; 3) receipt of \$2.7 million in unearned revenue relating to CARES Act funding for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program; and 4) an increase of \$0.7 million of excess administrative fees received for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program in excess of fees earned which are payable to HUD.

The \$6.1 million increase in net position restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is a result of \$6.1 million of net income relating to the bond programs.

The Section 8 Voucher Program is included in the Agency General Fund and that program's net position, which is restricted, decreased by \$0.9 million due to receiving \$0.9 million less in rental assistance payments from HUD than program expenditures in the current year. Since 2006, HUD has required agencies to report receipts for Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) funds from HUD in excess of program expenditures as income and to report assistance payments in excess of program receipts as an expense in the current year. These items are reported in net position instead of as a payable or receivable with HUD. These funds are only available to pay (HAP) under the Section 8 Voucher Program. The Agency had funds restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program of \$0.0 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

The increase in Agency General Fund unrestricted net position (including investment in capital assets) of \$11.5 million is primarily due to \$11.5 million in net operating income (excluding Single Family Bond Programs).

Explanations of significant variances between 2019 and 2018 on the condensed statements of net position follow:

The increase in total assets of \$92.3 million is primarily due to the net effect of adding \$116.5 million of new assets and related bonds payable from new bond issues, reductions in MBS due to paying down \$41.6 million of bonds and notes payable from payments and prepayments of Agency MBS investments due to homeowners refinancing their mortgages due to low market interest rates, and a \$17.4 million net position increase realized by the Agency.

The increase in total liabilities of \$74.3 million is primarily due to four factors: 1) The issuance of debt for the 2018 Series A and the 2019 Series A Single Family bond programs of \$117.5 million; 2) payments and prepayments of \$31.0 million on bonds payable which decreased total liabilities as loans were paid down early by homeowners refinancing their mortgages to take advantage of low market mortgage rates; 3) a decrease of \$10.5 million in the Agency's line of credit with Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB); and 4) the OHFA portion of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) defined benefit pension liability decreased by \$1.0 million.

The \$9.7 million increase in net position restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is a result of \$9.7 million of net income relating to the bond programs.

The Section 8 Voucher Program is included in the Agency General Fund and that program's net position, which is restricted, increased by \$0.3 million due to receiving \$0.3 million more in rental assistance payments than program expenditures in the current year. Since 2006, HUD has required agencies to report receipts from HUD in excess of program expenditures as income and to report

assistance payments in excess of program receipts as an expense in the current year. These items are reported in net position instead of as a payable or receivable with HUD. These funds are only available to pay Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) under the Section 8 Voucher Program. The Agency had funds restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program of \$0.9 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2019 and 2018.

The increase in Agency General Fund unrestricted net position (including investment in capital assets) of \$7.3 million is primarily due to \$7.2 million in net operating income (excluding Single Family Bond Programs) plus \$0.1 million in transfers from the Single Family Bond Programs.

Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net position

The following table presents condensed statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the Agency for the years ended September 30 (in millions):

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	,	2020	2019	2018
Operating and Nonoperating Revenues				
Investment and program loan income	\$	14.3	\$ 13.7	\$ 12.5
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		5.8	9.1	(12.3)
Realized gain on sale of investments		5.3	1.1	1.2
Fees and other income		13.6	13.3	12.4
Federal and state program revenues		145.2	141.7	136.2
Total revenues		184.2	178.9	150.0
Operating and Nonoperating Expenses				
Interest on bonds and notes payable		7.1	5.8	5.1
Other bond program expenses		2.0	2.4	1.2
Salaries, general and administrative		12.4	11.9	11.5
Federal and state program expenses		146.0	141.4	137.8
Total expenses		167.5	161.5	155.6
Increase (decrease) in net position Net position at beginning of year		16.7 168.9	17.4 151.5	(5.6) 157.1
Net position at end of year	\$	185.6	\$ 168.9	\$ 151.5

Explanations of significant fluctuations between 2020 and 2019 in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position follow:

The net increase in interest income from investments and program loans of \$0.6 million is primarily due to the Agency adding MBS to its portfolio of investments via issuing debt for the 2020 A Single Family Bond program which enabled the Agency to have more assets earning interest.

The net increase in the fair value of investments of \$5.8 million for 2020 was due to market interest rates being lower than in the previous year, causing an increase in the value of older, relatively higher yielding interest rate securities. The market values of fixed interest rate investments typically have an inverse relationship to interest rates.

The realized gain on sale of investments of \$5.3 million in 2020 and \$1.1 million in 2019 is due to the Agency capitalizing on market opportunities to sell newly pooled Single Family Loan Program MBS at a gain on the open market via the TBA Program instead of placing these MBS into a bond issue.

Federal program revenues increased by \$3.5 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$2.5 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program revenues, a \$1.8 million increase in the HOME Investment Partnership Program revenues, a \$1.5 million decrease in National Housing Trust Fund revenues, and a \$.6 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program revenues due to varying availability of federal program funding.

Interest expense on bonds and notes payable increased by \$1.3 million in 2020 from 2019. The increase in interest expense is due to bonds and notes payable balances of \$12.1 million more than the prior year due to the issuance of new debt for the 2020 Series A program as well as the debt from the 2019 Series A bond issue being issued very late in fiscal 2019 so it was only outstanding for a short period of time in fiscal 2019 compared to a full year in fiscal 2020.

Federal program expenses increased by \$4.6 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$2.5 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program expenses, a \$1.8 million increase in the HOME Investment Partnership Program expenses, a \$1.5 million decrease in National Housing Trust Fund expenses, and a \$1.7 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program expenses due to varying availability of federal program funding.

The increase in net position of \$16.7 million from \$168.9 million in 2019 to \$185.6 million in 2020 is primarily due to an operating profit of \$17.6 million and a \$0.9 million decrease in net position due to OHFA receiving \$0.9 million less in nonoperating federal program revenues than federal program expenses.

Explanations of significant fluctuations between 2019 and 2018 in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position follow:

The net increase in interest income from investments and program loans of \$1.2 million is primarily due to the Agency adding MBS to its portfolio of investments via issuing debt for the 2018 Series A and 2019 Series A Single Family Bond programs which enabled the Agency to have more assets earning interest.

The net increase in the fair value of investments of \$9.1 million for 2019 was due to market interest rates being lower than in the previous year, causing an increase in the value of older, relatively higher yielding interest rate securities. The market values of fixed interest rate investments typically have an inverse relationship to interest rates.

The realized gain on sale of investments of \$1.1 million in 2019 and \$1.2 million in 2018 is due to the Agency capitalizing on market opportunities to sell newly pooled Single Family Loan Program MBS at a gain on the open market via the TBA Program instead of placing these MBS into a bond issue.

Federal program revenues increased by \$5.5 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.4 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program revenues, a \$0.3 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program revenues, a \$1.8 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund revenues, and a \$2.6 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program revenues due to varying availability of federal program funding.

Interest expense on bonds and notes payable increased by \$0.7 million in 2019 from 2018. Bonds and notes payable are \$75.0 million more than prior year due to the issuance of new debt for the 2018 Series A and 2019 Series A programs.

Federal program expenses increased by \$3.6 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.4 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program expenses, a \$0.3 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program expenses, a \$1.8 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund expenses, and a \$0.7 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program expenses due to varying availability of federal program funding.

The increase in net position of \$17.4 million from \$151.5 million in 2018 to \$168.9 million in 2019 is primarily due to an operating profit of \$17.0 million, a \$0.3 million increase in net position due to OHFA receiving \$0.3 million more in nonoperating federal program revenues than federal program expenses, and \$0.1 million in transfers from the Single Family Bond Programs.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Administration

Capital assets

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Agency had invested \$3.2 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including a building and building improvements, land and furniture and equipment.

Long-term debt

As of September 30, 2020, the Agency had \$246.6 million in bonds and notes payable outstanding, which is an increase of 5.16% from last year's amount of \$234.5 million. More detailed information about the bonds and notes payable is presented in Note 7 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Other Financial Information

OHFA's main sources of revenues include mortgage loan activity, investment interest income, and externally funded grants. Market interest rates have an effect on both the mortgage program and investment income revenues. If interest rates rise, mortgage and investment income should increase as new loans are originated and new investments are purchased at higher rates. If interest rates fall, mortgage and investment income should decrease as new loans are originated and new investments are purchased at the lower rates. Any decrease in interest rates could also cause an increase in prepayments on higher rate mortgages. Administrative fees for administering federal programs have stabilized and continue to trend slightly higher. Large federal deficits or changes in programs or funding levels could have a negative impact on externally funded program revenues.

The Agency expects to continue its commitment to its mission of providing housing resources while preserving a strong financial position during the coming year.

