

# **TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**

## **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

### **AUDITED BY:**

Robert St. Pierre CPA, PC  
Certified Public Accountant  
1113 North Second St.  
Stilwell, Oklahoma 74960

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**INDEPENDENT**

**AUDITOR'S**

**REPORTS**

# ROBERT ST. PIERRE, C.P.A., P.C.

***Certified Public Accountant***

1113 N. Second Street  
Stilwell, Oklahoma 74960  
Phone: (918) 696-4983  
Fax: (918) 696-4867

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Town Council  
Town of Gore, Oklahoma  
Gore, Oklahoma

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Gore, Oklahoma (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Gore, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee

that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

##### *Other Information*

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Federal and State Assistance but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated **February 13, 2025**, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Very truly yours,

*Robert St. Pierre*

Robert St. Pierre C.P.A., P.C.  
Stilwell, Oklahoma  
**February 13, 202**

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE**

**FINANCIAL**

**STATEMENTS**

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</u>	<u>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 367,085	\$ 372,537	\$ 739,622
Restricted Cash	230,929	69,408	300,337
Certificates of Deposit	167,966	234,955	402,921
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<u>765,980</u>	<u>676,900</u>	<u>1,442,880</u>
<b>NONCURRENT ASSETS:</b>			
<b>CAPITAL ASSETS:</b>			
Non-depreciable Assets	-	6,500	6,500
Construction In Progress	-	83,390	83,390
Depreciable	2,031,909	5,515,176	7,547,085
Total Capital Assets	2,031,909	5,605,066	7,636,975
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,153,128)	(2,416,046)	(3,569,174)
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS</b>	<u>878,781</u>	<u>3,189,020</u>	<u>4,067,801</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>\$ 1,644,761</u>	<u>\$ 3,865,920</u>	<u>\$ 5,510,681</u>
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
Payroll Liabilities	\$ 3,660	\$ 2,641	\$ 6,301
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	6,558	6,558
Current Portion of Non-Current Liabilities	-	169,000	169,000
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<u>3,660</u>	<u>178,199</u>	<u>181,859</u>
Meter Deposits Payable	-	22,700	22,700
Non-Current Liabilities	-	679,251	679,251
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>701,951</u>	<u>701,951</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<u>3,660</u>	<u>880,150</u>	<u>883,810</u>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	878,781	2,340,769	3,219,550
Restricted	230,929	69,408	300,337
Unrestricted	531,391	575,593	1,106,984
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<u>\$ 1,641,101</u>	<u>\$ 2,985,770</u>	<u>\$ 4,626,871</u>

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	
		CHARGES FOR SERVICES	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>						
General Government	\$ 749,332	\$ 287,033	\$ 200,810	\$ (261,489)	\$ -	\$ (261,489)
Court Fund	55,281	-	-	(55,281)	-	(55,281)
Police	306,146	-	-	(306,146)	-	(306,146)
Fire	32,564	-	-	(32,564)	-	(32,564)
Parks	77,223	-	-	(77,223)	-	(77,223)
Public Safety	92,107	-	-	(92,107)	-	(92,107)
Street	36,607	-	-	(36,607)	-	(36,607)
<b>TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>\$ 1,349,260</b>	<b>\$ 287,033</b>	<b>\$ 200,810</b>	<b>\$ (861,417)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (861,417)</b>
<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>						
Water and Sewer	1,015,314	786,253	190,573	-	(38,488)	\$ (38,488)
<b>TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>1,015,314</b>	<b>786,253</b>	<b>190,573</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(38,488)</b>	<b>(38,488)</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 2,364,574</b>	<b>\$ 1,073,286</b>	<b>\$ 391,383</b>	<b>\$ (861,417)</b>	<b>\$ (38,488)</b>	<b>\$ (899,905)</b>

