

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022

THE CITY OF SKIATOOK, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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TABLE OF CONTENTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements	Page 5-7
Other Information - Management's Discussion and Analysis	9-15
The Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis)	. 17 18
Governmental Funds Financial Statements: Balance Sheet (Modified Cash Basis) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Modified Cash Basis)	20 21
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) Statement of Cash Flows (Modified Cash Basis)	. 23 24 25
Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements	26-42
Supplementary and Other Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Modified Cash Basis) – General Fund Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Combining Schedule of General Fund Accounts Combining Balance Sheet (Modified Cash Basis) Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Modified Cash Basis)	
Combining Non-major Governmental Fund Statements Combining Balance Sheet (Modified Cash Basis)	47

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
Combining Schedule of Accounts – SPWA	
Combining Schedule of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis)	49
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
(Modified Cash Basis)	50
Federal and State Awards Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Modified Cash Basis)	51
Internal Control and Compliance Information:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control and Compliance Over Financial	
Reporting in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	53-54



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Skiatook, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and cash flows where applicable in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis (pages 8-14), the budgetary comparison information (page 42), the combining and non-major fund financial statement-modified cash basis (pages 43-49) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (page 50) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 6, 2023

HBC CPA: + Advisor

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The management of the City of Skiatook is pleased to provide this annual financial report to its citizens, taxpayers and other report users to demonstrate its accountability and communicate the City's financial condition and activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. Management of the City is responsible for the fair presentation of this annual report, for maintaining appropriate internal controls over financial reporting, and for complying with applicable laws, regulations, and provisions of grants and contracts. The City reports its financial statements and schedules on a modified cash basis which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. All of the financial analyses in this report must be considered within the context of the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As reported on a modified cash basis, the City's total net position increased by \$124,353, and the assets of the City exceed its liabilities at June 30, 2022, by \$5,868,480 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,088,746 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the government's ongoing needs.
- At June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances on a modified cash basis of \$3,359,212.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, unassigned fund balance on a modified cash basis for the General Fund was \$2,487,133 or 33.1% of General Fund revenues.

ABOUT THE CITY

The City of Skiatook is a Statutory Council-Manager form of City government with a population of 7,397 located in Osage and Tulsa County in Northeastern Oklahoma. The City is governed by a seven-member City Council and operates under state law and City ordinances through the three branches of democratic government:

- Legislative the City Council is a seven-member governing body elected by the citizens, consisting of one council member from each of the six wards and one council member at large. The Mayor is one of the seven council members and is appointed by the City Council.
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is appointed by the City Council

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, community development, airport, cemetery and certain utility services including electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation.

This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Skiatook governing body is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the City's financial reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government and another separate legal entity that is included as a discretely-presented component unit.

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Skiatook), a blended component unit, and a discretely presented component unit as follows:

- The City of Skiatook that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, economic and community development, airport, cemetery and administrative activities
- The Skiatook Public Works Authority that operates the electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation and activities of the City (blended)
- The Skiatook Economic Development Authority that promotes economic development for the City (discretely presented, and although active, has no financial activity).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the primary government presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Skiatook (the "City"), the Skiatook Public Works Authority (the "Authority") and the Skiatook Economic Development Authority (SEDA). Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of the two categories of activities - governmental and business-type.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City as applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the City as well as all liabilities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions. They present governmental and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions to ask about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's sales tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and quality of service to assess the overall health of the City. You will also need to keep in mind that these government-wide statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting and include only those City assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions with selected modifications.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City's primary government into two kinds of activities: *Governmental activities* - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, administration, and streets. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities; and *Business-type activities* - Activities where the City typically charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides are reported here. The City's electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation utilities are reported as business-type activities.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant (major) funds -- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by debt covenants. However, the City Council may also establish certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City uses two kinds of funds – *governmental and proprietary*.

Governmental funds - All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds report their activities on a modified cash basis of accounting. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds - When the City, through the Public Works Authority, charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are also reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenses and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The City's proprietary fund is the Skiatook Public Works Authority that accounts for the operation of the electric, water, wastewater and sanitation activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 26-42 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund, federal and state award schedules and combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net position on a modified cash basis for the governmental and business-type activities increased \$124,353.

Following is a summary of net position reported on a modified cash basis for the City of Skiatook primary government.

Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) June 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		nmental ivities	% In c. (Dec.)		ss-Type vities	% Inc. (Dec.)	То	tal	% Inc. (Dec.)
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	<u>2021</u>	
Assets	\$ 3,362	\$ 2,538	32%	\$3,214	\$3,885	-17%	\$ 6,576	\$ 6,423	2%
Total assets	3,362	2,538	32%	3,214	3,885	-17%	6,576	6,423	2%
Liabilities	3	4	-25%	705	675	4%	708	679	4%
Total liabilities	3	4	-25%	705	675	4%	708	679	4%
Net position									
Restricted	275	270	2%	504	501	1%	779	771	1%
Unrestricted	3,084	2,264	36%	2,005	2,709	-26%	5,089	4,973	2%
Total net position	\$ 3,359	\$ 2,534	33%	\$ 2,509	\$3,210	-22%	\$ 5,868	\$ 5,744	2%

A portion of the City's net position, approximately \$780 thousand, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, approximately \$5.1 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing needs.

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net position of the primary government changed as follows:

