Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County

Financial Statements

June 30, 2021 and 2020 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Commissioners Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County (the "Library") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Library as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages I-1 through I-7, the budgetary comparison schedule-General Fund (unaudited), the schedule of changes in net pension liability-defined benefit pension plan, the schedule of net pension liability-defined benefit pension plan, the schedule of contributions from employer-defined benefit pension plan, the schedule of investment returns-defined benefit pension plan, the notes to the required supplementary information, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2021, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Finley & Cark, PLIC

Shawnee, Oklahoma November 15, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County (the "Library") provides an overall review of the Library's financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. Readers should read this information in conjunction with the Library's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Library's General Fund reported an ending balance of \$32,879,790 versus \$31,462,309 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The comparison reflects an increase of \$1,417,481, or 4.5%, of the June 30, 2020, General Fund ending fund balance. Of the June 30, 2021 and 2020, yearend totals, \$11,663,088 and \$11,243,053, respectively, was unassigned, indicating that none of this amount had been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2021, \$21,091,124 of the balance was assigned, with \$13,091,124 assigned to Library capital improvement projects and \$8,000,000 assigned to cash flow requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$20,091,124 of the balance was assigned, with \$11,411,124 assigned to Library capital improvement projects and \$8,680,000 assigned to cash flow requirements. Nonspendable totals for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, were \$125,578 and \$128,132, respectively.

Over the years, the Library administration, with the approval of the Board of Commissioners, has prudently used or committed the money from the assigned fund balances to alleviate summer cash flow problems and provide funds for capital improvement projects. The Library does not have legal authority to raise tax dollars for capital improvement projects through bond issues as most other local government entities do. Therefore, the money in the assigned fund balances provides opportunities for the Library to improve and maintain its facilities.

In compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68, the Library recognized a net pension liability of approximately \$2,833,000, \$1,425,000, and \$395,000 at June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

In compliance with GASB Statement No. 75, the Library recognized a net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability of approximately \$1,224,000, \$774,000, and \$833,000 at June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Library:

The first statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide information about the Library's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the Library, reporting the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

The Library has three kinds of funds—governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds encompass two funds: the General Fund and the Gifts and Grants Fund.

General Fund: Represents unrestricted resources that are available for ongoing general library operations. This is the Library's primary operating fund. It includes income from special services, such as copy services, lost book fees, overdue book fines, and other miscellaneous services.

Gifts and Grants Fund: Includes all gifts and grants. Gifts and grants include funds provided by intergovernmental grants and other third parties' gifts and grants. All of these funds are generally restricted as to use. Therefore, each fund accounts for its receipts and disbursements of the restricted functions.

The proprietary fund is the Library's insurance fund, an internal service fund. The insurance fund is used to maintain the Library's health and dental self-insurance plan.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements but are excluded from governmentwide reporting. They include the Pension Fund, the Flex Benefit Fund, and the Defined Contribution Fund. Fiduciary fund financial statements report assets that cannot be used to fund the Library's general operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the Library's financial statements.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information, such as a comparative statement between budgeted and actual resources and appropriations, and the schedule of funding progress for the defined benefit pension plan.

THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE

	2021	2020	2019
Statements of Net Position			
Assets: Current Capital assets, net Total assets	\$ 40,319,081 14,178,845 54,497,926	37,314,910 14,390,740 51,705,650	34,237,605 14,985,631 49,223,236
Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan and OPEB	4,127,529	1,311,597	792,481
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Total liabilities	 3,106,246 946,551 2,832,591 1,223,719 8,109,107	1,661,394 915,490 1,425,239 773,893 4,776,016	2,243,261 741,338 394,687 833,051 4,212,337
Deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan and OPEB	3,056,692	1,995,995	2,558,300
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 14,178,845 203,358 33,077,453 47,459,656	14,390,740 254,030 31,600,466 46,245,236	14,985,631 220,854 28,038,595 43,245,080
Changes in Net Position			
Beginning net position	\$ 46,245,236	43,245,080	40,772,054
Revenues: Property taxes State aid Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Loss from disposals, net Investment earnings, net Total revenues	 42,610,857 203,135 4,026,239 1,046,630 (42,315) (14,260) 47,830,286	39,355,263 236,276 1,458,175 208,170 (65,490) 471,749 41,664,143	37,949,916 194,893 1,507,185 318,846 (9,036) 516,751 40,478,555
Expenses: Public library services Administrative services Depreciation—unallocated Total expenses	 29,477,660 11,977,258 5,160,948 46,615,866	18,373,990 15,033,264 5,256,733 38,663,987	18,023,375 14,746,399 5,235,755 38,005,529
Ending net position	\$ 47,459,656	46,245,236	43,245,080

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As financial information is accumulated on a continuous and consistent basis, financial statements and expenditure reports for governmental funds are presented to the Board of Commissioners each month for its acknowledgement.

For the years ended June 30, governmental fund balances changed as follows:

				Total
		General	Gifts and Grants	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds
2021				
Revenues	\$	42,433,043	1,046,630	43,479,673
Expenditures		(41,015,562)	(1,097,302)	(42,112,864)
Net increase (decrease)	\$	1,417,481	(50,672)	1,366,809
2020				
Revenues	\$	40,706,935	208,169	40,915,104
Expenditures		(37,630,995)	(174,993)	(37,805,988)
	¢	2 0 5 5 0 40	22.174	2 100 11 4
Net increase	\$	3,075,940	33,176	3,109,116
2019				
Revenues	\$	39,532,518	318,846	39,851,364
Expenditures		(37,257,084)	(329,312)	(37,586,396)
Net increase (decrease)	\$	2,275,434	(10,466)	2,264,968

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS, CONTINUED

General Fund

The Library is primarily funded by a 5.2 mill ad valorem (property) tax. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Oklahoma County's assessed property value had an increase of 4.2% versus 4.7% for the year ended June 30, 2020. Actual tax collections increased 6.3% for the year ended June 30, 2021, over the year ended June 30, 2020, as compared to a 3.9% increase in the year ended June 30, 2020, over the previous year. Investment income for the Library decreased to a net loss of \$(15,922) in the year ended June 30, 2021, from \$470,296 in investment income in the year ended June 30, 2020. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in market interest rates during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Major expenditure categories increased in 2021 from 2020, showing an overall increase of \$3,384,567, or 9.0%. Within categories, personnel services increased 3.7% compared to the previous year's increase of 1.0%. Maintenance and operations expenses increased, totaling a 6.8% change. Capital outlays increased 29.4%.

Gifts and Grants Fund

During the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$1,046,630 and \$208,169, respectively, of gifts and grants funds were received. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the largest contributors were the Friends of the Metropolitan Library System (the "Friends"), which gave 9 grants totaling \$1,034,303 and 6 grants totaling \$100,000, respectively. The increase in gift and grant funds is primarily due to a \$950,000 grant received by the Library and provided to the City of Oklahoma City for the purpose of the Belle Isle Library construction.

Proprietary Fund

		Insurance Fund					
		2021	2020	2019			
Revenues Expenses	\$	3,742,469 (4,069,353)	3,790,667 (3,136,509)	3,373,066 (3,027,659)			
Net (decrease) increase	\$	(326,884)	654,158	345,407			

The total insurance premium contributed by both the employer and the employees to this fund was \$3,608,727 in the year ended June 30, 2021, versus \$3,669,015 and \$3,303,739 in the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Claims expense for 2021 was \$4,069,353 compared to \$3,136,509 and \$3,027,659 for 2020 and 2019, respectively.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$69,193,334, an increase of \$5,025,399, or 7.8%, over the June 30, 2020, budget of \$64,167,935. The biggest contributors to the increase in the year ended June 30, 2021, budget over the previous year was an increase in carry-over fund balances and increases in available property tax revenues for appropriation.

Actual results compared to budgeted results were as follows:

	Budgeted	Actual on a <u>Budgeted Basis</u>
<u>2021</u> Revenues	\$ 38,093,700	42,077,681
Expenditures	\$ 48,102,210	39,801,340
2020 Revenues	\$ 36,604,658	40,781,952
Expenditures	<u>\$ 44,076,811</u>	37,630,995
2019 Revenues	\$ 35,059,599	39,419,148
Expenditures	\$ 42,110,781	37,257,084

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The Library's investment in depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2021 and 2020, was \$13,905,719 and \$14,117,614, respectively. Of the total depreciable capital assets at June 30, 2021, 32.3% consisted of furniture, equipment, vehicles, and buildings, while the remaining 67.7% consisted of books and materials. Of the total depreciable capital assets at June 30, 2020, 37.0% consisted of furniture, equipment, vehicles, and buildings, while the remaining 63.0% consisted of books and materials. Nondepreciable assets at June 30, 2021 and 2020, represented land owned by the Library in the amount of \$273,126 and \$273,126, respectively.

The Library has no long-term debt.

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Library's primary revenue is ad valorem (property) tax. Barring a voter-approved change in the mill levy, the annual growth in the Oklahoma County's property values is the most important factor in the Library's revenue outlook. Currently, the Library collects 5.2 mills of the assessed property values. With voters' approval, the number of mills could increase to 6.21 mills.

In general, the Library expects a small growth in the tax revenue for the next year. The Oklahoma County Assessor has certified a 2.6% growth in property values for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as opposed to 4.2% in the year ended June 30, 2021. Investment income is expected to be neutral. Real estate prices are rising as new construction and population growth continue, so the Library expects continued incremental growth in revenue for the foreseeable future.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board of Commissioners has approved a General Fund budget of \$71,838,691versus \$65,102,857 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Of the total budget amount for the year ended June 30, 2022, \$46,601,747 was for operating costs, \$702,685 was for capital projects, and \$24,534,259 was for other assigned funds. Of the total budget amount for the year ended June 30, 2021, \$45,736,733 was for operating costs, \$225,000 was for capital projects, and \$19,141,124 was for other assigned funds.