**GENERAL REVENUES:**

Sales Tax	\$ 774,464	\$ -	\$ 774,464
Use Tax	156,706	-	156,706
Franchise Tax	39,956	-	39,956
Alcoholic Beverage & Tobacco Tax	17,130	-	17,130
Motor Vehicle & Gas Tax	8,860	-	8,860
Fines	21,900	-	21,900
Miscellaneous	36,272	-	36,272
Interest Income	8,794	11,872	20,666
<b>TRANSFERS IN (Note 5)</b>	<b>(372,647)</b>	<b>301,220</b>	<b>(71,427)</b>
<b>TRANSFERS OUT (Note 5)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS</b>	<b>691,435</b>	<b>313,092</b>	<b>1,004,527</b>
<b>CHANGE IN NET ASSETS</b>	<b>(169,982)</b>	<b>274,604</b>	<b>104,622</b>
<b>NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>1,811,083</b>	<b>2,711,166</b>	<b>4,522,249</b>
<b>NET POSITION END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 1,641,101</b>	<b>\$ 2,985,770</b>	<b>\$ 4,626,871</b>



**FUND**

**FINANCIAL**

**STATEMENTS**

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	GENERAL	STREET & ALLEY	OTHER NON-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<b>ASSETS:</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 367,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 367,085
Restricted Cash	-	137,623	93,306	230,929
Certificate of Deposit	167,966	-	-	167,966
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 535,051</b>	<b>\$ 137,623</b>	<b>\$ 93,306</b>	<b>\$ 765,980</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>				
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>				
Payroll Liabilities	\$ 3,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,660
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>3,660</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,660</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>				
Reserved	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	531,391	137,623	93,306	762,320
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>531,391</b>	<b>137,623</b>	<b>93,306</b>	<b>762,320</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 535,051</b>	<b>\$ 137,623</b>	<b>\$ 93,306</b>	<b>\$ 765,980</b>

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds**  
**Modified Cash Basis**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

<b>Fund balances--total governmental funds</b>	\$762,320
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of  
Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the government funds. The Cost of Assets is \$2,031,909 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,153,128.	<u>878,781</u>
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<b>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</b>	<u><u>\$1,641,101</u></u>
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**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<b>General</b>	<b>Street &amp; Alley</b>	<b>Other Non-Major</b>	<b>Government Funds</b>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Sales Tax	\$ 685,156	\$ 89,308	\$ -	\$ 774,464
Use Tax	156,706			156,706
Franchise Taxes	39,956	-	-	39,956
Alcoholic Beverage & Tobacco Tax	17,130	-	-	17,130
Motor Vehicle & Gas Tax	7,140	1,720	-	8,860
Interest	8,356	250	188	8,794
Other	28,706		7,567	36,273
Fines	-	-	21,900	21,900
Charges for Services	261,632	-	25,401	287,033
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,204,782</b>	<b>91,278</b>	<b>55,056</b>	<b>1,351,116</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
General Government	703,142	-	-	703,142
City Clerk	-	-	55,281	55,281
Police	306,146	-	-	306,146
Fire	35,370	-	-	35,370
Parks		-	51,618	51,618
Public Safety	92,108	-	-	92,108
Street	-	9,269	-	9,269
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>1,136,766</b>	<b>9,269</b>	<b>106,899</b>	<b>1,252,934</b>
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	<b>68,016</b>	<b>82,009</b>	<b>(51,843)</b>	<b>98,182</b>
<b>Other Financing Sources &amp; (Uses)</b>				
Transfers In	-	(48,917)	-	(48,917)
Grants	200,810	-	-	200,810
Transfers Out	(323,730)	-	-	(323,730)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources And (Uses)</b>	<b>(122,920)</b>	<b>(48,917)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(171,837)</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	<b>(54,904)</b>	<b>33,092</b>	<b>(51,843)</b>	<b>(73,655)</b>
<b>Fund Balances--Beginning</b>	<b>586,295</b>	<b>104,531</b>	<b>145,149</b>	<b>835,975</b>
<b>Fund Balances--Ending</b>	<b>\$ 531,391</b>	<b>\$ 137,623</b>	<b>\$ 93,306</b>	<b>\$ 762,320</b>

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures,**  
**and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities**  
**Modified Cash Basis**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

<b>TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</b>	\$	(73,654)
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**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of  
Net Assets are different because:**

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$18,732 as reported in government funds was less than the depreciation expense totaling \$115,059		(96,327)
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The issuance of long-term debt (capital lease obligations) provides current financial resources to the government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds.

