THE CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
	Page
Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements	5-7
Management's Discussion and Analysis	9-16
The Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	18 19
Governmental Funds Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements	29-70
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	72
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Police and Fire Funds. Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule.	
Pension Information	76-77
Other Post-Employment Benefits Information	78
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Schedules Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts	90
Comoning Datance Sheet – Ochetal Pund Accounts	00

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts.	. 81
	Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	2-84
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-N Governmental Funds	-
	Combining Schedule of Net Position – Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts	88
	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts	89
	Combining Schedule of Cash Flows – Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts	90
	Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds.	91
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Se Funds	
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds.	93
	Debt Service Coverage Schedule	94
Stati	istical Information:	
	Statistical Tables 96	-108



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Midwest City, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Midwest City, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the City has recorded a prior period adjustment to the financials relating to previously capitalized construction in progress costs which were below the capitalization threshold and reclassified to expenditures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and governmental auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension plan and other post-employment benefits funding schedules, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining schedules and debt service coverage schedule, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.



In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 5, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edmond, Oklahoma

January 5, 2024

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Midwest City's Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements beginning on page 18.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, by \$607,025,909 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted net position of the governmental activities was a deficit of \$41,888,177, with the business type activities reporting a positive unrestricted net position of \$34,828,631. The unrestricted net position, when not in a deficit position, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Primary Government's total net position increased by \$39,982,116 or 7.05% from the prior year. This was a result of an increase of \$30,403,853 in the governmental activities while the business-type activities had an increase of \$9,578,263. The detailed changes made from the Governmental Fund Statements to the Statement of Net Position can be found on page 22.
- Sales tax is the major source of revenue for governmental activities. Sales and use tax collections for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$54,505,413 compared to FY 2022 which totaled \$51,034,793. The total increase in sales and use tax collections was \$3,470,620. The increase in sales and use taxes is primarily the result of more consumer spending due to inflation. The City saw an increase in taxes from the retail and food services industries. A historical review of governmental activity revenues can be found in the statistical information section of the report.
- At the end of the fiscal year 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,549,368 or 8.90% of General Fund revenues.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Midwest City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to the private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between the four elements reported as net position.

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as a useful indicator on whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and fines and earned but not used vacation and sick leave as stated in City policy and union contracts). Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used for Fund Financial Statements of the governmental funds.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided between two types of activities:

- Governmental activities. Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, streets, culture and recreation, health and welfare and economic development. Sales taxes and franchise taxes finance most of these activities as reflected on page 18.
- **Business-type activities.** The City charges a fee to customers to cover the cost of services it provides. The City's utility system (water, sewer, sanitation, and drainage), conference center/hotel, golf, trailer park and industrial park activities are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, but not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law or bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. All the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds. The majority of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. By comparing information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements on page 21 and 23 of this report.

The City of Midwest City maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Police, Fire, Economic

Development Authority, and Hospital Authority funds. Data from the debt service fund, 14 special revenue funds, and 9 capital project funds, all of which are considered to be governmental, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements starting on page 80 of this report.

• Proprietary funds. The City charges customers for certain services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the City. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same manner that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are similar to the business-type activities that are reported in the Government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are utilized to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the risk management functions, health self-insurance fund, fleet services, surplus property activities and public works function. Because these services benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been included in both the governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The City of Midwest City maintains one major enterprise fund. The City uses this fund to account for its water, sewer, sanitation, conference center/hotel, debt service, utility services, utility capital, customer deposits, golf and drainage operations. The fund provides the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail and includes some of the internal service fund-type activity. The City considers this enterprise fund activity to be a major fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As of June 30, 2023, the City's combined net position is \$607,025,909, of which \$461,507,502 can be attributed to governmental activities and \$145,518,407 is attributed to business-type activities. This analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$396 million, reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, water rights, building, machinery and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The net change in capital assets can be reviewed in Table 1 with key element changes shown in Table 3.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			% Inc. (Dec.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			% II (De		Total Primary Governmen			nment	% Inc. (Dec.)		
		2023		2022			2023		2022				2023	20	022	
Current and other assets	\$	358,055	\$	351,997	2%	\$	50,012	\$	42,919	1	7%	\$	408,067	\$ 39	94,916	3%
Capital assets		333,450		324,657	3%		148,590		154,336		4%		482,040	47	78,993	1%
Total assets		691,505		676,654	2%		198,602		197,255		1%		890,107	87	73,909	2%
Deferred outflow of resources		21,096		17,561	20%		4,096		4,614	-1	1%		25,192	2	22,175	14%
Other liabilities		14,973		18,160	-18%		1,897		2,447	-2	22%		16,870	2	20,607	-18%
Long-term obligations outstanding		179,745		170,860	5%		52,005		58,677	-1	1%		231,750	22	29,537	1%
Total liabilities		194,718		189,020	3%		53,902		61,124	-]	2%		248,620	2.5	50,144	-1%
Deferred inflow of resources		56,376		74,091	-24%	_	3,278		2,018	(52%	_	59,654		76,109	-22%
Net position:																
Net investment in capital assets		287,327		284,352	1%		109,020		110,546		-1%		396,347	39	94,898	0%
Restricted		216,069		192,950	12%		1,670		1,625		3%		217,739	19	94,575	12%
Unrestricted (deficit)		(41,889)		(46,198)	-9%		34,828		26,556	3	1%		(7,061)	(1	19,642)	-64%
Total net position	\$	461,507	\$	431,104	7%	\$	145,518	\$	138,727		5%	\$	607,025	\$ 50	59,831	7%

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$30,403,853 or 5.36%. The business type activities increased the City's net position by \$9,578,263 or 1.69% for a net increase of \$39,982,116, or 7.05%. The key elements of these changes are contained in Table 2.

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
(In Thousands)

		nmental vities	% Inc. (Dec.)	Busines Activ	• •	% Inc. (Dec.)	Total Prima	Total Primary Government	
	2023	2022		2023	2022		2023	2022	
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 7,899	\$ 7,401	7%	\$ 35,867	\$ 30,909	16%	\$ 43,766	\$ 38,310	14%
Operating grants and contributions	7,997	5,044	59%	207	26	696%	8,204	5,070	62%
Capital grants and contributions	9,558	14,737	-35%	-	-	-	9,558	14,737	-35%
General revenues:									
Sales and use taxes	54,505	51,035	7%	-	-	-	54,505	51,035	7%
Other taxes	11,364	9,261	23%	-	-	-	11,364	9,261	23%
Other general revenue	16,342	(13,210)	-224%	954	208	359%	17,296	(13,002)	-233%
Total revenues	107,665	74,268	45%	37,028	31,143	19%	144,693	105,411	37%
Program expenses:									
General government	7,843	6,895	14%	-	-	-	7,843	6,895	14%
Public safety	36,658	28,830	27%	-	-	-	36,658	28,830	27%
Streets	16,767	14,873	13%	-	-	-	16,767	14,873	13%
Cultural, parks and recreation	2,274	1,736	31%	-	-	-	2,274	1,736	31%
Health and welfare	866	767	13%	-	-	-	866	767	13%
Economic development	3,499	6,486	-46%	-	-	-	3,499	6,486	-46%
Interest expense	4,229	4,208	0%	-	-	-	4,229	4,208	0%
Water	-	-	-	7,994	7,582	5%	7,994	7,582	5%
Sewer	-	-	-	9,548	8,727	9%	9,548	8,727	9%
Sanitation	-	-	-	6,408	6,063	6%	6,408	6,063	6%
Drainage	-	-	-	821	909	-10%	821	909	-10%
Conference center	-	-	-	5,936	4,288	38%	5,936	4,288	38%
Other activities			-	1,868	932	100%	1,868	932	100%
Total expenses	72,136	63,795	13%	32,575	28,501	14%	104,711	92,296	13%
Excess (deficiency) before								<u> </u>	
transfers	35,529	10,473	239%	4,453	2,642	69%	39,982	13,115	205%
Transfers	(5,125)	(8,539)	-40%	5,125	8,539	-40%			
Increase in net position	\$ 30,404	\$ 1,934	-1472%	\$ 9,578	\$ 11,181	-14%	\$ 39,982	\$ 13,115	205%

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities. The revenues reflect an increase over the prior year of \$33,397,094. This increase is primarily the result of investment income increasing \$30,366,982 due to a better performance of the market. The City received \$1.7 million American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding in FY2023. Regarding capital contributions, the City issued \$5,700,000 General Obligation Bond Series in FY2022 for public safety capital improvement projects and there is no bond issuance in FY2023.

The most significant governmental activities expense was providing public safety with a cost of \$36,658,276. These expenses were funded by revenue collected from a variety of sources with the largest being a transfer from the General Fund to the Police and Fire Special Revenue Funds in the amount of \$22,786,081 and dedicated sales tax of \$13,646,342 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Business-type Activities. Business-type revenue increased \$5.8 million from the prior year, mainly due to the John Conrad Golf Course reopened in FY2023 after renovations. Also, the city owned Delta Hotel has more visitors in FY2023 after renovations. Other general income totaled \$953,909 in FY 2023 and \$207,769 in FY 2022. The largest portion of this increase is attributed to investment income increase due to an improved market.

Budgetary Highlights. For FY 2023, the General Fund revenue (including transfers) budget was amended by \$1,169,149 or 2.82% of the original budget of \$41,494,856. The actual revenue (including transfers) was more than the final budget projection by \$3,642,643, or 8.54%. The actual expenditures (including transfers) on a budgetary basis were \$44,158,330 compared to the final budget of \$45,892,094. General Fund actual expenditures (including transfers) on a budgetary basis were \$1,733,762 or 3.78% below final budget projections. See page 72 of the report for more detail.

The Police Fund revenue (including transfers) budget was increased by 1,372,020, or 7.75%, of the original budget of \$17,703,885. The actual revenue (including transfers) was more than the final budget projection by \$1,017,424 or 5.33%. The revenue increase is attributed to sales tax coming in above projections for the year. The actual expenditures (including transfers) on a budgetary basis were \$19,520,878 compared to the final budget of \$20,501,061. Actual expenditures (including transfers) were \$1,676,861 or 8.18% below final budget projections.

The Fire Fund revenues (including transfers) budget was amended by \$1,068,688 or 7.70%. The actual revenue (including transfers) was more than the final budget projection by \$782,307 or 5.23%. The revenue increase is attributed to sales tax coming in above projections for the year. The actual expenditures (including transfers) on a budgetary basis were \$13,945,853 compared to the final budget of \$14,809,420. Actual expenditures (including transfers) were \$863,567 or 5.83% below projections.

The budget to actual comparisons for these funds can be found on pages 73-75 of the report.

Capital Assets. At the end of fiscal year 2023, the City had \$482,040,407 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, conference center and hotel, park facilities, roads, bridges, water and sewer facilities and distribution systems. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$8,793,392 for the governmental activities. The City had total additions of \$23,386,832 and depreciation expense of \$14,584,379.

The business-type activities had a net decrease of \$2,959,435. Table 3 reflects the net key elements that make up the capital assets by type and source.

TABLE 3
Capital Assets
(In Thousands)

		mental <u>vities</u>	Busines <u>Activ</u>		Total Primary Government				
	2023			2022	2023	2022			
Land	\$ 41,637	\$ 39,950	\$ 2,617	\$ 2,617	\$ 44,254	\$ 42,567			
Water rights	-	-	6,953	6,953	6,953	6,953			
Construction in progress	16,504	26,666	1,430	9,493	17,934	36,159			
Buildings	38,922	33,438	40,860	33,131	79,782	66,569			
Machinery and equipment	23,998	23,271	16,425	15,968	40,423	39,239			
Vehicles	14,038	13,364	12,150	11,084	26,188	24,448			
Infrastructure	506,613	482,324	190,807	189,921	697,420	672,245			
	641,712	619,013	271,242	269,167	912,954	888,180			
Less: Depreciation	(308,263)	(294,356)	(122,651)	(117,617)	(430,914)	(411,973)			
Totals	\$ 333,449	\$ 324,657	\$ 148,591	\$ 151,550	\$ 482,040	\$ 476,207			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on pages 46-47 of this report.

Debt Administration. At year end, the City had \$165,074,269 in long term debt outstanding compared to \$173,810,194 at the end of the prior fiscal year, a decrease of 5.03% as shown in Table 4. See pages 49-53 for a more in-depth review of long-term debt.

TABLE 4 Long-Term Debt (In Thousands)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>				Busine <u>Acti</u>	ess-Ty vities	•	Total Primary Government				
		2023		2022		2023		2022	2023			2022
General obligation bonds	\$	53,190	\$	55,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,190	\$	55,400
General obligation bonds premium		706		742		-		-		706		742
Notes payable (direct borrowing)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued compensated absences		6,615		6,146		1,732		1,653		8,347		7,799
Revenue bonds		60,785		62,635		28,500		29,210		89,285		91,845
Revenue bonds premium		-		-		952		990		952		990
Note payable		-		-		10,895		15,360		10,895		15,360
Refundable deposits		117		90		1,583		1,584		1,700		1,674
Totals	\$	121,413	\$	125,013	\$	43,662	\$	48,797	\$	165,075	\$	173,810

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Economic outlook - The Midwest City economy will likely continue to grow, but at a slower pace. Oklahoma County's unemployment rate for 2023 hovered between 2.7% - 3.2%, it is one of the lowest in the nation compared to other metropolitan areas. Midwest City does not expect to see much of a change in employment figures in the first three quarters of 2024, but by fourth quarter could change when two industrial prospects begin hiring.

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Industrial - The City of Midwest City created the North Side Improvement District, which encompasses approximately 3 square miles, also known as the City of Midwest City Increment District #3. Earlier in 2023, American Glass, Inc. ("AGI") announced plans to consolidate existing locations in Cleveland (OK), Oklahoma City, and Tulsa into a new headquarters and assembly facility in the Soldier Creek Industrial Park. AGI purchased 11.73 acres from the Midwest City Utilities Authority in August and has already commenced construction on a \$10 million campus. A mile north of the AGI facility, Centrillium Protein broke ground on a \$70 million, 112,488 ft.² secondary beef processing plant.

Hospitality - Lodging Tax revenues for FY 2023 are up over 14% compared to last year. They are back to the growth level seen before the pandemic. An increase is also projected for FY 2024 as the massive remodel of the Delta Hotel is finally completed. Catering/Dining service tax collections grew over 3.8% in FY 2023 versus the prior year, and they are up 26.11% over the last five years.

Sales tax - Voters approved to reallocate 0.4015 cent of sales tax from debt service to capital improvement, effective October 16, 2023. The total sales tax rate will not change.

Request for Information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws, regulations and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Midwest City, Finance Department, 100 N. Midwest Boulevard, Midwest City, Oklahoma 73110.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE

Statement of Net Position-June 30, 2023

City of Midwest City Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government	<u> </u>
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 137,147,072	2 \$ 38,096,496	\$ 175,243,568
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	14,912,415		18,912,692
Investments	95,742,604		98,596,776
Investments, restricted	868,275		868,275
Land held for economic development	3,439,804		3,439,804
Accounts receivable, net	3,461,003	3 4,577,712	8,038,715
Interest receivable	29,746	5 10,778	40,524
Other receivable	1,455,419	138,371	1,593,790
Inventory	145,343	334,340	479,683
Internal balances	112,133	3 (112,133)	-
Prepaid items	224	-	224
Due from other governments	12,181,935		12,181,935
Net pension asset	1,746,241		1,746,241
Lease receivable	45,070,401		45,070,401
Note receivable	41,717,392		41,717,392
Deposits held by others	25,300		25,300
Investments, non-current, restricted Capital assets:	-	- 111,768	111,768
Land, water rights, and construction in progress	58,140,736	5 10,999,776	69,140,512
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	275,309,242	2 137,590,653	412,899,895
Total assets	691,505,285	5 198,602,210	890,107,495
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on refunding	_	634.012	634,012
Deferred amount related to pensions	14,300,269) -	14,300,269
Deferred amount related to OPEB	6,796,253		10,258,383
Total deferred outflows	21,096,522	2 4,096,142	25,192,664
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,058,701		4,325,754
Wages payable	1,252,228		1,581,373
Claims payable	1,955,899		1,955,899
Due to other governments Accrued interest payable	10,787		10,787
Unearned revenue	1,064,395 7,630,843		1,365,284 7,630,843
Long-term liabilities:	7,030,042	,	7,030,043
Due within one year	6,800,209	6,006,779	12,806,988
Due in more than one year	172,945,241		218,943,353
Total liabilities	194,718,303	3 53,901,978	248,620,281
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount related to pensions	1,407,037	7 -	1,407,037
Deferred amount related to property taxes	4,025,013		4,025,013
Deferred amount related to OPEB	6,383,379		9,227,729
Deferred amount related to leases	44,560,573		44,560,573
Deferred amount on refunding		- 433,617	433,617
Total deferred inflows	56,376,002	3,277,967	59,653,969
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	287,326,903	3 109,020,127	396,347,030
Restricted for:			
Debt service	2,079,821		3,749,470
Hospital	133,454,667		133,454,667
Capital improvements	9,716,223		9,716,223
Public Safety	39,200,455		39,200,455
Street operations	1,152,644		1,152,644
Culture and recreation	3,666,746		3,666,746
Economic Development	16,260,698		16,260,698
Other	10,537,522		10,537,522
Unrestricted (deficit)	(41,888,177	7) 34,828,631	(7,059,546)
Total net position	\$ 461,507,502	2 \$ 145,518,407	\$ 607,025,909

Statement of Activities - Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Progr	am Revenue				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in N				Net Position		
					(Operating	Car	oital Grants		•						
			C	harges for	0	Frants and		and	G	overnmental		Business-type				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>		
Primary government																
Governmental activities																
General government	\$	7,843,145	\$	1,420,829	\$	1,690,098	\$	2,085,837	\$	(2,646,381)	\$	-	\$	(2,646,381)		
Public safety		36,658,276		1,844,626		3,809,735		19,962		(30,983,953)		-		(30,983,953)		
Streets		16,767,081		592,742		545,099		6,714,633		(8,914,607)		-		(8,914,607)		
Culture and recreation		2,274,226		587,648		48,699		738,046		(899,833)		-		(899,833)		
Health and welfare		866,113		-		-		-		(866,113)		-		(866,113)		
Economic development		3,499,265		3,453,390		1,903,217		-		1,857,342		-		1,857,342		
Interest expense		4,229,229		-		-		_		(4,229,229)		-		(4,229,229)		
Total governmental activities		72,137,335		7,899,235		7,996,848		9,558,478	_	(46,682,774)				(46,682,774)		
Business-type activities:																
Water		7,994,130		9,364,917		26		_		_		1,370,813		1,370,813		
Sewer		9,548,604		11,686,399		200,000		_		_		2,337,795		2,337,795		
Sanitation		6,407,767		8,553,552		980		_		_		2,146,765		2,146,765		
Drainage		820,848		507,429		,00		_		_		(313,419)		(313,419)		
Conference center		5,935,962		3,657,698		_		_		_		(2,278,264)		(2,278,264)		
Golf		1,804,894		2,097,470		6,100		_		_		298,676		298,676		
Industrial park		63,000		2,057,470		0,100		_		_		(63,000)		(63,000)		
Total business-type activities		32,575,205		35,867,465		207,106						3,499,366				
Total business-type activities		32,373,203	_	33,807,403	_	207,100	_			<u>-</u>		3,499,300		3,499,366		
Total primary government	\$	104,712,540	\$	43,766,700	\$	8,203,954	\$	9,558,478		(46,682,774)		3,499,366		(43,183,408)		
		eral revenues:														
		ixes: Sales and use ta	xes							54,505,413		_		54,505,413		
		Property tax								4,584,973		-		4,584,973		
		Payment in lieu	oftaxes							790,446		_		790,446		
		Franchise and p								3,053,286		_		3,053,286		
		Hotel/motel taxe								708,892		_		708,892		
				e not restricted t	o spec	ific programs				2,226,275		_		2,226,275		
		vestment incom			F	FS				16,048,929		695,046		16,743,975		
		iscellaneous	-							293,401		258,863		552,264		
		s fers - internal a	ctivity							(5,124,988)		5,124,988		332,20		
	1 1411			es and transfers					_	77,086,627		6,078,897		83,165,524		
		Change in r	net posi	tion						30,403,853		9,578,263		39,982,116		
	Net p	position - begins	ning, res	stated						431,103,649		135,940,144		567,043,793		
	Net :	position - ending	,						<u>s</u>	461,507,502	<u> </u>	145,518,407	<u> </u>	607,025,909		
		r	-						-	.01,007,002		110,010,107	~	007,020,707		



