City of Hugo, Oklahoma Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



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City Council

Ernest McCarty Darren Frazier Josh Armes Juanita Latimore Tina Bunn Mayor/Ward 2 Vice-Mayor/ At-Large Ward 1 Ward 3 Ward 4

Management

Leah L. Savage Debra Searcy Brittany Messer John A. Mitchell Ron Cloud Teshumbe Bills City Manager City Clerk City Treasurer Chief of Police Fire Chief Code Enforcement

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dwg, inc. Certified Public Accountant and Consultant

Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Hugo, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hugo as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hugo's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the aggregate nonmajor governmental funds and the aggregate nonmajor enterprise funds, of the City of Hugo, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, as displayed in the City of Hugo's basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, as well as of the aggregate nonmajor governmental funds, and the aggregate nonmajor enterprise funds, of the City of Hugo, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hugo and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

the City of Hugo's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hugo's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued [or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hugo's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hugo's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion on pages 7-12 and budgetary comparison information on pages 46-47 and Pension Liabilities on pages 48-49, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining proprietary fund statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining proprietary fund statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the

basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining proprietary fund statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2025 on our consideration of the City of Hugo's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.¹⁰ The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Hugo's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ANGINC DAMA MARAM

dwg, inc. David W. Gandall, CFE, CPA February 4, 2025

Management Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Hugo ("City") is pleased to provide this annual financial report to its citizens, taxpayers and other report users to demonstrate its accountability and communicate the City's financial condition and activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. Management of the City is responsible for the fair presentation of this annual report, for maintaining appropriate internal controls over financial reporting, and for complying with applicable laws, regulations, and provisions of grants and contracts.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$2,115,094 and the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2024, by \$26,982,094 (net position). Of this amount, the City had a \$6,157,488 unrestricted net position available to meet the government's ongoing needs.
- At June 30, 2024, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,264,533 or 34.7% of General Fund revenues for the year.

ABOUT THE CITY

The City of Hugo is a municipality with a population of approximately 5,174 located in Choctaw County in Southeast Oklahoma, about 9 miles north of the Texas state line. The City is governed by a five-member City Council chaired by the Mayor and operates under Oklahoma state laws and City ordinances.

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, street and alley maintenance, and through its Utilities Authority, certain utility services including water, wastewater, and sanitation.

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Hugo's City Council is financially accountable. These activities, defined as the City's financial reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the following separate legal entities:

- The City of Hugo an incorporated City established in 1901 that operates the public safety, streets and public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and administrative activities of the City – reported as part of the primary government as "governmental" activities.
- **The Hugo Municipal Authority (HMA)** a public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the water, wastewater, and sanitation services of the City *considered part of the primary government presentation for reporting purposes; reported as "business-type" activities.*
- **The Hugo Industrial Authority (HIA)** a public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to provide economic development services for the City *considered part of the primary government presentation for reporting purposes; reported as "business-type" activities.*

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Hugo (the "City") the Hugo Municipal Authority (the "HMA") and Hugo Industrial Authority ("HIA"). Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of the two categories of activities - governmental and business-type.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus. They present governmental activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's governmental funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Hugo's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Primary Government into two kinds of activities: *Governmental activities* - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, administration, and streets. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities; and *Business-type activities* – Activities where the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides are reported here. The City's water, sewer, and sanitation utilities are reported as business-type activities.

Reporting the City's Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund

financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds - When the City, through the HMA and HIA, charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported on an economic resources measurement focus. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 26-43 of this report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

For the year ended June 30, 2024, net position for the governmental and business-type activities increased \$2,115,094.

		Ne	t position at June 30,				
	Gover	nmental		ss-type			
	Act	vities	Activ	<u>vities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024*</u>	<u>2023*</u>	<u>2024*</u>	<u>2023*</u>	
Beginning net position	\$ 6,356,007	\$ 4,796,834	\$18,510,993	\$16,646,338	\$24,867,000	\$21,443,172	
Increase (decrease)	270,042	1,559,173	1,845,052	1,864,655	2,115,094	3,423,828	
Ending net position	\$ 6,626,049	\$ 6,356,007	\$20,356,045	\$18,510,993	\$26,982,094	\$24,867,000	
*restated							

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The following is a summary of net position for the City of Hugo as of June 30:

		mental		ss-type			
	Activ	<u>vities</u>	Activ	<u>vities</u>	<u>To</u>	otal	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023*</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023*</u>	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 2,838,023	\$ 2,455,872	\$ 7,767,097	\$ 8,468,619	\$10,605,120	\$10,924,491	
Capital assets, net	5,004,791	4,903,457	34,042,518	32,536,135	39,047,309	37,439,592	
Total assets	7,842,814	7,359,329	41,809,615	41,004,754	49,652,429	48,364,083	
Deferred outflows	3,088,516	3,813,051			3,088,516	3,813,051	
Liabilities:							
Short-term liabilities	546,454	219,930	430,671	663,226	977,125	883,156	
Long-term liabilities	2,061,190	1,958,530	21,022,899	21,830,535	23,084,089	23,789,065	
Total liabilities	2,607,644	2,178,460	21,453,570	22,493,761	24,061,214	24,672,221	
Deferred inflows	1,697,637	2,637,913	-	-	1,697,637	2,637,913	
Net position:							
Invested in capital assets, net	5,004,791	4,673,457	14,442,587	12,037,981	19,447,378	16,711,438	
Restricted	995,928	873,237	381,300	239,810	1,377,228	1,113,047	
Unrestricted	625,330	809,313	5,532,158	6,233,202	6,157,488	7,042,515	
Total net position *restated	\$ 6,626,049	\$ 6,356,007	\$20,356,045	\$18,510,993	\$26,982,094	\$24,867,000	

	Changes in N Year Ender	d Jur	ne 30,				
	Govern	mer	ntal		Busine	ss-ty	ype
	<u>Activ</u>	/ities	<u>5</u>		Activ	/itie	<u>s</u>
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 305,643	\$	370,220	\$	3,511,546	\$	3,584,162
Grants	580,543		422,689		1,759,753		1,966,138
General revenues:							
Sales and use tax	3,111,588		2,879,401		1,908,852		1,898,959
Other taxes	570,818		497,458		-		-
Other general revenues	 174,503		228,531	_	84,409		61,291
Total revenues	 4,743,095		4,398,299	_	7,264,560		7,510,550
Program expenses:							
General government	890,158		665,624		-		-
Parks and recreation	391,110		375,903		-		-
Public safety	3,106,460		2,091,585		-		-
Streets and alleys	764,004		706,578		-		-
Cemetery	214,015		204,602		-		-
Water	-		-		2,322,442		2,271,741
Sewer	-		-		1,641,227		1,595,347
Sanitation	-		-		253,569		241,935
Airport	-		-		289,434		308,314
Economic development	 -		-		20,142		23,392
Total expenses	 5,365,747		4,044,292		4,526,814		4,440,729
Transfer to (from)	 892,694		1,205,166		(892 <i>,</i> 694)		(1,205,166)
Increase in net position	 270,042		1,559,173		1,845,052		1,864,655
Beginning net position (restated)	 6,356,007		4,796,834		18,510,993		16,646,338
Ending net position	\$ 6,626,049	\$	6,356,007	\$	20,356,045	\$	18,510,993

Governmental Activities

The increase in net position related to governmental activities of \$270,042 included capital assets purchased with grant receipts and higher tax receipts, somewhat offset by higher expenses in all departments.