**Debt issued or incurred**

Capital Lease Obligations

**Principal Repayments**

Capital Lease Obligations

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<b>CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>	\$	(169,981)
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**PROPRIETARY FUND**

**FINANCIAL**

**STATEMENTS**

**TOWN OF GORE OKLAHOMA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GORE PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**ASSETS**

**CURRENT ASSETS**

Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 372,537	
Certificate of Deposit	234,955	
Restricted Cash	69,407	
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>676,899</u>

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

Land	6,500	
Construction In Progress	83,390	
Original Cost Fixed Assets	5,515,176	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(2,416,046)</u>	
		<u>3,189,020</u>

**TOTAL ASSETS**

\$ 3,865,919

**LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**

**CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Payroll Taxes Payable	\$ 2,641	
Accrued Interest	6,558	
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	169,000	
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>178,199</u>

**NONCURRENT LIABILITIES**

Customer Meter Deposits	22,700	
Long Term Debt	<u>679,251</u>	
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>701,951</u>

**TOTAL LIABILITIES**

880,150

**NET POSITION**

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,340,769	
Restricted	69,407	
Unrestricted	<u>575,593</u>	
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>		<u>2,985,769</u>

**TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**

\$ 3,865,919

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GORE PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**OPERATING REVENUES**

Charges for Services	\$ 778,450	
Miscellaneous	7,800	
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES</b>		<u>\$ 786,250</u>

**OPERATING EXPENSES**

Payroll	273,253	
Payroll Taxes & Benefits	35,619	
Water Chemicals & Testing	117,799	
Operations and Maintenance	79,851	
Fuel	12,328	
Bank Charges	2,914	
Training	231	
Professional Fees	16,090	
Dues & Subscriptions	12,931	
Other Expenses	5,320	
Repairs & Maintenance	1,406	
Travel	1,257	
Telephone	5,361	
Utilities	30,322	
Trash Payments to Town	177,362	
Office Supplies	3,894	
Supplies	26,086	
Depreciation	170,907	
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		<u>972,931</u>

**OPERATING INCOME** (186,681)

**NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)**

Interest Income	11,872	
Grants	190,573	
Interest Expense	(42,380)	

**TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)** 160,065

**NET INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS** (26,616)

**TRANSFERS**

Transfers In (Out)	<u>301,220</u>
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**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 274,604

**BEGINNING OF YEAR NET POSITION** 2,711,165

**END OF YEAR NET POSITION** \$ 2,985,769



**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**GORE PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS**

Cash Received from Customers	\$ 778,451	
Other Cash Receipts	7,800	
Cash Payments from Suppliers	(496,327)	
Cash Payments to Employees, Taxes and Benefits	(308,872)	
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		<u>(18,948)</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Grant Income	190,573	
Transfers In Net of Transfers Out	301,220	
<b>NET CASH USED FOR NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<u>491,793</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Investment in Fixed Assets	(223,640)	
Retirement of Long Term Debt	(155,750)	
Interest Expense	(42,380)	
<b>NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<u>(421,770)</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

Interest Income	11,872	
Increase in CD's	(8,527)	
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		<u>3,345</u>

**CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

54,420

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year**

387,525

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of Year**

\$ 441,945

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH  
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Operating Income	(186,681)	
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	170,907	
Net change in Assets and Liabilities		
Payroll Taxes Payable	(3,174)	
Customer Deposits Payable	-	
Accrued Leave	-	
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>		<u><u>\$ (18,948)</u></u>

