Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2022



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June 30, 2022 and 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Altus, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Western Oklahoma State College (the College), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Western Oklahoma State College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Western Oklahoma State College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Western Oklahoma State College's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Western Oklahoma State College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Western Oklahoma State College's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Western Oklahoma State College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.



Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Page 3

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2022 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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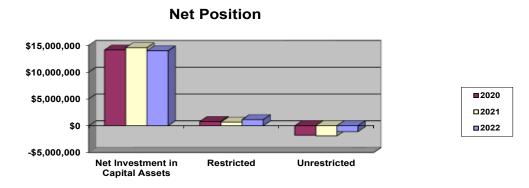
Tulsa, Oklahoma October 14, 2022



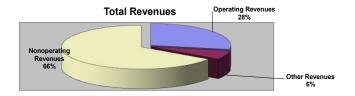
Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The discussion and analysis of Western Oklahoma State College's (the "College") financial statements provide an overview of the College's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and related footnotes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



The following chart provides a graphical breakdown of total revenues by category for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The 2022 change in net position includes the effect of recognizing pension liabilities as discussed in Note 6.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College's revenues exceeded expenses, creating an increase in total net position of \$664,072, which represents an 4.7% increase in net position for 2022. In fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College's revenues exceeded expenses, creating an increase in total net position of \$202,229, which represents an 1.5% increase in net position for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The annual report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information on the activities of the College as a whole. When revenues and other support exceed expenses, the result is an increase in total net position. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in total net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses may be thought of as the College's operating results.

You can think of the College's net position-the difference between assets and liabilities-as one way to measure the College's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the trend and quality of student applicants, freshman class size, student retention, condition of the buildings, and safety of the campus, to assess the overall health of the institution.

All assets and liabilities included in these two statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE

The following table of the College's net position summarizes the major changes between years:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

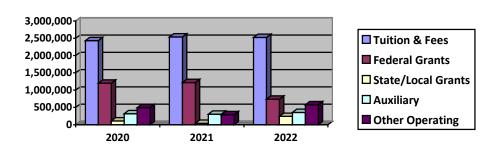
				Year Ended									
	Years End	ded June 30		Increase Percent				June 30	Increase		Percent		
	 2022		2021	(I	Decrease)	ease) Change		2020		(Decrease)		Change	
Current assets	\$ 6,957,247	\$	7,242,920	\$	(285,673)		-3.94%	\$	7,211,403	\$	31,517	0.44%	
Noncurrent assets:													
Restricted & Cash Equival	1,163,273		706,897		456,376		64.56%		1,025,126		(318,229)	-31.04%	
Net OPEB Asset	138,672		10,472		128,200	12	24.22%		64,104		(53,632)	-83.66%	
Funds due from ODFA fo	1,424,033		3,750,000		(2,325,967)		0.00%		-		3,750,000	0.00%	
Capital assets, net	19,126,458		16,981,548		2,144,910		12.63%		16,610,658		370,890	2.23%	
Total assets	28,809,683		28,691,837		117,846		0.41%		24,911,291		3,780,546	15.18%	
Deferred outflows	2,114,857		3,261,511		(1,146,654)	-	35.16%		1,310,889		1,950,622	148.80%	
Total Assets and deferred													
outflows of resources	30,924,540		31,953,348		(1,028,808)		-3.22%		26,222,180		5,731,168	21.86%	
Current liabilities	912,314		736,806		175,508		23.82%		1,387,558		(650,752)	-46.90%	
Noncurrent liabilities:	11,313,517		15,654,091		(4,340,574)	-	27.73%		9,384,564		6,269,527	66.81%	
Total liabilities	12,225,831		16,390,897		(4,165,066)	-	25.41%		10,772,122		5,618,775	52.16%	
Deferred Inflows	3,873,255		2,234,236		1,639,019		73.36%		2,324,072		(89,836)	-3.87%	
Total liabilites and deffered													
inflows of resources	16,099,086		18,625,133		(2,526,047)	-	13.56%		13,096,194		5,528,939	42.22%	
Net Position													
Investment in													
capital assets	13,967,974		14,548,323		(580,349)		-3.99%		14,124,081		424,242	3.00%	
Restricted	1,138,243		674,815		463,428		68.67%		779,814		(104,999)	-13.46%	
Unrestricted	 (1,113,930)		(1,894,923)		780,993	-	41.22%		(1,777,909)		(117,014)	6.58%	
Total net position	\$ 13,992,287	\$	13,328,215	\$	664,072		4.98%	\$	13,125,986	\$	202,229	1.54%	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

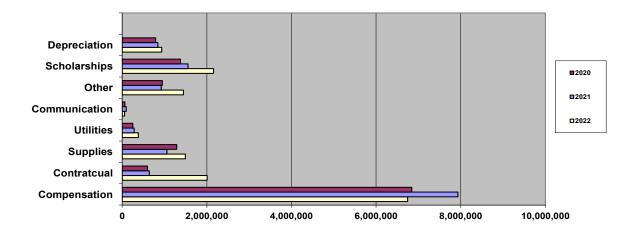
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

The breakdown of operating revenues and expenses for fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Operating Revenues



Operating Expenses



Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	•	•	O		Year Ended	d		
	Years End	ed June 30	Increase	Percent	June 30	Increase	Percent	
	2022	2021	(Decrease)	Change	2020	(Decrease)	Change	
Operating revenues:								
Tuition & Fees	\$ 2,524,049	\$ 2,540,129	\$ (16,080)	-0.63%	\$ 2,431,000	109,129	4.49%	
Federal and state grants	978,789	1,257,709	(278,920)	-22.18%	1,310,258	(52,549)	-4.01%	
Auxillary enterprise charges	356,434	303,622	52,812	17.39%	316,850	(13,228)	-4.17%	
Other	578,633	289,215	289,418	100.07%	492,671	(203,456)	-41.30%	
Total Operating Revenues	4,437,905	4,390,675	47,230	1.08%	4,550,779	(160,104)	-3.52%	
Less operating expenses	15,210,882	13,328,582	1,882,300	14.12%	12,146,665	1,181,917	9.73%	
Net loss from operations	(10,772,977)	(8,937,907)	(1,835,070)	20.53%	(7,595,886)	(1,342,021)	17.67%	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
State appropriations	4,649,820	4,354,689	295,131	6.78%	4,801,755	(447,066)	-9.31%	
Federal grants and contracts	4,994,554	3,115,935	1,878,619	60.29%	2,691,802	424,133	15.76%	
State & local grants and contracts	646,399	579,020	67,379	11.64%	363,980	215,040	59.08%	
On-behalf	,	•	,		•	,		
appropriations for OTRS	301,489	349,346	(47,857)	-13.70%	356,390	(7,044)	-1.98%	
State Regents								
Endowment Contributions	44,123	-	44,123	#DIV,0!	36,767	(36,767)	-100.00%	
Interest Revenue	8,581	12,755	(4,174)	-32.72%	20,212	(7,457)	-36.89%	
Interest Expense	(222,413)	(126,847)	(95,566)	75.34%	(106,672)	(20,175)	18.91%	
Net Nonoperating revenues	10,422,553	8,284,898	2,137,655	25.80%	8,164,234	120,664	1.48%	
Other revenues, expenses,								
and gains and losses								
Capital grants and gifts	3,450	2,650	800	30.19%	3,400	(750)	-22.06%	
State appropriations restricted								
for capital purposes	900,000	741,542	158,458	21.37%	772,011	(30,469)	0.00%	
On-behalf OCIA capital leases	111,046	111,046		0.00%	113,935	(2,889)	-2.54%	
Total Other	1,014,496	855,238	159,258	18.62%	889,346	(34,108)	-3.84%	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	664,072	202,229	461,843	228.38%	1,457,694	(1,255,465)	-86.13%	
Net assets, beginning	13,328,215	13,125,986	202,229	1.54%	11,668,292	1,457,694	12.49%	
Net assets, ending	\$ 13,992,287	\$ 13,328,215	\$ 664,072	4.98%	\$ 13,125,986	\$ 202,229	1.54%	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

June 30, 2022 compared to June 30, 2021 resulted in the following revenue and expense changes:

- Tuition & fees revenues decreased by .63%, or \$16,080. This decrease is due mainly to decrease in enrollment. Auxiliary revenues increased by 17.39%, which represents an increase of \$27,947 in Residence Hall and an increase in student store of \$24,865. Federal and State Grants & Contracts experienced a decrease of 22.18% or \$278,920. The overall operating revenues increased by 1.08% or \$47,230.
- Overall operating expenses increased by 14.12% or \$1,882,300. Compensation decreased by \$1,191,383, due to pension recognition. Contractual Services increased by 1,364,909 due to ERP implementation. Supplies and Materials decreased by \$435,225, and the other operating expenses increased by \$525,194.
- Net non-operating revenues and expenses increased by 25.80%, or \$2,137,655.
- Section 13 Offset increased by 21.37% or \$158,458 and is in State Appropriations Restricted for Capital Purposes.