Business-type Activities

The increase of \$1,845,052 for business-type activities includes a grant from the Oklahoma Water Resources Board for an automated meter information system in the amount of \$1,158,860 and the receipt of \$183,762 from the US Department of Agriculture for improvements to the City's water treatment plant and \$253,756 from the Federal Aviation Administration for improvements to City's airport.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2024 fiscal year, Governmental Funds reported total fund balances of \$2,291,569. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Governmental Funds' total fund balances increased by \$53,710.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's general fund resources (inflows) were \$731,617, or 19.31% higher than budgeted which included unexpected grants of \$258,077 and higher sales and use tax revenue, somewhat offset by lower intergovernmental revenue. General fund charges to appropriations were \$317,690, or 7.42% higher than final appropriations.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2024, the City had approximately \$39.0 million in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Below are details regarding the City's capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024: **Capital Assets**

June 30,									
	Governmental Business-type								
	Act	<u>vities</u>	Acti	vities	<u>To</u>	tal			
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>			
Land	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 181,833	\$ 181,833	\$ 185,833	\$ 185 <i>,</i> 833			
Construction in progress	-	-	17,712,733	15,390,305	17,712,733	15,390,305			
Buildings and improvements	2,896,132	2,797,594	534,656	507,450	3,430,788	3,305,044			
Equipment and vehicles	2,857,092	2,667,660	1,184,094	930,307	4,041,186	3,597,967			
Utility systems	-	-	29,215,447	29,130,871	29,215,447	29,130,871			
Infrastructure	3,598,304	3,390,453	2,378,451	2,378,451	5,976,755	5,768,904			
Totals	9,355,528	8,859,707	51,207,214	48,519,217	60,562,742	57,378,924			
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,350,737)	(3,956,250)	(17,164,696)	(15,983,082)	(21,515,433)	(19,939,332)			
Totals, net	\$ 5,004,791	\$ 4,903,457	\$34,042,518	\$32,536,135	\$39,047,309	\$37,439,592			

This year's capital asset additions include the following:

- Extensive park improvements, including tennis and pickleball courts, skate park, and pool remodel
- The installation of an automated meter information system
- Continue work on the water treatment plant project
- Various sewer line improvements and relocations
- Completion of additional taxi lanes at the airport

Debt Administration

No new debt was issued in the current year. Debt activity was as follows:

E	Balance					Bal	ance	A	mount Due
June	e 30, 2023	<u>A</u>	ditions	De	eductions	June 3	0, 2024	Wit	hin One Year
\$	230,000		-	\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	-
\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	-
\$2	1,406,010	\$	-	\$	845,331	\$20,5	60,679	\$	1,083,598
\$2	1,406,010	\$	-	\$	845,331	\$20,5	60,679	\$	1,083,598
	<u>Jun</u> \$ \$ \$2	, ,	June 30, 2023 Addition \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$	June 30, 2023 Additions \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 21,406,010 \$ -	June 30, 2023 Additions Description \$ 230,000 - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 3 \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,5	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 30, 2024 \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,560,679	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 30, 2024 Wit \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,560,679 \$

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at 203 South Second, Hugo, OK 74743, 580-326-2722

<u>Basic Financial Statements – Statements of Net Position and</u> <u>Activities</u>

Statement of Net position – June 30, 2024

	Primary Government									
	Go	vernmental	Вι	usiness-type						
		Activities		Activities		Total				
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,878,550	\$	5,211,636	\$	7,090,186				
Restricted - cash and cash equivalents		391,951		2,015,617		2,407,568				
Receivables		508,277		506,745		1,015,022				
Grant receivable		26,146		-		26,146				
Prepaid expense		33,099		33,099		66,198				
Capital assets, net		5,004,791		34,042,518		39,047,309				
Total assets		7,842,814		41,809,615		49,652,429				
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred amounts related to pensions		3,088,516		-		3,088,516				
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		285,903		77,717		363,620				
Accrued payroll liabilities		260,551		18,536		279,087				
Accrued interest payable				56,055		56,055				
Meter deposits		-		429,876		429,876				
Net pension liability		1,977,384		-		1,977,384				
Compensated absences		83,806		32,344		116,150				
Unearned revenue		-		278,363		278,363				
Notes payable:				,						
Due within one year		-		1,083,598		1,083,598				
Due in more than one year		-		19,477,081		19,477,081				
Total liabilities		2,607,644		21,453,570		24,061,214				
						,				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred amounts related to pensions		1,697,637		-		1,697,637				
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets		5,004,791		14,442,587		19,447,378				
Restricted for:		005 000				005 000				
Special revenue		995,928		-		995,928				
Debt service		-		381,300		381,300				
Unrestricted		625,330		5,532,158		6,157,488				
Total net position	\$	6,626,049	\$	20,356,045	\$	26,982,094				