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet - June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Police Fund		Fire Fund	D	Economic Development Authority		lidwest City pital Authority	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	General Fund		once rund	-	THE Fund		Authority	1103	pital Authority		Tunus		runus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,832,80) S	13,624,463	\$	10.154.617	\$	12,435,403	S	49,437,785	S	35,561,517	S	142,046,585
Investments	1,906,50	3	1,140,412		871,353		738,241		89,042,800		2,446,714		96,146,023
Land held for economic development		-	-						3,439,804		-		3,439,804
Receivables:													
Accounts receivable	2,193,95	8	69,467		2,450		185,696		69,495		520,290		3,041,356
Accrued interest receivable	7,29)	4,235		3,577		3,030		775		9,484		28,391
Due from other funds	301,22	2	5,837,875		4,652,059				2,689		508,462		11,302,307
Deposits held by others		-	-		-		-		20,000		5,300		25,300
Prepaid items	22	4	-		-		-		-		-		224
Other receivable	1,141,77	5	14,964		5,838		-		-		-		1,162,578
Leases receivable	472,66	4	-		-		22,183,730		22,414,007		-		45,070,401
Due from other governments	4,481,11	8	977,462		770,152		-		-		5,953,203		12,181,935
Inventory	60,00)					-		-		-		60,000
Total assets	\$ 31,397,55	5 \$	21,668,878	\$	16,460,046	\$	35,546,100	\$	164,427,355	\$	45,004,970	\$	314,504,904
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable Refundable deposits - court Due to other funds Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$ 472,47 326,68 116,73 10,351,09 10,78	5 4 3 7	28,720 432,305 - - - 461,025	\$	26,367 398,460 - - - 424,827	\$	40,308	\$	375,142 6,655 - - - - 381,797	s	1,806,758 42,481 - 937,300 - 2,786,539	s	2,749,771 1,206,586 116,734 11,288,393 10,787 15,372,271
Deferred inflows of resources:													
Deferred inflow - leases	464,11)	-		-		21,887,962		22,208,501				44,560,573
Unavailable revenue	10,395,49	2	65,699		-		1,590		22,907		4,537,299		15,022,987
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,859,60	2	65,699		-	_	21,889,552		22,231,408	_	4,537,299		59,583,560
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable	84,73)	-		-		-		3,459,804		5,300		3,549,834
Restricted	2,561,65	8	21,142,154		16,035,219		13,616,240		133,454,667		37,549,163		224,359,101
Committed		-	-		-		-		1,424,055		-		1,424,055
Assigned	3,064,42	2	-		-		-		3,475,624		126,670		6,666,716
Unassigned (deficit)	3,549,36	8									(1)		3,549,367
Total fund balances	9,260,17	8	21,142,154		16,035,219		13,616,240		141,814,150		37,681,132		239,549,073
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 31,397,55	5 \$	21,668,878	\$	16,460,046	\$	35,546,100	\$	164,427,355	\$	45,004,970	S	314,504,904

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Fund Balance – Net Position Reconciliation – June 30, 2023:

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	239,549,073
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$306,777,585	,	332,746,828
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current fund liabilities and therefore, are either reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds or not reported in the funds at all:		
Due from other governments		173,056
Other receivable, net of allowance		3,194,075
Note receivable		41,717,392
Net pension asset		1,746,241
		46,830,764
The net pension liablity and the total OPEB liability and the pension and OPEB related deferred outflow and inflows are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in these fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		
Net pension liability		(34,064,759)
Pension related deferred outflows		14,300,269
OPEB related deferred outflows		6,487,209
Pension related deferred inflows		(1,407,037)
Total OPEB liability		(23,433,048)
OPEB related deferred inflows		(5,990,451)
of LB femica defends mile its		(44,107,817)
		(11,107,017)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. An allocation of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position, net of amount allocated to business-type		
activities.		8,663,927
Certain other long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds payable		(53,190,000)
Bonds payable		(60,785,000)
Premium on debt		(705,966)
Accrued compensated absences		(6,444,488)
Accrued interest payable		(1,049,819)
• •		(122,175,273)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	461,507,502

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Year Ended June 30, 2023</u>

	General Fund	Police Fund	Fire Fund	Economic Development Authority	Midwest City Hospital Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				_			
Taxes	\$ 30,821,344	\$ 7,632,566	\$ 6,013,776	\$ -	\$ 790,446	\$ 18,357,998	\$ 63,616,130
Intergovernmental	5,224,396	940,403	4,527,995	-	-	525,554	11,218,348
Charges for services	687,370	236,843	24,245	4,306,088	-	1,151,551	6,406,097
Fines and forfeitures	1,123,482	58,831	-	-	-	68,290	1,250,603
Licenses and permits	643,976	1,800	7,025	-	-	135,665	788,466
Investment income	496,688	224,213	155,408	448,172	14,371,995	728,588	16,425,064
Miscellaneous	834,514	62,321	10,876	354,884	113,035	137,342	1,512,972
Total revenues	39,831,770	9,156,977	10,739,325	5,109,144	15,275,476	21,104,988	101,217,680
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	4,144,925	-	-	-	870,868	2,070,697	7,086,490
Public safety	1,303,502	16,579,648	17,689,260	-	-	651,875	36,224,285
Streets	4,011,599	-	-	-	-	1,015,053	5,026,652
Culture and recreation	1,144,553	-	-	-	-	526,858	1,671,411
Health and welfare	654,654	-	-	-	-	-	654,654
Economic development	3,409,214	-	-	344,056	-	223,198	3,976,468
Capital outlay	308,902	1,247,021	210,307	319,345	751,412	12,380,571	15,217,558
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	995,000	-	3,065,000	4,060,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	61	1,976,428	-	2,276,863	4,253,352
Total expenditures	14,977,349	17,826,669	17,899,628	3,634,829	1,622,280	22,210,115	78,170,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	24,854,421	(8,669,692)	(7,160,303)	1,474,315	13,653,196	(1,105,127)	23,046,810
expenditures	24,034,421	(8,009,092)	(7,100,303)	1,474,313	13,033,190	(1,103,127)	23,040,810
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	13,111,670	12,775,962	10,206,211	4,208,239	-	3,423,956	43,726,038
Transfers out	(38,680,805)			(990,000)	(962,142)	(8,184,400)	(48,817,347)
Total other financing sources and uses	(25,569,135)	12,775,962	10,206,211	3,218,239	(962,142)	(4,760,444)	(5,091,309)
Net change in fund balances	(714,714)	4,106,270	3,045,908	4,692,554	12,691,054	(5,865,571)	17,955,501
Fund balances - beginning	9,974,892	17,035,884	12,989,311	8,923,686	129,123,096	43,546,703	221,593,572
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,260,178	\$ 21,142,154	\$ 16,035,219	\$ 13,616,240	\$ 141,814,150	\$ 37,681,132	\$ 239,549,073

Changes in Fund Balances - Changes in Net Position Reconciliation - Year Ended June 30, 2023:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	17,955,501
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report		
depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		13,808,595
Capital asset donated		9,538,516
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(9,161)
Depreciation expense		(14,526,970)
		8,810,980
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure and collections of notes receivables are a		
revenue in the governmental funds. However, the repayments reduce long-term liabilities or the	;	
long-term assets in the Statement of Net Position:		
Notes receivable receipts		41,851
Amortization of premium		35,634
Bond payable principal payments		1,850,000
General obligation bond principal payments		2,210,000
		4,137,485
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not		
reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in unavailable revenue		(154,099)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as an equal amount of expenditures in the		
governmental funds. These are the adjustments needed to expenditures in order to report them		
as their full-accrual counterparts at the government -wide level. Other post employment benefits		(1,499,079)
Interest expense		(1,499,079)
Pension expense		870,497
Accrued compensated absences		(474,528)
Accided compensated absences		(1,114,621)
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in fund financial statements, but		
certain net revenues/expenses are reported in governmental activities on the Statement of		
Activities, net of amount allocated to business-type activities		768,607
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	30,403,853



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2023

	Midwest City Municipal Authority	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,008,554	\$ 1,035,593	\$ 37,044,147	\$ 11,065,251
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	4,000,277	-	4,000,277	-
Investments	2,854,172	-	2,854,172	464,856
Accounts receivable, net	4,558,743	-	4,558,743	712,488
Other receivable	157,340	-	157,340	-
Accrued interest receivable	10,778	-	10,778	1,355
Inventory	334,340	-	334,340	85,343
Due from other funds	1,107,713		1,107,713	5,830
Total current assets	49,031,917	1,035,593	50,067,510	12,335,123
Non-current assets:				
Investments, restricted	111.768	_	111.768	_
Land, construction in progress, and water rights	10,594,886	404,890	10,999,776	_
Other capital assets, net	134,772,214	2,670,258	137,442,472	851,331
Total non-current assets	145,478,868	3,075,148	148,554,016	851,331
Total fion current assets	145,476,600	3,073,140	140,334,010	651,551
Total assets	194,510,785	4,110,741	198,621,526	13,186,454
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding	634,012	-	634,012	-
Deferred amount related to OPEB	3,190,805	<u></u> _	3,190,805	580,369
	3,824,817	<u> </u>	3,824,817	580,369
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,262,936	_	1,262,936	338,085
Claims liability	1,202,750	_	1,202,550	959,099
Wages payable	297,921	_	297,921	66,404
Due to other funds	587,231	_	587,231	540,226
Accrued interest payable	300,889		300,889	540,220
Accrued compensated absences	507,504	_	507,504	126,624
Refundable deposits	171,401	-	171,401	120,024
		-		-
Notes payable	4,533,044	-	4,533,044	-
Revenue bonds payable Total current liabilities	725,000 8,385,926		725,000 8,385,926	2,030,438
Total current habilities	6,363,920		6,363,920	2,030,438
Non-current liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences	1,015,006	-	1,015,006	253,249
Claims liability	-	-	-	996,800
Total OPEB liability	7,677,906	-	7,677,906	1,500,359
Refundable deposits	1,411,546	-	1,411,546	-
Notes payable	6,361,652	-	6,361,652	-
Revenue bonds payable, net	28,727,055	-	28,727,055	
Total non-current liabilities	45,193,165		45,193,165	2,750,408
Total liabilities	53,579,091	<u> </u>	53,579,091	4,780,846
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount related to OPEB	2,627,688	-	2,627,688	609,590
Deferred amount on refunding	433,617	-	433,617	-
	3,061,305	-	3,061,305	609,590
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	105,796,798	3,075,148	108,871,946	851,331
Restricted for debt service	1,669,649	3,073,170	1,669,649	0.71,0.71
Restricted for other purposes	124,075	216,134	340,209	-
Unrestricted Unrestricted	34,104,684	819,459	34,924,143	7,525,056
Total net position	\$ 141,695,206	\$ 4,110,741	\$ 145,805,947	\$ 8,376,387
Some amounts reported for business-type acti certain internal service fund balances are inclu as interfund balances			nuse (287,540)	

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because certain internal service fund balances are included with business-type activities and reported as interfund balances

(287,540)

Total net position per Government-Wide financial statements

\$ 145,518,407

<u>Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Year Ended June 30, 2023</u>

	I	idwest City Municipal Authority		onmajor rprise Fund	Total	Inte	rnal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	35,802,599	\$	-	\$ 35,802,599	\$	12,675,951
Fees, licenses and permits		12,750		-	12,750		-
Miscellaneous		85,222		-	85,222		1,042,697
Total operating revenues		35,900,571		-	 35,900,571		13,718,648
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services		11,493,380		-	11,493,380		2,418,627
Materials and supplies		4,606,071		-	4,606,071		1,886,315
Other services and charges		9,652,283		588	9,652,871		625,235
Insurance claims and expense		-		_	-		7,863,186
Depreciation and amortization		5,812,474		62,412	5,874,886		66,793
Total operating expenses		31,564,208		63,000	31,627,208		12,860,156
Operating income (loss)		4,336,363		(63,000)	 4,273,363		858,492
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income		905,952		18,756	924,708		173,388
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(1,034,087)		-	(1,034,087)		-
Gain (loss) on asset retirement		(173,982)		-	(173,982)		-
Other non-operating revenue		200,000			200,000		
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(102,117)		18,756	(83,361)		173,388
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		4,234,246		(44,244)	 4,190,002		1,031,880
Capital contributions		33,679		-	33,679		_
Transfers in		17,908,623		-	17,908,623		-
Transfers out		(12,812,314)			 (12,812,314)		(5,000)
Change in net position		9,364,234		(44,244)	9,319,990		1,026,880
Total net position - beginning, restated		132,330,972		4,154,985	136,485,957		7,349,507
Total net position - ending	\$	141,695,206	\$	4,110,741	\$ 145,805,947	\$	8,376,387
Change in net position per above Some amounts reported for business-type activities in different because the net revenue (expense) of certain				with	\$ 9,319,990		
business-type activities	писина	a service fullus is	reported	with	258,273		
Change in Business-Type Activites in Net Postion per	Govern	nment-Wide Finai	ncial Stat	ements	\$ 9,578,263		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Midwest City Municipal Authority	Nonm	ajor Enterprise Fund		Total	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$ 35,806,792	\$	-	\$	35,806,792	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers	(14,499,895)		(588)		(14,500,483)		13,584,852 (2,427,441)
Payments to employees	(11,356,760)		(300)		(11,356,760)		(2,404,223)
Receipts (payments) from interfund loans	(16,484)		_		(16,484)		66,463
Receipt of customer deposits	422,972		-		422,972		-
Return of customer deposits	(431,990)		-		(431,990)		-
Claims and benefits paid			- (500)		-		(8,033,211)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,924,635		(588)		9,924,047	_	786,440
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers from other funds	17,908,623		-		17,908,623		-
Transfers to other funds	(12,812,314)				(12,812,314)		(5,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	5,096,309				5,096,309		(5,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Capital assets purchased	(3,108,103)		-		(3,108,103)		(47,671)
Principal paid on capital debt	(5,212,240)		-		(5,212,240)		-
Proceeds from issuance of bonds Interest and fiscal charges paid on capital debt	36,621 (1,290,231)		-		36,621 (1,290,231)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	50,816		-		50,816		_
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(9,523,137)		-		(9,523,137)		(47,671)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale of investments	1,559,157		141,264		1,700,421		885,963
Interest and dividends	915,384		18,757		934,141		175,077
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,474,541		160,021		2,634,562		1,061,040
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,972,348		159,433		8,131,781		1,794,809
Balances - beginning of year	32,036,483		876,160		32,912,643		9,270,442
Balances - end of year	\$ 40,008,831	\$	1,035,593	\$	41,044,424	\$	11,065,251
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,008,554	\$	1,035,593	\$	37,044,147	\$	11,065,251
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,000,277	Ψ	1,055,575	9	4,000,277	9	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,008,831	\$	1,035,593	\$	41,044,424	\$	11,065,251
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense Other nonoperating revenue Change in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflow: Receivables, net Other receivable Due from other funds Prepaid items Inventory Deferred outflows OPEB	\$ 4,336,363 5,812,474 200,000 (267,492) (33,904) 193,199 - (57,581) 446,219		(63,000) 62,412 - - - - - -	\$	4,273,363 5,874,886 200,000 (267,492) (33,904) 193,199 - (57,581) 446,219	\$	858,492 66,793 - (133,796) - - - 6,774 84,863
Accounts payable	(183,960)		-		(183,960)		50,771
Claims liability	(105,900)		-		(105,500)		(143,461)
Due to other funds	(209,683)		-		(209,683)		66,463
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	(311,590)		-		(311,590)		(73,303)
Refundable deposits	(1,401)		-		(1,401)		-
Total OPEB liability	(1,461,085)		-		(1,461,085)		(336,429)
Accrued compensated absences	52,770		-		52,770		20,565
Deferred inflows OPEB Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,410,306 \$ 9,924,635	\$	(588)	\$	1,410,306 9,924,047	\$	318,708 786,440
		_				1	
Noncash activities: Contributed capital assets - from governmental funds	\$ 33,679	\$		\$	33,679	\$	



FOOTNOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Midwest City's (the "City") accounting and financial reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Midwest City – operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities.

The City of Midwest City is an incorporated municipality located in central Oklahoma. The City operates under a council-manager form of government with a charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the governing body includes an elected seven-member City Council and Mayor
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judges are practicing attorneys appointed by the City Council

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City of Midwest City complies with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable. The City's financial reporting entity primary government presentation includes the City of Midwest City and certain component units as follows:

Blended Component Units: Separate legal entities for which the City Council members also serve as the trustees/governing body of the Authorities and/or the City is able to impose its will on the Authorities through required approval of all debt obligations issued by these entities. These component units funds are blended into the City's by appropriate fund type to comprise part of the primary government presentation.

Midwest City Utilities Authority –created for industrial development.

Midwest City Municipal Authority – created to operate the water, sewer, sanitation, and conference center/hotel.

Midwest City Hospital Authority – created to operate the hospital, however, in 1996 the hospital was leased for a 30-year term. In March 2009, this lease was extended to May 2048. The Trustees manage activities related to the hospital lease. Economic development is also a principal mission of the Authority.

Urban Renewal Authority – created for economic development.

Economic Development Authority – created for economic development.

Each of these component units listed above are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing

assets at the creation for the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

In accordance with state law, the City Council must approve, by two-thirds vote, all debt obligations of these public trusts prior to incurring the obligation. This is considered sufficient imposition of will to demonstrate financial accountability and to include the trusts within the City's financial reporting entity. The public trusts do not issue separate annual financial statements.

1.B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

This annual report is presented in a format that substantially meets the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The presentation includes financial statements that communicate the City's financial condition and changes therein at two distinct levels:

- The City as a Whole (a government-wide presentation)
- The City's Funds (a presentation of the City's major and aggregate non-major funds)

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City presents two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks and recreation. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – Services where the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of the services it provides. The City's water, sewer, sanitation and the hotel/conference center activities are reported here.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental Funds:

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances remaining at year-end. Governmental funds report their activities on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus that is different from other funds. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for reimbursement type grants that are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized and available within 120 days of year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, judgments, postemployment benefits and net pension liabilities are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, court fines and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The City's governmental funds include:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds. For reporting purposes, the General Fund also includes the activities of the Reimbursed Projects Account, Employee Activity Account, Activity Account, Animals Best Friend Account, Grant Account, and Disaster Relief Account.
- Police Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for police services funded by a restricted sales tax, a transfer of 34.21% of General Fund revenues per ordinance legally restricted for police operations, and fines and fees restricted for traffic enforcement operations. For reporting purposes, the Police Fund includes the Jail Fund.
- Fire Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for fire protection services funded by sales tax legally restricted for fire and a transfer of 27.66% of General Fund revenues per ordinance legally restricted for fire operations.
- Economic Development Authority is a special revenue fund that manages activities related to economic development within the city limits.
- Midwest City Hospital Authority is a special revenue fund that manages activities related to the hospital lease, funded by interest income and in lieu of taxes. The Hospital Authority also makes investments and expenditures in economic development activities.

Aggregated Non-Major Funds (reported as Other Governmental Funds):

Special Revenue Funds include Juvenile, Parks and Recreation, Emergency Operations, Technology, Welcome Center, Police Impound Fees, Street and Alley, Police Special Projects, Police Lab Fee, Convention/Visitors Bureau, Sooner Rose TIF, Urban Renewal Authority Funds, Street Light Fee, and General Government Sales Tax.

Debt Service Fund – accounts for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, and their related interest expenses.

Capital Project Funds:

- Capital Improvement Fund accounts for assessed fees that help fund capital projects for various functions of the City.
- Downtown Redevelopment Authority accounts for the lease proceeds from the 29th street redevelopment. Proceeds are used to fund various needs of the City.
- 2002 Street Project Fund accounts for the proceeds from the 2002 General Obligation Street Bonds which funds capital street projects.
- Dedicated Tax 2012 Fund accounts for the sales tax restricted for street, parks, trails, sidewalks and public transportation projects.
- 2018 GO Bond Proprietary Fund accounts for general obligation bond proceeds restricted to proprietary projects.
- 2018 GO Bond CIP is a capital project fund funded with proceeds from general obligation bond issues to finance voter approved projects.
- Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund accounts for sales tax restricted by a vote of the citizens for capital improvements, including debt retirements.
- Capital Outlay Reserve Fund accounts for funds set aside to fund the five-year capital needs projects.
- 2022 GO Bond Fund accounts for general obligation bond proceeds restricted streets.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds:

When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to other funds or departments of the City. Proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Midwest City Municipal Authority (Municipal Authority), a non-major enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative

expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City's proprietary funds include the following:

Enterprise Funds

Major:

The Municipal Authority Funds includes the following accounts:

- Water Account (includes the Water Operating Account and the Water Capital Projects Account) accounts for the activities providing water services to the public.
- Sewer Account (includes the Sewer Operating Account and the Sewer Capital Projects Account) accounts for the activities providing sewer services to the public.
- Sanitation Account (includes the Sanitation Operating Account) accounts for the activities providing sanitation services to the public.
- Conference Center/Hotel Account (includes the Conference and Hotel Operating Account) accounts for the activities related to the Conference Center and Hotel.
- Drainage Account (includes the Drainage Operating Fund and the Capital Projects Account) accounts for the activities providing drainage services to the public.
- Debt Service Account accounts for the debt activities related to the 2011 and 2011A Revenue Bonds.
- Utility Services Account accounts for activities related to billing for water, sewer, sanitation, storm water, and drainage.
- Utilities Capital Account accounts for capital purchases for the water, sewer, and sanitation systems.
- Customer Deposit Account –accounts for utility customer deposits.
- Golf Course Account –accounts for activities of the John Conrad and the Hidden Creek golf courses.