June 30, 2021 compared to June 30, 2020 resulted in the following revenue and expense changes:

- Tuition & fees revenues increased by 4.9%, or \$109,129. This increase is due mainly to an increase tuition and fees and in collections. Auxiliary revenues decreased by 4.17%, which represents a decrease of \$35,319 in Residence Hall and an increase in student store of \$22,091. Federal and State Grants & Contracts experienced a decrease of 4.01% or \$52,549. The overall operating revenues decreased by 3.52% or \$160,104.
- Overall operating expenses increased by 9.73% or \$1,181,917. Compensation increased by \$1,094,391, due to pension recognition. Supplies and Materials decreased by \$229,338, and the other operating expenses increased slightly.
- Net non-operating revenues and expenses increased by 1.48%, or \$120,664.
- Section 13 Offset decreased by 3.95% or \$30,469 and is in State Appropriations Restricted for Capital Purposes.
- On-behalf capital lease payments decreased by 2.54% resulting in a decrease of \$2,889 from the prior year. Please refer to Note 5 Long Term Liabilities in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

June 30, 2015, Western adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The statement was effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. This GASB statement requires that Western calculate its total pension liability using three essential steps:

- 1. Projecting future benefit payments for current and former employees and their beneficiaries,
- 2. Discounting those payments to their present value, and
- 3. Allocating the present value over past, present, and future periods of employee service.

The effect on the 2015 net position is reflected below:

Beginning net position, as previously reported	\$19,877,738
Implementation of GASB Statements 68 & 71	(9,561,745)
Beginning net position, restated	<u>\$10,315,993</u>

The effect of the net pension liability has a direct effect on the Unrestricted Net Position. Below is an illustration of the effect GASB Statement 68 & 71 on the 2015 Unrestricted Net Position:

June 30, 2015 unrestricted net position	(\$ 3,871,416)
Deferred outflows related to pension	(587,022)
Net position liability June 30, 2014	7,619,358
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,969,604
Unrestricted net position prior to net pension liability	\$ 5,130,524

For the year ended June 30, 2018, in addition to GASB Statement 68 & 71, Western adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This GASB statement requires that Western measure its total OPEB liability using three broad steps:

- 1. Project benefit payments,
- 2. Discount projected benefit payments to actuarial present value, and
- 3. Attribute actuarial present value to periods.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Please refer to Note 6 & 7 – Retirement Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits in the Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding the implementation of GASB Statements 68, 71 & 75.

Below is an illustration of the effect GASB Statement 68, 71 & 75 on the 2020 Unrestricted Net Position:

June 30, 2020 unrestricted net position	(\$ 1,777,909)
Deferred outflows related to pension	(1,302,150)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(8,739)
Net pension liability	6,862,320
Total OPEB liability	190,728
Deferred inflows related to pension	2,130,303
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	<u>107,861</u>
Unrestricted net position prior to net pension liability	<u>\$ 6,202,414</u>

Below is an illustration of the effect GASB Statement 68, 71 & 75 on the 2021 Unrestricted Net Position:

June 30, 2021 unrestricted net position	(\$ 1,894,923)
Deferred outflows related to pension	(3,208,440)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(53,071)
Net pension liability	10,027,738
Total OPEB liability	155,331
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,452,375
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	94.152
Unrestricted net position prior to net pension liability	\$ 6,573,162

Below is an illustration of the effect GASB Statement 68, 71 & 75 on the 2022 Unrestricted Net Position:

June 30, 2022 unrestricted net position	(\$1,113,930)
Deferred outflows related to pension	(2,033,083)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(81,774)
Net pension liability	5,562,115
Total OPEB liability	183,993
Deferred inflows related to pension	3,873,255
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	<u>178,473</u>
Unrestricted net position prior to net pension liability	<u>\$ 6,569,049</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Another way to assess the financial health of an institution is to look at the Statement of Cash Flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The Statement of Cash Flows also helps users assess an entity's ability to generate future net cash flows, its ability to meet its obligations as they come due, and its needs for external financing.

Cash Flows

	V E 1	- 11 20	I.,	Ī.,	
		led June 30	Increase	June 30	Increase
	2022	2021	(Decrease)	2020	(Decrease)
Cash provided (used) by:					
Operating activities	\$ (9,876,668)	\$ (8,104,569)	\$ (1,772,099)	\$ (6,530,669)	\$ (1,573,900)
Noncapital					
financing activities	10,334,896	8,049,644	2,285,252	7,894,304	155,340
Capital and related					
financing activities	(2,260,475)	3,218,261	(5,478,736)	26,081	3,192,180
Investing activities	8,581	12,755	(4,174)	20,212	(7,457)
Net increase (decrease) in cash					
and cash equivalents	(1,793,666)	3,176,091	(4,969,757)	1,409,928	1,766,163
Cash and cash equivalents,					
beginning	10,384,632	7,208,541	3,176,091	5,798,613	1,409,928
Cash and cash equivalents,					
ending	\$ 8,590,966	\$ 10,384,632	\$ (1,793,666)	\$ 7,208,541	\$ 3,176,091

June 30, 2022 compared to June 30, 2021 resulted in the following cash flow changes:

The College's liquidity decreased by \$1,793,666 in 2022. Cash used by operating activities decreased by \$1,772,099 likewise, cash provided by non-capital financing activities increased by \$2,285,252. Cash used for investing activities decreased by \$4,174. Cash used by capital and related financing activities increased by \$5,478,736 due to limited capital projects. The net result of these items is a decrease in cash of \$1,793,666.

June 30, 2021 compared to June 30, 2020 resulted in the following cash flow changes:

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COLLEGE AS A WHOLE (Continued)

The College's liquidity decreased by \$573,909 in 2021. Cash used by operating activities increased by \$1,573,900 likewise, cash provided by non-capital financing activities increased by \$155,340. Cash used for investing activities decreased by \$7,457. Cash used by capital and related financing activities increased by \$557,820 due to limited capital projects. The net result of these items is a decrease in cash of \$573,909.

Although the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position shows an increase in total net position of \$664,072, this is representative of all funds combined. Management feels that it is important to point out the net change in fund balances for each individual fund. This is displayed below.

Summary of Changes in Net Position by Fund

	Years Ended					
		2022		2021		2020
Educational and General Fund	\$	(8,249)	\$	318,798	\$	743,356
Auxillary Fund		(99,753)		112,138		31,273
Restricted Fund		2,981		(28,196)		8,486
Unexpended Plant Fund		433,650		(109,718)		268,380
Capital Assets		(567,081)		424,242		(39,367)
Net Pension Revenue & Expense Recognition		902,524		(515,035)		445,566
Combined Total	\$	664,072	\$	202,229	\$	1,457,694

The College began participating, during fiscal year 2017, in the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group Health Insurance Pool ("OKHEEI"). College employees were provided health insurance coverage through OKHEEI, which is an Interlocal Cooperative Act Agency organized as a public entity risk pool health insurance program for participating Colleges and Universities in the State. If health care claims exceed reserves and reinsurance coverages, additional assessment may be made to participating Colleges and Universities. In January 2022, Western switched to the state of Oklahoma health plans, and are no longer members of OKHEEI. The funds currently held are being reconciled.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position represents the agency fund for OKHEEI. Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the College in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2022, the College has \$19,126,458 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$19,871,958. Depreciation charges totaled \$933,300 for the current fiscal year, compared to \$843,949 for the previous fiscal year. Details of these assets for the three years are shown below.

	Years Ended June 30					
	2022		2021			2020
Land	\$	230,453	\$	230,453	\$	230,453
Infrastructure		3,530,260		3,571,957		3,554,547
Land Improvements		638,068		698,471		758,874
Buildings		9,687,807		10,000,352		9,788,998
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment		1,133,355		1,265,606		840,686
Library Materials		1,102,006		1,204,534		1,228,530
Construction in Progress		2,578,406		-		201,220
Livestock		16,960		10,175		7,350
Leased Assets		209,143	_		_	
	\$	19,126,458	\$	16,981,548	\$	16,610,658

Planned capital expenditures for fiscal year ending June 2022 will be budgeted and paid through a combination of E & G fund reserves, Auxiliary fund reserves, and from Section 13 appropriated capital funds. Throughout the year there will be expenditures from other grant programs like Title IV, TANF, and institutional reserve funds.

Section 13 for fiscal year 2023 will expend approximately \$1,387,000 in funds to include items Classroom equipment and upgrades \$215,000; IT equipment \$1,095,000; physical plant upgrades of \$77,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

DEBT

At June 30, 2022, the College had \$5,420,097 in debt outstanding, compared to \$5,495,516 reported June 30, 2021 and \$2,400,670 reported June 30, 2020. The table below summarizes these amounts by type for the current year and the previous two years.

Outstanding Debt

	Years Ended June 30				
	2022	2021	2020		
2021A ODFA Capital Lease	3,088,583	3,164,000	-		
OCIA 2014 Capital Lease Obligations	2,331,514	2,331,516	2,331,516		
WOSC Foundation, Inc. Promissory Note			69,154		
	\$ 5,420,097	\$ 5,495,516	\$ 2,400,670		

In November 2005, the OCIA issued its OCIA Bond Issue 2005F Series. Of the total bond indebtedness, the State Regents for Higher Education allocated \$6,000,000 to the College. Concurrently with the allocation, the College entered into a lease agreement with OCIA for projects being funded by the OCIA bonds. This lease agreement provides for the College to make specified monthly payments to OCIA over 25 years. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide for capital improvements at the College.

In August 2010, the College's 2005F lease agreement with the OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of OCIA's 2005 bond debt. OCIA issued two new bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B. The College's lease agreements with OCIA secure the OCIA bond debt and any future debt that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. OCIA issued this new debt to provide budgetary relief for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 by extending and restructuring debt service. Consequently, the College's lease agreement with OCIA automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. The College has recorded a charge of \$482,305 on restructuring as a deferred cost that will be amortized over a period of 6 years. This restructuring resulted in an aggregate debt service difference for principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the restructured lease agreement of \$2,757,544 which is approximately the economic cost of the lease restructuring.