Statement of Activities – Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Pr	ogram Revenu	Jes		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in					Net Position
		Charges for	Capital	0	perating	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	<u>Grants</u>	9	<u>Grants</u>		Activities	4	Activities		<u>Total</u>
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 890,158	\$ 96,398	\$-	\$	-	\$	(793,760)	\$	-	\$	(793,760)
Parks and recreation	391,110	85,460	-		159,809		(145,841)		-		(145,841)
Public safety	3,106,460	86,545	98,265		322,469		(2,599,181)		-		(2,599,181)
Streets and alleys	764,004	-	-		-		(764,004)		-		(764,004)
Cemetery	214,015	37,240	-		-		(176,775)		-		(176,775)
Total governmental activities	5,365,747	305,643	98,265		482,278		(4,479,561)		-		(4,479,561)
Business-type activities											
Water	2,322,442	1,843,839	1,505,997		-		-		1,027,394		1,027,394
Sewer	1,641,227	992,288	-		-		-		(648,939)		(648,939)
Sanitation	253,569	476,962	-		-		-		223,393		223,393
Airport	289,434	191,582	253,756		-		-		155,904		155,904
Economic development	20,142	6,875	-		-		-		(13,267)		(13,267)
Total business-type activities	4,526,814	3,511,546	1,759,753		-		-		744,485		744,485
Total primary government	\$ 9,892,561	\$ 3,817,189	\$ 1,858,018	\$	482,278		(4,479,561)		744,485		(3,735,076)
	General reve	enues:									
	Taxes:										
	Sales and u	use tax					3,111,588		1,908,852		5,020,440
	Franchise a	and public serv	vice taxes				262,596		-		262,596
	Intergovern	mental reven	ue				308,222		-		308,222
	Investment	income					22,153		84,409		106,562
	Miscellaneo	ous					152,350		-		152,350
	Transfer						892,694		(892,694)		-
	0	eral revenues					4,749,603		1,100,567		5,850,170
	0	n net position					270,042		1,845,052		2,115,094
	•	 beginning (r 	estated)				6,356,007		18,510,993		24,867,000
	Net position	- ending				\$	6,626,049	\$	20,356,045	\$	26,982,094

CITY OF HUGO, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Basic Financial Statements – Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet – June 30, 2024

	MAJOR FUNDS					
			Special R	Revenue		Total
	General	Street and	Mount Olive	Special Police	Special Fire	Governmental
	Fund	Alley Fund	Cemetery Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ssets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,273,419	\$ 409,328	\$ 133,347	\$ 31,108	\$ 31,348	\$ 1,878,550
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,721	-	390,230	-	-	391,951
Receivables	458,517	-	-	-	75,906	534,423
Prepaid Expense	33,099	-	-		-	33,099
Total Assets	1,766,756	409,328	523,577	31,108	107,254	2,838,023
iabilities and fund balances:						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	247,125	38,778	-	-	-	285,903
Accrued payroll liabilities	255,098	5,453		-	-	260,551
Total liabilities	502,223	44,231	-	-	-	546,454
Fund Balances						
Restricted - special revenue Unrestricted	-	365,097	523,577	-	107,254	995,928
Assigned - spcial revenue	_	_	_	31,108	_	31,108
Unassigned	1,264,533			51,108	_	1,264,533
Unassignicu	1,204,333	-	-	-	-	1,204,555
Total fund balances	1,264,533	365,097	523,577	31,108	107,254	2,291,569

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –</u> <u>Year Ended June 30, 2024</u>

		MAJOR FUND	S	NON-MAJ	OR FUNDS	
			Special F	Revenue		Total
	General	Street and	Mount Olive	Special Police	Special Fire	Governmental
	Fund	Alley Fund	Cemetery Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 2,737,900	\$ 636,284	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,374,184
Intergovernmental	225,791	47,320	-	-	35,111	308,222
Licenses and permits	27,263	-	92	-	-	27,355
Charges for services	118,045	-	4,655	-	-	122,700
Fees and assessments	69,043	-	-	-	-	69,043
Fines and forfeitures	51,927	-	-	34,618	-	86,545
Grants	258,077	-	-	-	38,325	296,402
Investment income	7,902	1,547	12,585	42	77	22,153
Miscellaneous	143,077	6,479	430	1,651	710	152,347
Total Revenues	3,639,025	691,630	17,762	36,311	74,223	4,458,951
Expenditures:						
General government	808,660	-	-	-	-	808,660
Streets and alleys	-	590,473	-	-	-	590,473
Police	1,659,212	-	-	52,344	-	1,711,556
Fire	846,710	-	-	-	34,728	881,438
Cemetery	195,177	-	8,875	-	-	204,052
Nutrition	66,099	-	-	-	-	66,099
Parks and recreation	229,488	-	-	-	-	229,488
Capital outlay	550,794	-	6,500	8,250	-	565,544
Total expenditures	4,356,140	590,473	15,375	60,594	34,728	5,057,310
Excess (deficit) of revenues over						
expenditures	(717,115)	101,157	2,387	(24,283)	39,495	(598,359)
Other financing sources (uses):		,	,			
Transfers from (to) other funds	880,592	(10,192)	(385)	32,450	(9,771)	892,694
Principal and interest paid on debt	(240,625)	-	-	-	-	(240,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)	639,967	(10,192)	(385)	32,450	(9,771)	652,069
Net change in fund balance	(77,148)	90,965	2,002	8,167	29,724	53,710
Fund balance - beginning	1,341,681	274,132	521,575	22,941	77,530	2,237,859
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,264,533	\$ 365,097	\$ 523,577	\$ 31,108	\$ 107,254	\$ 2,291,569

CITY OF HUGO, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Fund Balance – Net Position Reconciliation:	
Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 2,291,569
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$9,355,528, net of accumulated depreciation of \$4,350,737 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	5,004,791
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current fund liabilities and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Pension related deferred outflows	3,088,516
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Long term debt Net pension asset (liability)	(83,806) - - (1,977,384)
Pension related deferred inflows	(1,697,637)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,626,049
Changes in Fund Balances – Changes in Net Position Reconciliation:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 53,710
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	565,544 (464,210)
	101,334
In the Statement of Activities, the net cost of pension benefits earned is calculated and reported as pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as pension expenditures. This amount represents the difference between pension contributions and calculated pension expense.	(405 508)
calculated pension expense On behalf payments made by the State for police and fire pensions	(405,508) 284,144
Governmental funds report debt payments as an other financing use while governmental activities record a reduction in the liability	
Change in compensated absences	4,445
Change in accrued interest Principal portion of debt payments	1,917 230,000
Principal portion of debt payments	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 270,042

Basic Financial Statements – Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2024

		Hugo Municipal Authority		Hugo Airport Fund		Hugo Industrial Authority		Total prietary Funds
ASSETS						<u> </u>		· ·
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,005,452	\$	115,158	\$	91,026	\$	5,211,63
Restricted cash		2,015,617		-		-		2,015,61
Accounts receivable, net		506,745		-		-		506,74
Grant receivable		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expense		33,099		-		-		33,09
Total current assets		7,560,913		115,158		91,026		7,767,09
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		31,850,665		2,064,759		127,094		34,042,51
Total assets		39,411,578		2,179,917		218,120		41,809,61
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		77,717				-		77,71
Payroll payable		17,508		1,028		-		18,53
Meter deposits payable, current		42,988				-		42,98
Accrued interest payable		56,055				-		56,05
Unearned revenue		278,363				-		278,36
Long term debt, current portion		1,083,598		-		-		1,083,59
Total current liabilities		1,556,229		1,028		-		1,557,25
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated absences		30,300		2,044		-		32,34
Meter deposits payable		386,888		-		-		386,88
Long term debt		19,477,081		-		-		19,477,08
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,894,269		2,044		-		19,896,31
Total liabilities		21,450,498		3,072		-		21,453,57
Net investment in capital assets		12,250,734		2,064,759		127,094		14,442,58
Restricted for:		,230,, 34		_,		127,004		1,1,2,30
Debt service		381,300		_		-		381,30
Unrestricted		5,329,046		112,086		91,026		5,532,15
Total net position	Ś	17,961,080	Ś	2,176,845	\$	218,120	\$	20,356,04