**FINANCIAL**

**STATEMENT**

**NOTES**

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Town of Gore, Oklahoma (the "Town") accounting policies and financial statement presentation conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents, and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles and are recommended by the Government Financial Officers Association (GFOA) small government annual financial report model. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets, and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received by not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities, including pension liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted by GASB, the government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental funds would utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and the proprietary funds would utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

**Exceptions to the modified cash basis of reporting are as follows:**

The Town reports all fixed assets as capitalized assets provided the cost is in excess of the capitalization policy.

The Town reports all payroll-related liabilities.

The Town also reports long-term debt in their fiduciary funds as well as a liability for meter deposits of the customers.

The more significant accounting policies established in the modified cash basis of accounting and used by the Town as well as a further description of departures from governmental GAAP are discussed below:

**Reporting Entity**

The Town of Gore, Oklahoma is incorporated and operates under a statutory Town form of government as directed by Title 11 of the Oklahoma statutes. The duties of the mayor are set forth in Title 11 and the Town is governed by five Trustees each representing a ward within the Town. Major operations include police and fire protection, parks and recreation, public works, sanitation and streets, and general administrative services.

These financial statements present the activities of the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Town's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government.

In evaluating how to define the Town of Gore, Oklahoma, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the Town and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic

boundaries of the Town and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Town is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Component units may be presented as either a blended component unit or a discretely presented component unit. A blended component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria. In addition, the blended component unit's governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Town Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the Town. The component unit's funds are blended into those of the Town by appropriate fund type to constitute the primary government presentation. A discretely presented component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria but does not meet the criteria for blending.

### **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are normally prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, but the Town of Gore presentation is on a modified cash basis.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position displays information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Town that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the governmental and business-type activities at year-end on a modified cash basis. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental activities and for the business type activities of the Town. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

**Fund Financial Statements** – During the year, the Town segregates transactions related to certain Town functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Town at this more detailed level. The focus of government and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds, each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting** – The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are three types of funds, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The Town does not have any fiduciary funds at year end.

**Government Funds** - are used to account for the government's general government activities. The Town of Gore presents its governmental activities on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP requires that governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under that basis of accounting, revenues would be recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. GAAP provides that all revenues are available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Using GAAP, expenditures would be recorded when the fund liability is incurred with certain exceptions (general long-term debt and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments). The Town of Gore records governmental fund expenditures as they are paid

rather than when the obligation is incurred and revenues when they are received.

Sales and use taxes, cigarette-taxes, gasoline excise taxes, and motor vehicle taxes collected and held by the state and county at year-end on behalf of the Town are susceptible to accrual under GAAP but are not recognized as revenue until received under the modified cash basis. Other receipts and taxes (franchise taxes, licenses, etc.) are recognized as revenue when received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenue are recorded at the time of receipt. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, and all other grant requirements have been met.

The following are the Town's major funds:

- **General Fund** — The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **Special Revenue Funds** — Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes or designated to finance functions of the Town.

The Town's proprietary funds, the Gore Public Works Authority (GPWA) financial statements, include water and sewer.

The Town does not have any fiduciary activities or internal service funds.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. For GAAP purposes, these funds are generally accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. In the Town's modified cash basis financial statements revenues are recorded when received and expenditures are recorded when paid apart from customer meter deposits which the Town records as a modification to the cash basis of accounting.

**Gore Public Works Authority (GPWA)** - The Gore Public Works Authority accounts for the operations of providing water works (water, sewer, and trash) to the Town residents.

### **Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity**

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Oklahoma statutes authorize the Town to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the Town can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless law expressly prohibits such an investment.

For financial statement presentation and for purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with maturity date of three months or less. Debt instruments with a maturity date of more than three months from date of issue are considered to be investments. Investments are stated at cost.

#### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Town's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The Town's estimates of the fair value of all financial instruments do not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying financial statements; however, accounts receivable and accounts payable are not reflected in the financial statements because of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks, streetlights, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in

the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value as of the date of the donation. It is the Town's policy to capitalize and depreciate all asset purchases over \$5,000.

The costs of normal maintenance are repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materiality extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<b>Class Life</b>
Buildings	40 yrs.
Vehicles	5 yrs.
Equipment	7 yrs.
Infrastructure	40 yrs.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting, under the modified accrual approach, requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

**Compensated Absences**

During fiscal year 2023, the Town changed its policy and going forward all leave must be used, or the employee loses it. For future years, there will be no liability recorded for accrued compensation.

**Long-Term Obligations**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Therefore, long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

**Net Position/Fund Balance**

In the government-wide financial statement, the net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on its use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, granters, laws, or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments, or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), granters, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by acting similar to that which imposed the commitment. The Town ordinance is the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town.

**Assigned** fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

### **Resource Use Policy**

It is in the Town's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the Town considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the Town's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the Town considers committed amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

### **NOTE 2: BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The Town uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the Town to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. The Town Council adopts the budget.
4. The Town Clerk, with approval, is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council.
5. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

Revenues shall be classified separately by source. Expenditures shall be departmentalized within each fund and shall be classified into at least the following accounts: Personal services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlays, and debt service, and transfers.

The Town prepares an annual operating budget for its General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Proprietary Funds.

The Town prepares its budget on the same basis of accounting as is used to prepare its non-budgetary financial statements.

**NOTE 3: BANK DEPOSITS**

The Town's bank account balances as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	<b><u>Town of Gore</u></b>	<b><u>GPWA</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 424,316	\$ 372,537	\$ 796,853
Restricted Cash	173,698	69,408	243,106
Certificates of Deposit	167,966	234,955	402,921
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 765,980</u>	<u>\$ 676,900</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,880</u>

At June 30, 2024, the total amount of the Town's bank accounts were insured by FDIC insurance.

**NOTE 4: RESTRICTED ASSETS – CASH**

Restricted cash represents amounts maintained in separate bank accounts for the purpose of segregating funds. Restricted cash consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	<b><u>Amount</u></b>
<b>Government Funds</b>	
Street & Alley	\$ 137,623
Other Non-Major Funds	93,306
<b>Public Works</b>	
Customer Meter Deposits	69,408
<b>Total Restricted Cash</b>	<u>\$ 300,337</u>

**NOTE 5: INTER-FUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS**

	<b><u>Transfers In</u></b>	<b><u>Transfers Out</u></b>
Governmental Funds		
General	\$ -	\$ 323,730
Fire Dept	71,427	-
Police Payroll	-	-
Public Safety	-	-
Street & Alley	-	48,917
Gore Public Works Authority	301,220	-
Totals	<u>\$ 372,647</u>	<u>\$ 372,647</u>

Throughout the course of the year, the Town makes occasional inter-fund transfers. The transfers are normally approved so that the funds receiving the money can continue to operate. Major transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of transfers of sales tax to pay for debt service and fixed assets purchased with grant funds and used in the public works authority.



**NOTE 6: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Town and Gore Public Works Authority to credit risk consist primarily of the accounts receivable of Gore Public Works Authority. Gore Public Works Authority sells primarily to citizens in and around Gore, Oklahoma.

**NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town is exposed to various levels of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance along with policies through Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group for risk loss.