Contacting OHFA's Financial Management

This discussion and analysis is to provide additional information to our stakeholders regarding the activities of the Agency. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the OHFA Deputy Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Kurt Fite, CPA, at (405) 419-8212; Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency, P.O. Box 26720, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73126-0720; e-mail: kurt.fite@ohfa.org; or visit our website at www.ohfa.org.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,453,100	\$ 21,931,987
Investments	5,259,470	7,988,726
Accounts receivable (net of an allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$1,559,621 and \$1,457,791		
for 2020 and 2019, respectively)	29,719	31,504
Accounts receivable - U.S. Department of		
Housing and Urban Development	716,349	714,914
Hedging receivable	113,808	-
Prepaid expenses	458,906	436,882
Interest receivable	 307,610	216,103
Total current assets	28,338,962	31,320,116
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	25,567,259	33,363,581
Investments	313,191,504	287,154,350
Interest receivable	986,815	1,038,966
Program loans receivable	4,000,000	4,000,000
OPEB asset	118,198	34,996
Long-term investments	64,622,799	47,326,382
Nondepreciated capital assets	550,000	550,000
Capital assets, net	 2,683,225	2,480,133
Total noncurrent assets	 411,719,800	375,948,408
Total assets	440,058,762	407,268,524
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension	802,212	1,016,623
OPEB	76,161	77,885
Accumulated decrease in fair value of		5 061
hedging derivatives	 	5,961
Total deferred outflows of resources	878,373	1,100,469

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and related expenses	756,024	665,963
Accounts payable - vendors and contractors	2,375	92,569
Accounts payable - U.S. Department of Housing		
and Urban Development	899,956	144,585
Accounts payable - Family Self Sufficiency Program	136,753	214,423
Accounts payable - other	453,954	254,129
Hedging payable	-	5,961
Unearned revenue	3,835,479	906,415
Compensated absences	1,120,253	981,317
Interest payable	676,809	661,999
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	6,605,440	7,180,198
Total current liabilities	14,487,043	11,107,559
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Pension liability	404,956	527,453
Bonds and notes payable, less current maturities	239,994,104	227,359,298
Total noncurrent liabilities	240,399,060	227,886,751
Total liabilities	254,886,103	238,994,310
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension	223,273	408,084
OPEB	108,816	87,475
Accumulated increase in fair value of	·	
hedging derivatives	113,808	
Total deferred inflows of resources	445,897	495,559
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets	3,233,225	3,030,133
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	92,380,645	86,276,223
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program	42,170	919,549
Unrestricted	89,949,095	78,653,219
Total net position	\$ 185,605,135	\$ 168,879,124
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STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Operating Revenues				
Investment income	\$	14,200,965	\$	13,639,117
Program loan income		90,667		14,758
Net increase in fair value of investments		5,869,474		9,061,056
Realized gain on sale of investments		5,285,143		1,050,432
Fees and other income		13,587,677		13,318,782
Total operating revenues		39,033,926		37,084,145
Operating Expenses				
Interest on bonds and notes payable		7,072,631		5,756,343
Mortgage servicing fees		1,428,807		1,157,234
Trustees, issuer and other fees		41,511		39,757
Bond issue costs		530,220		1,176,778
Salaries and related expenses		9,458,109		9,006,313
Other general and administrative		2,899,257		2,923,982
Total operating expenses		21,430,535		20,060,407
Operating income		17,603,391		17,023,738
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):				
Federal and state program revenues		145,175,133		141,747,353
Federal and state program expenses	(146,052,513)	(141,426,491)
Total nonoperating income (loss)		(877,380)		320,862
Increase in net position		16,726,011		17,344,600
Total net position, beginning of year		168,879,124		151,534,524
Total net position, end of year	\$	185,605,135	\$	168,879,124

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from fees	\$	16,012,535	\$	12,731,398
Receipts from program loan payments		90,667		1,565,553
Receipts from other sources		183,905		179,718
Payments to employees		(9,229,112)		(8,790,095)
Payments to suppliers		(1,492,261)		(2,493,911)
Payments for purchases of program loans		-		(4,000,000)
Payments for bond fees		(1,421,424)		(1,154,109)
Payments for trustee and other fees		(45,270)		(44,093)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,099,040		(2,005,539)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable		293,471,136		214,571,175
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable	((281,411,088)	((139,535,763)
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable		(7,057,821)		(5,547,107)
Payment of bond issuance costs		(530,220)		(1,176,778)
Receipt of federal and state program revenues		145,175,133		141,747,353
Payment of federal and state program expenses		(146,052,513)	((141,426,491)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		3,594,627		68,632,389
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition of capital assets		(680,882)		(651,654)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(680,882)		(651,654)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments	((453,813,903)		(354,024,160)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		424,364,300		312,370,694
Interest received on investments		14,161,609		13,427,106
Net cash used in investing activities		(15,287,994)		(28,226,360)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(8,275,209)		37,748,836
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		55,295,568		17,546,732
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	47,020,359	\$	55,295,568
Cash and Cash Equivalents as Reported in Statement of Net Position Unrestricted	\$	21,453,100	\$	21,931,987
Restricted		25,567,259		33,363,581
	\$	47,020,359	\$	55,295,568

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 17,603,391	\$ 17,023,738
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	477,695	379,036
Interest from investments	(14,200,965)	(13,639,117)
Bond issue costs	530,220	1,176,778
Net increase in fair value of investments	(5,869,474)	(9,061,056)
Realized gain on sale of investments	(5,285,143)	(1,050,432)
Interest on bonds and notes payable	7,072,631	5,756,343
Change in operating assets, liabilities, deferred outflows,		
and deferred inflows:		
Accounts receivable and HUD receivable	(7,033)	217,176
Prepaid expenses	(22,024)	(33,569)
Program loans receivable	_	(2,449,206)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	884,776	(251,993)
Hedging receivable or payable	(119,769)	5,961
Unearned revenue	2,929,064	246,947
Pension payable	(122,497)	(963,235)
OPEB receivable or payable	(83,202)	(66,576)
Deferred outflows	222,096	501,365
Deferred inflows	(49,662)	99,956
Compensated absences	 138,936	102,345
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 4,099,040	\$ (2,005,539)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 1 – Authorizing Legislation and Activities

Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA) is a public trust established pursuant to a Trust Indenture, as amended, which was originally adopted on May 1, 1975. Under the Trust Indenture, OHFA was created for the benefit of the State of Oklahoma (the State) pursuant to the Oklahoma Public Trust Act (the Act). Pursuant to the Act, the Governor of the State, on behalf of the State, approved the creation of OHFA and accepted the beneficial interest created thereby on May 1, 1975. The Trust Indenture was last amended by the third amendment as of August 19, 2002, with the approval of the Governor of the State. The Governor has, pursuant to the Trust Indenture, approved the by-laws of OHFA. The Governor also appoints the five-member Board of Trustees and the resident board member representing the Section 8 program.

OHFA is authorized, in the furtherance of public purposes, to issue mortgage revenue bonds through its Single Family Bond Programs (or Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs) in order to provide funds to promote the development of adequate residential housing and other economic development for the benefit of the State. In no event does the indebtedness constitute a debt, liability, or moral obligation of the State or any political subdivision thereof. OHFA has no taxing power. The Agency receives application, servicing and issuer fees in connection with its bond programs.

OHFA is included in the State's financial report. The State reports the transactions of OHFA in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a major component unit.

In addition to its bond programs, OHFA administers Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Programs for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). OHFA receives administrative fees based on the number of housing units administered under its contracts with HUD. OHFA also administers the Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) for HUD. The intent of the HOME Program is to provide decent affordable housing to lower-income households, expand the capacity of nonprofit housing providers, strengthen the ability of state and local governments to provide housing, and leverage private sector participation. Activities that are eligible under HOME include homeowner rehabilitation, homebuyer activities, rental housing and tenant-based rental assistance. OHFA receives reimbursement of eligible costs associated with the administration of the program.

OHFA is the Section 8 Contract Administrator for federal HUD-financed Section 8 properties located throughout Oklahoma. The Agency receives a fee to administer the program determined by the number of units under contract. The Agency also administers the U.S. Department of Treasury's (Treasury) Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Program for the State. The Agency receives application and service fees from developers who participate in the LIHTC Program.

OHFA also administers certain other federal and state programs.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial statement presentation

OHFA accounts for revenues and expenses related to temporary funding of certain single family first mortgage loans within its general fund until the loans are sold in specified increments in connection with related bond programs, when required, due to the temporary restrictions associated with bond programs. Intergovernmental grants are also accounted for within the Agency's general fund. Pursuant to OHFA's bond obligation resolutions, separate funds are established by each trustee bank to record all transactions relating to OHFA programs financed under each of the resolutions. Within each fund, there is a group of accounts required by the respective resolutions. The Single Family Bond Program funds and the general fund have been presented on a combined basis because OHFA is considered a single enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes. All interfund balances and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion for State and Local Governments*, GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus*, and GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*.

Basis of accounting

The Agency accounts for its activities within a proprietary fund type. The Agency's activities meet the definition of an enterprise fund because it is the intent of the Agency to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public.

