



Financial Statements  
June 30, 2021 and 2020

# Oklahoma Insurance Department

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## Independent Auditor's Report

State of Oklahoma  
Oklahoma Insurance Department

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oklahoma Insurance Department (the "Department") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Oklahoma that is attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Oklahoma as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, or the changes in its financial position, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements. The schedules of receipts, transfers, disbursements and changes in cash balance are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules of receipts, transfers, disbursements and changes in cash balance and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of receipts, transfers, disbursements and changes in cash balance and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2021, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
October 27, 2021

As management of the Oklahoma Insurance Department (the "Department"), we offer readers of the Department's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

### **Financial Highlights**

#### 2021

- During 2021, the Department earned revenues of \$389 million, which included net revenues of \$336 million of premium and other taxes, net of refunds. This is an increase of approximately \$7 million in total revenues from the prior year.
- Approximately 53% of expenditures during fiscal year 2021 related to direct regulatory and enforcement activities.
- The net position of the Department decreased \$500,000, resulting in a net position of \$27.5 million at June 30, 2021.

#### 2020

- During 2020, the Department earned revenues of \$382 million, which included net revenues of \$328 million of premium and other taxes, net of refunds. This is an increase of approximately \$18 million in total revenues from the prior year.
- Approximately 52% of expenditures during fiscal year 2020 related to direct regulatory and enforcement activities.
- The net position of the Department decreased \$4.3 million, resulting in a net position of \$28 million at June 30, 2020.

#### 2019

- During 2019, the Department earned revenues of \$364 million, which included net revenues of \$320 million of premium and other taxes, net of refunds. This is an increase of approximately \$6.2 million in total revenues from the prior year.
- Approximately 40% of expenditures during fiscal year 2019 related to direct regulatory and enforcement activities.
- The net position of the Department increased \$6.5 million, resulting in a net position of \$32.3 million at June 30, 2019.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Department's basic financial statements. The Department's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statements of net position present information on all of the Department's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Department is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of activities present information showing how the Department's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All governmental activities of the Department are reflected in the general fund. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-general fund provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Department maintains two types of funds: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Information is presented separately for the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds. All transactions related to the general administration of the Department are accounted for in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-general fund, whereas the fiduciary funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The Department's net position is reported as follows:

**Oklahoma Insurance Department's Net Position**

	2021	2020	2019
Current assets	\$ 91,371,477	\$ 90,413,353	\$ 94,557,198
Capital assets, net	<u>10,801,399</u>	<u>11,159,397</u>	<u>5,624,136</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 102,172,876</u>	<u>\$ 101,572,750</u>	<u>\$ 100,181,334</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 74,689,133</u>	<u>\$ 73,579,974</u>	<u>\$67,929,339</u>
Net position (deficit)			
Net investment in capital assets	8,987,931	7,546,278	5,624,136
Restricted for statutorily required transfers	20,791,564	17,922,633	18,528,948
Unrestricted	<u>(2,295,752)</u>	<u>2,523,865</u>	<u>8,098,911</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 27,483,743</u>	<u>\$ 27,992,776</u>	<u>\$ 32,251,995</u>



Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

**Oklahoma Insurance Department's Changes in Net Position**

	2021	2020	2019
Program revenues			
Charges for service	\$ 51,378,885	\$ 52,163,164	\$ 43,198,022
Sales and service	47,842	45,440	51,091
Federal operating grant revenue	<u>1,200,395</u>	<u>1,054,071</u>	<u>1,039,532</u>
Total program revenues	52,627,122	53,262,675	44,288,645
General revenues			
Premium and other taxes, net of refunds	<u>336,835,103</u>	<u>328,257,116</u>	<u>320,023,498</u>
Total revenues	389,462,225	381,519,791	364,312,143
Total expenses	<u>13,215,921</u>	<u>13,552,413</u>	<u>13,109,422</u>
Excess of revenues before transfers	<u>376,246,304</u>	<u>367,967,378</u>	<u>351,202,721</u>
Transfers in/out and Other Sources			
General fund of the State of Oklahoma	(209,828,258)	(199,292,882)	(187,151,539)
Specific accounts of the State of Oklahoma and net transfers to agency funds	<u>(166,927,079)</u>	<u>(172,933,715)</u>	<u>(157,530,074)</u>
Total transfers in/out	<u>(376,755,337)</u>	<u>(372,226,597)</u>	<u>(344,681,613)</u>
Changes in net position	(509,033)	(4,259,219)	6,521,108
Net position, beginning of year	<u>27,992,776</u>	<u>32,251,995</u>	<u>25,730,887</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 27,483,743</u>	<u>\$ 27,992,776</u>	<u>\$ 32,251,995</u>

Our discussion and analysis of the Department's financial performance provides an overview of the Department's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Program revenues are variable from year to year. A significant portion of the "charges for service" revenue is comprised of biennial licensing fees for licensed professionals in the state. The licenses are issued for a 24-month period. This renewal cycle creates a fluctuation in associated revenues in the same pattern. Carrier appointment fees are on a yearly schedule and fluctuate depending on the needs of the Insurance Carrier. The yearly open appointment renewal period, when Carriers can pay their bulk invoices for renewals, runs from November-December 31 of each year. The Department experienced a 3% increase in premium and other taxes for fiscal year 2021 and a 3% increase in premium and other taxes for fiscal year 2020. The increase in revenue is a result of an increase in reported premiums collected by the companies operating within the state. Other premium-based taxes reflected a similar trend for the year, resulting in an overall increase in tax revenue available for distribution of \$8,577,987 for fiscal year 2021. There was an overall increase of tax revenue of \$8,233,618 and an increase of \$3,244,507 for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Program revenues are all specifically identified for Department distribution. The change in total transfers out for fiscal years June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 compared to the respective prior year is a result of the increase or decrease in program revenues and final distribution based on current statutory requirements. Total Department liabilities at June 30, 2021 were approximately \$1.1 million more than the prior year. Total department liabilities at June 30, 2020 were \$5.7 million more than the prior year.

At June 30, 2020, the Department had unrestricted net deficit of (\$2,295,752). At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department had unrestricted net position of \$2,523,865, and \$8,098,911, respectively.