CONTACTING THE LIBRARY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Library's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Library's Business Office at 300 Park Avenue, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENT-WIDE

June 30,	2021	2020
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,992,059	7,073,737
Investments	6,990,556	5 28,502,107
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance for		
uncollectible taxes of \$910,309 and \$752,889 for		
June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively	2,171,126	
Accounts receivable	39,762	
Accrued interest receivable	-	- 79,632
Prepaid expenses	125,578	
Total current assets	40,319,081	37,314,910
Noncurrent assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets	273,126	5 273,126
Depreciable capital assets, net	13,905,719	14,117,614
Total noncurrent assets	14,178,845	14,390,740
Total assets	54,497,926	51,705,650
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred amounts related to the pension plan and OPEB	4,127,529	1,311,597
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,106,246	5 1,661,394
Compensated absences payable	946,551	915,490
Total current liabilities	4,052,797	2,576,884
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability—amount due in more than 1 year	2,832,591	1,425,239
Total OPEB liability—amount due in more than 1 year	1,223,719	, ,
Total liabilities	8,109,107	4,776,016
Deferred inflows of resources:		
	2 056 602	1 005 005
Deferred amounts related to the pension plan and OPEB	3,056,692	1,995,995
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	14,178,845	14,390,740
Restricted	203,358	3 254,030
Unrestricted	33,077,453	31,600,466
Total net position	\$ 47,459,656	46,245,236

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENT-WIDE

Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Revenues		
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Net (Expenses) Revenues/ Changes in <u>Net Position</u>
Government activities:					
Public library services	\$ (29,477,660)	241,450	1,046,630	-	(28,189,580)
Administrative services	(11,977,258)	3,784,789	-	-	(8,192,469)
Depreciation—unallocated	(5,160,948)	-	-		(5,160,948)
	\$ (46,615,866)	4,026,239	1,046,630		(41,542,997)
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for ge	neral purposes				42,610,857
State aid					203,135
Loss on disposals of capital	assets				(73,626)
Gain on disposals of investn	nents				31,311
Investment loss, net					(14,260)
Total general revenues					42,757,417
Changes in net position					1,214,420
Net position, beginning of year	ar				46,245,236
Net position, end of year					\$ 47,459,656

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENT-WIDE, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Revenues	_	
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Net (Expenses) Revenues/ Changes in <u>Net Position</u>
Government activities:					
Public library services	\$ (18,373,990)	464,457	208,170	-	(17,701,363)
Administrative services	(15,033,264)	993,718	-	-	(14,039,546)
Depreciation—unallocated	(5,256,733)				(5,256,733)
	\$ (38,663,987)	1,458,175	208,170		(36,997,642)
General revenues: Property taxes, levied for general State aid Loss from disposals of capit Gain on disposals of investment Investment earnings Total general revenues Changes in net position	al assets				39,355,263 236,276 (67,940) 2,450 471,749 39,997,798 3,000,156
Net position, beginning of year	ar				43,245,080
Net position, end of year					<u>\$ 46,245,236</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and <u>Grants Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets			
Cash Investments Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 27,721,242 6,990,556 2,171,126 3,773	239,787 200	27,961,029 6,990,556 2,171,126 3,973
Prepaid expenses	 125,578		125,578
Total assets	\$ 37,012,275	239,987	37,252,262
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$ 690,667 1,946,175	36,629	727,296 <u>1,946,175</u> <u>2,673,471</u>
Total liabilities	 2,636,842	36,629	2,075,471
Deferred inflows of resources: Accrued property taxes not available for spending	 1,495,643		1,495,643
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 4,132,485	36,629	4,169,114
Fund balances:	125 579		125 579
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	125,578 - 21,091,124	203,358	125,578 203,358 21,091,124
Unassigned Total fund balances	 11,663,088 32,879,790	203,358	<u>11,663,088</u> <u>33,083,148</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 37,012,275	239,987	37,252,262

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, CONTINUED

June 30, 2020

	General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and <u>Grants Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets			
Cash Investments Ad valorem taxes receivable, net of allowance Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 3,732,796 28,502,107 1,439,268 9,243 79,632 128,132	254,030	3,986,826 28,502,107 1,439,268 9,243 79,632 128,132
Total assets	\$ 33,891,178	254,030	34,145,208
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 552,620 899,999	-	552,620 899,999
Accrued salaries Total liabilities	 1,452,619		1,452,619
Deferred inflows of resources: Accrued property taxes not available for spending	 976,250		976,250
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 2,428,869		2,428,869
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	128,132	-	128,132
Restricted Assigned	- 20,091,124	254,030	254,030 20,091,124
Unassigned	11,243,053		11,243,053
Total fund balances	 31,462,309	254,030	31,716,339
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 33,891,178	254,030	34,145,208

See Independent Auditors' Report.

RECONCILIATIONS OF THE BALANCE SHEETS—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30,	2021	2020
Reconciliation of Fund Balances to Net Position		
Total fund balances—governmental funds	\$ 33,083,148	31,716,339
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:		
Certain assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14,178,845	14,390,740
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year	14,170,045	14,390,740
but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	1,495,643	976,250
Net position of Internal Service Fund separately reported as proprietary fund.	2,634,043	2,960,927
Compensated absences in governmental activities are not financial expenditures and therefore are not reported as a liability in governmental funds.	(946,551)	(915,490)
Deferred outflows related to the pension plan and OPEB are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	4,127,529	1,311,597
Deferred inflows related to the pension plan and OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(3,056,692)	(1,995,995)
The net pension liability and total OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (4,056,309)	(2,199,132)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 47,459,656	46,245,236

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

D		General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and <u>Grants Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:	¢	41.000.007		41.000.007
Property taxes	\$	41,929,087	-	41,929,087
Collections on book fines and copy services		241,450	-	241,450
Gifts and grants		-	1,046,630	1,046,630
State revenue		203,135	-	203,135
Investment loss, net		(15,922)	-	(15,922)
Gain on disposals		31,311	-	31,311
Other		43,982		43,982
Total revenues		42,433,043	1,046,630	43,479,673
Expenditures: Personnel services Maintenance and operations:		26,029,963	-	26,029,963
Contractual services		4,849,670	1,092,243	5,941,913
Commodities		977,497	-	977,497
Capital outlays		9,158,432	5,059	9,163,491
Total expenditures		41,015,562	1,097,302	42,112,864
Net changes in fund balances		1,417,481	(50,672)	1,366,809
Fund balances, beginning of year		31,462,309	254,030	31,716,339
Fund balances, end of year	\$	32,879,790	203,358	33,083,148

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:		General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and <u>Grants Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
	\$	20 150 266		20 450 266
Property taxes	φ	39,459,366 464,457	-	39,459,366 464,457
Collections on book fines and copy services		404,437	-	,
Gifts and grants		-	208,169	208,169
State revenue		236,276	-	236,276
Investment income, net		470,296	-	470,296
Gain on disposals		2,450	-	2,450
Other		74,090	-	74,090
Total revenues		40,706,935	208,169	40,915,104
Expenditures: Personnel services Maintenance and operations:		25,095,191	-	25,095,191
Contractual services		4,576,969	174,603	4,751,572
Commodities		879,643	-	879,643
Capital outlays		7,079,192	390	7,079,582
Total expenditures		37,630,995	174,993	37,805,988
Net changes in fund balances		3,075,940	33,176	3,109,116
Fund balances, beginning of year		28,386,369	220,854	28,607,223
Fund balances, end of year	\$	31,462,309	254,030	31,716,339

See Independent Auditors' Report.

RECONCILIATIONS OF NET CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years Ended June 30,		2021	2020
Net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	1,366,809	3,109,116
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while government-wide activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets: Depreciation expense		(5,160,948)	(5,256,733)
Capital additions		5,022,680 (138,268)	4,729,781 (526,952)
Disposals of capital assets are not considered to be expenditures in the governmental funds. Receipts of funds from the sale of capital assets are considered revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as an overall loss in the statements of activities.		(73,626)	(67,940)
Compensated absences are not considered to be expenditures in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as expenses in the statements of activities.		(31,061)	(174,152)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the Library's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are instead counted as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statements of activities.		681,769	16,843
Uncollectable property taxes receivable that have been written-off are not considered to be revenues in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as a reduction of recognized revenue in the statements of activities.		(162,376)	(120,946)
The statements of activities include net activity of the Internal Service Fund, which is shown as a proprietary fund in the fund financial statements.		(326,884)	654,158
In the statements of activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension and OPEB expense. The fund financial		(101,943)	110,029
statements report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures.	<u>م</u>	i	
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,214,420	3,000,156
See Independent Auditors' Report.			