The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by a proprietary fund. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

The GASB is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When the Agency incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, OHFA's cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

Investments

The Agency's investment policy for the general fund is governed by state statute and the Board of Trustees' "Statement of Investment Policy." Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) guaranteed by federal agencies, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and savings accounts. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. Investments are reported at fair value.

The short-term investments within the Single Family Bond Programs are generally restricted by the various bond resolutions as to authorized investments. Most are commonly held in guaranteed investment contracts or money market accounts collateralized by government securities. These short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates their fair values.

As required by GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting for and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, U.S. government and agency securities and MBS are reported at fair value as determined by the investment custodians utilizing prices quoted by securities dealers, brokers, investment banks or other services at the valuation date.

MBS reported by the Single Family Bond Programs are pass-through certificates of the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), which securitize qualified pools of loans or individual loans under the respective programs. These securities are reported at fair value. MBS do not have a contractual maturity date, and the Agency may be subject to the risk of prepayment on these MBS.

Without consideration of the respective net increase in the fair value of investments, OHFA's 2020 and 2019 net operating income would have been \$11,733,917 and \$7,962,682, respectively.

Fair value measurements

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Agency adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. The Agency categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value within the hierarchy established by GAAP. Assets and liabilities valued at fair value are categorized based on inputs to valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 input – Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that an entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 input – Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and inputs that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 input – Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability which are typically based upon the Agency's own assumptions as there is little, if any, related market activity.

Hierarchy – The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Inputs – If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Program loans receivable

Program loans receivable consists of Workforce Housing Pilot Program loans secured by mortgages. These loans are reported at cost. Based on management's evaluation of program loans receivable, no allowance was deemed necessary as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Capital assets

Capital assets, with an initial value of \$250 or more and all furniture, are capitalized and carried at cost. Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 1 to 40 years. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Total depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, were \$477,695 and \$379,036, respectively, and is included with other general and administrative expense on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue arises when the resources were received by the Agency before it has a legal claim to the resources. Amounts received under certain intergovernmental grant agreements are recognized only to the extent of allowable expenses. Any amounts received in excess of expenditures incurred are unearned and recorded as a liability.

The only exception to this accounting policy is the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program. Per HUD guidance, excess budget authority disbursed to a Public Housing Agency that is not utilized to pay Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) becomes part of the net position – restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program.

Bond issue costs

Bond issue costs are costs associated with issuing bonds and are expensed in the period incurred.

Pensions and other postemployment employee benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, pension and OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from OPERS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions related to pensions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Restrictions and designations of net position

The use of assets of each of the Single Family Bond Program funds is restricted by the related bond indenture and resolution. Certain amounts in the program funds are considered subject to the restriction that they may be applied to the financing of housing for the respective program purposes or to the retirement of

obligations issued for such purposes. The Agency previously designated \$8,000,000 of unrestricted net position to provide funds and reserves to purchase single family loans to be acquired from future issuances under the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs.

Net position restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program represent funds received from HUD in excess of HAP expenditures. These funds can only be utilized to make HAP payments for the Section 8 Voucher Program.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposit custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned. The Agency requires that financial institutions pledge securities as collateral to secure the deposits of the Agency in each institution for amounts above the FDIC insurance coverage.

Current Agency policy for deposits not held by the Single Family Bond Programs requires the lesser of the cost or fair value of the collateral pledged to be 110% of the deposit value. As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Agency was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, \$25,568,072 and \$33,372,958, respectively, of the total cash consisted primarily of money market accounts held at trustee banks. These funds are classified as investments for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* requirements and therefore are not subject to custodial credit risk. For presentation on the face of the Statement of Net Position, these funds are classified as cash equivalents.

Investment interest rate risk

The Agency limits investments to those having maturities of no more than 36 months, unless specifically authorized by the Agency Board of Trustees, which helps manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. The Agency's investments in securities and related maturities as of September 30, are listed below:

	2020							
				In				
			L	ess than		One to	Greater Than	Fair Value
		Fair Value	C	ne Year	Tl	nree Years	Three Years	Investment
Agency General Fund:								
GNMA pooled loans	\$	47,900,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 47,900,456	Level 2
FNMA pooled loans		15,009,552		-		-	15,009,552	Level 2
Certificates of deposit		6,972,261		5,259,470		1,712,791	-	Level 2
Total investments in securities		69,882,269	\$:	5,259,470	\$	1,712,791	\$ 62,910,008	
Single Family Bond Programs:								
GNMA pooled loans		274,866,171						Level 2
FNMA pooled loans		37,162,025						Level 2
Guaranteed investment								
contracts		1,163,308						Level 3
Total investments	\$	383,073,773	:					

	2019							
Investment Maturity								
			I	Less than		One to	Greater Than	Fair Value
		Fair Value	(One Year	Th	ree Years	Three Years	Investment
Agency General Fund:								
GNMA pooled loans	\$	30,097,407	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 30,097,407	Level 2
FNMA pooled loans		11,987,509		-		-	11,987,509	Level 2
Certificates of deposit		8,724,543		3,483,077	4	5,241,466	-	Level 2
Government bonds		4,505,649		4,505,649		-	-	Level 1
Total investments in securities		55,315,108	\$	7,988,726	\$ 5	5,241,466	\$ 42,084,916	
Single Family Bond Programs:								
GNMA pooled loans		265,297,620						Level 2
FNMA pooled loans		21,534,104						Level 2
Guaranteed investment								
contracts		322,626	-					Level 3
Total investments	\$	342,469,458	=					

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Investment custodial credit risk

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Agency's investments in securities are held by the investment's counterparty in the name of the Agency. FNMA and GNMA are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and AAA by Moody's. Credit ratings are not available for the guaranteed investment contracts.

At September 30, total investments are reported in the Statement of Net Position in the following classifications:

	2020	2019
Current: Agency General Fund	\$ 5,259,470	\$ 7,988,726
Noncurrent: Restricted - Single Family Bond Programs Agency General Fund	313,191,504 64,622,799	287,154,350 47,326,382
Total noncurrent	377,814,303	334,480,732
Total investments	\$ 383,073,773	\$ 342,469,458

The net change in fair value of investments shown in the financial statements takes into account all changes in fair value that occurred during the year. Fair value amounts for individual investments fluctuate based on changes in the market interest rates available to investors.

Concentration of investment credit risk

The Agency places no limit on the amount the Agency can invest in any one type of issuer. Investments by issuer that account for 5% or more of the Agency's total investments are indicated by an asterisk (*) as follows at September 30:

	20	20	2019			
		Credit		Credit		
		Exposure as		Exposure as		
		a Percentage		a Percentage		
	Fair	of Total	Fair	of Total		
	Value	Investments	Value	Investments		
Agency General Fund:						
GNMA pooled loans	\$ 47,900,456	* 12.5%	\$ 30,097,407 *	8.8%		
FNMA pooled loans	15,009,552	3.9%	11,987,509	3.5%		
Certificates of deposit	6,972,261	1.8%	8,724,543 *	2.5%		
Government bonds		0.0%	4,505,649	1.3%		
	69,882,269	18.2%	55,315,108	16.1%		
Single Family Bond Programs:						
GNMA pooled loans	274,866,171	* 71.8%	265,297,620 *	77.5%		
FNMA pooled loans	37,162,025	* 9.7%	21,534,104	6.3%		
Guaranteed investment contracts	1,163,308	0.3%	322,626	0.1%		
	313,191,504	81.8%	287,154,350	83.9%		
Total investments	\$ 383,073,773	100.0%	\$ 342,469,458	100.0%		

MBS forward contracts

Beginning in 2013, the Agency entered into forward contracts to hedge the interest rate risk of delivering MBS guaranteed by GNMA in the future, before the securities are ready for delivery (referred to as "to-be-announced," or TBA MBS). These securities represent pools of qualified mortgage loans originated by Agency approved lenders. The forward contracts offset the financial impact to the Agency of changes in interest rates between the time the loan reservations are made to originating mortgage lenders and the securitization and sale of such loans as GNMA securities. The forward contracts are considered derivative instruments and the fair values were obtained from an external pricing specialist who used acceptable methods and assumptions in accordance with GASB requirements, subject to review and approval by the Agency. A positive fair value represents money due the Agency by the counterparty, while a negative fair value represents money payable by the Agency.