**Budget-to-Actual Expenditures**

Year Ended June 30, 2021					
	Original Budget	Revision	Revised Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
<b>Budgeted Revenues</b>					
Licenses, permits, and fees	\$ 15,254,025	\$ -	\$ 15,254,025	\$ 26,051,798	\$ 10,797,773
Federal funds	1,173,511	-	1,173,511	1,200,395	26,884
<b>Total budgeted revenues</b>	<b>\$ 16,427,536</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 16,427,536</b>	<b>\$ 27,252,193</b>	<b>\$ 10,824,657</b>
<b>Budgeted expenditures</b>					
Personnel and professional services	\$ 12,152,110	\$ (86,000)	\$ 12,066,110	\$ 11,204,346	\$ 861,764
Travel and expense reimbursement	321,761	-	321,761	39,676	282,085
Contractual services	858,116	-	858,116	796,912	61,204
Supplies and materials	22,400	(5,000)	17,400	5,926	11,474
Equipment	1,914,618	132,000	2,046,618	1,949,084	97,534
Other	1,158,531	(41,000)	1,117,531	836,639	280,892
<b>Total budgeted expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 16,427,536</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 16,427,536</b>	<b>\$ 14,832,583</b>	<b>\$ 1,594,953</b>
Year Ended June 30, 2020					
	Original Budget	Revision	Revised Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
<b>Budgeted Revenues</b>					
Licenses, permits, and fees	\$ 15,925,509	\$ -	\$ 15,925,509	\$ 22,779,148	\$ 6,853,639
Federal funds	1,184,385	-	1,184,385	1,054,071	(130,314)
<b>Total budgeted revenues</b>	<b>\$ 17,109,894</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 17,109,894</b>	<b>\$ 23,833,219</b>	<b>\$ 6,723,325</b>
<b>Budgeted expenditures</b>					
Personnel and professional services	\$ 12,415,614	\$ (415,000)	\$ 12,000,614	\$ 11,477,479	\$ 523,135
Travel and expense reimbursement	370,143	(34,000)	336,143	138,524	197,619
Contractual services	832,020	368,373	1,200,393	754,032	446,361
Supplies and materials	23,000	-	23,000	15,675	7,325
Equipment	2,248,880	70,627	2,319,507	2,587,135	(267,628)
Other	1,220,237	10,000	1,230,237	637,825	592,412
<b>Total budgeted expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 17,109,894</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 17,109,894</b>	<b>\$ 15,610,670</b>	<b>\$ 1,499,224</b>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

	Year Ended June 30, 2019				
	Original Budget	Revision	Revised Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Budgeted Revenues					
Licenses, permits, and fees	18,766,908	-	18,766,908	19,730,345	963,437
Federal funds	1,233,092	-	1,233,092	1,039,532	(193,560)
Total budgeted revenues	<u>\$ 20,000,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 20,769,877</u>	<u>\$ 769,877</u>
Budgeted expenditures					
Personnel and professional services	\$ 12,493,010	\$ (534,816)	\$ 11,958,194	\$ 11,621,833	\$ 336,361
Travel and expense reimbursement	348,229	(45,000)	303,229	273,359	29,870
Contractual services	757,776	(10,000)	747,776	663,862	83,914
Supplies and materials	28,159	-	28,159	25,423	2,736
Equipment	5,174,855	612,816	5,787,671	5,575,170	212,501
Other	1,197,971	(23,000)	1,174,971	580,857	594,114
Total budgeted expenditures	<u>\$ 20,000,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,740,504</u>	<u>\$ 1,259,496</u>

## 2021

The variance between the 2021 total revenue and expenditures and the original budget was due to reallocation of funds among departments to pay for additional expenses related to technology needs.

In 2021, overall Department expenditures were \$1.6 million less than the amounts budgeted. The most significant variances were in personnel costs, travel and expense reimbursement, professional services, and miscellaneous administrative expense. The department budgets to achieve goals and targets of all services and departments while making an effort to keep expenditures down.

## 2020

The variance between the final 2020 budgeted total revenues and expenditures and the original budget was due to reallocation of funds among departments for additional building construction and professional service expenditures.

In 2020, overall Department expenditures were \$1.5 million less than the amounts budgeted. The most significant variances were in personnel costs, travel and expense reimbursement, equipment and other expenditures. The Department budgets to achieve goals and targets of all services and departments. Cost saving measures are continually evaluated in an effort to keep expenditures down without impacting services.

## 2019

The variance between the final 2019 budgeted total revenues and expenditures and the original budget was due to reallocation of funds among departments for additional professional services expenditures.

In 2019, overall Department expenditures were \$1.3 million less than the amounts budgeted. The most significant variances were in personnel costs, travel and expense reimbursement, equipment and other expenditures. The Department usually budgets to its limits but attempts to keep expenditures at a level close to or below the actual revenue for the year so as not to deplete its reserves.

### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, the Department had total investments of \$12,273,000, \$12,151,000, and \$7,098,000, respectively, in capital assets, including a new building, computer equipment and software, office equipment, and furniture. Net of accumulated depreciation, the Department's net capital assets at June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, totaled approximately \$10,801,000, \$11,159,000, and \$5,624,000, respectively.

### Debt

House Bill (HB) 2308 authorized the agreement between the Commissioner of the Land Office and the Office of Management and Enterprise Services to contract with the Department for the construction of a commercial office building located at 400 NE 50th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The agreement for the building authorized the appraisal and payment value of the commercial site at \$9,528,000. The Department has paid \$7.8 million to date towards the purchase. The remaining balance will be paid in fiscal year 2022.

### Description of Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions that are Expected to Have a Significant Effect on the Financial Position or Results of Operations

The fiscal year 2022 budget for the Department was approved by the Office of Management & Enterprise Services. The change in anticipated expenditures, which will have no effect on future operations, is reflected by funding sources as follows:

Funding Source	2022 Budget Compared to 2021	2021 Budget Compared to 2020	2020 Budget Compared to 2019
Revolving funds	\$ 4,420,486	\$ (505,283)	\$ (2,841,399)
Other funds	80,840	(177,075)	(48,707)
Total budget change	<u>\$ 4,501,326</u>	<u>\$ (682,358)</u>	<u>\$ (2,890,106)</u>

For the year ending June 30, 2022, the change in funding is due to budgeted investments in technology upgrades throughout the department, which includes a system for revenue tracking, policy analysis software, and tax reporting automation suite.

### Contacting the Department's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the Department's finances and to demonstrate the Department's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Oklahoma Insurance Department, 400 NE 50th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

# Oklahoma Insurance Department

## Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash, including short-term investments	\$ 65,197,154	\$ 65,775,026
Premium and other taxes receivable	<u>26,174,323</u>	<u>24,638,327</u>
Total current assets	<u>91,371,477</u>	<u>90,413,353</u>
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>10,801,399</u>	<u>11,159,397</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 102,172,876</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 101,572,750</u></u>
Liabilities and net position		
Liabilities		
Amount due to		
General fund of the State of Oklahoma	\$ 29,587,251	\$ 27,413,977
Firefighters Retirement System	15,170,675	20,146,367
State Department of Education	9,933,180	-
Police Retirement System	5,899,707	7,834,698
Law Enforcement Retirement System	2,107,038	2,798,107
State Attorney General	<u>210,563</u>	<u>219,940</u>
Total amount due to	<u>62,908,414</u>	<u>58,413,089</u>
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	490,090	472,251
Premium and other tax refunds payable	3,303,322	3,561,698
Unearned tax revenue	5,382,759	6,715,694
Current portion of long-term debt	1,784,731	1,799,651
Compensated absences	<u>791,080</u>	<u>804,123</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>11,751,982</u>	<u>13,353,417</u>
Long-term debt, net of current portion	<u>28,737</u>	<u>1,813,468</u>
Total liabilities	<u>74,689,133</u>	<u>73,579,974</u>
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets	8,987,931	7,546,278
Restricted for statutorily required transfers	20,791,564	17,922,633
Unrestricted	<u>(2,295,752)</u>	<u>2,523,865</u>
Total net position	<u>27,483,743</u>	<u>27,992,776</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u><u>\$ 102,172,876</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 101,572,750</u></u>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Statement of Activities  
Year Ended June 30, 2021