CITY OF HUGO, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Hugo Municipal Authority	Hugo Airport Fund	Hugo Industrial Authority	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating revenues:				
Charges for sales and services:				
Water	\$ 1,725,125	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,725,125
Sewer	992,288	-	-	992,288
Sanitation	476,962	-	-	476,962
Capital improvement fees	118,714	-	-	118,714
Aiport fuel sales and hangar rent	-	182,359	-	182,359
Other	-	9,223	6,875	16,098
Total operating revenues	3,313,089	191,582	6,875	3,511,546
Operating expenses:				
Costs of sales and services:				
Water	1,578,759	-	-	1,578,759
Sewer	898,969	-	-	898,969
Sanitation	253,569	-	-	253,569
Airport	-	205,841	-	205,841
Economic development	-	-	6,407	6,407
Depreciation	1,085,483	82,396	13,735	1,181,614
Total operating expenses	3,816,780	288,237	20,142	4,125,159
Operating income (loss)	(503,691)	(96,655)) (13,267)	(613,613
Nonoperating revenue (expense):				
Taxes	1,908,852	-	-	1,908,852
Grant revenue	1,505,997	253,756	-	1,759,753
Transfer from (to) other funds	(958,223)	60,529	5,000	(892,694
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	(400,458)	(1,197)) -	(401,655
Investment income	83 <i>,</i> 859	121	429	84,409
	2,140,027	313,209	5,429	2,458,665
Change in net position	1,636,336	216,554	(7,838)	1,845,052
Net position - beginning (restated)	16,324,744	1,960,291	225,958	18,510,993
		\$ 2,176,845		\$ 20,356,045

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Year Ended June 30, 2024-

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows – Year Ended June 30, 2024
--

		go Municipal Authority	Hu	ıgo Airport Fund	 o Industrial Authority	Prop	Total prietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from customers	\$	3,302,214	\$	191,582	\$ 6,875	\$	3,500,671
Payments to suppliers		(1,796,191)		(144,839)	(6,407)		(1,947,437)
Payments to employees		(1,026,232)		(60,623)	-		(1,086,855)
Receipt of meter deposits, net of refunds		40,505		-	 -		40,505
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		520,296		(13,880)	468		506,884
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Transfers from (to) other funds		(958,223)		60,529	5,000		(892,694)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(958,223)		60,529	 5,000		(892,694)
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:							
Receipt of sales tax dedicated to capital projects		1,908,852		-	-		1,908,852
Principal paid on capital debt		(823,835)		(21,496)	-		(845,331)
Interest paid on capital debt		(404,530)		(1,319)	-		(405,849)
Capital grant receipts		1,342,622		253,756	-		1,596,378
Purchase of capital assets		(2,373,641)		(294,950)	(19,406)		(2,687,997)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(350,532)	_	(64,009)	 (19,406)		(433,947)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Interest and dividends		83,859		121	429		84,409
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(704,600)		(17,239)	 (13,509)		(735,348)
Cash and equivalents - beginning of year		7,725,669		132,397	 104,535		7,962,601
Cash and equivalents - end of year	\$	7,021,069	\$	115,158	\$ 91,026	\$	7,227,253
Reconciliation to the statement of net assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,005,452	\$	115,158	\$ 91,026	\$	5,211,636
Restricted cash	_	2,015,617		-	 -		2,015,617
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,021,069	\$	115,158	\$ 91,026	\$	7,227,253
Reconciliation to statement of net position:							
Operating income (loss)		(503,691)		(96,655)	(13,267)		(613,613)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		(((
(used) by operating activities:							
Increase in meter deposits payable		40,505		-	-		40,505
Increase in accounts receivable		(10,875)		-	-		(10,875)
Increase in prepaid expense		(22,951)		-	-		(22,951)
Decrease in accounts payable		(64,718)		-	-		(64,718)
Increae (Decrease) in payroll payable		(307)		39	-		(268)
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences		(3,150)		340	-		(2,810)
Depreciation expense		1,085,483		82,396	13,735		1,181,614
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	520,296	\$	(13,880)	\$ 468	\$	506,884

Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Hugo's ("City") financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government:

• **The City of Hugo** – operates the public safety, streets, and administrative activities of the City. The City is governed under the statutory City board of trustees form of government.

Component Units:

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, and Statement No.* 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units is a Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State Statutes. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City's Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets that are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City's Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. The component units are blended into those of the City by appropriate fund category to comprise the primary government presentation.

The following component units are blended into the primary governments' fund categories:

- The Hugo Municipal Authority (HMA) a trust that operates the water, wastewater, and sanitation services of the City. The City of Hugo is the beneficiary of HMA. The City Council also serve as trustees for the HMA.
- The Hugo Industrial Authority (HIA) a trust that provides economic development services to the City. The City of Hugo is the beneficiary of the HIA. The City Council also serve as trustees for the HIA.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resource focus. Under the economic resource focus, all assets and liabilities, including current and noncurrent are reported. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used.

Program revenues within the statement of activities are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- General government: License and permits and operating grants
- Public safety: Fine revenue, fire and ambulance runs, rural fire policies, and operating grants
- Streets and highways: Gas excise and commercial vehicle taxes

Governmental Funds:

The City's governmental funds include:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds
- Street and Alley Fund accounts for State shared gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes and the 1/2% sales tax restricted for street and alley purposes
- Mount Olive Cemetery Fund accounts for the funds and restricted reserves for the operation and maintenance of the City's cemetery

Nonmajor Fund:

- Special Police Fund accounts for grants and a portion of court fines assigned for police equipment and training.
- Special Fire Fund accounts for grants and other revenues restricted and/or committed to fire equipment and training.