Outstanding forward sales contracts as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Notio	nal				ir Values as ted in the
	Amoi				_	nent of Net
Forward Contracts to	Septemb	er 30, Trade	Delivery	Coupon	Pos	sition at
Sell TBA MBS	202	0 Date	Date	Rate	Septem	ber 30, 2020
Bank of America Merill Lynch						
GNMA II	\$ 1,20	0,000 7/27/202	20 10/21/2020	3.00%	\$	3,376
GNMA II	1,60	0,000 8/5/202	20 10/21/2020	2.50%		2,375
GNMA II	2,60	0,000 8/12/202	20 10/21/2020	2.50%		(813)
GNMA II	2,00	0,000 8/18/20	20 10/21/2020	2.50%		8,125
GNMA II	1,20	0,000 8/21/20	20 10/21/2020	3.00%		4,500

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2020	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2020
GNMA II	1,200,000	8/25/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	(188)
GNMA II	1,600,000	8/27/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	(1,750)
GNMA II	1,200,000	9/1/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	3,844
GNMA II	1,800,000	9/28/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(1,406)
Bank of New York Mellon					
GNMA II	2,000,000	7/23/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	9,452
GNMA II	1,600,000	8/13/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	1,625
GNMA II	1,400,000	8/17/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	4,375
Bank of Oklahoma					
GNMA II	2,400,000	7/22/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	10,499
GNMA II	1,800,000	7/29/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	(563)
GNMA II	1,800,000	7/30/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	844
GNMA II	2,300,000	7/31/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	14,555
GNMA II	1,600,000	8/20/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	5,063
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/27/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	3,438
GNMA II	3,600,000	9/4/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	(2,672)
GNMA II	1,400,000	9/10/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	930
GNMA II	622,700	9/16/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	(973)
GNMA II	2,800,000	9/24/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(8,531)
GNMA II	3,400,000	9/25/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(4,516)
Jefferies					
GNMA II	600,000	7/20/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	(1,923)
GNMA II	500,000	7/28/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	(313)
GNMA II	1,600,000	7/28/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	4,750
GNMA II	1,800,000	8/3/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	3,938
GNMA II	2,400,000	8/4/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	4,313
GNMA II	2,000,000	8/6/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	2,969
GNMA II	2,600,000	8/11/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	3,453
GNMA II	1,600,000	8/14/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	1,500
GNMA II	1,200,000	8/19/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	3,375
GNMA II	1,400,000	8/21/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	2,188
GNMA II	1,200,000	8/25/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	3,750
GNMA II	3,400,000	9/2/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	7,969
GNMA II	3,800,000	9/3/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	7,125
GNMA II	600,000	9/4/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	2,063
GNMA II	2,600,000	9/8/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	406
GNMA II	2,000,000	9/11/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	3,750
GNMA II	3,200,000	9/17/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	(4,750)
GNMA II	1,400,000	9/21/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(5,250)
GNMA II	2,600,000	9/22/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(10,156)
GNMA II	1,800,000	9/29/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(563)
GNMA II	2,400,000	9/30/2020	12/21/2020	2.50%	(1,125)

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2020	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2020
Piper Sandler					
GNMA II	2,000,000	7/21/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	10,624
GNMA II	1,800,000	8/7/2020	10/21/2020	2.50%	5,625
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/7/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	6,094
GNMA II	1,400,000	8/14/2020	10/21/2020	3.00%	7,219
GNMA II	1,400,000	8/24/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	2,188
GNMA II	2,000,000	8/31/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	1,875
GNMA II	1,800,000	9/9/2020	11/19/2020	2.50%	1,125
	\$ 94,222,700				
Total deferred inflows of resources accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives					\$ 113,808

Outstanding forward sales contracts as of September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS		Notional Amount ptember 30, 2019	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2019
Bank of Montreal						
GNMA II	\$	1,000,000	8/19/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	\$ (1,015)
GNMA II	Ψ	1,000,000	8/27/2019	11/20/2019	4.50%	(1,094)
GNMA II		1,000,000	9/3/2019	11/20/2019	4.50%	1,250
GNMA II		1,000,000	9/16/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	(1,211)
Bank of New York Mellon						
GNMA II		1,400,000	8/26/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(438)
GNMA II		1,000,000	8/27/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	(625)
GNMA II		1,000,000	9/4/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	2,344
GNMA II		1,200,000	9/23/2019	12/19/2019	4.00%	(1,078)
Bank of Oklahoma						
GNMA II		1,800,000	8/12/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(4,148)
ED&F Man Capital Markets						
GNMA II		1,000,000	8/6/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(1,563)
GNMA II		1,000,000	9/6/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	1,133
GNMA II		1,600,000	9/18/2019	12/19/2019	4.00%	(1,438)

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2019	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2019
Jefferies					
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/15/2019	10/21/2019	4.00%	(1,250)
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/3/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	1,953
GNMA II	600,000	9/16/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	1,219
	\$ 16,600,000				
Total deferred outflows of resources accumulated decrease in fair value					0 (5.071)
of hedging derivatives					\$ (5,961)

Note 4 – Program Loans Receivable

Program loans receivable consists of the following at September 30:

	2020	2019
Workforce Housing Pilot Program, American Opportunity		
Partners, LLC, bearing interest at 2.00%, ten-year term, maturing		
August 2029	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000

In addition to the loan in the table above, certain loans from the federally appropriated HOME Investment Partnership Program and National Housing Trust Fund Program are carried at below-market interest rates, and repayment is deferred for up to 40 years. These loans are generally in either a second or more subordinate position. Given the nature of these loans and the risk associated with them, at the time of origination, they are fully expensed as part of federal and state program expenses, resulting in a net carrying value of zero. Loans with net carrying values of zero are excluded from the table above, and loans are tracked for affordability by OHFA staff. The balances of these loans for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, were \$11,678,904 and \$10,302,463, respectively.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, was as follows:

	2020					
	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 550,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,000		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Furniture and equipment	3,524,766	541,490	(73,236)	3,993,020		
Buildings	2,073,056	-	-	2,073,056		
Improvements	2,183,709	139,392	-	2,323,101		
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,781,531	680,882	(73,236)	8,389,177		

		20)20	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Furniture and equipment	(2,915,477)	(327,743)	73,141	(3,170,079)
Building	(932,875)	(51,826)	-	(984,701)
Improvements	(1,453,046)	(98,126)	-	(1,551,172)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,301,398)	(477,695)	73,141	(5,705,952)
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,480,133	203,187	(95)	2,683,225
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,030,133	\$ 203,187	\$ (95)	\$ 3,233,225
		20	19	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 550,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	3,372,408	323,555	(171,197)	3,524,766
Buildings	2,073,056	-	(1/1,1//)	2,073,056
Improvements	1,855,610	328,099	-	2,183,709
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,301,074	651,654	(171,197)	7,781,531
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Furniture and equipment	(2,829,685)	(255,448)	169,656	(2,915,477)
Building	(881,049)	(51,826)	-	(932,875)
Improvements	(1,381,284)	(71,762)	-	(1,453,046)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,092,018)	(379,036)	169,656	(5,301,398)
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,209,056	272,618	(1,541)	2,480,133
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,759,056	\$ 272,618	\$ (1,541)	\$ 3,030,133

Note 6 – Conduit Debt

The Agency has issued multi-family mortgage revenue bonds as a conduit debt issuer to promote the development of adequate residential housing and other economic development. The net proceeds of these bonds are used to provide interim and permanent financing for multi-family construction projects and establish debt-service reserves as required by the various trust indentures. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Neither the Agency, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of these bonds.

The following series of bonds were outstanding as of September 30:

Development	Number of Units	Issued	Original Principal Amount	Outstanding Balance September 30, 2020	Outstanding Balance September 30, 2019
Go Ye Village	74	12/1/1985	\$ 13,315,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,475,000
New Page	136	3/18/2016	21,000,000	7,223,475	7,313,619
John H. Johnson Care Suites	130	9/12/2017	16,000,000	15,895,505	16,000,000
Green Rural Development Portfolio	294	2/27/2018	11,870,000	-	11,870,000
Windsong	202	4/12/2018	11,000,000	-	11,000,000
Highland Trails	100	4/27/2018	9,000,000	5,605,427	5,691,474
Sooner Haven	150	10/24/2018	12,500,000	12,500,000	12,500,000
The Curve	240	12/21/2018	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Deer Park	152	7/11/2019	14,000,000	14,000,000	14,000,000
Stillwater Springs	120	7/24/2019	12,000,000	10,414,023	12,000,000
Apache Manor/Sandy Park	316	7/31/2020	23,600,000	23,600,000	-
			\$169,285,000	\$116,368,430	\$117,850,093

Note 7 – Bonds and Notes Payable

The Single Family Bond Programs are generally payable in annual and semiannual installments and are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements. These bonds are special obligations payable solely from the income and receipts of these indentures. Neither the Agency, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for the repayment of these bonds, which are secured by MBS and other assets of their respective indentures.

The Agency renews its line of credit agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLBank) each April. The agreement requires monthly interest payments at the three-month LIBOR rate (0.33% and 2.20% at September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively), matures April 16, 2021, and is collateralized by investment securities. As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no outstanding balance. According to the terms of the agreement, the maximum amount of credit available with FHLBank may not exceed the collateral lending value of pledged securities. At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the amount available under this line of credit was \$55,633,239 and \$38,107,888, respectively.