		REVENUE		
	Expenses	Sales and Charges for Service	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenue
Governmental activities				
General government				
Operations	12,075,952	\$ 51,426,727	\$ -	\$ 39,350,775
Total general government	12,075,952	51,426,727	-	39,350,775
Grant programs	1,139,969	-	1,200,395	60,426
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 13,215,921</u>	<u>\$ 51,426,727</u>	<u>\$ 1,200,395</u>	<u>39,411,201</u>
General revenues				
Premium and other taxes				340,140,659
Less refunds				<u>(3,305,556)</u>
Total general revenues				<u>336,835,103</u>
Other uses				
Transfers in/out				
General fund of the State of Oklahoma				(209,828,258)
Special cash fund of the State of Oklahoma				(6,500,000)
Specific accounts of the State of Oklahoma				<u>(160,427,079)</u>
Total other uses				<u>(376,755,337)</u>
Changes in net position				(509,033)
Net position, beginning of year				<u>27,992,776</u>
Net position, end of year				<u>\$ 27,483,743</u>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Statement of Activities  
Year Ended June 30, 2020

		REVENUE		
	Expenses	Sales and Charges for Service	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenue
Governmental activities				
General government				
Operations	\$ 12,433,000	\$ 52,208,604	\$ -	\$ 39,775,604
Total general government	12,433,000	52,208,604	-	39,775,604
Grant programs	1,119,413	-	1,054,071	(65,342)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 13,552,413</u>	<u>\$ 52,208,604</u>	<u>\$ 1,054,071</u>	<u>39,710,262</u>
General revenues				
Premium and other taxes				331,847,517
Less refunds				<u>(3,590,401)</u>
Total general revenues				<u>328,257,116</u>
Other uses				
Transfers in/out				
General fund of the State of Oklahoma				(199,292,882)
Special cash fund of the State of Oklahoma				(12,500,000)
Specific accounts of the State of Oklahoma				<u>(160,433,715)</u>
Total other uses				<u>(372,226,597)</u>
Changes in net position				(4,259,219)
Net position, beginning of year				<u>32,251,995</u>
Net position, end of year				<u>\$ 27,992,776</u>

# Oklahoma Insurance Department

## Balance Sheets – General Fund

June 30, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets		
Assets		
Cash, including short-term investments	\$ 65,197,154	\$ 65,775,026
Premium and other taxes receivable	<u>26,174,323</u>	<u>24,638,327</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 91,371,477</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 90,413,353</u></u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Amount due to		
General fund of the State of Oklahoma	29,587,251	27,413,977
Firefighters Retirement System	15,170,675	20,146,367
Police Retirement System	5,899,707	7,834,698
Law Enforcement Retirement System	2,107,038	2,798,107
State Department of Education	9,933,180	-
State Attorney General	<u>210,563</u>	<u>219,940</u>
Total amount due to	62,908,414	58,413,089
Accounts payable	490,090	472,251
Premium and other tax refunds payable	3,303,322	3,561,698
Unearned tax revenue	<u>5,382,759</u>	<u>6,715,694</u>
Total liabilities	<u>72,084,585</u>	<u>69,162,732</u>
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred revenue	<u>13,395,085</u>	<u>13,289,976</u>
Fund balances		
Restricted - statutorily required transfers	7,396,479	4,632,657
Assigned - encumbrances	492,633	536,120
Unassigned	<u>(1,997,305)</u>	<u>2,791,868</u>
Total fund balances	<u>5,891,807</u>	<u>7,960,645</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u><u>\$ 91,371,477</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 90,413,353</u></u>



Oklahoma Insurance Department

Reconciliation of Statements of Balance Sheets – General Fund to Statements of Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

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	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Reconciliation of Fund Balances to Net Position		
Total fund balances from above	\$ 5,891,807	\$ 7,960,645
Amounts reported in the statements of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the fund		
Capital assets of \$12,273,839 and \$12,151,472 and net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,472,440 and \$992,345 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively	10,801,399	11,159,397
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund:		
Long-term debt	(1,813,468)	(3,613,119)
Accrued compensated absences	(791,080)	(804,123)
Deferred inflows of resources - deferred inflows that do not meet the earnings criteria and therefore reported in the fund:		
Deferred revenue	<u>13,395,085</u>	<u>13,289,976</u>
	<u>\$ 27,483,743</u>	<u>\$ 27,992,776</u>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund  
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Federal grant revenues	\$ 1,200,395	\$ 1,054,071
Program income	51,427,624	52,210,742
Premium and other taxes, net of refunds	336,729,994	326,901,931
Total revenues	389,358,013	380,166,744
Expenditures		
Administrative overhead		
Operations:		
Oklahoma City	2,779,659	3,385,730
Tulsa	96,665	98,608
Executive	574,548	613,961
Comptroller/Premium Tax	931,401	970,001
Information technology	839,069	661,517
Legal	917,256	911,935
Communications	488,572	490,130
Rate and form	10,714	-
Human Resources	278,403	323,672
Total administrative overhead	6,916,287	7,455,554
Agent licensing/title	563,604	713,358
Consumer assistance/claims	1,072,429	1,086,013
Financial Services	2,752,559	2,955,892
Regulated Industry Services	283,910	261,596
Publications and outreach	1,069,825	1,083,552
Bail bonds	378,234	360,608
Real estate appraisal	568,015	560,757
Fraud	546,758	609,371
Field Operations	373,541	377,115
Captives	62,087	4,465
Pharmacy benefits management compliance	43,446	-
Debt Service	40,819	44,006
Total expenditures	14,671,514	15,512,287
Excess of revenues over expenditures	374,686,499	364,654,457
Other funding sources/uses		
Lease	-	(23,077)
General fund of the State of Oklahoma	(209,828,258)	(199,292,882)
Specific accounts of the State of Oklahoma	(166,927,079)	(172,933,715)
Total other funding sources/uses	(376,755,337)	(372,249,674)
Net change in fund balances	(2,068,838)	(7,595,217)
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,960,645	15,555,862
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,891,807	\$ 7,960,645

# Oklahoma Insurance Department

## Reconciliation of Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund to the Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net changes in fund balance - general fund	\$ (2,068,838)	\$ (7,595,217)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while government-wide activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets		
Depreciation expense	(485,169)	(479,225)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(896)	(2,137)
Capital asset purchases capitalized	<u>128,067</u>	<u>6,016,623</u>
	<u>(357,998)</u>	<u>5,535,261</u>
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Changes in accrued compensated absences	13,043	(43,181)
Change in leased asset liability	35,651	16,735
Long-term debt, such as bond proceeds, are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of activities, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Debt issued	-	(9,528,000)
Debt paid	<u>1,764,000</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>
	<u>1,764,000</u>	<u>(3,528,000)</u>
Because some premium taxes will not be collected for several months after the Department's fiscal year-end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental fund	<u>105,109</u>	<u>1,355,183</u>
Changes in net position, per statement of activities	<u>\$ (509,033)</u>	<u>\$ (4,259,219)</u>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
 Statements of Fiduciary Net Position  
 Custodial Fund – Bail Bondsmen Fund  
 Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

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	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash, including short-term investments	<u>\$ 16,008</u>	<u>\$ 16,008</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>
Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Bail bondsmen	<u>16,008</u>	<u>16,008</u>
	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>

Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Custodial Fund – Bail Bondsmen Fund  
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

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	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Additions		
Appropriations	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,800</u>
Disbursements	<u>-</u>	<u>16,500</u>
Net Decrease in Fiduciary Net Position	-	(9,700)
Net Position, beginning of year	<u>16,008</u>	<u>25,708</u>
Net Position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,008</u></u>

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies****Nature of Organization**

The financial statements of the Oklahoma Insurance Department (the "Department") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Department's accounting policies are described below.