BALANCE SHEETS—PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30,		2021	2020
	Governmental Activities— Internal Service Fund		
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,031,030	3,086,912
Stop-loss reimbursement receivable		35,789	82,790
Total assets		3,066,819	3,169,702
Liabilities			
Claims payable		432,776	208,775
Net Position			
Unrestricted	<u>\$</u>	2,634,043	2,960,927

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION—PROPRIETARY FUND

Years Ended June 30,		2021	2020
	Governmental Activities— Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:		Internal Ser	
Insurance premiums	\$	3,608,727	3,669,015
Refunds and miscellaneous		132,080	120,201
Total operating revenues		3,740,807	3,789,216
Operating expenses:			
Claims		4,069,353	3,136,509
Net operating income		(328,546)	652,707
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest income		1,662	1,451
Changes in net position		(326,884)	654,158
Net position, beginning of year		2,960,927	2,306,769
Net position, end of year	\$	2,634,043	2,960,927

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS—PROPRIETARY FUND

Years Ended June 30,	2021	2020
	Governmental A	Activities—
	 Internal Serv	ice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from other fund for services	\$ 3,608,727	3,669,015
Receipts from reinsurance	755,849	774,383
Payments of claims	(4,554,200)	(4,028,718)
Other receipts	 132,080	120,201
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	 (57,544)	534,881
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments	 1,662	1,451
Net cash provided by investing activities	 1,662	1,451
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(55,882)	536,332
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 3,086,912	2,550,580
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,031,030	3,086,912
Reconciliation of net operating (loss) income to net cash		
(used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net operating (loss) income	\$ (328,546)	652,707
Adjustments to reconcile net operating (loss) income to		
net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Decrease (increase) in receivables	47,001	(26,873)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	 224,001	(90,953)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (57,544)	534,881

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION—FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds Defined			
	Pension <u>Fund</u>	Flex Benefit <u>Fund</u>	Contribution <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$ 547,421	68,545	-	615,966
Receivables (unsettled trades				
and accrued income)	32,515	-	-	32,515
Investments:				
Corporate bonds	3,433,183	-	-	3,433,183
Municipal bonds	96,369	-	-	96,369
U.S. Treasury obligations	694,119	-	-	694,119
Common stock	3,706,763	-	-	3,706,763
Equity and mutual funds	3,740,805	-	28,666,821	32,407,626
Guaranteed interest account	 -		5,826,367	5,826,367
Total investments	 11,671,239	-	34,493,188	46,164,427
Total assets	 12,251,175	68,545	34,493,188	46,812,908
Liabilities				
Employee benefits payable	_	18,591	-	18,591
Prepayment from the Library	-	25,000	-	25,000
Total liabilities	 -	43,591		43,591
Net Position				
Net position restricted for pensions and insurance	\$ 12,251,175	24,954	34,493,188	46,769,317

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION—FIDUCIARY FUNDS, CONTINUED *June 30, 2020*

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds Defined				
	Pension	Flex Benefit	Contribution		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	
Assets					
Cash	\$ 1,259,977	43,591	-	1,303,568	
Receivables (unsettled trades		,			
and accrued income)	70,275	-	-	70,275	
Investments:					
Corporate bonds	5,887,280	-	-	5,887,280	
Municipal bonds	414,672	-	-	414,672	
U.S. Treasury obligations	1,827,993	-	-	1,827,993	
Common stock	6,488,546	-	-	6,488,546	
Equity and mutual funds	6,646,136	-	20,606,387	27,252,523	
Guaranteed interest account			5,485,386	5,485,386	
Total investments	21,264,627		26,091,773	47,356,400	
Total assets	22,594,879	43,591	26,091,773	48,730,243	
Liabilities					
Employee benefits payable	-	18,591	-	18,591	
Prepayment from the Library	-	25,000	-	25,000	
Total liabilities		43,591		43,591	
Net Position					
Net position restricted for pensions and insurance	\$ 22,594,879		26,091,773	48,686,652	

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION— FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30, 2021					
	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds				
	Densien		Defined		
	Pension	Flex Benefit	Contribution	T - 4 - 1	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Total</u>	
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 242,915	-	1,425,226	1,668,141	
Employee	28,302	155,409	810,173	993,884	
Rollover			145,619	145,619	
Total contributions	271,217	155,409	2,381,018	2,807,644	
Investment income:					
Interest	171,764	23	168,770	340,557	
Dividends	146,370	-	-	146,370	
Net increase in fair value of					
investments	2,973,866	-	7,299,227	10,273,093	
Total investment income	3,292,000	23	7,467,997	10,760,020	
Direct investment expenses	(63,355)			(63,355)	
Net investment income	3,228,645	23	7,467,997	10,696,665	
Total additions	3,499,862	155,432	9,849,015	13,504,309	
Deductions					
Benefits paid	1,123,438	130,478	1,433,246	2,687,162	
Purchase of annuities	12,680,461	-	-	12,680,461	
Administrative expense	39,667		14,354	54,021	
Total deductions	13,843,566	130,478	1,447,600	15,421,644	
Net (decrease) increase in					
net position	(10,343,704)	24,954	8,401,415	(1,917,335)	
Net position restricted for pensions					
and insurance, beginning of year	22,594,879		26,091,773	48,686,652	
Net position restricted for pensions					
and insurance, end of year	\$ 12,251,175	24,954	34,493,188	46,769,317	

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION— FIDUCIARY FUNDS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020					
	Pension (a	nd Other Empl	oyee Benefit) Tr	rust Funds	
	Defined				
	Pension	Flex Benefit	Contribution		
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 361,946	-	1,384,731	1,746,677	
Employee	31,614	147,795	792,026	971,435	
Rollover			39,229	39,229	
Total contributions	393,560	147,795	2,215,986	2,757,341	
Investment income:					
Interest	255,869	18	152,137	408,024	
Dividends	287,106	-		287,106	
Net increase in fair value of	207,100			207,100	
investments	241,015	-	648,772	889,787	
Total investment income	783,990	18	800,909	1,584,917	
Direct investment expenses	(112,527)	_	-	(112,527)	
Net investment income	671,463	18	800,909	1,472,390	
Total additions	1,065,023	147,813	3,016,895	4,229,731	
Deductions					
Benefits paid	1,269,792	139,989	962,866	2,372,647	
Purchase of annuities	5,201,595	-	-	5,201,595	
Administrative expense	57,430	7,824	9,762	75,016	
Total deductions	6,528,817	147,813	972,628	7,649,258	
Net (decrease) increase in					
net position	(5,463,794)	-	2,044,267	(3,419,527)	
Net position restricted for pensions and insurance, beginning of year	28,058,673		24,047,506	52,106,179	
Net position restricted for pensions and insurance, end of year	<u>\$ 22,594,879</u>		26,091,773	48,686,652	
See Independent Auditors' Report.					

See Independent Auditors' Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021 and 2020

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County's (the "Library") financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

The Library is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Under the Oklahoma Metropolitan Library Act (the "Act"), the Library is governed by the Board of Commissioners. Effective July 31, 2007, Section 554 of the Act was amended, increasing the number of the Board of Commissioners voting members from 19 to 27. The Board of Commissioners members include: 13 voting members who are appointees of the City of Oklahoma City; 1 voting member who is an appointee of the Oklahoma County Commissioners; 1 voting member each from the cities of Bethany, Choctaw, Del City, Edmond, Harrah, Jones, Luther, Midwest City, Nicoma Park, the Village, and Warr Acres; and 2 ex-officio members—the Mayor of Oklahoma City and the Chairman of the Oklahoma County Commissioners, for a total of 27 voting members. The Board of Commissioners also includes one nonvoting member, the Librarian, who conducts Library operations.

Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and the fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Library does not have any activities classified as business-type activities. Internal Service Fund activity is eliminated in the fund financial statements to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide and fund financial statements, but are reported separately in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Basis of Presentation, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide statements of net position, the Library's governmental activities are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Library's net position is reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The government-wide statements of activities report both the gross and net cost of the Library's public library and administrative services. The public library and administrative services are also supported by general government revenues. The statements of activities reduce gross expenses (including depreciation) by related revenues, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Revenues must be directly associated with the public library and administrative services. Charges for services include charges and fees to customers for fines and charges for services provided. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

The net costs are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state aid, other taxes, etc.).

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the changes in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Nonmajor funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Basis of Presentation, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans. Employer and participant contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due and the Library has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the plan.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund:

Gifts and Grants Fund—The Library accounts for resources received from various gifts and grants. These resources are restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor.

Additionally, the Library reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Fund:

Internal Service Fund—Revenues and expenses related to services provided to the Library for employee insurance are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund, the insurance fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds—The Pension Fund, the Flex Benefit Fund, and the Defined Contribution Fund are used to report assets held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the plans, and the assets cannot be used to support the Library's operating programs.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

The government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are in conformity with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* and GASB Statement No. 75, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75).

Modified Accrual

The fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, are recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$500 or more and all books and materials are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	30 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Computer equipment	4 years
Vehicles	5 years
Books and materials	5 years

Compensated Absences

The Library accrues accumulated unpaid annual leave when it has been earned by the employee. Compensated absences are reported as current liabilities in the statements of net position. Employees can accrue up to a maximum of 240 hours of annual leave. Eligible employees who end their employment with the Library are reimbursed for each day of accumulated unpaid annual leave. Further details are provided in the Library's Employee Leave Policy.

Annual Budget

The Library is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Oklahoma County Excise Board formally approves an annual budget for the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Library considers all cash on-hand, demand deposits, money market checking, and certificates of deposit held at an individual bank which are subject to early withdrawal penalties, no matter what the maturity period, to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments held at June 30, 2021 and 2020, with original maturities greater than 1 year are stated at fair value.

Investment Earnings

Investment earnings principally consist of interest income and fair market value adjustments as the investments are presented at fair value. Investment earnings for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Interest income Fair market value adjustments	\$ 61,273 (75,533)	394,763 75,533
Investment (loss) income, net	\$ (14,260)	470,296

Advertising Costs

All costs associated with advertising are expensed as incurred.

Property Tax Revenues

The Library is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within Oklahoma County. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the Oklahoma County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within 15 days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half are due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 1. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has 2 years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of 2 years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. The Oklahoma County Assessor's Office bills and collects the property taxes and remits to the Library its share.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes receivable by the Library include uncollected taxes assessed as of October 1, 2021 and 2020, and earlier. The Library considers prior years' experience in estimating uncollectable property taxes. The balance in the allowance account was \$910,309 and \$752,889 as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. No provision has been made in the other funds for uncollectable amounts. All property taxes earned at year-end but not yet received are included in receivables reported on the government-wide statements. During the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library wrote-off \$164,917 and \$120,946, respectively, of property taxes receivable as an uncollectable amount which related to the property taxes receivable of 2014 and earlier years. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Any remaining property taxes due are deferred until they become available.