Changes in Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) June 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		Govern Acti		% Inc. (Dec.)		Busine Activ	•	% Inc. (Dec.)	_	To	tal		% Inc. (Dec.)
	1	2022	2021			2022	2021		:	2022	2	2021	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for Services	\$	1,970	\$ 1,815	9%	\$	11,318	\$ 11,113	2%	\$	13,288	\$	12,928	3%
Grants & Contributions		86	198	-57%		-	-	-		86		198	-57%
Capital Grants, Debt Proceeds & Contributions General Revenues:		409	8,839	-95%		486	1,283	-62%		894		10,122	-91%
Sales Tax		5,306	4,992	6%		-	-	-		5,306		4,992	6%
Intergovernmental		63	66	-4%		-	-	-		63		66	-4%
Other General Revenues		226	226	0%		2,768	384	621%		2,994		610	391%
Total Revenues		8,059	16,136	-50%	_	14,572	12,780	14%	_	22,631		28,916	-22%
Program Expenses:													
Town clerk	\$	5	\$ 5	0%		-	-	-		5		5	0%
Judge		19	23	-19%		-	-	-		19		23	-19%
Police		2,178	1,936	12%		-	-	-		2,178		1,936	12%
Fire		2,378	2,573	-8%		-	-	-		2,378		2,573	-8%
Community development		122	97	26%		-	-	-		122		97	26%
Streets		894	2,110	-58%		-	-	-		894		2,110	-58%
Parks		507	396	28%		-	-	-		507		396	28%
General government		1,402	8,136	-83%		-	-	-		1,402		8,136	-83%
Senior Citizens		107	108	-1%		-	-	-		107		108	-1%
Economic development		36	651	-94%		-	-	-		36		651	-94%
Vehicle maintenance		201	207	-3%		-	-	-		201		207	-3%
Cemetery		55	56	-1%		-	-	-		55		56	-1%
Airport		478	1,568	-69%		-	-	-		478		1,568	-69%
Electric		-	-	-		7,961	5,941	34%		7,961		5,941	34%
Water		-	-	-		4,203	2,844	48%		4,203		2,844	48%
Wastewater		-	-	-		1,574	1,905	-17%		1,574		1,905	-17%
Sanitation		-		-		387	382	1%		387		382	1%
Total Expenses	_	8,382	17,866	-53%	_	14,125	11,072	28%	_	22,507		28,938	-22%
Excess (Deficiency)		(323)	(1,730)	81%		447	1,708	-74%		124		(22)	665%
Net Transfers		1,148	1,502	-24%		(1,148)	(1,502)	24%	_				-
Change in Net Position	\$	825	\$ (228)	462%	\$	(701)	\$ 206	-440%	\$	124	\$	(22)	665%
Beginning Net Position		2,534	2,762	-8%		3,210	3,004	7%	_	5,744		5,766	0%
Ending Net Position	\$	3,359	\$ 2,534	33%	\$	2,509	\$ 3,210	-22%	\$	5,868	\$	5,744	2%

Governmental activities capital grants, debt proceeds & contributions, as well as general government expenses decreased from prior year due to the activity related to the loan proceeds for the 2021 sales tax revenue note. Economic development expenses decreased from prior year due to the purchase of land in 2021.

Business-type activities capital grants, debt proceeds and contributions revenue and wastewater expenses decreased due to a large amount of loan proceeds received and spent in the prior year.

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities had an increase in net position of approximately \$825 thousand mostly due to net transfers in the current year. This is a 32.6% increase from beginning net position.

Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

	 •			% Inc. (Dec.)	Net Re (Expo of Se	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2022		2021		<u>2022</u>	2021	
General government	\$ 1,402	\$	8,137	-83%	\$ (1,240)	\$ (1,390)	-11%
Town clerk	5		5	-	(5)	(5)	-
Judge	19		23	-19%	(19)	(23)	-19%
Police	2,178		1,936	12%	(1,890)	(1,544)	22%
Fire	2,378		2,573	-8%	(1,227)	(883)	39%
Community development	122		97	26%	(66)	(50)	31%
Streets	894		2,110	-58%	(813)	(2,038)	-60%
Parks	507		397	28%	(507)	(397)	28%
Senior citizens	107		108	-1%	(92)	(101)	-9%
Economic development	36		651	-94%	68	(522)	113%
Vehicle maintenance	201		207	-3%	(201)	(208)	-3%
Cemetery	55		56	-1%	26	19	37%
Airport	478		1,568	-69%	49	127	-62%
Total	\$ 8,382	\$	17,867	-53%	\$ (5,918)	\$ (7,015)	-16%

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities had a decrease in net position of approximately \$701 thousand. This is a 21.8% decrease from beginning net position.

Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities

	 Total I of Se	Expens rvices		% Inc. (Dec.)	Net Re (Expo of Se	% Inc. (Dec.)		
	2022		2021		<u>2022</u>	;	2021	
Water Wastewater	\$ 4,203	\$	2,844	48% -17%	\$ (1,582)	\$	636	-349% -33%
Sanitation	1,574 387		1,905 382	1%	(656) 220		(978) 205	-33% 7%
Electric	 7,961		5,941	34%	 (303)		1,461	-121%
Total	\$ 14,125	\$	11,072	28%	\$ (2,321)	\$	1,324	-275%

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2022 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,359,212. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$397,378 to \$2,788,686.

Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues under final estimates by \$59,920 or a 0.6% negative variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$18,088 or a 0.2% positive variance.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following information outlines significant known factors that will affect subsequent year finances:

• For the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the City budgeted an increase in sales tax revenue of 1.2%. The City also budgeted an increase in expenditures related to employee raises of 5% and other operating costs. Overall, the City anticipates to see continued growth due to increases in population and commercial activity.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at 110 N. Broadway, Skiatook, Oklahoma 74070 or telephone at 918-396-2797.

	ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022
BASIC FINANCIAL STAT	TEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE

CITY OF SKIATOOK, OKLAHOMA

Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) – June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Skiatook Economic Development Authority	
ASSETS					
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,736,391	\$ 1,590,827	\$ 3,327,218	\$ -	
Investments	1,460,753	1,788,181	3,248,934	-	
Internal balances	164,696	(164,696)			
Total Assets	3,361,840	3,214,312	6,576,152		
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	293	-	293	-	
Due to bond holders	2,335	-	2,335	-	
Due to depositors	-	705,044	705,044	-	
Total liabilities	2,628	705,044	707,672		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Cemetery	41,238	-	41,238	-	
Police	75,171	-	75,171	-	
Airport	158,823	-	158,823	-	
Debt service	-	504,502	504,502	-	
Unrestricted	3,083,980	2,004,766	5,088,746	-	
Total net position	\$ 3,359,212	\$ 2,509,268	\$ 5,868,480	\$ -	

Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis)-Year Ended June 30, 2022