There has been no significant reduction in the Town's insurance coverage from the previous year. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of the Town's coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

**NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT****Gore Public Works Authority**

<b>Payable To:</b>	<b>Date Note Matures</b>	<b>Collateral Pledged</b>	<b>Rate of Interest</b>	<b>Original Balance</b>	<b>Balance at 6/30/2024</b>
2014 Series Bonds	5/1/2029	Revenues	3.69%	\$ 1,710,000	\$ 683,540
2016 Series Bonds	10/1/2031	Revenues	3.84%	655,000	164,711
				<u>\$ 2,365,000</u>	<u>\$ 848,251</u>

The total future scheduled maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Years ending June 30:

	<b>PRINCIPAL</b>	<b>INTEREST</b>
Current Portion	\$ 169,000	\$ 29,791
2026	176,000	23,377
2027	183,000	16,794
2028	166,711	9,878
2029	145,000	4,059
2030	8,540	800
<b>TOTAL</b>	<u>\$ 848,251</u>	<u>\$ 84,699</u>

**NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES****Grant Programs**

The Town participates in the certain federal and state grant programs as available. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The monetary number of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time. Although, it is believed by the Town that the amount, if any, would not be significant.

**Litigation**

At the report date, the Town of Gore was not aware of any pending or threatened lawsuits and had not hired an attorney to represent them in any suits.

**NOTE 10: INSURANCE COVERAGE**

The Town purchases commercial insurance policies covering property casualty loss, public liability, board member and administrator liability, and worker's compensation. The Town also purchases surety bonds for employees in all positions required by state law to be bonded.

**NOTE 11: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY**

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	<b>Balance June 30, 2023</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Reductions</b>	<b>Balance June 30, 2024</b>
Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 39,545	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,545
Construction in Progress	33,490	-	-	33,490
Buildings and Building Improvements	118,779	18,732	-	137,511
Comprehensive Street Project	546,759	-	-	546,759
Heavy Equipment	78,720	-	-	78,720
Sports Complex	273,734	-	-	273,734
Equipment Sports Complex	7,990	-	-	7,990
Community Center	327,452	-	-	327,452
Ray Fine Park	238,133	-	-	238,133
Equipment	348,575	-	-	348,575
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 2,013,177</u>	<u>\$ 18,732</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,031,909</u>
<i>Less: Accumulated Depreciation</i>				
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ 93,121	\$ 13,000	\$ -	\$ 106,121
Comprehensive Street Project	92,379	27,338	-	119,717
Heavy Equipment	35,617	13,794	-	49,411
Sports Complex	239,291	-	-	239,291
Equipment Sports Complex	46,792	22,800	-	69,592
Community Center	120,594	-	-	120,594
Ray Fine Park	94,123	-	-	94,123
Equipment	316,151	38,128	-	354,279
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,038,068</u>	<u>115,060</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,153,128</u>
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 975,109</u>	<u>\$ (96,328)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 878,781</u>

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 21,907
Police	40,551
Parks	22,800
Street	27,338
Fire	2,464
Total Depreciation from Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 115,060</u>

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 6,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,500
Water Plant Improvements	4,318,672	122,750	-	4,441,422
Automobiles	141,203	-	-	141,203
Equipment	236,889	17,500	-	254,389
Sewer Improvements	678,162			678,162
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$ 5,381,426	\$ 140,250	\$ -	\$ 5,521,676
<i>Less: Accumulated Depreciation</i>				
Water Plant Improvements	\$ 1,526,484	\$ 103,712	\$ -	\$ 1,630,196
Automobiles	118,517	11,612	-	130,129
Equipment	169,037	16,324	-	185,361
Sewer Improvements	431,101	39,259	-	470,360
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,245,139	170,907	-	2,416,046
Business-Type Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,136,287	\$ (30,657)	\$ -	\$ 3,105,630

## NOTE 12: PENSION PLANS

### **Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund – Defined Benefit**

The town contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees. The plan is a multiple employer – defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from the OkMRF or their website: [www.okmrf.org/reports.html](http://www.okmrf.org/reports.html). Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, 48-101-102.

### **Schedule of Retirement Plan Contributions – OMRF**

**Plan Description** – The Town contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer – defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: [www.okmrf.org/reports.html](http://www.okmrf.org/reports.html). Benefits are established or amended by the Town Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town’s plan and additions to/deductions from the Town’s fiduciary net position have been determined on the cash basis.