Non-Major:

• Utilities Authority Fund –accounts for industrial development activities.

Internal Service Funds (aggregated in a single column for reporting purposes)

- Risk Management Fund accounts for the cost of providing various insurance services (i.e., general liability, vehicle, and property) to other funds and departments of the City.
- Public Works Administration Fund accounts for the cost of centralization of administrative resources to various departments of the City. This fund primarily serves business-type activities.
- Fleet Services Fund accounts for fuel, maintenance and repairs for the City's fleet.
- Surplus Property Fund accounts for the disposal of surplus property on behalf of all departments.
- L&H Benefits Fund accounts for health and life benefits to employees.
- Workers Compensation Fund accounts for the cost of providing workers compensation insurance services to the other funds and departments of the city.

1.C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments:

Cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and money market investments. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

Investments, other than Hospital Authority investments, consist of long-term certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, and U.S. agency securities. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost, while the U.S. Treasury and agency securities are reported at fair value. Hospital investments consist of mutual funds and equities. Investments are reported at fair value.

Except where otherwise required, cash resources have been pooled in order to maximize investment opportunities. Income from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to individual funds based on the funds' average cash balance and legal requirements.

Restricted Assets:

Certain proceeds of the enterprise funds' promissory notes, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts, and their use is limited by applicable loan covenants. The debt service fund accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next 12 months. In addition, amounts held for meter deposit refunds are considered restricted.

Receivables:

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, and court fines. Business-type activities report utilities as its major receivable.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, but not reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest on investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories:

Inventories are valued at average cost. Governmental fund inventory is related to parts of vehicle and equipment maintenance. Proprietary fund inventory is related to material on hand for repairs and improvements to the utility system. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Land Held for Economic Development:

The Hospital Authority owns land that is being held for future economic development. This land is carried at the lower of cost or fair value.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. The range of estimated lives by type of assets is as follows:

•	Buildings/improvements	25-60 years
•	Utility systems	25-99 years
•	Infrastructure	25-99 years
•	Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
•	Vehicles	5-25 years

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset.

Leases:

The City is a party as lessor for various non-cancellable long-term leases of building and land. The corresponding lease receivables are recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received, respectively, discounted by an applicable interest rate.

Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statements of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payables are reported net of bond premium or discount. Deferred amount on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or the remaining life of the refunded debt using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts are shown as deferred inflows or outflows.

Long-term obligations of governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

The City's long-term debt consists of general obligation bonds, revenue bonds and notes, accrued compensated absences, contracts payable, net pension liability, total OPEB liability, and refundable deposits.

Compensated Absences:

Under the terms of union contracts and City personnel policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. Regular full-time civilian employees earn vacation leave per pay period in varying amounts from 80.08 hours per year to 204.10 hours per year based upon years of service. Upon separation from the city, a civilian employee is paid for accrued vacation up to a maximum of 216 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation. Civilian employees earn sick leave per pay period of 3.7 hours, for a total of 96.20 hours per year with the exception of Fire Rookies working 24-hour shifts who earn 5.54 hours per pay period for an annual total of 144.04 hours per year. Civilian employees who separate from employment with the city will be compensated for all accrued but unused sick leave as follows: Upon separation from the city after 10 years of service, a civilian employee is paid for accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 960 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation at 1/2 his/her hourly rate of pay. Civilian employees who separate from employment prior to 10 years of service shall receive no compensation for accrued sick leave benefits.

Police union employees earn vacation leave per pay period in varying amounts from 80.08 hours per year to 204.10 hours per year based upon years of service. Upon separation from the city, a police union employee is paid for accrued vacation up to a maximum of 216 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation. Police union employees earn sick leave per pay period of 4.6 hours for an annual total of 119.60 hours. Police union employees who separate from employment with the city will be compensated for all accrued but unused sick leave as follows: Upon separation from the city after 10 years or more of service, a police union employee is paid for accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 1,100 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation at ½ his/her hourly rate of pay. Police union employees who separate from employment prior to 10 years of service shall receive no compensation for accrued sick leave benefits. 100% of the sick leave balance shall be paid to the police union employee's named beneficiary in the event an employee is killed in the line of duty.

Fire union employees earn vacation leave per pay period in varying amounts from 80.08 hours per year to 301.34 hours per year based upon shift worked and years of service. Upon separation from the city, a fire union employee is paid for accrued vacation up to a maximum of 300 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation for 24-hour workers; up to a maximum of 216 hours plus current year accrual earned to date of separation for 8-hour workers. Fire union employees earn sick leave per pay period of 7 for a total of 180 hours per year for 24-hour workers and 96.20 hours per year for 8-hour workers. Fire union employees who separate from employment with the city will be compensated for all accrued but unused sick leave as follows: Upon separation from the city after 10 years or more of service or with an on-the-job injury, a fire union employee is paid for accrued sick leave up to a maximum of 1,314 hours for 24 hour workers; up to a maximum of 960hours for 8 hour workers at 1/2 his/her hourly rate of pay. Hours accumulated over the maximum are paid at the rate of ½ his/her hourly rate of pay each bi-weekly pay period. Employees, regardless of years of service, will be paid out at ½ for separation due to on the job injury. Fire union employees who separate from employment prior to 10 years of service and without an on-the-job injury shall receive no compensation for accrued sick leave benefits.

Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The city also reports deferred outflows for pension and OPEB-related amounts.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as in inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from court fines and property taxes, and deferrals related to lease receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the City's government-wide statements the property tax revenues remain as a deferred inflow under the full accrual basis of accounting and will become an inflow in the year for which they are levied. The government-wide Statement of Net Position also reports deferred inflows for gain on refunding of debt, property taxes, leases, pension, and OPEB-related amounts.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the city or its' component unit is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Fund Equity:

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets, plus the remaining unspent construction proceeds of debt issued for capital improvements.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use unrestricted net position prior to the use of restricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance. The Hospital Authority and Urban Renewal Authority highest level of decision-making authority is made by resolution.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for revenues in other governmental funds are made through budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Any deficit fund balances of other governmental funds are also reported as unassigned.

It is the City's policy to first use unrestricted fund balance prior to the use of the restricted fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The City's policy for the use of fund balance amounts require that unassigned amounts would be reduced first followed by assigned amounts and then committed amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

1.D. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Program Revenues:

Program revenues within the Statement of Activities that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside of the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- Public Safety Fire, Police, 911 –fines and forfeitures, restricted operating grants, 911 revenue, and restricted capital grants, property seizure, donations, state on-behalf pension contributions
- Streets commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State.
- Culture and recreation pool fees, rental of community center and senior center, programming fees, park fees, softball fees, operating and capital grants
- Health and Welfare FEMA grants
- Economic Development rental income and operating grants

• General Government – license and permits, technology and false alarm fees, impact fees, and operating grants

All other governmental revenues are reported as general revenues. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Sales Tax Revenue:

Sales tax revenue represents a 4.60 cents tax on each dollar of taxable sales which is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City. Upon final allocation the sales tax is broken down as follows:

		e January 018
General Government	1.25	27.17%
Police	1.42	30.87%
Fire	1.14	24.78%
911	.04	.87%
Capital Improvements	.25	5.43%
Parks and Recreation	.05	1.09%
Sewer Plant	.40	8.70%
Streets/Parks/Sidewalks/Trails/and Public Transportation	.05	1.09%
Totals	4.6	100%

Property Tax Revenue:

In accordance with state law, a municipality may only levy a property tax to retire general obligation debt approved by the voters and to pay judgments rendered against the City. Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property tax is levied each October 1st on the assessed valuation of non-exempt real property located in the City as of the preceding January 1st, the lien date. Property taxes are due on November 1st following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments (if the first installment is paid prior to January 1st, the second installment is not delinquent until April 1st). Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the City. Property tax receivables are recorded on the lien date, although the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$398,116,367. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$9.99.

Property tax accrued on the lien date of January 1, 2023 and recorded as a deferred inflow of resources was \$4,025,013.

Expenditures and Expenses:

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses, including depreciation of capital assets, are reported by function or activity. In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by class as current (further reported by function), capital outlay and debt service. In the proprietary fund financial statements, expenses are reported by object or activity.

1.E. Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. *Internal balances* amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivable and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. *Internal activities* amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund transfers are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effect of interfund services between funds is not eliminated in the statement of activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

1.F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The City generally uses an estimate based on municipal bond rate yield curves as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor/vendor charges is known.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments

Deposits and Investments Risks

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

	in A	ctive Markets lentical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total Fair Value
US agency securities Real Estate	\$	-	\$	10,222,864	\$	- 484,386	\$ 10,222,864 484,386
Mutual Fund - equities		36,050,640		-		-	36,050,640
·	\$	36,050,640	\$	10,222,864	\$	484,386	\$ 46,757,890

As of June 30, 2023, the City's investments in U.S. agency securities are valued using Level 2 inputs. The value is determined using quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

Real estate investments classified in Level 3 are valued using the change in assessed property tax land values for similar properties from the county assessor.

Certain investments that do not have a readily determinable fair value are measured at net asset value (NAV), or its equivalent. NAV per share is calculated as of the City's year-end in a manner consistent with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's measurement principles. There are no unfunded commitments related to these investment vehicles. The valuation method for investments measured at the NAV per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	Fair Value	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
US equity index funds (1)	\$ 46,722,649	Daily	2 days
US fixed income debt funds (2)	 5,596,280	Daily	3 days
	\$ 52,318,929		

- (1) <u>US equity index funds</u> The Fund is an index fund that seeks investment results that correspond generally to the S&P 500 Index. The Fund is invested and reinvested in a portfolio of equity securities with the objective of approximating as closely as practicable the capitalization weighted total rate of return of that segment of the U.S. market for publicly traded equity securities represented by the larger capitalized companies. The investment is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.
- (2) <u>US fixed income debt funds</u> The US fixed income debt fund is an index fund that establishes an objective of delivering investment performance approximating as closely as practicable the total rate of return of the market for debt securities as defined by the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. The Fund uses a "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's

investment objective. The investment is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Government money market accounts are carried at amortized cost.

The City of Midwest City primary government and blended component units are governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law and trust indentures. The deposits and investments held at June 30, 2023, by these entities are as follows:

					Maturit	ies in Years				
	Carrying	Credit	On	Less						
Type	Value	Rating	Demand	 Than One		1 - 5	- 6	- 10	Me	ore than 10
Demand deposits	\$ 165,076,838	n/a	\$165,076,838	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Time deposits	500,000	n/a	-	500,000		-		-		-
Government Money Market Accounts	29,079,423	AAAm	29,079,423	-		-		-		-
U.S. Agencies Obligations	10,222,864	Aaa		3,995,744		2,299,866		-		3,927,254
Sub-total	 204,879,125		\$194,156,261	\$ 4,495,744	\$	2,299,866	\$	-	\$	3,927,254
Real Estate	484,386	n/a								
Mutual Funds - equities	82,773,288	n/a								
Fixed Income	5,596,280	n/a								
Sub-total	88,853,954									
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 293,733,079									
Reconciliation to Financial Statements:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 175,243,568									
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	18,912,692									
Investments	98,596,776									
Investments, restricted	868,275									
Investments, restricted non -current	111,768									
	\$ 293,733,079									

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at a minimum level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The City's policy limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities, federally insured obligations, or direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in Oklahoma. Also, as required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement.

At June 30, 2023, the City had no exposure to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments, excluding the Hospital Authority and Municipal Authority, to the following:

- a. Obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities;
- b. Collateralized or insured non-negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with an in-state financial institution, and fully insured deposits in out-of-state institutions;
- c. Insured or fully collateralized negotiable certificates of deposit;

- d. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraph a above; and
- e. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraph a.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy indicates that the investment portfolio, shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements as anticipated. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments by date range.

At June 30, 2023, the investments held by the City mature between 2023 through 2047.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investments in Blackrock (classified as mutual funds – equities) and Vanguard mutual funds each exceed 5%.

Hospital Authority Investments:

The Hospital Authority policy provides that assets be invested to preserve its principal, produce a proscribed level of income, and provide for growth of principal with no outside additions to the fund being anticipated. Assets are to be invested in a diversified portfolio to achieve attractive real rates of return. The investment policy of the Hospital Authority allows for the investment of funds in domestic and international common stocks, government and corporate bonds, short-term fixed income securities maturing in one year or less (cash equivalents); by utilizing primarily index funds, mutual funds, or collective trust funds. In addition, the Hospital Authority may invest portions of the fund corpus, or income, in real estate. Such real estate investments would typically include developed or undeveloped real property located in Midwest City, Oklahoma or its environs, or commingled funds which invest in various kinds of property located throughout the United States. The overall rate of return objective of the portfolio is a highest possible rate of return consistent with the risk levels established by the Board.

The acceptable long-term rate of return is expected to provide equal or superior results, using a three to five year moving average, relative to the following benchmarks:

- 1. An absolute return objective of the Consumer Price Index plus 4% compounded annually.
- 2. An income return sufficient to meet any disbursement requirement as stipulated by the Board.
- 3. A return exceeding the 90 Day U.S. Treasury Bill rate (risk-free rate).

- 4. Domestic equity fund returns which exceed the S&P 500 Stock index return by 1% (100 basis points), per year and fixed income return which exceed the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index by ½% per year (50 basis points).
- 5. Stock and bond returns which fall into the top 25% of the Consultant's Universe (or other representative universe approved by The Board) of common stock and bond funds (referred to as equity and fixed income), with some consistency.
- 6. Passive domestic returns which replicate the return of the Standard and Poor's 500 Stock Index, passive fixed returns which replicate the return of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index, and passive international returns which replicate the return of the MSCI EAFE International Index.

Asset allocation guidelines for the Hospital Authority are as follows:

Class	Target	Maximum	June 2023 Percent
Equities - Domestic	20%-70%	85%	72.0%
Fixed Income	2.5%-30%	80%	4.9%
Cash Equivalents	0%	20%	23.1%

Restricted Cash and Investments

The amounts reported as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of amounts held for Debt Service accounts by the trustee bank for revenue bond retirement and revenue bond construction funds, and the Customer Deposit Account for refundable deposits held by others. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 6,328,618
Restricted Construction proceeds	11,130,387
Restricted for Refundable Deposits	 1,453,687
	\$ 18,912,692
Investments:	
Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 868,275
Investments Restricted for Refundable Deposits	 111,768
	\$ 980,043

3. Note Receivable

The Economic Development Authority entered into an agreement with Sooner Town Center, LLC to provide funds up to \$49,155,000 for the Town Center Plaza Project. The loan is amortized over a 30-year period with interest rates of 2.40% to 4.70%. The loan is secured with a note receivable for future rental of the facility. At the end of the fiscal year, the City reflects a \$41.7 million receivable in the governmental activities. At the end of the fiscal year, the borrower had not drawn \$2.4 million of the available loan proceeds.

4. Lease Receivable

The City as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving land and buildings. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was

\$1,543,957. Some leases require variable payments based on future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset and are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable. Those variable payments are recognized as inflows of resources in the periods in which the payments are received. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City received variable payments as required by lease agreements totaling \$117,076.

5. Opioid Settlement Receivable

In June 2022, drug manufacturer distributors reached a \$308 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to opioid lawsuit(s). These funds will be disbursed to each litigating party over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. Oklahoma's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 25% of Net Opioid Funds to Litigating Political Subdivisions
 - o 10% of allocation to establish an appeal fund
- 75% to the State of Oklahoma

The City as a litigating party received \$104,863 as part of this settlement in fiscal year 2023The city recorded them funds in the General Fund. As a litigating party the city recorded a receivable of \$1,091,725. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. No funds have been expended as of June 30th, 2023.

Additional settlement amounts are not listed that the City could be a litigating party; these amounts could not be estimated at this time.

6. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, capital assets balances changed as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2022	 Additions	Transfers, Retirements, and Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2023
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 39,950,396	\$ 1,686,212	\$ -	\$ 41,636,608
Construction in progress	26,665,762	11,142,961	21,304,595	16,504,128
Total capital assets not being depreciated	66,616,158	12,829,173	21,304,595	58,140,736
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	33,437,802	5,494,195	9,655	38,922,342
Machinery and equipment	23,271,093	856,858	130,020	23,997,931
Vehicles	13,363,905	1,221,374	547,021	14,038,258
Infrastructure	482,323,645	24,289,827	-	506,613,472
Total other capital assets	552,396,445	31,862,254	686,696	 583,572,003
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	15,241,485	801,965	6,799	16,036,651
Machinery and equipment	18,032,139	941,286	130,017	18,843,408
Vehicles	7,146,323	794,500	540,819	7,400,004
Infrastructure	253,936,070	12,046,628	-	265,982,698
Total accumulated depreciation	294,356,017	 14,584,379	677,635	308,262,761
Capital assets being depreciated, net	258,040,428	17,277,875	9,061	275,309,242
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 324,656,586	\$ 30,107,048	\$ 21,313,656	\$ 333,449,978

	Restated, Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Transfers, Retirements, and Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2023		
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 2,617,276	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,617,276		
Water rights	6,952,657	-	-	6,952,657		
Construction in progress	9,492,905	836,139	8,899,201	1,429,843		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	19,062,838	836,139	8,899,201	10,999,776		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	33,131,175	7,728,734	-	40,859,909		
Machinery and equipment	15,967,596	731,215	273,976	16,424,835		
Vehicles	11,084,479	1,851,675	786,261	12,149,893		
Utility systems	189,921,065	901,071	15,358	190,806,778		
Total other capital assets	250,104,315	11,212,695	1,075,595	260,241,415		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	14,343,193	784,691	-	15,127,884		
Machinery and equipment	11,610,665	590,898	204,474	11,997,089		
Vehicles	7,024,138	608,447	646,297	6,986,288		
Utility systems	84,639,293	3,900,234	26	88,539,501		
Total accumulated depreciation	117,617,289	5,884,270	850,797	122,650,762		
Capital assets being depreciated, net	132,487,026	5,328,425	224,798	137,590,653		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 151,549,864	\$ 6,164,564	\$ 9,123,999	\$ 148,590,429		

Depreciation:

Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$	478,723
Public safety		1,353,116
Streets		11,563,858
Culture and recreation		528,136
Health and welfare		156,803
Economic development		446,334
Sub-total governmental funds depreciation		14,526,970
Depreciation on capital assets held by the		
City's internal service funds is charged		
to the various functions based upon usage		57,409
Total	\$	14,584,379
Business-Type Activities:		
Water	\$	1,258,164
Sewer		2,567,646
Sanitation		530,580
Drainage		280,540
Conference center/hotel		887,216
Golf		288,328
Industrial park		62,412
Total Business Type Activities		5,874,886
Depreciation on capital assets held by the		
City's internal service funds is charged		
to the various functions based upon usage		9,384
Total	\$	5,884,270
	<u> </u>	- / /

7. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

Internal and Interfund Balances:

