



## THE CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Ada, Oklahoma

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit of the Valley View Hospital Authority, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ada, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit of the Valley View Hospital Authority, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) during the year ended June 30, 2022. The adoption of GASB 87 resulted in the recording of additional receivables and deferred inflows in relation to various leases that the City had in place as of June 30, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

(Continued)

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED**

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

(Continued)

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED**

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements, Continued

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedule of City's proportionate share of net pension liability—Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, the schedule of City contributions—Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, the schedule of City's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)—Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, the schedule of City contributions-Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, and the schedule of changes in OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining schedules of general fund accounts, the combining statements of nonmajor governmental funds, the combining schedules of the APWA Enterprise Fund accounts, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

(Continued)

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED**

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 12, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma January 12, 2023

As management of the City of Ada, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Ada for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$12,760,810 and the assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2022, by \$180,162,871 (net position). Of this amount, \$42,937,227 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,010,347.
- At the end of fiscal year 2022, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,691,885 or 11.5% of General Fund revenues.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Ada (the "City"), the Ada Public Works Authority (the "Authority") and one additional discretely presented component unit. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for each of three categories of activities – governmental and business-type, and one discretely-presented component unit. This discussion and analysis focuses on the primary government, composed of the City of Ada and Ada Public Works Authority.

The governmental-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Ada's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 19 & 20, respectively) report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer questions about the City's financial position. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's Net Position and Changes in Net Position from the prior year. You can think of the City's Net Position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities -- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities -- The City's activities that charge a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, solid waste collections utilities and economic development are reported here.
- Discretely-presented component unit This accounts for the one activity of the City's reporting entity that does not meet the criteria for blending, the Valley View Hospital Authority.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. The City of Ada, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Ada can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds -- When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary funds and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, solid waste collection, disposal services, and economic development activities. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net position for the governmental activities and business-type activities increased \$12,760,810. The results indicate the City, as a whole, saw an increase in its financial position from the prior year.

Following is a summary comparison of change in net position from last year for the City of Ada.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Govern		% Inc. (Dec.)		ss-Type vities	% Inc. (Dec.)			% Inc. (Dec.)
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Current assets	\$ 39,987	\$ 33,605	19%	\$ 47,319	\$ 45,696	4%	\$ 87,306	\$ 79,301	10%
Non-current assets	1,415	-	100%	1,536	-	100%	2,951	-	100%
Capital assets, net	78,635	74,633	5%	63,017	61,519	2%	141,652	136,152	4%
Total assets	120,037	108,238	11%	111,872	107,215	4%	231,909	215,453	8%
Deferred outflow of resources	2,458	2,886	-15%	104	88	18%	2,562	2,974	-14%
Current liabilities	2,619	1,547	69%	4,092	4,096	0%	6,711	5,643	19%
Non-current liabilities	5,066	9,025	-44%	33,118	35,584	-7%	38,184	44,609	-14%
Total liabilities	7,685	10,572	-27%	37,210	39,680	-6%	44,895	50,252	-11%
Deferred inflows of resources	6,457	739	774%	1,541	33	4570%	7,998	772	936%
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	77,812	74,171	5%	34,178	29,831	15%	111,990	104,002	8%
Restricted	17,774	17,938	-1%	7,462	6,946	7%	25,236	24,884	1%
Unrestricted	11,352	7,704	47%	31,585	30,812	3%	42,937	38,516	11%
Total net position	\$ 106,938	\$ 99,813	7%	\$ 73,225	\$ 67,589	8%	\$180,163	\$ 167,402	8%

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This year the net investment in capital assets amounted to \$112 million. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$25.2 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$42.9 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **Change in Net Position**

For the year ended June 30, 2022 net position of the primary government changed as follows:

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Govern Activ		% Inc. (Dec.)	Busines Activi		% Inc. (Dec.)	To	Total	
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 1,013	\$ 1,026	-1%	\$ 16,539	\$ 15,789	5%	\$ 17,552	\$ 16,815	4%
Operating grants and contributions	1,316	2,735	-52%	=	-	-	1,316	2,735	-52%
Capital grants and contributions	788	359	120%	177	-	100%	965	359	169%
Taxes	22,044	20,499	8%	-	-	-	22,044	20,499	8%
Intergovernmental revenue	381	388	-2%	-	50	-100%	381	438	-13%
Investment income	326	116	181%	410	128	220%	736	244	202%
M iscellaneous	1,130	942	20%	588	760	-23%	1,718	1,702	1%
Total revenues	26,998	26,065	4%	17,714	16,727	6%	44,712	42,792	4%
Expenses									
General government	5,680	4,822	18%	-	-	-	5,680	4,822	18%
Streets	3,047	3,039	0%	-	-	-	3,047	3,039	0%
Public safety	6,356	8,515	-25%	-	-	-	6,356	8,515	-25%
Cemetery	218	231	-6%	-	-	-	218	231	-6%
Legal and judicial	97	91	7%	-	-	-	97	91	7%
Culture and recreation	2,983	2,646	13%	-	_	_	2,983	2,646	13%
Community development	367	353	4%	-	_	_	367	353	4%
Airport	759	716	6%	-	-	-	759	716	6%
Interest on long-term debt	12	34	-65%	-	-	-	12	34	-65%
Water	_	-	_	4,038	4,018	0%	4,038	4,018	0%
Sewer	_	-	_	3,136	2,878	9%	3,136	2,878	9%
Sanitation	_	-	_	4,548	4,150	10%	4,548	4,150	10%
Economic development		=	-	710	914	-22%	710	914	-22%
Total expenses	19,519	20,447	-5%	12,432	11,960	4%	31,951	32,407	-1%
Excess (deficiency) before									
transfers	7,479	5,618	33%	5,282	4,767	11%	12,761	10,385	23%
Transfers	(354)	(1,267)	-72%	354	1,267	-72%			0%
Change in net position	7,125	4,351	64%	5,636	6,034	7%	12,761	10,385	23%
Beginning net position	99,813	95,462	5%	67,589	61,555	10%	167,402	157,017	7%
Ending net position	\$ 106,938	\$ 99,813	7%	\$ 73,225	\$ 67,589	8%	\$ 180,163	\$167,402	8%

The City's governmental activities investment income increased \$209,025 or 180%. The operating grants and contributions decrease of \$1,418,905 or 52% was mainly due to a CARES Act grant received in the prior year. Capital grants and contributions increased \$429,333 due to grants from the Federal Aviation Administration received in the current year. The Public safety expenses decreased \$2,159,072 mainly due to a decrease in fire and police retirement expenditures in the prior year. The City's business-type investment income increased \$282,113 or 221%. The business type activities capital grants and contributions increased \$177,138 due to donations received from the Chickasaw Nation for water and sewer mains received in the current year.

#### **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

TABLE 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

				Net F	Revenue				
	Tot	tal Expense	% Inc.	(Ex	% Inc.				
	01	f S ervices	(Dec.)	of S	of Services				
	2022	<u>2021</u>		2022	2021				
General government	\$ 5,6	80 \$ 4,822	18%	(\$5,520)	(\$4,486)	23%			
Streets	3,0	47 3,039	0%	(2,887)	(2,883)	0%			
Public Safety	6,3:	56 8,515	-25%	(5,098)	(5,794)	-12%			
Cemetery	2	18 231	-6%	(150)	(166)	-10%			
Legal and Judicial		97 91	7%	(97)	(91)	7%			
Culture and Recreation	2,9	83 2,646	13%	(2,430)	(2,149)	13%			
Community Development	30	67 353	4%	(367)	(353)	4%			
Airport	7:	59 716	6%	160	(372)	-143%			
Interest on long-term debt		12 34	-65%	(12)	(34)	-65%			
Total	19,5	19 \$ 20,447	-5%	(\$16,401)	(\$16,328)	0%			

For the year ended June 30, 2022, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$19.5 million which is a 4.5% decrease from the prior year.

#### **Business-type Activities**

TABLE 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

		Expense rvices	% Inc.	Net Re (Expe of Se	ense)	% Inc. Dec.
	2022	<u>2021</u>		2022	2021	
Water	\$ 4,038	\$ 4,018	0%	\$ 4,665	\$ 4,209	11%
Sewer	3,136	2,878	9%	(268)	(123)	118%
Sanitation	4,548	4,150	10%	597	657	-9%
Economic development	710	914	-22%	(710)	(914)	-22%
Total	\$12,432	\$11,960	4%	\$ 4,284	\$ 3,829	12%

The City's business-type activities include utility services for water, sewer, sanitation and economic development.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2022 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$33 million, or a 5.4% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$73.7 million, or an 8.8% increase from 2021.

#### Other fund highlights include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$2,213,081, or 24.7%.
- The Street and Alley Fund's total fund balance increased by \$132,331 or 2.5%.
- The Sales Tax Infrastructure total fund balance increased \$515,514 or 12%.
- The 2016 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$625,155 or 6.1%.
- The APWA Enterprise Fund reported a net income before transfers of \$4,829,798.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues below final estimates by \$647,761 or a 3.1% negative variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$5,266,831 or a 22.5% positive variance.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had approximately \$141.6 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges. This represents a net increase of approximately \$5.5 million over last year.

Below are details regarding the City's capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

TABLE 5
Capital Assets
(In Thousands)
(Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental			Busine	ss-Ty	ре					
	Activ	ities		Acti	vities		Total				
	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$ 1,421	\$	1,421	\$ 4,514	\$	3,876	\$	5,935	\$	5,297	
Buildings and improvements	42,636		43,790	11,333		10,141		53,969		53,931	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	3,933		3,726	3,826		4,138		7,759		7,864	
Infrastructure	23,991		22,586	13,588		13,546		37,579		36,132	
Water rights	-		-	1,280		1,280		1,280		1,280	
Construction in progress	 6,654		3,110	 28,476		28,538		35,130		31,648	
Totals	\$ 78,635	\$	74,633	\$ 63,017	\$	61,519	\$	141,653	\$	136,152	

(Unaudited. See accompanying auditor's report.)

<sup>1</sup> For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to pages 38-39, Note 4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

This year's more significant capital asset additions include \$112,360 for a dump truck for the water/sewer line maintenance department, 4 new police vehicles in the amount of \$177,735, and IT equipment and software upgrades in the amount of \$149,581.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the City had \$37.2 million in long-term debt outstanding, which represents approximately a \$2.6 million decrease from the prior year.<sup>2</sup>

TABLE 6

Long-Term Debt (In Thousands)														
		Govern <u>Activ</u>	ment		•)	Busine <u>Acti</u>	ess-Ty vities	•	<u>Total</u>					
		<u>2022</u> <u>2021</u>			2022			2021		2022		2021		
Accrued Compensation	\$	807	\$	856	\$	429	\$	467	\$	1,236	\$	1,323		
Deposits subject to refund		-		-		888		862		888		862		
Landfill closure liability		-		-		3,380		3,161		3,380		3,161		
Notes payable-direct borrowings and placements		298		429		31,392		33,999		31,690		34,428		
Totals	\$	1,105	\$	1,285	\$	36,089	\$	38,489	\$	37,194	\$	39,774		

#### **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**

**Fiscal Year 2021-2022** was a busy one for the City of Ada. The following report is designed to illustrate some of the city's activities during this time.

#### City of Ada, OK

We are a progressive, quality-oriented community located in the rolling hills of southern Oklahoma. Imbued with ingenuity, a pioneering spirit, and hospitality, we've been described as a place where the West meets the South! Incorporated in 1901, it now has a population of 17,000. Ada is located within easy driving distances of three major cities and is a Main Street City and a Tree City USA member. Ada is large enough to offer many bigger city amenities, such as a four-year university and a thriving business climate, yet still small enough to provide a safe and fun place to raise a family. Ada is home to a world-class EPA water laboratory and the home of the nation's most progressive tribe, the Chickasaw Nation. Come see us, you're always welcome here!

#### **Propositions 1 and 2**

Propositions 1 and 2 continue to generate strong revenues for the City of Ada. These measures combine to make up a penny sales tax dedicated to improvements throughout the city. Prop 1 is a three-quarter cent sales tax earmarked for infrastructure, such as streets, alleys, and water and sewer distribution systems. Prop 2 is a quarter-cent sales tax earmarked for economic development inside Ada city limits. In Fiscal Year 2021-2022, Prop 1 generated close to \$3.5 million in revenue and Prop 2 more than \$1.1 million.

On February 8, 2022, the people voted to make Prop I permanent and to extend Prop 2 an additional 5 years.