On April 9, 2014, the College's remaining 2005 lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of the Series 2005F bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014A, to accomplish the refunding. As a result, the total liability of the remaining 2005F bonds refunded and the amount of the 2014A bonds acquired was a gain on restructuring of \$139,156,

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued) DEBT

which was recorded as a deferred inflow of resources that will be amortized over a period of 18 years. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized gain totaled \$137,026. The restructured lease agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The College's aforementioned lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$343,469, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

During the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, OCIA made lease principal and interest payments on behalf of the College totaling \$111,046, \$111,046 and \$113,935 respectively.

More detailed information about the College's outstanding debt is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

WESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC.

Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a legally separate tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. Although the College does not control the timing and amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, which the Foundation holds and invests, is restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit for the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements.

The key components of the Foundation's Net Assets are as follows:

	Years Ended June 30				
	2022			2021	 2020
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	\$	951,463	\$	912,624	\$ 981,180
Net Asset With Donor Restrictions:					
Subject to Expenditure		-		249,539	2,620
Not Subject to Expenditure		5,680,775		5,778,170	5,655,271

More detailed information on the Foundation can be found in the financial statements and in Note 12 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The most significant economic factor that Western is facing today is the past decline of state appropriations. Today, Oklahoma's gross receipts for August 2022 exceeded 17.2 percent of last year. Gross production taxes on oil and natural gas increased by 99.5 percent. This looks good for an increase in state appropriations for FY24.

Securing adequate funding to support the increasing number of college bound individuals, who subsequently become college graduates, is a major challenge for the state's colleges and universities. As Oklahoma annually ranks among the U.S. states with the lowest unemployment rate, legislative support of increased funding to help colleges meet their respective completion initiatives will become critically important. Quality, high paying jobs drive a robust economy. Colleges and universities produce graduates who fill these quality jobs. Given this dynamic, the level of legislative appropriation an institution receives is a significant factor, both short term and long term to Oklahoma's economy. Another way to express the potential impact of inadequate appropriations from the legislature is to recognize that inadequate funding is not only challenging to colleges and universities but poses a serious threat to the future expansion and improvement of Oklahoma's 21st century economy.



Western Oklahoma State College Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	2022			
			WOSC	
		WOSC	F	oundation
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,003,660	\$	142,617
Accounts receivable, net of				
allowance for doubtful accounts		841,757		-
Inventories		111,830		-
Notes receivable, current portion	_	-	_	
Total Current Assets	_	6,957,247	_	142,617
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,587,306		-
Investments		-		2,954,734
Certificates of Deposit		-		3,749,341
Net OPEB asset		138,672		-
Other assets		-		85,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	19,126,458	_	
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	21,852,436	. <u>-</u>	6,789,075
Total Assets	\$	28,809,683	\$	6,931,692
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred amounts related to pensions		2,033,083		-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		81,774		-
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		2,114,857		-
Total Assets and Deferred	_			
Outflows of Resources	\$_	30,924,540	\$_	6,931,692

Western Oklahoma State College Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		2022		
		W		
		WOSC	Foundation	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	421,463	\$ -	
Payable to Western State College		<u>-</u>	31,543	
Accrued payroll		136,997	-	
Deposits held in custody for others		126,381	91,755	
Accrued compensated absences		52,408	-	
Unearned revenue		99,964	-	
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	_	75,101		
Total Current Liabilities	_	912,314	123,298	
Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion				
Obligations under debt obligations, notes payable and leases		5,567,409	-	
Net OTRS pension liability		5,562,115	-	
Total OPEB liability		183,993	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	11,313,517		
Total Liabilities	_	12,225,831	123,298	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred gain on lease restructure		654,694	_	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		178,473	_	
Deferred amounts related to pensions		3,873,255	_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,706,422		
Net Position				
Net investments in capital assets		13,967,974	_	
Restricted for:				
Nonexpendable		-	5,680,775	
Expendable				
Instruction, scholarships and other		200,114	_	
Capital projects		1,137,642	-	
OPEB		(199,513)	_	
Unrestricted		(1,113,930)	1,127,619	
Total Net Position		13,992,287	6,808,394	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		· · · ·		
Resources and Net Position	\$ <u></u>	30,924,540	\$6,931,692	

Western Oklahoma State College Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2	2022		
		WOSC		
	WOSC	Foundation		
Operating Revenues				
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances				
of \$1,883,000	\$ 2,524,049	- \$		
Federal grants and contracts	737,977	-		
State and local grants and contracts	240,812	-		
Auxiliary enterprise charges, net of scholarship				
allowance of \$210,000	218,848	-		
Residence hall, net of scholarship allowance				
of \$91,000	137,586	i –		
Other operating revenues	578,633	-		
Contribution and donations	-	- 285,313		
Interest and dividend income	-	184,385		
Net realized/unrealized gain (loss) on investments	-	(518,234)		
Total Operating Revenues	4,437,905			
Operating Expenses				
Compensation	6,743,562	<u>-</u>		
Contract services	2,005,351	47,029		
Supplies and materials	1,492,040			
Utilities	378,724			
Communications	54,181			
Other operating expenses	1,446,568			
Scholarships and fellowships	2,157,156			
Depreciation and amortization	933,300			
Total Operating Expenses	15,210,882			
Operating Income (Loss)	(10,772,977	<u>(271,345)</u>		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
State appropriations	4,649,820	-		
OTRS on-behalf contributions	301,489			
Federal grants and contracts	4,994,554			
State and local grants	646,399			
Endowment contributions	44,123			
Investment income	8,581			
Interest expense	(222,413			
Net Nonoperating Revenues	10,422,553			
Income (loss) before revenues, expenses,				
gains, or losses	(350,424	(271,345)		
Capital grants and gifts	2 450	•		
Capital grants and gifts State appropriations restricted for capital purposes	3,450			
OCIA on-behalf appropriations	900,000			
OCIA oil-benail appropriations	111,046	-		
Change in Net Position	664,072	(271,345)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	13,328,215	7,079,739		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ <u>13,992,287</u>	\$ 6,808,394		

Western Oklahoma State College Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30 2022

		2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Tuition and fees	\$	2,513,146
Grants and contracts		1,098,842
Student store		218,848
Residence hall		137,586
Other operating receipts		702,319
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits,		
net on-behalf payments		(9,350,489)
Payments to suppliers		(5,196,920)
Net cash used in operating activities		(9,876,668)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Federal direct loan program receipts		859,908
Federal direct loan program disbursements		(859,908)
State appropriations		4,649,820
Grants and contracts		5,640,953
Gifts for other than capital purposes		44,123
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		10,334,896
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Cash paid for capital assets		(2,935,401)
Capital appropriations received		900,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		28,408
Principle paid on capital debt and leases		(109,100)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	_	(144,382)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(2,260,475)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest income	_	8,581
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	8,581
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(1,793,666)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	_	10,384,632
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$_	8,590,966

(Continued)

Western Oklahoma State College Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30 2022 (Continued)

		2022
Reconciliation of operating loss to cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(10,772,977)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		, , ,
provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation expense		933,300
Loss on disposal of capital assets		88,327
State of Oklahoma on-behalf contributions to OTRS		301,489
Excess in pension expense over on-behalf payments		(2,044,743)
Deferred cost related to pensions		1,175,357
Deferred cost related to OPEB		55,618
Changes in assets and liabilities		•
Accounts receivable		235,324
Inventories		126,274
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		44,742
Deposits held in custody of others		88,318
Accrued compensated absences		(5,671)
Net OPEB asset or obligation		(99,538)
Unearned revenue and other		(2,488)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$ <u></u>	(9,876,668)
Noncash Investing, Noncapital Financing		
and Capital and Related Financing Activities		
On-behalf principal and interest paid by OCIA	\$	(111,367)
Contribution of capital assets		3,450
Amortization of deferred gain on OCIA lease structure		(33,014)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents		
to Statements of Net Position		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,003,660
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	2,587,306
Net cash provided by capital and	_	
related financing activities	\$ <u></u>	8,590,966

Western Oklahoma State College Statement of Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,217 \$ 15,217
Liabilities Due to OKHEEI	\$ 15,217 15,217
Net Position Net position held in trust for self-insurance	\$ <u> </u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Western Oklahoma State College (the College) is a two-year, state supported college operating under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of Western Oklahoma State College (the Board of Regents) and the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. The College is a component unit of the State of Oklahoma and is included in the general-purpose financial statements of the State of Oklahoma. The College is accredited by Higher Learning Commission.

Reporting Entity

The Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. Although the College does not control the timing and amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or incomes thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements.

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Reporting for Not-for-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Although the College is the exclusive beneficiary of the Foundation, the Foundation is independent of the College in all respects. The Foundation is not a subsidiary or affiliate of the College and is not directly or indirectly controlled by the College. Moreover, the assets of the Foundation are the exclusive property of the Foundation and do not belong to the College. The College is not accountable for, and does not have ownership of, any of the financial and capital resources of the Foundation. The College does not have the power or authorities to mortgage, pledge, or encumber the assets of the Foundation. The Board of Directors of the Foundation is entitled to make all decisions regarding the business and affairs of the Foundation, including, without limitation, distributions made to the College. Third parties dealing with the College should not rely upon the financial statements of the Foundation for any purpose without consideration of all of the foregoing conditions and limitations.