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Natu	ure of Interfun	d Bala	nce			
General Gov Sales Tax	Surplus Property	\$	134,703	Sur	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Police Fund	General Fund		5,720,702		tricted sales tax					
Police Fund	Surplus Property		117,173	* *						
Juvenile Fund	Surplus Property		780		olus properties					
Fire Fund	General Fund		4,625,391		tricted sales tax					
Fire Fund	Surplus Property		26,668	Sur	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Welcome Center	Surplus Property		805	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Welcome Center	Golf		143,615	Lon	g-term loan for	capita	al improveme	nts		
Convention & Visitor Bureau	Surplus Property		501	Sur	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Emergency Operating Fund	Surplus Property		3,022	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Emergency Operating Fund	General Fund		5,000	Rev	enue accrued to	o be ti	ransferred			
Park & Recreation	Golf		143,616	Lon	g-term loan for	capita	al improveme	nts		
General Fund	Surplus Property		1,222	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
General Fund	Hotel		300,000	Lon	g-term loan for	capita	al improveme	nts		
Hospital Authority	Surplus Property		2,689	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Capital Improvements Fund	Sales Tax Capital Improvement		76,420	Rev	enue accrued t	o be ti	ransferred			
Public Works Administration	Surplus Property		3	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Fleet Services Fund	Surplus Property		5,827	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Storm Water Quality	Surplus Property		54	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Sanitation Fund	Surplus Property		149,820	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Water Fund	Surplus Property		38,110	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Sewer	Surplus Property		31,487	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Hotel	Surplus Property		18,651	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Golf	Surplus Property		8,711	Surp	olus properties	sales	proceeds to	be distributed		
Debt Service	Sales Tax Capital Improvement		860,880	Rev	enue accrued t	o be ti	ransferred			
		\$	12,415,850							
		Due	e From Other	Dı	ue To Other	Ne	t Internal			
Reconciliation to Fund Financia	al Statements:		Funds		Funds	В	alances			
Governmental Funds		\$	11,302,307	\$	11,288,393	\$	13,914			
Proprietary Funds			1,107,713		587,231		520,482			
Internal Service Funds			5,830		540,226		(534,396)			
Total		\$	12,415,850	\$	12,415,850	\$				
Reconciliation to Statement of N	Net Position:									
Net Internal Balances		\$	520,485							
Internal Service Fund Activity re	eported in Business-Type Activities		(632,618)							
Net Internal Balances		\$	(112,133)							

Internal and Interfund Transfers:

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers between funds in the Statement of Activities to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and then offset in the total column. Internal activities between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount	Nature of Transfer					
General Fund	Storm Water Quality Fund	\$ 41,907	Indirect Cost Allocation					
General Fund	Sanitation Fund	763,936	Indirect Cost Allocation					
General Fund	Water Fund	748,459	Indirect Cost Allocation					
General Fund	Sewer Fund	772,099	Indirect Cost Allocation					
General Fund	Capital Improvement Revenue Bond Fund		Debt Service Subsidy					
General Fund	Hospital Authority	344,143	Operating Subsidy					
General Gov Sales Tax	General Fund	72,273	Operating Subsidy					
General Gov Sales Tax	Capital Outlay Reserve	737,355	Fund closure					
Municipal Authority	Conference Center/Hotel	24,867	Contract Cost Allocation					
Street and Alley Fund	Water Fund	29,575	Capital Outlay Subsidy					
Police Fund	General Fund	12,720,039	Ordinance Obligation					
Police Fund	Police Special Projects	44,045	Operating Subsidy					
Police Fund	General Fund	11,878	Operating Subsidy					
General Fund	Public Works Admin	5,000	Operating Subsidy					
Fire Fund	General Fund	10,186,892	Ordinance Obligation					
Fire Fund	General Fund	19,319	Capital Outlay Subsidy					
Emergency Management Fund	General Fund	30,694	Grant Subsidy					
Park and Recreation Fund	General Fund	1,000,000	Grant Subsidy					
General Fund	Police Impound Fee	4,655	Grant Subsidy					
Economic Development	General Fund	4,208,239	Grant Subsidy					
Sooner Rose TIF	Hospital Authority	617,999	Operating Subsidy					
2018 Election GO Bonds	Debt Service	64,839	Capital Outlay Subsidy					
Municipal Authority	Economic Development	990,000	Capital Outlay Subsidy					
Capital Improvement Fund	Revenue Bond Sinking Fund	846,354	Debt Service Subsidy					
Municipal Authority	General Fund	10,431,471	Debt Service Subsidy					
Capital Improvement Revenue Bond Fund	Revenue Bond Sinking Fund	6,487,152	Capital Outlay Subsidy					
capital impressional resonant Zena Fana	Te remue Bona Samang 1 and	\$ 61,634,661	cupital cuitaly successful					
		Transfers From	Transfers To Other					
Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:		Other Funds	Funds Net Transfers					
Governmental Funds		\$ 43,726,038	\$ (48,817,347) \$ (5,091,309)					
Proprietary Funds		17,908,623	(12,812,314) 5,096,309					
Internal Service Funds		-	(5,000) (5,000)					
Total		\$ 61,634,661	\$ (61,634,661) \$ -					
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:								
Net Transfers			\$ 5,091,309					
Capital Contributions to Enterprise Fund			33,679					
Transfers - Internal Activity			\$ 5,124,988					

8. Long-Term Liabilities and Obligations

The City's long-term obligations consist of general obligation bonds, notes payable, revenue bonds payable accrued compensated absences, total OPEB liability and net pension liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's long-term debt balances changed as follows:

Primary Government:

Type of Debt	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2022	<u>A</u>	Additions	<u>D</u>	Deductions Balance June 30, 2023		Bulante		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	55,400,000	\$	-	\$	2,210,000	\$	53,190,000	\$	2,590,000
General Obligation Bonds premium		741,600		-		35,634		705,966		-
Revenue Bonds Payable		62,635,000		-		1,850,000		60,785,000		1,910,000
Accrued Compensated Absences		6,146,608		3,962,551		3,494,288		6,614,871		2,183,475
Refundable Deposits		89,786		400,205		373,257		116,734		116,734
Total Governmental Activities	\$	125,012,994	\$	4,362,756	\$	7,963,179		121,412,571		6,800,209
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Posi Plus: Total OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	tion:						\$	24,268,120 34,064,759 179,745,450	\$	6,800,209
Business-Type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	29,210,000	\$	-	\$	710,000	\$	28,500,000	\$	725,000
Revenue Bonds Premium		990,137		-		38,082		952,055		-
Notes Payable		15,360,315		36,621		4,502,240		10,894,696		4,533,044
Refundable Deposits		1,584,348		437,535		438,936		1,582,947		171,401
Accrued Compensated Absences		1,652,400		1,054,850		975,250		1,732,000		577,334
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	48,797,200	\$	1,529,006	\$	6,664,508	\$	43,661,698	\$	6,006,779
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Posi	tion:									
Plus: Total OPEB Liability								8,343,193		
							\$	52,004,891	\$	6,006,779

Accrued compensated absences liability of the governmental activities is liquidated by the General Fund, Police Fund, the Fire Fund, Juvenile Fund, Grant Fund, Welcome Center Fund, Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund, Technology Fund, Park and Recreation Fund, Downtown Redevelopment Fund, Hospital Authority, and the Emergency Operations Fund. Net pension liability and total OPEB liability are paid from the General Fund, Police Fund and Fire Fund.

Governmental activities long-term debt payable from property tax levies or other governmental revenues includes the following:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$20,000,000 general obligation bonds dated April 1, 2019, payable in annual installments of \$795,000 the first year in 2021 and \$835,000, thereafter, with interest rates of 3.00% to 3.50%, repaid by property tax levies. Final maturity April 2044.	\$ 17,535,000
\$17,250,000 general obligation bonds dated June 1, 2019, payable in annual installments of \$575,000 the first year in 2021 and \$725,000, thereafter, with interest rates of 3.00%, repaid by property tax levies. Final maturity June 2044.	15,225,000
\$6,550,000 general obligation bonds dated June 1, 2020, payable in annual installments of 225,000 the first year and \$275,000, thereafter, with interest rates of 2.25% to 2.50%, repaid by property tax levies. Final maturity June 2045.	6,050,000
\$9,055,000 general obligation bonds dated June 1, 2021, payable in annual installments of \$375,000 and \$430,000 in last year, with interest rates of 2.00% to 2.375%, repaid by property tax levies. Final maturity June 2046.	8,680,000
\$5,700,000 general obligation bonds dated March 1, 2022, payable in annual installments of \$380,000, with interest rates of 2.00%, repaid by property tax levies. Final maturity March 2038.	5,700,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 53,190,000
Current Non-current Total	\$ 2,590,000 50,600,000 \$ 53,190,000
Revenue Bonds Payable: \$49,155,000 Economic Development Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$795,000 to \$4,265,000 through Feburary 1, 2048; interest rate ranges from 2.40% to 4.70%. Secured by mortgage lien on the property. \$19,250,000 Tax Apportionment Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$795,000 to \$1,810,000 starting July 1, 2021 through July 1, 2037; interest rate	\$ 44,555,000
ranges from 3.45% to 4.75%. Repaid by property tax levies and sales/use tax apportioned.	\$ 16,230,000
Total Revenue Bonds, Net	\$ 60,785,000
Current	

Business-type activities long-term debt payable from net revenues generated and taxes pledged to the City's business-type activities include the following:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

\$31,265,000 Series 2019 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$680,000 to \$1,725,000 through April 1, 2048; interest rate	Ф 20 500 000
ranges from 2.0% to 4.0%.	\$ 28,500,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 28,500,000
Unamortized Revenue Bond Premium	952,055
Total Revenue Bonds, Net	\$ 29,452,055
Current	\$ 725,000
Non-current	28,727,055
Total	\$ 29,452,055
Note Payable:	
\$18,455,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2020, due in annual principal installments of \$1,065,000 to \$4,425,000 starting March 1, 2021 through June 30, 2025; interest rate 1.16%.	\$ 8,795,000
\$2,280,047 note payable with the Central Oklahoma Master Conservancy District is the City of Midwest City's estimated share of the cost of a new water facility. The project is a joint project with cities of Norman, Del City and Midwest City. The contract provides the City with a share of the District's water supply (40.45). The construction project is anticipated to be completed in FY20-21. Final debt payments schedule is available once the project is complete. The agreement is dated July 9,	
2019	1,913,604
	, ,
\$241,900 bank note for a pipe inspection system, due in annual installments of \$53,257 starting September 15, 2020 through September 15, 2025; interest rate 3.41%.	149,471
\$36,621 Golf cart loan, due in annual installments of \$12,321 starting March 28,	
2023 through Feburary 28, 2027; interest rate 5.52%.	36,621
Total Notes Payable	\$ 10,894,696
Current	\$ 4,533,044
Non-current	6,361,652
Total	\$ 10,894,696

1,438,110

16,087,638

127,550

Long-term debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

2039-2043

2044-2048

	Revenue Bo	nds I	Payable		G.O. Bo	nds Pa	ayable
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest Princ		Principal		Interest
2024	\$ 1,910,000	\$	2,673,122	\$	2,590,000	\$	1,445,635
2025	1,980,000		2,605,085		2,590,000		1,377,548
2026	2,055,000		2,532,035		2,590,000		1,309,460
2027	2,130,000		2,453,613		2,590,000		1,241,372
2028	2,215,000		2,370,768		2,590,000		1,173,285
2029-2033	12,555,000		10,359,393		12,950,000		4,845,113
2034-2038	13,690,000		7,319,150		12,950,000		3,129,565

4,728,750

2,190,200

37,232,116

11,050,000

3,290,000

53,190,000

Governmental-Type Activities

Business-Type Activities

10,105,000

14,145,000

60,785,000

	Revenue Bonds Payable			Notes Payable						
Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Interest		Principal]	nterest
2024	\$	725,000	\$	1,067,525	\$	4,533,044	\$	122,688		
2025		740,000		1,053,025		4,624,575		73,998		
2026		760,000		1,030,825		204,739		31,027		
2027		785,000		1,008,025		153,376		25,717		
2028		815,000		976,625		149,813		21,828		
2029-2033	4,5			4,367,125		797,859		71,190		
2034-2038		5,540,000		3,423,150		431,290		10,585		
2039-2043		6,565,000		2,394,250		-		-		
2044-2047		7,980,000		982,600		-		-		
Total	\$	28,500,000	\$	16,303,150	\$	10,894,696	\$	357,033		

Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one-fourth of one percent (or .25%) of future sales tax revenues to repay the 2019 Revenue Bonds which are payable through 2048. Proceeds from the bond provided financing to current refund the 2011 Revenue Bonds which were originally used for advance refunding the 2003 series bonds and to provide capital funding. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the bond is \$44,803,150. Pledged sales taxes transferred in the current year were \$16,918,623. Debt service payments on 2019 Revenue Bonds of \$1,791,725 for the current fiscal year were 10.59% of pledged sales tax. Other sources of revenue such as water and sewer are also pledged. Total net revenues including utilities and sales tax pledged was \$24,502,158.

<u>Sales Tax Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one-fourth of one percent (or .25%) of future sales tax revenues to repay the 2020 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note which are payable through 2025. Proceeds from the bond provided financing for refund the 2011A Revenue Bonds. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the bond is \$8,922,832. Pledged sales taxes transferred in the current year was \$16,918,623. Debt service payments on the bonds were \$4,459,606 for the current fiscal year or 26.36% of pledged sales tax. Other sources of revenues such as water and sewer are also pledged. Total net revenues including utilities and sales tax pledged was \$24,502,158.

9. Net Position and Fund Balances

The following table shows the governmental activities net position that is restricted:

Fund	Restricted By	Amount	
Hospital Authority	Enabling legislation	\$ 133,454,667	
Technology Fund	Enabling legislation	727,719	
Police Impound Fund	Enabling legislation	103,551	
Urban Renewal Authority	Enabling legislation	3,804	
Street Lighting Fund	Enabling legislation	1,152,644	
2018 GO Bond	Enabling legislation	443,229	
Pension asset	Enabling legislation	1,366,541	
Economic Development Authority	Enabling legislation	13,616,240	
		150,868,395	
Street and Alley Fund	Statutory requirements	1,805,906	
Juvenile Fund	Statutory requirements	99,899	
Police Special Projects	Statutory requirements	190,436	
Police Lab Fee	Statutory requirements	 18,530	
		 2,114,771	
General Fund	External contracts	3,348,493	
Police Fund	External contracts	21,142,154	
Fire Fund	External contracts	16,035,219	
Park and Recreation Fund	External contracts	2,519,980	
Emergency Operation Fund	External contracts	1,431,568	
Welcome Center	External contracts	499,366	
Convention and Visitors Bureau	External contracts	617,244	
GO Debt Service Fund	External contracts	2,079,821	
2002 GO Street Bond	External contracts	162,733	
2022 GO Bond Fund	External contracts	208,385	
Downtown Redevelopment	External contracts	469,538	
Dedicated Tax Fund	External contracts	2,404,945	
Capital Improvement Fund	External contracts	3,493,768	
General Government Sales Tax Fund	External contracts	7,505,385	
Sooner Rose TIF	External contracts	1,167,011	
		63,085,610	
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 216,068,776	
Restricted (by purpose) for:			
Debt service		\$ 2,079,821	
Hospital		133,454,667	
Capital improvements		9,716,223	
Public Safety		39,200,455	
Street operations		1,152,644	
Culture and recreation		3,666,746	
Economic Development		16,260,698	
Other		 10,537,522	
		\$ 216,068,776	

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

		Major Special Revenue Funds					Other				
	General	Police		Fire		Hospital		ic Development	Governmen	ntal	
_	Fund	Fund		Fund	I	Authority	1	Authority	Fund		Total
Fund Balance:											
Nonspendable:											
,	\$ 60,000	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 60,000
Deposits held by others	24,506		-	-		3,459,804		-	5,3	300	3,489,61
Prepaid expenses	224		-	-		-		-		-	224
_	84,730		-	-		3,459,804		-	5,3	800	3,549,83
Restricted:											
Public safety	179,098	21,142	,154	16,035,219		-		-	1,843,9	984	39,200,45
Hospital	-		-	-		133,454,667		-		-	133,454,66
General obligation debt service	-		-	-		-		-	2,993.9	932	2,993,93
Capital improvements	-		-	-		-		-	16,712,1	188	16,712,18
Street improvements	_		_	_		_		_	1,805,9	906	1,805,90
Street operations	-		_	-		-		-	1,152,6		1,152,64
Technology improvements	-		-	-		-		-	727,	719	727,719
Culture and rec programs	647,400		_	_		_		_	3,019,3	346	3,666,74
Economic development	856,399		_	_		_		13,616,240	1,788,0		16,260,69
Public works	317,925		-	-		-			· .		317,92
Health and welfare programs	48,175		_	_		_		_		_	48,17
General government	512,661		_	-		-		-	7,505,3	385	8,018,04
Sub-total restricted	2,561,658	21,142	,154	16,035,219		133,454,667		13,616,240	37,549,1	163	224,359,10
Committed to:											
Economic development	-		-	-		1,424,055		-		-	1,424,05
Assigned to:											
Culture and rec programs	67,235		-	-		-		-		-	67,23:
Health and welfare programs	26,250		-	-		-		-		-	26,25
Economic development	-		-	-		-		-	126,6	570	126,67
General government	112,582		-	-		3,475,624		-		-	3,588,20
Appropriation for use in FY 23-24 budget	2,740,022		-	-		-		-		-	2,740,02
General government - encumbrances	43,030		-	-		-		-		-	43,03
Public safety - encumbrances	2,713		-	-		-		-		-	2,71
Public works - encumbrances	47,662		-	-		-		-		-	47,66
Culture and rec - encumbrances	363		-	-		-		-		-	36
Economic development - encumbrances	21,938		-	-		-		-		-	21,93
Health and welfare - encumbrances	2,627		-	-		-		-		-	2,62
Sub-total assigned	3,064,422		-	=		3,475,624		-	126,6	570	6,666,71
Unassigned (deficit):	3,549,368		-	-		-		-		(1)	3,549,36
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 9,260,178	\$ 21,142	.,154 \$	16,035,219	\$	141,814,150	\$	13,616,240	\$ 37,681,1	132	\$ 239,549,0

The City restated beginning net positions of the proprietary funds and business type activities, as follows:

	Bı	isiness Type Activities	Major Enterprise Fund		
Beginning net position, as previously reported	\$	138,726,811	\$	135,117,639	
Reclassification of CIP items to expense		(2,786,667)		(2,786,667)	
Beginning net position, restated	\$	135,940,144	\$	132,330,972	

The following is a breakdown of encumbrances at June 30, 2023:

Fund	Balance			
Major Funds:		_		
General Fund	\$	423,941		
Police Fund		774,059		
Fire Fund		37,024		
Economic Development Authority		179,450		
Hospital Authority		872,764		
	\$	2,287,238		
Non Major Fund:	<u></u>			
General Govt Sales Tax	\$	115,890		
Street and Alley Fund		190,244		
Technology Fund		12,968		
Street Lighting		4,920		
Police Federal Projects		350		
Police Lab Fund		141		
Convention and Visitor Bureau		51,783		
Street Tax Fund		31,337		
Emergency Operations Fund		14,987		
Park and Recreation Fund		1,286,254		
Grant Fund		391,282		
Capital Improvement Fund		192,185		
Downtown Redevelopment Fund		100,000		
2002 GO Street Bond Fund		92,039		
2018 GO Bond CIP Proprietary		27,829		
2018 GO Bond CIP		1,734,527		
2022 GO Bond		465,353		
	\$	4,712,089		

Per resolution, the City Council has established a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund equal to ten percent (10%) of the fund's budgetary operating expenditures each fiscal year. In addition, a reserve equal to five percent (5%) of the budgetary operating expenditures for each fund has been established for the following funds: Police Fund, Fire Fund, Welcome Center Fund, Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund and the Juvenile Fund. The reserves are to ensure the fiscal solvency of the City as a safeguard and all or a portion of the reserves may be appropriated by the city council as necessary in the event of a natural disaster or other catastrophic circumstances, or in the event of significant accounting errors.

10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

• General Liability – Covered through the Oklahoma Municipal Assurances Group with stop-loss for individual claims in excess of \$250,000 and aggregate stop loss of \$2,000,000.

• Physical Property – Covered through purchased insurance with deductibles, by coverage as follows:

Wind/hail	\$10,000
Miscellaneous equipment	500
Mobile equipment	500
Fine arts deductible	1,000
Automobile physical damage	1,000

- Workers' Compensation Workers' compensation is covered through self-insurance with the a third party administering the claims process. The City carries stop-loss insurance for individual claims in excess of \$450,000 for non-uniformed employees and \$750,000 for police and fire employees with an aggregate stop loss of \$1,000,000.
- Employee's Group Medical Covered through self-insurance using a third party administrator to process medical claims. The City uses the third-party processor's estimates to record group insurance claims payable. The City also has a stop-loss policy which covers individual claims in excess of \$150,000 during any year with aggregate stop loss of \$8,463,908.

Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Claims Liability Analysis

The claims liabilities related to the above noted risks of loss that are retained are determined in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. For the internal service self-insurance funds, changes in the claims liability for the City from June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Workers Comp		Health Care		Total	
Claims liability, June 30, 2021	\$	1,881,000	\$	311,724	\$	2,192,724
Claims and changes in estimates		1,168,830		6,818,952		7,987,782
Claims payments		(1,337,830)		(6,743,316)		(8,081,146)
Claims liability, June 30, 2022		1,712,000		387,360		2,099,360
Claims and changes in estimates		1,174,461		6,865,581		8,040,042
Claims payments		(1,414,361)		(6,769,142)		(8,183,503)
Claims liability, June 30, 2023	\$	1,472,100	\$	483,799	\$	1,955,899

11. Retirement Plan Participation

The City of Midwest City participates in three pension or retirement plans:

1. Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) - a statewide cost-sharing plan

- 2. Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 3. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF-DCP) an agent multiple-employer defined contribution plan

Summary Defined Benefit Plans Balances:

	Governmental Activities		
Net Pension Asset			
Police Pension System	\$ 1,746,241		
Net Pension Liability			
Firefighter's Pension System	\$ 34,064,759		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 34,064,759		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Police Pension System Firefighter's Pension System	\$ 3,722,512 10,577,757		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 14,300,269		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Police Pension System Firefighter's Pension System Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 379,700 1,027,337 \$ 1,407,037		
Total Belefied Inflows of Resources	Ψ 1,107,037		

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Systems

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and additions to/deductions from OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan description - The City of Midwest City, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Benefits provided - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

Contributions - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,055,075. The State of Oklahoma also made on behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$925,624 that is reported as both revenue and expenditure in the Police Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$876,720. These on-behalf payments do not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

The City's contract with the union provides that member contributions will be 8% and employer contributions will be 13%.

Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2023, the City reported an asset of \$1,746,241 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the City's

proportion was 2.175% at June 30, 2022, which was an increase of .49 compared to its proportion at June 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of 378,565. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual		resources		osources	
experience	\$	856,552	\$	190,211	
Changes of assumptions		60,796		-	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		1,703,976		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between City contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		1,340		157,918	
City Contributions during measurement					
period		44,773		31,571	
City contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		1,055,075			
Total	\$	3,722,512	\$	379,700	

The \$1,055,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of or an addition to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of the measurement period. The net deferred outflows related to the difference between expected and actual investment earnings and is being amortized over a closed 5-year period as of the beginning of each measurement period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Vear	ended .	Inna	30.
rear	ended .	une	.50:

2024	\$ 517,193
2025	113,698
2026	(493,228)
2027	2,065,962
2028	 84,112
	\$ 2,287,737

Actuarial Assumptions-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational

improvement using scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

Cost-of-living Adjustment: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed

Section 50-150 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive and adjustment of 1/3 to ½ of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an

increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Equities	60%
Fixed Income	25%
Real Estate and other investments	15%
	100%

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.34%
Domestic equity	4.69%
International equity	8.34%
Real estate	7.64%
Private equity/debt	9.66%
Commodities	0.00%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.5%)	 rent Discount ate (7.5%)	 % Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	5,059,377	\$ (1,746,241)	\$ (7,498,652)

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Fire Pension and Retirement Systems

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS) and additions to/deductions from FPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions)

are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan description - The City of Midwest City, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Benefits provided - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

Normal Retirement:

- Hired Prior to November 1, 2013
 - Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.
- Hired After November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

Contributions - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,413,843. The State of Oklahoma

also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$4,527,995 that is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$2,668,480. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

The City's contract with the union provides that member contributions will be 9% and employer contributions will be 14%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$34,064,759 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 2.605%, at June 30, 2023, which was an decrease of .06% compared to its proportion at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,756,056. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		
	Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	F	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	4,372,998	\$	171,968
Changes of assumptions		-		217,194
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		3,958,691		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		774,119		524,979
City contributions during the measurement				
period		58,106		113,196
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,413,843		-
Total	\$	10,577,757	\$	1,027,337

The \$1,413,843 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of the measurement period. The net deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between expected and actual investment earnings and is being amortized over a closed 5-year period as of the beginning of each measurement period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30:		
	2024	\$ 2,259,689
	2025	1,887,891
	2026	456,309
	2027	 3,532,688
		\$ 8,136,577

Actuarial Assumptions-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using the MP-2018 scale for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	3.62%
Domestic equity	47%	5.66%
International equity	15%	8.34%
Real estate	10%	7.64%
Other assets	8%	5.08%

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)			(8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$	43,895,069	\$	34,064,759	\$	25,842,184

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

OMRF Defined Contribution Plan:

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Midwest City Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan an agent multiple employer defined contribution plan. OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Council of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The Plan is administered by JPMorgan Chase of Oklahoma City. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees on a voluntary basis who are not participating in a state sponsored plan. According to City Ordinance, the employee and employer are required to contribute amounts equal to 0.0% and 14%, respectively, of the employee's salary each month. The employer's contributions for each employee are 50% vested after five years, with 10% vesting for each subsequent year thereafter. If an employee terminates before becoming fully vested, the employer's contributions that are forfeited are allocated to the remaining fund participants based on percentage of contribution. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend provisions of the plan specific to the City, such as naming authorized agents and approving disability and retirement provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$2,678,204 to the plan, while the employee contributions totaled \$34,730.

OMRF issues separate plan financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, 525 Central Park Drive, Suite 320, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, 73105, by calling (405) 606-7880, or at www.okmrf.org.

12. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. The City offers post-employment benefit (OPEB) options Medical, Rx, and Dental insurance to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through self-insurance that collectively operates as a substantive single employer defined benefit plan. A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the employer and the plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employer and plan member and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate disability or retirement benefits under the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System, or the City of Midwest City Retirement Plan. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying the determined rate. Coverage is available for each of the lifetimes of retirees and their spouses. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rest

with the City Council. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying 50% of the premium rate. Benefits are paid from general operating assets of the City as assessed by the self-insurance fund. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Benefits provided - The Plan covers all current retirees of the City who elected postretirement medical coverage through the City Health Plan and future retired employees of the City fully self-insured health plan. In accordance with administrative policy, the benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees; this creates an implicit rate subsidy. The benefits offered by the City to retirees include health, RX, and dental benefits. The retiree retains coverage with the City, by making an election within 30 days of termination of service and have 10+ years of creditable service in with the City and are at least 55 years old at the time of termination.

The amount of benefit payments during fiscal year June 30, 2023, was \$1,059,863.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	448
Inactive not yet receiving benefits	161
Inactive or beneficiaries receiving benefits	108
Total	<u>717</u>

Total OPEB Liability – The total OPEB liability was determined based on actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, with a measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions- The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022, valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount Rate 4.09% based on the 20 year municipal bond yield (Bond Buyers' index)
- Retirement Age Civilians 55 with 10 years of service, Police and Fire 20 years of service
- Medical Trend Rates

<u>Year</u>	Rate
2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 2050 2060	5.86% 5.99% 5.87% 5.33% 5.15% 5.03% 4.87%

Changes in Total OPEB Liability -

	Tota	l OPEB Liability
Balances at Beginning of Year	\$	38,180,867
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		1,643,692
Interest expense		860,247
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,577,004
Change in assumptions		(8,590,634)
Benefits paid		(1,059,863)
Net Changes		(5,569,554)
Balances End of Year	\$	32,611,313

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,042,605. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	2,363,336	\$	17,825
	4,752,505		7,148,624
	2,061,600		2,061,280
	1,080,942		-
\$	10,258,383	\$	9,227,729
	0	of Resources \$ 2,363,336 4,752,505 2,061,600 1,080,942	of Resources of \$ 2,363,336 \$ 4,752,505 2,061,600 1,080,942

The \$1,080,942 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 764,886
2025	718,937
2026	213,139
2027	(864,521)
2028	 (882,729)
	\$ (50,288)

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate- The following presents the City's total net OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.09 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.09 percent) than the current discount rate:

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	1% Decrease (3.09%)		Current Discount Rate (4.09%)		1% Increase (5.09%)	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$	37,619,583	\$	32,611,313	\$	28,539,660

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.96 percent decreasing to 3.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.96 percent decreasing to 5.87 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (4.96 % decreasing to 3.87%)		Current Discount Rate (5.94 % decreasing to 4.87%)		1% Increase (6.96% decreasing to 5.87%)	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$	28,438,681	\$ 32,611,313	3 \$	37,811,535	

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements includes an accrual for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings, see subsequent event note. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant Programs

The City of Midwest City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Asset Retirement Obligation

The City has incurred certain asset retirement obligations related to the operation of its sewer utility system. The estimated liability of the legally required closure costs for the sewer utility system cannot be reasonably estimated as of June 30, 2023, since the specific legally required costs of retirement have not yet been identified. The City anticipates identifying those specific legally required costs, if any, and obtaining an estimate of those costs in a subsequent fiscal year.

Construction Commitments

The City had the following outstanding construction commitments at June 30, 2023.

Multi-Athletic Center Phase II	\$ 1,364,799
Mid America Park Expansion	350,000
Timber Ridge TWR - engineering	615,700
ARPA Horizontal Water Well Rehab	2,740,000
Horizontal Water Well Rehab	250,000
Soccer Facility Renovation	754,126
Mid-America Park Phae II	350,000
Police and Fire Training Facility Phase IV	1,005,758
MAC Sewer Line	751,185
	\$ 8,181,568



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Year Ended June 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND				
				Variance with	
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ 164,975	\$ 3,228,089	\$ 13,459,083	\$ 10,230,994	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes	27,008,054	27,008,054	30,514,997	3,506,943	
Charges for services	217,635	217,635	206,568	(11,067)	
Fines and forfeitures	1,215,362	1,215,362	1,133,225	(82,137)	
Licenses and permits	560,353	560,353	641,996	81,643	
Investment income	73,657	73,657	293,719	220,062	
Intergovernmental	547,508	547,508	488,239	(59,269)	
Miscellaneous	281,251	281,251	267,721	(13,530)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	29,903,820	29,903,820	33,546,465	3,642,645	
Amounts available for appropriation	30,068,795	33,131,909	47,005,548	13,873,639	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
City Clerk	126,621	132,914	124,476	8,438	
Human Resources	539,236	569,907	524,536	45,371	
City Attorney	68,579	71,624	61,305	10,319	
Community Development	742,437	834,383	732,885	101,498	
Park & Rec	323,935	351,840	325,934	25,906	
Finance	759,351	810,710	760,097	50,613	
Streets	3,241,403	3,255,376	2,784,343	471,033	
Animal Welfare	693,238	686,887	622,614	64,273	
Municipal Court	530,651	553,650	529,381	24,269	
Neighborhood Services	1,475,342	1,540,037	1,368,913	171,124	
Information Technology	956,911	1,029,304	829,599	199,705	
Emergency Response	1,154,160	1,223,890	1,206,592	17,298	
Swimming Pool	340,745	428,446	428,446	· -	
Communications	317,346	383,355	249,593	133,762	
Eng & Const Services	1,473,848	1,530,071	1,325,737	204,334	
Senior Center	237,628	251,695	244,061	7,634	
Total Charges to Appropriations	12,981,431	13,654,089	12,118,512	1,535,577	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds	11,591,036	12,760,185	12,760,183	(2)	
Transfers to other funds	(28,678,400)	(32,238,005)	(32,039,818)	198,187	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(17,087,364)	(19,477,820)	(19,279,635)	198,185	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,607,401	\$ 15,607,401	

				POI	JCE FU	ND		
	'	Budgeted	l Amoun	ts	Acti	ual Amounts		riance with nal Budget
	Or	riginal		Final	(Bu	dget Basis)	Posit	ive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	938,983	\$	1,425,156	\$	9,915,327	\$	8,490,171
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes		6,664,812		6,664,814		7,572,580		907,766
Intergovernmental		8,869		8,869		14,779		5,910
Charges for services		250,973		250,974		236,844		(14,130)
License and permits		-		1,829		1,800		(29)
Investment income		59,216		59,216		262,482		203,266
Fines and forfeitures		64,341		64,341		59,722		(4,619)
Miscellaneous		16,215		14,385		49,132		34,747
Total Resources (Inflows)		7,064,426		7,064,428		8,197,339		1,132,911
Amounts available for appropriation		8,003,409		8,489,584		18,112,666		9,623,082
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Public Safety		17,234,656		19,092,849		17,415,988		1,676,861
Total Charges to Appropriations		17,234,656		19,092,849		17,415,988		1,676,861
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		10,639,459		12,011,477		11,895,990		(115,487)
Transfers to other funds		(1,408,212)		(1,408,212)		(1,408,212)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,231,247		10,603,265		10,487,778		(115,487)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$	11,184,456	\$	11,184,456

				FI	REFUN	D	
		Budgeted	Amount	·s	Acti	ial Amounts	riance with nal Budget
	Ori	ginal		Final		dget Basis)	ive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,492,262	\$ 8,492,262
Resources (Inflows):							
Taxes		5,250,827		5,250,829		5,966,513	715,684
Charges for services		6,220		6,220		24,245	18,025
Investment income		42,945		42,944		199,076	156,132
Licenses and permits		11,231		11,231		7,025	(4,206)
Miscellaneous		6,293		6,293		9,375	3,082
Total Resources (Inflows)		5,317,516		5,317,517		6,206,234	888,717
Amounts available for appropriation		5,317,516		5,317,517		14,698,496	 9,380,979
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
Public Safety		13,357,630		14,579,420		13,715,853	863,567
Total Charges to Appropriations		13,357,630		14,579,420		13,715,853	863,567
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds		8,566,942		9,635,629		9,529,219	(106,410)
Transfers to other funds		(230,000)		(230,000)		(230,000)	=
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,336,942		9,405,629		9,299,219	(106,410)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	296,828	\$	143,726	\$	10,281,862	\$ 10,138,136

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

- 1. The budgetary comparison schedules and budgetary fund balance amounts are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. In addition, obligations that are required to be funded from ending budgetary fund balances are subtracted from total ending budgetary fund balances to arrive at the unreserved budgetary fund balance. This presentation of unreserved fund balances on a budgetary basis is used to demonstrate compliance with Article 10, § 26 of the Oklahoma State Constitution.
- **2.** The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation between departments and object categories require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.
- **3.** The Hospital Authority and the Economic Development Authority do not present budget to actual comparisons because they are Title 60 Public Trust. Title 60 Trusts are only required to prepare a budget and submit to the beneficiary, but there are no requirements related to form, content or monitoring, and it is not considered a legal annual budget.
- **4.** The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual (GAAP) basis as shown in the schedules below:

GENERAL FUND	 nd Balance ne 30, 2022	t Change in nd Balance	Fund Balance June 30, 2023			
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:	 	 				
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 9,974,892	\$ (714,714)	\$	9,260,178		
Increases (Decreases):						
Revenues:						
Receivable	(5,329,784)	(262,825)		(5,592,609)		
Change in fair value of investments	(847)	(3,937)		(4,784)		
Other misc items	3,286,306	664,808		3,951,114		
Expenditures:						
Payables	9,728,283	1,225,293		10,953,576		
Encumbrances	(255,685)	137,352		(118,333)		
Impact of combining accounts:						
Reimbursed Projects Account	(1,373,560)	(573,994)		(1,947,554)		
Employee Activity Account	(16,725)	271		(16,454)		
Activity Account	(414,300)	(88,349)		(502,649)		
Animals Best Friend Account	(80,057)	7,881	(72,17			
Grants Account	1,057,334	(1,291,775)		(234,441)		
Disaster Relief Account	 (3,116,774)	 3,048,307		(68,467)		
Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 13,459,083	\$ 2,148,318	\$ 15,607,401			

POLICE FUND Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:	Fu <u>Ju</u>		t Change in nd Balance	Fund Balance June 30, 2023			
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	17,035,884	\$	4,106,270	\$	21,142,154	
Increases (Decreases):							
Revenues:							
Receivable		(5,992,274)		65,733		(5,926,541)	
Change in fair value of investments		(681)		(3,351)		(4,032)	
Other misc items		(2,143,423)		(2,345,007)		(4,488,430)	
Expenditures:							
Payables		1,015,821		(554,516)		461,305	
Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	9,915,327	\$	1,269,129	\$	11,184,456	
FIRE FUND Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:		nd Balance ne 30, 2022		t Change in nd Balance		nd Balance ne 30, 2023	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:				U			
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	Fu	nd Balance	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	Fu	nd Balance	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis Increases (Decreases):	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022 12,989,311	Fu	nd Balance	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023 16,035,219	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis Increases (Decreases): Revenues: Receivable	<u>Ju</u>	12,989,311 (4,719,672)	Fu	3,045,908	<u>Ju</u>	16,035,219 (4,663,924)	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis Increases (Decreases): Revenues:	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022 12,989,311	Fu	3,045,908 55,748	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis Increases (Decreases): Revenues: Receivable Change in fair value of investments	<u>Ju</u>	12,989,311 (4,719,672) (461)	Fu	3,045,908 55,748 (2,944)	<u>Ju</u>	16,035,219 (4,663,924) (3,405)	
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation: Fund Balance - GAAP Basis Increases (Decreases): Revenues: Receivable Change in fair value of investments Other misc items	<u>Ju</u>	12,989,311 (4,719,672) (461)	Fu	3,045,908 55,748 (2,944)	<u>Ju</u>	16,035,219 (4,663,924) (3,405)	

Required Supplementary Information – Pensions

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF MIDWEST CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015 June		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2.2929%	2.3249%	2.2789%	2.0280%	2.0430%	2.0530%	2.0815%	2.0330%	2.1750%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (772,001)	\$ 94,795	\$ 3,490,072	\$ 155,991	\$ (973,201)	\$ (131,036)	\$ 2,390,495	\$ (9,753,944)	\$ (1,746,241)
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,171,257	\$ 6,571,604	\$ 6,720,857	\$ 6,047,423	\$ 6,230,526	\$ 6,683,330	\$ 6,971,293	\$ 7,036,149	\$ 7,517,766
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-12.51%	1.44%	51.93%	2.58%	-15.62%	-1.96%	34.29%	-138.63%	-23.23%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%	117.07%	102.74%

Notes to Schedule:

Only nine fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2015 2016		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 854,309	\$ 873,711	\$ 786,165	\$ 813,621	\$ 868,833	\$ 906,268	\$ 914,700	\$ 977,309	\$ 1,055,078
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	1,021,780	873,705	786,167	813,621	869,006	906,468	914,700	977,309	1,055,075
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (167,471)	\$ 6	\$ (2)	\$ -	\$ (173)	\$ (200)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,571,604	\$ 6,720,857	\$ 6,047,423	\$ 6,230,526	\$ 6,683,330	\$ 6,971,293	\$ 7,036,149	\$ 7,517,766	\$ 8,115,983
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.55%	13.00%	13.00%	13.06%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only nine fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

The City's contract with the union provides that member contributions will be 3% and employer contributions will be 18% for years 2015-2018

There were no changes in the trends that affected the amounts reported in the schedules.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF MIDWEST CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	ne 30, 2015 June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018		June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability	2.392%	2.613%	2.627%	2.554%	2.506%	2.534%	2.566%	2.664%	2.605%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 24,598,661	\$ 27,733,504	\$ 32,089,584	\$ 32,124,179	\$ 28,208,718	\$ 26,774,282	\$ 31,608,566	\$ 17,546,151	\$ 34,064,759
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,734,825	\$ 7,151,904	\$ 6,922,999	\$ 7,259,523	\$ 7,458,084	\$ 7,834,624	\$ 8,235,629	\$ 8,654,685	\$ 9,146,500
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	365%	388%	464%	443%	378%	342%	384%	203%	372%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.58%	69.98%	84.24%	69.49%

Notes to Schedule:

Only nine fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015 2016 2017 2018 2019		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,001,267	\$ 969,220	2,220 \$ 1,016,333 \$ 1,164,029		\$ 1,096,847 \$	1,152,988	\$ 1,211,656	\$ 1,280,510	\$ 1,413,775
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	1,064,424	969,270	1,016,378	1,164,029	1,096,998	1,007,730	1,211,718	1,280,567	1,413,843
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (63,157)	\$ (50)	\$ (45)	\$ -	\$ (151) \$	145,258	\$ (62)	\$ (57)	\$ (68)
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,151,904	\$ 6,922,999	\$ 7,259,523	\$ 7,458,084	\$ 7,834,624 \$	8,235,629	\$ 8,654,685	\$ 9,146,500	\$ 10,098,396
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.88%	14.00%	14.00%	15.61%	14.00%	12.24%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only nine fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

The City's contract with the union provides that member contributions will be 5% and employer contributions will be 18% for years 2015-2018

There were no changes in the trends that affected the amounts reported in the schedules.