The governmental funds are reported on a modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded on the modified accrual basis when earned and collected within 60 days of period end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary funds include:

Major Enterprise Funds:

• Hugo Municipal Authority (HMA) – accounts for the operation of the water, sewer, and sanitation activities

- Hugo Airport Fund accounts for the operation of the City's municipal airport
- Hugo Industrial Authority (HIA) accounts for the provision of economic development services.

Proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

The governmental funds are legally required to adopt annual budgets or appropriations. The public trusts (HMA and HIA) are not required to adopt legal annual appropriations. While the trusts develop an annual budget, it is for financial management purposes and does not constitute legal appropriations.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and any short-term investments with an original maturity of six months or less. Investments consist of long-term certificates of deposits and are reported at cost.

D. Receivables and Payables

Governmental receivables include taxes earned but not received by the end of the fiscal year. In the business-type funds, receivables include utility services provided and billed for which cash payment has not been received as of the end of the fiscal year, less an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund type or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation where applicable. In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures and not reported as capital assets.

Capital assets consist of land, land improvement, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. Prior to July 1, 2009, the City did not maintain capital asset records. In the year prior to July 1, 2009, the City underwent a detailed inventory and analysis of the condition of its capital assets and adopted a policy for capitalization of its assets. The remaining useful lives, combined with the estimated useful life for each asset classification were used to determine an estimated effective age. The current replacement value was discounted to the estimated effective date using the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Assets acquired after July 1, 2009 have been recorded at cost.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives with no salvage value. The estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings and improvementsMachinery, furniture and equipment

Utility property and improvements

- 10-40 years 3-10 years
- 30-40 years
- 40 years

F. Long-Term Debt

Infrastructure

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon whether source of repayment is from governmental fund types or proprietary fund type resources and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

G. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit regular employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Part time employees accrue leave benefits at 50% of the full time benefit. Full time employees accrue leave based on seniority as follows: less than seven year, 80 hours/year, seven to fourteen years, 120 hours/year, and fifteen years or more, 160 hours per year. The maximum vacation accrual permitted is 18 months of paid leave. Sick leave is accrued at the rate of 24 hours per year. Any sick leave that is not used is purchased at 50% of the employee's regular rate of pay in December each year; no sick leave is carried forward to the following calendar year.

At June 30, 2024, the City recorded a liability for compensated absences of \$83,806 for governmental activities and \$32,344 for business-type activities.

H. Fund Balances and Net position

Fund Balances:

Fund balances generally reported in the governmental funds financial statements are displayed in the following components:

- *a.* Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent due to form; for example, inventories and prepaid amounts
- *b. Restricted* amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation
- c. Unrestricted further subdivided as follows:
 - a. *Committed* amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the City's Board of Trustees
 - b. *Assigned* residual amounts for any funds other than the general fund; in the general fund, amounts constrained by the Board for a specific purpose
 - c. *Unassigned* in the general fund, residual amounts not classified in another classification; for all other funds, only residual deficit amounts

It is the City's policy to use restricted assets first when they are available for expenditure. When restricted assets are not available, unrestricted assets are used in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

Net position:

Net position is displayed in three components:

a. *Net investment in capital assets* - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

b. *Restricted net position* - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The beginning net position for proprietary funds and business-type activities was restated as follows:

Business-type Activities

	Dusine	ss-type Activities.
	Fund Leve	el/Government-wide
Beginning net position as previously reported Overstatement of grants receivable	\$	18,828,870 (317,877)
Beginning net position, restated	\$	18,510,993

I. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Internal transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

J. Use of Estimates

Certain estimates are made in the preparation of the financial statements, such as estimated lives for capital assets depreciation. Estimates are based on management's best judgments and may vary from actual results.

2. Deposits and Investments

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized \$106,562 of investment income. The City's deposits are in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and US Treasury Money Market funds.

At June 30, 2024, the primary government held the following deposits and investments:

	Governmental		ital Business-type				Maturity		
Type		Funds		Funds To		Total	Demand		< 1 Year
Demand deposits	\$	1,879,158	\$	5,893,111	\$	7,772,269	\$ 7,772,269	\$	-
Timed deposits		390,230		100,000		490,230	-		490,230
US Treasury MMF		1,113		1,234,142		1,235,255	 -		1,235,255
Total	\$	2,270,501	\$	7,227,253	\$	9,497,754	\$ 7,772,269	\$	1,725,485
Reconciliation to the statement of net as	sets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,878,550	\$	5,211,636	\$	7,090,186			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		391,951		2,015,617		2,407,568			
Total	\$	2,270,501	\$	7,227,253	\$	9,497,754			

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government deposits may not be returned to it. The City is governed by the State Public Deposit Act which requires that the City obtain and hold collateral whose fair value exceeds the amount of uninsured deposits. Investment securities are exposed to custody credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and if held by a counterparty or a counterparty's trust, department or agent, but not in the government's name. At June 30, 2024, all of the City's deposits were either insured or collateralized.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - the City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. *Investment Credit Risk* - The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trusts.

As of June 30, 2024, the City had deposits in US Treasury Money Market funds with a credit rating of AAA.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - the City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments – At June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds held \$608 for police equipment, \$1,113 for debt service, and \$390,230 for the cemetery. The City's HMA maintained restricted cash balances for capital projects in the amount of \$930,748, debt service in the amount of \$687,546, and \$397,323 for refundable meter deposits.

3. Capital Assets and Depreciation

For the year ended June 30, 2024, capital asset balances changed as follows:

	Balance at ne 30, 2023		Additions	De	letions	Balance at Ine 30, 2024
Governmental:	 	-				
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 4,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,000
Total capital assets not depreciated	 4,000		-		-	 4,000
Capital assets being depreciated:			<u> </u>			
Buildings and improvements	2,797,594		98,538		-	2,896,132
Infrastructure	3,390,453		207,851		-	3,598,304
Equipment and vehicles	2,667,660		259,155		69,723	2,857,092
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,855,707		565,544		69,723	9,351,528
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	1,744,478		88,620		-	1,833,098
Infrastructure	676,521		106,071		-	782,592
Equipment and vehicles	1,535,251		269,519		69,723	1,735,047
Total accumulated depreciation	3,956,250		464,210		69,723	4,350,737
Governmental, net capital assets	\$ 4,903,457	\$	101,334	\$	-	\$ 5,004,791
Business-type:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 181,833	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 181,833
Construction in progress	15,390,305		2,322,428			17,712,733
	 15,572,138		2,322,428		-	 17,894,566
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	507,450		27,206		-	534,656
Equipment and vehicles	930,307		253,787		-	1,184,094
Airport infrastructure	2,378,451		-		-	2,378,451
Sewer system	18,675,975		84,576		-	18,760,551
Water system	 10,454,896		-		-	 10,454,896
Total capital assets being depreciated	 32,947,079		365,569		-	33,312,648
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	242,056		8,715		-	250,771
Equipment and vehicles	411,606		158,857		-	570,463
Airport infrastructure	701,445		76,404			777,849
Sewer system	7,367,767		590,857		-	7,958,624
Water system	 7,260,208		346,781		-	 7,606,989
Total accumulated depreciation	 15,983,082		1,181,614		-	17,164,696
Business-type, net capital assets	\$ 32,536,135	\$	1,506,383	\$	-	\$ 34,042,518