Changes in the allowance for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 752,889	728,022
Provision added to allowance during the year	317,307	16,792
Charge-offs	(164,917)	(120,946)
Recoveries	\$ 5,030	129,021
Balance, end of year	910,309	752,889

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Fund Financial Statements

Deferred inflows of resources represent the portion of property taxes receivable that will be collected this year but are not available soon enough to pay current period expenditures and are deferred.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources represent amounts associated with the pension plan and other postemployment benefit (OPEB), as applicable, for differences between expected and actual experience, differences between projected and actual earnings on Pension Fund investments, and changes in assumptions. Notes 6 and 7 detail the components of these items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

State Revenues

The Library receives revenue from the State of Oklahoma (the "State") and the Oklahoma Department of Libraries to administer certain library materials.

Interfund Transfers

During the course of normal operations, the Library has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and purchase assets. Transactions that are normal and recurring between funds are recorded as operating transfers.

Interfund transfers were used to transfer grant receipts from the Gifts and Grants Fund to the General Fund. For the purpose of the statements of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Contributed Facilities and Services

The Library operates several branches located in government-owned buildings and receives certain services without charge. The estimated fair rental values of the premises and services are not reported in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

<u>Grants</u>

The Library records income from grants in the period received or to the extent of expenses paid prior to reimbursement by a grant.

Income Taxes

The Library was established under the provisions of the Oklahoma Constitution and as such is exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code as a unit of government.

Prepaid Expenses

The Library uses the consumption method to record prepaid expenses. Prepaid expenses are payments in advance of the receipt of goods or services in exchange transactions and are usually made for insurance and rent. Prepaid expenses are reported as financial resources at the time of prepayment, and expenditures for prepaid services are recognized when the related services are received.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Pensions

Defined Benefit Pension Plan—For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Metropolitan Library System Pension Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Defined Contribution Plan—The Library also has a defined contribution plan. The defined contribution plan is discussed in Notes 2 and 6.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Library participates in a self-insurance health plan, which is a non-trusted single-employer plan that provides for employee and dependent healthcare coverage from the date of retirement, provided the participant was covered by the health insurance plan before retiring. In conjunction with the adoption of GASB 75, the Library has reflected a total OPEB liability, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB in the accompanying government-wide financial statements. See Note 7 for additional information on OPEB.

Restricted Resources

The Library records gifts and grants as restricted when the donor specifies a restriction on the timing or use of the gift or grant. Expenses are allocated first to the restricted resource. If additional expense is incurred, the expense is allocated to unrestricted funds when the restriction has been depleted.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- (a) Net investment in capital assets—consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net position—consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (i) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (ii) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net position—all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the Library's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The classifications are defined as:

 (a) Nonspendable fund balance—includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either
 (i) not in spendable form or (ii) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This would include items not expected to be converted to cash, including prepaid expenses.

It is the responsibility of the Library's Deputy Executive Director of Finance to identify and report all nonspendable funds appropriately in the Library's financial statements.

(b) Restricted fund balance—consists of amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either (i) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (ii) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

It is the responsibility of the Library's Deputy Executive Director of Finance to identify and report all restricted funds appropriately in the Library's financial statements. The Library has identified the Gifts and Grants Fund as a restricted fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Equity Classification, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued

(c) Committed fund balance—reflects specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Also, such constraints can only be removed or changed by the same form of formal action.

For purposes of the committed fund balance, the Board of Commissioners is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Funds set aside by the Board of Commissioners as committed fund balances require the passage of a resolution by a majority vote of the members of the Board of Commissioners. The passage of such a resolution must take place prior to the Library's fiscal year-end in order for it to be applicable to the Library's fiscal year-end, although it is permitted for the specific amount of the commitment to be determined after the fiscal year-end if additional information is required in order to determine the exact amount to be committed. The Board of Commissioners has the authority to remove or change the commitment of funds with a majority vote.

(d) Assigned fund balance—reflects amounts that are constrained by the Library's intent to be used for specific purposes, but meet neither the restricted nor committed forms of constraint. Assigned funds cannot cause a deficit in the unassigned fund balance.

For purposes of the assigned fund balance, the Board of Commissioners is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Any funds that the Deputy Executive Director of Finance assigns for specific purposes must be reported to the Board of Commissioners at its next regular meeting. The assignment of funds shall be recorded in the Board of Commissioners' official meeting minutes.

(e) Unassigned fund balance—is the residual classification for the General Fund only. Unassigned fund balance essentially consists of excess funds that have not been classified in the above four fund balance categories.

It is the Library's policy to first use the restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The Library's policy for the use of the unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Equity Classification, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued

The Library presents its fund balance in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the governmental funds balance sheets in accordance with GASB 54 as of June 30:

Total

	General	Gifts and	Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	Grants Fund	Funds
2021			
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid expenses	\$ 125,578		125,578
Restricted:			
Grants or gifts received for			
special programs	 	203,358	203,358
Assigned:			
Cash flow	8,000,000	-	8,000,000
Capital improvement:			
Almonte Library	2,056,000	-	2,056,000
Edmond Library	150,000	-	150,000
Edmond Library II	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Midwest City Library	600,000	-	600,000
Northwest	300,000	-	300,000
Ralph Ellison Library	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Service Center	275,000	-	275,000
Southern Oaks	225,000	-	225,000
Warr Acres	100,000	-	100,000
Future projects	 6,385,124		6,385,124
Total assigned	 21,091,124		21,091,124
Unassigned	 11,663,088		11,663,088
Total fund balances	\$ 32,879,790	203,358	33,083,148

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Equity Classification, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued

	General <u>Fund</u>	Gifts and <u>Grants Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
2020			
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid expenses	\$ 128,132		128,132
Restricted:			
Grants or gifts received for			
special programs	 	254,030	254,030
Assigned:			
Cash flow	8,000,000	-	8,000,000
Reserve for extra payday	680,000	-	680,000
Capital improvement:			
Almonte Library	2,056,000	-	2,056,000
Belle Isle Library	2,288,332	-	2,288,332
Choctaw Library	60,000	-	60,000
Del City Library	541,479	-	541,479
Northwest	300,000	-	300,000
Ralph Ellison Library	-	-	-
Service Center	200,000	-	200,000
Southern Oaks	210,000	-	210,000
Warr Acres	100,000	-	100,000
Future projects	 5,655,313		5,655,313
Total assigned	 20,091,124		20,091,124
Unassigned	 11,243,053		11,243,053
Total fund balances	\$ 31,462,309	254,030	31,716,339

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is used, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable funds. This is an extension of the formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances do not represent any further constraint on the use of amounts than is already communicated by governmental fund balance classification as restricted, committed, or assigned. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, approximately \$906,000 and \$3,100, respectively, of encumbrances were outstanding.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Policies Adopted During Current Year:

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84). GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the recognition and reporting of fiduciary activities. GASB 84 identifies four types of reportable fiduciary fund types, including (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. GASB 84 outlines the accounting and disclosure requirements for operating structures that qualify as a fiduciary activity. The Library adopted GASB 84 on July 1, 2020, which did not have a significant impact on the Library's financial statements.

In March 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* (GASB 88). GASB 88 provides certain clarifications regarding debt as a liability and identifies additional required disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements of debt. The Library adopted GASB 88 on July 1, 2020, which did not have an impact on the Library's financial statements.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interest* (GASB 90). GASB 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The Library adopted GASB 90 on July 1, 2020, which did not have a significant impact on the Library's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

Governmental Accounting Policies Adopted During Current Year, Continued:

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 (GASB 97). The primary objectives of GASB 97 are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of GASB 97 that (1) exempt primary governments that perform the duties that a governing board typically performs from treating the absence of a governing board the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board in determining whether they are financially accountable for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, or other employee benefit plans and (2) limit the applicability of the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement 84 to defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement 67 or paragraph 3 of Statement 74, respectively, are effective at the date of issuance of GASB 97. The requirements of GASB 97 that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. For purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, the requirements of GASB 97 that provide that for all other arrangements, the absence of a governing board be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Library early implemented and adopted GASB 97 on July 1, 2020, which did not have a significant impact on the Library's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

Governmental Accounting Policies for Future Adoption:

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). GASB 87 defines a lease as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. GASB 87 improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. The Library is evaluating the impact of GASB 87

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* (GASB 89). GASB 89 directs that interest costs incurred during the construction period of an asset be expensed in the period incurred. GASB 89 changes previous guidance regarding capitalized construction costs where such costs were typically included in the capitalized cost of the asset constructed and depreciated over time. The Library will adopt GASB 89 on July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. The Library does not expect GASB 89 to significantly impact the financial statements.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* (GASB 91). GASB 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligation, and (3) related note disclosures. The Library will adopt GASB 91 effective July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. The Library does not expect GASB 91 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

Governmental Accounting Policies for Future Adoption, Continued:

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 (GASB 92). GASB 92 addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions relating to (1) interim financial reporting requirements of GASB 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, (2) reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, (3) the applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits, (4) the applicability of certain requirements of GASB 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements, (5) measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition, (6) reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers, (7) reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature, and (8) terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The requirements of GASB 92 are effective upon issuance in relation to the provisions impacting GASB 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3 and are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021, for all other provisions. The Library is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of GASB 92 will have on its financial statements.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates Activities (GASB 93). GASB 93 addresses various accounting and other issues arising from the result of the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR) by (1) providing exceptions for certain hedging derivative instruments to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment, (2) clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate, (3) clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBORs does not, by itself, affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable, (4) removing the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap, (5) identifying a Secured Overnight Financing Rate and the Effective Federal Funds Rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap, and (6) clarifying the definition of *reference rate*, as it is used in Statement 53, as amended. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021, and the remaining requirements of GASB 93 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021, for all other provisions. The Library is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of GASB 93 will have on its financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

Governmental Accounting Policies for Future Adoption, Continued:

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB 94). GASB 94 improves accounting and financial reporting by addressing various issues relating to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This includes the requirement that PPPs that meet the definition of a lease apply the guidance in GASB 87 and establishes the accounting and financial reporting requirements for all other PPPs. The requirements of GASB 94 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Library is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of GASB 94 will have on its financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. GASB 96 (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding SBITA. The requirements of GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Library is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of GASB 96 will have on its financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statements and disclosures to conform with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net position or change in net position.