Required Supplementary Information –Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB)

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Postemployment Health Insurance Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan

2018			2019		2020		2021		2022	_	2023
\$	948,825	\$	929,222	\$	861,255	\$	969,237	\$	1,490,700	\$	1,643,692
	671,955		390,053		919,357		950,931		791,977		860,247
	-		(145,135)		373,421		669,018		951,201		1,577,004
	(2,572,581)		(475,835)		2,032,800		6,416,318		1,563,410		(8,590,634)
	(862,742)		(869,660)		(881,386)		(860,385)		(961,763)		(1,059,863)
	(1,814,543)		(171,355)		3,305,447		8,145,119		3,835,525		(5,569,554)
	24,880,674		23,066,131		22,894,776		26,200,223		34,345,342		38,180,867
\$	23,066,131	\$	22,894,776	\$	26,200,223	\$	34,345,342	\$	38,180,867	\$	32,611,313
\$	27,950,000	\$	28,460,000	\$	28,560,000	\$	30,140,000	\$	31,276,000	\$	32,267,000
	82.53%		80.45%		91.74%		113.95%		122.08%		101.07%
	\$	\$ 948,825 671,955 - (2,572,581) (862,742) (1,814,543) 24,880,674 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 27,950,000	\$ 948,825 \$ 671,955 \$ (2,572,581) (862,742) (1,814,543) \$ 24,880,674 \$ 23,066,131 \$ \$ \$ 27,950,000 \$	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 671,955 390,053 - (145,135) (2,572,581) (475,835) (862,742) (869,660) (1,814,543) (171,355) 24,880,674 23,066,131 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 22,894,776 \$ 27,950,000 \$ 28,460,000	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 671,955 390,053	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 671,955 390,053 919,357 - (145,135) 373,421 (2,572,581) (475,835) 2,032,800 (862,742) (869,660) (881,386) (1,814,543) (171,355) 3,305,447 24,880,674 23,066,131 22,894,776 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 22,894,776 \$ 26,200,223 \$ 27,950,000 \$ 28,460,000 \$ 28,560,000	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 \$ 671,955 390,053 919,357	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 \$ 969,237 671,955 390,053 919,357 950,931 - (145,135) 373,421 669,018 (2,572,581) (475,835) 2,032,800 6,416,318 (862,742) (869,660) (881,386) (860,385) (1,814,543) (171,355) 3,305,447 8,145,119 24,880,674 23,066,131 22,894,776 26,200,223 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 22,894,776 \$ 26,200,223 \$ 34,345,342 \$ 27,950,000 \$ 28,460,000 \$ 28,560,000 \$ 30,140,000	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 \$ 969,237 \$ 671,955 390,053 919,357 950,931	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 \$ 969,237 \$ 1,490,700 671,955 390,053 919,357 950,931 791,977 - (145,135) 373,421 669,018 951,201 (2,572,581) (475,835) 2,032,800 6,416,318 1,563,410 (862,742) (869,660) (881,386) (860,385) (961,763) (1,814,543) (171,355) 3,305,447 8,145,119 3,835,525 24,880,674 23,066,131 22,894,776 26,200,223 34,345,342 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 22,894,776 \$ 26,200,223 \$ 34,345,342 \$ 38,180,867 \$ 27,950,000 \$ 28,460,000 \$ 28,560,000 \$ 30,140,000 \$ 31,276,000	\$ 948,825 \$ 929,222 \$ 861,255 \$ 969,237 \$ 1,490,700 \$ 671,955 390,053 919,357 950,931 791,977 \$. (145,135) 373,421 669,018 951,201 (2,572,581) (475,835) 2,032,800 6,416,318 1,563,410 (862,742) (869,660) (881,386) (860,385) (961,763) (1,814,543) (171,355) 3,305,447 8,145,119 3,835,525 \$ 24,880,674 23,066,131 22,894,776 26,200,223 34,345,342 \$ 23,066,131 \$ 22,894,776 \$ 26,200,223 \$ 34,345,342 \$ 38,180,867 \$ \$ \$ 27,950,000 \$ 28,460,000 \$ 28,560,000 \$ 30,140,000 \$ 31,276,000 \$

Notes to Schedule:

Only the six fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts – June 30, 2023

								General Fund	Account	s					
			F	Reimbursed	Emplo	yee Activity			Aniı	mals Best			Dis	aster Relief	
	G	eneral Fund	Pro	jects Account		Account	Activ	ity Account	Frier	d Account	Gra	nt Account		Account	 Totals
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	S	11,976,368	\$	1,697,792	\$	18,726	S	481,111	\$	75,232	\$	153,287	\$	6,430,284	\$ 20,832,800
Investments		1,224,188		130,536		-		-		-		-		551,779	1,906,503
Accounts receivable		1,584,127		374,583		-		-		20,663		30,533		184,052	2,193,958
Accrued interest receivable		5,025		-		-		-		-		-		2,265	7,290
Other receivable		14,511		1,091,725		-		35,540		-		-		-	1,141,776
Due from other governments		3,988,946		-		-		-		-		491,734		438	4,481,118
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		1,222		300,000	301,222
Due from other funds interaccount		57,508		1,360		-		-		-		-		400,727	459,595
Leases receivable		-		472,664		-		-		-		-		-	472,664
Prepaid items		224		-		-		-		-		-		-	224
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		60,000		-	60,000
Total assets	\$	18,850,897	\$	3,768,660	\$	18,726	S	516,651	\$	95,895	\$	736,776	\$	7,869,545	\$ 31,857,150
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BA Liabilities:	LANCE	s													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	175,891	\$	265,271	\$	2,272	S	13,413	\$	4,099	\$	5,097	\$	6,433	\$ 472,476
Wages payable		304,071		-		-		589		-		17,441		4,584	326,685
Due to other governments		10,787		-		-		-		-		-		-	10,783
Refundable deposits		116,734		-		-		-		-		-		-	116,73
Due to other funds		10,346,093		-		-		-		-		5,000		-	10,351,09
Due to other funds - interaccount						-		_				459,595		_	459,595
Total liabilities		10,953,576		265,271		2,272		14,002		4,099		487,133		11,017	11,737,37
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Deferred inflow - leases		-		464,110		-		-		-		-		-	464,110
Unavailable revenue		1,478,884		1,091,725				-		19,620		15,202		7,790,061	 10,395,492
	_	1,478,884	_	1,555,835						19,620		15,202	_	7,790,061	 10,859,60
Fund balances:															
Nonspendable		224		-		-		-		-		84,506		-	84,73
Restricted		10,492		1,834,972		-		451,866		45,926		149,935		68,467	2,561,65
		2,858,353		112,582		16,454		50,783		26,250		-		-	3,064,42
Assigned															3,549,36
Assigned Unassigned		3,549,368		-		-						-		-	 3,349,30
	_		_	1,947,554		16,454		502,649		72,176		234,441		68,467	9,260,17

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – Year Ended June 30, 2023</u>

	-			General	Fund Accounts			
	General Fund	Reimburs ed Projects Account	Employee Activity Account	Activity Account	Animals Best Friend Account	Grant Account	Disaster Relief Account	Totals
REVENUES	General Fund	Account	Account	Activity Account	Friend Account	Grant Account	Account	Totals
Taxes	\$ 30,821,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ 30,821,344
Intergovernmental	498,879	654,192	-	-	-	2,343,929	1,727,396	5,224,396
Charges for services	206,610	105,414	-	209,452	69,381	-	96,513	687,370
Investment income	254,093	34,393	337	7,880	1,470	380	198,135	496,688
Fines & forfeitures	1,108,624	-	-	-	14,858	-	-	1,123,482
Licenses & permits	641,996	1,980	_	-	_	-	_	643,976
Miscellaneous	286,426	336,328	4,437	88,963	3,420	13,340	101,600	834,514
Total revenues	33,817,972	1,132,307	4,774	306,295	89,129	2,357,649	2,123,644	39,831,770
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	3,786,087	42,714	15,045	-	-	-	301,079	4,144,925
Public Safety	1,165,523	24,800	· -	_	_	113,179	· -	1,303,502
Streets	4,011,599	· -	-	_	-	· -	-	4,011,599
Culture and recreation	941,795	_	_	202,758	_	_	_	1,144,553
Health & welfare	597,870	_	_	-	56,784	_	_	654,654
Economic development	2,018,408	748,486	_	_	-	642,320		3,409,214
Capital outlay	_,,	87,816	_	15,188	40,226	164,722	950	308,902
Debt service:		,-		.,	., .			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	12,521,282	903,816	15,045	217,946	97,010	920,221	302,029	14,977,349
Revenues over (under) expenditures	21,296,690	228,491	(10,271)	88,349	(7,881)	1,437,428	1,821,615	24,854,421
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	12,757,872	344,143	5,000	-	-	4,655	-	13,111,670
Transfers out	(33,422,553)	-	-	-	-	(50,013)	(5,208,239)	(38,680,805)
Transfers in - interaccount	-	1,360	5,000	-	-	239,382	338,317	584,059
Transfers out - interaccount	(244,382)	-	-	-	-	(339,677)	-	(584,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,909,063)	345,503	10,000			(145,653)	(4,869,922)	(25,569,135)
Net change in fund balances	387,627	573,994	(271)	88,349	(7,881)	1,291,775	(3,048,307)	(714,714)
Fund balances - beginning of year	6,030,810	1,373,560	16,725	414,300	80,057	(1,057,334)	3,116,774	9,974,892
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 6,418,437	\$ 1,947,554	\$ 16,454	\$ 502,649	\$ 72,176	\$ 234,441	\$ 68,467	\$ 9,260,178

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2023

										Sp	ecial Revenue	Funds					Sooner Rose TIF \$ 1,099,602							
		venile 'und		Park & reation Fund		nergency ations Fund	Te	echnology Fund		ome Center Fund		e Impound Fund	Str	eet & Alley Fund	e Special	e Lab Fee Fund	ion/Visitors eau Fund	Soon	er Rose TIF					
ASSETS																								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	95,468	\$	2,249,088	\$	1,375,842	\$	717,514	\$	332,047	\$	104,051	\$	1,769,916	\$ 190,866	\$ 18,545	\$ 576,761	\$	1,099,602					
Investments		-		192,993		-		-		-		-		136,081	-	-	-		-					
Accrued interest receivable		-		792		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-					
Deposits held by others		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-					
Other receivable		54,109		-		559		339,624		-		-		-	-	11,376	-		-					
Due from other governments		-		86,762		60,775		-		25,139		-		15,584	-	-	46,926		67,409					
Due from other funds		780		143,616		8,022		-		144,420		-		-	-	-	501		-					
Total assets	_	150,357		2,673,251		1,445,198		1,057,138		501,606		104,051		1,921,581	190,866	29,921	624,188	_	1,167,011					
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND E	BALAN			151,908		3,038		11,715				500		115,675	430	15	2,781							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1.716								2.240				115,075	430	15			-					
Wages payable		1,716		1,213		10,592		1,394		2,240		-		-	-	-	4,163		-					
Due to other funds												-			- 120	 	 							
Total liabilities		1,716		153,121		13,630	_	13,109		2,240		500		115,675	 430	 15	 6,944							
Deferred inflows:																								
Unavailable revenue		48,742		150				316,310						-	 -	 11,376	 		-					
Fund balances:																								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-					
Restricted		99,899		2,519,980		1,431,568		727,719		499,366		103,551		1,805,906	190,436	18,530	617,244		1,167,011					
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-					
Unassigned (deficit)		-				-								-	 _	 -	 							
Total fund balances		99,899		2,519,980		1,431,568	_	727,719		499,366		103,551		1,805,906	 190,436	 18,530	 617,244		1,167,011					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	150,357	\$	2,673,251	\$	1,445,198	\$	1,057,138	\$	501,606	\$	104,051	\$	1,921,581	\$ 190,866	\$ 29,921	\$ 624,188	\$	1,167,011 (continued)					

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds										
		n Renewal uthority	Gove	General rnment Sales Tax Fund	Sales		Dev	owntown velopment uthority		02 Street oject Fund		dicated Tax 012 Fund		3 GO Bond oprietary	2018	GO Bond CIP
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,591	\$	6,512,420	\$	1,147,644	\$	480,183	\$	191,285	\$	2,189,792	\$	435,694	\$	7,700,107
Investments		-		558,827		-		-		-		187,905		-		660,742
Accrued interest receivable		-		2,294		-						771		-		2,712
Deposits held by others				-				500		300		-		-		-
Other receivable		31,883		-		82,739		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		401,317		-		-		-		74,280		-		-
Due from other funds		-		134,703						<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>
Total assets		130,474		7,609,561		1,230,383		480,683		191,585		2,452,748		435,694		8,363,561
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BAL Liabilities:	ANCES															
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		83,240		77,512		10,645		28,552		47,803		131,042		220,225
Wages payable		-		20,936		227				-		· <u>-</u>				· <u>-</u>
Due to other funds		-		-		_		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		104,176		77,739		10,645		28,552		47,803		131,042		220,225
Deferred inflows:																
Unavailable revenue		-		<u>-</u>						-		-				
- · · · ·																
Fund balances:								700		200						
Nonspendable		-		-		-		500		300		-		-		-
Restricted		3,804		7,505,385		1,152,644		469,538		162,733		2,404,945		304,652		8,143,336
Assigned		126,670		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-				-						-		
Total fund balances		130,474		7,505,385		1,152,644		470,038		163,033		2,404,945		304,652		8,143,336
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	130,474	\$	7,609,561	\$	1,230,383	\$	480,683	\$	191,585	\$	2,452,748	\$	435,694	\$	8,363,561
																(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2023

					Debt Service Fund	
	Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Capital Outlay Reserve Fund	2022 GO Bond Fund	G.O. Debt Service Fund	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 3,121,449	\$ -	\$ 2,418,532	\$ 2,736,120	\$ 35,561,517
Investments Accrued interest receivable	-	267,849	-	207,533 852	234,784 964	2,446,714
Deposits held by others	=	1,099 4,500	-	832	964	9,484 5,300
Other receivable	-	4,300	-	-	-	520,290
Due from other governments	937,299	40,351	-	-	4,197,361	5,953,203
Due from other funds	931,299	76,420	-	=	4,197,301	508,462
Total assets	937,299	3,511,668		2,626,917	7,169,229	45,004,970
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable Due to other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows:	937,300 937,300	13,400		893,701 - 893,701	14,576 - - 14,576	1,806,758 42,481 937,300 2,786,539
Unavailable revenue	<u>-</u>				4,160,721	4,537,299
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	- -	4,500 3,493,768	- -	1,733,216	2,993,932	5,300 37,549,163 126,670
Unassigned (deficit)	(1)	-	_	_	_	(1)
Total fund balances	(1)	3,498,268		1,733,216	2,993,932	37,681,132
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 937,299	\$ 3,511,668	\$ -	\$ 2,626,917	\$ 7,169,229	\$ 45,004,970

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Juvenile Fund	Park & Recreation Fund	Emergency Operations Fund	Technology Fund	Welcome Center Fund	Police Impound Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Police Special Projects Fund	Police Lab Fee Fund	Convention/ Visitors Bureau Fund	Sooner Rose TIF
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ 685,126	\$ 600,309	s -	\$ 212,668	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ 396,979	6 1210169
Intergovernmental	5 -	\$ 083,120	\$ 600,309	3 -	\$ 212,008	3 -	525,554	3 -	5 -	\$ 390,979	\$ 1,219,168
Charges for services	-	25,025	215,775	282,599	-	35,410	323,334	-	-	-	-
Investment income	1,585	17,611	23,504	12,259	7,353	2,014	32,673	3,616	420	9,441	31,781
Fines & forfeitures	54,482		25,504	5,405	7,555	2,014	52,075	8,403	420	2,111	51,761
Licenses & permits	54,462	_	-	24,400				0,405		_	_
Miscellaneous	_	11,676	_	7,500	_		_	4,088	_	18	_
Wiscenancous		11,070		7,500				4,000		10	
Total revenues	56,067	739,438	839,588	332,163	220,021	37,424	558,227	16,107	420	406,438	1,250,949
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	-	-	-	224,830	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	34,569	-	554,215	-	-	39,310	-	11,895	11,886	-	-
Streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,367	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	413,593	-	-	79,033	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221,892	-
Capital outlay	-	745,047	4,094	11,341	-	-	234,458	1,328	-	-	-
Debt service:											
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	855,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	768,240
Total expenditures	34,569	1,158,640	558,309	236,171	79,033	39,310	317,825	13,223	11,886	221,892	1,623,240
Revenues over (under) expenditures	21,498	(419,202)	281,279	95,992	140,988	(1,886)	240,402	2,884	(11,466)	184,546	(372,291)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	_	1,000,000	30,694	_	_	_	29,575	_			617,999
Transfers out	_	1,000,000	30,074	_	_	(4,655)	27,373	(44,045)	_		017,777
Transfers out						(4,055)		(44,043)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000	30,694			(4,655)	29,575	(44,045)			617,999
Net change in fund balances	21,498	580,798	311,973	95,992	140,988	(6,541)	269,977	(41,161)	(11,466)	184,546	245,708
Fund balances - beginning of year	78,401	1,939,182	1,119,595	631,727	358,378	110,092	1,535,929	231,597	29,996	432,698	921,303
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 99,899	\$ 2,519,980	\$ 1,431,568	\$ 727,719	\$ 499,366	\$ 103,551	\$ 1,805,906	\$ 190,436	\$ 18,530	\$ 617,244	\$ 1,167,011 (continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fun	ds	Capital Project Funds								
	Urban Renewal Authority	General Government Sales Tax Fund	Street Light Fee	Downtown Development Authority	2002 Street Project Fund	Dedicated Tax 2012 Fund	2018 GO Bond Proprietary	2018 GO Bond CIP				
REVENUES			_		_							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 3,086,422	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,022	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	-	-	500.740	-	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	- 1106	106.270	592,742		1 255	26.404	10.646	100.054				
Investment income	1,186	106,370	22,525	9,996	4,255	36,404	12,646	190,054				
Fines & forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Licenses & permits	-			-	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	65,530	42,774	5,756	-	-	-	-	-				
Total revenues	66,716	3,235,566	621,023	9,996	4,255	616,426	12,646	190,054				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	-	1,845,867	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-				
Streets	-	-	850,539	-	-	81,147	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	34,232				
Economic development	1,306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	_	1,239,137	-	112,000	106,631	290,564	1,079,355	3,733,159				
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	1,306	3,085,004	850,539	112,000	106,631	371,711	1,079,355	3,767,391				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	65,410	150,562	(229,516)	(102,004)	(102,376)	244,715	(1,066,709)	(3,577,337)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	-	834,495	-	-	-	-	-	64,839				
Transfers out												
Total other financing sources (uses)		834,495						64,839				
Net change in fund balances	65,410	985,057	(229,516)	(102,004)	(102,376)	244,715	(1,066,709)	(3,512,498)				
Fund balances - beginning of year	65,064	6,520,328	1,382,160	572,042	265,409	2,160,230	1,371,361	11,655,834				
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 130,474	\$ 7,505,385	\$ 1,152,644	\$ 470,038	\$ 163,033	\$ 2,404,945	\$ 304,652	\$ 8,143,336				
								(continued)				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2023

									Debt	Service Fund		
REVENUES	Imp	les Tax Capital rovement Fund		Capital provement Fund	-	al Outlay erve Fund	202	2 GO Bond Fund	G.O.	Debt Service Fund		Totals
Taxes	\$	7,329,800	\$	304,232	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,943,272	\$	18,357,998
Intergovernmental	Ψ.	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,5 15,272	4	525,554
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		_		1,151,551
Investment income		3,705		50,995		6,502		83,660		58,033		728,588
Fines & forfeitures		-		-		-,		-		-		68,290
Licenses & permits		_		111,265		_		_		_		135,665
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		137,342
Total revenues		7,333,505		466,492		6,502		83,660		4,001,305	_	21,104,988
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		_		_		-		_		_		2,070,697
Public safety		_		_		-		_		_		651,875
Streets		_		_		-		_		_		1,015,053
Culture and recreation		_		_		-		_		_		526,858
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		223,198
Capital outlay		_		927,351		_		3,896,106		-		12,380,571
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		2,210,000		3,065,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-		1,508,623		2,276,863
Total expenditures				927,351				3,896,106		3,718,623	_	22,210,115
Revenues over (under) expenditures		7,333,505		(460,859)		6,502		(3,812,446)		282,682		(1,105,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		846,354		-		-		-		3,423,956
Transfers out		(7,333,506)				(737,355)				(64,839)		(8,184,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,333,506)		846,354		(737,355)		<u>-</u>		(64,839)		(4,760,444)
Net change in fund balances		(1)		385,495		(730,853)		(3,812,446)		217,843		(5,865,571)
Fund balances - beginning of year		-		3,112,773		730,853		5,545,662		2,776,089		43,546,703
Fund balances - end of year	\$	(1)	\$	3,498,268	\$		\$	1,733,216	\$	2,993,932	\$	37,681,132