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefitting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental activitie	s:		Business-type activitie	s:	
General government	\$	29,520	Airport	\$	82,396
Public safety		153,756	Industrial Authority		13,735
Streets and alleys		173,531	Sewer		680,053
Parks and recreation		97,440	Water		405,430
Cemetery		9,963	Total depreciation	\$	1,181,614
Total depreciation	\$	464,210			

4. Long-Term Debt

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's long-term debt changed as follows:

I	Balance					Ba	lance	Α	mount Due
Jun	<u>e 30, 2023</u>	Ad	<u>ditions</u>	De	eductions	June 3	<u>0, 2024</u>	Wit	<u>hin One Year</u>
\$	230,000		-	\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	-
\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	-
\$2	1,406,010	\$	-	\$	845,331	\$20,5	560,679	\$	1,083,598
\$2	1,406,010	\$	-	\$	845,331	\$20,5	560,679	\$	1,083,598
	<u>Jun</u> \$ \$ \$2	, ,	June 30, 2023 Ad \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$	June 30, 2023 Additions \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 21,406,010 \$ -	June 30, 2023 Additions Description \$ 230,000 - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 3 \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,5	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 30, 2024 \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,560,679	June 30, 2023 Additions Deductions June 30, 2024 With \$ 230,000 - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ - \$ \$ 21,406,010 \$ - \$ 845,331 \$ 20,560,679 \$

At June 30, 2024 the City had the following debt outstanding to be repaid from business-type activities:

Notes Payable

USDA Rural Development loan, dated August 15, 2010, secured by water and sewer revenues, system assets, and pledged sales tax receipts, in the original amount of \$3,142,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.375%, payable in monthly installments of \$8,515 with a final payment due March, 2056	2,642,117
USDA Rural Development loan, dated August 15, 2010, secured by water and sewer revenues, system assets, and pledged sales tax receipts in the original amount of \$1,200,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.375%, payable in monthly installments of \$3,252 with a final payment due March, 2056	1,001,648
USDA Rural Development loan, dated March 17, 2022, secured by water and sewer revenues, system assets, and pledged sales tax receipts in the original amount of \$9,481,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.25%, payable in monthly installments of \$25,125 With a final payment due March, 2062	9,059,905
USDA Rural Development loan, dated March 17, 2022, secured by water and sewer revenues, system assets, and pledged sales tax receipts in the original amount of \$1,364,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.25%, payable in monthly installments of \$3,615 with a final payment due March, 2062	1,304,009
HMA Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 dated February 19,2016, secured by sales tax revenues, issued to fund improvements to the water system in the original amount of \$2,255,000, bearing a fixed interest rate of 5.00%, payable in semi-annual installments, with a final payment due November 1, 2028	1,250,000

HMA Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2018 dated October 25, 2018, secured by sales tax revenues, issued to fund sewer line replacements in the original amount of \$2,075,000, bearing a fixed interest rate of 3.71%, payable in semi-annual installments, wit a final payment due November 1, 2033	h 1,525,000
HMA Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021 dated November 11, 2021, secured by sales tax revenues, issued to refund the HMA Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2012 in the origi amount of \$4,587,000, bearing a fixed interest rate of 2.34%, payable in semi-annual installme with a final payment due October 1, 2035	

Long term debt outstanding payable from business-type activities <u>\$20,560,679</u>

Payment Requirements to Maturity:

Year ended	Business-type Activities						
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>				
2025	\$ 1,083,598	\$	379,101				
2026	1,114,594		349,904				
2027	1,151,643		314,482				
2028	1,181,744		280,259				
2029	910,899		248,142				
2030 to 2034	4,372,732		934,949				
2035 to 2039	1,796,018		634,402				
2040 to 2044	1,915,806		514,614				
2045 to 2049	2,043,601		386,819				
2050 to 2054	2,179,938		250,483				
2055 to 2059	1,876,841		114,318				
2060 to 2062	933,265		16,752				
	\$ 20,560,679	\$	4,424,225				

5. Risk Management

The City and its public trust are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. These risks are managed by securing commercial insurance for all risks except workers' compensation. Management believes such insurance coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The deductibles for each line of coverage are as follows:

General liability, including property	\$0 - \$5,000 per occurrence
Automobile liability	\$0
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The City participated in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group's (OMAG) Workers' Compensation Plan.

The OMAG Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan) became effective October 1, 1984. The purpose of the Plan is to provide workers' compensation coverage through the State Insurance Fund to participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, the Plan is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. A plan year normally begins at 12:01 am on July 1, in any year and ends at Midnight June 30, of the following calendar year. The Plan, or its designated agent, has a right to audit at all reasonable times such books and records of the participant as necessary to determine the monies owed for benefits provided to the municipality or its employees.

The City has entered into an agreement with the Plan to participate in the coverage and services that the Plan offers. The City has the responsibility to pay fees set by the Plan and to pay those fees from funds appropriated for that purpose according to the established payment schedule. In addition, the City is responsible for complying with all requirements of the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Act. The City has a right to the return of any Loss Funds set aside for claims which have not been paid out in benefits.

The Group holds funds in reserve for the City of Hugo. These funds represent both current and past plan year participation with the Loss Fund balances in respect to the City's workers' compensation retention. CompSource Oklahoma provides coverage in excess of these respective retention levels so each participant's liability for claim losses is limited to these retention levels. Failure of CompSource Oklahoma to honor its obligations could result in losses to the Plan. However, OMAG's evaluation of the financial condition of CompSource Oklahoma indicates that CompSource Oklahoma is presently financially sound and will be able to meet its contractual obligations.

6. Employee Retirement Plan Participation

The City of Hugo participates in three pension or retirement plans:

- Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System a statewide cost-sharing plan

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

A. Plan Description

The City of Hugo, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System – a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). As set forth in Title 74, of the Oklahoma Statutes, at Section 921, administrative expenses are paid with funds provided by operations of the System. The City's regular full time employees that do not participate in the fire or police pension programs are eligible to participate in the plan.