**Reporting Entity**

The Department was created by Article VI of the Oklahoma State Constitution in 1907. The Department is a department of the State of Oklahoma (the "State") and is included within the State's General Fund-Regulatory Services. The Department regulates and oversees the insurance industry through administration and enforcement of the Oklahoma Insurance Code. In exercising that single program, the Department has the following responsibilities as specified in the Oklahoma statutes:

- The approval of the organization of domestic insurance companies and the approval of applications by foreign insurance companies to do business in the state;
- Licensing of all insurers authorized to do business in the state, along with the collections of licensing fees and premium taxes;
- Audit and examination of the affairs of insurers at least once every 5 years;
- Licensing, supervision, and regulation of all insurance agents and adjusters; and
- Administration of the licensing, supervision, and regulation of bail bondsmen, the collection of bond forfeitures, and the supervision of bond deposits.

The Department also regulates the investment practices of insurance companies, approves new policy forms and reinsurance agreements, processes complaints made by the public against insurers, licensed real estate appraisers, and approves companies that perform utilization reviews. Refer to Title 36, Sections 301 et seq., as amended, of the Oklahoma Statutes for more information.

In accordance with GASB, the Department's financial statements should include the operations of all organizations for which the Department has financial accountability. The Department has determined there are no other organizations for which it has financial accountability.

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)****Basis of Presentation and Accounting**

The financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the remaining fund information of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Department, and not those of the entire State.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statements of activities demonstrate the degree to which the direct expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with the Department's function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the Department's function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Available is defined by the Department as 60 days after fiscal year-end. Revenues measurable but not available are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The major revenue source susceptible to accrual is premium taxes.

The agency fund uses the accrual basis of accounting and does not measure the results of operations.

The operations of the Department are recorded in the following fund types:

**Governmental Fund Type** - Governmental funds are accounted for using a spending (or current financial resources) measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are included on their balance sheets. Their operations present sources and uses of available spendable resources during a given period of time.

**General fund** - This fund is used to account for the Department's expendable financial resources and related liabilities. All transactions related to the general administration of the Department are accounted for in this fund.

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

**Custodial fund** - This fund is custodial in nature. These funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Payments of allegedly invalid fees or taxes under protest are deposited and retained for a period of 60 days to allow the remitter to file suit. If within 60 days, a summons is not served in a suit for the recovery of said fees or taxes, or a specified part thereof, the funds shall be considered earned by the Department and transferred out of the agency fund. However, if a written protest is made and a suit is filed in a timely manner, the fees paid under protest shall be retained pending a final determination of the suit.

The majority of monies received by the Department are designated as to how they can be transferred or used. Such designations are disclosed in Note 2. The Department retains full control of all monies to achieve the designated purposes.

**Securities**

Securities owned by insurance companies doing business in the State are held for safekeeping at the Department. Such securities deposited are not included in the Department's financial statements. Likewise, deposits from bail bondsmen doing business in the State are received by the Department, where they are held in safekeeping and accounted for. These deposits held in safekeeping are not included in the Department's financial statements unless a bail bond is forfeited, or the license of a professional bondsman is revoked. At that point, the deposit from the bail bondsman is deposited into the Department's agency fund cash account entitled "Bail Bondsmen Account," and the deposit is remitted to the county courts or to the bail bondsman at the direction of the various courts.

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances but are capitalized in the statements of net position. Capital assets are stated at actual or estimated historical cost in the statements of net position.

Capital assets are defined as assets with initial costs of \$500 or more. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment and software	3 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture	7 years
Building	40 years

A full year's depreciation is taken in the year an asset is placed in service. When assets are disposed of, depreciation is removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recorded.



**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)****Compensated Absences**

Employees earn annual vacation leave based upon their start date and years of service. Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 240 hours for employees with less than five years of service and 480 hours for employees with five or more years of service. All accrued annual leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death. Sick leave does not vest to the employee and, therefore, is not recorded as a liability. The liability and expense incurred for employee paid time off are recorded as accrued leave obligation in the statement of net position, and as a component of operating, general, and administrative expenses in the statement of activities.

**Income Taxes**

The Department, as an integral part of the State, is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

**Cash Accounts**

The cash accounts of the Department are organized on a functional basis. Expenditures are allocated among the various cash accounts by management based on statutory requirements and cash balance requirements.

The various monies received or disbursed are recorded in one of the following accounts in accordance with the statutes and intent of how the monies are to be expended:

**Department Clearing Account** - All receipts of the Department, except for the appropriation from the State, receipts of federal funds, and deposits made by bail bondsmen, are deposited into the Department Clearing Account. Transfers to the various funds of the Department and the State are made monthly from this account. Refunds for overpayments and receipts returned for insufficient funds are the only disbursements made other than transfers to other funds.

In accordance with the Oklahoma statutes, a percentage of the premium taxes is used to fund the Firefighters, Police, and Law Enforcement Retirement systems. The remainder goes to the State's General Revenue Fund. The monies collected and allocated by the Department are transferred directly from the Department Clearing Account and Protest Escrow Account on a monthly basis to the Firefighters, Police, and Law Enforcement Retirement systems.

**Department Revolving Account** - This account operates on a continuing basis. The revenues consist of monies received by the Department and transferred from the Department Clearing Account. These revenues include insurance policy and rate filing fees, review fees of an insurance company's annual statement, certain agent licenses and fees as designated by statute, fees for furnishing study manuals, examination fees, licensing and examining bail bondsmen, fraud assessment fees, and fees for copies of records. These revenues are used by the Department to pay for operating expenses.

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

In accordance with the Oklahoma statutes, 25% of the fraud assessment fees collected by the Department are transferred directly from the Department Clearing Account to the State Attorney General.

**Federal Grant Program Account** - This account contains grant monies received from the federal government for the operation of the agency's Medicare assistance programs. The expenditures for this account are restricted to the uses directed by the federal agency awarding the grant.

**Special Payroll Account** - This account is used to pay the Department's monthly payroll. Transfers are made from the General Operating Account, the Department Revolving Account, the Federal Grant Program Account, and the Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account to the Special Payroll Account for payment of each monthly payroll.

**Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account** - This account was created as a result of the Real Estate Appraisers Act and operates on a continuing basis. The revenues consist of monies received by the Department that are first deposited into the Department Clearing Account and then transferred to the Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account. These revenues include fees for examinations and certification of real estate appraisers and are used by the Department to pay for operating expenses.

**Anti-Fraud Account** – This account is used for the purpose of administering investigations of abuse, negligence or criminal conduct regarding insurance laws or regulations. It contains monies received as a result of insurance related crimes and other fines, late fees, and penalties.

**Custodial Fund Account**

**Bail Bondsmen Account** - This account contains bail bondsmen certificates of deposit previously held in safekeeping by the State Treasurer for bail bondsmen operating in the state. Bail bondsmen certificates of deposit are cashed, deposited into the Bail Bondsmen Account, and paid to the courts only if a bondsman fails to pay an order and judgment of forfeiture after being properly notified or if the license of a professional bondsman has been revoked.

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)****Equity Classifications, Government-wide Statement of Net Position**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets.
- Restricted net position – consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position – all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

It is the Department's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. In accordance with GASB 54, the Department classifies fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- Non-spendable – consists of balances that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Balances most likely to be classified as nonspendable include inventory, prepaids, and interfund advances.
- Restricted – consists of balances that have constraints placed on the net asset use that are either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Department's resources constrained for statutorily required pension system and State General Fund transfers are reported as restricted at year-end.
- Committed – consists of assets that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the individual government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be uncommitted except by removing the constraints through the same type of formal action.
- Assigned – consists of amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of resources for a specific purpose that are not made by the government's highest level of decision-making authority are reported in this classification. The Department's outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reported as assigned.
- Unassigned – consists of the residual resources that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose.

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available (i.e. in the case of federal or private grant revenues), the Department considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Department considers the amount to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Department has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The Department establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by adoption and amendment of the annual budget. Assigned fund balances are established by Department management.

**Implementation of New Standard**

The Department implemented GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84) effective July 1, 2019. This statement provides updated guidance for fiduciary funds, including replacing agency funds with custodial funds. Prior to implementation, the Department's fiduciary activity was presented within an agency fund in which assets equaled liabilities. Under the new guidance in GASB 84, a liability to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity should be recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse the fiduciary resources. If a liability does not exist, the custodial fund will report fiduciary net position. However, if no further events or actions are needed for the government to disburse the funds, a liability will be reported similar to how agency funds were previously reported.

**Use of Estimates**

The Department has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and the related disclosures to prepare the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The most significant of these estimates is the amount of premium taxes expected to be received during the subsequent fiscal year, based on actual premiums reported by insurance companies in their annual statements. This estimate was based on historical settlements occurring after the annual reports are filed, assuming half of the settlements are related to the first 6 months of the calendar year and the other half are related to the second 6 months of the calendar year. The actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Advertising Costs**

All costs associated with advertising are expensed as incurred.

**Note 2 - Cash Balances**

The State Treasurer requires that financial institutions deposit collateral securities to secure the deposits of the State in each such institution. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged for the security of public deposits is established by rules promulgated by the State Treasurer. In accordance with the State Treasurer's policies, the amount of collateral securities to be pledged by financial institutions through the State Treasurer is pledged at market value and must be at 100% of value to collateralize the amount on deposit, less any federal insurance coverage. This percentage may vary for political subdivisions according to their respective policies.

In accordance with State statute, the State Treasurer may purchase and invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Collateralized or insured certificates of deposit;
- Prime bankers' acceptances;
- Negotiable certificates of deposit;
- Investment grade obligations of state and local governments;
- Prime commercial paper;
- Money market funds; and
- Repurchase agreements.

Designations of cash balances and reservations of fund balance by cash account are as follows:

**Department Clearing Account** - The cash balance at June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$55,706,000 and \$61,703,000, respectively, represents cash maintained by the Department to be transferred to other state agencies, and to cover returned tax payment checks and tax refunds that are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

**Department Revolving Account** - The cash balance at June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$8,715,000 and \$3,243,000, respectively, represents the excess of cash receipts over disbursements that is carried forward to the next fiscal year. The outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2021 and 2020 was approximately \$387,000 and \$359,000, respectively.

**Federal Grant Program Account** - The cash balance at June 30, 2021 and 2020 represent the excess of cash receipts over disbursements that is carried forward to the next fiscal year. There was no excess at the end of both years. The outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$55,000 and \$107,000, respectively.

**Note 2 – Cash Balance (Continued)**

**Special Payroll Account** - There were no cash balances or outstanding encumbrances in the Special Payroll Account as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

**Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account** - The cash balances remaining at June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$623,000 and \$655,000, respectively, represent the excess of cash receipts over disbursements that is carried forward to the next fiscal year. The outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$50,000 and \$62,000, respectively.

**Anti-Fraud Account** –The cash balance at June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$153,000 and \$173,000, respectively, represent the excess of cash receipts over disbursements that is carried forward to the next fiscal year. The outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$700 and \$8,000, respectively.

**Protest Escrow Account** – This represents premium taxes paid under protest, the Department holds these funds for a period of time in a fiduciary capacity. The funds are included in the agency fund of the financial statements. These funds will either be paid back to the insurance companies or transferred to the appropriate State fund. There were no cash balances or outstanding encumbrances in the Protest Escrow Account as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

**Bail Bondsmen Account** - The cash balances at June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$16,000 and \$16,000, respectively, are being held by the Department in a fiduciary capacity. The funds are included in the custodial fund of the financial statements. These funds are to be paid according to court orders.

### Note 3 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	June 30, 2020	Acquisitions	Dispositions	Transfers	June 30, 2021
Capital assets					
Computer equipment and software	\$ 379,975	\$ 121,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 501,004
Office equipment	332,608	2,666	(5,970)	-	329,304
Furniture	648,527	4,372	-	-	652,899
Building-400 NE 50th	10,665,701	-	-	-	10,665,701
Leased assets	124,931	-	-	-	124,931
Total capital assets	12,151,742	128,067	(5,970)	-	12,273,839
Accumulated depreciation					
Computer equipment and software	338,741	76,671	-	-	415,412
Office equipment	225,143	27,741	(5,074)	-	247,810
Furniture	118,469	90,709	-	-	209,178
Building-400 NE 50th	266,643	266,643	-	-	533,286
Leased assets	43,349	23,405	-	-	66,754
Total accumulated depreciation	992,345	485,169	(5,074)	-	1,472,440
Net capital assets	\$ 11,159,397	\$ (357,102)	\$ (896)	\$ -	\$ 10,801,399

  

	June 30, 2019	Acquisitions	Dispositions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Capital assets					
Computer equipment and software	\$ 716,026	\$ 16,925	\$ (352,976)	\$ -	\$ 379,975
Office equipment	210,165	131,711	(9,268)	-	332,608
Furniture	631,563	618,232	(601,268)	-	648,527
Building-400 NE 50th	-	5,226,678	-	5,439,023	10,665,701
Leased assets	101,854	23,077	-	-	124,931
Construction in progress	5,439,023	-	-	(5,439,023)	-
Total capital assets	7,098,631	6,016,623	(963,512)	-	12,151,742
Accumulated depreciation					
Computer equipment and software	638,339	52,433	(352,031)	-	338,741
Office equipment	206,831	27,580	(9,268)	-	225,143
Furniture	629,325	89,220	(600,076)	-	118,469
Building-400 NE 50th	-	266,643	-	-	266,643
Leased assets	-	43,349	-	-	43,349
Total accumulated depreciation	1,474,495	479,225	(961,375)	-	992,345
Net capital assets	\$ 5,624,136	\$ 5,537,398	\$ (2,137)	\$ -	\$ 11,159,397