#### **City Projects**

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For more detailed information on long-term debt activity please refer to pages 39-43, Note 5. Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements

The city continues to preserve and rehabilitate roads with a strategic focus on three types of surfacing techniques. Those techniques include mill and overlay, micro surfacing, and concrete panel replacement. Other projects include continuation of the sewer pipe bursting program designed to replace a required amount of line annually. With the aid of two Community Development Block Grants, Wintersmith Park's two-mile walking trail was partially replaced and widened during FY21-22, with the remainder to be completed in the upcoming fiscal year. The eight-block Main Street renovation project launched in April 2021 and is well beyond the half-way mark. The project will provide a welcoming, positive experience for visitors and residents. Through the previously awarded CDBG-COVID grant 36,345 free meals were served to our senior population. Also, a separate IT Department was created to better meet the everincreasing needs of the city. An electric conversion at the water plant was completed. Upgrades continue at the Ada Regional Airport. Various library grants were administered to benefit both children and adults. The City continues to purchase water rights ensuring the future for generations to come.

#### **New/Existing Business**

Like many communities, one of the greatest challenges to supporting Ada's industries is addressing workforce supply and talent demand. The Ada Jobs Foundation (AJF) contracts with the city to promote and recommend economic development opportunities.

Since the beginning of the fiscal year, they have convened workforce partners and developed a community workforce development strategy. Through these partnerships, Ada was awarded the Oklahoma Center of Workforce Excellence. This effort is also being led by a community "Talent and Workforce Development Action Team," to implement the strategy. Upon the completion of a year-long Talent Demand Study with local, export employers it was determined there were over 100 open positions and new shifts in this industry within the community. It will be vital that efforts go to filling these positions.

AJF has successfully secured several grants that have created opportunities in the areas of industrial site development and entrepreneurship support programs. These grants will provide for a study and analysis of two industrial parks, support scalable technology programs to serve Southern Oklahoma, and provide renovations to a city owned facility creating an innovation center supporting startups, innovation, and workforce development efforts.

They continue to support the Startup Ada Bootcamp and Big Pitch Ada events which provide education, technical assistance, and support to build entrepreneurship and digital economy programs. Additionally, they have completed their fourth year administering the Business Improvement Grant (BIG) program by committing annually \$75,000 in matching funds to Main Street and Downtown property owners seeking to make capital improvements to commercial buildings. This year 22 projects received funding.

During this year the average wage increased by 4.4%, unemployment decreased to 2.9%.

### "Penny For Our City" Sales Tax

In August 2010, the City of Ada began collecting a one-cent sales tax known as "Penny for Our City". This dedicated penny, with a limited five-year lifespan, expired December 31, 2015, and collected sales tax of \$19,439,602 for specific projects. This year marks the completion of all the projects which included new police and fire stations, the first phase of a sports park facility, renovations to City Hall, a raw water line engineering study, and phase 1 of the eight-block Main Street renovation.

#### "Penny For Our City" Sales Tax Extension

In January 2015, an extension of the one-cent sales tax was approved by voters for eight more years. The extension began in January 2016 after the first penny expired and will cease December 31, 2023. Sales tax collected for this Fiscal Year totaled \$4,637,396.

Specific projects include the construction of two aquatic centers, a new senior citizen's activity center, the creation of a workforce housing program, upgrades to the Wintersmith Amphitheater, expansion of the Sports Complex facility and additional funding for the above-mentioned Main Street renovation project which is currently under construction.

By securing a \$13 million loan, construction of both aquatic centers and the senior citizen's center have been completed.

#### **Community Events**

The city strives to make Ada a destination community providing opportunities for families to stay and play here. Some of the community events include:

- ➤ Organized family activities in Wintersmith Park with movies and music events; plus, movies and family nights at both aquatic centers during the warmer months.
- East End Eats, provides local organizations an opportunity to host a monthly activity of food and entertainment.
- ➤ Efforts among several agencies partnering to grow and support the arts in Ada organize additional events during the year including Ada Fest and Crusin' Main.
- ➤ The city hosts family events such as the Daddy-Daughter Dance; Mummy's and Sons Halloween Dance.
- Among the favorites, is "Santa Stroll" at Wintersmith Park allowing the community to join in the celebration of the Christmas Season first with the official lighting of the Christmas tree followed by a stroll around the walking trail to take in the beauty of the "Trail of Lights" and the Christmas displays.
- The city promotes beautification by hosting the annual Ada Trash Pick-Up Day, Household Hazardous Waste Day; plus, recognizes the Yard/Business of the Month during the summer and a Christmas decorating contest in December.
- The Sports Complex continues to attract people of all ages to play softball or flag football. This year the city secured its first State tournament, which helps the local economy as patrons emerge on the community for the weekend. The event was quite successful, and it is anticipated the city will win future bids for these tournaments. This facility will continue to grow in popularity as the city develops the programs and the complex is enlarged with the second phase.

### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at 231 South Townsend, Ada, Oklahoma or phone at (580) 436-6300.

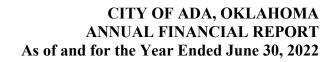
	CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - STATEME	NTS OF NET POSITION AND ACTIVITIES

## **Statement of Net Position-June 30, 2022**

			Prima	ry Governmen	t		_	mponent Unit
		vernmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities		Total		alley View Hospital Authority
ASSETS	_	00 500 005	_	44.004.000	_	70.050.045	_	000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	32,588,935 74,377	\$	44,264,280	\$	76,853,215 74,377	\$	290 1,219,796
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		74,377		2,900,058		2,900,058		1,219,790
Franchise tax receivable		88,555		2,900,036		88,555		-
Court fines receivable, net of allowance		874,519				874,519		_
Internal balances		(154,748)		154,748		014,010		_
Due from other governments		2,854,844		205		2,855,049		_
Other receivables		55,773				55,773		_
		•		_		,		_
Inventory		43,780		1 525 614		43,780		-
Leases receivable		1,415,263		1,535,614		2,950,877		-
Net pension asset Capital Assets:		2,146,009		-		2,146,009		-
Land and construction in progress		8,075,250		34,270,740		42,345,990		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		70,559,516		28,746,615		99,306,131		
Total Assets		118,622,073		111,872,260		230,494,333		1,220,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to pensions		2,335,656		-		2,335,656		-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		121,870		103,837		225,707		
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,457,526		103,837		2,561,363		-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	540,940	\$	476,364	\$	1,017,304		
Accrued payroll liabilities		336,649		139,646		476,295		-
Accrued interest payable		4,431		296,780		301,211		-
Due to other governments		17,437		-		17,437		-
Due to depositors		27,314		-		27,314		-
Deposits subject to refund		-		-		-		-
Due to component unit		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		1,505,092		-		1,505,092		-
Long-term liabilities:		400.000		0 470 750		0.005.700		
Due within one year		186,968		3,178,752		3,365,720		-
Due in more than one year	_	5,066,196	_	33,118,163	_	38,184,359		
Total liabilities	\$	7,685,027	\$	37,209,705	\$	44,894,732		<del>-</del>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4.070.000				4 070 000		
Deferred amounts related to pensions		4,970,068		-		4,970,068		-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB Deferred amounts related to leases		81,827		23,887		105,714 2,922,311		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,404,874 6,456,769		1,517,437 1,541,324		7,998,093		
Total deletted filliows of resources		0,430,709		1,041,024		7,990,093		<del>-</del>
NET POSITION		77 911 006		24 177 527		111 000 522		
Net investment in capital assets		77,811,996		34,177,527		111,989,523		-
Restricted via:								1 220 006
Expendable Endowment State statutes, debt indentures and external parties		108,820		1,821,366		1,930,186		1,220,086
Enabling legislation		17,665,270		5,640,665		23,305,935		-
Enabling legislation Unrestricted		17,665,270		31,585,510		42,937,227		-
Total net position	\$	106,937,803	\$	73,225,068	\$	180,162,871	\$	1,220,086
Total fiet position	φ	100,901,000	φ	10,220,000	φ	100, 102,07 1	φ	1,220,000

## **Statement of Activities - Year Ended June 30, 2022**

			Program Revenu	ie	Net (Expense) Re	venue and Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
			Operating	Capital Grants				Valley View					
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-type		Hospital					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority					
Primary government													
Governmental Activities													
General Government	\$ 5,679,654	\$ 159,328	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,520,326)	\$ -	\$ (5,520,326)	\$ -					
Streets	3,047,382	_	160,528	-	(2,886,854)	-	(2,886,854)	-					
Public Safety	6,355,568	148,855	1,109,160	-	(5,097,553)	-	(5,097,553)	-					
Cemetery	218,008	67,875	-	-	(150, 133)	-	(150,133)	-					
Legal and Judicial	96,978		-	-	(96,978)	-	(96,978)	-					
Culture and Recreation	2,983,044	506,667	46,116	-	(2,430,261)	-	(2,430,261)	-					
Community Development	367,016	-	-	_	(367,016)	-	(367,016)	-					
Airport	759,073	130,528	-	788,103	159,558	-	159,558	-					
Interest on Long-term debt	12.025	-	_	-	(12,025)	_	(12,025)	-					
Total governmental activities	19,518,748	1,013,253	1,315,804	788,103	(16,401,588)		(16,401,588)						
g	,	.,,	.,,	,	(,,)		(:=,:=:,===)						
Business-Type Activities:													
Water operations	4,038,247	8.525.860	_	177,138	_	4.664.751	4.664.751	_					
Sewer operations	3,135,834	2,868,295	_	,	_	(267,539)	(267,539)	_					
Sanitation operations	4,548,147	5,145,092	_	_	_	596.945	596.945	_					
Economic Development	709.660	0,140,002	_	_	_	(709,660)	(709,660)	_					
Total business-type activities	12,431,888	16,539,247		177,138		4,284,497	4,284,497						
rotal business-type dottvites	12,401,000	10,000,241		177,100		4,204,401	4,204,401						
Total primary government	\$ 31,950,636	\$17,552,500	\$ 1,315,804	\$ 965,241	\$ (16,401,588)	\$ 4,284,497	\$ (12,117,091)	\$ -					
0													
Component Unit:	04.000							(04.000)					
Hospital and health care Total Component Units	\$ 64,266 \$ 64,266	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -				(64,266)					
Total Component Units	\$ 64,266	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -				\$ (64,266)					
	General revenues	s:											
	Taxes: Sales and use	taxes			\$ 20,688,196	\$ -	\$ 20,688,196	\$ -					
	Property taxes				30,956	-	30,956	-					
	Franchise taxe	s and public servi	ce taxes		788,413	-	788,413	-					
	Payment in lieu	u of tax			78,478	-	78,478	-					
	E-911 taxes				457,497	_	457,497	-					
	Intergovernmenta	I revenue not restr	icted to specific pro	ograms	381,169	-	381,169	-					
			narket value of inves		325,394	409,541	734,935	(8,054)					
	Miscellaneous	5			1,130,141	588,116	1,718,257	-					
	Transfers - Internal	activity			(353,906)	353,906	-,,	_					
		revenues and trai	nsfers		23,526,338	1,351,563	24,877,901	(8,054)					
		net position	•		7,124,750	5,636,060	12,760,810	(72,320)					
	Net position - begin				99,813,053	67,589,008	167,402,061	1,292,406					
	Net position - endir				\$ 106,937,803	\$ 73,225,068	\$ 180,162,871	\$ 1,220,086					



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **Governmental Funds Balance Sheet - June 30, 2022**

			Spe	cial Revenue Fund			Capital 1	Project Funds						
	G	eneral Fund	Str	street and Alley Fund		Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund		Sales Tax Capital Facility Fund		es Tax 2016 Capital ovement Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		10,334,498	s	5,044,056	s	4,362,941	s		s	9,294,707	s	3,541,301	s	32,577,503
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	3	74,377	3	5,044,056	3	4,362,941	3	-	3	9,294,707	2	3,541,301	3	32,577,503 74,377
Receivables:		/4,3//		-		-		-		-		-		/4,3//
Due from other funds				141,584								13,255		154,839
Due from other governments		1,476,720		259,892		446,534		-		595,379		76,319		2,854,844
Lease receivables		1,349,361		239,092		440,554		-		393,319		65,902		1,415,263
Franchise taxes receivable		88,555		-		-		-		-		05,902		88,555
Court fines receivable		874,519		-		-		-		-		-		874,519
Other receivables		11,383										44,390		55,773
Total assets	•	14,209,413	S	5,445,532	S	4,809,475	S		S	9,890,086	\$	3,741,167	S	38,095,673
Total assets	9	14,207,413	9	3,443,332		4,000,475	-		3	2,020,000	9	3,741,107	9	30,073,073
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS														
AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	147,168	\$	-	\$	2,332	S	-	\$	231,061	\$	160,379	\$	540,940
Accrued payroll liabilities		290,047		-		29,068		-		-		17,534		336,649
Due to other funds		329,968		-		(20,381)		-		-		-		309,587
Due to other governments		17,437		-		-		-		-		-		17,437
Due to depositors		27,314		-										27,314
Total liabilities		811,934				11,019				231,061		177,913		1,231,927
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable revenue		869,915										1,578,610		2,448,525
Deferred amounts related to leases		1,338,687										66,187		1,404,874
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,208,602						_	-			1,644,797		3,853,399
		,,												
Fund balances:														
Restricted		12,518		4,961,071		3,500,825		-		9,196,640		103,036		17,774,090
Committed		1,185,850		-		-		-		-		79,418		1,265,268
Assigned		8,298,624		484,461		1,297,631		-		462,385		1,736,003		12,279,104
Unassigned		1,691,885		-		-		-		-		-		1,691,885
Total fund balances		11,188,877		5,445,532		4,798,456				9,659,025		1,918,457		33,010,347
Total liabilities, deferred inflows														
and fund balances	\$	14,209,413	\$	5,445,532	\$	4,809,475	\$	-	\$	9,890,086	\$	3,741,167	\$	38,095,673