Separate financial statements of the Foundation can be requested by contacting the WOSC Foundation Office at (580) 477-7706.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for third parties and therefore are not available to support College programs. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the College in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency fund assists and liabilities are recognized using the accrual basis of accounting. The College has one agency fund for the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The College's financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public College and Universities. Under GASB Statements No. 34 and 35, the College is required to present a statement of net position classified between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, with separate presentation for operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses, and a statement of cash flows using the direct method.

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Funds invested through the State Treasurer's Cash Management Program are considered cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investment

The College accounts for its investments at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, the College has disclosed its deposit and investment policies related to the risks identified in GASB Statement No. 40. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of the investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories consist of books and supplies held for resale at the bookstore, which are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Accounts Receivable and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable primarily consists of tuition and fee charges to students and to auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff, the majority of each residing in the State of Oklahoma. Student accounts receivable are carried at the unpaid balance of the original amount billed to students and student loans receivable are carried at the amount of unpaid principal. Both receivables are less an estimate made for doubtful accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. Receivables are written off for financial reporting purposes when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of student accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received.

A student account receivable and student loan receivable are considered to be past due if any portion of the receivable balance is outstanding after the end of the semester. Interest and late charges are not generally assessed and, if they are assessed, are not included in income until received.

Other receivables include amounts due from federal, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for other receivables.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, to maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets, are classified as restricted assets in the statement of net position.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost on the date of the acquisition or fair value if acquired by gift. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$500 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset.

The following estimated useful lives are being used by the College:

Land Improvements5 - 25 yearsBuildings and Improvements50 yearsFurniture, Fixtures and Equipment7 - 20 yearsInfrastructure50 years

Leasehold Improvements made pursuant to property with one-year lease agreements are capitalized for control purposes and amortized over a one-year period.

Lease assets are amortized over the life of the associated contracts.

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the College earn accrued vacation or leave at the rate of 7 to 10 hours per month. The liability for and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued compensated absences in the statement of net position, and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of revenue bonds payable, notes payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year, and (2) estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The significant estimates used in the preparation these financial statements include the depreciation of capital assets and the allowance for doubtful accounts for accounts receivable.

The College generally uses an estimate based on municipal bond rate yield curves as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor/vendor charges is known.

Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u>: - This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Restricted net position - expendable</u>: Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

<u>Restricted net position - nonexpendable</u>: Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u>: Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

The College has a deficit in unrestricted net position as a result of the net pension liability. See Note 6. The College's unrestricted net position consists of the following at June 30, 2022.

		2022
Educational and general operations	\$	(668,358)
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	_	(445,572)
Total unrestricted net position	\$	(1,113,930)

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is first to apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is to first apply the expense towards unrestricted resources, and then towards restricted resources.

Income Taxes

The College, as a political subdivision of the State of Oklahoma, is exempt from all federal income taxes under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. However, the College may be subject to income taxes on unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Section 511(a)(2)(B).

Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (3) federal, state and local grants and contracts, and (4) interest on institutional student loans.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, student aid revenues, and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state appropriations and investment income.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Deferred outflows of resources - Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by the College that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2022, the College's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of contributions to pensions applicable to a future reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources - Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the College that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2022, the College's deferred inflows of resources were comprised of credits realized on lease restructures and deferred inflows related to net pension obligation.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS), the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System (OLERS) and the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Net pension liability and plan deferrals are recognized as of the measurement date. Payments from the measurement date to the date of the statement of net position are reported as deferred outflows.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS) and the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Net OPEB liability or asset and plan deferrals are recognized as of the measurement date. Payments from the measurement date to the date of the statement of net position are reported as deferred outflows.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The College adopted the following new accounting pronouncements during the year ended June 30, 2022:

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

GASB 87 was issued in June 2017; the primary objective of GASB 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The College adopted GASB 87 for the June 30, 2022, reporting year and the implementation had an immaterial effect net on the College's financials.

Subsequent Events

The College has evaluated subsequent events through October 14, 2022, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. There are no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned, or the College will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Generally, the College deposits its funds with the Office of the State Treasurer (OST) and those funds are pooled with funds of other state agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, are placed in financial institutions or invested as the OST may determine, in the state's name.

At June 30, 2022, the bank balances of all College deposits with the OST and other financial institutions were \$6,581,955. Of funds on deposit with the OST, amounts invested in *OK INVEST* totaled \$786,741 in 2022. Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are allowed to participate in *OK INVEST*. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in *OK INVEST*. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day to day *OK INVEST* management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State's daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at http://www.ok.gov/treasurer/. An evaluation of the use and purpose of the Departments participation in the internal investment pool the amount on deposit with *OK INVEST* are treated as demand accounts and reported as cash equivalents.

For financial reporting purposes, deposits with the OST that are invested in *OK INVEST* are classified as cash equivalents. The distribution of deposits in *OK INVEST* is as follows:

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OK INVEST Portfolio		Cost		Market Value	
U.S. agency bonds	\$	226,299	\$	219,346	
Money market mutual funds		35,653		35,653	
Certificates of deposits		2,789		2,789	
Mortgage backed securities		208,321		193,218	
Municipal bonds		659		659	
Foreign bonds		2,757		2,732	
U.S. Treasury obligations		310,263		303,531	
Total	\$	786,741	\$	757,928	

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 2: Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> (Continued)

Investments: Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the College's investments are managed by the State Treasurer. In accordance with state statutes the State Treasurer may only purchase and invest in (a) obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) prime banker's acceptances; (c) investment grade obligations of state and local governments; (d) money market funds; (e) collateralized or insured certificates of deposits; (f) negotiable certificates of deposits; (g) prime commercial paper; and (h) repurchase agreements. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments that are held for longer periods of time are subject to increased risk of adverse interest changes.

Neither the College nor state statutes limit investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates; however, the OST Investment Policy limits the average maturity on its portfolio to four (4) years, with certain individual securities having more restrictive limits as defined in the policy. *Concentration of credit risk* is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the College's investment in a single issuer. Neither the College's investment policy nor state statutes place limits on amounts that can be invested in any one issuer; however, the OST Investment Policy states that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 50% of the State's total funds may be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution, with diversification percentages being more restrictive on individual securities. *Custodial credit risk* for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

The College also began participating, during fiscal year 2017, in the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group Health Insurance Pool (OKHEEI). College employees are provided health insurance coverage through OKHEEI. OKHEEI is an Interlocal Cooperative Act Agency organized as a public entity risk pool health insurance program for participating Colleges and Universities in the State. The College pays monthly health insurance premiums to OKHEEI for employee health insurance coverage based on the health coverage elected by the employee and the maximum benefit provided by the College for health coverage. Amounts of premiums exceeding benefits are payable by the employee. The governing agreement for OKHEEI specifies that the pool will be self-sustaining through premiums received and with additional stop-loss coverages obtained. If health care claims exceed reserves and reinsurance coverages, additional assessments may be made to participating Colleges and Universities. As of June 30, 2022, additional assessments did not occur.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 3: Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following at June 30, 2022:

	2022
\$	1,600,350
	12,294
	371,212
	441,321
	2,425,177
_	(1,583,420)
\$_	841,757
	- -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2022									
		Beginning Balances		Increases		Transfers		Retirements		Ending Balance
Capital Assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Livestock	\$	230,453 - 10,175	\$	2,578,405 11,285	\$	- - -	\$	(4,500)	\$	230,453 2,578,405 16,960
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ <u>_</u>	240,628	\$_	2,589,690	\$		\$	(4,500)	\$_	2,825,818
Capital Assets being depreciated: Land Improvements Infrastructure Buildings and Building Improvements Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment Library materials Total Capital Assets being depreciated:	\$	2,178,042 4,998,880 20,122,568 7,363,987 1,696,172 36,359,649	\$	59,470 130,323 151,256 8,113	\$	- - - -	\$	(33,715) (599,640) (112,012) (745,367)	\$	2,178,042 5,058,350 20,219,176 6,915,603 1,592,273 35,963,444
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land Improvements Infrastructure Buildings and Building Improvements Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment Library materials Total Accumulated Depreciation, net	-	(1,479,571) (1,426,923) (10,122,216) (6,098,381) (491,638) (19,618,729)	. <u>-</u>	(101,167) (60,403) (417,083) (283,122) (24,574) (886,349)	-	- - - - -		7,930 599,256 25,945 633,131	-	(1,580,738) (1,487,326) (10,531,369) (5,782,247) (490,267) (19,871,947)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	_	16,740,920	_	(537,187)	_	_		(112,236)	_	16,091,497
Lease Assets Being Amortized: Equipment Total Lease Assets	-	<u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	256,094 256,094	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-	256,094 256,094
Less Accumulated Amortization for: Equipment Total Accumulated Amortization	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	· _	(46,951) (46,951)	=	<u>-</u>	· -	<u>-</u>	=	(46,951) (46,951)
Total Lease Assets Being Amortized, net	_	_	_	209,143	_	-	_		_	209,143
Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>_</u>	16,981,548	\$_	2,261,646	\$	_	\$	(116,736)	\$_	19,126,458

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 4: Capital Assets (Continued)