Date of Management's Review of Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The Library's investment policies are governed by State statutes. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies; negotiable certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations and trust companies. Non-negotiable certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit on all amounts not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

As a key part of the Library's activities, the Library holds investments that are measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis. Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy for the determination and measurement of fair value. This hierarchy is based on the type of valuation inputs needed to measure the fair value of an asset. The hierarchy generally is as follows:

Level 1—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs.

Level 3—Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

In addition to the above three levels, if an investment does not have a readily determined fair value, the investment can be measured using net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). Investments valued at NAV are categorized as NAV and not listed as Level 1, 2, or 3. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library had no investments valued using NAV. Fair values of investments by level are presented below. The levels are presented as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
<u>June 30, 2021</u> Investments by Fair Value Level	Amounts Measured at <u>Fair Value</u>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
The Library					
Fixed income: Government money market fund Total fixed income	\$ 6,990,556 6,990,556	6,990,556 6,990,556			
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 6,990,556	6,990,556			
Fiduciary Funds					
Fixed income:					
U.S. treasury obligations	\$ 694,119	694,119	-	-	
Corporate bonds	3,433,183	-	3,433,183	-	
Municipal bonds Total fixed income	96,369 4,223,671	694,119	96,369 3,529,552		
Equities:					
Common stock	3,706,763	3,706,763	-	-	
Equity and mutual funds	32,407,626	32,407,626			
Total equities	36,114,389	36,114,389			
Guaranteed investments:					
Guaranteed interest account*	5,826,367			5,826,367	
Total guaranteed investments	5,826,367			5,826,367	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 46,164,427	36,808,508	3,529,552	5,826,367	

*The guaranteed investment account represents an account held by a life insurance company which pays a fixed guaranteed rate on the account. The account is generally stated at contract value as determined by the insurance company. As the value is determined by the insurance company, the investment is considered Level 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
<u>June 30, 2020</u> Investments by Fair Value Level	Amounts Measured at <u>Fair Value</u>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
The Library					
Fixed income: U.S. treasury obligations Government money market fund Total fixed income	\$16,016,608 12,485,499 28,502,107	$ \begin{array}{r} 16,016,608 \\ \underline{12,485,499} \\ 28,502,107 \end{array} $			
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 28,502,107	28,502,107			
Fiduciary Funds					
Fixed income: U.S. treasury obligations Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Total fixed income	\$ 1,827,993 5,887,280 414,672 8,129,945	1,827,993	5,887,280 414,672 6,301,952	- - 	
Equities: Common stock Equity funds Total equities	6,488,546 27,252,523 33,741,069	6,488,546 27,252,523 33,741,069	-		
Guaranteed investments: Guaranteed interest account* Total guaranteed investments	5,485,386 5,485,386			5,485,386 5,485,386	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 47,356,400	35,569,062	6,301,952	5,485,386	

*The guaranteed investment account represents an account held by a life insurance company which pays a fixed guaranteed rate on the account. The account is generally stated at contract value as determined by the insurance company. As the value is determined by the insurance company, the investment is considered Level 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the carrying amounts of the Library's cash and cash equivalents were \$30,992,059 and \$7,073,737, respectively, and the bank balances were \$31,111,972, and \$7,130,200, respectively. The difference in balances was primarily due to uncleared outstanding checks.

The fair value of investments pledged to secure deposits was approximately \$6,787,000 and \$7,112,000 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Approximately \$13,000 and \$18,000 of the deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk—Investments

Investments are made under the custody of the Library Treasurer in accordance with investment policies complying with State statutes and Library policy.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. While the investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk, all investments are insured and collateralized.

Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest changes. Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The following table provides information concerning credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk, Continued

As of June 30, the Library had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities					
	Moody's			(]	n Years)		
	Credit				1 or More,		
Investment Type	<u>Rating</u>	Fair Value	Less than 1		Less than 5	5 or More	<u>%</u>
<u>2021</u> Government money							
market fund	Aaa	\$ 6,990,556	6,990,556	(1)			<u>100</u> %
		\$ 6,990,556	6,990,556				<u>100</u> %
2020							
U.S. Treasury obligations	Aaa	\$16,016,608	16,016,608		-	-	56%
Government money market fund	Aaa	12,485,499	12,485,499	(1)			<u>44</u> %
		\$28,502,107	28,502,107				<u>100</u> %

⁽¹⁾ The funds weighted average maturity (WAM) is an average of the effective maturity of all securities held in the portfolio, weighted by each security's percentage of net assets. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the fund WAM was 25 days and 53 days, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund

The cash and investments of the Pension Fund are invested in various assets with the Bank of Oklahoma and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the Pension Fund (see Note 6). The composition of the Pension Fund at fair value as of June 30 is shown in the following table:

	20	21	20	2020		
		Exposure as a Percentage of Total		Exposure as a Percentage of Total		
	Fair Value	Investment	Fair Value	Investment		
Cash	<u>\$ 547,421</u>	3%	<u>\$ 1,259,977</u>	5%		
Fixed income:						
U.S. Treasury obligations	694,119	6%	1,827,993	8%		
Corporate bonds	3,433,183	28%	5,887,280	26%		
Municipal bonds	96,369	1%	414,672	2%		
	4,223,671		8,129,945			
Equities:						
Common stock	3,706,763	30%	6,488,546	29%		
Equity funds	3,740,805	31%	6,646,136	29%		
1 5	7,447,568		13,134,682			
Receivables:						
Unsettled trades and accrued income	32,515	<u>1</u> %	70,275	<u>1</u> %		
	\$ 12,251,175	<u>100</u> %	\$ 22,594,879	<u>100</u> %		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund, Continued

Investment Allocation Policy—On March 28, 1983, the Board of Commissioners appointed a Board of Administrators for the Pension Fund—the Library Retirement Pension Board (the "Pension Board"). The Pension Board has the responsibility for the management of the Pension Fund and has the responsibility for reviewing the Pension Fund and reporting on its status to the Board of Commissioners annually. The Pension Board consists of the three officers of the Board of Commissioners and three designated Library staff employees. Overall investment guidelines provide for diversification and allow investment in domestic and international equities, fixed-income securities, and cash equivalents.

The following are the investment allocation limits:

	Upper Limit
Domestic large cap equities	50%
Domestic small cap equities	9%
International equities	9%
Fixed-income securities	45%
Cash equivalents	5%

The Pension Fund addresses custodial credit risk, with the policy providing for the engagement of a custodian who accepts possession of securities for safekeeping; collects and disburses income; collects principal of sold, matured, or called items; and provides periodic accounting to the Board of Commissioners. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Pension Fund held \$12,251,175 and \$22,594,879, respectively, in cash, investments, and receivables. This amount was held by the investment counterparty, in the name of the Pension Fund.

Pursuant to the Prudent Investor Rule, Oklahoma statutes restrict Pension Fund investing.

During the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Pension Board made no significant investment policy changes.

Method Used to Value Investments—The Pension Fund's investments are reported at fair value. Debt and equity securities are reported at fair value, as determined by the Plan's custodial agent, using pricing services or prices quoted by independent brokers based on the latest reported sales prices at current exchange rates for securities traded on national or international exchanges. Net investment income (loss) includes net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, and investment expenses, which includes investment management and custodial fees and all other significant investment related costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund, Continued

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. All cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the Pension Fund are insured and collateralized.

Rate of Return—For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Pension Fund's investments, net of the Pension Fund's investment expense, was 20.57% and 2.45%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Concentration of Credit Risk—The investment policy limits the concentration of equity investments to no more than 5% in any one issuer. Except as noted in the table below, no investment with a single firm exceeds 5% of the Pension Fund's net position.

The following table presents the individual investments exceeding the 5% threshold at June 30:

Classification of Investment 2021	Name of Investment	Shares <u>Held</u>	<u>Cost</u>	Fair Value
Equity fund	Vanguard 500 Index Fund Admiral Class	4,915	\$ 971,001	1,949,724
<u>2020</u> Equity fund	Vanguard 500 Index Fund			
	Admiral Class	12,230	\$ 2,410,223	3,498,900

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund, Continued

Foreign Currency Risk—Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Pension Fund held no foreign investments at June 30, 2021 or 2020. As such, no Pension Fund investments were subject to foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk—Fixed-income investments are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The following tables provide information as of June 30 concerning credit risk:

<u>S&P 500 Rating</u> 2021	Ē	air Value	Percentage of Total Fixed-Income Investments at <u>Fair Value</u>
AAA	\$	20,608	0%
AA+		694,119	16%
AA		154,353	4%
AA-		167,963	4%
A+		145,457	3%
А		250,120	6%
A-		541,237	13%
BBB+		707,583	17%
BBB		1,098,366	26%
BBB-		443,865	11%
	\$	4,223,671	<u>100</u> %

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund, Continued

Credit Risk—Continued:

			Percentage of
			Total
			Fixed-Income
			Investments at
S&P 500 Rating	F	air Value	Fair Value
2020			
AAA	\$	60,210	1%
AA+		2,104,564	26%
AA		135,296	2%
AA-		275,066	3%
A+		248,409	3%
А		468,938	6%
A-		1,436,869	18%
BBB+		1,581,943	19%
BBB		1,292,795	16%
BBB-		525,855	<u>6</u> %
			_
	\$	8,129,945	<u>100</u> %

At both June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Pension Fund did not hold any pooled fixed income funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Fund, Continued

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, the Pension Fund had the following fixed-income investments with maturities:

	In	vestment Ma	alue (in Years)		
			1 or More,	5 or More,	Total
Investment Type	L	ess than 1	Less than 5	Less than 10	Fair Value
2021					
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	183,911	510,208	-	694,119
Corporate bonds		1,759,322	1,571,064	102,797	3,433,183
Municipal bonds			53,561	42,808	96,369
-					
	\$	1,943,233	2,134,833	145,605	4,223,671
2020					
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	893,287	934,706	-	1,827,993
Corporate bonds		1,329,035	4,330,690	227,555	5,887,280
Municipal bonds		255,687	-	158,985	414,672
1					
	\$	2,478,009	5,265,396	386,540	8,129,945

Defined Contribution Fund

The investments of the Defined Contribution Fund are invested in mutual funds and a guaranteed interest account with Mass Mutual Life Insurance Company and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the participants of the defined contribution plan (see Note 6).