Bonds and notes payable and changes for the fiscal years ended 2020 and 2019, are as follows:

Single Family Bond Program	Issued	Rang	st Rate ge on anding	Maturity Through	Ending Balance September 30, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance September 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance September 30, 2020	Amount Due in One Year
1991 A&B	11/1/1991	7.35%	7.35%	11/1/2024	\$ 122,574	\$ -	\$ 45.960	\$ 76,614	\$ -	\$ 36,066	\$ 40,548	\$ 26,400
2008 B	9/30/2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,310,000	Ψ -	4,310,000	Ψ 70,014	Ψ _	φ 50,000	Ψ +0,5+0	Ψ 20,400
2009 B	9/2/2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,535,000	_	2,535,000	_	_	_	_	_
2010 A	10/1/2010	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,195,000	_	1,405,000	790,000	_	790,000	_	_
2011 A	5/19/2011	4.750%	5.00%	3/1/2028	5,510,000	_	1,235,000	4,275,000	_	1,530,000	2,745,000	_
2011 B	11/4/2011	2.32%	4.75%	9/1/2041	25,145,000	-	4,295,000	20,850,000	_	5,330,000	15,520,000	-
2012 A	12/5/2012	2.25%	5.00%	9/1/2043	51,760,000	-	8,055,000	43,705,000	-	8,600,000	35,105,000	1,350,000
2013 A&B	4/30/2013	2.750%	3.00%	9/1/2041	25,820,000	-	2,910,000	22,910,000	-	5,025,000	17,885,000	628,650
2013 C&D	10/30/2013	3.35%	3.75%	3/1/2044	28,097,560	-	3,690,454	24,407,106	-	4,704,457	19,702,649	755,390
2018 A	10/23/2018	2.15%	4.75%	9/1/2048	-	44,310,000	1,850,000	42,460,000	-	7,260,000	35,200,000	1,340,000
2019 A	8/29/2019	1.20%	5.00%	9/1/2049	-	66,755,000	-	66,755,000	-	4,140,000	62,615,000	1,265,000
2020 A	5/6/2020	1.10%	4.00%	3/1/2050	-	-	-	-	50,000,000	1,070,000	48,930,000	1,240,000
	amily Bond Prog	grams			145,495,134	111,065,000	30,331,414	226,228,720	50,000,000	38,485,523	237,743,197	6,605,440
Agency line of Credit	4/17/2020	0.33%	0.33%	4/16/2021	10,500,000	98,100,000	108,600,000	-	241,800,000	241,800,000	-	_
Total bonds an	d notes payable				155,995,134	209,165,000	138,931,414	226,228,720	291,800,000	280,285,523	237,743,197	6,605,440
Unamortized p	oremium				3,508,950	5,406,175	604,349	8,310,776	1,671,136	1,125,565	8,856,347	-
Total bonds an	d notes payable	including una	nortized premi	ium	\$ 159,504,084	\$ 214,571,175	\$ 139,535,763	\$ 234,539,496	\$ 293,471,136	\$ 281,411,088	\$ 246,599,544	\$ 6,605,440

Debt requirements on bonds and notes payable at September 30, are as follows (in thousands):

		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026-2030	20	31-2035	2030	6-2040	2041-2045	2046+	Total
2020:														_
Principal and interest	\$	14,682	\$ 14,624	\$ 15,698	\$,	\$ 15,937	\$ 70,113	\$	69,711	\$ 6	54,733	\$ 45,075	\$ 29,742	\$ 358,405
Less interest		8,077	7,905	7,682	7,356	6,943	29,996		23,977	1	6,821	9,342	2,562	120,661
Total principal	\$	6,605	\$ 6,719	\$ 8,016	\$ 10,734	\$ 8,994	\$ 40,117	\$	45,734	\$ 4	17,912	\$ 35,733	\$ 27,180	237,744
Unamortized premium														8,856
										Во	onds and	l notes paya	ble	\$ 246,600
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2029	20	30-2034	203	5-2039	2040-2044	2045+	Total
2019:	•													
Principal and interest	•	15,056	\$ 13,967	\$ 13,934	\$ 15,646	\$ 17,584	\$ 70,051		65,085	\$ 6	51,140	\$ 42,683	\$ 24,221	\$ 339,367
	•			\$						\$ 6				
Principal and interest	•	15,056	13,967	\$ 13,934 7,454	15,646 7,212	\$ 17,584	\$ 70,051	\$	65,085	\$ 6	51,140	\$ 42,683	\$ 24,221	\$ 339,367 113,138
Principal and interest Less interest	\$	15,056 7,876	\$ 13,967 7,639	 13,934 7,454	\$ 15,646 7,212	\$ 17,584 6,847	\$ 70,051 28,555	\$	65,085 22,069	\$ 6	51,140	\$ 42,683 7,925	\$ 24,221 2,431	\$ 339,367 113,138

Note 8 – Retirement Plans

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1997, who elect not to be covered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (OPERS Plan), are covered by the Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency Retirement Plan (OHFA Plan). The OHFA Plan is a defined contribution plan. No new employees are allowed to join this plan after June 30, 1997. OHFA's contribution amount is at the discretion of the Board of Trustees and does not have any limitations. The Board of Trustees approved a monthly contribution to the OHFA Plan equaling the required contribution for the OPERS plan. The contribution to the OHFA Plan was 15.5% of allowable compensation beginning July 1, 2009, and increased to 16.5% of allowable compensation on July 1, 2011. All OHFA employees hired after June 30, 1997, and prior to November 1, 2015, are required to participate in the OPERS Plan. Employees hired on or after November 1, 2015, are required to participate in the State's mandatory defined contribution plan administered by OPERS. Under this plan, members choose a contribution rate which will be matched by OHFA up to 7%.

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

OPERS Plan description

OHFA participates in the OPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension for many state employees in Oklahoma. It covers substantially all employees of the State except those covered by six other plans sponsored by the State and also covers employees of participating counties and local agencies. The employee and employer contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates.

All OHFA employees hired on or after July 1, 1997, and prior to November 1, 2015, are covered by OPERS.

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about OPERS fiduciary net position is available in separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information. These reports may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.opers.ok.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/CAFR-2019-OPERS.pdf; P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, OK 73152-3007; and telephone (800) 733-9008.

Benefits provided

OPERS provides retirement benefits to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of many state employees in Oklahoma. Members qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or, depending upon when they became members, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or 90. Generally, benefits for state, county, and local agency employees are determined at 2% of the average salary, as defined, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members may elect to pay an additional contribution rate to receive benefits using a 2.5% factor for each full year the additional contributions are made.

Contributions

The contribution rates for each member category of the plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. Each member participates based on their qualifying gross salary earned, excluding overtime. There is no cap on the qualifying gross salary earned, subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) limitations on compensation. The following contribution rates were in effect for State, County, and Local Agency Employees: for 2020 and 2019, state agency employers contributed 16.5% on all salary, and state employees contributed 3.5% on all salary.

For the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA contributed approximately \$800,000 and \$699,000, respectively, to the OPERS Plan.

Actuarial methods and assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 (OPERS year-end) actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 7% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates active participants and nondisabled pensioners RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disable pensioners set forward 12 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate 2.75%
- Payroll Growth 3.5%
- Actuarial cost method entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018, valuations are both based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30 are summarized in the following tables:

201	.9	
		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.4%
Total	100.0%	

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		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.5%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% for both 2019 and 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following schedule presents the OHFA portion of the OPERS pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what OHFA's pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, per the respective OPERS schedule of employer allocations and collective pension amounts.

	2019		
	1% Decrease 1% Increase		
	in Discount Discount in Discount		
	Rate (6%) Rate (7%) Rate (8%)		
OHFA's proportionate share of the	\$ 2.661.427 \$ 404.056 \$ (2.255.017		
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,661,437 \$ 404,956 \$ (2,355,917		
	2018		
	1% Decrease 1% Increase		
	in Discount Discount in Discount		
	Rate (6%) Rate (7%) Rate (8%)		
OHFA's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,384,254 \$ 527,453 \$ (1,893,528)		

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, OHFA reported a liability of \$404,956 and \$527,453 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net pension liability. For the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA recognized pension expense of \$657,115 and \$414,556, respectively.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

The amount recognized by the Agency as its proportionate share of the net pension liability and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Agency were as follows at September 30:

	 2020	2019
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	0.30%	0.27%
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 404,956	\$ 527,453
Agency's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,195,297	\$ 4,547,539
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	7.79%	11.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.63%	97.96%

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA reported its proportionate share of the OPERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in proportionate share Differences between expected and actual economic experience Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	\$	52,199 - - 750,013	\$ (5,792) (95,292) (122,189)
	\$	802,212	\$ (223,273)
2010	O	Deferred utflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in proportionate share Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	\$	41,135 - 226,834 - 748,654	\$ (24,749) (297,054) - (86,281)
	\$	1,016,623	\$ (408,084)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$750,013 and \$748,654 related to pensions as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, resulting from OHFA contributions subsequent to the measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, were recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension
September 30,	Expense
2021	\$ 37,582
2022	(257,108)
2023	(12,536)
2024	60,988

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)

OPERS OPEB plan description

OHFA participates in the OPERS Health Insurance Subsidy Plan (HISP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee health insurance subsidy retirement plan which is administered by OPERS. The HISP is classified as an "other postemployment employee benefit."