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets held under debt obligations for the years ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		2022										
	ı	Buildings	E	quipment	Inf	rastructure	lmp	Land provements		onstruction Progress		Total
Debt Obligations: Cost Less Accumulated	\$	3,342,654	\$	635,641	\$	1,692,189	\$	761,047	\$	2,564,521	\$	8,996,052
Depreciation	\$_	(869,090) 2,473,564	\$_	(635,641) -	\$_	(439,969) 1,252,220	\$_	(464,391) 296,656	\$_	- 2,564,521	\$	(2,409,091) 6,586,961

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

					A mounts
	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Long-term Obligations:					
2021A ODFA capital lease	\$ 3,164,000	\$ -	\$ (75,418)	\$ 3,088,582	\$ 77,417
2014A OCIA capital lease	2,331,516	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,331,516	217,338
Total Debt Obligations	5,495,516	-	(75,418)	5,420,098	294,755
Lease Obligations:					
Leases of equipment		256,094	(33,682)	222,412	50,607
Total Lease Obligations		256,094	(33,682)	222,412	50,607
Other Liabilities					
Accrued compensated					
absences	58,079	113,328	(118,999)	52,408	52,408
Total Other Liabilities	58,079	113,328	(118,999)	52,408	52,408
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$_5,553,595	\$369,422	\$(228,099)	\$_5,694,918	\$397,770

Additional information regarding debt obligations is included in the note on Debt and Lease Commitments below.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Debt Obligations

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Lease Obligations - In November 2005, the OCIA issued its OCIA Bond Issue 2005F Series. Of the total bond indebtedness, the State Regents for Higher Education allocated \$6,000,000 to the College. Concurrently with the allocation, the College entered into a lease agreement with OCIA for projects being funded by the OCIA bonds. Each of the agreements provides for the College to make specified monthly payments to OCIA over 10 years. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide for capital improvements at the College.

In August 2010, the College's 2005F lease agreement with the OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of OCIA's 2005F bond debt. OCIA issued two new bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B. The College's lease agreements with OCIA secure the OCIA bond debt and any future debt that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. OCIA issued this new debt to provide budgetary relief for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 by extending and restructuring debt service. Consequently, the College's lease agreement with OCIA automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This lease restructuring has extended certain principal payments into the future, resulting in a charge or cost on restructuring. In FY 2011, the College recorded a deferred charge of \$482,305 on restructuring as a deferred cost that will be amortized over a period of 6 years. The deferred cost has been fully amortized.

On April 9, 2014, the College's remaining 2005 lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of the Series 2005F bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014A, to accomplish the refunding. As a result, the total liability of the remaining 2005F bonds refunded and the amount of the 2014A bonds acquired was a gain on restructuring of \$139,156, which was recorded as a deferred inflow of resources that will be amortized over a period of 18 years. The unamortized gain totaled \$77,388 as of June 30, 2022. The restructured lease agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The College's aforementioned lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$343,469, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

During the years ended June 30, 2022, OCIA made principal and interest payments totaling \$111,046, respectively, on behalf of the College. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as restricted state appropriations in the College's statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Lease Obligations

The College as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving multi-function copiers requiring annual installments totaling \$52,287 per year. The lease has an interest rate of 0.843% and a due date in October 2026.

Future minimum debt payments related to the College's obligations under its OCIA capital lease obligations is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Payments
2023	217,338	111,046	328,384
2024	228,385	100,574	328,959
2025	234,263	89,444	323,707
2026	244,178	79,549	323,727
2027	256,146	67,550	323,696
2028-2031	1,151,206_	143,564	1,294,770
Total	\$ 2,331,516	\$ 591,727	\$ 2,923,243

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Master Lease Program - During fiscal year 2021, the ODFA issued new Bond Series 2021A which included a portion for the College in the amount of \$3,164,000. The College has recorded a lease obligation payable for this amount in the accompanying financial statements, and has not drawn down the \$3,750,000 proceeds as of June 30, 2021.

Future minimum debt payables under the College's capital lease obligations for ODFA obligations are as follows:

			Total Debt
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Payments
2023	77,417	123,543	200,960
2024	82,333	120,447	202,780
2025	86,333	117,153	203,486
2026	90,000	113,700	203,700
2027	90,667	110,100	200,767
2028 - 2032	527,750	491,807	1,019,557
2033 - 2037	635,000	377,890	1,012,890
2038 - 2042	778,333	239,813	1,018,146
2043 - 2046	720,749_	72,550	793,299
Total	\$ 3,088,582	\$ <u>1,767,003</u>	\$ 4,855,585

Some leases require variable payments based on future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset and are not included in the measurement of the lease liability. Those variable payments are recognized as outflows of resources in the periods in which the obligation for those payments is incurred. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Entity made variable payments as required by lease agreements totaling \$52,287.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Lease Obligations (Continued)

Future annual lease payments are as follows:

			Total Lease
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Payments
2023	50,607	1,680	52,287
2024	51,036	1,251	52,287
2025	51,467	820	52,287
2026	51,903	384	52,287
2027	17,399_	31	17,430
Total	\$ <u>222,412</u>	\$ 4,166	\$ 226,578

Note 6: Retirement Plans

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (OTRS)

Plan description

The College as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 70 O. S. Sec. 17-105 defines all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.oklahoma.gov/trs.

Benefits provided

OTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefit provisions include:

- Members who joined the System prior to November 1, 2017 become vested in retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited Oklahoma service. Members who joined the System after November 1, 2017 become vested in retirement benefits earned to date after seven years of credited service. A member is eligible for an unreduced benefit when one of the following requirements is met:
- Age 62 or Combination 80. Those who joined the System prior to July 1, 1992 may retire at age 62 or when the client's age and years of creditable service total 80 points (i.e., age 60 + 20 service years = 80 points). Those who joined in the 1991-92 school year were required to remit contributions on the full 1991-92 salary prior to end of school year to qualify for the Combination 80. The highest three salaries are used in the calculation of the benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Benefits provided (Continued)

- Age 62 or Combination 90. Those who joined the System after July 1, 1992 and before November 1, 2011 may retire at age 62 or when the client's age and years of creditable service total 90 points (i.e., age 55 + 35 service years = 90 points). Those who qualify under Combination 90 use the highest consecutive five contributory salaries to calculate their benefit in the retirement formula.
- Age 65 or Combination 90 at Age 60. Those who joined the System on or after November 1, 2011 may retire at age 65 or when the client's age is at least 60 and years of creditable service total at least 90 points (i.e., age 60 + 30 service years = 90 points). Those who qualify under this rule use the highest consecutive five contributory salaries to calculate their benefit in the retirement formula.
- Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100% of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member may elect to receive, in lieu of the aforementioned benefits, the retirement benefits the member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.
- Upon the death of a retired member, the System will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.
- A member is eligible for disability benefits after ten years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of final average compensation for the applicable vears of credited service.
- Upon separation from the System, members' contributions are refundable with interest based on certain restrictions provided in the plan, or by the IRC.
- Members may elect to make additional contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under the IRC under Code Section 403(b).

Contributions

The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute, amended by the Oklahoma Legislature, and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7% percent of their annual pay. Participating employers are required to contribute 9.5% of the employees' annual pay and an additional 7.70% for any employees' salaries covered by federal funds. A portion of the contributions received by OTRS are allocated to the Supplemental Health Insurance program; see Note (8). Contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$511,229. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OTRS, of which \$301,489 was recognized by the College; these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Retirement Plans (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the College reported a liability of \$5,562,115 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the College's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the College's proportion was 0.1088% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$(56,668). At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resource		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	366.750	\$	206,836	
Changes of assumptions	,	865,241	•	55,392	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		2,888,895	
Changes in College's proportionate share of contributions		289,863		595,983	
Differences between College Contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		-		126,149	
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		511,229		-	
Total	\$	2,033,083	\$_	3,873,255	

The \$511,229 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from college contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows.

Year ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (661,900)
2024	(453,342)
2025	(412,377)
2026	(839,201)
2027	(2,581)
Total	\$ (2,369,401)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.25%
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender.
 Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	43.5%	4.3%
International Equity	19.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	22.0%	0.4%
Real Estate**	9.0%	4.3%
Alternative Assets	6.5%	6.5%
Total	100.00%	

^{**} The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and US Value added Real Estate (unlevered).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease I (6.0%)			scount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)	
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	9,091,369	\$_	5,562,115	\$_	2,640,373

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at www.oklahoma.gov/trs.

Note 7: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The College's defined benefit OPEB plan, WOSC Retiree Benefits Plan, provides OPEB to eligible retirees and their dependents. The College's Board of Trustees has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The College provides medical, dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents through the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group. The retiree pays the full contribution rate for the retiree's coverages and for any other elected dependent dental and vision coverages. The medical rates for pre-65 retirees are the same as the rates for active employees so the benefit being provided is an implicit rate subsidy. Retirees and dependents age 65 or older are provided a Medicare supplement that is not subsidized by the College.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	76
In-actives or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	7
Total	83

Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$183,933 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by updated roll-forward procedures based on actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Salary
- Inflation 3.00%
- Salary Scale 3.25%
- Discount Rate 3.54%, based on June 30, 2022, published Bond Pay Go-20 bond index
- Retirement Age Retirement rates are as shown below and they are based on the rates applied in the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System actuarial valuation.

Age	Male - OTRS	Female - OTRS
55	12.00%	12.50%
60	12.00%	16.00%
61	15.00%	20.00%
62	21.00%	25.00%
63	19.00%	20.00%
64	15.00%	20.00%
65	25.00%	25.00%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

• Turnover Rates - Developed from assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System.