Combining Schedule of Net Position – Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts – June 30, 2023

	Midwest City Municipal Authority									_	
	Water Account	Sewer Account	Sanitation Account	Conference Center/Hotel Account	Drainage Account	Debt Service Account	Utility Services	Utilities Capital Account	Customer Deposit Account	Golf Courses Account	Total
ASSETS											
Current assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,090,663	\$ 15,004,055	\$ 5,031,601	\$ 228,962	\$ 426,407	s -	\$ 754,915	\$ 2,522,692	s -	\$ 949,259	\$ 36,008,554
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	-	-		-	2,546,592	-	-	1,453,685	-	4,000,277
Investments	951,683	1,254,259	431,759	-	-		-	216,471	-	-	2,854,172
Accounts receivable, net	1,298,086	1,608,960	1,181,171	314,318	65,749	-	89,303	-	1,156	-	4,558,743
Other receivable	-		-	135,444	-	-	-	18,969	-	2,927	157,340
Accrued interest receivable	3,907	4,210	1,772	-	-	-	-	889	-	-	10,778
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory	226,171	104,798	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,371	334,340
Due from other funds interaccount	-	126,200	250,000	169,903	-	-	-	-	1,776	-	547,879
Due from other funds	38,110	31,541	149,820	18,651		860,880				8,711	1,107,713
Total current assets	13,608,620	18,134,023	7,046,123	867,278	492,156	3,407,472	844,218	2,759,021	1,456,617	964,268	49,579,796
N											
Non-current assets: Investments, restricted									111,768		111,768
Due from other funds - interaccount	387,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,/08	-	387,472
Land, construction in progress, and water rights	7,811,107	870,266	1,130,206	-	1,250	•	-	550,000	-	232,057	10,594,886
Other capital assets, net	17.475.428	64,708,305	4,479,779	25.163.671	12.417.289	•	39,289	4.946.120	-	5,542,333	134,772,214
Total non-current assets	25,674,007	65,578,571	5,609,985	25,163,671	12,418,539		39,289	5,496,120	111,768	5,774,390	145,866,340
Total non-current assets	23,074,007	03,370,371	3,007,763	23,103,071	12,410,037		37,207	3,470,120	111,700	3,774,330	145,000,540
Total assets	39,282,627	83,712,594	12,656,108	26,030,949	12,910,695	3,407,472	883,507	8,255,141	1,568,385	6,738,658	195,446,136
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred amount on refunding				-		634,012		-	-		634,012
Deferred amount related to OPEB	775,440	1,268,578	484,447		134,352		246,753			281,235	3,190,805
Total deferred outflows	775,440	1,268,578	484,447		134,352	634,012	246,753			281,235	3,824,817
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	250,734	273.131	266,933	317,445	5,780		17,277	113.052		18,584	1.262.936
Wages payable	250,734 81,574	102,806	35,722	19,906	8,082	-	22,261	113,052	-	27,570	297,921
Due to other funds interaccount	1,776	102,800	33,722	250,000	0,002	296,103	22,201	-	-	27,370	547,879
Due to other funds	1,770			300,000		250,105				287,231	587,231
Accrued interest payable				-	_	300,889	_	_	_	207,237	300,889
Accrued compensated absences	161,857	182,498	63,889	7,792	17,567	-	36,319	_	_	37,582	507,504
Refundable deposits	-	-	-	14,563	-		-		156,838	-	171,401
Notes payable	103,532	33,714			14,450	4,370,000				11,348	4,533,044
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-	725,000	-	-	-	-	725,000
Total current liabilities	599,473	592,149	366,544	909,706	45,879	5,691,992	75,857	113,052	156,838	382,315	8,933,805
Non-current liabilities:											
Accrued compensated absences	323,714	364,995	127,778	15,584	35,134	-	72,638	-	-	75,163	1,015,006
Total OPEB liability	2,202,055	2,725,261	1,266,459	-	257,249	-	751,960	-	-	474,922	7,677,906
Due to other funds - interaccount	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	387,472		-	387,472
Refundable deposits	-	-	-	-		4 425 000	-	-	1,411,546		1,411,546
Notes payable	1,810,072	70,914	-	-	30,393	4,425,000	-	-	-	25,273	6,361,652
Revenue bonds payable, net Total non-current liabilities	4,335,841	3,161,170	1,394,237	15,584	322,776	28,727,055 33,152,055	824,598	387,472	1,411,546	575,358	28,727,055 45,580,637
Total non-current nabilities	4,333,841	3,101,170	1,394,237	15,584	322,770	33,132,033	824,398	387,472	1,411,340	3/3,338	45,580,037
Total liabilities	4,935,314	3,753,319	1,760,781	925,290	368,655	38,844,047	900,455	500,524	1,568,384	957,673	54,514,442
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES											
Deferred amount related to OPEB	600,965	1,031,485	386,262	-	100,691		261,862	-	-	246,423	2,627,688
Deferred amount on refunding		1.021.405			- 100 (01	433,617	201.002				433,617
Total deferred inflows	600,965	1,031,485	386,262		100,691	433,617	261,862			246,423	3,061,305
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	23,372,931	65,473,943	5,609,985	25,163,671	12,373,696	(37,470,606)	39,289	5,496,120		5,737,769	105,796,798
Restricted for debt service	23,312,331	05,775,743	2,002,703	25,105,071	12,373,090	1,669,649	37,209	3,470,120	-	3,131,109	1,669,649
Restricted for other purposes	-	-	-	-	-	1,007,017	51,539	-	-	72,536	124,075
Unrestricted (deficit)	11.148.857	14,722,425	5,383,527	(58,012)	202,005	564,777	(122,885)	2.258.497	i	5,492	34,104,684
Total net position	\$ 34,521,788	\$ 80,196,368	\$ 10,993,512	\$ 25,105,659	\$ 12,575,701	\$ (35,236,180)	\$ (32,057)	\$ 7,754,617	S 1	\$ 5,815,797	S 141,695,206
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Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts - Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Midwest City Municipal Authority										
	Water Account	Sewer Account	Sanitation Account	Conference Center/Hotel Account	Drainage Account	Debt Service Account	Utility Services Account	Utilities Capital Account	Customer Deposit Account	Golf Courses Account	Total
OPERATING REVENUES											
Charges for services	\$ 8,641,893	\$ 11,373,396	\$ 8,267,498	\$ 3,657,694	\$ 471,415	S -	\$ 1,296,308	S -	\$ -	\$ 2,094,395	\$ 35,802,599
Fees, licenses and permits	5,325	7,425	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	12,750
Miscellaneous	29,107	353	47,932	4	1,733	-	93	-	-	6,000	85,222
Total operating revenues	8,676,325	11,381,174	8,315,430	3,657,698	473,148		1,296,401			2,100,395	35,900,571
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Personal services	2,773,616	3,785,560	1,546,290	1,475,840	314,248	-	740,624	-	-	857,202	11,493,380
Materials and supplies	1,274,688	977,288	1,190,431	605,435	117,389	-	9,380	-	-	431,460	4,606,071
Other services and charges	1,751,538	2,324,092	3,027,148	1,995,650	113,069	-	267,344	-	-	173,442	9,652,283
Depreciation and amortization	738,123	2,567,646	530,580	887,216	280,540		5,761	514,280		288,328	5,812,474
Total operating expenses	6,537,965	9,654,586	6,294,449	4,964,141	825,246		1,023,109	514,280		1,750,432	31,564,208
Operating income (loss)	2,138,360	1,726,588	2,020,981	(1,306,443)	(352,098)		273,292	(514,280)		349,963	4,336,363
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Investment income	172,685	240,133	87,033	-	7,653	72,159	12,043	271,622	28,450	14,174	905,952
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(40,119)	(4,676)	-	-	(2,004)	(969,686)	-	(17,602)	-	-	(1,034,087)
Gain (loss) on asset retirement	16,151	8,311	(132,117)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(66,327)	(173,982)
Other non-operating revenue			200,000								200,000
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	148,717	243,768	154,916		5,649	(897,527)	12,043	254,020	28,450	(52,153)	(102,117)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,287,077	1,970,356	2,175,897	(1,306,443)	(346,449)	(897,527)	285,335	(260,260)	28,450	297,810	4,234,246
Capital contributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	33,679	33,679
Transfers in - interaccount	28,449	228,825		984,415	_		_	167,958	_	-	1,409,647
Transfers out - interaccount	(167,958)	,			_	(1,213,240)	_		(28,449)		(1,409,647)
Transfers in	990,000			_	_	16,918,623	_		(==,)		17,908,623
Transfers out	(778,034)	(814,006)	(763,936)	(24,867)		(10,431,471)					(12,812,314)
Change in net position	2,359,534	1,385,175	1,411,961	(346,895)	(346,449)	4,376,385	285,335	(92,302)	1	331,489	9,364,234
Total net position - beginning, restated	32,162,254	78,811,193	9,581,551	25,452,554	12,922,150	(39,612,565)	(317,392)	7,846,919	-	5,484,308	132,330,972
Total net position - ending	\$ 34,521,788	\$ 80,196,368	\$ 10,993,512	\$ 25,105,659	\$ 12,575,701	\$ (35,236,180)	\$ (32,057)	\$ 7,754,617	\$ 1	\$ 5,815,797	\$ 141,695,206

Combining Schedule of Cash Flows - Midwest City Municipal Authority Accounts - June 30, 2023

ig beneaute of Cash Flows IV.	IIu W C	<u> </u>	ity mun	icipai 1 vu	LIIU	111ty 1			June	0, 402	-5						
							Midwe	st City N	Municipal Authority								
					Co	onference											
					Cer	nter/Hotel			Debt Service	Utility Serv	ices		Customer Deposit	Golf C	ourses		
	Water Acc	ount	Sewer Account	Sanitation Account		Account	Drainage Acc	ount	Account	Accoun	t	Utilities Capital Account	Account	Acc	ount		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES																	
Receipts from customers		04,077	\$ 11,334,093	\$ 8,470,787	S	3,440,189			S -		2,893	\$ 339	\$ 226	\$	2,100,725	S	35,806,792
Payments to suppliers		72,468)	(3,266,762)	(4,263,968)		(2,772,325)		,657)	-		7,671)	(11,340)	-		(604,704)		(14,499,895)
Payments to employees	(2,74	49,441)	(3,733,333)	(1,494,491)		(1,485,046)	(298	,764)	-	(75	5,468)	-	-		(840,217)		(11,356,760)
Receipts (payments) from interfund loans	(16,350)	(91,077)	(7,847)		309,966		-	(257,213)		-	-	225		45,812		(16,484)
Receipt of customer deposits		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-	422,972		-		422,972
Return of customer deposits						-					-		(431,990)		-		(431,990)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,80	65,818	4,242,921	2,704,481		(507,216)	(55	,958)	(257,213)	24	9,754	(11,001)	(8,567)		701,616		9,924,635
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES																	
Transfers from other funds - interaccount		28,449	228.825	-		984,415		-			-	167,958	-		_		1,409,647
Transfers to other funds - interaccount	(16	67,958)	-			-		-	(1,213,240)		-		(28,449)				(1,409,647)
Transfers from other funds	9	90,000		-		-		-	16,918,623		-	_			_		17,908,623
Transfers to other funds		78,034)	(814,006)	(763,936)		(24,867)		-	(10,431,471)		_	_			_		(12,812,314)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		72,457	(585,181)	(763,936)		959,548		_	5,273,912			167,958	(28,449)				5,096,309
. et casa ja onecus, (useum) noncajatai maineing activites		729107	(505,101)	(100,750)		727,210		_	3,273,712		_	107,750	(20,117)				3,070,307
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES																	
Capital assets purchased		88,526)	(538,041)	(1,675,417)		(563,989)									(42,130)		(3,108,103)
Principal paid on capital debt		35,663)	(32,606)	(1,075,417)		(303,969)	(12	.971)	(5,030,000)						(42,130)		(5,212,240)
Proceeds issuance of debt	(1.	33,003)	(32,000)	-		-	(13	,5/1)	(3,030,000)		-	=	-		36,621		36,621
Payments of interfund loan for capital purchases		50,357	-	-		-		-			-	(150,357)	-		30,021		30,021
Interest and fiscal charges paid on capital debt		50,557 40,119)	(4,676)	-		-	-	(,004)	(1,225,830)		-	(150,357)	-		-		(1,290,231)
				7.047		-	(2	,004)	(1,225,830)		-	(17,602)	-		2.175		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		31,483	8,311	7,847		-		<u> </u>			<u> </u>				3,175		50,816
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(2)	82,468)	(567,012)	(1,667,570)		(563,989)	(15	,975)	(6,255,830)			(167,959)			(2,334)		(9,523,137)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES																	
Sale (purchase) of investments		92,245	600,883	314,292		-			-		-	145,179	106,558		-		1,559,157
Interest and dividends		76,294	244,106	87,688				,652	72,159		2,043	272,601	28,668		14,173		915,384
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	51	68,539	844,989	401,980			7	,652	72,159	1	2,043	417,780	135,226		14,173		2,474,541
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,2	24,346	3,935,717	674,955		(111,657)	(64	,281)	(1,166,972)	26	1,797	406,778	98,210		713,455		7,972,348
Balances - beginning of year	79	66,317	11.068.338	4,356,646		340.619	400	1.688	3.713.564	40	3,118	2.115.914	1,355,475		235,804		32,036,483
balances - beginning of year	- /,01	00,317	11,000,000	4,330,040		340,019	490	,000	3,713,304		3,110	2,113,714	1,000,470		233,004		32,030,463
Balances - end of year	\$ 11,0	90,663	\$ 15,004,055	\$ 5,031,601	S	228,962	\$ 426	,407	\$ 2,546,592	\$ 75	4,915	\$ 2,522,692	\$ 1,453,685	\$	949,259	S	40,008,831
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11.0	90,663	\$ 15,004,055	\$ 5,031,601	S	228,962	S 426	,407	s -	\$ 75	4,915	\$ 2,522,692	S -	s	949,259	S	36,008,554
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-				-		-	2,546,592		.,,	-	1.453,685				4.000,277
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11.0	90,663	\$ 15,004,055	\$ 5,031,601	S	228,962	S 426	,407	\$ 2,546,592	\$ 75	4,915	\$ 2,522,692	\$ 1,453,685	S	949,259	S	40,008,831
													,,,,,,				
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by																	
(used in) operating activities:					_				_							_	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,1	38,360	\$ 1,726,588	\$ 2,020,981	S	(1,306,443)	\$ (352	,098)	s -	\$ 27	3,292	\$ (514,280)	s -	2	349,963	S	4,336,363
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided																	
by (used in) operating activities:	_																
Depreciation expense	7.	38,123	2,567,646	530,580		887,216	280	,540	-		5,761	514,280	-		288,328		5,812,474
Other nonoperating revenue		-	-	200,000		-		-	-		-	-	-		-		200,000
Change in assets, liabilities, and deferrals:																	
Receivables, net		27,752	(47,081)	(46,364)		(189,162)		315	-	(1	3,508)	-	226		330		(267,492)
Other receivable		-	-	1,721		(35,964)		-	-		-	339	-		-		(33,904)
Due from other funds	(16,125)	(91,077)	(7,847)		331,285		-	(30,013)		-	-	225		6,751		193,199
Prepaid items		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-		-		-
Inventory		51,887)	(2,323)	-		-		-	-		-	-	-		(3,371)		(57,581)
Accounts payable		5,645	36,941	(46,389)		(171,240)		(199)	-		(947)	(11,340)	-		3,569		(183,960)
Deferred outflows OPEB	13	30,960	198,097	55,586		-	4	,577	-	(2	7,462)	-	-		84,461		446,219
Due to other funds		(225)	-	-		(21,319)		-	(227,200)		- 1	-	-		39,061		(209,683)
Due to employees	(9	98,238)	(111,215)	(50,610)		(2,371)	(9	,065)	-	(2	6,327)	-	-		(13,764)		(311,590)
Refundable deposits		- 1				7,617		- '			- 1		(9,018)		-		(1,401)
Total OPEB liability	(4:	36,481)	(543,373)	(188,931)		-	(20	(.987)		(6	1,346)				(209,967)		(1,461,085)
Accrued compensated absences		1,071	45,232	15,813		(6,835)		.501			8,261)		-		12,249		52,770
Deferred inflows OPEB		26,863	463,486	219,941		-		,458	-		8,552				144,006		1,410,306
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		65,818	\$ 4,242,921	\$ 2,704,481	S	(507,216)		,958)	\$ (257,213)		9,754	\$ (11,001)	\$ (8,567)	\$	701,616	S	9,924,635
					-			_									
Noncash activities:																	
Contributed capital assets - from governmental funds	\$	-	s -	S -	S		S		S -	\$	-	\$ -	S -	\$	33,679	S	33,679

Combining Statement of Net Position—Internal Service Funds – June 30, 2023

	Pub	lic Works	Flee	t Services	Surpl	is Property	Risk Management L & H Ber		& H Benefits Worker's Comp		ker's Comp			
	Adm	inistration		Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
ASSETS														
Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,052,349	\$	606,528	\$	666,358	\$	845,617	\$	4,047,983	\$	3,846,416	\$	11,065,251
Investments		-		-		-		-		134,797		330,059		464,856
Receivables:														
Accounts receivable		-		513		2,063		36,053		654,755		19,104		712,488
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-		-		1,355		1,355
Due from other funds		3		5,827		-		-		-		-		5,830
Inventories				85,343										85,343
Total current assets	-	1,052,352		698,211		668,421		881,670		4,837,535		4,196,934		12,335,123
Non-current assets:														
Capital Assets:														
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		148,181		637,425		65,725				<u> </u>				851,331
Total non-current assets		148,181		637,425		65,725		-						851,331
Total assets		1,200,533		1,335,636		734,146		881,670		4,837,535		4,196,934	_	13,186,454
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES														
Deferred amount related to OPEB		271,325		180,296		20,597		108,151		-		<u>-</u>		580,369
LIABILITIES														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,117		164,971		20		9,594		157,206		2,177		338,085
Claims liability		· -		-		-		128,700		483,799		346,600		959,099
Wages payable		31,224		27,635		674		6,871		-		-		66,404
Due to other funds		-		-		540,226		-		-		-		540,226
Accrued compensated absences		69,830		38,776		175		17,843		-		-		126,624
Total current liabilities		105,171		231,382		541,095		163,008		641,005		348,777	_	2,030,438
Non-current liabilities:														
Accrued compensated absences		139,660		77,552		350		35,687		-		-		253,249
Total OPEB liability		665,287		680,722		39,577		114,773		-		-		1,500,359
Claims liability		-						214,300		<u> </u>		782,500		996,800
Total non-current liabilities		804,947		758,274		39,927		364,760				782,500		2,750,408
Total liabilities		910,118		989,656		581,022		527,768		641,005		1,131,277	_	4,780,846
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES														
Deferred amount related to OPEB		216,662		236,462		17,943		138,523						609,590
NET POSITION														
Net investment in capital assets		148,181		637,425		65,725		_		_		_		851,331
Unrestricted (deficit)		196,897		(347,611)		90,053		323,530		4,196,530		3,065,657		7,525,056
Total net position	\$	345,078	\$	289,814	\$	155,778	\$	323,530	\$	4,196,530	\$	3,065,657	\$	8,376,387
*					_				_		_		_	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Public Works Administration	Fleet Services Fund	Surplus Property Fund	Risk Management Fund	L & H Benefits Fund	Worker's Comp Fund	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 1,316,036	\$ 2,883,047	\$ 53,723	\$ 991,357	\$ 6,666,468	\$ 765,320	\$ 12,675,951
Miscellaneous	235_	2		178,579	844,777	19,104	1,042,697
Total operating revenues	1,316,271	2,883,049	53,723	1,169,936	7,511,245	784,424	13,718,648
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	1,116,566	1,032,467	43,823	225,771	-	-	2,418,627
Materials and supplies	8,106	1,874,607	651	2,951	-	-	1,886,315
Other services and charges	42,609	110,073	8,136	400,651	63,766	-	625,235
Insurance claims and expenses	-	-	-	603,261	6,769,141	490,784	7,863,186
Depreciation and amortization	9,384	53,705	3,704	-	-	-	66,793
Total operating expenses	1,176,665	3,070,852	56,314	1,232,634	6,832,907	490,784	12,860,156
Operating income (loss)	139,606	(187,803)	(2,591)	(62,698)	678,338	293,640	858,492
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
Investment income	17,762	11,673	11,800	12,191	55,813	64,149	173,388
Total non-operating revenue	17,762	11,673	11,800	12,191	55,813	64,149	173,388
Income (loss) before transfers	157,368	(176,130)	9,209	(50,507)	734,151	357,789	1,031,880
Transfers out	(5,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,000)
Change in net position	152,368	(176,130)	9,209	(50,507)	734,151	357,789	1,026,880
Total net position - beginning	192,710	465,944	146,569	374,037	3,462,379	2,707,868	7,349,507
Total net position - ending	\$ 345,078	\$ 289,814	\$ 155,778	\$ 323,530	\$ 4,196,530	\$ 3,065,657	\$ 8,376,387