The following table presents the fair value of the defined contribution plan's investments by type at June 30:

Investment Type	Fair Value		
		2021	2020
Guaranteed interest account Mutual funds	\$	5,826,367 28,666,821	5,485,386 20,606,387
	\$	34,493,188	26,091,773

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Contribution Fund, Continued

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Library, or are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Library. While the trust agreement does not specifically address custodial credit risk, all investments are insured and collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk—Except as noted below, no single investment exceeds 5% of the Defined Contribution Fund's total investments. The following table presents the individual investments exceeding the 5% threshold at June 30:

Classification of	Name of		Fair
Investment	Investment		Value
2021			
Mutual fund	MM RetireSmart 2030	\$	1,858,802
Mutual fund	American Century Equity		
	Growth Fund		4,447,398
Mutual fund	MM RetireSmart 2040		2,020,834
Mutual fund	MM Growth Opportunities		2,069,974
Mutual fund	Calvert Equity Fnd		1,785,208
Mutual fund	Thornburg International		
	Equity Fund		1,728,024
Guaranteed interest account	MM Guaranteed interest account		5,826,367
2020			
Mutual fund	MM RetireSmart 2030	\$	1,805,775
Mutual fund	American Century Equity		
	Growth Fund		3,186,864
Mutual fund	MM RetireSmart 2040		1,318,441
Mutual fund	MM Growth Opportunities		1,384,618
Guaranteed interest account	MM Guaranteed interest account		5,485,386

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(3) <u>COLLECTIONS</u>

The Library has not capitalized existing inexhaustible collections, including research books, because the values are not readily determinable.

(4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 273,126			273,126
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Library materials	29,911,292	4,047,208	(3,680,756)	30,277,744
Furniture and fixtures	4,978,276	281,533	(1,158,816)	
Computer equipment	4,567,719	693,939	(836,849)	
Vehicles	591,057	-	(77,117)	513,940
Buildings and improvements	5,412,400	-	-	5,412,400
Total capital assets being depreciated	45,460,744	5,022,680	(5,753,538)	44,729,886
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Library materials	21,056,737	4,366,701	(3,680,755)	21,742,683
Furniture and fixtures	4,100,182	217,849	(1,149,305)	3,168,726
Computer equipment	3,522,694	387,290	(772,735)	3,137,249
Vehicles	524,996	21,217	(77,117)	469,096
Buildings and improvements	2,138,522	167,891		2,306,413
Total accumulated depreciation	31,343,131	5,160,948	(5,679,912)	30,824,167
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	14,117,613	(138,268)	(73,626)	13,905,719
Capital assets, net	\$ 14,390,739	(138,268)	(73,626)	14,178,845

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED</u>

	Balance at June 30, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 273,126			273,126
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Library materials	28,505,619	3,906,104	(2,500,431)	29,911,292
Furniture and fixtures	4,952,334	299,843	(273,901)	4,978,276
Computer equipment	4,299,813	469,074	(201,168)	4,567,719
Vehicles	557,391	54,760	(21,094)	591,057
Buildings and improvements	5,412,400			5,412,400
Total capital assets being depreciated	43,727,557	4,729,781	(2,996,594)	45,460,744
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Library materials	19,135,279	4,421,889	(2,500,431)	21,056,737
Furniture and fixtures	4,127,232	218,503	(245,553)	4,100,182
Computer equipment	3,251,381	432,889	(161,576)	3,522,694
Vehicles	530,529	15,561	(21,094)	524,996
Buildings and improvements	1,970,631	167,891		2,138,522
Total accumulated depreciation	29,015,052	5,256,733	(2,928,654)	31,343,131
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	14,712,505	(526,952)	(67,940)	14,117,613
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 14,985,631</u>	(526,952)	(67,940)	14,390,739

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(5) <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

Compensated absences are liquidated through the General Fund. Employees can accrue up to a maximum of 240 hours of annual leave. Compensated absences are reported as current liabilities in the statements of net position. Compensated absences activity for the years ended June 30 was as follows.

					Amounts
					Due
	Balance at			Balance at	Within
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	<u>1 Year</u>
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 915,490</u>	1,153,999	(1,122,938)	946,551	946,551
					Amounts
					Due
	Balance at			Balance at	Within
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	<u>1 Year</u>
Compensated absences	\$ 741,338	1,124,534	(950,382)	915,490	915,490

(6) **RETIREMENT PLANS**

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description—The Plan is a single-employer plan that covers some full-time employees of the Library. The Plan is a defined benefit plan which provides for retirement benefits based on length of service and salary. The Plan was amended effective January 1, 2008. This latest amendment lowered the vesting schedule from 5-year cliff vesting to 3 years. Death, early and late retirement, and deferred vested benefits are also available under the Plan. Assets of the Plan are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the Plan. Actuarial valuations are performed annually on July 1.

The Plan's membership consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2021	2020
Retirees, disabled participants, and beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	11	46
Terminated vested participants	7	6
Active participants	21	23
_	39	75

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Plan Description—Continued

Effective August 29, 2005, the Plan was frozen, and no new employees are eligible to participate. A defined contribution plan was established for new employees.

Benefit payments for the Plan are as follows:

- a) The normal monthly retirement benefit will be 2.5% of an employee's average monthly earnings multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 32 years. "Average monthly earnings" means the average of the employee's highest 60 consecutive completed calendar months of employment by the Library.
- b) The early retirement benefit will be the greater of the actuarial equivalent of the employee's accrued benefit at normal retirement date or the aggregate value of the employee's participant contributions plus interest credited.
- c) The late retirement benefits will be the greater of: 1) the normal retirement pension determined under the Plan, taking into account service and compensation credited after normal retirement age; or 2) the accrued benefit, determined as the later of normal retirement age or the end of the prior plan year, actuarially adjusted for late retirement.

Allocated Insurance Contracts—During 2021 and 2020, the Plan purchased group annuity contracts in the amounts of \$12,740,632 and \$5,201,595, respectively, for certain participants who were classified as a retiree, disabled participant, or beneficiary, and were currently receiving pension benefits under a life only, or a joint and survivor with a 100% or 50% surviving beneficiary arrangement. Upon purchase of the group annuity contracts, the obligation for the payment of pension annuities was transferred without recourse to the respective insurance companies issuing the group annuity contracts.

Contributions—Participating employees contribute 4% of their compensation to the Plan. The Library contributes any additional amount necessary to fund normal cost and to amortize unfunded past service costs over a period of 30 years. The actuarial required contributions for 2021 and 2020 were \$242,915 and \$361,946, respectively.

The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and related required supplementary information. The information is included within these financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Net Pension Liability

The Library's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

The components of the Library's net pension liability of the participating employer at June 30 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Total pension liability	\$ 15,083,766	24,020,118
Plan fiduciary net position	12,251,175	22,594,879
Library's net pension liability	\$ 2,832,591	1,425,239
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>81.22</u> %	<u>94.07</u> %

Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 and 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	None
Salary increases:	5%
Investment rate of return:	7%, net of pension plan investment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Net Pension Liability, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions—Continued

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Generational Tables Mortality Improvement Scales MP-2020 and MP-2019 for males and females for July 1, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 and 2020, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 2009 to June 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of the Plan's investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30 (see discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected			
Asset Class	Real Rate of Retur			
	2021	2020		
Fixed-income securities	2.75%	3.44%		
Domestic equity	5.73%	7.34%		
International equity	7.80%	7.55%		
Cash equivalents	1.10%	1.90%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Net Pension Liability, Continued

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at rates equal to the differences between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	To	otal Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	24,020,118	22,594,879	1,425,239
Changes for the year:				1,120,207
Service cost		156,600	-	156,600
Interest		1,034,745	-	1,034,745
Differences between		7 - 7		_,
expected and actual				
experience		3,792,905	-	3,792,905
Changes in assumptions		(56,532)	-	(56,532)
Contribution—employer		-	242,915	(242,915)
Contribution—employee		-	28,302	(28,302)
Net investment income		-	3,288,815	(3,288,815)
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of employee				
contributions		(1,123,438)	(1,123,438)	-
Purchase of annuities		(12,740,632)	(12,740,632)	-
Administrative expense		-	(39,666)	39,666
Net changes		(8,936,352)	(10,343,704)	1,407,352
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	15,083,766	12,251,175	2,832,591

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability, Continued

	Increase (Decrease)				
	To	otal Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension	
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	28,453,360	28,058,673	394,687	
Changes for the year:	<u> </u>	- , ,	,		
Service cost		172,005	-	172,005	
Interest		1,765,237	-	1,765,237	
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		164,347	-	164,347	
Changes in assumptions		(63,444)	-	(63,444)	
Contribution—employer		-	361,946	(361,946)	
Contribution—employee		-	31,614	(31,614)	
Net investment income		-	671,463	(671,463)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(1,269,792)	(1,269,792)	-	
Purchase of annuities		(5,201,595)	(5,201,595)	-	
Administrative expense			(57,430)	57,430	
Net changes		(4,433,242)	(5,463,794)	1,030,552	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	24,020,118	22,594,879	1,425,239	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability, Continued

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net pension liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
June 30, 2021		(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	<u>(8.0%)</u>
Net pension liability	\$	4,286,372	2,832,591	1,569,898
-				
June 30, 2020				
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,695,220	1,425,239	(537,679)

The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in Note 2.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library recognized pension expense of \$146,836 and \$119,320, respectively.