Years of Service	OTRS
0	23.00%
5	8.25%
10	4.50%
15	3.25%
20	2.00%

- Healthcare cost trend rates Level 4.50%
- Average per capita claim cost Range from age 50 of \$7,625 to age 64 of \$11,534
- Mortality Rates RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021
- Coverage 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage will continue with the same coverage. 10% of all actives who currently have individual coverage will continue with individual coverage upon retirement.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The following table reports the components of changes in total OPEB liability:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balances Beginning of Year	\$ 155,331
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	1,280
Interest expense	3,237
Difference between expected and actual experience	60,685
Changes of assumptions	(23,046)
Benefits paid	(13,494)
Net Changes	28,662
Balances End of Year	\$183,993_

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of (3.54%), as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	1% Decreas (2.54%)	e I	Discount Rate (3.54%)	1%	% Increase (4.54%)
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$200,35	6	\$183,993_	\$_	169,661

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend</u> <u>Rate</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend					
	1% Decrease (3.5%)		Rates (4.5%)		1% Increase (5.5%)	
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ <u></u>	169,963	\$_	183,993	\$_	199,866

<u>OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of (\$3,628). At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	li	Deferred oflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	51,641	\$	6,644
Changes of assumptions		305		69,491
Total	\$	51,946	\$	76,135

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (8,14
2024	(8,14
2025	(8,14
2026	(7,89
2027	4,38
Thereafter	3,74
Total	\$ (24,18

Note 8: Supplemental Health Insurance Program

Plan description

The College as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 74 O. S. Sec. 1316.3 defines the health insurance benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.oklahoma.gov/trs.

Benefits Provided

OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer provided health insurance. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month, remitted to the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group (OKHEEI), provided the member has ten (10) years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement.

Contributions

Employer and employee contributions are made based upon the TRS Plan provisions contained in Title 70, as amended. However, the statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. Based on the contribution requirements of Title 70 employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in Note 6 from this amount OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 0.15% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from the College were \$6,319.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 8: Supplemental Health Insurance Program (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the College reported an asset of \$138,672 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The College's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the College's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the College's proportion was .108871%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$(20,479). At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		In	eferred Iflows of
	_Re	sources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	21,710
Changes of assumptions		18,849		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		74,374
Change in proportion		2,090		1,272
Difference between College contributions and proportion				
share of contributions		2,570		4,982
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,319		-
Total	\$	29,828	\$	102,338

The \$6,319 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (20,194
2024	(16,405
2025	(17,309
2026	(23,186
2027	(1,329
Thereafter	(406
Total	\$ (78,829

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 8: Supplemental Health Insurance Program (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2022, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as if June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.25%
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% inflation, including 0.75% percent productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender.
 Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	_Allocation_	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	43.5%	4.3%
International Equity	19.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	22.0%	0.4%
Real Estate**	9.0%	4.3%
Alternative Assets	6.5%	6.5%
Total	100.00%	

^{**} The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and US Value added Real Estate (unlevered).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 8: Supplemental Health Insurance Program (Continued)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPRB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2021. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1%	1% Decrease (6.0%)		Discount Rate (7.0%)		% Increase (8.0%)
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(89,090)	\$_	(138,672)	\$_	(180,685)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at www.oklahoma.gov/trs.

Note 9: Funds Held in Trust by Others

Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Trust Funds

In connection with the Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Program (the Endowment Program), funds are invested by the Oklahoma State Regents on behalf of the College. These funds are not recognized in the College's statements of net position. At June 30, 2022, the funds totaled approximately \$757,928. The College is entitled to receive an annual distribution of earnings on these funds. Distributions to be received totaled approximately \$58,463 at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 10: Related Party Transactions

The College is the beneficiary of the Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), which provides support for the College by way of scholarships and other direct resources. The College contracts with the Foundation to provide limited services and office space in exchange for the support the College receives. The College provides support to the Foundation through employee services and office space.

Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

The College is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruptions; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, life and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than torts, property and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The College, along with other state agencies and political subdivisions, participates in the State of Oklahoma Risk Management Program and the state insurance fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The College pays an annual premium to the pools for its torts, property and worker's compensation insurance coverage. The Oklahoma Risk Management Pool's governing agreement specifies that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop-loss amounts.

The College also began participating, during fiscal year 2017, in the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group Health Insurance Pool OKHEEI. College employees have health insurance coverage through OKHEEI. OKHEEI is an Interlocal Cooperative Act Agency organized as a public entity risk pool health insurance program for participating College and Universities in the State. The College pays monthly health insurance premiums to OKHEE for employee health insurance coverage based on the health coverage elected by the employee and the maximum benefit provide by the College for health coverage. Amounts of premiums exceeding benefits are payable by the employee. The governing agreement for OKHEEI specifies that the Pool will be self-sustaining through premiums received and with additional stop-loss coverages obtained. If health care claims exceed reserves and reinsurance coverages, additional assessments may be made to participating Colleges & Universities. As of June 30, 2022, and 2021 respectively, additional assessments were not probable.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

<u>Federal Programs</u>: The College conducts certain programs pursuant to various grants and contracts which are subject to audit by federal and state agencies. Costs questioned as a result of these audits, if any, may result in refunds to these government agencies from various sources of the College.

In July 2010, the College began participating in the Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Lending Program) that replaced the FFEL Program. The Direct Lending Program requires the College to draw down cash from the U.S. Department of Education, as well as perform certain administrative functions under the Direct Lending Program. Failure to perform such functions may require the College to reimburse the U.S. Department of Education. For the years ended June 30, 2022, approximately \$859,908 of Direct Lending Program loans were provided to college students.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc.

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Background

Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), a nonprofit organization, was formed in 1974 for the benefit of Western Oklahoma State College (the College) in aid of charitable, benevolent educational, scientific and literary purposes. The purposes of the Foundation are strengthened by the worthy accomplishments that are a part of the history of the Foundation. The role of the Foundation is to provide the financial support that will enable the College to achieve expanded goals and fulfill higher purposes that otherwise are not possible on limited funding. The Foundation leaders recognize the potential for the Foundation and realize greater support can be attained for the College as it reaches increasingly significant levels of educational leadership. The Foundation seeks continuous support from individuals, business firms, corporations, civic groups, foundations, service organizations and bequests of wills. As the Foundation grows, the College educational programs grow. The Foundation provides a variety of opportunities to share in the future development of the College and its continuing Commitment to Excellence.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Foundation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). The ASC is the single source of authoritative guidance for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for nongovernmental entities. The Foundation's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and to ensure the observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of available resources, the Foundation maintains its accounts in accordance with the principles and practices of fund accounting. All inter-fund activities have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements.

Net Asset Classifications

The Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA) was enacted by the State of Oklahoma effective November 1, 2007 (OK UPMIFA). The Board of Trustees (the Trustees) of the Foundation has interpreted OK UPMIFA to require the Foundation to exercise prudence in determining whether to spend from or accumulate to donor-restricted endowment funds with a view toward the permanent nature and long-term continuing viability of such funds.

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Asset Classifications (Continued)

Board Designated Net Assets - Net assets without donor restrictions subject to self-imposed limits by action of the governing board. Board designated net assets may be earmarked for future programs, investment, contingencies, purchase or construction of fixed assets, or other uses.

Net assets with Donor Imposed Restrictions - Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be met either by actions of the Organization or the passage of time. Contributions with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same period as the contribution are accounted for as unrestricted contributions.

Contribution Revenue

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues in the period received by the Foundation. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Transfers of assets under conditional promises, which are received by the Foundation prior to fulfilling these conditions, are recorded as a liability (i.e., unearned revenue) until the conditions are substantially met.

Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value on the gift date. Contributions to be received after one year are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows using a discount rate which is commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in the same net asset class and fund as the original contribution. An allowance is made for uncollectable contributions based upon management's judgment and analysis of the creditworthiness of the donors, past collection experience and other relevant factors. Contributions receivable previously deemed uncollectable are recognized if subsequently received. No discount has been recognized at June 30, 2022 nor 2021 as there were no contributions receivable.

Contributions are reported as increases in the appropriate net asset category. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Restrictions on gifts to acquire long-lived assets are considered met in the period in which the assets are acquired or placed in service. Gifts of property and equipment are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the assets must be used or how long the assets must be held, in which case the gift is recorded as restricted support. Expirations of restrictions (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as net assets released from restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contribution Revenue (Continued)

Contributed services are recognized when (1) they create or enhance a nonfinancial asset and/or (2) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased had they not been provided by contributions. Many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Foundation, but these services do not meet the criteria for recognition as contributed services. The Foundation received no significant contributed services meeting the specified criteria in 2022 or 2021.

Investment Income

Income and gains on investments are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if the terms of the gift that gave rise to the investment require such amounts be added to the endowment. Income and gains are reported as increases net assets with donor restrictions if the terms of the gift or applicable law impose restrictions on the use of the income and as increases in net assets without donor restrictions in all other cases, except in the case of income earned on donor-restricted endowment funds which is classified as net assets with donor restrictions dependent upon the donor's restriction(s).

Generally, losses on investments of endowments reduce restricted net assets to the extent donor-imposed restrictions on the net appreciation of investments have not been met before the loss occurs. Any remaining losses reduce net assets without donor restrictions. Subsequent investment gains are applied first to net assets without donor restrictions to the extent that losses have previously been recognized and then to net assets with donor restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, excluding cash and cash equivalent funds held in the Foundation's investment portfolio, to be cash equivalents.