B. Benefits Provided

Benefits are determined at 2% of the average annual salary received during the highest thirty-six months of the last ten years of participating service, but not to exceed the applicable annual salary cap, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who join OPERS on or after July 1, 2013, will have their salary averaged over the highest 60 months of the last ten years. Normal retirement age under the System is 62 or Rule of 80/90 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 65 or Rule of 90 if the participant became a member 1, 2011. Members become eligible to vest fully upon termination of employment after attaining eight years of credited service, or the members' contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment.

Upon the death of an active member, the accumulated contributions of the member are paid to the member's named beneficiary(ies) in a single lump sum payment. If a retired member elected a joint annuitant survivor option or an active member was eligible to retire with either reduced or unreduced benefits or eligible to vest the retirement benefit at the time of death, benefits can be paid in monthly payments over the life of the spouse if the spouse so elects.

Upon the death of a retired member, the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit to the member's beneficiary or estate of the member if there is no living beneficiary. The death benefit will be paid in addition to any excess employee contributions or survivor benefits due to the beneficiary.

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for each member category of the System are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City was required to contribute 16.5% of an employee's salary and the employee contributed 3.5%. Contributions from the City for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$245,391.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported \$337,503 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2023. Based on this information, the City's proportion was 0.073768%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$231,332. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,259	\$	5,113
Changes in assumptions		71,298		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		280,555		
on pension plan investments		-		-
Change in proportion		-		578,521
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		245,391		-
Total	\$	606,503	\$	583,634

The \$245,391 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (45,171)
2026	(130,471)
2027	161,735
2028	(208,615)
	\$ (222,522)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

- Investment return 6.50% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.25% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates Pub-2010 Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year.
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate 2.50% for 2023 and 2021
- Payroll growth 3.25% for 2023 and 2021
- Actuarial cost method Entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Real Rate of Return</u>
US Large Cap Equity	34.0%	4.7%
US Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.8%
International Stock	23.0%	6.5%
Emerging Market Stock	5.0%	8.5%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	0.5%
Long term treasuries	3.5%	0.0%
TIPS	3.5%	0.3%
Total	100.0%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% for 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from System members and the employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	 (7.50%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$1,303,643	\$ 337,503	\$ (478 <i>,</i> 540)

The OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

OPERS PO Box 53007 Oklahoma City, OK 73152-3077

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS)

A. Plan Description

The City of Hugo, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan – a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. All full time police officers at the City are required to participate in the pension plan.

B. Benefits Provided

Normal Retirement Benefit:	
Normal Retirement Eligibility:	20 years of credited service.
Benefit Amount:	2 1/2% of the final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.
Normal Form of Benefit:	The benefit is paid as a Joint and 100% Survivor Annuity if the Member was married 30 months prior to death.
Termination Benefit:	
Less than 10 Years of Service:	Refund of contributions without interest.
More than 10 Years of Service:	If greater than 10 years of service, but not eligible for the normal retirement benefit, the benefit is payable at the date the Member would have had 20 years of service in an amount equal to 2 1/2% of the greater of final average salary or the salary paid to active employees as described under "salary considered" multiplied by the years and completed months of credited service.
Disability Benefit (Duty):	
Total Disability:	Upon determination of disability incurred as a result of the performance of duty, the normal disability benefit is 50% of final average salary.
Partial Disability:	Upon determination of partial disability incurred as a result of the performance of duty, the normal disability is reduced according to the percentage of impairment, as outlined in the "American Medical Association's Guide to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment."

C. Contributions

The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. The City is required to contribute 13% of an employee's salary and the employee is required to contribute 6.5%. Contributions from the City for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$87,060.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported \$51,207 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2023. Based on this information, the City's proportion was 0.1677%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized a pension expense of \$136,896 and a contribution from the State of \$87,060. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	140,179	\$	7,897
Changes in assumptions		-		95 <i>,</i> 583
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		640,922		387,213
Changes in proportion		11,402		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		87,060		-
Total	\$	879,563	\$	490,693

The \$87,060 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ 50,483
2026	3,665
2027	200,589
2028	48,010
2029	 (937)
	\$ 301,810

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3%
Salary increases	4.5% to 17.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected
<u>Asset Class</u>	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	4.51%
Domestic equity	6.62%
International equity	9.70%
Real estate	6.96%
Private equity	9.86%
Commodities	5.18%

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 483,477	\$ (51,207)	\$ (503,916)

The OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

OPPRS 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

A. Plan Description

The City of Hugo, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement Plan – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Board of Trustees for the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OFPRS. Full time firefighters for the City participate in the OFPRS plan.

B. Benefits Provided

For volunteer firefighters hired before November 1, 2013, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service. Volunteer firefighters hired after November 1, 2013 receive a monthly retirement pension of \$165.66, vesting with 11 or more years of service.

C. Contributions

The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. The City is required to contribute 14% of an employee's salary and the employee is required to contribute 9%. Contributions from the City for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$87,406.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$2,366,094 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2023. Based on this information, the City's proportion was 0.1833830%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized a pension expense of \$403,860 and contributions from the State of \$209,591. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	281,394	\$	3,004
Changes in assumptions		-		3,794
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		772,601		616,512
Changes in proportion		461,049		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		87,406		-
Total	\$	1,602,450	\$	623,310

The \$87,406 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

CITY OF HUGO, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ 246,395
2026	159,312
2027	378,741
2028	 107,286
	\$ 891,734

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3%
Salary increases	3.5% to 9.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Fixed income	20%	4.38%
Domestic equity	47%	7.72%
International equity	15%	9.70%
Real estate	10%	6.96%
Other assets	8%	5.75%

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	 (8.5%)
Net Pension Liability	\$3,089,131	\$2,366,094	\$ 1,766,473

The OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

OFPRS 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

As of July 1, 2017, the City adopted GASB 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* as it applies to the ability of its employees to participate in various other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided by the pension systems described above. The effects on the financial statements of the City as a result of the adoption of GASB 75 are considered immaterial.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation:

From time to time, the City and its public trust may be parties to various legal proceedings or have threatened litigation which normally occurs in the course of municipal governmental operations; however the City's legal counsel advises that at report date there were no pending issues. State Constitution and statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a sinking fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. (This provision is not available to public trusts.) The City also carries insurance that provides some degree of protection for litigation and legal proceedings.