									t (Expense) Revenue a		Position
					Program Revenue				Primary Government	!	
						Capi	tal Grants,				Skiatook Economic
			Charges fo	r (Operating Grants	Debt P	roceeds and	Governmental	Business-type		Development
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Services	a	nd Contributions	Con	tributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Primary government											
Governmental Activities:											
General government	S	1,401,717	\$ 161,6	89 S	_	S	_	\$ (1,240,028)	S -	\$ (1,240,028)	S -
Town clerk		5,447		-	_		_	(5,447)	· ·	(5,447)	
Judge		18,615		_	_		_	(18,615)	_	(18,615)	_
Police		2,177,817	261,9	47	_		25,394	(1,890,476)	_	(1,890,476)	_
Fire		2,377,523	1,140,4		4,763		5,225	(1,227,094)	_	(1,227,094)	_
Community development		122,321	56,6		-		-	(65,703)	_	(65,703)	_
Streets		893,709	20,0	-	81,062			(812,647)	_	(812,647)	_
Parks		507,311			01,002			(507,311)		(507,311)	
Senior citizens		106,774					14,430	(92,344)	_	(92,344)	
Economic development		36,358	104,7	20			14,450	68,362		68,362	
Vehicle maintenance		201,199	104,/	20	-			(201,199)	-	(201,199)	-
Cemetery		55,180	81,3	-	-		-	26,120	-	26,120	-
		478,413			-		363,479	48,781	-	48,781	-
Airport		8,382,384	163,7		85,825		408,528	(5,917,601)		(5,917,601)	
Total governmental activities		8,382,384	1,9/0,4	30	85,825		408,528	(5,917,601)		(5,917,601)	
Business-type activities											
Water		4,202,735	2,135,1		-		485,705	-	(1,581,929)	(1,581,929)	-
Wastewater		1,574,069	918,3	68	-		-	-	(655,701)	(655,701)	-
Sanitation		387,103	607,1	06	-		-	-	220,003	220,003	-
Electric		7,960,713	7,657,3	86	-		-	-	(303,327)	(303,327)	-
Total business-type activities		14,124,620	11,317,9	61			485,705		(2,320,954)	(2,320,954)	
Total primary government	\$	22,507,004	\$ 13,288,3	91 \$	85,825	\$	894,233	(5,917,601)	(2,320,954)	(8,238,555)	
	General r	evenues.									
	Taxes:	e rendes.									
	Sales	tax and use tax						5,305,615	-	5,305,615	-
	Franc	hise and public se	ervice taxes					36,677	-	36,677	-
	Interg	governmental reve	nue not restric	ted to spe	ecific programs			63,430	707,615	771,045	-
	Inves	tment income		-				13,855	8,996	22,851	-
	Misc	ellaneous						174,975	2,051,745	2,226,720	_
	Trans	fers - internal acti	vitv					1,148,255	(1,148,255)	-	_
		tal general revenue		S				6,742,807	1,620,101	8,362,908	
	(Change in net posi	ition					825,206	(700,853)	124,353	-
	Net positi	on - beginning						2,534,006	3,210,121	5,744,127	-
	-										
	Net positi	on - ending						\$ 3,359,212	\$ 2,509,268	\$ 5,868,480	\$ -

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	BAS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Modified Cash Basis) - June 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund		Capital vement Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	910,938	\$	456,684	\$	368,769	\$	1,736,391
Investments		1,410,753		-		50,000		1,460,753
Due from other funds		533,614						533,614
Total assets	\$	2,855,305		456,684	\$	418,769	\$	3,730,758
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Due to other funds	\$	63,991	\$	304,927	\$	_	\$	368,918
Due to bondholders	•	2,335	*	-	*	_	•	2,335
Due to other governments		293		_		_		293
Total liabilities		66,619		304,927		-		371,546
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
For capital outlay		-		151,757		-		151,757
For police		75,171		-		-		75,171
For airport		-		-		207,604		207,604
For cemetery care		-		-		41,238		41,238
Committed for cemetery care		-		-		169,927		169,927
Assigned to economic development		226,382		-		-		226,382
Unassigned		2,487,133						2,487,133
Total fund balances		2,788,686		151,757		418,769		3,359,212
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,855,305	\$	456,684	\$	418,769	\$	3,730,758

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</u> (Modified Cash Basis) – Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Capital provement Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	5,342,292	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,342,292
Intergovernmental		189,079	-		363,479		552,558
Licenses and permits		52,033	-		-		52,033
Charges for services		1,675,606	-		184,002		1,859,608
Fines and forfeitures		60,539	=		=		60,539
Investment income		13,496	34		325		13,855
Miscellaneous		173,225	<u>-</u>				173,225
Total Revenues		7,506,270	 34		547,806		8,054,110
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Town clerk		5,447	-		-		5,447
General government		1,093,192	-		-		1,093,192
Judge		18,615	-		-		18,615
Police		2,005,384	-		-		2,005,384
Fire		2,269,968	-		-		2,269,968
Community development		122,321	-		-		122,321
Senior citizens		91,714	-		-		91,714
Swimming pool/park		141,023	-		-		141,023
Street		661,618	-		-		661,618
Vehicle maintenance		201,199	-		-		201,199
Economic development		36,358	-		-		36,358
Airport		-	-		150,694		150,694
Cemetery		53,694	-		-		53,694
Capital Outlay		165,332	_		329,205		494,537
Debt Service:							
Principal		-	297,000		-		297,000
Interest and other charges		-	92,006		-		92,006
Total Expenditures		6,865,865	389,006		479,899		7,734,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		640,405	 (388,972)		67,907		319,340
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		2,015,000	748,893		-		2,763,893
Transfers out		(2,258,027)	-		-		(2,258,027)
Total other financing sources and uses		(243,027)	 748,893				505,866
Net change in fund balances		397,378	359,921		67,907		825,206
Fund balances - beginning		2,391,308	(208,164)		350,862		2,534,006
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,788,686	\$ 151,757	\$	418,769	\$	3,359,212

	ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEME	ENTS - PROPRIETARY FUND	

CITY OF SKIATOOK, OKLAHOMA

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) - June 30, 2022

	EN	SPWA ENTERPRISE FUND	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	825,015	
Investments		1,320,618	
Restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents		765,812	
Investments		467,563	
Total assets		3,379,008	
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds		164,696	
Due to depositors		705,044	
Total liabilities		869,740	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for debt service		504,502	
Unrestricted		2,004,766	
Total net position	\$	2,509,268	

<u>Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) - Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	SPWA ENTERPRISE FUND
REVENUES	TOND
Charges for Services:	
Electric	\$ 7,301,106
Water	2,101,427
Sewer	912,218
Sanitation	607,106
Sales tax on utility sales	356,280
Water taps	33,674
Sewer taps	6,150
Other	2,038,675
Total operating revenues	13,356,636
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Electric	7,953,613
Water	3,257,199
Sewer	881,727
Sanitation	380,003
Other	358,380
Total Operating Expenses	12,830,922
Operating income	525,714
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	8,996
Loan proceeds	485,705
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	(1,437,650)
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(503,662)
Contributed capital - grant	5,225
Other	720,685
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(720,701)
Income (loss) before transfers	(194,987)
Transfers in	1,509,134
Transfers out	(2,015,000)
Net transfers	(505,866)
Change in net position	(700,853)
Total net position - beginning	3,210,121
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,509,268

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows (Modified Cash Basis) - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	EN	SPWA TERPRISE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	13,356,636
Payments to suppliers and employees		(10,734,614)
Payments to employees		(1,931,612)
Receipts of customer utility deposits		126,615
Refunds of customer utility deposits		(97,010)
Other income		720,685
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,440,700
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds		1,509,134
Transfers to other funds		(2,015,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(505,866)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from consists great		5 225
Proceeds from capital grant Principal paid on capital debt		5,225
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		(1,437,650) (503,662)
Proceeds from loan		485,705
Flocecus nomioan		465,705
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,450,382)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment income		8,996
Sale (purchase) of investments		(7,635)
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,361
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(514,187)
Balances - beginning of year		2,105,014
Balances - end of year	\$	1,590,827
Describing to Continue of Chicago		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	825,015
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ф	765,812
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,590,827
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	525,714
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		720 (05
Other income		720,685
Change in assets and liabilities:		164.606
Due to other funds		164,696
Customer deposits		29,605
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,440,700

CITY OF SKIATOOK, OKLAHOMA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FOOTNOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements:

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Skiatook, Oklahoma (the "City") financial reporting entity includes the primary government, a blended component unit, and a discretely-presented component unit as follows.