**Note 3 – Capital Assets (Continued)**

Depreciation charged to the function as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Administrative	\$ 316,816	\$ 169,207
Agents licensing/title	22,534	29,029
Consumer assistance/claims	49,131	46,072
Premium tax	-	124,443
Publications and outreach	19,302	16,782
Bail bonds	20,179	15,343
Real estate appraisal	10,943	9,676
Field operations	23,407	43,349
Fraud	22,857	25,324
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 485,169</u>	<u>\$ 479,225</u>

**Note 4 - Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within 1 Year
Note payable	\$ 3,528,000	\$ -	\$ (1,764,000)	\$ 1,764,000	\$ 1,764,000
Leased assets liability	85,119	-	(35,651)	49,468	20,731
Total governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 3,613,119</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,799,651)</u>	<u>\$ 1,813,468</u>	<u>\$ 1,784,731</u>

Effective June 18, 2018, the Commissioners of the Land Office of the State of Oklahoma (CLO) entered into an agreement to lease real property in Oklahoma City for a period of 55 years with a commercial entity. The Department entered into a sublease agreement with CLO to construct a building for Department operations on this property.

As part of the sublease, the Department agreed to pay the commercial entity an amount based on an appraisal of the property which amounted to \$9,528,000 in August 2018 in the form of long-term debt. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Department had made \$1,764,000 in payments on this debt. The remaining principal balance of \$1,764,000 was paid subsequent to year-end in October 2021.



**Note 5 - Premium and Other Taxes**

Revenues from premium and other taxes consisted of the following for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Premium taxes	\$ 290,277,298	\$ 290,247,590
Surplus lines taxes	44,030,201	39,315,299
Fire marshal taxes	2,957,529	2,885,251
Total cash basis	337,265,028	332,448,140
Change in accrued taxes	2,875,631	(600,623)
Total accrual basis	<u>\$ 340,140,659</u>	<u>\$ 331,847,517</u>

Premium taxes are required to be remitted quarterly by insurance companies. Such quarterly payments are estimated based upon the premium taxes paid in the prior year. The due dates for premium taxes are April 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15. Upon the filing of the annual statement due March 1, any amount due in excess of the estimated quarterly payments is then required to be paid. If the estimated quarterly payments exceed the premium tax liability, a refund check is issued by the Department. Surplus lines taxes are also required to be remitted quarterly. Fire marshal taxes are required to be remitted annually. Surplus lines and fire marshal taxes are not measurable and available and are recorded on a cash basis. Premium taxes due June 15 that have not been paid as of June 30 are considered a receivable at June 30, as such amounts are measurable and available. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, in the governmental fund balance sheet, tax revenues of approximately \$5,383,000 and \$13,395,000 and \$6,716,000 and \$13,290,000, respectively, have been reported as a liability (unearned revenue) and as a deferred inflow of resources, respectively, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, as amended by GASB Statement No. 65, as they have not been earned as of year-end.

**Note 6 - Compensated Absences**

The following summarizes the activity in compensated absences during the years:

June 30, 2020	Increase	Paid	June 30, 2021
<u>\$ 804,123</u>	<u>\$ 471,192</u>	<u>\$ (484,235)</u>	<u>\$ 791,080</u>
June 30, 2019	Increase	Paid	June 30, 2020
<u>\$ 760,942</u>	<u>\$ 483,294</u>	<u>\$ (440,113)</u>	<u>\$ 804,123</u>

The balance is presented as a current liability in the statement of net position because historical trends indicate the liability will be paid out within the next fiscal year using current resources.

**Note 7 - Leases**

The Department leases operating facilities and equipment on an annual basis. Rent of approximately \$682,000 and \$628,000 was paid under lease agreements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments under the office building lease agreements are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Operating Leases
2022	\$ 686,151
2023	334,542
2024	2,173
2025	655
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ 1,023,521</u>

The lease agreements for equipment vary in length from 1 to 6 years.

Future minimum rental payments under the equipment lease agreements are as follows:

2022	\$ 40,000
2023	40,000
	<u>\$ 80,000</u>

**Note 8 - Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following:

	2021	2020
Transfers out		
General fund of the State of Oklahoma	\$ (209,828,258)	\$ (199,292,882)
Firefighters Retirement System	(72,923,900)	(103,591,633)
Education	(46,838,720)	-
Fire marshal	(1,800,000)	(1,800,000)
Police Retirement System	(28,368,322)	(40,294,662)
Law Enforcement Retirement System	(10,127,972)	(14,387,380)
Attorney General	(368,165)	(360,040)
Special Cash Fund of the State		
Treasury (SB 2127, Sec 167)	(6,500,000)	(12,500,000)
Net transfers	<u>\$ (376,755,337)</u>	<u>\$ (372,226,597)</u>

**Note 9 - Retirement Plan****Description**

The Department contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the "Retirement Plan"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the "System"). The Retirement Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State. Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901-943, as amended, assigns the authority for management and operation of the Retirement Plan to the Board of Trustees of the System. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Retirement Plan. The annual report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 5400 N. Grand Boulevard, Suite 400, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73112, or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

**Note 9 – Retirement Plan (Continued)****Funding Policy**

Plan members and the Department are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Department are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State. The contribution rate for the Department and plan members is as follows:

Fiscal Year 2021 and 2020	
State Employees	Department
All salary	All salary
3.50%	16.50%

The Department's contribution to the Retirement Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$1,066,000 and was equal to its required contribution for the year-end. The Department's contribution to the Retirement Plan for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,104,000 and \$1,121,000, respectively, and were equal to its required contributions for each year.

**GASB Statement No 68**

As stated in the disclosure of significant accounting policies, the Department is a part of the primary government of the State of Oklahoma. Compliance with GASB 68 regarding accounting and reporting for pension plans and for state and local governments regarding pensions does not apply to the Department's financial statements. The reporting of financial information for GASB 68 are reported in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State of Oklahoma. The amount of calculated pension liability for the Department at June 30, 2020 (the latest information available) was approximately \$3.18 million. The amount of calculated pension liability for the Department at June 30, 2019 (the latest information available) was approximately \$498,500.

**GASB Statement No 75**

As stated in the disclosure of significant accounting policies, the Department is a part of the primary government of the State of Oklahoma. Compliance with GASB 75 regarding accounting and reporting for other postemployment benefit plans and for state and local governments regarding other postemployment benefits does not apply to the Department's financial statements. The reporting of financial information for GASB 75 are reported in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State of Oklahoma. The amount of calculated other postemployment benefit liability for the Department at June 30, 2020 (the latest information available) was approximately \$166,800. The amount of calculated other postemployment benefit liability for the Department at June 30, 2019 (the latest information available) was approximately \$145,500.