Pension expense was computed as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2021	2020
Service cost	\$ 156,600	172,005
Interest on total pension liability	1,034,745	1,765,237
Differences in expected and actual experiences	435,970	(472,790)
Changes in assumptions	(15,336)	30,051
Employee contributions	(28,302)	(31,614)
Projected earnings on investments	(1,104,505)	(1,749,372)
Differences between projected earnings and actual	(372,002)	348,373
Pension plan administrative expense	 39,666	57,430
	\$ 146,836	119,320

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued</u>

At June 30, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows
			of Resources
2021			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	3,102,664	911,045
Changes of assumptions		2,083	111,759
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on Pension Fund investments		740,158	1,778,175
	\$	3,844,905	2,800,979
2020			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	228,836	1,394,152
Changes of assumptions		21,179	89,658
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on Pension Fund investments		1,002,447	228,157
-			
	\$	1,252,462	1,711,967

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued</u>

As of June 30, 2021, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 128,658
2023	229,375
2024	548,023
2025	 137,870
	\$ 1,043,926

Defined Contribution Plan

Effective August 29, 2005, the Metropolitan Library System Defined Contribution Plan (the "Contribution Plan") was established. The Contribution Plan is intended to be a governmental plan as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 414(d), and is to be approved and qualified by the Internal Revenue Service as satisfying the governmental plan requirements of Sections 401(a) and 501(a) and other pertinent provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Under the Contribution Plan, the employer's contribution shall be discretionary, to be determined by the employer, and is available to all participants. During 2021 and 2020, the Library contributed 10% of each participant's compensation. Participants are fully vested in the employer's contributions after 3 years of credited service. Participants may make voluntary contributions. Participants may direct the Contribution Plan's trustee in the investment of their individual account balances. Normal retirement age is the latter of a participant's 65th birthday or the 5th anniversary of the first day of the plan year in which participation in the Contribution Plan commenced. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library's contribution to the Contribution Plan was \$1,425,226 and \$1,384,731, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Library offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan as authorized by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 1701 through 1706 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The Deferred Compensation Plan is available to all Library employees. Employees may direct the investment of their contributions in available investment options offered by the Deferred Compensation Plan. All interest, dividends, and investment fees are allocated to employees' accounts. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, employee contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan totaled approximately \$147,000 and \$158,000, respectively.

(7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Description

The Library participates in a self-insurance health plan (see Note 8), which is a non-trusted singleemployer plan that provides for employee and dependent healthcare coverage from the date of retirement, provided the participant was covered by the self-insurance health plan before retiring.

In conjunction with providing the postretirement medical benefits through the self-insurance health plan, the Library determined that an OPEB liability existed. The Library calculated the self-insurance health plan OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and it is reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

The self-insurance health plan provides members with postretirement medical benefits if the retiree and spouse pay the full active premium. Participants in the self-insurance health plan can elect to enroll in special coverage, and surviving spouses may continue in the Plan. Contributions to the self-insurance health plan are made by both the participant and the Library on a "pay as you go" basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, CONTINUED

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library reported a liability for the self-insurance health plan OPEB. The Library used a measurement date and valuation date of July 1, 2020, and July 1, 2019, to calculate the total self-insurance health plan OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$198,022 and \$132,599, respectively. At June 30, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the self-insurance health plan OPEB liability from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
2021			
Changes of assumptions	\$	217,478	132,437
Differences between expected and			
actual experience		65,146	123,276
-			
	\$	282,624	255,713
2020			
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	151,552
Differences between expected and			
actual experience		59,135	132,474
-			
	\$	59,135	284,026

As of June 30, 2021, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

т

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Years Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (488)
2023	(488)
2024	(488)
2025	(488)
2026	(438)
Thereafter	 29,301
	\$ 26,911

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, CONTINUED

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total self-insurance health plan OPEB liability June 30, 2021 and 2020 was determined based on actuarial valuations prepared using a July 1, 2020, and July 1, 2019, measurement date, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return—Not applicable, as the self-insurance health plan is unfunded, and benefits are not paid from a qualifying trust
- Mortality rates—RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males or females, as appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA
- Salary scale—3% per year
- Plan participation—30% of retired employees are assumed to participate in the self-insurance health plan.
- Marital assumptions—None
- Plan entry date is the date of hire
- Actuarial cost method—Entry age normal based upon salary
- Healthcare trend rate—A level 4.00%

At June 30, 2021, the self-insurance health plan had total participants of 292 consisting of 273 active participants and 19 retirees or surviving spouses. At June 30, 2020, the self-insurance health plan had total participants of 293 consisting of 274 active participants and 19 retirees or surviving spouses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability 2.21% and 3.50% for June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The discount rate was determined using a 20-year Municipal Bond AA rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and <u>Healthcare Trend Rate</u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the total self-insurance health plan OPEB liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 2.21% and 3.50% for 2021 and 2020 respectively, as well as what the Library's total self-insurance health plan OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
<u>June 30, 2021</u>	(1.21%)	Rate (2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,325,984	1,223,719	1,144,665
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
June 30, 2020	<u>(2.50%)</u>	Rate (3.50%)	<u>(4.50%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 838,566	773,893	723,898

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate—The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare trend rate of 4.00% for both 2021 and 2020, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Trend Rate
June 30, 2021	(3.00%)	<u>(4.00%)</u>	<u>(5.00%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,145,600	1,223,719	1,322,205
June 30, 2020			
Total OPEB liability	\$ 724,489	773,893	836,177

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(8) <u>SELF-INSURANCE RISK OF LOSS</u>

The Library operates a self-insurance plan to fund its employee health benefits. The Library purchased insurance policies to limit its maximum possible benefit cost on both an employee basis and an aggregate basis. The Library has a contract with a third-party administrator to operate the self-insurance plan. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Library has limited its risk of loss by purchasing insurance to pay an individual's claim in excess of \$105,000 and \$100,000, respectively.

The carrying amount of liabilities for unpaid claims is equal to the amount of claims unpaid but due at year-end. This amount has been determined by the third-party administrator.

Changes in the claims liability amounts for the years ended June 30 were:

	2021	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 208,775	299,728	220,326
Current year claims	4,293,354	3,045,556	3,107,061
Claim payments	 (4,069,353)	(3,136,509)	(3,027,659)
Balance, end of year	\$ 432,776	208,775	299,728

(9) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or natural disasters for which the Library carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year, and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past 3 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Operating Leases

On an ongoing basis, the Library leases 19 branch library buildings from the area cities and Oklahoma City. All of the branch buildings, except for the Del City library building, the temporary Belle Isle location, and the Almonte Shopping Center library building, are leased for \$1 per year. The terms of the leases are for a period of 1 year and automatically renew each year for a total term of 10 years unless written notice is given by either party of its intent not to renew. The Library provides for all maintenance, utilities, repairs, and liability insurance for all leased buildings. The Del City library building is leased for \$400 per month. The temporary Belle Isle location is leased for \$17,000 per month. The Almonte Shopping Center library building is leased for approximately \$8,000 per month. The City of Oklahoma City reimburses the Library for this expense, and the reimbursement is included in other income. On occasion, the Library makes contributions towards the construction of a new library building. The purpose of the contribution is for the Library to have partial say in the design of the building since the design and construction of the building can affect the operations of the Library. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Library paid \$950,000 to the City of Oklahoma City for the construction of the Belle Isle library building. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Library paid \$650,000 to the City of Edmond for HVAC renovations and upgrades made to the Edmond library building.

Total lease and equipment rental expense for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, was approximately \$207,000 and \$124,000, respectively.

Legal

From time to time, the Library is involved in certain legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and counsel, the ultimate disposition of such proceedings will not have a material effect on the Library's financial statements.

COVID-19

The novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), which was declared a global health emergency in January 2020 and a pandemic in March 2020, has caused significant changes in political and economic conditions around the world, including disruptions and volatility in the global capital markets. In response, the State of Oklahoma and local municipalities have taken various preventative or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes. The Library's management has considered the economic implications of the COVID-19 pandemic in making critical and significant accounting estimates included in the June 30, 2021 and 2020, financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED</u>

COVID-19, Continued

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact the Library will depend on future developments which are uncertain, such as the duration of the outbreak, additional governmental mandates issued to mitigate the spread of the disease, business closures, economic disruptions, and the effectiveness of actions taken to contain and treat the virus. Accordingly, the COVID-19 pandemic may have a negative impact on the Library's future operations, the size and duration of which is difficult to predict. The Library's management will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions altering operations that the Library's management determines are in the best interests of its employees and stakeholders, or as required by federal, state, or local authorities.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT NO. 34

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE—GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Tear Endea June 50, 2021				Modified		
			Actual	Accrual to	Actual	Variance with
	Budgeted	Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Amounts	Final Budget—
	Amounts	Amounts	Modified	Basis	Budgetary	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Accrual Basis	Adjustments	<u>Basis</u>	(Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, beginning of year:						
Carryover funds	\$ 8,453,435	11,008,510	11,371,185	(973,148)	12,344,333	1,335,823
Capital reserve	20,091,124	20,091,124	20,091,124		20,091,124	
	28,544,559	31,099,634	31,462,309	(973,148)	32,435,457	1,335,823
Resources (inflows):						
Property taxes	36,141,044	37,676,447	41,929,087	360,832	41,568,255	3,891,808
Collections on book fines and copy services	259,390	259,390	241,450	(5,470)	246,920	(12,470)
State revenue	157,863	157,863	203,135	-	203,135	45,272
Investment earnings	-	-	(15,922)	-	(15,922)	(15,922)
Other			75,293		75,293	75,293
Total resources (inflows)	36,558,297	38,093,700	42,433,043	355,362 (1)	42,077,681	3,983,981
Charges to appropriations:						
Personnel services	28,439,146	28,351,071	26,029,963	1,046,175	24,983,788	3,367,283
Maintenance and operations:						
Contractual services	6,700,013	7,052,139	4,849,670	142,840	4,706,830	2,345,309
Commodities	1,035,259	1,075,414	977,497	25,207	952,290	123,124
Capital outlays—operations	9,787,314	11,623,586	9,158,432		9,158,432	2,465,154
Total charges to appropriations	45,961,732	48,102,210	41,015,562	1,214,222 (2)	39,801,340	8,300,870
Net changes in budgetary fund balance	(9,403,435)	(10,008,510)	1,417,481	(858,860)	2,276,341	12,284,851
Budgetary fund balance, end of year:						
Carryover funds	-	-	12,788,666	(1,832,008)	14,620,674	14,620,674
Capital reserve	19,141,124	21,091,124	20,091,124		20,091,124	(1,000,000)
	\$ 19,141,124	21,091,124	32,879,790	(1,832,008)	34,711,798	13,620,674