### *Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions*

**As of July 1, 2023**

<u>Provision</u>	<u>OkMRF Plan</u>
<b>Eligible to participate</b>	All Regular full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.
<b>Probationary Period</b>	None

<b>Employee Contributions</b>	3.75% of pay
<b>Service</b>	
Credited Service	The last period of continuous employment with employer excluding any periods before 11/01/1992.
Vesting	Credited Service plus transferred service from other OKMRF employers.
<b>Benefit Eligibility</b>	7 or more year of vesting service.
<b>Final Average Compensation</b>	The average of the 5 highest consecutive years of salaries out of the last 10 years of service.
<b>Accrued Benefit</b>	Plan BB, 2.25% of final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service.
<b>Normal Retirement Age</b>	Age 65 with 7 or more years of service.
<b>Normal Retirement</b>	
Eligibility	Termination of employment on or after normal retirement age.
Benefit	The accrued benefit payable immediately.
<b>Early Retirement</b>	
Eligibility	Termination after age 55 with 7 or more years of vesting service.
Benefit	The accrued benefit payable starting at normal retirement age, or the accrued benefit reduced 5% per year for commencement prior to normal retirement age.
<b>Disability Retirement</b>	
Eligibility	Total and permanent disability after 7 or more years of service.
Benefit	The accrued benefit is payable upon disablement without reduction for early retirement.
<b>Termination Before Retirement Age</b>	
Before Vesting	Return of employee contributions, if any, with interest.
After Vesting	The accrued benefit payable starting at normal retirement age, or a reduced benefit payable at an early retirement age.
<b>In-Service Death</b>	
Before Vesting	Return of employee contributions if any with interest.
After Vesting (Married Participants only)	50% of accrued benefit is payable to the spouse until death or remarriage.
After Vesting (other participants)	50% of the accrued benefit is payable for 5 years certain.
<b>Payment Options</b>	
Normal Form	The normal form of payment of the accrued benefit is a monthly lifetime annuity of 5 years certain.
Optional Forms	Disability retirement benefits are available under actuarially equivalent optional forms: -Joint and 50% survivor annuity -Joint and 66-2/3rds% last survivor annuity -Joint and 100% survivor annuity

## Cost of Living

This plan has not elected the automatic post-retirement cost of living adjustments.

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	27
Deferred Vested Former Employees	2
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	<u>6</u>
Total	<u>30</u>

**Contribution Requirements**-The Board of Trustees has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate.

### Actuarial Assumptions

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	July, 2023
a. Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
b. Rate of Return on Investments and Discount Rate	7.50%
c. Projected Salary Increase	Varies between 4.5% and 7.5% based on age
d. Post Retirement Cost-of-Living Increase	None.
e. Inflation Rate	2.75%
f. Mortality Table	Before Retirement (employee rates)  PubG-2010 (25%A/75%B) males PubG-2010 (50%A/50%B) females With projected mortality improvement  After Retirement (annuitant rates)  PubG-2010 (25%A/75%B) males PubG-2010 (50%A/50%B) females With projected mortality improvement
g. Percent of married employees	100%
h. Spouse age difference	3 years (female spouses younger)
i. Turnover	Select and ultimate rates  Ultimate rates are age-related as shown  Additional rates per thousand are  Added during the first 5 years:  Year 1: 225

Year 2:	140
Year 3:	100
Year 4:	70
Year 5:	40

**Discount Rate** – *The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.25% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.*

The Town has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%).

Management has chosen not to report the effects of any pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred out flows or pension assets on these financial statements, our opinion is modified due to this GAAP departure.

#### **NOTE 13: RENTAL INCOME**

In fiscal year 2021, the Town signed a lease agreement to rent space on its property for the purpose of installing and maintaining wireless communication equipment. The lessee pays the town \$525 per month. The lease expires January 1, 2038, with an option to renew it for six additional 5-year terms. Rental income for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$6,615.