**Note 10 - Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Savings Incentive Plan****Deferred Compensation Plan**

The State offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan") as authorized by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 1701 through 1706 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The supervisory authority for the management and operation of the Plan is the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the "Board").

The Plan is available to all State employees, as well as any elected officials receiving a salary from the State. Participants may direct the investment of their contributions in available investment options offered by the Plan. The minimum contribution amount is the equivalent of \$25 per month, and participants are immediately 100% vested in their respective accounts. All interest, dividends, and investment fees are allocated to participants' accounts.

Participants may defer until future years up to the lesser of 100% of their compensation as defined by Plan documents or the maximum amount allowed each year as determined by the Internal Revenue Service, currently \$19,500 for calendar year 2021.

The Plan offers a catch-up program to participants, which allows them to defer annually for the three years prior to their year of retirement up to twice that plan year's deferral limit. The amount of additional contributions in excess of the normal maximum contributions to the Plan are also limited to contributions for years in which the participant was eligible but did not participate in the Plan or the difference between contributions made and the maximum allowable level. To be eligible for the catch-up program, the participant must be within three years of retirement with no reduced benefits.

Participants age 50 or older may make additional contributions of up to \$6,000 annually subject to certain limits.

Deferred compensation benefits are paid to participants or beneficiaries upon termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Such benefits are based on a participant's account balance and are disbursed in a lump sum or periodic payments at the option of the participant or beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan's provisions.

Effective January 1, 1998, the Board established a Trust and a Trust Fund covering the Plan's assets, pursuant to federal legislation enacted in 1996, requiring public employers to establish such trusts for plans meeting the requirements of Section 457 of the IRC no later than January 1, 1999. Under the terms of the Trust, the corpus or income of the Trust Fund may be used only for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and their beneficiaries. Prior to the establishment of the Trust, the Plan's assets were subject to the claims of general creditors of the State. The Board acts as trustee of the Trust. The participants' accounts are invested in accordance with the investment elections of the participants. The Board is accountable for all deferred compensation received but has no duty to require any compensation to be deferred or to determine that the amounts received comply with the Plan or to determine that the Trust Fund is adequate to provide the benefits payable pursuant to the Plan.

**Note 10 - Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Savings Incentive Plan (continued)**

Further information may be obtained from the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan's audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The Department believes that it has no liabilities with respect to the Plan.

Employee contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$285,000 and \$292,000, respectively. Employer contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$1,066,000 and \$1,104,000, respectively.

**Deferred Savings Incentive Plan**

Effective January 1, 1998, the State established the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Savings Incentive Plan (the "Savings Incentive Plan") as a money purchase pension plan pursuant to IRC Section 401(a). The Savings Incentive Plan and its related Trust are intended to meet the requirements of IRC Sections 401(a) and 501(a).

Any qualified participant who is a State employee that is an active participant in the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan is eligible for a contribution from the State of the amount determined by the State Legislature, currently the equivalent of \$25 per month. Participation in the Savings Incentive Plan is automatic in the month of participation in the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and is not voluntary.

Employer contributions made to qualified participants for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$25,000 and \$24,000, respectively. Employee contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$124,000 and \$149,000, respectively.

**Note 11 - Risk Management**

The Risk Management Division of the Division of Capital Asset Management (the "Division") is empowered by the authority of Title 74 O.S. Supp. 1993, Section 85.34 Et seq. The Division is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the State or administration of any self-insurance plans and programs adopted for use by the State for certain organizations and bodies outside of state government, at the sole expense of such organizations and bodies.

The Division is authorized to settle claims of the State and shall govern the dispensation and/or settlement of claims against a political subdivision. In no event shall self-insurance coverage provided by the State, an agency, or other covered entity exceed the limitations on the maximum dollar amount of liability specified by the Oklahoma Government Tort Claims Act, as provided by Title 51 O.S. Supp. 1988, Section 154. The Division oversees the collection of liability claims owed to the State incurred as the result of a loss through the wrongful or negligent act of a private person or other entity.

**Note 11 – Risk Management (Continued)**

The Division is also charged with the responsibility to immediately notify the attorney general of any claims against the State presented to the Division. The Division purchases insurance policies through third-party insurance carriers that ultimately inherit the risk of loss. The Division annually assesses each State agency, including the Department, their pro rata share of the premiums purchased. The Department has no obligations to any claims submitted against the Department.

**Note 12 - Contingencies**

The Department is involved in legal proceedings in the normal course of operations, none of which, in the opinion of management, will have a material effect on the net position or changes in net position of the Department.



Required Supplementary Information  
June 30, 2021 and 2020

Oklahoma Insurance Department



**Oklahoma Insurance Department**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)**  
**– General Fund**  
**Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020**

Year Ended June 30, 2021					
	Original Budget	Revision	Revised Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Budgeted revenues					
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 15,254,025	\$ -	\$ 15,254,025	\$ 26,051,798	\$ 10,797,773
Federal funds	<u>1,173,511</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,173,511</u>	<u>1,200,395</u>	<u>26,884</u>
Total budgeted revenues	<u>16,427,536</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,427,536</u>	<u>27,252,193</u>	<u>10,824,657</u>
Budgeted expenditures					
Personnel and professional services	12,152,110	(86,000)	12,066,110	11,204,346	861,764
Travel and expense reimbursement	321,761	-	321,761	39,676	282,085
Contractual service	858,116	-	858,116	796,912	61,204
Supplies and materials	22,400	(5,000)	17,400	5,926	11,474
Building and equipment	1,914,618	132,000	2,046,618	1,949,084	97,534
Other	<u>1,158,531</u>	<u>(41,000)</u>	<u>1,117,531</u>	<u>836,639</u>	<u>280,892</u>
Total budgeted expenditures	<u>\$ 16,427,536</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,427,536</u>	<u>\$ 14,832,583</u>	<u>\$ 1,594,953</u>
Excess of budgeted revenues over(under) budgeted expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,419,610</u>	<u>\$ 12,419,610</u>
Year Ended June 30, 2020					
	Original Budget	Revision	Revised Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Budgeted revenues					
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 15,925,509	\$ -	\$ 15,925,509	\$ 22,779,148	\$ 6,853,639
Federal funds	<u>1,184,385</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,184,385</u>	<u>1,054,071</u>	<u>(130,314)</u>
Total budgeted revenues	<u>17,109,894</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,109,894</u>	<u>23,833,219</u>	<u>6,723,325</u>
Budgeted expenditures					
Personnel and professional services	12,415,614	(415,000)	12,000,614	11,477,479	523,135
Travel and expense reimbursement	370,143	(34,000)	336,143	138,524	197,619
Contractual service	832,020	368,373	1,200,393	754,032	446,361
Supplies and materials	23,000	-	23,000	15,675	7,325
Equipment	2,248,880	70,627	2,319,507	2,587,135	(267,628)
Other	<u>1,220,237</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>1,230,237</u>	<u>637,825</u>	<u>592,412</u>
Total budgeted expenditures	<u>\$ 17,109,894</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,109,894</u>	<u>\$ 15,610,670</u>	<u>\$ 1,499,224</u>
Excess of budgeted revenues over(under) budgeted expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,222,549</u>	<u>\$ 8,222,549</u>