## <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

		Special Revenue					
		Fund	<u>C</u>	apital Project Fun			
	General Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	Sales Tax Capital Facility Fund	Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		<b>A</b> 4 070 000	0 500 504	•			
Taxes	\$ 11,399,462	\$ 1,970,699	\$ 3,509,531	\$ -	\$ 4,679,374	\$ 505,000	\$ 22,064,066
Intergovernmental	1,411,547	160,528	-	-	10,825	1,070,842	2,653,742
Licenses and permits	155,785	-	-	-	-	-	155,785
Charges for services	299,664	-	-	-	-	344,404	644,068
Fees and fines	120,678	44.074	40.544	400	400.044	- 00.044	120,678
Investment earnings	105,408	44,671	46,511	122	100,041	28,641	325,394
Miscellaneous	1,154,653	- 475 000	36,100	- 100	4 700 040	85,150	1,275,903
Total revenues	14,647,197	2,175,898	3,592,142	122	4,790,240	2,034,037	27,239,636
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	5,039,999	_	303.441	_	_	45.000	5,388,440
Public safety	6,365,951	_	-	_	_	780,080	7,146,031
Streets and highways	-	248,809	513.428	_	_	-	762,237
Legal and judicial	96,832	-	-	-	-	_	96,832
Cemetery	203,977	_	_	_	_	_	203,977
Culture and recreation	1,782,027	_	_	_	_	241,449	2,023,476
Community development	348,770	_	_	_	_		348,770
Airport	-	_	_	_	_	213,617	213,617
Sewer	_	_	382.729	_	_		382,729
Capital outlay	1,093,348	_	1,528,511	79,136	3,609,857	1,202,393	7,513,245
Debt service:	1,000,010		1,020,011	70,700	0,000,007	1,202,000	7,010,210
Principal	28,598	_	_	_	_	77,722	106,320
Interest and other charges	539	_	_	_	_	12,901	13,440
Total expenditures	14,960,041	248,809	2,728,109	79,136	3,609,857	2,573,162	24,199,114
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				,			
expenditures	(312,844)	1,927,089	864,033	(79,014)	1,180,383	(539, 125)	3,040,522
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (UCES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	7 507 170	347.097	224 447		2 024 050	105 400	11,185,427
	7,587,172		224,117	-	2,831,858	195,183	
Transfers out	(5,061,247)	(2,141,855)	(572,636)		(4,637,396)	(115,003)	(12,528,137)
Total other financing sources and uses	2,525,925	(1,794,758)	(348,519)		(1,805,538)	80,180	(1,342,710)
Net change in fund balances	2,213,081	132,331	515,514	(79,014)	(625, 155)	(458,945)	1,697,812
Fund balances - beginning	8,975,796	5,313,201	4,282,942	79,014	10,284,180	2,377,402	31,312,535
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,188,877	\$ 5,445,532	\$ 4,798,456	\$ -	\$ 9,659,025	\$ 1,918,457	\$ 33,010,347

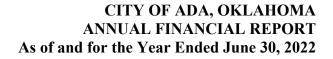
#### **Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:**

### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	33,010,347
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		77,933,662
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore they, along with pension related deferred outflows, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension asset		2,146,009
Pension related deferred outflows		2,335,656
Court fines receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$874,520		865,907
Property taxes receivable Grant receivable		13,805
Grant receivable		63,721 5,425,098
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as inventory, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position:  Net Position of the Internal Service Fund		55,212
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore they, along with pension and OPEB related deferred inflows, are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest payable		(4,431)
Note payable		(117,235)
Net pension liability		(3,762,368)
Pension related deferred inflows Accrued compensated absences		(4,970,068) (807,388)
		(607,366)
Total OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows net		(345 820)
Total OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows, net		(345,820)
Total OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows, net  Change due to reclassification of street department	_	

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

et change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,697,812
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay and issue costs as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized, net Depreciation expense		7,314,704 (3,551,798) 3,762,906
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.		1,156,420
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Change in unavailable revenue		19,831
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: Note payable principal payments		64,857 64,857
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		04,007
Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued compensated absences expenses Change in the total OPEB liability		1,415 48,771 57,037 107,223
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as inventory, to individual funds. The asset and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position:	÷	
Change in net position of the Internal Service Fund		9,678
Net change due to reclassification of street department		306,023
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	7,124,750



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## **Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2022**

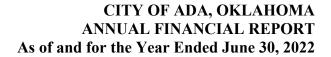
	Enterprise Fund	
	APWA Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,523,949	\$ 11,432
Restricted:		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,740,331	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$95,200	2,900,058	-
Leases receivable	1,476,922	-
Inventory		43,780
Due from other funds	193,200	-
Due from other governments	205	
Total current assets	48,834,665	55,212
Non-current assets:		
Leases receivable, noncurrent	58,692	-
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress	34,270,740	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	29,447,719	
Total non-current assets	63,777,151	
Total assets	\$ 112,611,816	\$ 55,212
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	103,837	-
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 476,364	\$ -
Accrued payroll liabilities	139,646	-
Accrued interest payable	296,780	-
Due to other funds	38,452	-
Due to depositors	88,787	-
Accrued compensated absences	42,903	-
Landfill closure liability	33,062	-
Notes payable	3,082,594	-
Total current liabilities	4,198,588	
Non-current liabilities:		-
Due to depositors	799,085	-
Accrued compensated absences	386,131	-
Landfill closure liability	3,346,866	-
Notes payable	28,489,431	-
Total OPEB liability	208,366	-
Total non-current liabilities	33,229,879	
Total liabilities	37,428,467	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	23,887	-
Deferred amounts related to lease receivables	1,517,437	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,541,324	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,177,527	\$ -
Restricted for debt service	1,821,366	· ·
Restricted for economic development	5,640,665	_
Unrestricted	32,106,304	55,212
Total net position	\$ 73,745,862	\$ 55,212
·	, ., ., .	
Reclassification of street department net position in		
governmenal activities at Government-Wide Statement of		
Net Position	(520,794)	
	\$ 73,225,068	
	,,	

## <u>Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Year Ended</u> <u>June 30, 2022</u>

	Enterprise Fund APWA	Internal
	Enterprise Fund	Service Fund
REVENUES		
Water	\$ 8,342,570	\$ -
Sewer	2,806,633	-
Sanitation	4,727,480	-
Solid waste fee	135	-
Recycling center	313,612	-
Lease revenue	33,797	- 00 727
Charges for inventory	- 040.047	80,727
Miscellaneous	348,817	- 00.707
Total operating revenues	16,573,044	80,727
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration	2,049,471	-
Billing and collecting	420,957	-
Public works director	383,065	-
Water and sewer line maintenance	1,161,088	-
Water plant	554,365	-
Liquid waste	902,731	-
Solid waste	2,648,782	-
Landfill	218,659	-
Other utility purposes	598,536	-
Street	831,934	
Economic development	709,660	71.040
Cost of inventory Depreciation	1 520 069	71,049
•	1,539,068 12,018,316	71,049
Total Operating Expenses Operating income	4,554,728	9,678
Operating income	4,004,720	9,070
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest and investment revenue	409,541	-
Miscellaneous revenue	660,029	=
Gain on disposal of capital assets	71,428	=
Interest expense	(865,928)	
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	275,070	-
Income before transfers	4,829,798	9,678
Transfers in	15,188,624	-
Transfers out	(14,076,339)	
Change in net position	5,942,083	9,678
Total net position - beginning	67,803,779	45,534
Total net position - ending	\$ 73,745,862	\$ 55,212
Change in net position above	5,942,083	
Street expense transferred to the governmental activities at Government-Wide Statement of Activities	(520,794)	
	\$ 5,421,289	

## Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund	
	APWA	Internal
	Enterprise Fund	Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 16,366,197	\$ 80,727
Payments to suppliers	(5,628,303)	(70,684)
Payments to employees	(4,670,287)	-
Receipts of customer meter deposits	171,150	-
Refunds of customer meter deposits Interfund receipts/payments	(145,333) 81,281	-
Other receipts	660,029	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,834,734	10,043
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	15,188,624	-
Transfers to other funds	(14,076,339)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,112,285	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(3,279,457)	_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	74,450	-
Proceeds from capital debt	331,214	-
Principal paid on debt	(3,005,046)	-
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt	(961,636)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		·
Interest and dividends	409.541	
Net cash provided by investing activities	409,541	
net cash provided by investing activities	403,041	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,516,085	10,043
Balances - beginning of year	42,748,195	1,389
Balances - end of year	\$ 44,264,280	\$ 11,432
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,523,949	\$ 11,432
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	4,740,331	-
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 44,264,280	\$ 11,432
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Activities.  Operating income	\$ 4,554,728	\$ 9,678
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	ų .,oc .,. 20	φ σ,σ.σ
Depreciation expense	1,539,068	-
Other non-operating revenues	660,029	-
Change in assets, liabilities and deferrals:		
Due from other funds	7,319	-
Leases receivable	(1,535,614)	-
Due to other funds	73,962	-
Inventory	-	365
Receivables, net	(188,670)	-
Accounts payable	159,094	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	(141,719)	-
Due to depositors	25,817	-
Landfill closure liability  Total OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows	218,659	-
Deferred inflows related to leases	(17,586) 1,517,437	-
Accrued compensated absences	(37,790)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,834,734	\$ 10,043



FOOTNOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements:**

#### 1. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Ada), a blended component unit and one discretely presented component unit as noted below. This annual report includes all activities for which the Ada City Council is fiscally responsible.

The City of Ada – that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities

The City of Ada is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 17,000 located in south central Oklahoma. The City operates under the Home Rule Charter form of government and operates under a charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the City Council is a five-member governing body elected by the citizens ward
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Manager.

#### **Component Units:**

The Ada Public Works Authority – a blended component unit that operates the water, sewer, and sanitation activities of the City

There is one component unit that is discretely presented in the City's report in a separate column as presented below.

The Valley View Hospital Authority – that operates to finance and develop the hospital and other medicinal activities of the City.

The following component units are inactive and therefore no related balances have been reported in these financial statements.

**The Ada Arts & Heritage Authority** – that operates The Arts and Heritage Center. (This Authority is currently inactive.)

The Ada Parking Authority – that operates to furnish and supply public off-street parking services and facilities. (This Authority is currently inactive.)

The Ada Youth Academy Authority – that operates to promote, develop, and finance projects or facilities relating to the development of law enforcement and corrections. (This Authority is currently inactive.)

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable. Each of

these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. In accordance with state law, all debt obligations incurred by public trusts require 2/3 approval by the City Council. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

### **Basis of Presentation and Accounting**

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues within the statement of activities that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- Public Safety Fire and Police fines and forfeitures, fire run charges, 911 revenue, operating and capital grants
- Airport rental fees, fuel sales, and capital grants
- Streets and Highways Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State, operating and capital grants
- Culture and Recreation lodge fees, pool fees, library fees, operating and capital grants
- Cemetery cemetery revenues
- General Government license and permits, rentals and capital grants
- Utilities water, sewer and sanitation, water capital grants

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### Governmental Funds:

The City's governmental funds are comprised of the following:

#### **Major Funds:**

- General Fund accounts for general operations of the City including: public safety, parks, public facilities, street maintenance, and internal service support.
- Street and Alley Fund accounts for receipt and use of motor vehicle tax, gasoline excise tax, and use tax.
- Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund accounts for dedicated sales tax to be used for capital improvements to streets and alleys, water system, and sewer system.
- Sales Tax Capital Facilities Fund accounts for dedicated sales tax to be used for capital improvements.

• Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund - accounts for dedicated sales tax to be used for capital improvements.