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about OPERS OPEB fiduciary net position is available in separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information. These reports may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.opers.ok.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/CAFR-2019-OPERS.pdf; P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, OK 73152-3007; and telephone (800) 733-9008.

Benefits provided

HISP provides a health insurance premium subsidy for retirees of OPERS who elect to maintain health insurance with the Office of Management Enterprise Services (OMES) Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID) or other qualified insurance plan provided by the employers. The HISP subsidy is capped at \$105 per month per retiree. This subsidy continues until the retiree terminates health insurance coverage with EGID or other qualified plan, or until death. The subsidy is only for the retiree, not the joint annuitants or beneficiaries.

Contributions

The contribution rates for each member category of the plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board based on actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. An actuarially determined portion of the total contribution to OPERS is set aside to finance the cost of the benefits of the HISP in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

Each member participates based on their qualifying gross salary earned, excluding overtime. There is no cap on the qualifying gross salary earned, subject to IRS limitations on compensation. Only employers contribute to the HISP. The following contribution rates were in effect for State, County, and Local Agency Employees: For 2020 and 2019, state agency employers contributed 16.5% on all salary toward OPERS and HISP.

For the years ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, OHFA contributed approximately \$57,000 and \$52,000, respectively, to OPERS for the HISP.

Actuarial methods and assumptions

The total OPEB asset (liability) was determined based on actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 7% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates active participants and nondisabled pensioners RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disable pensioners set forward 12 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate 2.75%
- Payroll Growth 3.5%
- Actuarial cost method entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30 are summarized in the following table:

2019

)19	
		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.4%
Total	100.0%	
	018	
		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
	21.070	7.2/0
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.4%
	32.0%	
U.S. Fixed Income Total		

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7% for 2019 and 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset or liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following schedule presents the OHFA portion of the OPERS OPEB asset or liability calculated using the discount rates of 7%, as well as what OHFA's OPEB asset or liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, per the respective OPERS schedule of employer allocations and collective OPEB amounts.

	2019
	1% Decrease 1% Increase
	in Discount Discount in Discount
	Rate (6%) Rate (7%) Rate (8%)
OHFA's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability (asset)	\$ (18,670) \$ (118,198) \$ (203,808)
	2018
	1% Decrease 1% Increase
	in Discount Discount in Discount
	Rate (6%) Rate (7%) Rate (8%)
OHFA's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 55,718 \$ (34,996) \$ (113,021)

OPEB liabilities (assets), OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA reported assets of \$118,198 and \$34,996, respectively, for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB liability (asset). For the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA recognized OPEB revenue of \$6,724 and OPEB expense of \$56, respectively.

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 respectively, and the total OPEB asset or liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset or liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB asset or liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

The amount recognized by the Agency as its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset or liability and the total portion of the net OPEB asset or liability that was associated with the Agency were as follows at September 30:

	 2020	2019	_
Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.30%	0.27%	
Agency's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (118,198)	\$ (34,996)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of			
the total OPEB asset or liability	112.11%	103.94%	

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, OHFA reported its proportionate share of the OPERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		I	Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	Iı	nflows of
	Re	esources	R	Resources
2020:				
Change in proportionate share	\$	4,985	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		-		(96,046)
Changes in actuarial assumptions		17,761		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		(12,770)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date		53,415		-
	\$	76,161	\$	(108,816)
	D	eferred	I	Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	Iı	nflows of
	Re	esources	R	Resources
2019:				
Change in proportionate share	\$	2,089	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		-		(55,022)
Changes in actuarial assumptions		20,513		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		(32,453)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date		55,283		

Deferred outflows of resources of \$53,415 and \$55,283 related to OPEB as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, resulting from OHFA contributions subsequent to the measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, were recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB
September 30,	Expense
2021	\$ (24,947)
2022	(24,947)
2023	(15,552)
2024	(11,708)
2025	(8,916)

Note 11 – Risk Management

OHFA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction to assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. OHFA pays an annual premium to a private insurance carrier for its tort liability, property loss, workers' compensation, and general liability insurance coverage. OHFA purchases commercial employee life insurance and pays an annual premium for its employee health insurance coverage. There has not been any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Agency is not subject to significant risk of loss with respect to the above risks.

Note 12 – Contingencies

Intergovernmental Financial Assistance – OHFA administers various federal and state programs. These programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the awarding agencies and other organizations. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable program. The amount, if any, of expenditures disallowed cannot be determined at this time. OHFA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation – OHFA, in the normal course of business, is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, OHFA believes the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of OHFA.

Note 13 – Uncertainties

In March 2020, the pandemic outbreak of a novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 began to spread throughout the United States, resulting in emergency declarations by national, state and local governments and municipalities. As a result, many industries are experiencing disruptions to business operations and uncertainties in market value fluctuations of investments. While the disruptions are currently expected to be temporary, there is uncertainty surrounding the duration. OHFA acknowledges the continued spread of COVID-19 could potentially negatively impact operations; however, any related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Note 14 – Subsequent Event

In December 2020, OHFA issued \$30,000,000 of bonds (Series 2020B) to purchase mortgage-backed securities under the Agency's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 0.15% to 3.25% and maturities ranging from September 2021 to September 2050.



SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Six Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

		2020	2019			2018		2017		2016		2015
OHFA's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	30404844%	0.	27042901%	0.	.27571479%	0	.24714034%	0.	.23478392%	0.	25492617%
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	404,956	\$	527,453	\$	1,490,688	\$	2,352,317	\$	844,480	\$	467,953
OHFA's covered payroll	\$	5,195,297	\$	4,547,539	\$	4,809,522	\$	4,298,455	\$	4,374,297	\$	4,185,176
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		7.79%		11.60%		30.99%		54.72%		19.30%		11.18%
OPERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.63%		97.96%		94.28%		89.50%		96.00%		97.90%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last six fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Six Fiscal Years

2000 500 2 2500 2 500 5	202	0		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 800	,230	\$	698,746	\$ 741,664	\$ 709,245	\$ 721,759	\$ 690,554
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	800	,230		698,746	741,664	709,245	721,759	690,554
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 5,195	,297	\$ 4	4,547,539	\$ 4,809,522	\$ 4,298,455	\$ 4,374,297	\$ 4,185,176
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1	5.4%		15.4%	15.4%	16.5%	16.5%	16.5%

Only the last six fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Last Three Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

Last Times Tisear Tears		2020		2019		2018
OHFA's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.	.30404844%	0	.27042901%	0.	27571479%
OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(118,198)	\$	(34,996)	\$	31,580
OHFA's covered payroll	\$	5,195,297	\$	4,547,539	\$	4,809,552
OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		2.28%		0.77%		0.66%
OPERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset or liability		112.11%		103.94%		96.50%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last three fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Three Fiscal Years

Zast Taree Lisear Tears	2020	2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 56,991	\$	51,598	\$	51,912
Contributions in relation to the contractually required required contributions	 56,991		51,598		51,912
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 5,195,297	\$	4,547,539	\$	4,809,522
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.10%		1.13%		1.08%

Only the last three fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.



SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

		1991 es A & B		994 Master Indenture ccumulation Fund		2009 Series C IBP Master Indenture		2010 Series A 2009 C-1		2011 Series A 2009 C-2		2011 Series B 2009 C-3		2012 Series A 2009 C-4
Assets														
Noncurrent assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,704	\$	3,373,451	\$	3,038,922	\$	4,798	\$	114,512	\$		\$	967,405
Investments		33,386		19,234,411		-		9,188,112	-	15,004,756		13,915,075		36,506,044
Interest receivable		207		80,420		50		33,258		49,964		46,358		97,990
Total assets		41,297		22,688,282		3,038,972		9,226,168		15,169,232		14,763,502		37,571,439
Liabilities														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable - other		-		-		-		-		-		7,001		18,425
Interest payable		248		-		-		-		11,372		36,349		113,824
Current maturities of bonds														
and notes payable		26,400		-		-		-		-		-		1,350,000
Total current liabilities		26,648		-		-		-		11,372		43,350		1,482,249
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Bonds and notes payable,		1 4 1 40								2745 000		15 750 546		25 720 402
less current maturities		14,148				-		-		2,745,000		15,759,546		35,739,402
Total liabilities		40,796		_		_		-		2,756,372		15,802,896		37,221,651
Net Position Restricted for Single Family	¢	501	¢	22 400 202	¢	2 029 072	¢	0.226.169	¢.	12 412 060	¢	(1.020.204)	¢	240 700
Bond Programs	\$	501	3	22,688,282	\$	3,038,972	\$	9,226,168	Э.	12,412,860	Þ	(1,039,394)	Þ	349,788