- The City of Skiatook that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, economic and community development, airport, cemetery and administrative activities
- The Skiatook Public Works Authority (SPWA) that operates the electric, water, wastewater and sanitation services and activities of the City (blended)
- The Skiatook Economic Development Authority that promotes economic development for the City (discretely presented, and although active, has no financial activity)

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Council Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus" that requires the primary government and all component units for which the primary government is financially accountable be included in the financial report.

The component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved. The City Council either serves as the governing body of the trust or appoints the trustees. In addition, as required by state law, all debt obligations incurred by the trusts must be approved by two-thirds vote of the City Council. This is considered sufficient imposition of will to include the trusts within the City's financial reporting entity. The public trusts do not issue separate annual financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting of the government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of net position and statement of activities are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles.

These modifications include adjustments for the following balances arising from cash transactions:

- cash-based interfund receivables and payables
- assets that normally convert to cash or cash equivalents (certificates of deposit, marketable investments, and receivables resulting from cash)
- liabilities for cash (or cash equivalents) held on behalf of others or held in escrow

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Program revenues within the statement of activities are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government - penalties on utilities

Police - traffic fines and fees, 911 fees, and operating grants

Fire - ambulance fees, fire run fees, operating grants and capital grants

Cemetery - cemetery openings and closings and other charges for services

Economic development - refuse economic development charges

Community development - licenses and permits

Street - commercial vehicle and gas excise tax and operating grants

Airport - user fees, capital grants and contributions

Senior citizens - capital grants and contributions

Park - pool receipts and capital grants and contributions

Governmental Funds:

The City's governmental funds are comprised of the following:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds. The Cemetery Maintenance account is combined with the General Fund for reporting purposes.
- Capital Improvement Fund accounts for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific projects or items.

Non-Major Funds (Reported as Other Governmental Funds):

- Cemetery Care accounts for 25% of all cemetery revenue of which 12.5% is legally restricted by State law for cemetery capital improvements
- Airport Fund accounts for hanger rent and grant revenues and expenditures of the municipal airport in a separate fund required by State law

The governmental funds are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions are included on the fund balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These fund financial statements use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary fund is comprised of the following:

Enterprise Fund:

• Skiatook Public Works Authority – accounts for the operation of the electric, water, wastewater and sanitation services of the City

The proprietary fund is reported on a modified cash basis, as defined above.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and money market accounts. Investments consist of long-term certificates of deposits and are reported at cost.

D. Compensated Absences

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, liabilities related to accrued compensated absences are not recorded in the financial statements. Expenditures/expenses related to compensated absences are recorded when paid. The amount of accrued compensated absences for accumulated, unpaid compensatory time that would be due employees upon termination is reported as a commitment in Note 8.

E. Fund Balances and Net Position

Fund Balances:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance can be further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- d. Assigned include amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by City Council action or management decision when the City Council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position:

Net position is displayed in two components:

- a. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- b. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

F. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Internal transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

2. Deposits and Investments

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$22,851 of investment income. Due to the minimal rates of return on allowable investments in the current environment, most of the City's deposits are in demand and short-term time deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the primary government held the following deposits and investments:

	Credit	(Carrying
Type of Deposits and Investments	Rating		Value
Deposits:			
Petty cash		\$	2,490
Demand deposits			2,673,539
Time deposits			3,248,934
			5,924,963
Investments:			_
Invesco Treasury - Cash Mngmt and Premier Funds	AAAm		651,189
			651,189
Total deposits and investments		\$	6,576,152
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	3,327,218
Investments			3,248,934
		\$	6,576,152

Custody Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government deposits may not be returned to it. The City is governed by the State Public Deposit Act which requires that the City obtain and hold collateral whose fair value exceeds the amount of uninsured deposits. Investment securities are exposed to custody credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and if held by either a counterparty or a counterparty's trust, department or agent, but not in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had no bank deposits exposed to credit risk.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no investment policy that limits investments based on maturity. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments, where applicable. The City's only investments with maturity dates are non-negotiable certificates of deposit with maturities no later than June 2023.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trusts.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City has no investment policy regarding concentration of credit risk.

At June 30, 2022, the City had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

Restricted Cash and Investments – The amounts reported as restricted assets on the proprietary fund statement of net position are comprised of amounts held for utility deposits, restricted for debt service, debt reserve, or construction purposes. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Cas	Current Cash and cash equivalents		Investments		
Utility deposits	\$	261,310	\$	467,563		
Trustee accounts:						
Debt service:						
2010 series		95,181		-		
2012 series		109,980		-		
2013 series		196,788		-		
2014 series		102,553		-		
Total	\$	765,812	\$	467,563		

3. Sales Tax Revenue

Sales tax revenue represents a 3.5 cent local tax on each dollar of taxable sales within the City in accordance with City Code Section 7 as amended by Ordinance 98-12. The sales tax received is recorded as sales tax revenue within the General Fund. The City is required to transfer one cent of its three and a half cents sales tax to the SPWA for debt retirement as required by the sales tax agreement in the bond indenture and Ordinance 98-12. Later in Ordinance 2007-07, it was voted to abolish the expiration date, so there is no ending date on this sales tax transfer. Any remaining sales tax monies left after debt payments are made are to be transferred to the One Cent Fund for capital expenditures. Ordinance 2015-14 requires the City to transfer half a cent sales tax to the Capital Improvement fund for constructing, improving, repairing and maintaining streets, roads, alleys, bridges and sidewalks.

4. Property Tax Levy

The City presently levies no property tax. In accordance with state law, a municipality may only levy a property tax to retire general obligation debt approved by the voters and to pay judgments rendered against the City.