#### Aggregated Non-Major Funds (reported as Other Governmental Funds):

#### **Special Revenue Funds:**

- Dare Donations Fund accounts for donations to provide educational materials to area schools for drug prevention.
- Library Memorial Fund accounts for donations and memorials to be used for library improvements.
- Library State Aid Fund accounts for various grants including the State Department of Libraries annual grant.
- Drug Forfeiture Fund-State/Local— accounts for City's share of funds from various multijurisdictional operations.
- Drug Forfeiture Fund-Federal accounts for the City's share of funds from various multijurisdictional operations.
- E911 Fund accounts for collections and a dedicated county sales tax for the operation of county wide enhanced 911 services.
- Sports Complex Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the sports complex.
- Park/ Tree Donations accounts for donations for park and public facility improvements.
- Ada Arts & Heritage Fund accounts for the residual of money while the Authority was active and insurance money from claims submitted.
- ARPA Fund accounts for ARPA grant revenue

#### **Capital Project Funds:**

- Cemetery Care Fund accounts for 25 percent of cemetery revenue (12.5 percent is restricted by State law) for cemetery capital improvements.
- Property Owner Participation accounts for citizen's participation with City on sidewalk and other infrastructure improvements.
- Airport/Agricultural Cash Fund accounts for the activities of the municipal airport.

#### **Debt Service Fund:**

• Sinking Fund – accounts for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring court-assessed judgments and their related interest expenses.

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and normally payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 60 days of period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting at the government-wide level.

The General Fund, Street & Alley Fund, Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund, the Sales Tax Capital Facilities Fund and the Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund are considered major funds and are therefore

displayed in separate columns. All other governmental funds are considered non-major funds and are aggregated under the column Other Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary funds include:

- APWA Enterprise Fund that accounts for the activities of the Ada Public Works Authority public trust in providing water, sewer, and sanitation services to the public
- Internal Service Fund that accounts for the acquisition of centralized inventory items and the charges to other funds and departments based on their use of the inventory items

The proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

#### 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3; inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

For the purposes of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three-months or less, and money market investments. Investments consist of time deposits and U.S. agency bonds and notes. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost while investments in the U.S. agency bonds and notes are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2022, the primary government held the following deposits and investments:

Туре	Maturities	Credit Rating	Carrying Value	Fair Value Hierarchy
Deposits:				
Demand deposits			\$ 76,853,215	n/a
Investments:			76,853,215	
Purchased judgments	n/a	n/a	74,377	Level 3
			74,377	
Total deposits and investments			\$ 76,927,592	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net	Position:			
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 76,853,215	
Investments			74,377	
			\$ 76,927,592	

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 103% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2022, the City was fully insured or collateralized.

*Investment Credit Risk* – The City's investment policy limits investments to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U. S. Government is pledged. U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities are permitted for the Emergency Medical Services Fund.
- b. Certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposits that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with an in-state financial institution.
- c. No-load money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a. and b.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterpart to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy indicates that the investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements as anticipated. It sets no specific limit on investment maturities, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, issuer or class of securities. There may be times when investments are concentrated as to the type. This is acceptable as long as the investments are secured by the U.S. government or collateralized in a matter as set forth by the City's investment policy. Investments shall be chosen in a manner which promotes diversity by market sector, credit, and maturity.

Restricted Cash and Investments – The amounts reported as restricted assets on the statement of Net Position are comprised of \$4,740,331 held by the Ada Public Works Authority for utility deposits (refunded upon termination of service or applied to final bill) and trustee accounts related to revenue notes.

**APWA** 

	AI WA			
	Enterprise Fund			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equiv	alents:			
Meter Deposit Cash	\$	887,872		
Debt Service Account		815,777		
2015A Interest Cash		18,132		
2015A Principal Cash		216,709		
2015B Interest Cash		24,194		
2015B Principal Cash		576,768		
2018 Interest Cash		54,770		
2018 Principal Cash		115,016		
2018 Project Cash		2,031,093		
	\$	4,740,331		

### **Component Unit:**

### Valley View Hospital Authority

#### **Deposits**

At June 30, 2022, the Authority had bank balances of \$290, none of which was uninsured or under collateralized. The carrying value of these deposits was \$290.

#### Investments

The Authority may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At June 30, 2022, the Authority has a \$1,219,716 of an expendable endowment investment. \$100,000 of the trust was donated by various doctors and others and is restricted for capital expenditures only at the hospital. There was a donation of stock and the dividend proceeds are to be used for the nurse auxiliary only (generally less than \$1,000 per year). The rest of the funds are to be spent for the benefit of the hospital but not restricted as to any specific purpose, as long as hospital related. In any event, funds cannot be disbursed by the trust department without prior approval by the trust authority board members. Minutes reflecting the board approval must be sent to the trust department prior to disbursement of the funds.

**Interest Rate Risk** – Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment will decrease from rising interest rates. The Authority's investment policy does not address interest rate risk. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Authority's investment policy does not address credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the Authority's investments in U.S. government obligations were directly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, The Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's investment policy does not address how securities are to be held.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

### 3. Leases Receivables

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the city is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

#### Governmental Activities

The City is a party as lessor for five noncancellable long-term leases of land, a building, and infrastructure. The corresponding leases receivable are recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received, discounted by an applicable interest rate. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$100,997.

#### Business-type Activities

The Authority as a lessor, has entered into a lease agreement involving an infrastructure. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$94,840.

### 4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

### Capital Assets:

Capital assets consist of land, land improvement, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 1993.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, capital assets balances changed as follows:

	Balance at			Street	Interfund	Balance at
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	Reclassification	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,421,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,421,275
Construction in progress	3,109,921	6,618,088	3,074,033			6,653,976
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,531,196	6,618,088	3,074,033			8,075,251
Other capital assets:						
Buildings and Improvements	56,235,052	385,361	-	-	-	56,620,413
Machinery, furniture and equipment	12,396,461	707,648	180,236	312,616	50,491	13,286,980
Infrastructure	68,858,565	2,662,313				71,520,878
Total other capital assets at historical cost	137,490,078	3,755,322	180,236	312,616	50,491	141,428,271
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	12,445,372	1,539,067	-	-	-	13,984,439
Machinery, furniture and equipment	8,670,898	754,507	179,704	73,639	34,633	9,353,973
Infrastructure	46,272,119	1,258,225	-	-	-	47,530,344
Total accumulated depreciation	67,388,389	3,551,799	179,704	73,639	34,633	70,868,756
Other capital assets, net	70,101,689	203,523	532	238,977	15,858	70,559,515
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 74,632,885	\$ 6,821,611	\$ 3,074,565	\$ 238,977	\$ 15,858	\$ 78,634,766
						5.1
	Balance at	Additions	Disposals	Street Peology fication	Interfund Transfers	Balance at
Rusinossatuno activitios	Balance at July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	Street Reclassification	Interfund Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2022
Business-type activities:		Additions	Disposals			
Capital assets not being depreciated:	July 1, 2021			Reclassification	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	July 1, 2021 \$ 1,739,030	Additions \$ 637,729	Disposals			June 30, 2022 \$ 2,376,759
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development	July 1, 2021 \$ 1,739,030 2,137,167			Reclassification	Transfers	June 30, 2022 \$ 2,376,759 2,137,167
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land  Land-water development  Water rights	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406	\$ 637,729 - -	\$ - -	Reclassification	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806	\$ 637,729 - - 1,972,485	\$ - 2,033,884	Reclassification	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406	\$ 637,729 - -	\$ - -	Reclassification	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets:	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409	\$ 637,729 - - 1,972,485 2,610,214	\$ - 2,033,884	Reclassification	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721	\$ 637,729 - 1,972,485 2,610,214 1,571,195	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884	Reclassification  \$	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets:	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409	\$ 637,729 - - 1,972,485 2,610,214	\$ - 2,033,884	Reclassification	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383	\$ 637,729 - 1,972,485 2,610,214 1,571,195 717,073	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884	Reclassification  \$	Transfers	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610	\$ 637,729 - 1,972,485 2,610,214 1,571,195 717,073 430,716	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 - 291,416	\$ (312,616)	Transfers  \$ (50,491)	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610	\$ 637,729 - 1,972,485 2,610,214 1,571,195 717,073 430,716	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 - 291,416	\$ (312,616)	Transfers  \$ (50,491)	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements Total other capital assets at historical cost Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610 88,919,714	\$ 637,729 - 1,972,485 2,610,214 1,571,195 717,073 430,716 2,718,984	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 - 291,416	\$ (312,616)	Transfers  \$ (50,491)	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326 90,984,175
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements Total other capital assets at historical cost Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610 88,919,714	\$ 637,729 	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 291,416 291,416	\$ (312,616) (312,616)	\$ (50,491)	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326 90,984,175
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements Total other capital assets at historical cost Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610 88,919,714 12,859,870 5,992,257	\$ 637,729 	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 291,416 291,416	\$ (312,616) (312,616)	\$ (50,491)	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326 90,984,175 13,238,645 6,367,376
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land-water development Water rights Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements Total other capital assets at historical cost Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Utility property improvements	\$ 1,739,030 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,537,806 33,694,409 23,000,721 10,130,383 55,788,610 88,919,714 12,859,870 5,992,257 42,243,033	\$ 637,729 	\$ - 2,033,884 2,033,884 291,416 - 291,416 - 288,398	\$ (312,616) - (73,639)	Transfers  \$	\$ 2,376,759 2,137,167 1,280,406 28,476,407 34,270,739 24,571,916 10,192,933 56,219,326 90,984,175 13,238,645 6,367,376 42,631,538

### Depreciation:

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over useful lives. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Buildings 50 years
- Improvements other than buildings 20-30 years
- Machinery, furniture and equipment 3-24 years
- Utility property and improvements 15-50 years
- General infrastructure 15-50 years

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 211,527
Streets and Highways	1,462,625
Public Safety	520,562
Cemetery	23,391
Legal and Judicial	146
Culture and Recreation	766,302
Airport	538,132
Community Development	29,114
Total	\$ 3,551,799
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	
Water	\$ 634,422
Sewer	509,666
Sanitation	 394,981
Total	\$ 1,539,069

### 5. Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the reporting entity's long-term debt changed as follows:

\$ 807,389

Type of Debt	Balanco July 1, 20		Additions	<u>D</u>	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2022	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:  Notes payable from direct borrowings and direct placements	\$ 429	447		\$	131,904	\$	207.542	ø	106,229
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 429 856		-	Ф	48,771	Ф	297,543 807,389	\$	80,739
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,285		\$ -	\$	180,675	\$	1,104,932	\$	186,968
Business-Type Activities:									
Notes payable from direct borrowings and direct placements	\$ 33,998		\$ 331,214	\$	2,938,000	\$	31,391,716	\$	3,014,000
Accrued compensated absences	466		-		37,789		429,034		42,903
Deposits subject to refund	862		171,150		145,333		887,871		88,787
Landfill closure liability	3,161		218,659	_	-		3,379,928		33,062
Total Business-Type Activities	38,488	648	721,023	_	3,121,122		36,088,549		3,178,752
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 39,774	255	\$ 721,023	\$	3,301,797	_	37,193,481	\$	3,365,720
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:									
Governmental Activities:									
Due within one year						\$	186,968		
Due in more than one year							5,066,196		
Less:									
Total OPEB liability							(385,863)		
Net pension liability							(3,762,369)		
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities						\$	1,104,932		
Provinces There Autotition									
Business-Type Activities:						d.	2 170 752		
Due within one year  Due in more than one year							3,178,752		
•							33,118,163		
Less:							(200.266)		
Total OPEB liability Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities						•	(208,366) 36,088,549		
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities						φ	30,088,349		
overnmental activities long-term debt:  tes Payable from direct borrowings and direct p	Nacement								
tes Fayable from direct borrowings and direct p	piacement	·.							
75,000 note payable for the purchase of an excale of 2.253%.	avator, ma	tures .	January 2	025	with a s	tate	ed interes	t	\$ 180,3
64,165 note payable for the purchase of a 911 M ted interest rate of 3.79%.	Motorola E	quipn	nent, mat	ures	May 20	25	with a		117,2
Current portion									\$ 106,2
Noncurrent portion									191,3
Total Notes Paya	ble (direct	borro	wings ar	ıd d	irect plac	cem	ents)		<u>\$ 297,5</u>
crued Compensated Absences:									
Comment									¢ 00.7
Current portion									\$ 80,7
Noncurrent portion									726,6

Total Accrued Compensated Absences

Business-type activities long-term debt:

Notes Payable from direct borrowings and direct placements:

Sales Tax Revenue Note Series 2015B payable to Bank of Oklahoma dated September 25, 2015, original amount of \$13,000,000, secured and payable from 1.5% pledge sales tax revenue, with an annual interest rate of 2.05%, final payment due March 1, 2024. Proceeds will be used for constructing and equipping two swimming pools and also senior citizens center. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed: 2) requirement for sales tax to be deposited directly with trustee bank; 3) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note: or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the Note Indenture or Sales Tax Agreement.