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2020

	Ser	2013 ies A & B	2013 Series C & D	2018 Master Indenture Special Program Fund		2018 Series A	2019 Series A	2020 Series A		Total Single Family Bond Programs
Assets										
Noncurrent assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	833,602	\$ 1,316,595	5 \$ 9,363,619	\$	1,400,476	\$ 3,033,801	\$ 1,310,305	\$	25,567,259
Investments	Ф	633,002	23,983,209		Ф	37,704,938	60,706,486	55,247,698		313,191,504
Interest receivable		1	73,377			130,889	186,417	148,283		986,815
Total assets		833,603	25,373,181	51,170,609		39,236,303	63,926,704	56,706,286	1	339,745,578
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable - other		6,265	8,123			12,818	19,694	17,688		90,014
Interest payable		43,047	58,622	-		111,534	179,268	121,111		675,375
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable		628,650	755,390) -		1,340,000	1,265,000	1,240,000	1	6,605,440
Total current liabilities		677,962	822,135	5 -		1,464,352	1,463,962	1,378,799		7,370,829
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds and notes payable,										
less current maturities	1	7,391,405	18,947,259	-		35,015,956	65,056,014	49,325,374		239,994,104
Total liabilities	1	8,069,367	19,769,394	1 -		36,480,308	66,519,976	50,704,173		247,364,933
Net Position Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	¢ (1	7,235,764)	\$ 5,603,787	7 \$ 51,170,609	\$	2,755,995	\$ (2,593,272)	\$ 6,002,113	\$	92,380,645
Dona i rograms	\$ (1	1,233,704)	φ 5,005,767	φ 51,170,009	φ	4,133,333	ψ (2,393,212)	φ 0,002,113	<u>அ</u>	92,300,043

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	1991 Series A & B	1994 Master Indenture Accumulation Fund	2009 Series C NIBP Master Indenture	2010 Series A 2009 C-1	2011 Series A 2009 C-2	2011 Series B 2009 C-3	2012 Series A 2009 C-4
Operating Revenues							
Investment income Net increase (decrease) in	\$ 4,330	\$ 1,292,238	\$ 21,238	\$ 532,874	\$ 782,447	\$ 754,959	\$ 1,591,861
fair value of investments	(194)	(78,687)	-	(84,004)	44,213	(120,321)	332,046
Total operating revenues	4,136	1,213,551	21,238	448,870	826,660	634,638	1,923,907
Operating Expenses							
Interest on bonds and notes payable	4,231	-	-	11,923	190,254	463,537	1,079,632
Mortgage servicing fees	287	116,337	-	50,962	80,920	78,605	205,111
Trustees, issuer and other fees	83	6,104	-	67,246	105,823	110,176	286,598
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other general and administrative			3,759		-	_	
Total operating expenses	4,601	122,441	3,759	130,131	376,997	652,318	1,571,341
Operating income (loss) before transfers	(465)	1,091,110	17,479	318,739	449,663	(17,680)	352,566
Equity transfers in (out) Operating transfers out	-	(7,512,933)	-	(2,841,862)	(3,291,219)	902,500	(524,394) (5,452)
Increase (decrease) in net position	(465)	(6,421,823)	17,479	(2,523,123)	(2,841,556)	884,820	(177,280)
Total net position, beginning of year	966	29,110,105	3,021,493	11,749,291	15,254,416	(1,924,214)	527,068
Total net position, end of year	\$ 501	\$ 22,688,282	\$ 3,038,972	\$ 9,226,168	\$ 12,412,860	\$ (1,039,394)	\$ 349,788

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

			2018				
			Indenture				Total Single
	2013	2013	Special	2018	2019	2020	Family Bond
	Series A & B	Series C & D	Program Fund	Series A	Series A	Series A	Programs
Operating Revenues							
Investment income	\$ 369	\$ 1,130,244	\$ 1,281,747	\$ 1,615,862	\$ 2,395,472	\$ 638,608	\$ 12,042,249
Net increase (decrease) in							
fair value of investments		325,876	626,833	621,478	1,317,022	1,035,518	4,019,780
Total operating revenues	369	1,456,120	1,908,580	2,237,340	3,712,494	1,674,126	16,062,029
Operating Expenses							
Interest on bonds and notes payable	561,357	794,429	-	1,253,039	2,015,832	558,303	6,932,537
Mortgage servicing fees	-	127,495	191,167	197,669	293,584	86,670	1,428,807
Trustees, issuer and other fees	91,397	127,238	-	200,347	35,577	26,243	1,056,832
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-	=	530,220	530,220
Other general and administrative		-	-	-	-	-	3,759
Total operating expenses	652,754	1,049,162	191,167	1,651,055	2,344,993	1,201,436	9,952,155
Operating income (loss) before transfers	(652,385)	406,958	1,717,413	586,285	1,367,501	472,690	6,109,874
Equity transfers in (out)	6,324,500	(569,526)	6,363,520	187,901	(4,567,910)	5,529,423	-
Operating transfers out	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	(5,452)
Increase (decrease) in net position	5,672,115	(162,568)	8,080,933	774,186	(3,200,409)	6,002,113	6,104,422
Total net position, beginning of year	(22,907,879)	5,766,355	43,089,676	1,981,809	607,137	-	86,276,223
Total net position, end of year	\$ (17,235,764)	\$ 5,603,787	\$ 51,170,609	\$ 2,755,995	\$ (2,593,272)	\$ 6,002,113	\$ 92,380,645

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 21,453,100	\$ -	\$ 21,453,100
Investments	-	5,259,470	-	5,259,470
Accounts receivable (net of an allowance				
for doubtful accounts of \$1,559,621)	-	119,733	(90,014)	29,719
Accounts receivable - U.S. Department of				
Housing and Urban Development	-	716,349	-	716,349
Hedging receivable	-	113,808	-	113,808
Prepaid expenses	-	458,906	-	458,906
Interest receivable		307,610	-	307,610
Total current assets	-	28,428,976	(90,014)	28,338,962
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	25,567,259	-	-	25,567,259
Investments	313,191,504	-	-	313,191,504
Interest receivable	986,815	-	-	986,815
Program loans receivable	-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
OPEB asset	-	118,198	-	118,198
Long-term investments	-	64,622,799	-	64,622,799
Nondepreciated capital assets	-	550,000	-	550,000
Capital assets, net		2,683,225	-	2,683,225
Total noncurrent assets	339,745,578	71,974,222	-	411,719,800
Total assets	339,745,578	100,403,198	(90,014)	440,058,762
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	_	802,212	_	802,212
OPEB		76,161	-	76,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	878,373	-	878,373

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2020

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Liabilities	1108141115	1 0.10		10000
Current liabilities:				
Salaries and related expenses	-	756,024	-	756,024
Accounts payable - vendors and				
contractors	-	2,375	-	2,375
Accounts Payable - U.S. Department of				
Housing and Urban Development	-	899,956	-	899,956
Accounts payable - Family Self Sufficiency				
Program	-	136,753	-	136,753
Accounts payable - other	90,014	453,954	(90,014)	453,954
Unearned revenue	-	3,835,479	-	3,835,479
Compensated absences	-	1,120,253	-	1,120,253
Interest payable	675,375	1,434	-	676,809
Current maturities of bonds and				
notes payable	6,605,440	-	-	6,605,440
Total current liabilities	7,370,829	7,206,228	(90,014)	14,487,043
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Pension liability	-	404,956	-	404,956
Bonds and notes payable, less				
current maturities	239,994,104	-	-	239,994,104
Total noncurrent liabilities	239,994,104	404,956	-	240,399,060
Total liabilities	247,364,933	7,611,184	(90,014)	254,886,103
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension	-	223,273	-	223,273
OPEB	-	108,816	-	108,816
Accumulated increase in fair value of				
hedging derivatives		113,808	_	113,808
Total deferred inflows of resources		445,897		445,897
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets	_	3,233,225	-	3,233,225
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	92,380,645	-	-	92,380,645
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program	-	42,170	-	42,170
Unrestricted		89,949,095	-	89,949,095
Total net position	\$ 92,380,645	\$ 93,224,490	\$ -	\$ 185,605,135