The Foundation maintains several bank accounts. FDIC regulations state time and savings accounts are insured up to a \$250,000 maximum. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, all of the Foundation's accounts were fully insured by the FDIC.

Investments

Investments consist of cash and cash equivalent funds, certificates of deposit, mutual funds, annuities, corporate bonds, and real estate investment trusts. Investments are stated at fair value as determined by the fund and/or investment manager. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are computed utilizing either the first-in, first-out basis or the average cost.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, or, if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation had no property and equipment.

Funds Held for Others

The Foundation maintains custody and services the funds of various student clubs and organizations of the College. Although these funds are administered by the Foundation, the Foundation does not exercise control over the funds. Accordingly, these amounts are presented as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Office Facility and Staff Support

The Foundation and College operate under an agreement that the College will provide office space for the Foundation records, administrator and secretarial support and various other operating costs. The Foundation also provides monies for scholarship support and other program needs of the College which is in excess of the benefits provided by the College. All costs incurred for College programs are included in program expenses. No additional accounting entries are made to record the benefits received from the College.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Foundation has certain concentrations of credit risk with financial institutions in the form of uninsured cash and time deposits. For purposes of evaluating credit risk, the stability of financial institutions conducting business with the Foundation is periodically reviewed and management believes that credit risks related to such balances are minimal.

Income Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation. Generally, all revenue earned outside the purpose for which the Foundation is created is taxable as earned income.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting for Uncertain Tax Positions

Management has evaluated the Foundation's tax positions and concluded that the Foundation has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance. With few exceptions, the Foundation is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for years ending on or before June 30, 2015.

Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation follows ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements, which provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The inputs to the three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Topic 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation to other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. All transfers between fair value hierarchy levels are recognized by the Foundation at the beginning of each reporting period.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis include certificates of deposit and investments. There are no assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of producing various programs and activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and statements of functional expenses. Costs are allocated between the functional classifications based on evaluation of the related activity. General and administrative expenses are those expenses not directly identified with a specific program or activity which provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosed contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant Estimates

Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change include the estimated fair value of investments. The Foundation's investment portfolio is exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility.

Due to the level of risk associated with these financial instruments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position. Significant fluctuations in fair values could occur from year to year and the amounts the Foundation will ultimately realize could differ materially.

Subsequent Events

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through September 15, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were issued.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note B: Investments

Investments consist of the following at June 30, 2022:

	 Cost	Fair Value	
Investments			
Certificates of deposit	\$ 3,730,243	\$	3,749,341
Money market funds	125,742		125,742
Mutual funds	2,578,852		2,194,680
Annuities	251,000		252,082
Corporate bonds	292,594		275,916
Real estate investment trust	 94,846		106,314
	\$ 7,073,277	\$	6,704,075

Investments consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

		Cost		Fair Value
Investments				
Certificates of deposit	\$	3,660,210	\$	3,682,551
Money market funds		418,322		418,322
Mutual funds		2,060,251		2,205,597
Annuities		251,000		252,125
Corporate bonds		292,594		307,876
Real estate investment trust	_	169,846	_	138,028
	\$_	6,852,223	\$	7,004,499

Note C: Fair Value Measurement

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities in the financial statements, including a description of the methodologies used for the classifications within the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments carried at fair value, are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents: The assets' carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Investments: Investments are carried at fair value and are based on quoted market prices, when available. Generally, quoted market prices are available for cash and common stocks and exchange traded index and mutual funds and as such are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of certificates of deposit are determined using the income approach. The key inputs include interest rates, maturity dates and yield curves and as such are classified as Level 2.

Accounts payable: The liability's carrying amount approximates fair value due to its short maturity

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note C: Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Funds held for others: The assets' carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	As of June 30, 2022							
	Le	evel 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	3,749,341	\$	-	\$	3,749,341
Money market funds		125,742		-		-		125,742
Mutual funds	2	,194,680		-		-		2,194,680
Annuities		-		252,082		-		252,082
Corporate bonds		-		275,916		-		275,916
Real estate investment trust		18,189	_	88,125	_	-	_	106,314
	\$ 2	,338,611	\$	4,365,464	\$	-	\$	6,704,075

	As of June 30, 2021							
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Certificates of deposit	\$ -	\$	3,682,551	\$	-	\$	3,682,551	
Money market funds	418,322		-		-		418,322	
Mutual funds	2,205,597		-		-		2,205,597	
Annuities	-		252,125		-		252,125	
Corporate bonds	-		307,876		-		307,876	
Real estate investment trust	54,178	_	83,850	_	-	_	138,028	
	\$ 2,678,097	\$	4,326,402	\$	-	\$	7,004,499	

Note D: Other Assets

The Foundation maintains various silver statues. The statues are maintained for public exhibition rather than financial gain. On June 30, 2022 and 2021, these statues had a value of approximately \$85,000. The statues are protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note E: Net Assets

Net assets without donor restrictions consist of the following at June 30:

	 2022		-
Board designated			
Sustaining membership	\$ 680,819	\$	663,998
Endowments	270,644		248,626
Undesignated	176,156	_	139,406
	\$ 1,127,619	\$	1,052,030

Net assets with donor restrictions subject to expenditures consist of the following at June 30:

	2022	-
Scholarships	\$	\$ 249,539

Net assets not subject to appropriation or expenditures consist of the following at June 30:

		2022	2021
Scholarships	\$	4,267,026	\$ 4,364,570
Endowed chairs	_	1,413,749	 1,413,600
	\$	5,680,775	\$ 5,778,170

Net assets released from restrictions were as follows at June 30:

	 2022	2021
Scholarships	\$ 111,606	\$ 96,914
Endowed chairs	31,535	22,333
Athletics and clubs	13,026	44,308
	\$ 156,167	\$ 163,555

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note F: Contributions and Donations

The following is a breakdown of the contributions and donations received in 2022 and 2021 and their respective categories by restriction:

	As of June 30, 2022							
		Vithout		With				
		Donor		Donor				
Contributions and Donations	Re	strictions	Re	strictions		Total		
Endowments	\$	26,055	\$	180,387	\$	206,442		
Athletics and clubs		-		13,026		13,026		
Sustaining membership account		10,360		-		10,360		
President's partners		37,156		-		37,156		
Total contributions and donations	\$	73,571	\$	193,413	\$	266,984		

	As of June 30, 2021							
Contributions and Donations		Without Donor strictions	Re	With Donor estrictions		Total		
Endowments	\$	29.699	\$	136.981	\$	166,680		
Athletics and clubs	·	-	·	44,308	·	44,308		
Sustaining membership account		9,170		-		9,170		
President's partners		35,645		-		35,645		
Total contributions and donations	\$	74,514	\$	181,289	\$	255,803		

Note G: Endowment Disclosures

The Foundation's endowment consists of 185 restricted funds which are managed and controlled by the Foundation and were established for scholarships and program support. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. All of the endowment funds held by the Foundation are managed and controlled by the Foundation in accordance with the following policies:

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Trustees of the Foundation have interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring preservation of the original gift's fair value as of the gift date of the donor restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with donor restrictions: (a) the original value of the gifts donated to the endowment; (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment; and (c) accumulation to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note G: Endowment Disclosures (Continued)

Interpretation of Relevant Law (Continued)

The remaining portion of the donor restricted endowment fund that is not classified as net assets with donor restrictions is classified as restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with the SPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- Other resources of the Foundation; and
- The investment policies of the Foundation.

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or SPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, an allowance to adjust invested funds to their fair market value was recorded. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the deficiency was \$161,902 and \$0, respectively.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of the donor restricted funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity or for a donor specified period as well as board designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested with the primary objective of growth and a secondary objective of current income. The asset allocation policies reflect and are consistent with the investment objectives and risk tolerances expressed through the investment policy. These policies, developed after examining historical relationships of risk and return among asset classes, are designed to provide the highest probability of meeting or exceeding the return objectives at the lowest level of risk. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note G: Endowment Disclosures (Continued)

Strategies for Achieving Objectives

Since the Foundation has a policy of designating net assets without donor restrictions each year for investment, it feels that this policy protects the purchasing power of the endowments. In light of the current market fluctuations and the future needs of the Foundation, it evaluates the spending policy annually to ensure that it remains in accordance with the long-term objectives of the Foundation.

Spending Policy

The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year amounts up to, but not to exceed actual investment performance for the year.