5. Internal and Interfund Transfers

Internal balances between funds, accounts and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Due To	D	Due From		Amount	Nat	ure of Internal Balances
General Fund	Cemetery M	aintenance Account	\$	63,991	То	cover negative pooled cash
General Fund	Capital Impr	ovement Fund		304,927	То	cover negative pooled cash
General Fund	SPWA			164,696	То	cover negative pooled cash
Total			\$	533,614		
Reconciliation to Fund Finance						
	D	ue From		Due To	Net Int	ernal Balances
Governmental Funds	\$	533,614	\$	(368,918)	\$	164,696
Proprietary Funds		<u>-</u> _		(164,696)		(164,696)
Total	\$	533,614	\$	(533,614)	\$	-

Internal transfers between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer From	T	ransfer To		Amount	Purpose o	f Transfer
General Fund	SPWA		\$	1,509,134	Required sales tax trans	fer
SPWA	General Fun	d		2,015,000	Transfer for operations	and return of sales tax
General Fund	Capital Impr	ovement Fund		748,893	To fund purchase of cap	pital assets
Business-type activities	Government	al activities		642,389	Transfer of government	al activity expenses
Total			\$	4,915,416		
Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:						
	T	ransfers In		ıns fers Out	Net Tra	
Governmental Funds	\$	2,763,893	\$	(2,258,027)	\$	505,866
Proprietary Funds		1,509,134		(2,015,000)		(505,866)
Fund Totals	\$	4,273,027	\$	(4,273,027)	\$	-
Transfer of governmental activity expenses		642,389		(642,389)		-
Government-wide Totals	\$	4,915,416	\$	(4,915,416)	\$	-
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:						
Net Transfers			\$	(505,866)		
Transfer of expenses to governmental activity				(642,389)		
Transfers - internal activity			S	(1,148,255)		

6. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss by securing commercial insurance for all risks, except for participation in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool for certain coverage. Management believes such insurance coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Employee Retirement Plan Participation

The City of Skiatook participates in four pension or retirement plans:

- 1. Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 2. Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 3. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System (OkMRF-DCP) an agent multiple-employer defined contribution plan
- 4. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System (OkMRF-DBP) an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan

OFPRS:

Plan Summary Information. The City of Skiatook, as the employer, participates in a statewide cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan through the Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS). The OFPRS defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Pursuant to the requirements of Title 11, section 22-102, the City must participate in the plan if they employ full-time or volunteer firefighters.

The OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to OFPRS, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414.

Funding Policy. OFPRS plan members that are volunteer firefighters are not required to contribute to the plan. The City is required by state law to contribute \$60 per year for each volunteer firefighter. The OFPRS plan members are required to contribute 9% to the plan. The City is required by state law to contribute 14% per year of covered payroll per paid firefighter. The plan is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The OFPRS contributions are as follows:

	Required	Amount
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contributed
2020	\$174,357	\$174,357
2021	\$178,258	\$178,258
2022	\$187,952	\$187,952

OPPRS:

Plan Summary Information. The City of Skiatook, as the employer, participates in a statewide cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan through the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). The OPPRS defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Pursuant to the requirements of Title 11, section 22-102, the City must participate in the plan if they employ a certain number of fulltime police officers.

The OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

OPPRS

1001 N.W. 63rd St., Suite 305 Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335

Funding Policy. The City is required by state law to contribute 13% of covered payroll per year for each police officer. Employees contribute 8% of covered payroll. The plan is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The OPPRS contributions are as follows:

	Required	Amount
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contributed
2020	\$93,790	\$93,790
2021	\$103,221	\$103,221
2022	\$119,216	\$119,216

OkMRF Defined Contribution Plan:

Plan Summary Information. The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Skiatook Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). OkMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase of Oklahoma City. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in the state fire or police programs. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after completion of three months of service to the City. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employee contributions were \$3,028 to the plan.

OkMRF issues separate plan financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, 525 Central Park Drive, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, 73105.

Funding Policy. Employees may voluntarily contribute to the maximum IRS limit.

OMRF Defined Contribution Plan-City Manager:

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Okemah Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by Bank One of Oklahoma City. The defined contribution plan is available to the City Manager. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The City Manager is eligible to participate upon employment, and is required to make contributions to the plan at 3.00%. Under the thrift option, the employee may contribute to the plan at varying rates. The City's contributions, if any are made, (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at a rate of 100% upon participation. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City contributions were \$3,403 to the plan.

OkMRF Defined Benefit Plan:

Plan Summary Information. The City has provided a defined benefit plan and trust known as the City of Skiatook Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Benefit Plan (OkMRF). OkMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The defined benefit plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in the state fire or police programs. Benefits are based on the vested employees five highest consecutive years of salaries out of the last ten years of service and are eligible for full retirement benefits if retirement occurs at the age of 65 or older. Those that retire prior to the age of 65 are eligible for early retirement benefits if termination of employment occurs after the age of 55 and with seven years of vested service. Employees are eligible to participate on the Employee's Employment Commencement date.

OMRF issues separate plan financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, 525 Central Park Drive, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, 73105.

Funding Policy. Employees participating in the Plan are required to contribute 4.5%. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions to the plan, based upon employee contributions under the pick-up option, at a current rate of 9.26% of covered payroll. The City's contributions for each employee are vested after seven years of service. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

	Required	Amount
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contributed
2020	\$179,951	\$179,951
2021	\$195,370	\$195,370
2022	\$195,068	\$195,068

8. Commitments and Contingencies

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the reporting entity's long-term debt changed as follows:

		Balance						Balance	D	ue Within
Type of Debt	Ju	ly 01, 2021	A	dditions	D	eductions	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	(One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Notes payable (direct borrowing)	\$	6,503,000	\$		\$	297,000	\$	6,206,000	\$	504,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,503,000	\$	-	\$	297,000	\$	6,206,000	\$	504,000
		-								
Business-Type Activities:										
Notes payable (direct borrowing)	\$	17,900,396	\$	435,450	: \$	1,161,724	1 \$	17,174,122	\$	1,199,334
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	17,900,396	\$	435,450	\$	1,161,724	\$	17,174,122	\$	1,199,334

Governmental activities long-term debt payable from direct borrowings and direct placements include the following:

2021 Sales Tax Revenue Note dated February 25, 2021, original amount \$6,542,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each April 1 and October 1, beginning April 2021, final installment due April 2031 with a 1.4% interest rate payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The collateral for this note is a pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender has all rights and remedies as allowed by law including: 1) suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants of the borrower contained in the note indenture, the Sales Tax Agreement or the notes; 2) requiring the Sales Tax Revenue be deposited directly as received with the Bank; 3) acceleration of the payment of principal and of interest accrued on all notes; 4) suit at law or equity to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of parties under the provisions of the note indenture or the Sales Tax Agreement.