Current portion
Noncurrent portion

1,745,000 1,795,000 3,540,000

Utility Systems Revenue Note Series 2015A to Bank of Oklahoma dated August 28, 2015, original amount \$5,000,000, secured and payable from water, sanitary sewer, and solid waste disposal system revenues, payable in semi-annual principal installments ranging from \$225,000 to \$280,000 with an annual interest rate of 2.29%, final payment due August 1, 2025. Proceeds will be used for improvements to the Authority's drinking water system. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed: 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note: 3) appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate, maintain the system or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the Note indenture.

Current portion
Noncurrent portion

525,000 1,375,000 1,900,000

2015C Promissory Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, original amount of \$23,290,000 dated September 22, 2015, secured by and payable from water, sanitary sewer, and solid waste disposal system revenues, Interest only payments through September 15, 2018. Principal and interest payable in semi-annual principal installments ranging from \$5,000 to \$870,000 with an annual interest rate of 3.02%, final payment due March 15, 2041. Proceeds will be used for improvements to the Authority's drinking water system. In the event of default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; 3) requirement for sales tax to be deposited directly with trustee bank; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the Note indenture.

Current portion
Noncurrent portion

509,000 <u>21,987,716</u> 22,496,716

2018 Utility Systems Revenue Note payable to Bank of Oklahoma, original amount of \$4,000,000 dated December 17, 2018, secured by and payable from water, sanitary sewer, and solid waste disposal system revenues, payable in semi-annual principal installments ranging from \$105,000 to \$175,000 with an annual interest rate of 3.17%, final payment due January 1, 2034. Proceeds will be used for improvements to the Authority's drinking water system. In the

event of default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; 3) appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the system on a profitable basis; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.

Current portion Noncurrent portion		235,000 <u>3,220,000</u> <u>3,455,000</u>
	Total Notes Payable (direct borrowings and direct placements)	\$ <u>31,391,716</u>
Accrued Compensated Abser	nces:	
Current portion Noncurrent portion	Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 42,903 <u>386,131</u> <u>\$ 429,034</u>
Deposits Subject to Refund:		
Current portion Noncurrent portion	Total Deposits Subject to Refund	\$ 88,787
Landfill Closure Liability:		
Current portion Noncurrent portion	Total Landfill Closure Liability	\$ 33,062 3,346,866 \$ 3,379,928

Long-term debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type Debt					
	Notes Payable -					
Year Ending June 30,	dir	ect borrowings as	nd di	rect placements		
		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		
2023	\$	3,014,000	\$	908,914		
2024		3,095,000		839,480		
2025		1,340,000		773,729		
2026		1,379,000		736,440		
2027		1,372,000		744,792		
2028-2032		7,365,000		3,252,403		
2033-2037		7,669,000		1,900,917		
2038-2041		6,548,000		537,416		
Totals	\$	31,782,000	\$	9,694,091		
Less: Amount yet to be drawn:		(390,284)				
	\$	31,391,716				

	Governmental Debt				
Year Ending June 30,	Notes Payable -				
	direct borrowings and direct placen				
		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	106,229	\$	7,848	
2024		109,242		4,834	
2025		82,072		1,852	
Totals	\$	297,543	\$	14,534	

### 6. Landfill Closure and Post Closure Requirements

A \$3,379,928 accrued liability has been recognized in the Ada Public Works Authority to represent the total estimated amount owed by the Authority for closure and postclosure requirements dictated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality regulations and represented the cumulative amount of such costs reported to date based on the use of approximately 94.46% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$198,373 will be recognized as closure and postclosure expense between the current balance sheet date and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulation. The estimated remaining landfill life is 72 months.

#### 7. Net Position and Fund Balances

Net Position:

Net position reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted Net position* All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Fund Balances:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. *Nonspendable* includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed included amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through budgetary process. In addition, any fund balance used to assist balancing the subsequent year's budget is considered assigned.
- e. *Unassigned* represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In addition, any governmental fund, other than the General Fund which reports a deficit fund balance in total, is shown as negative unassigned fund balance.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The following tables show the fund balance/net position classifications as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position:

_	General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	Sales Tax Capital Facilities Fund	Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balance:							
Restricted For:							
Grant purposes	12,518	_	_	_	_	8,376	20,894
Streets	-	4,961,071	_	_	_	-	4,961,071
Capital Improvements	_	-	3,500,825	_	9,196,640	_	12,697,465
D.A.R.E	_	_	-	_	-	4,950	4,950
Library	_	_	_	_	_	8,679	8,679
Police	_	_	_	_	_	3,336	3,336
Parks	_	_	_	_	_	6,734	6,734
Arts	_	_	_	_	_	15,318	15,318
Cemetery	_	_	_	_	_	40,943	40,943
Debt Service	_	_	_	_	_	14,700	14,700
Sub-total Restricted	12,518	4,961,071	3,500,825	-	9,196,640	103,036	17,774,090
Sub-total Restricted	12,516	4,501,071	3,300,823		9,190,040	103,030	17,774,090
Committed to:							
Future Reserves	1,185,850	-	-	-	-	-	1,185,850
Library	-	-	-	-	-	79,418	79,418
Sub-total Committed	1,185,850	-	-	-	-	79,418	1,265,268
Assigned to:							
D.A.R.E	_	_	_	_	_	158	158
Cemetery	_	_	_	_	_	218,951	218,951
Airport	-	-	-	-	_	738,727	738,727
E911	-	-	-	-	-	30,161	30,161
Police	-	-	-	-	-	1,954	1,954
Library	-	-	-	-	-	15,807	15,807
•	-	-	1,297,631	-	462,385	110,479	1,870,495
Capital Improvements Streets	-	494.461	1,297,031	-	402,383	110,479	
	-	484,461	-	-	-	=	484,461
Parks	-	-	-	-	-	619,766	619,766
Health Insurance	273,560	-	-	-	-	-	273,560
Self Insurance	922,891	-	-	-	-	-	922,891
Advance Travel	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Unemployment	192,489	-	-	-	-	-	192,489
Workers' Comp	859,303	-	-	-	-	-	859,303
Budget balancing purposes	6,048,381	-	-	-	-	-	6,048,381
Sub-total Assigned	8,298,624	484,461	1,297,631	-	462,385	1,736,003	12,279,104
Unassigned	1,691,885	-	-	-	-	-	1,691,885
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,188,877	\$ 5,445,532	\$ 4,798,456	\$ -	\$ 9,659,025	\$ 1,918,457 \$	33,010,347

# **Restricted Net Position – Governmental Activities:**

Net investment in capital assets

The following table shows the net position restricted for other purposes as shown in the Statement of Net Position:

34,177,527

Fund	Restricted By	Amount		
Drug Forfeiture Fund	Statutory requirements	\$	3,286	
Drug Forfeiture Federal Fund	Statutory requirements		50	
Cemetery Care Fund	Statutory requirements		40,943	
Sinking Fund	Statutory requirements		14,700	
Sudden/Severe Economic Dislocation Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		1,104	
CDBG Home Grant Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		11,414	
D.A.R.E Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		4,950	
Library State Aid Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		8,679	
ARPA Grant Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		8,376	
Ada Arts & Heritage Fund	Other contracts - Contributors		15,318	
			108,820	
Street and Alley Fund	Enabling legislation	\$	4,961,071	
Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	Enabling legislation		3,500,825	
Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	Enabling legislation		9,196,640	
Sports Complex Park Fund	Enabling legislation		6,734	
			17,665,270	
Component Unit:				
/alley View Regional Hospital Authority	Expendable Endowment	\$	1,220,08	

#### 8. Sales Tax Revenue

Sales tax revenue represents a 4 cents tax on each dollar of taxable sales of which is recorded as follows:

- 2 ½ cents is recorded in the General Fund. Of that amount ½ cent is then transferred to the APWA. The APWA transfers the ½ cent to the Economic Development Fund in accordance with Ordinance Nos. 02-10, 06-15, 12-10, and 16-23. The remaining 2 cents is retained by the General Fund for operations in accordance with Ordinance No. 1414.
- 3/4 cent is recorded in the Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund to be used for various infrastructure projects and improvements as per Ordinance Nos. 02-09, 06-14, 12-09, and 16-22.
- 1 cent is recorded in the 2016 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund to be used for retirement of Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015B as well as various other improvement projects as per Ordinance 14-17.

### 9. Property Tax Levy

Under State constitution and law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

At the present time the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of judgments outstanding. There are no outstanding general obligation bonds.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent nor more than 13 ½ percent.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. Property taxes levied, but not collected during the year or within 60 days of year-end are reported as unearned revenue.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$122,586,552. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$0.310 mills.

#### 10. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Internal transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

### *Transfers:*

Internal transfers between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	\$ 1,159,349	Sales tax transfer
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	147,203	Sales tax-2012 revenue bond
General Fund	E911 Fund	101,400	
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund (Solid Waste Dev. Acct.)	5,729	1 6 3
General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	1,411	1
General Fund	E911 Fund	367	•
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	2,318,698	
General Fund	General Fund (Health Insurance Account)	1,120,215	
General Fund	Unemployment Insurance Fund	10,000	•
General Fund	Liability Self Insurance Fund	75,000	
General Fund	Workers Comp Fund	100,000	Operating subsidy
General Fund	Sports Complex Park & Recreation Fund	15,200	Operating subsidy
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	6,675	
General Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	3,899	
E911 Fund	General Fund (Health Insurance Account)	103,390	•
Street & Alley Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	341,855	*
Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	400,391	Purchase of capital assets
Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	General Fund (Health Insurance Account)	172,245	Health insurance premiums
Airport/Agriculture Fund	General Fund (Health Insurance Account)	9,230	•
Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	4,637,396	•
Utility Enterprise Fund	Airport/Agriculture Fund	78,400	
Utility Enterprise Fund	Liability Self Insurance Fund	75,000	
Utility Enterprise Fund	Unemployment Insurance Fund	10,000	
Utility Enterprise Fund	Workers Comp Fund	100,000	
Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund	147,203	Sales tax-2012 revenue bond
Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund	842,400	Subsidy, annual lease of assets, and shared cos
Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund	9,712	Reclassification of debt service payments
Utility Enterprise Fund	Street & Alley Fund	3,831	Interest expense on interfund loan
Street & Alley Fund	General Fund	1,800,000	Operating subsidy
Utility Enterprise Fund	Economic Development Fund	1,159,349	Sales tax transfer
Utility Enterprise Fund	Street & Alley Fund	341,855	Use tax-2012 revenue bond
Utility Enterprise Fund	Sales Tax Infrastructure Fund	223,750	Operating subsidy
Utility Enterprise Fund	Sales Tax 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	2,831,858	Sales tax for 2015B revenue note
Utility Enterprise Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund (Solid Waste Dev. Acct.)	5,554	Interest on loans
Utility Enterprise Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund (Debt Service Account)	2,040,000	2015A and 2015C revenue notes
Utility Enterprise Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund (Solid Waste Dev. Acct.)	146,846	Portion of landfill collections
Utility Enterprise Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund (Capital Imp. Acct.)	50,000	Operating subsidy
Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund (Health Insurance Account)	691,879	Health insurance premiums
Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund	2,318,698	3 2015B revenue note
E911 Fund	State Aid Grants Fund	183	Transfer of grant revenues
State Aid Grants Fund	General Fund	2,200	Transfer of grant revenues
Utility Enterprise Fund (Debt Service Account)	Utility Enterprise Fund	1,965,551	2015A and 2015C revenue notes
Utility Enterprise Fund (Water Dev. Account)	Utility Enterprise Fund	637,729	Purchase of capital assets
Utility Enterprise Fund (Solid Waste Dev. Account)	Utility Enterprise Fund	140,000	Purchase of capital assets
Environmental Projects Fund	Utility Enterprise Fund	22,400	Purchase of capital assets
Total		\$ 26,374,051	<u> </u>
Reconcilation to Fund Financial Statements:			
reconcitation to Fund Fillancial Statements:	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers
Governmental Funds	\$ 11,185,427	\$ (12,528,137	
Proprietary Funds	15,188,624	(14,076,339	
1 ,	\$ 26,374,051	\$ (26,604,476	
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:			
Net Transfers			\$ (1,342,710)
Transfer capital asset from business-type activities	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		230,425
Transfer water/sewer expenses to business-type act	tivities		(379,578
Transfer Street expenses to governmental activities			1,137,957
Transfers - internal activity			\$ (353,906)

### Balances:

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Due From	Due To		Amount	Nature of Balance		
General Fund	APWA (Solid Waste Development Acc	ount)	\$ 193,200	O Interfund loan		
General Fund	Street & Alley Fund		6,758	Interfund loar	1	
APWA	Street & Alley Fund		134,826	Interfund loar	ı	
General Fund	E-911		11,404	Payroll liabilities		
General Fund	Airport/Ag Fund		1,561	Payroll liabilit	ies	
General Fund	Sports Complex Fund		290	Payroll liabilit	ies	
Total			\$ 348,039			
Reconciliation to Financial Statements:						
	Due From		Due To	Net Interna	ıl Balances	
Governmental Funds	\$ 1	54,839	\$ (309,587)	\$	(154,748)	
Proprietary Funds	1	93,200	(38,452)		154,748	
Total	\$ 3	48,039	\$ (348,039)	\$	-	

#### 11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool
- Physical Property Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool
- Workers' Compensation Self insured up to \$600,000 per occurrence for all employees, including police and fire employees. Additional coverage through Midwest Employers Casualty
- Dental Insurance Self insured
- Employee's Group Medical Self insured with Blue Cross as the third party administrator; stop loss begins at \$80,000 with no limit.
- Cyber Risk- Self insured with Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America ranging from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 limit depending on the cyber risk.