# Oklahoma Insurance Department

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Budget Basis to GAAP – Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund  
Balances – General Fund  
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Excess of budgeted revenues (under) over budgeted expenditures	\$ 12,419,610	\$ 8,222,549
Other revenues		
Taxes	337,265,028	332,448,140
Less refunds	(3,563,932)	(1,084,454)
Net taxes	333,701,096	331,363,686
Licenses, permits and fees	35,297,271	29,821,934
Less refunds	(63,174)	(152,327)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	304,013	159,835
Sales and services	47,842	45,440
Other grants and reimbursement	(10,203,426)	(437,597)
Total other revenues	359,083,622	360,800,971
Excess of budgeted and other revenues over budgeted expenditures	371,503,232	369,023,520
Other uses		
Transfers in/out		
General fund	(207,654,985)	(200,642,600)
Specific accounts	(164,605,028)	(175,166,151)
Total other uses	(372,260,013)	(375,808,751)
Revenues greater than expenditures and other uses	(756,781)	(6,785,231)
Changes in accrual not reflected in the actual budgeted revenues and expenditures		
Premium taxes	2,763,822	(1,961,498)
Premium tax refunds	258,376	(2,505,948)
General fund of the State of Oklahoma transfers	(2,173,274)	1,349,718
Specific accounts of the State of Oklahoma transfers	(2,322,051)	2,232,435
Lease	-	(23,077)
Personnel and professional services	161,070	98,384
	(1,312,057)	(809,986)
Revenues under expenditures and other uses	(2,068,838)	(7,595,217)
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,960,645	15,555,862
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,891,807	\$ 7,960,645

The Department's budget is adopted on a cash basis by account. In addition, not all of the Department's revenues and expenditures are part of the legally adopted budget; specifically, revenues collected and then later required to be transferred out are not included. The annual appropriated budget is adopted for the Department as a whole. The cash accounts included in the budget are as follows:

- General Operating Account,
- Department Clearing Account,
- Department Revolving Account,
- Federal Grant Program Account,
- Special Payroll Account,
- Anti-Fraud Account, and
- Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account.

All revisions to the budget must be approved by the Oklahoma Office of Management and Enterprise Services.



Reports and Schedules Required by *Government Auditing  
Standards* and Uniform Guidance  
June 30, 2021

Oklahoma Insurance Department



**Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On  
Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In  
Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

To the State of Oklahoma  
Oklahoma Insurance Department

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oklahoma Insurance Department (the "Department") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2021. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph stating that the financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only that portion of the State of Oklahoma attributable to the transactions of the Department.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
October 27, 2021



## **Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For The Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By Uniform Guidance**

State of Oklahoma  
Oklahoma Insurance Department

### **Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Oklahoma Insurance Department's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Oklahoma Insurance Department's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Oklahoma Insurance Department's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for the Oklahoma Insurance Department's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Oklahoma Insurance Department's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Oklahoma Insurance Department's compliance.

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## Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Department complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Oklahoma Insurance Department (the Department) is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Department's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
October 27, 2021



Oklahoma Insurance Department  
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Administration for Community Living			
Special Programs for the Aging - Title IV and Title II - Discretionary Project -			
SMP 21	93.048	90MPPG0048-03	\$ 255,382
SMP 22	93.048	90MPPG0048-04	<u>22,634</u>
Special Programs for the Aging Subtotal			<u>278,016</u>
State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)			
SHIP 21	93.324	90SAPG0086-01-00	514,324
SHIP 22	93.324	90SAPG0086-02-00	<u>160,443</u>
Total State Health Insurance Assistance Program			<u>674,767</u>
Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act			
MIPPA20	93.071	1801OKMISH-01	61,509
MIPPA21	93.071	2001OKMISH-01	<u>125,677</u>
Total Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act			<u>187,186</u>
Administration for Community Living Programs Subtotal			<u>1,139,969</u>
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 1,139,969</u>

**Note 1 - Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies**

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Department and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Oklahoma Insurance Department, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in fund balance of Oklahoma Insurance Department.

**Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies**

Governmental fund types account for the Department's federal grant activity. Therefore, expenditures in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are recognized on the modified accrual basis – when they become a demand on current available resources. The Department's summary of significant accounting policies is presented in Note 1 to the Department's basic financial statements.

**Note 3 - Subrecipients**

During 2021, no federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

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**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

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**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

**FEDERAL AWARDS**

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516?	No

**Identification of major programs:**

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>
Department of Health and Human Services- State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

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**Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

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There are no findings under this section.

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**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

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There are no findings under this section.



Other Supplementary Information  
June 30, 2021

**Oklahoma Insurance Department**

Oklahoma Insurance Department

Other Supplementary Information – Schedule of Receipts, Transfers, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance

June 30, 2021

	Department Clearing Account	Department Revolving Account	Federal Grant Program Account	Anti Fraud Account	Real Estate Appraisers Revolving Account	Total (Cash Basis)
Receipts						
Federal funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,200,395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,200,395
Premium and other taxes	337,265,028	-	-	-	-	337,265,028
Less refunds	(3,563,932)	-	-	-	-	(3,563,932)
Net taxes	333,701,096	-	-	-	-	333,701,096
Licenses, permits and fees	61,478,662	-	-	-	-	61,478,662
Less refunds	(63,174)	-	-	-	-	(63,174)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	304,013	-	-	-	-	304,013
Sales and services	47,842	-	-	-	-	47,842
Other grants and reimbursements	(10,203,426)	-	-	-	-	(10,203,426)
Total receipts	385,265,013	-	1,200,395	-	-	386,465,408
Transfers						
Revolving 200	(24,891,415)	24,891,415	-	-	-	-
Revolving 225	(610,839)	-	-	-	610,839	-
Gen Fund of State	(207,654,985)	-	-	-	-	(207,654,985)
Special Cash Fund - State	-	(6,500,000)	-	-	-	(6,500,000)
Special Accts - State	(158,105,028)	-	-	-	-	(158,105,028)
Total Transfers	(391,262,267)	18,391,415	-	-	610,839	(372,260,013)
Disbursements	-	12,919,164	1,200,395	20,313	643,392	14,783,264
Receipts (less than) greater than disbursements	(5,997,254)	5,472,251	-	(20,313)	(32,553)	(577,869)
Cash balance, beginning of year	61,703,445	3,243,225	-	173,080	655,273	65,775,023
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 55,706,191	\$ 8,715,476	\$ -	\$ 152,767	\$ 622,720	\$ 65,197,154

Oklahoma Insurance Department

Other Supplementary Information – Schedule of Receipts, Transfers, Disbursements and Changes in  
Cash Balance – Fiduciary Custodial Fund

June 30, 2021

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	Fiduciary Bail Bondsman Account
Receipts	
Appropriations	-
Total receipts	-
Disbursements	-
Receipts greater than disbursements	-
Cash balance, beginning of year	16,008
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 16,008