	\$ 6,206,000
Current portion	504,000
Noncurrent portion	5,702,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 6,206,000

Business-type activities long-term debt payable from direct borrowings and direct placements include the following:

Notes Payable:

2014 OWRB CWSRF Promissory Note dated February 12, 2014, original amount \$520,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each March 15 and September 15, beginning September 2015, final installment due March 15, 2035 with an administration fee of 0.5% and interest a 2.13% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The OWRB loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants be performed; 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; 3) appoint the temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.

357,292

2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note dated December 13, 2013, original amount \$4,510,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each March 1 and September 1, beginning March 1, 2014, final installment due September 1, 2023 with interest at 2.62% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The collateral for this note is a pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender has all rights and remedies as allowed by law including: 1) suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants of the borrower contained in the note indenture, the Sales Tax Agreement or the notes; 2) requiring the Sales Tax Revenue be deposited directly as received with the Bank; 3) acceleration of the payment of principal and of interest accrued all notes; 4) suit at law or equity to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of parties under the provisions of the note indenture or the Sales Tax Agreement.

775,000

2010 Sales Tax Revenue Note dated March 31, 2010, original amount \$4,000,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each April 1 and October 1, beginning October 1, 2010, final installment due April 1, 2025 with interest at 4.85% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The collateral for this note is a pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender has all rights and remedies as allowed by law including: 1) suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants of the borrower contained in the note indenture, the Sales Tax Agreement or the notes; 2) requiring the Sales Tax Revenue be deposited directly as received with the Bank; 3) acceleration of the payment of principal and of interest accrued on all notes; 4) suit at law or equity to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of parties under the provisions of the note indenture or the Sales Tax Agreement.

1,045,000

2014 Sales Tax Revenue Note dated February 1, 2014, original amount \$3,905,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each March 1 and September 1, beginning March 1, 2015, final installment due March 1, 2026 with interest at 2.90% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The collateral for this note is a pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender has all rights and remedies as allowed by law including: 1) suit for specific performance of any or all of the covenants of the borrower contained in the note indenture, the Sales Tax Agreement or the notes; 2) requiring the Sales Tax Revenue be deposited directly as received with the Bank; 3) acceleration of the payment of principal and of interest accrued on all notes; 4) suit at law or equity to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of parties under the provisions of the note indenture or the Sales Tax Agreement.

2,500,000

2016 OWRB Promissory Note dated December 20, 2016, original amount \$12,453,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each September 15 and March 15, beginning September 2017, final installment due March 15, 2038 with interest at 2.01% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The OWRB loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants be be performed; 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; 3) appoint the temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.

11,886,830

2012 OWRB Promissory Note dated March 28, 2012, original amount \$975,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each September 15 and March 15, beginning September 2012, final installment due September 15, 2032 with interest at 3.44% payable semi-annually based on principal outstanding. The OWRB loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event default, the lender may: 1) file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants be performed; 2) accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; 3) appoint the temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.

010,000

Total Notes Payable	\$ 17,174,122
Current portion Noncurrent portion	1,199,334 15,974,788
Total Notes Payable	\$ 17,174,122

Long-term debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Sales Tax	
Revenue Note	
Year Ending June 30. (direct borrowings)	
<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>	ţ
2023 504,000 85,1	.34
2024 516,000 78,0)22
2025 527,000 70,7	163
2026 740,000 62,6	571
2027 756,000 52,2	220
2028-2031 3,163,000 100,7	⁷ 02
Totals \$ 6,206,000 \$ 449,5	512

Year Ending June 30,	SPWA Notes Payable (direct borrowings)				
-	Principal	Interest			
2023	1,199,334	358,103			
2024	1,237,937	306,879			
2025	1,285,603	252,605			
2026	941,264	200,662			
2027	969,942	167,440			
2028-2032	5,273,511	606,188			
2033-2037	6,042,701	207,255			
2037-2038	750,000	-			
Totals	\$ 17,700,292	\$ 2,099,132			
Less: Amount not yet drawn	(526,170)				
Outstanding balance	\$ 17,174,122				

Pledge of Future Revenues

Sales Tax Revenues Pledge

The City has pledged one cent (or 28.6%) of future sales tax revenues to repay the 2012 OWRB Promissory Note of \$975,000, the 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note of \$4,510,000, the 2014 OWRB Promissory Note of \$520,000, the 2014 Sales Tax Revenue Note of \$3,905,000, and the 2016 OWRB Promissory Note of \$12,453,000. Proceeds from the bonds and notes were used for capital assets. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues transferred to the SPWA and are payable through 2033, 2024, 2035, 2026, and 2037 respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$18,644,092 including \$526,170 remaining to be drawn. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$1,340,553. Debt service payments of \$1,286,686 for the current fiscal year were 96.0% of pledged sales taxes.

The City has pledged two cents (or 57.1%) of future sales tax revenues to repay the 2010 Sales Tax Revenue Note of \$4,000,000, and the 2021 Sales Tax Revenue Note of \$6,542,000. Proceeds from the bonds and notes were used for capital assets. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues transferred to the SPWA and are payable through 2025, and 2031 respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$7,790,843. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$2,681,105. Debt service payments of \$767,707 for the current fiscal year were 28.6% of pledged sales taxes.

Utility Net Revenues Pledge

The City has pledged future water and sewer net utility revenues to repay the Series 2012 OWRB Promissory Note of \$975,000, the 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note of \$4,510,000, the 2014 OWRB Promissory Note of \$520,000 and the 2016 OWRB Promissory Note. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged water and sewer utility revenues of the SPWA and are payable through 2032, 2023, 2035 and 2038, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$15,967,835. Pledged water and sewer utility net revenues for the current year were \$1,329,945. Debt service payments of \$1,002,691 for the current fiscal year were 75.4% of pledged water and sewer utility net revenues.

Contingent receivable and payable

The discretely presented component unit, the Skiatook Economic Development Authority, is the pass through entity on an Oklahoma Housing Financing Agency loan in the amount of \$300,000 to a developer in prior years. The loan has a 1% interest rate and is related to the HOME Grant from the Oklahoma Housing Financing Agency. In the terms of the agreement, if the developer does not make a profit they don't have to make payments for the term of the note which is 30 years. No payment toward this receivable has been made. When payments are received, the Skiatook Economic Development Authority will remit the payments to the City so that they may in turn remit such payments to Oklahoma Housing Financing Agency in accordance with the grant. No activity has occurred in FY 2022.