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

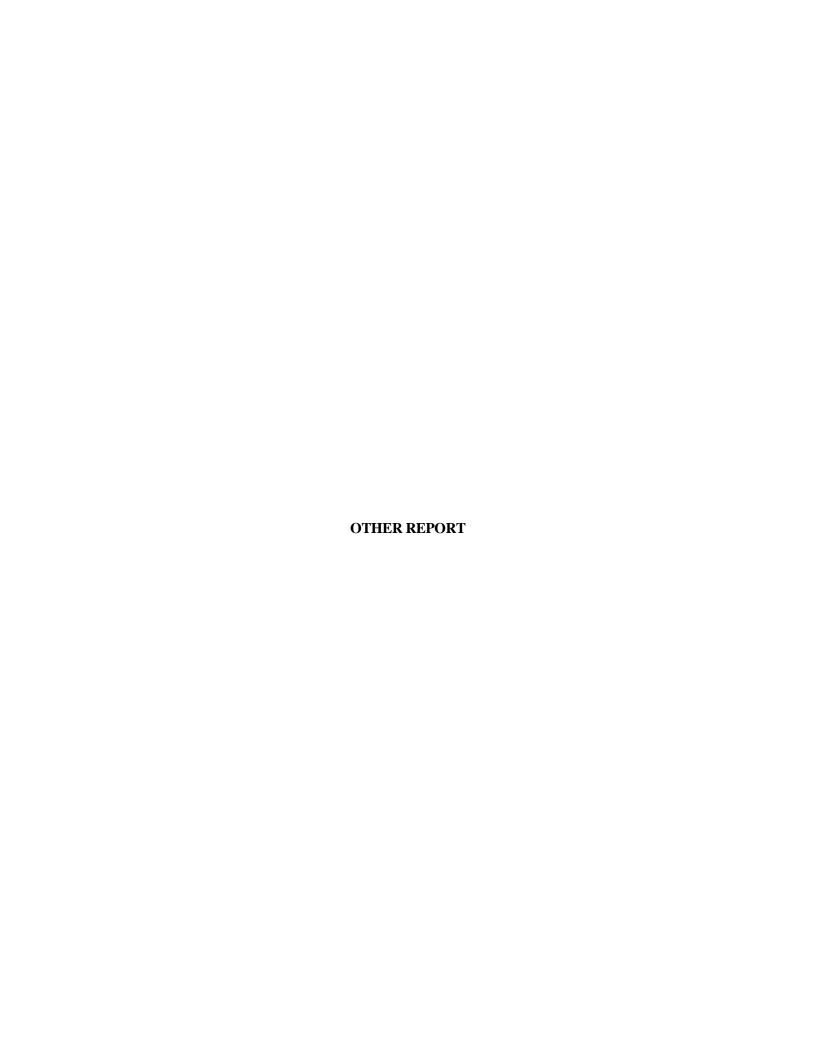
	Single Family	Agency		
	Bond	General		Combined
	Programs	Fund	Eliminations	Totals
Operating Revenues				
Investment income	\$ 12,042,249	\$ 2,158,716	\$ -	\$ 14,200,965
Program loan income	-	90,667	-	90,667
Net increase in fair value of investments	4,019,780	1,849,694	_	5,869,474
Realized gain on sale of investments	-	5,285,143	_	5,285,143
Fees and other income		14,602,998	(1,015,321)	13,587,677
Total operating revenues	16,062,029	23,987,218	(1,015,321)	39,033,926
Operating Expenses				
Interest on bonds and notes payable	6,932,537	140,094	_	7,072,631
Mortgage servicing fees	1,428,807	-	_	1,428,807
Trustees, issuer and other fees	1,056,832	-	(1,015,321)	41,511
Bond issue costs	530,220	-	-	530,220
Salaries and related expenses	-	9,458,109	-	9,458,109
Other general and administrative	3,759	2,895,498	-	2,899,257
Total operating expenses	9,952,155	12,493,701	(1,015,321)	21,430,535
Operating income	6,109,874	11,493,517	-	17,603,391
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Federal and state program revenues	_	145,175,133	_	145,175,133
Federal and state program expenses	-	(146,052,513)	-	(146,052,513)
Total nonoperating loss		(877,380)	-	(877,380)
Income before transfers	6,109,874	10,616,137	-	16,726,011
Transfers	(5,452)	5,452		
Increase in net position	6,104,422	10,621,589	-	16,726,011
Total net position, beginning of year	86,276,223	82,602,901		168,879,124
Total net position, end of year	\$ 92,380,645	\$ 93,224,490	\$ -	\$ 185,605,135

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Bond Frograms	General Land	Eliminacions	Totals
Receipts from fees	\$ -	\$ 17,027,856	\$ (1,015,321)	\$ 16,012,535
Receipts from program loan payments	-	90,667	-	90,667
Receipts from other sources	-	183,905	-	183,905
Payments to employees	-	(9,229,112)	_	(9,229,112)
Payments to suppliers	-	(1,492,261)	-	(1,492,261)
Payments for bond fees	(1,421,424)	-	-	(1,421,424)
Payments for trustee and other fees	(1,060,591)	-	1,015,321	(45,270)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,482,015)	6,581,055	-	4,099,040
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable	51,671,136	241,800,000	-	293,471,136
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable	(39,611,088)	(241,800,000)	-	(281,411,088)
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable	(6,915,709)	(142,112)	_	(7,057,821)
Payment of bond issuance costs	(530,220)	-	-	(530,220)
Receipt of federal and state program revenues	-	145,175,133	-	145,175,133
Payment of federal and state program expenses	-	(146,052,513)	-	(146,052,513)
Transfers	(5,452)	5,452	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital				
financing activities	4,608,667	(1,014,040)	-	3,594,627
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition of capital assets		(680,882)	-	(680,882)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(680,882)	-	(680,882)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments	(103,001,452)	(350,812,451)	-	(453,813,903)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	80,984,078	343,380,222	-	424,364,300
Interest received on investments	12,094,400	2,067,209	-	14,161,609
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,922,974)	(5,365,020)	-	(15,287,994)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(7,796,322)	(478,887)	-	(8,275,209)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	33,363,581	21,931,987	-	55,295,568
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 25,567,259	\$ 21,453,100	\$ -	\$ 47,020,359
Cash and Cash Equivalents as Reported in Statement of Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 21,453,100	\$ -	\$ 21,453,100
Restricted	25,567,259	-	-	25,567,259
	\$ 25,567,259	\$ 21,453,100	\$ -	\$ 47,020,359

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$ 6,109,874	\$ 11,493,517	\$ -	\$ 17,603,391
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	477,695	-	477,695
Interest from investments	(12,042,249)	(2,158,716)	-	(14,200,965)
Bond issue costs	530,220	-	-	530,220
Net increase in fair value of investments	(4,019,780)	(1,849,694)	-	(5,869,474)
Realized gain on sale of investments	-	(5,285,143)	-	(5,285,143)
Interest on bonds and notes payable	6,932,537	140,094	-	7,072,631
Change in operating assets, liabilities, deferred				
outflows, and deferred inflows:				
Accounts receivable and HUD receivable	-	(7,033)	-	(7,033)
Prepaid expenses	-	(22,024)	-	(22,024)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,383	877,393	-	884,776
Hedging receivable or payable	-	(119,769)	-	(119,769)
Unearned revenue	-	2,929,064	-	2,929,064
Pension payable	-	(122,497)	-	(122,497)
OPEB receivable or payable	-	(83,202)	-	(83,202)
Deferred outflows	-	222,096	-	222,096
Deferred inflows	-	(49,662)	-	(49,662)
Compensated absences		138,936	_	138,936
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,482,015)	\$ 6,581,055	\$ -	\$ 4,099,040





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Hogan Taylor UP

January 25, 2021



SINGLE AUDIT SUPPLEMENT

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020



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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

	Federal CFDA	Passed Through to	Total Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program Lower Income Housing Assistance Program - Section 8	14.195	\$ -	\$ 80,921,633
Moderate Rehabilitation	14.856	_	162,833
Section 8 Project - Based Cluster		-	81,084,466
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program	14.871	-	63,887,281
COVID-19 - Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program	14.871		43,036
Section 8 - Housing Choice Voucher Program			63,930,317
PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.896		213,207
Total Section 8 Related		-	145,227,990
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	281,826	337,788
Housing Trust Fund	14.275	1,475,345	1,707,341
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	7,010,326	7,510,767
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 8,767,497	\$ 154,783,886

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

September 30, 2020

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Agency, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Agency.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The Agency has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act)

Total funds expended under the Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$63,930,317, of which \$43,036 were CARES Act administrative fee expenditures.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Hogan Taylor UP

January 25, 2021



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency's (the Agency), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Agency's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The Agency's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Agency's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Agency's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Agency's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the Agency as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements and issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Hogan Taylor UP

January 25, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2020

$Section \ I-Summary \ of \ Auditor's \ Results$

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Finan	cial	Statements

Type of Auditor's report issued:	Unmodified			
	Yes	No	None Reported	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		X	X	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X		
Federal Awards	Yes	No	None Reported	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		X	X	
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		X		
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name	e of Federal Pr	ogram or Cluster	
14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program			
14.239	HOME Investment Partnerships Program			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2020

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$4,643,517		
_	Yes	No	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X		
Section II – Financial Statement Findings			
None			
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	S		

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended September 30, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None