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Public W Administr		Fle	et Services Fund	Surp	lus Property Fund	Ma	Risk anagement Fund	L &	H Benefits Fund	Wor	ker's Comp Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	- 1101111111111111111111111111111111111	uuon		Tunu		Tunu		Tunu		Tunu		Tunu		10000
Receipts from interfund services	\$ 1,	316,271	\$	2,883,049	\$	54,121	\$	1,164,411	\$	7,401,680	S	765,320	\$	13,584,852
Payments to suppliers		(52,586)		(1,907,881)		(8,813)		(394,395)		(63,766)				(2,427,441)
Payments to employees	(1,	078,909)		(1,046,669)		(50,396)		(228,249)		-		-		(2,404,223)
Claims and benefits paid		-		-		-		(783,261)		(6,700,301)		(549,649)		(8,033,211)
Payment from (to) other funds		-		_		66,463		_				_		66,463
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		184,776		(71,501)		61,375		(241,494)		637,613		215,671		786,440
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES														
		(5,000)												(5,000)
Operating transfers out		(5,000)		 -			-							(5,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(3,000)						-				<u>-</u>		(5,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES														
Capital assets purchased		(7,850)		(39,821)		-		-		-		-		(47,671)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(7,850)		(39,821)		-		-		-		-		(47,671)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES														
Sale (Purchase) of investments		119,776				-		151,003		375,350		239,834		885,963
Interest and dividends		17,762		11,673		11,800		12,191		57,251		64,400 304,234		175,077
Net cash provided by investing activities		137,538		11,673		11,800	_	163,194		432,601		304,234		1,061,040
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		309,464		(99,649)		73,175		(78,300)		1,070,214		519,905		1,794,809
Balances - beginning of year		742,885		706,177		593,183	_	923,917		2,977,769		3,326,511		9,270,442
Balances - end of year	\$ 1,	052,349	\$	606,528	\$	666,358	\$	845,617	\$	4,047,983	\$	3,846,416	\$	11,065,251
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1.	052,349	\$	606,528	\$	666,358	s	845,617	s	4,047,983	s	3,846,416	\$	11,065,251
•														,,
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,	052,349	\$	606,528	\$	666,358	\$	845,617	\$	4,047,983	\$	3,846,416	\$	11,065,251
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:														
Operating income (loss)	s	139,606	\$	(187,803)	\$	(2,591)	\$	(62,698)	\$	678,338	S	293,640	\$	858,492
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	•	157,000	Ψ	(107,005)	Ψ	(2,0)1)	Ψ	(02,070)	-	070,000		255,010	-	050,152
by (used in) operating activities:														
Depreciation expense		9.384		53,705		3,704		-		_		_		66,793
Change in assets, liabilities, and deferrals:		.,												
Receivables, net		-		-		398		(5,525)		(109,565)		(19,104)		(133,796)
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		6,774		-		-		-		-		6,774
Deferred outflows OPEB		9,203		40,830		676		34,154		-		-		84,863
Accounts payable		(1,871)		70,025		(26)		9,207		(27,599)		1,035		50,771
Claims liability		-		-		-		(180,000)		96,439		(59,900)		(143,461)
Due to employees		(32,615)		(32,234)		(1,667)		(6,787)		-		-		(73,303)
Due to other funds		-		-		66,463		-		-		-		66,463
Total OPEB liability		(75,678)		(226,756)		(3,229)		(30,766)		-		-		(336,429)
Accrued compensated absences		26,830		(780)		(7,329)		1,844		-		-		20,565
Deferred inflows OPEB		109,917		204,738		4,976		(923)						318,708
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	184,776	\$	(71,501)	\$	61,375	\$	(241,494)	\$	637,613	S	215,671	\$	786,440

Debt Service Coverage Schedule - Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE:

	Revenue Bonds Refunding Note
GROSS REVENUE AVAILABLE:	
Water revenue	\$ 8,676,325
Wastewater revenue	11,381,174
Pledged sales tax	16,918,623
Investment income	 412,818
Total Gross Revenue Available	 37,388,940
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Total Operating Expenses	 12,886,782
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$ 24,502,158
Average Annual Debt Service	
2019 Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,792,126
2020 Refunding Note	4,461,416
	\$ 6,253,542
Computed Coverage	 392%
Coverage Requirement	 125%

Note to schedule: Pledged revenues include water and wastewater revenues, as well as specific sales tax and investment income. Operating expenses included on this schedule include only the operating expense, excusive of depreciation and amortization, applicable to the water and wastewater revenues.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

General Government Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	G	General overnment	 Public Safety	 Streets	 ealth and Welfare	Culture & ecreation	economic velopment	De	bt Services	 Total
2013-14	\$	6,972,885	\$ 27,386,699	\$ 4,382,912	\$ 463,886	\$ 2,112,589	\$ 5,028,554	\$	3,753,029	\$ 50,100,554
2014-15		6,704,404	28,657,862	5,138,517	410,969	1,746,966	3,792,050		3,650,604	50,101,372
2015-16		7,714,835	27,494,864	4,865,569	755,691	2,037,909	4,644,064		3,505,294	51,018,226
2016-17		8,009,505	27,757,453	7,336,480	387,911	1,647,320	6,686,814		3,426,604	55,252,087
2017-18		8,766,825	28,544,968	3,800,063	441,065	1,797,029	58,846,663		19,166,464	121,363,077
2018-19		11,598,632	31,442,455	5,333,914	471,306	2,038,872	6,598,803		5,972,196	63,456,178
2019-20		10,044,375	33,644,444	7,087,999	414,655	2,146,210	11,740,737		25,974,546	91,052,966
2020-21		15,487,296	34,323,997	11,171,490	3,090,028	7,347,564	4,620,444		7,619,397	83,660,216
2021-22		20,012,790	36,925,596	12,037,652	3,271,886	9,483,656	5,907,403		7,830,238	95,469,221
2022-23		12,011,790	37,820,239	8,702,558	772,167	4,137,911	6,412,853		8,313,352	78,170,870

Governmental Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Taxes	-	Intergov- ernmental	enses & Permits	harges for Services	Fines & orfeitures	I	Income Income	Mis	c Revenues	Total
2013-14	\$ 40,546,435		\$ 5,668,145	\$ 304,395	\$ 2,545,726	\$ 1,976,580	\$	15,736,403	\$	2,367,115	\$ 69,144,799
2014-15	39,781,445		5,543,732	349,439	3,662,747	2,045,294		8,377,665		2,381,400	62,141,722
2015-16	40,296,979		5,367,958	567,942	4,259,051	1,971,146		3,546,362		1,938,936	57,948,374
2016-17	37,327,650		5,011,809	504,832	4,564,074	1,581,638		13,120,184		2,856,002	64,966,189
2017-18	41,659,607	*	4,812,098	589,264	5,412,604	1,428,723		13,120,759		2,177,963	69,201,018
2018-19	46,376,451		6,698,979	725,993	8,027,000	1,364,493		11,671,810		2,240,169	77,104,895
2019-20	51,081,891		6,971,834	681,754	8,086,831	1,118,840		8,972,977		2,157,587	79,071,714
2020-21	56,348,905		10,463,225	629,099	6,112,310	1,570,477		35,503,377		6,634,666	117,262,059
2021-22	59,254,294		13,844,466	647,177	6,075,295	1,367,521		(13,417,849)		1,578,792	69,349,696
2022-23	63,616,130		11,218,348	788,466	6,406,097	1,250,603		16,425,064		1,512,972	101,217,680

^{*} A new sales/use Tax became effective January 1, 2018 changing the rate from 3.85 to 4.60

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Tota	Actual		Ratio of Total Assessed Value
Fiscal Year	R	eal Property	Pers	onal Property	 blic Service Property	I	Veteran and Homestead Exemption	As	sessed Value	Est	imated Actual Value	to Total Estimated Actual Value
2014	\$	267,452,466	\$	28,135,094	\$ 11,407,389	\$	15,250,420	\$	291,744,529	\$	2,652,222,991	11%
2015		272,926,268		26,469,753	11,878,425		15,244,120		296,030,326		2,691,184,782	11%
2016		283,028,134		25,089,341	11,544,013		15,602,335		304,059,153		2,764,174,118	11%
2017		296,756,210		35,937,171	13,524,628		16,061,439		330,156,570		3,001,423,364	11%
2018		309,104,061		35,772,442	13,613,786		16,492,553		341,997,736		3,109,070,327	11%
2019		320,771,362		36,281,363	13,177,361		17,435,901		352,794,185		3,207,219,864	11%
2020		328,772,814		37,385,359	13,789,090		18,528,802		361,418,461		3,285,622,373	11%
2021		344,062,828		37,827,456	15,041,028		20,087,269		376,844,043		3,425,854,936	11%
2022		364,726,522		38,738,823	15,389,406		20,738,384		398,116,367		3,619,239,700	11%
2023		390,308,775		39,983,202	13,370,502		22,329,024		421,333,455		3,830,304,136	11%

Property Tax Rates – All Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Sinking Fund	MWC Schools	Rose State College	Oklahoma County	Total Midwest City Resident	Choctaw Schools	Total Midwest City Resident	OKC Schools	Total Midwest City Resident
2014	5.44	70.32	20.33	23.58	119.67	76.18	125.53	59.36	108.71
2015	5.18	71.03	19.88	23.72	119.81	76.17	124.95	59.71	108.49
2016	0.96	70.64	19.65	23.81	115.06	76.17	120.59	59.36	103.78
2017	0.92	65.54	19.21	23.28	108.95	76.16	119.57	59.36	102.77
2018	0.94	66.72	18.92	23.64	110.22	76.15	119.65	58.84	102.34
2019	8.08	67.38	18.54	23.49	117.49	76.15	126.26	58.76	108.84
2020	9.76	71.23	18.39	23.39	122.77	76.15	127.68	59.44	110.97
2021	9.44	68.91	18.18	22.92	119.45	76.15	126.69	59.41	109.95
2022	9.99	65.57	18.03	23.05	116.64	76.15	127.22	28.95	110.02
2023	9.95	67.38	17.79	22.99	118.11	78.17	128.9	65.33	116.03

Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2020

Net assessed valuation	\$421,333,455
Debt limit (a)	\$42,133,346
Applicable bonds outstanding Inapplicable bonds outstanding (b)	\$33,509,700 \$19,680,300
Legal debt margin	\$8,623,646

- (a) Article 10, Section 26 of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma limits municipal debt to 10% of net assessed valuation for certain types of general obligation bonds.
- (b) Per article 10, section 27 of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma, there is not a limit on the amount of General Obligation bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, or reparing public utilities or streets.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt To Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Principal	In	terest (1)	To	otal Debt Service	Go	otal General overnmental penditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Government Expenditures
2013-14	\$ 1,400,000	\$	304,167	\$	1,704,167	\$	47,244,796	3.61%
2014-15	1,400,000		259,975		1,659,975		50,100,554	3.31%
2015-16	1,400,000		190,700		1,590,700		51,018,226	3.12%
2016-17	1,400,000		121,425		1,521,425		57,389,574	2.65%
2017-18	325,000		51,750		376,750		55,252,087	0.68%
2018-19	325,000		38,913		363,913		121,363,077	0.30%
2019-20	325,000		1,137,260		1,462,260		63,456,178	2.30%
2020-21	1,695,000		1,311,923		3,006,923		91,052,966	3.30%
2021-22	1,785,000		1,445,485		3,230,485		95,469,221	3.38%
2022-23	2,210,000		1,508,623		3,718,623		78,170,870	4.76%

⁽¹⁾ Excludes bond issuance and other costs

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	As	sessed Value	Gro	oss Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Money Available	Net	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2013-14	54,371	\$	291,744,529	\$	5,500,000	\$ 1,373,216	\$	4,126,784	1.41%	76
2014-15	54,371		296,030,326		4,100,000	1,364,980		2,735,020	0.92%	50
2015-16	54,371		304,059,153		2,700,000	1,392,720		1,307,280	0.43%	24
2016-17	54,371		330,156,570		1,300,000	189,868		1,110,132	0.34%	20
2017-18	54,371		341,997,736		975,000	131,132		843,868	0.25%	16
2018-19	54,371		352,794,185		37,900,000	591,553		37,308,447	10.58%	686
2019-20	54,371		361,418,461		44,125,000	1,883,084		42,241,916	11.69%	777
2020-21	58,409		376,844,043		5,148,500	2,447,665		49,037,335	13.01%	840
2021-22	58,409		398,116,367		55,400,000	2,776,091		52,623,909	13.22%	901
2022-23	58,409		421,333,455		53,190,000	2,993,933		50,196,067	11.91%	859

Revenue Bond and Note Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gro	ss Revenues	ect Operating Expenses	 et Revenue ilable for Debt Service	rage Annual	Debt Service Coverage
2013-14	\$	28,567,824	\$ 9,583,902	\$ 18,983,922	\$ 6,517,879	2.91
2014-15		28,465,993	9,581,604	18,884,389	6,517,879	2.90
2015-16		28,685,573	11,425,998	17,259,575	6,517,879	2.65
2016-17		28,580,650	9,823,029	18,757,621	6,517,879	2.88
2017-18		28,790,824	9,797,575	18,993,249	6,517,879	2.91
2018-19		29,537,013	10,020,017	19,516,996	6,501,399	3.00
2019-20		30,228,859	10,306,604	19,922,255	6,501,467	3.06
2020-21		33,756,172	10,639,024	23,117,148	6,253,642	3.70
2021-22		35,077,228	11,822,509	23,254,719	6,253,642	3.72
2022-23		37,388,940	12,886,782	24,502,158	6,254,542	3.92

Demographic Statistics

		Population
		Percent
Year	Population	Change
1950	10,166	0.00%
1960	36,058	254.69%
1970	48,212	33.71%
1980	49,559	2.79%
1990	52,267	5.46%
2000	54,088	3.48%
2010	54,371	0.52%
2020	58,409	7.43%

Population is taken from US Census conducted every 10 years.

New Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Commercial Construction			Resident	ial Co			
	Number of			Number				
Fiscal Year	Units		Value	of Units	Value		Total Construction	
2013-14	8	\$	6,398,000	69	\$	11,878,466	\$	18,276,466
2014-15	15		6,748,210	103		16,365,722		23,113,932
2015-16	26		69,362,500	126		23,727,017		93,089,517
2016-17	14		22,360,831	94		14,092,784		36,453,615
2017-18	195		26,137,283	19		28,127,450		54,264,733
2018-19	32		48,395,772	160		23,481,840		71,877,612
2019-20	17		10,777,000	133		22,503,689		33,280,689
2020-21	10		6,725,000	96		16,435,218		23,160,218
2021-22	14		8,755,000	88		20,621,218		29,376,218
2022-23	23		22,879,000	135		27,537,295		50,416,295

June 30, 2021

Date of Incorporation	1943
Form of government	Council-manager
Square miles in city limits	24.37
Miles of streets	794.38 lane miles
Education	
Number of primary schools	6
Number of secondary schools	2
Number of High schools	2
Number of colleges	1
Number of Vo-Techs	1
Police Protection	
Number of officers	99
Fire Protection	
Number of stations	6
Number of headquarters	1
Number of personnel per shift	26
Number of personner per strict	20
Public Works	
Water storage capacity (millions of gallons)	9.65
Miles of water lines	301.29
Miles of sanitary sewer lines	291.96

Miscellaneous Statistics, Continued June 30, 2021

City Employees

	Full Time
Fiscal Year	Government
2013-14	489
2014-15	477
2015-16	472
2016-17	470
2017-18	471
2018-19	478
2019-20	485
2021-21	467
2021-21	482
2022-23	485

Miscellaneous Statistics, Continued June 30, 2021 City Water Usage (Gallons)

		Average
Fiscal Year	Annual Usage	Daily Usage
2012-13	1,902,831,000	5,213,236
2013-14	1,699,549,985	4,656,301
2014-15	1,604,378,570	4,395,558
2015-16	1,778,171,000	4,871,701
2016-17	2,193,795,000	6,010,397
2017-18	1,993,392,000	5,461,348
2018-19	1,695,978,000	4,646,515
2019-20	1,900,570,000	5,207,041
2020-21	1,894,847,000	5,191,362
2021-22	1,943,554,000	5,324,805
2022-23	1,965,251,000	5,384,249

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2023

JUNE 30, 2023	<u>PAGE</u>
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES:	
Reports related to financial statements of the reporting entity Required by GAO Government Auditing Standards:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Reports related to Federal Assistance Programs Required by the Uniform Guidance:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	2
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	5
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	7
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	8
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Ouestioned Costs	10



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Midwest City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Midwest City, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edmond, Oklahoma January 5, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Midwest City, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Midwest City, Oklahoma (the "City"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edmond, Oklahoma January 5, 2024



CITY OF MIDWEST CITY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Award Information	Assistance Listing #	Pass-Through Entity Name	Pass-Through Entity #	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures (\$)
CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster					(1)
Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants					
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218			B-21-MC-40-0005B-21- MC-40-0005 B-22-MC-40-0005B-22-	\$ 199,733
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218			MC-40-0005 B-20-MW-40-0005B-20-	273,754
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218			MW-40-0005	44,550
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction					518,037 518,037 518,037
righway Flanning and Construction		Assoc. of Central Oklahoma			
Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation	20.205	Governments		Air Quality Small Grant	1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360
State and Community Highway Safety					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Oklahoma Highway Safety Office Oklahoma Highway Safety	PT-22-03-17-19		17,931
State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation	20.600	Office	PT-23-03-21-20		32,208 50,139 50,139
Total Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster Other Programs (Treated individually for major program					50,139
determination)					
Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non- Entitlement Grants in Hawaii					
Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Total Community Development Block Grants/State's program	14.228	Oklahoma Department of Commerce		ODOC Community Dev Block Grant COVID R2	654,192
and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Home Investment Partnerships Program					654,192
		Oklahoma Housing Finance			
Home Investment Partnerships Program Total Home Investment Partnerships Program Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.239	Agency		19-HOME-1631	10,000 10,000 664,192
United States Department of Justice					/
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	City of Oklahoma City			9,515
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total United States Department of Justice					9,515 9,515

CITY OF MIDWEST CITY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Award Information	Assistance Listing #	Pass-Through Entity Name	Pass-Through Entity #	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures (\$)
Department of the Treasury					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Department of the Treasury	21.027			American Rescue Plan Act SLFRF	1,727,396 1,727,396 1,727,396
Department of Homeland Security					1,727,000
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially	97.036	Oklahoma Department of Civil Emergency Management	PA-06-OK-4575-PW	October 2020 Ice Storm	285,543
Declared Disasters)					285,543
Emergency Management Performance Grants					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Oklahoma Department of Civil Emergency Management		Emergency Performance Grant 2021	15,000
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Oklahoma Department of Civil Emergency Management Oklahoma Department of		Emergency Performance Grant 2022	15,000
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Civil Emergency Management Oklahoma Department of		Emergency Performance CTAR Grant	695
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Emergency Management Oklahoma Department of		EMPG-ARPA Water Pallet	447
Emergency Management Performance Grants Total Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Emergency Management		EMPG-ARPA Generator	10,000 41,142
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)					
				Staffing for Adequate Fire &	
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Total Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083			Emergency Response 18	21,398 21,398
(SAFER) Total Department of Homeland Security Total Other Programs (Treated individually for major program					348,083
determination) Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					2,749,186 \$ 3,318,722

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) includes the federal award activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C—SUBRECIPIENTS

During the year end June 30, 2023, the City did not provide federal awards to subrecipients.

NOTE D—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated the effects of all subsequent events from June 30, 2023, through January 5, 2024, the date the SEFA was available to be issued, for potential recognition or disclosure in this SEFA. The City is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the SEFA.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2023

Section I--Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial statements		
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were in accordance with GAAP:	Unmod	lified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodif	ìed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	X no
Identification of major federal programs:		
Program Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	Feder	al AL Number 21.027
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	Ş	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	<u>X</u> no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS--Continued

JUNE 30, 2023

Section II--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

A. Internal control

No matters were reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

A. Internal control

No matters were reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters were reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2023

Section II--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

A. Internal control

No matters were reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

A. Internal control

No matters were reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters were reported.