Compensated Absences:

As a result of the City's use of the modified cash basis of accounting, accrued liabilities related to compensated absences (vacation, sick and comp leave) earned but unpaid at year-end are not reflected in the basic financial statements. The compensated absence commitment at June 30, 2022, is summarized as follows:

- City accrued compensated absences \$577,344
- SPWA accrued compensated absences \$192,658

Litigation:

The City is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. These statutory provisions do not apply to the City's public trust Authorities. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

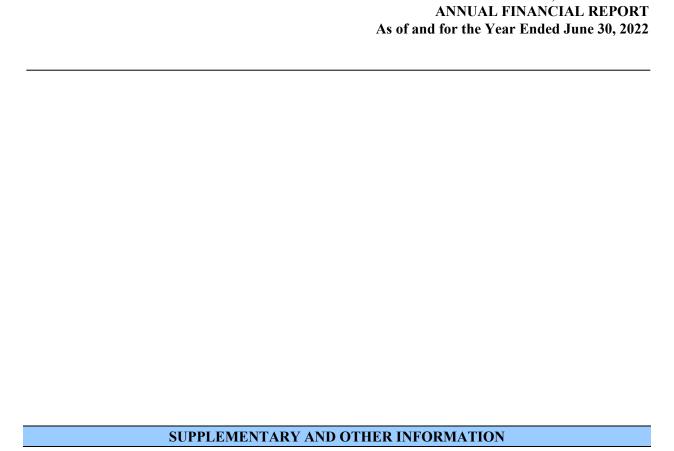
Federal and State Award Programs:

The City of Skiatook participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. In 2022, the City's involvement in federal and state award programs was not significant. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements.

Capital Assets Pledged for Debt:

At June 30, 2022, the roll forward schedule to report infrastructure assets pledged as collateral for the Oklahoma Water Resource Board Series 2012, 2014 and 2016 debts, and related accumulated depreciation is as follows:

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2021	ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2022
SPWA:				
Utility Property Improvements				
Water	\$ 9,026,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,026,420
Sewer	1,337,160			1,337,160
Subtotal	10,363,580			10,363,580
Total Property, Plant, Equip.	10,363,580	<u> </u>	-	10,363,580
Accumulated Depreciation				
Utility Property Improvements				
Water	1,717,477	330,939	-	2,048,416
Sewer	630,904	66,708	-	697,612
	2,348,381	397,647	-	2,746,028
Net Property, Plant, Equip.	8,015,199	(397,647)	<u>-</u>	7,617,552
Sewer Construction in Progress	11,335,280	485,705		11,820,985
Total Construction in progress	11,335,280	485,705		11,820,985
Net PPE and CIP	\$ 19,350,479	\$ 88,058	\$ <u>-</u> _	\$ 19,438,537



CITY OF SKIATOOK, OKLAHOMA

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND					
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$2,452,620	\$2,452,620	\$2,452,620	-		
Resources (Inflows):						
Taxes	4,802,500	5,345,615	5,342,292	(3,323)		
Licenses and permits	50,000	50,000	52,033	2,033		
Intergovernmental	264,750	279,180	189,079	(90,101)		
Charges for services	1,107,000	1,261,632	1,612,843	351,211		
Fines and forfeitures	140,000	140,000	60,539	(79,461)		
Miscellaneous	252,000	252,000	173,225	(78,775)		
Interest	10,000	10,000	13,496	3,496		
Total Revenue	6,626,250	7,338,427	7,443,507	105,080		
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers from other funds	2,180,000	2,180,000	2,015,000	(165,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources	2,180,000	2,180,000	2,015,000	(165,000)		
Total Resources	8,806,250	9,518,427	9,458,507	(59,920)		
Amounts available for appropriation	11,258,870	11,971,047	11,911,127	(59,920)		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
City Clerk	5,448	5,448	5,447	1		
Judge	20,900	20,900	18,615	2,285		
Police	1,992,648	2,126,815	2,126,815	-		
Fire	2,244,674	2,292,506	2,292,505	1		
Community development	102,425	122,322	122,321	1		
Street	639,572	661,905	661,618	287		
Vehicle maintenance	214,581	201,202	201,199	3		
Park	116,182	141,025	141,023	2		
General government	1,177,516	1,112,504	1,096,996	15,508		
Senior citizen's	88,845	106,774	106,774	-		
Economic development	163,618	36,358	36,358	-		
Emergency management	2,000	2,500	2,500			
Total Charges	6,768,409	6,830,259	6,812,171	18,088		
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers to other funds	2,037,500	2,258,028	2,258,027	1		
Total Other Financing Uses	2,037,500	2,258,028	2,258,027	1		
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,805,909	9,088,287	9,070,198	18,089		

See accompanying notes to this schedule.

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

- 1. The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements.
- 2. The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within a department require the City Manager's approval without further City Council approval, while supplemental appropriations require City Council approval.

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts – June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Cemetery Maintenance Account	Total General Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 899,190	\$ 11,748	\$ 910,938	
Investments	1,410,753	-	1,410,753	
Due from other funds/accounts	533,614	-	533,614	
Total assets	2,843,557	11,748	2,855,305	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Due to other funds/accounts	-	63,991	63,991	
Payable to other governments	293	-	293	
Due to bondholders	2,335		2,335	
Total liabilities	2,628	63,991	66,619	
Fund balances:				
Restricted	75,171	-	75,171	
Assigned to economic development	226,382	-	226,382	
Unassigned (deficit)	2,539,376	(52,243)	2,487,133	
Total fund balances	2,840,929	(52,243)	2,788,686	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,843,557	\$ 11,748	\$ 2,855,305	

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – For the Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	General Fund	Cemetery Maintenance Account	Total
REVENUES	General Fund	Account	Total
Taxes	\$ 5,342,292	\$ -	\$ 5,342,292
Licenses and permits	52,033	-	52,033
Intergovernmental	189,079	_	189,079
Charges for services	1,612,843	62,763	1,675,606
Fines and forfeitures	60,539	-	60,539
Investment income	13,496	-	13,496
Miscellaneous	173,225	-	173,225
Total Revenues	7,443,507	62,763	7,506,270
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Town clerk	5,447	-	5,447
General government	1,093,192	-	1,093,192
Judge	18,615	-	18,615
Police	2,005,384	-	2,005,384
Fire	2,269,968	-	2,269,968
Community development	122,321	-	122,321
Senior citizens	91,714	-	91,714
Swimming pool/park	141,023	-	141,023
Street	661,618	-	661,618
Vehicle Maintenance	201,199	-	201,199
Economic development	36,358	-	36,358
Cemetery	-	53,694	53,694
Capital Outlay	165,332		165,332
Total Expenditures	6,812,171	53,694	6,865,865
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	631,336	9,069	640,405
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	2,015,000	-	2,015,000
Transfers out	(2,258,027)		(2,258,027)
Total other financing sources and uses	(243,027)		(243,027)
Not ahanga in fund balangas	388,309	9,069	207 279
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	2,452,620		397,378
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,840,929	\$ (61,312) \$ (52,243)	\$ 2,391,308 \$ 2,788,686
runu vaiances - chung	\$ 2,040,929	φ (32,2 4 3)	\$ 2,700,080