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE—GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED), CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Modified		
			Actual	Accrual to	Actual	Variance with
	Budgeted	Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Amounts	Final Budget—
	Amounts	Amounts	Modified	Basis	Budgetary	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Accrual Basis	Adjustments	<u>Basis</u>	(Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, beginning of year:						
Carryover funds	\$ 9,258,041	9,258,041	10,081,133	(898,131)	10,979,264	1,721,223
Capital reserve	18,305,236	18,305,236	18,305,236		18,305,236	
	27,563,277	27,563,277	28,386,369	(898,131)	29,284,500	1,721,223
Resources (inflows):						
Property taxes	36,141,044	36,141,044	39,459,366	(219,799)	39,679,165	3,538,121
Collections on book fines and copy services	288,211	288,211	464,457	144,782	319,675	31,464
State revenue	175,403	175,403	236,276	-	236,276	60,873
Investment earnings	-	-	470,296	-	470,296	470,296
Other			76,540		76,540	76,540
Total resources (inflows)	36,604,658	36,604,658	40,706,935	(75,017) (1)	40,781,952	4,177,294
Charges to appropriations:						
Personnel services	27,288,798	27,288,798	25,095,191	-	25,095,191	2,193,607
Maintenance and operations:						
Contractual services	6,206,301	6,206,301	4,576,969	-	4,576,969	1,629,332
Commodities	1,107,346	1,107,346	879,643	-	879,643	227,703
Capital outlays—operations	9,474,366	9,474,366	7,079,192		7,079,192	2,395,174
Total charges to appropriations	44,076,811	44,076,811	37,630,995	(2)	37,630,995	6,445,816
Net changes in budgetary fund balance	(7,472,153)	(7,472,153)	3,075,940	(75,017)	3,150,957	10,623,110
Budgetary fund balance, end of year:						
Carryover funds	-	-	11,371,185	(973,148)	12,344,333	12,344,333
Capital reserve	20,091,124	20,091,124	20,091,124		20,091,124	
	\$ 20,091,124	20,091,124	31,462,309	(973,148)	32,435,457	12,344,333

Years Ended June 30,	 2021	2020
Budget-to-actual reconciliation:		
⁽¹⁾ Revenues on a budgetary basis are based on cash received rather than the modified accrual basis used for financial reporting, and the Revolving Fund is not reported as part of the General Fund for budgetary purposes.	\$ 355,362	(75,017)
⁽²⁾ Expenditures on a budgetary basis are based on cash paid rather than the modified accrual basis used for financial reporting. Under the modified accrual basis, expenditures are recorded when obligations are incurred. In addition, the Revolving Fund is not reported as part of the General Fund for budgetary purposes.	(1,214,222)	-
Total budget-to-actual reconciliation	\$ (858,860)	(75,017)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE—GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED), CONTINUED

Note: Under the budgetary basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are received rather than when they are earned. Purchases of materials, outside services, and capital outlays are recognized as expenditures when the commitment to purchase is made (encumbered).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENTS NO. 67 AND 68

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last 9 Fiscal Years										
	4	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	156,600	172,005	203,200	257,595	331,469	379,654	440,000	459,906	523,417
Interest	1	,034,745	1,765,237	1,946,001	2,030,008	2,069,330	2,058,626	1,963,789	1,937,455	1,871,153
Differences between expected	_									
and actual experience	3	,792,905	164,347	(415,989)	(1,465,033)	(989,443)	(38,374)	601,322	(767,420)	(121,662)
Changes in assumptions		(56,532)	(63,444)	(59,513)	-	-	-	125,003	246,053	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1	,123,438)	(1,269,792)	(2,040,696)	(2,004,643)	(1,941,568)	(1,793,103)	(1,636,804)	(1,322,954)	(1,201,505)
Purchase of annuities		2,740,632)	(1,209,792) (5,201,595)	(2,040,090)	(2,004,043)	(1,941,508)	(1,795,105)	(1,030,804)	(1,322,934)	(1,201,505)
Net change in total pension liability		3,936,352)	(4,433,242)	(366,997)	(1,182,073)	(530,212)	606,803	1,493,310	553,040	1,071,403
Total pension liability—beginning		,020,118	28,453,360	28,820,357	30,002,430	30,532,642	29,925,839	28,432,529	27,879,489	26,808,086
Total pension liability—ending ^(a)	<u>\$ 15</u>	,083,766	24,020,118	28,453,360	28,820,357	30,002,430	30,532,642	29,925,839	28,432,529	27,879,489
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions—employer	\$	242,915	361,946	436,022	1,005,675	624,271	767,210	812,823	1,130,104	1,074,744
Contributions—employees		28,302	31,614	38,545	38,028	55,251	63,791	77,896	98,634	108,805
Net investment income (loss)	3	,288,815	671,463	1,670,599	2,010,720	2,593,631	398,368	(119,212)	3,700,555	2,456,234
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions and administrative										
expenses	(1	,163,104)	(1,327,222)	(2,102,227)	(2,093,216)	(2,046,883)	(1,854,928)	(1,694,684)	(1,390,402)	(1,267,896)
Purchase of annuities	(12	2,740,632)	(5,201,595)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(10	,343,704)	(5,463,794)	42,939	961,207	1,226,270	(625,559)	(923,177)	3,538,891	2,371,887
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	22	2,594,879	28,058,673	28,015,734	27,054,527	25,828,257	26,453,816	27,376,993	23,838,102	21,466,215
Plan fiduciary net position—ending ^(b)	\$ 12	2,251,175	22,594,879	28,058,673	28,015,734	27,054,527	25,828,257	26,453,816	27,376,993	23,838,102
Plan's net pension liability (a - b)	\$ 2	2,832,591	1,425,239	394,687	804,623	2,947,903	4,704,385	3,472,023	1,055,536	4,041,387

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last 9 Fiscal Years									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 15,083,766 12,251,175	24,020,118 22,594,879	28,453,360 28,058,673	28,820,357 28,015,734	30,002,430 27,054,527	30,532,642 25,828,257	29,925,839 26,453,816	28,432,529 27,376,993	27,879,489 23,838,102
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 2,832,591	1,425,239	394,687	804,623	2,947,903	4,704,385	3,472,023	1,055,536	4,041,387
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>81.22</u> %	<u>94.07</u> %	<u>98.61</u> %	<u>97.21</u> %	<u>90.17</u> %	<u>84.59</u> %	<u>88.40</u> %	<u>96.29</u> %	<u>85.50</u> %
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 1,176,716</u>	1,197,737	1,374,258	1,463,754	1,725,494	2,110,020	1,968,884	2,196,275	2,607,287
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>240.72</u> %	<u>118.99</u> %	<u>28.72</u> %	<u>54.97</u> %	<u>170.84</u> %	<u>222.95</u> %	<u>176.34</u> %	<u>48.06</u> %	<u>155.00</u> %

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

DEFINED DENEFTI FENSION FLAN										
Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 242	,915 361,94	436,022	1,005,675	624,271	767,210	812,823	1,130,104	1,074,744	1,114,433
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	242	,915 361,94	436,022	1,005,675	624,271	767,210	812,823	1,130,104	1,074,744	1,114,433
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$									
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 1,176</u>	,716 1,197,72	1,374,258	1,463,754	1,725,494	2,110,020	1,968,884	2,196,275	2,607,287	2,617,869
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>20</u>	.64% 30.2	<u>2</u> % <u>31.73</u> %	<u>68.71</u> %	<u>36.18</u> %	<u>36.36</u> %	<u>41.28</u> %	<u>51.46</u> %	<u>41.22</u> %	<u>42.57</u> %

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last 9 Fiscal Years									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	20.57%	2.45%	5.91%	7.23%	9.88%	(5.51)%	(0.65)%	15.27%	11.14%

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (SCHEDULES II THROUGH V)

The information presented in Schedule II through Schedule V was determined as part of an actuarial valuation by an independent enrolled actuary (Newport Group) at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the July 1, 2021, valuation follows:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal
Amortization method:	None
Asset valuation method:	5-year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	None

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT NO. 75

Last 4 Fiscal Years				
	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability:				
Service cost	\$ 171,424	118,301	95,942	68,738
Interest	27,086	32,239	30,022	24,011
Differences between expected and				
actual experiences	17,608	(141,674)	-	90,257
Changes of assumptions	233,708	(68,024)	(36,236)	(91,638)
Estimated benefit payments	 		(95,271)	(95,271)
Net change in total OPEB liability	449,826	(59,158)	(5,543)	(3,903)
Total OPEB liability—beginning	 773,893	833,051	838,594	842,497
Total OPEB liability—ending	\$ 1,223,719	773,893	833,051	838,594
Covered employee payroll	\$ 14,978,245	14,541,985	14,653,807	13,260,741
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u>8.17</u> %	<u>5.32</u> %	<u>5.68</u> %	<u>6.32</u> %
Discount rate	<u>2.21</u> %	<u>3.50</u> %	<u>3.87</u> %	<u>3.58</u> %

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Note to Schedule: Only the last 4 fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Library Commission of Oklahoma County (the "Library") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2021. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph disclaiming an opinion on required supplementary information.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finley & Cook, PLIC

Shawnee, Oklahoma November 15, 2021