#### **NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated and disclosed subsequent events up to **February 13, 2025**, the date of the audit report.

**SUPPLEMENTARY  
INFORMATION**

# ROBERT ST. PIERRE, C.P.A., P.C.

***Certified Public Accountant***

1113 N. Second Street  
Stilwell, Oklahoma 74960  
Phone: (918) 696-4983  
Fax: (918) 696-4867

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees  
Town of Gore, Oklahoma  
Gore, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Gore, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Gore, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated **February 13, 2025**.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Gore, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Gore, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Gore, Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-1, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Gore, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Town of Gore, Oklahoma's Response to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town of Gore, Oklahoma's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings



and questioned costs. Town of Gore, Oklahoma's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

**Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Very Truly Yours,

*Robert St. Pierre*

Robert St. Pierre, C.P.A., P.C.  
Stilwell, Oklahoma  
February 13, 2025

**TOWN OF GORE, OKLAHOMA**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**2024-1: Lack of Internal Control System and Segregation of Duties**

**Criteria:** Municipalities should develop an adequate internal control system to prevent or detect material misstatement or fraud in a timely manner with oversight of municipal employees. A good system of internal controls will include proper segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets, and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the Town's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

**Condition:** The same employee maintains the court billing system, performs reconciliations, and collects payments. An additional employee maintains the public works utility billing system, performs reconciliations, and collects payments. There are no compensating procedures or controls to provide for oversight or review of those transactions. This condition was also reported in 2023.

**Cause:** The Town's limited size and staffing resources have made it difficult for management to provide sufficient staffing to fully segregate incompatible duties in a cost-effective manner.

**Effect or Potential Effect:** Without internal controls and segregation of duties, the risk significantly increases that errors or fraud related to billing and collection activities, including misappropriation of assets, could occur and not be detected within a timely basis.

**Recommendation:** Management and the Town Council should consider a formal evaluation of their risks associated with this lack of duties segregation and establishing an adequate internal control structure for the Town.

**Responsible Official's Response:** The Town concurs with the recommendation and will strive to implement internal control procedures and compensating duties to help mitigate the risks associated with the lack of segregation of duties. This deficiency requires the Board of Trustees to remain actively involved in the day-to-day activities of the Town.

**Management's Response:** Management's response to the lack of segregation of duties is to stay actively involved to help ensure that financial statements are free of material errors or fraud. Management also remains committed to staying actively involved in the financial matters of the organization and consulting with their auditors and their CPA consultant whenever needed.

**TOWN OF GORE**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL & STATE AWARDS**  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

<b>Grantor / Pass- Through Grantor/ Program Title</b>	<b>AL Number</b>	<b>Contract Period</b>	<b>Contract Expenditures</b>
<b><u>FEDERAL ASSISTANCE</u></b>			
<u>Department of the Justice</u>			
COPS Hiring Program (CHP)	16.71	10/01/2022 9/30/2027	\$ 128,008
<b>TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE JUSTICE</b>			<u>128,008</u>
<b>TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE</b>			<u><u>\$ 128,008</u></u>
<b><u>STATE ASSISTANCE</u></b>			
Oklahoma Water Resource Board REAP Grant	N/A	5/01/2022 6/30/2023	2,823
Oklahoma Water Resource Board REAP Grant	N/A	5/01/2023 6/30/2024	40,000
<b>TOTAL OKLAHOMA WATER RESOURCES BOARD</b>			<u>42,823</u>
Attorney General's Safe Oklahoma Grant Program	N/A	7/1/2023 6/30/2024	10,000
Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food & Forestry Grant	N/A	7/1/2023 6/30/2024	72,802
<b>TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE</b>			<u><u>\$ 125,625</u></u>
<b>TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE</b>			<u><u>\$ 253,633</u></u>