The City's risk is transferred to the risk entity pool except for claim deductible amounts. The risk pool maintains deposits for claims reserves and other purposes for the benefit of the City.

Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City.

#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

### Litigation:

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Award Programs:

The City of Ada participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. In 2022, the City's involvement in federal and state award programs was significant. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan.

### 13. Pension Plan Participation

The City of Ada participates in three pension or retirement plans:

- 1. Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 2. Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 3. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan and Trust (OkMRF)
   an agent multiple-employer defined contribution plan

### Firefighters' Plan:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Ada, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OFPRS. OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>.

**Benefits provided** - OFPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary

as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$264,565. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OFPRS in the amount of \$564,730 during the current fiscal year and this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$416,612. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$3,762,368 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.571297%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$96,291. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflo of Resource		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	1,364,526	\$	66,073	
Changes of assumptions		-		83,449	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		2,990,921	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between City contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		388,969		159,794	
City contributions during measurement					
date		6,059		546	
City contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		264,565			
Total	\$	2,024,119	\$	3,300,783	

\$264,565 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	Inne	30.
1 Cai	cnaca	June	50.

2023	\$ (161,745)
2024	(288,073)
2025	(393,762)
2026	(697,649)
	\$ (1,541,229)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.50% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using MP-2018 for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	3.53%
Domestic equity	47%	5.73%
International equity	15%	8.50%
Real estate	10%	7.97%
Other assets	8%	4.73%

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on

pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>- The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	19⁄	6 Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	19	% Increase
		6.5%	F	Rate 7.5%		8.5%
Employers' net pension liability	\$	5,879,479	\$	3,762,368	\$	1,989,913

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OFPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

#### Police Plan:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Ada, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>.

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$230,569. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$197,307 during the current fiscal year and this is reported as both an expenditure and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$126,904. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

**Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$2,146,009 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.44735%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of (\$214,031). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Lesources	2010	rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 30,812	\$	84,703
Changes of assumptions	32,634		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	-		1,565,439
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions City contributions during measurement	15,148		15,955
date	2,374		3,188
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	 230,569		
Total	\$ 311,537	\$	1,669,285

The \$230,569 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of or an addition to

the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

	\$ (1,588,317)
2027	 4,532
2026	(524,558)
2025	(397,227)
2024	(313,733)
2023	\$ (357,331)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to

repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a

regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary.

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully

generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners:

RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully

generational improvement using scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully

generational improvement using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.22%
Domestic equity	4.55%
International equity	8.50%
Real estate	7.97%
Private equity	9.36%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Curi	ent Discount	19	% Increase
		6.5%	]	Rate 7.5%		8.5%
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	(804,818)	\$	(2,146,009)	\$	(3,280,086)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>.

### OkMRF Defined Contribution Plan:

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Ada Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). OkMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by Voya Financial. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire or police program. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate at date of hire, are required to contribute at least 5% and may make contributions to the plan up to 25% at their option. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions to the plan based upon employee contributions under the pick-up option, at a current rate of 13% of covered payroll. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at 50% after 5 years of service, 10% thereafter until fully vested after 10 years of service. The City Manager's contributions are vested at 20% after one year of service, 20% thereafter until fully vested after five years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are given bank to the City. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

### Summary of Contributions:

Oklahoma Municipal				
	Retirement Fu	ınd		
Fiscal	Employee	Employer		
Year	Contribution	Contribution		
2020	366,238	931,631		
2021	397,130	891,521		
2022	410,641	965,446		

### 14. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. The City sponsors Medical, Rx, and Dental insurance to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through fully-insured arrangements that collectively operate as a substantive single-employer defined benefit plan. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate disability or retirement benefits under the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System or the City of Ada Retirement Plan. Retired firefighters are not eligible to participate as they previously opted out to obtain a policy on their own. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying the carrier premium rate. Coverage is available for the retiree and spouse but only if the retiree satisfies the rule of 90, which is satisfied using the combination of age and years of service. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rest with the City Council. Benefits are paid from general operating assets of the City.

Benefits provided. The Plan covers all current retirees of the City who elected postretirement medical coverage through the City Health Plan and future retired employees of the City fully self-insured health plan. In accordance with administrative policy, retiree contributions are approximately 100% of the average employee premium. An additional contribution is required for dependent coverage. This creates an implicit rate subsidy. The benefits offered by the City to retirees include health, dental and prescription drug benefits. Coverage for the retiree and dependents stops once the retiree reaches age 65 (subject to dependent age limit). Certain grandfathered retirees and spouses have lifetime benefits. The amount of benefit payments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were \$45,156.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	201
Inactive or beneficiaries receiving benefits	<u>36</u>
Total	<u>237</u>

Total OPEB Liability. The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The measurement date used was June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Discount Rate 2.21% for fiscal year 2021, and 2.16% for fiscal year 2022, based on the 20 year municipal bond yield
- Retirement Age Civilian 55 with 10 years of service, Police 20 years of service
- Health Care Cost Trend Rates:
  - 0 2013 4.62% 7.35% 0 2014 0 2015 5.01% 2016 6.12% 2017 6.09% 0 2018 6.05% 0 2019 6.02%
  - 5.99% 2020 2025 5.86%
  - 2030 5.99% 0
  - 0 2035 5.87% 2040 5.33% 0
  - 5.15%
  - 0 2045 2050 5.03%
  - 4.87% 2060

### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Total	OPER	Liability
1 Otal	OLLD	Liaumty

Balances at Beginning of Year	\$ 625,593
Changes For the Year:	
Service cost	8,884
Interest expense	17,017
Change in assumptions	99,076
Difference between expected and actual experience	37,088
Benefit payments	(45,156)
Other adjustments	(148,273)
Net Changes	 (31,364)
Balances at End of Year	\$ 594,229

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$24,477. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 31,201	\$ 16,355
Changes of assumptions	102,015	17,570
Changes in proportion	40,929	40,929
City contributions during measurement		
date	1,415	30,860
City contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 50,147	-
Total	\$ 225,707	\$ 105,714

\$50,147 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	30
2024	10,254
2025	14,326
2026	17,047
2027	21,681
2028	6,508
	\$ 69,846

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	1.16%	Rate 2.16%	3.16%
OPEB Liability	\$ 692,366	\$ 594,229	\$ 515,526

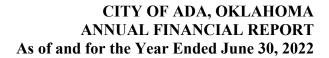
Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate. The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.942%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.94%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost	
1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
4.94%	5.94%	6.94%
Grading to	Grading to	Grading to
3.87%	4.87%	5.87%

### 15. Use of Estimates

Certain estimates are made in the preparation of the financial statements, such as estimated lives for capital assets depreciation. Estimates are based on management's best judgments and may vary from actual results.

For associated lease agreements the City generally uses an estimate based on municipal bond rate yield curves as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor/vendor charges is known.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENE	GENERAL FUND								
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget						
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)						
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$4,212,586	\$4,212,586	\$8,963,395	\$4,750,809						
Resources (Inflows):										
Taxes	8,704,000	11,096,900	11,399,462	302,562						
Intergovernmental	766,300	1,243,777	1,411,547	167,770						
Licenses and permits	155,100	155,100	155,785	685						
Charges for services	321,800	321,800	299,664	(22,136)						
Fees and fines	102,400	102,400	120,678	18,278						
Investment income	45,400	45,400	105,291	59,891						
Miscellaneous	2,686,150	2,811,777	1,154,653	(1,657,124)						
Other financing sources	5,005,700	5,007,900	5,490,213	482,313						
Total Resources (Inflows):	17,786,850	20,785,054	20,137,293	(647,761)						
Amounts available for appropriation	\$21,999,436	\$24,997,640	\$29,100,688	\$4,103,048						
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):										
General government	7,394,556	7,047,393	5,284,013	1,763,380						
Public safety	6,759,550	7,087,225	6,737,756	349,469						
Legal and judicial	122,150	123,950	96,832	27,118						
Cemetery	254,250	264,250	203,977	60,273						
Culture and recreation	3,344,080	4,084,492	2,288,693	1,795,799						
Community development	638,100	591,700	348,770	242,930						
Other financing uses	3,194,500	3,992,150	2,964,288	1,027,862						
Total Charges to Appropriations	21,707,186	23,191,160	17,924,329	5,266,831						
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$292,250	\$1,806,480	\$11,176,359	\$9,369,879						
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Exper	aditures and Change	o in Fund Polonoo:								
Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation Ac		s iii i uilu Dalaile.	1,104							
	COUNT		,							
CDBG Home Grant Fund Account			11,414							
Total General Fund Fund Balance			\$11,188,877							

	STREET AND ALLEY FUND											
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget								
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)								
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$3,715,800	\$3,715,800	\$5,313,201	\$1,597,401								
Resources (Inflows):												
Taxes	154,500	154,500	1,970,699	1,816,199								
Intergovernmental	2,540,000	2,540,000	160,528	(2,379,472)								
Investment income	15,000	15,000	44,671	29,671								
Miscellaneous	60,000	60,000	-	(60,000)								
Other financing sources	720,700	720,700	347,097	(373,603)								
Total Resources (Inflows):	3,490,200	3,490,200	2,522,995	(967,205)								
Amounts available for appropriation	\$7,206,000	\$7,206,000	\$7,836,196	\$630,196								
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):												
Streets and highways	4,675,000	4,675,000	248,809	4,426,191								
Other financing uses	2,531,000	2,531,000	2,141,855	389,145								
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,206,000	7,206,000	2,390,664	4,815,336								
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$5,445,532	\$5,445,532								

### **Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:**

- The budgetary comparison schedules are reported using the modified accrual basis with the
  exception of capital lease activities and on-behalf payments made by the state related to firefighter
  and police pensions.
- 2. The legal level of appropriation control is the department level. Transfers of appropriation within a department require the approval of the City Manager, up to \$30,000; all others require City Council approval. In addition, all transfers from contingency line items require City Council approval. Any supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council and are to be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.517189%	0.510539%	0.527016%	0.520592%	0.569511%	0.535652%	0.560939%	0.571297%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,318,504	\$ 5,418,913	\$ 6,438,640	\$ 6,547,606	\$ 6,410,694	\$ 5,660,053	\$ 6,910,273	\$3,762,368
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,439,349	\$ 1,371,422	\$ 1,474,173	\$ 1,479,714	\$ 1,693,836	\$ 1,723,286	\$ 1,809,271	\$1,860,793
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	370%	395%	437%	442%	378%	328%	382%	202%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%	84.24%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only the last eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorially required contribution	\$	191,999	\$ 206,384	\$ 207,160	\$ 237,137	\$ 241,260	\$ 253,298	\$ 260,511	\$ 264,565
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution		191,999	206,384	207,160	237,137	241,260	253,298	260,511	264,565
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	1,371,422	\$ 1,474,173	\$ 1,479,714	\$ 1,693,836	\$ 1,723,286	\$ 1,809,271	\$ 1,860,793	\$ 1,889,750
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only the last eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.5352%	0.5324%	0.5302%	0.5612%	0.5417%	0.4964%	0.5408%	0.4474%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (180,196)	\$ 21,709	\$ 811,923	\$ 43,169	\$ (258,055)	\$ (31,688)	\$ 621,031	\$(2,146,009)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$1,497,274	\$1,504,919	\$1,563,515	\$1,673,815	\$1,654,659	\$1,613,015	\$1,811,085	\$ 1,548,054
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	(12.03%)	1.44%	51.93%	2.58%	(15.60%)	(1.96%)	34.29%	(138.63%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%	117.07%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only the last eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 195,639	\$ 203,257	\$ 217,596	\$ 215,105	\$ 209,692	\$ 235,441	\$ 201,247	\$ 230,569
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	195,639	203,257	217,596	215,105	209,692	235,441	201,247	230,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -							
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,504,919	\$ 1,563,515	\$ 1,673,815	\$ 1,654,659	\$ 1,613,015	\$ 1,811,085	\$ 1,548,054	\$ 1,773,608
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only the last eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

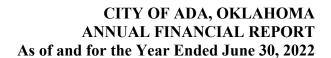
# Schedule of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH INSURANCE IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Total OPEB Liability											
Service Cost	\$	50,954	\$	45,130	\$	42,531	\$	42,531	\$	8,884	
Interest		22,155		29,919		33,696		10,920		17,017	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		(392,001)		-		-	
Changes in assumptions		(67,150)		-		38,882		121,042		99,076	
Experience Gain/(Loss)		-		(26,358)		(34,067)		-		37,088	
Benefit Payments		(14,163)		(11,120)		(23,103)		(43,006)		(45,156)	
Other adjustments		-		-		-		-		(148,273)	*
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(8,204)	\$	37,571	\$	(334,062)	\$	131,487	\$	(31,364)	
Balances - Beginning of Year	\$	798,801	\$	790,597	\$	828,168	\$	494,106	\$	625,593	
Balances - End of Year	\$	790,597	\$	828,168	\$	494,106	\$	625,593	\$	594,229	
Covered employee payroll	\$	8,760,000	Ś	8,760,000	\$	9,029,000	¢	9,029,000	\$	9,668,000	
Covered employee payron	Ş	8,700,000	Ş	8,700,000	Ş	3,023,000	Ş	9,029,000	Ş	9,000,000	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9.03%		9.45%		5.47%		6.93%		6.15%	
, , ,		9.03%		9.45%		5.47%		6.93%		6.15%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only five fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2021 information is based on roll forward procedures and an updated valuation was used for fiscal year 2022.



# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts - June 30, 2022**

	Ge	eneral Fund	S Ec Dis	lden and severe onomic location ccount		BG Home	То	tal General Fund
ASSETS	•	10 001 000	•	4.404	•	44 444	•	40.004.400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,321,980	\$	1,104	\$	11,414	\$	10,334,498
Investments		74,377		-		-		74,377
Receivable from other governments Taxes receivable, net		1,476,720 88,555		-		-		1,476,720 88,555
Court fines receivable, net		874,519		-		-		874,519
Lease receivables		1,349,361		-		-		1,349,361
Other receivables		11,383		-		-		11,383
Total assets	Φ.	14,196,895	\$	1,104	\$	11.414	\$	14,209,413
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Due to other funds	\$	147,168 290,047 329,968	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	147,168 290,047 329,968
Due to depositors		27,314		-		-		27,314
Payable to other governments		17,437						17,437
Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources:		811,934						811,934
Unavailable revenue		869,915						869,915
Deferred amounts related to leases		1,338,687		-		-		1,338,687
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,208,602		<del></del>	-	<del></del>		2,208,602
	_	2,200,002				<del></del>	_	2,200,002
Fund balances:				4 404				10.510
Restricted		4 405 050		1,104		11,414		12,518
Committed		1,185,850		-		-		1,185,850
Assigned Unassigned		8,298,624 1,691,885		-		-		8,298,624
Total fund balances	_	11,176,359		1,104		11,414		1,691,885
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	14,196,895	\$	1,104	\$	11,414	\$	14,209,413
Total habilities, deletted filliows alld fulld balances	Φ	14, 190,093	φ	1, 104	φ	11,414	Φ.	14,209,413

# <u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	General Fund	Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation Account	CDBG Home Grant Account	Total General Fund		
REVENUES	<b>*</b> 44.000.400	•	•	<b>*</b> 44 000 400		
Taxes	\$ 11,399,462	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,399,462		
Fees and fines	120,678	-	-	120,678		
Licenses and permits	155,785	-	-	155,785		
Intergovernmental	1,411,547	-	-	1,411,547		
Charges for services	299,664	-	-	299,664		
Investment income	105,291	-	117	105,408		
Miscellaneous	1,154,653		- 447	1,154,653		
Total revenues	14,647,080		117	14,647,197		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	5,039,999	-	_	5,039,999		
Public safety	6,365,951	-	_	6,365,951		
Legal and judicial	96,832	-	_	96,832		
Cemetery	203,977	_	_	203,977		
Culture and recreation	1,782,027	-	_	1,782,027		
Community development	348,770	-	_	348,770		
Capital outlay	1,093,348	-	_	1,093,348		
Debt service:						
Principal	28,598	-	_	28,598		
Interest and other charges	539	-	_	539		
Total expenditures	14,960,041			14,960,041		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(312,961)		117	(312,844)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	7,587,172	-	-	7,587,172		
Transfers out	(5,061,247)	-	-	(5,061,247)		
Total other financing sources and uses	2,525,925	-		2,525,925		
Net shares in fined balances	0.040.004		447	0.040.004		
Net change in fund balances	2,212,964	4 404	117	2,213,081		
Fund balances - beginning	8,963,395	1,104	11,297	8,975,796		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,176,359	\$ 1,104	\$ 11,414	\$ 11,188,877		

# Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS																
		Dare Fund		Library Memorial Fund		Library State Aid Fund		Drug Forfeiture Fund		Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund		Emergency 911 Fund		Sports Complex Fund		Parks Donation Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,108	\$	94,093	\$	9.886	\$	5,240	\$	50	\$	(10,472)	\$	356.742	\$	270.966	
Due from other funds	φ	5,100	φ	54,055	φ	9,000	φ	3,240	Ψ	-	φ	11,404	φ	290	φ	270,900	
Due from other governments		_		-		-		-		-		713		-		_	
Lease receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Other receivables												44,390		<u> </u>		-	
Total Assets	\$	5,108	\$	94,093	\$	9,886	\$	5,240	\$	50	\$	46,035		357,032	\$	270,966	
LIABILITIES																	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75	\$	-	\$	-	\$	446		211	\$	-	
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		14,715		1,287		-	
Due to other funds																-	
Total Liabilities	_	<u> </u>	_	<del>-</del>		75						15,161		1,498			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:																	
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		-		713		-		-	
Leases receivable		-		-		-				-						-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_											713		<del>-</del>			
FUND EQUITY																	
Fund balances:																	
Restricted		4,950		70.440		8,679		3,286		50		-		6,734		-	
Committed Assigned		158		79,418 14,675		1,132		1,954		-		30,161		348,800		270,966	
Total Fund Equity	_	5.108		94,093		9,811		5,240		50		30,161		355,534	_	270,966	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		5, 100		34,083		3,011		5,240		30		50, 101		555,554		210,900	
and Fund Equity	\$	5,108	\$	94,093	\$	9,886	\$	5,240	\$	50	\$	46,035	\$	357,032	\$	270,966	

(Continued)

# Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2022, (Continued)

		SPECIAL RE	EVENL	JE FUNDS		CAPI	TAL P	ROJECT FU		DEBT ERVICE				
	Heritage Fund F		RPA Grant Fund		emetery are Fund	Property Owners Part.		Airport AG/Cash Fund		Sinking Fund			TOTALS	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,318	\$	1,513,468	\$	259,894	\$	110,479	\$	898,630	\$	11,899	\$	3,541,301
Due from other funds	•	-	•	-	•	-	*	-	•	1.561	Ψ	,,,,,,	*	13,255
Due from other governments		-		-		-		_		59,000		16,606		76,319
Other receivables		-		-		-		-		65,902		· -		65,902
Other receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-		44,390
Total Assets	\$	15,318	\$	1,513,468	\$	259,894	\$	110,479	\$	1,025,093	\$	28,505	\$	3,741,167
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	159,647	\$	_	\$	160,379
Accrued payroll liabilities	•	_	•	_	•	_	*	_	•	1,532	Ψ.	_	*	17,534
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_		-		_		-
Total Liabilities			_	_	_					161,179				177,913
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOL	JRCES:													
Unavailable revenue		-		1,505,092		-		-		59,000		13,805		1,578,610
Leases receivable				_						66,187		-		66,187
Total Liabilities		-		1,505,092				-		125,187		13,805		1,644,797
FUND EQUITY														
Fund balances:														
Restricted		15,318		8,376		40,943		-		-		14,700		103,036
Committed		-		-		-		- 440 476		700 707		-		79,418
Assigned		-		- 0.070		218,951		110,479		738,727		- 44.700		1,736,003
Total Fund Equity		15,318		8,376		259,894		110,479	_	738,727		14,700		1,918,457
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity	\$	15,318	\$	1,513,468	\$	259,894	\$	110,479	\$	1,025,093	\$	28,505	\$	3,741,167

### <u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	Dare Fund	Library Memorial Fund	Library State Aid Fund	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund	Emergency 911 Fund	Sports Complex Fund	Parks Donation Fund		
REVENUES	_	_		_				_		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 457,497	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental	-	0.404	46,116	2,520	-	293,103	400.000	-		
Charges for services	-	8,491	-	-	-	-	188,966			
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	53	1,079	189	53	-	362	3,745	2,754		
		4,440	40.005	70		316	200	25,479		
Total revenues	53	14,010	46,305	2,643		751,278	192,911	28,233		
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	-	2,848	-	777,232	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	23,426	-	-	-	-	199,591	18,432		
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay	-	-	37,434	-	-	34,592	4,383	-		
Debt Service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	36,259	-	-		
Interest and other charges						5,817				
Total Expenditures		23,426	37,434	2,848		853,900	203,974	18,432		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	53	(9,416)	8,871	(205)		(102,622)	(11,063)	9,801		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	_	_	183	_	_	101,400	15,200	_		
Transfers out	_	_	(2,200)	_	_	(103,573)	10,200	_		
Total other financing sources and uses			(2,017)			(2,173)	15,200			
rotal other manering obtained and acce			(2,011)			(2,110)	10,200			
Net change in fund balances	53	(9,416)	6,854	(205)	-	(104,795)	4,137	9,801		
Fund balances - beginning	5,055	103,509	2,957	5,445	50	134,956	351,397	261,165		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,108	\$ 94,093	\$ 9,811	\$ 5,240	\$ 50	\$ 30,161	\$ 355,534	\$ 270,966		

### <u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)</u>

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FUND	
Ada Arts & Airport  Heritage ARPA Grant Cemetery Property AG/Cash Sinking  Fund Fund Care Fund Owners Part. Fund Fund	TOTALS
REVENUES	
Taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 47,503	\$ 505,000
Intergovernmental 729,103 -	1,070,842
Charges for services 16,419 - 130,528 -	344,404
Investment earnings 147 8,376 - 1,154 10,729 - Miscellaneous 3,380 6,265 45,000	28,641
Miscellaneous         3,380         -         -         -         6,265         45,000           Total revenues         3,527         8,376         16,419         1,154         876,625         92,503	85,150 2,034,037
EXPENDITURES	2,004,007
Current:	
General government 45,000	45,000
Public safety	780,080
Culture and recreation	241,449
Airport 213,617 -	213,617
Capital Outlay 1,354 2,577 1,122,053 -	1,202,393
Debt Service:	
Principal 41,463	77,722
Interest and other charges 7,084	12,901
Total Expenditures 1,354 2,577 1,335,670 93,547	2,573,162
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
expenditures 3,527 8,376 15,065 (1,423) (459,045) (1,044)	(539,125)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in 78,400 -	195,183
Transfers out	(115,003)
Total other financing sources and uses	80,180
Net change in fund balances 3,527 8,376 15,065 (1,423) (389,875) (1,044)	(458,945)
Fund balances - beginning 11,791 - 244,829 111,902 1,128,602 15,744	2,377,402
Fund balances - ending \$ 15,318 \$ 8,376 \$ 259,894 \$ 110,479 \$ 738,727 \$ 14,700	\$ 1,918,457

#### CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Combining Schedule of Net Position – APWA Enterprise Fund Accounts - June 30, 2022

	Public Works Authority	Solid Waste Development Account	Water Meter Account	RWD #3 Account	Water Development Account	Sewer System Account	RWD #2 Account	Overhead Water Storage Account
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,447,431	\$ 6,854,433	\$ -	\$ 757,076	\$ 11,033,311	\$ 5,466,739	\$ 331,139	\$ 426,440
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,036,682	-	887,872	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	193,200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds - interaccount	-	-	-	-	-	156,401	-	-
Due from other governments	205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable, net	2,621,504	154	-	-	175,841	58,636	-	-
Leases Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,476,922
Total current assets	11,105,822	7,047,787	887,872	757,076	11,209,152	5,681,776	331,139	1,903,362
Non-current assets:								
Leases Receivable, noncurrent	_		_	-	_		-	58,692
Capital Assets:								
Land and construction in progress	30,853,166	-	-	-	3,417,574	-	-	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	29,447,719	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current assets	60,300,885				3,417,574			58,692
Total assets	71,406,707	7,047,787	887,872	757,076	14,626,726	5,681,776	331,139	1,962,054
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	103,837	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	418,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	139,646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest payable	296,780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds - interaccount	156,401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	38,452	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	57,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to depositors	-	-	88,787	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	42,903	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landfill closure liability	33,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes payable	3,082,594	-	_	-	_		-	-
Total current liabilities	4,266,202		88,787					
Non-current liabilities:								
Due to depositors	_	_	799,085	_	_	_	_	_
Accrued compensated absences	386,131	-	· -	-	_		-	-
Landfill closure liability	3,346,866	-	_	-	_		-	-
Notes payable	28,489,431	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total OPEB liability	208,366	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total non-current liabilities	32,430,794		799.085					
Total liabilities	36,696,996		887,872					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	23.887							
Deferred amounts related to OPEB  Deferred amounts related lease receivables	23,007	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,517,437
Total deferred in flows of resources	23,887							1,517,437
Total delerred in llows of resources	23,007			<u>-</u>				1,517,437
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	30,759,953				3,417,574			
Restricted for debt service	1,005,589	-	-	-	3,417,374	-	-	-
Restricted for economic development	1,000,009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted Unrestricted	3,024,119	7,047,787	-	757,076	11,209,152	5,681,776	331,139	444,617
Total net position	\$ 34,789,661	\$ 7,047,787	\$ -	\$ 757,076	\$ 14,626,726	\$ 5,681,776	\$ 331,139	\$ 444,617
rotal net position	φ 34,709,001	φ 1,041,101	φ	φ 131,076	ψ 14,020,720	φ υ,υοι,//ο	φ 331,139	φ 444,017