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Without			With		
		Donor	Donor			
	Re	estrictions	F	Restrictions		Total
Endowment net assets of June 30, 2020	\$	862,773	\$	5,657,891	\$	6,520,664
Investment return						
Investment income		77,711		112,783		190,494
Net unrealized investment gain (loss)		-		222,238		222,238
Total investment returns		77,711	_	335,021		412,732
Contributions		74,514		205,174		279,688
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure		(102,374)	_	(170,377)	_	(272,751)
Endowment net assets of June 30, 2021	\$	912,624	\$	6,027,709	\$	6,940,333
Investment return		00.000		445.705		404.005
Investment income		68,660		115,725		184,385
Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	_		_	(518,234)	_	(518,234)
Total investment returns		68,660		(402,509)		(333,849)
Contributions		73,571		211,742		285,313
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	_	(103,392)	_	(156,167)	_	(259,559)
Endowment net assets of June 30, 2022	\$	951,463	\$_	5,680,775	\$_	6,632,238

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note G: Endowment Disclosures (Continued)

Spending Policy (Continued)

Endowment net asset composition by type of funds as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Without Donor strictions	R	With Donor estrictions	 Total
Endowments as of June 30, 2022				
Donor restricted endowments	\$ -	\$	5,680,775	\$ 5,680,775
Board designated endowments	951,463		-	951,463
Total funds invested	\$ 951,463	\$	5,680,775	\$ 6,632,238

Endowment net asset composition by type of funds as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Donor	R	With Donor Restrictions		Total
\$ -	\$	6,027,709	\$	6,027,709
912,624		-		912,624
\$ 912,624	\$	6,027,709	\$	6,940,333
Re	Restrictions	Donor Restrictions R	Donor Restrictions Donor Restrictions \$ - 912,624 \$ 6,027,709	Donor Restrictions Donor Restrictions \$ - \$ 6,027,709 \$ 912,624

Note H: Related Party Transactions

Substantially all Foundation expenditures are incurred for the benefit of the College. College management and faculty are very much involved in the operations of the Foundation and are considered related parties. The College employs two individuals who provide support for the Foundation. The Executive Secretary of the Foundation spends 100% of his time supporting Foundation activities. The Director of Development & Alumni Relations spends 50% of her time supporting Foundation activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 12: Western Oklahoma State College Foundation, Inc. (Continued)

Note I: Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The Foundation manages its liquid resources by focusing on fundraising efforts to ensure that it has adequate contributions to cover the programs that are being conducted. The table below reflects the Foundation's financial assets, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, expected to be available within one year to meet the cash needs for general expenditures.

	2022			2021	
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,617	\$	97,916	
Investments held for endowment	_	6,704,075		7,004,499	
		6,846,692		7,102,415	
Less those unavailable for general expenditure within one year, due to:					
Donor-imposed restrictions subject to expenditures					
Donor restriction for scholarships		-		249,539	
Donor-imposed restrictions not subject to appropriation or expenditures					
Donor restriction for scholarships		4,267,026		4,364,570	
Donor restriction for endowed chairs		1,413,749		1,413,600	
Board designations					
Sustaining membership		680,819		663,998	
Endowments		270,644		248,626	
		6,632,238		6,940,333	
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general					
expenditures within one year	\$_	214,454	\$_	162,082	



Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	 2019	2020		2021		 2022
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1237%		0.1037%		0.1057%	0.1089%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,481,414	\$	6,862,320	\$	10,027,738	\$ 5,562,115
College's covered payroll	\$ 4,856,495	\$	4,355,315	\$	4,488,775	\$ 4,738,160
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	154%		158%		223%	117%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.74%		71.56%		63.47%	69.32%
	 2015		2016		2017	 2018
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1416%		0.1444%		0.1286%	0.1226%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,619,358	\$	8,770,623	\$	10,733,975	\$ 8,115,880
College's covered payroll	\$ 5,487,910	\$	5,788,613	\$	5,245,215	\$ 4,775,626
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	139%		152%		205%	170%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.43%		70.31%		62.24%	69.32%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

The Plan's net pension liability increased between 2015 and 2016 due to changes in assumptions adopted by the System's Board. The most notable change was the lowering of the System's discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

		2019	19 2020		2021			2022
Contractually required contribution	\$	437,555	\$	455,874	\$	481,895	\$	511,229
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		437,555	_	455,874	_	481,895		511,229
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	
College's covered payroll	\$	4,355,315	\$	4,488,775	\$	4,738,160	\$	5,077,243
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.05%		10.16%		10.17%		10.07%
		2015		2016		2017		2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	587,022	\$	532,250	\$	484,014	\$	486,099
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		587,022	_	532,250	_	484,014	_	486,099
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$_		\$_		\$_	
College's covered payroll	\$	5,788,613	\$	5,245,215	\$	4,775,626	\$	4,856,495
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.14%		10.15%		10.14%		10.01%

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	3,644	\$ 3,785	\$ 3,785	\$ 1,280	\$ 1,280
Interest		13,024	11,844	11,060	3,892	3,237
Experience (Gain)/Loss		-	-	-	(9,200)	60,685
Change in assumptions		-	-	(87,480)	421	(23,046)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of member contributions		(43,446)	(43,446)	(35,792)	(31,790)	(13,494)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(26,778)	 (27,817)	(108,427)	(35,397)	 28,662
Total OPEB liability - beginning		353,750	326,972	299,155	190,728	155,331
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$_	326,972	\$ 299,155	\$ 190,728	\$ 155,331	\$ 183,993
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,730,357	\$ 2,730,357	\$ 2,958,170	\$ 2,958,170	\$ 3,170,282
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.98%	10.96%	6.45%	5.25%	5.80%

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

The discount rate used for 2018 and 2019 is 3.88%, 2.21% for fiscal year 2020, 2.16 for fiscal year 2021, and 3.54% for fiscal year 2022.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Supplemental Health Insurance Program
Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
College's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1238%	0.1037%	0.1057%	0.1089%
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (79,990)	\$ (64,104)	\$ (10,472)	\$ (138,672)
College's covered payroll	\$ 4,856,945	\$ 4,355,315	\$ 4,488,775	\$ 4,738,160
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-1.65%	-1.47%	-0.23%	-2.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	115.41%	115.07%	102.30%	129.91%
	 2018			
College's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1226%			
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (54,658)			
College's covered payroll	\$ 4,775,626			
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-1.14%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	110.40%			

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the College's Contributions Supplemental Health Insurance Program Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019		2020		2021		2022	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,951	\$	859	\$	908	\$	6,319
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		2,951		859	_	908	_	6,319
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	
College's covered payroll	\$	4,355,315	\$	4,488,775	\$	4,738,160	\$	5,077,243
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.07%		0.02%		0.02%		0.12%
		2018						
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,718						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	7,718						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_							
College's covered payroll	\$	4,856,945						
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.16%						

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Altus, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Western Oklahoma State College (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Western Oklahoma State College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hill & Compay.pc

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 14, 2022





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the *Uniform Guidance*

Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Altus, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Western Oklahoma State College's (the College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Western Oklahoma State College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Western Oklahoma State College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Western Oklahoma State College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Western Oklahoma State College's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Western Oklahoma State College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Western Oklahoma State College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Western Oklahoma State College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Western Oklahoma State College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Western Oklahoma State College's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Board of Regents Western Oklahoma State College Page 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hill & Company.pc

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 14, 2022



Western Oklahoma State College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Period Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
Student Financial Aid Cluster				
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		\$ -	\$ 2,116,603
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007		-	55,800
Federal Work Study Program	84.033		_	59,027
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268		_	859,908
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			_	3,091,338
Education Stabilization Fund Under the				
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act				
CARES Act Higher Education			_	
Emergency Relief Fund - Student Aid	84.425E		_	1,234,698
CARES Act Higher Education				, - ,
Emergency Relief Fund - Institutional	84.425F			1,344,763
gg				.,,
Upward Bound	84.047		_	387,043
Student Support Services Grant	84.042A		_	279,119
Passed Through the Oklahoma State				-,
Department of Education				
Carl Perkins	84.048		_	63,684
Total U. S. Department of Education			_	6,400,645
- 1			-	
U. S Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through the Oklahoma State				
Regents for Higher Education				
Child Development Associate Initiative	93.596		_	86,635
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		_	116,988
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				203,623
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	\$6,604,268_

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of Western Oklahoma State College (the College) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Western Oklahoma State College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Western Oklahoma State College.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with how the college presents its basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- Under the Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Loan Program), the U.S. Department of Education makes loans to enable a student or parent to pay the costs of the student's attendance at a postsecondary school. The Direct Loan Program enables an eligible student or parent to obtain a loan to pay for the student's cost of attendance directly from the U.S. Department of Education rather than through private lenders. The College administers the origination and disbursement of the loans to eligible students or parents. The College is not responsible for the collection of these loans.
- The College has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* cost rate under the Uniform Guidance.
- During the year ended June 30, 2022 the College did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients.

Western Oklahoma State College Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	The opinion expressed in the independent accountants' repor	t was:	
	oximes Unmodified $oximes$ Qualified $oximes$ Adverse $oximes$ Disclaime	d	
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over finar	ncial reportin	g described:
	Significant deficiencies	□ Yes	⋈ None reported
	Material weaknesses?	□ Yes	⊠ No
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statement disclosed by the audit?	ts was □ Yes	⊠ No
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over awards programs disclosed:	compliance	for major federal
	Significant deficiencies?	□ Yes	⊠ None reported
	Material weaknesses?	□ Yes	⊠ No
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report of awards was:	n compliand	e for major federal
	oximes Unmodified $oximes$ Qualified $oximes$ Adverse $oximes$ Disclaime	d	
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance?	□ Yes	⊠ No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

7. The College's major program was:

Cluster/Program	Federal Assistance Listing Number
Student Financial Aid Cluster	
Federal Pell Grant	84.063
Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grants	84.007
Federal Direct Loan Program	84.268
Federal Work Study	84.033
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act: CARES Act Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds - Student Aid CARES Act Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds - Institutional	84.425E 84.425F
The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B defined in the Uniform Guidance was \$750,000.	programs as those terms ar

- 8. are
- 9. The College qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in Uniform Guidance. □ No

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

No matters are reportable.

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.

Western Oklahoma State College Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

No matters are reportable.

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.