<u>Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2022</u>

	Specia	al Revenue	Capi	tal Project	To	tal Other
ACCIPE	Air _J	ort Fund	Cemetery Care		Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total assets	\$	207,604	\$	161,165 50,000 211,165	\$	368,769 50,000 418,769
FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Due to other funds Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
For airport		207,604		_		207,604
For cemetery care		-		41,238		41,238
Committed to cemetery care		-		169,927		169,927
Total fund balances		207,604		211,165		418,769
Total fund balances	\$	207,604	\$	211,165	\$	418,769

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – For the Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	Special Revenue	Capital Project	Total Other Governmental	
	Airport Fund	Cemetery Care	Funds	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 363,479	\$ -	\$ 363,479	
Charges for services	163,715	20,287	184,002	
Investment income	-	325	325	
Total Revenues	527,194	20,612	547,806	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Airport	150,694	-	150,694	
Capital Outlay	327,719	1,486	329,205	
Total Expenditures	478,413	1,486	479,899	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	48,781	19,126	67,907	
Net change in fund balances	48,781	19,126	67,907	
Fund balances - beginning	158,823	192,039	350,862	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 207,604	\$ 211,165	\$ 418,769	

Combining Schedule of Net Position – SPWA Enterprise Fund Accounts – June 30, 2022

Enterprise Fund Accounts				
		One Cent		
	SPWA	Capital Project	Meter Deposit	Total
ASSETS				·
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,490	\$ 822,525	\$ -	\$ 825,015
Investments	1,320,618	-	-	1,320,618
Restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	504,502	-	261,310	765,812
Investments			467,563	467,563
Total assets	1,827,610	822,525	728,873	3,379,008
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Due to other funds	164,696	-	-	164,696
Due to depositors	-	-	705,044	705,044
Total liabilities	164,696	-	705,044	869,740
NET POSITION				
Restricted for debt service	504,502	-	-	504,502
Unrestricted	1,158,412	822,525	23,829	2,004,766
Total net position	\$ 1,662,914	\$ 822,525	\$ 23,829	\$ 2,509,268

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – SPWA Enterprise Fund Accounts – For the Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

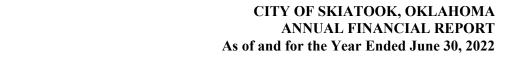
One Ce				
	SPWA	Capital Project	Meter Deposit	Total
REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Electric	\$ 7,301,106	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,301,106
Water	2,101,427	-	-	2,101,427
Sewer	912,218	-	-	912,218
Sanitation	607,106	-	-	607,106
Sales tax on utility sales	356,280	-	-	356,280
Water taps	33,674	-	-	33,674
Sewer taps	6,150	-	-	6,150
Other	2,043,900	(5,225)	-	2,038,675
Total operating revenues	13,361,861	(5,225)		13,356,636
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Electric	7,513,775	439,838	=	7,953,613
Water	3,257,199	, -	=	3,257,199
Sewer	881,727	-	-	881,727
Sanitation	380,003	-	=	380,003
Other	· -	358,380	=	358,380
Total Operating Expenses	12,032,704	798,218	=	12,830,922
Operating income (loss)	1,329,157	(803,443)		525,714
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	8,176	_	820	8,996
Loan proceeds	485,705	_	-	485,705
Debt service:	105,705			105,705
Principal retirement	(1,437,650)	_	_	(1,437,650)
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(503,662)	_	_	(503,662)
Contributed capital - grant	(303,002)	5,225	_	5,225
Other	720,685	-	<u>-</u>	720,685
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(726,746)	5,225	820	(720,701)
Income (loss) before transfers	602,411	(798,218)	820	(194,987)
Transfers in	384,000	1,125,134	_	1,509,134
Transfers out	(2,015,000)			(2,015,000)
Change in net position	(1,028,589)	326,916	820	(700,853)
Total net position - beginning	2,691,503	495,609	23,009	3,210,121
Total net position - beginning Total net position - ending	\$ 1,662,914	\$ 822,525	\$ 23,829	\$ 2,509,268
Total net position - ending	φ 1,002,91 4	φ 622,323	φ 23,629	φ 2,505,208

Schedule of Expenditures	of Fodoral Arranda	Voor Ended I	una 20 2022
Schedule of Expenditures	s of Federal Awards	– Year Ended J	une 50. zuzz

Federal/State Grantor/Pass through agency Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Project or Award Number	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS:				
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY:				
Pass through Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management				
Assistance to Firefigthers Grant Program	97.004		\$ 102,660	\$ 5,225
			102,660	5,225
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery				
American Rescue Plan Act	21.027		1,412,974	265,926
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			1,412,974	265,926
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed through Indian Nations Council of Governments:				
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality	20.205		9,283	
Total Indian Nations Council of Governments			9,283	-
Federal Aviation Administration	20.106	AIP 3-40-0089-014-2020	2,014,000	300,274
Federal Aviation Administration	20.106	AIP 3-40-0089-015-2020	30,000	18,205
Federal Aviation Administration	20.106	AIP 3-40-0089-015-2020	13,000	13,000
Federal Aviation Administration	20.106	AIP 3-40-0089-015-2020	32,000	32,000
Subtotal 20.106			2,089,000	363,479
Total U.S. Department of Transporation			2,098,283	363,479
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,613,917	\$ 634,630

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards – Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Grantor/Pass through agency Grantor/Program Title	Project or Award Number	Award Amount		State Expenditures	
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OFAGRICULTURE Fire Grant	N/A	\$	4,763	\$ 4,763	
OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL: Safe OK Grant Program/Police	N/A		25,394	15,394	
INDIAN NATION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS: Passed through Community Expansion Of Nutritional Assistance (CENA) Sr. Citizen Grant	N/A		14,430	14,430	
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		\$	44,587	\$ 34,587	



INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Skiatook, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Skiatook, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's basic modified cash basis financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Skiatook, Oklahoma's modified cash basis financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 6, 2023

HBC CPA: + Advisor