#### Combining Schedule of Net Position – APWA Enterprise Fund Accounts - June 30, 2022, (Continued)

	Dev En	conomic elopment iterprise	ar	ter Wells ad Trans account	WD #4 ccount		vironmental Projects Account		RSD #5	5	WA Debt Service	Imp	/A Capital rovement	Total
ASSETS								-						
Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,640,665	\$	535,947	\$ 71,711	\$	2,430,466	\$	270,401	\$	-	\$	258,190	\$ 39,523,949
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-	-		-		-		815,777		-	4,740,331
Due from other funds		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	193,200
Due from other funds - interaccount		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	156,401
Due from other governments		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	205
Accounts Receivable, net		-		-	-		43,923		-		-		-	2,900,058
Leases Receivable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	1,476,922
Total current assets		5,640,665		535,947	71,711		2,474,389		270,401		815,777		258,190	48,991,066
Non-current assets:					 									
Leases Receivable, noncurrent		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	58,692
Capital Assets:														
Land and construction in progress		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	34,270,740
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation														29,447,719
Total non-current assets											-		-	63,777,151
Total assets		5,640,665		535,947	71,711		2,474,389		270,401		815,777		258,190	112,768,217
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_												
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		-		-	_				-					103,837
LIABILITIES														
Current Liabilities:														
Accounts payable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	418,399
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	139,646
Accrued interest payable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	296,780
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	156,401
Due to other funds - interaccount		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	38,452
Other liabilities		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	57,965
Due to depositors		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	88,787
Accrued compensated absences		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	42,903
Landfill closure liability		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	33,062
Notes payable					 									3,082,594
Total current liabilities					 									4,354,989
Non-current liabilities:														700 005
Due to depositors		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	799,085
Accrued compensated absences		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	386,131
Landfill closure liability		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	3,346,866
Notes payable Total OPEB liability		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	28,489,431 208,366
					 <del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>	-			<del></del>	
Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities					 		<del></del>		<del></del>				<del></del>	33,229,879
Total liabilities					 									37,304,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Deferred amounts related to OPEB														23,887
Deferred amounts related lease receivables		-		-	-		-		_		-		-	1,517,437
Total liabilities			-		 		<del></del>			-				1,541,324
rotar riadilities					 		<del></del>						<del>-</del>	1,041,324
NET POSITION														
Net investment in capital assets		_		_	_		_		_		_		_	34,177,527
Restricted for debt service		_					_				815,777			1,821,366
Restricted for economic development		5,640,665					_							5,640,665
Unrestricted		-		535,947	71,711		2,474,389		270,401				258,190	32,106,304
Total net position	\$	5,640,665	\$	535,947	\$ 71,711	\$	2,474,389	\$	270,401	\$	815,777	\$	258,190	\$ 73,745,862
rotal not position		5,040,000	Ψ_	300,547	 7 1,7 11	Ψ_	2,474,000	Ψ_	210,701	Ψ_	310,777		200, 100	\$ 10,140,00Z

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – APWA Enterprise Fund Accounts - Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ıblic Works Authority	Solid Waste Development Account	Water Meter Account	RWD	#3 Account	Water Development Account	Sewer System Account	RWD #2 Account	Overhead Water Storage Account
REVENUES				• •						
Charges for services:										
Water	\$	7,250,023	\$ -	\$ -	\$	44,145	\$ 1,048,402	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer		2,387,129	-	-		-	-	354,792	-	-
Sanitation		4,727,480	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Solid waste fee		-	135	-		-	-	-	-	-
Recycling income		313,612	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Lease revenue		2,234	-	-		-	31,563	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		348,817	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total operating revenues		15,029,295	135			44,145	1,079,965	354,792		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Public works director		383,065	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Billing and collecting		420,957	_	-		-	-	_	_	-
Water plant		553,547	_	_		_	818	_	_	_
Liquid waste		870,176	_	-		-	-	1	_	-
Administration		2,049,471	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Water and sewer line maintenance		1,161,088	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Solid waste		2,648,781	1	-		-	-	_	_	-
Landfill operations		218,659	_	-		-	-	_	_	-
Construction		598,536	_	-		-	-	_	_	-
Street		831,934	_	-		-	-	_	_	-
Economic Development		· -	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Depreciation		1,539,068	_	-		-	-	_	_	-
Total operating expenses		11,275,282	1				818	1		
Operating income (loss)		3,754,013	134	-		44,145	1,079,147	354,791		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Interest and investment revenue		69,484	68,535	_		7,369	108,270	53,419	3,354	3,546
Miscellaneous revenue		299,248	-	_		- ,000	-	-	-	94,840
Gain on capital asset disposal		71,428	_	_		_	_	_	_	
Interest expense		(865,928)	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	-	(425,768)	68,535	<del> </del>		7,369	108,270	53,419	3,354	98,386
Income (loss) before transfers		3,328,245	68,669			51,514	1,187,417	408,210	3,354	98,386
Transfers in	-	11,781,146	152,575		-	-		5,554		
Transfers out		(11,310,659)	_	_		_	(637,729)	(140,000)	_	_
Change in net position	_	3,798,732	221,244		_	51,514	549,688	273,764	3,354	98,386
Total net position - beginning		30,990,929	6,826,543	-		705,562	14,077,038	5,408,012	327,785	346,231
Total net position - ending	\$	34,789,661	\$ 7,047,787	\$ -	\$	757,076	\$ 14,626,726	\$ 5,681,776	\$ 331,139	\$ 444,617

### <u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – APWA Enterprise Fund Accounts - Year Ended June 30, 2022, (Continued)</u>

	Economic Development Enterprise Account	Water Wells and Trans Account	RWD #4 Account	Environmental Projects Account	RSD #5 Account	APWA Debt Service Account	APWA Capital Improvement Account	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				<u> </u>				
Charges for services:								
Water	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,342,570
Sewer	-	-	-	-	64,712	-	-	2,806,633
Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,727,480
Solid waste fee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135
Recycling income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	313,612
Lease revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,797
Miscellaneous								348,817
Total operating revenues	-				64,712			16,573,044
OPERATING EXPENSES								
								383,065
Public works director Billing and collecting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	420,957
Water plant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
•	-	-	-	-	20 554	-	-	554,365 902,731
Liquid waste Administration	-	-	-	-	32,554	-	-	
Water and sewer line maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,049,471 1,161,088
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,648,782
Solid waste Landfill operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,648,782
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	598,536
Street	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	831,934
	700.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic Development	709,660	-	-	-	-	-	-	709,660
Depreciation	700.000			<del></del>	20.554			1,539,068
Total operating expenses	709,660				32,554			12,018,316
Operating income (loss)	(709,660)				32,158			4,554,728
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest and investment revenue	54,028	5,432	727	22,968	2,546	7,421	2,442	409,541
Miscellaneous revenue	_	-	_	265,941	-	· -	· -	660,029
Gain on capital asset disposal	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	71,428
Interest expense	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(865,928)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	54,028	5,432	727	288,909	2,546	7,421	2,442	275,070
Income (loss) before transfers	(655,632)	5,432	727	288,909	34,704	7,421	2,442	4,829,798
Transfers in	1,159,349					2,040,000	50,000	15,188,624
Transfers out	,,	_	_	(22,400)	_	(1,965,551)	-	(14,076,339)
Change in net position	503,717	5,432	727	266,509	34,704	81,870	52,442	5,942,083
Total net position, beginning	5,136,948	530,515	70,984	2,207,880	235,697	733,907	205,748	67,803,779
Total net position - ending	\$ 5,640,665	\$ 535,947	\$ 71,711	\$ 2,474,389	\$ 270,401	\$ 815,777	\$ 258,190	\$ 73,745,862

#### Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards – Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal/State Grantor/Pass through agency	Federal AL	Agency or Pass Thru	Program or Award	Federal
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	Expenditures
Grantor/Trogram Title	rumber	Number	Amount	Expenditures
FEDERAL ASSISTANCE:				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Passed through District Attorney's Council:				
2020 Justice Assistance Grant	16.607	2020-BU-BX-2002-4294	2,217	1,836
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:  Passed through Oklahoma Aeronautics Commission:				
Federal Aviation Administration - Terminal Apron Construction Phase 1	20.106	3-40-0001-019-2021	772,915	706,103
Federal Aviation Administration - Airport Coronavirus Response Grant	20.106	3-40-0001-019-2021	23,000	23,000
Federal Aviation Administration - Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemen	20.106	3-40-0001-019-2021	59,000	59,000
Total U.S. Department of Transportation	201100	3 10 0001 013 2021	854,915	788,103
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES:				
Passed through Oklahoma Department of Libraries:				
Citizenship Project 22	45.310	N/A	4,000	1,923
ARPA Grant 22	45.310	N/A	15,628	11,394
Health Literacy 21	45.310	N/A	5,725	894
Health Literacy 22	45.310	N/A	11,500	9,368
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services			36,853	23,579
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:  Passed through Oklahoma Department of Commerce:				
CDBG - Wintersmith Park Sidewalks	14.228	17977 CDBG 20	152,222	141,060
CDBG - COVID Response Project	14.228	18109 CDBGCR 20	639,430	130,662
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			791,652	271,722
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,685,637	1,085,240

#### CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

State Grantor/Pass Through Agency		Award	Awards
Grantor/Program Title	Grant #	Amount	Expended
STATEAWARDS:			
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF LIBRARIES:			
Smart Start Program Grant	N/A	1,250	1,207
FY21 State Aid	N/A	12,988	12,856
Let's Talk About It, OK	Y21.044	1,000	1,000
Let's Talk About It, OK	Y22.011	1,000	992
Total Oklahoma Department of Libraries		16,238	16,055
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT:			
911 Mgmt Authority-911 Radio Equipment	FEMA DR 911-2020 PW 182114	28,074	25,038
Total U.S Department of Homeland Security		28,074	25,038
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		\$44,312	\$41,093

#### Footnotes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

- 1. The Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting.
- 2. Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the City of Ada had no subrecipients that were provided federal awards.
- 3. The City of Ada does not have an indirect cost rate and has elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance during the year ended June 30, 2022.

	CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021
SINCLE AUDIT AND INTERNAL CONTE	ROL AND COMPLIANCE INFORMATION
SINGLE AUDIT AND INTERNAL CONTR	TOL AND COMI LIANCE INFORMATION



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Ada, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit of the Valley View Hospital Authority, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ada, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2023. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph to emphasize the impact on the financial statements of the adoptions of GASB 87. Our report also includes an explanatory paragraph disclaiming an opinion on required supplementary information.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON
AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma January 12, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Ada, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the City of Ada, Oklahoma's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
  not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma January 12, 2023

#### CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### SECTION I—SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<b>Financ</b>	<u>ial Statements</u>				
audite	f auditors' report issued were prepared in acally accepted in the U	Unmodified			
Internal	control over financia	al reporting:			
	Material weakness(es	s) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ No	
	Significant deficiency	y(ies) identified?	□ Yes	<b>☑</b> None Reported	
Noncor	mpliance material to f	inancial statements noted?	□ Yes	☑ No	
<u>Federa</u>	l Awards				
Internal	control over major fo	ederal programs:			
	Material weakness(es	s) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ No	
	Significant deficiency	y(ies) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ None Reported	
• •	f auditors' report issuajor federal programs:	1	Unmod	ified	
•	_	that are required to be 2 CFR section 200.561(a)?	□ Yes	☑ No	
Identifi	cation of major federa	al programs:			
	Federal AL Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
	20.106	U.S. Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program			
	threshold used to disti A and Type B program		\$750,00	00	
Auditee	e qualified as low-risk	auditee?	☐ Yes	☑ No	

#### CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **SECTION II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None noted.

#### SECTION III—FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

#### CITY OF ADA, OKLAHOMA

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior year audit findings.