Federal and State Award Programs:

The City of Hugo participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement, which may arise as a result of these audits, cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material. *Subsequent events*

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of this report and determined no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

	GENERAL FUND								
				Variance with					
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Final Budget					
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Positive (Negative)					
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$ 491,075	\$ 491,075	\$ 1,341,681	\$ 850,606					
Resources (inflows)									
Taxes	2,295,000	2,295,000	2,737,900	442,900					
Intergovernmental	423,000	423,000	225,791	(197,209)					
Licenses and permits	15,000	15,000	27,263	12,263					
Charges for services	44,000	44,000	118,045	74,045					
Fees and assessments	60,000	60,000	69 <i>,</i> 043	9,043					
Fines and forfeitures	70,000	70,000	51,927	(18,073)					
Grants	-	-	258,077	258,077					
Investment income	-	-	7,902	7,902					
Miscellaneous	181,000	181,000	143,077	(37,923)					
Transfers from other funds	700,000	700,000	880,592	180,592					
Total resources (inflows)	3,788,000	3,788,000	4,519,617	731,617					
Amounts available for appropriation	4,279,075	4,279,075	5,861,298	1,582,223					
Charges to appropriations (outflows):									
General government	588,900	588,900	808,660	(219,760)					
Police	1,622,000	1,622,000	1,659,212	(37,212)					
Fire	1,050,200	1,050,200	846,710	203,490					
Cemetery	189,500	189,500	195,177	(5,677)					
Nutrition	57,300	57,300	66,099	(8,799)					
Parks and recreation	771,175	771,175	470,113	301,062					
Capital outlay	-	-	550,794	(550,794)					
Total charges to appropriations	4,279,075	4,279,075	4,596,765	(317,690)					
Ending budgetary fund balance	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,264,533	\$ 1,264,533					

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Year Ended June 30, 2024 - UNAUDITED

Footnotes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

Budget Law

The city prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.

b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.

c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.

d. By July 1, the adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector. All funds of the city with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets under this section of the state law, except funds of public trusts or authorities. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department within a fund. The Budget Act recognizes the following object categories of control by department within a fund: Personal Services, Materials and Supplies, Other Services and Charges, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, and Interfund Transfers.

Transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector. The City's actual spending exceeded appropriations in general government, parks and recreation, and capital outlay.

Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets of the General Fund are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for revenues and on the cash basis for expenditures, excluding internal service account activity of the General Fund.

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. The City considers all appropriations to lapse at year-end; any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are re-appropriated in the subsequent year's budget. As a result, encumbrances are not treated as the equivalent of expenditures in the budget and actual financial statements.

CITY OF HUGO SCHEDULE OF CITY OF HUGO'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITIES* JUNE 30, 2024

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan (OPPRS)										
City's portion of net pension liability	0.1677%	0.1640%	0.1822%	0.1605%	0.1567%	0.1654%	0.1594%	0.1505%	0.1541%	0.1642%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asse	t)\$ (51,207)	\$ (131,554)	\$ (873,861)	\$ 184,357	\$ (10,001)	\$ (78,772)	\$ 12,258	\$ 230,508	\$ 6,282	\$ (55,274)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 630,823	\$ 702,085	\$ 630,369	\$ 509,446	\$ 391,138	\$ 504,415	\$ 475,215	\$ 443,885	\$ 435,462	\$ 459,277
City's proportional share of the net pension liability as a										
percentage of its covered employee payroll	-8.117%	-18.738%	-138.627%	36.188%	-2.557%	-15.616%	2.579%	51.930%	1.443%	-12.035%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability	101.02%	102.74%	117.07%	95.80%	100.24%	101.89%	99.68%	93.50%	99.82%	101.53%
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan (OFPI	<u>RS)</u>									
City's portion of net pension liability	0.1834%	0.1858%	0.1804%	0.1803%	0.1795%	0.1768%	0.1886%	0.1923%	0.1790%	0.1955%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,366,094	\$2,429,566	\$1,188,087	\$2,221,247	\$1,896,255	\$1,990,341	\$2,372,538	\$2,348,841	\$1,900,115	\$2,010,476
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 683,114	\$ 593,607	\$ 586,057	\$ 578,779	\$ 530,357	\$ 525,893	\$ 536,179	\$ 537,786	\$ 489,121	\$ 521,929
City's proportional share of the net pension liability as a										
percentage of its covered employee payroll	346.37%	409.29%	202.73%	383.78%	357.54%	378.47%	442.49%	436.76%	388.48%	385.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability	70.85%	69.49%	84.24%	72.85%	72.85%	70.73%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%
Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)										
City's portion of net pension liability	0.0738%	0.0782%	0.0739%	0.0724%	0.0794%	0.0830%	0.0846%	0.0605%	0.0577%	N/A
City's share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 337,503	\$ 657,733	\$ (991,530)	\$ 646,224	\$ 105,778	\$ 161,881	\$ 457,255	\$ 600,658	\$ 207,558	N/A
City's covered-employee payroll	\$1,487,218	\$1,387,333	\$1,230,273	\$ 1,203,939	\$1,451,085	\$1,299,715	\$1,378,782	\$1,087,533	\$1,020,097	N/A
City's proportional share of the net pension liability as a										
percentage of its covered employee payroll	22.69%	47.41%	-80.59%	53.68%	7.29%	12.46%	33.16%	55.23%	20.35%	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability	95.91%	92.24%	112.51%	91.59%	98.63%	97.96%	94.28%	93.20%	93.60%	88.60%

*This information is reported for the cost sharing multiple employer plans and is as of 7/1/2023

CITY OF HUGO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2024										
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan (OPPRS) Statutorily required contribution Contributions related to the statutorily required	\$ 87,060	\$ 82,007	\$ 91,271	\$ 81,948	\$ 66,228	\$ 50,848	\$ 65,574	\$ 61,778	\$ 57,705	\$ 56,610
contributions (does not include State contributions) Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ 87,060 -	\$ 82,007 -	\$ 91,271 -	\$ 81,948 -	\$ 66,228	\$ 50,848 -	\$ 65,574 -	\$ 61,778 -	\$ 57,705 -	\$ 56,610 -
City's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee	\$ 669,692	\$ 630,823	\$ 702,085	\$ 630,369	\$ 509,446	\$ 391,138	\$ 504,415	\$ 475,215	\$ 443,885	\$ 435,462
payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan (OFP	<u>RS)</u>									
Statutorily required contribution Contributions related to the statutorily required	\$ 87,406	\$ 95,636	\$ 83,105	\$ 82,048	\$ 81,029	\$ 74,250	\$ 73,625	\$ 75,065	\$ 75,290	\$ 68,477
contributions (does not include State contributions) Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ 87,406	\$ 95,636	\$ 83,105	\$ 82,048	\$ 81,029	\$ 74,250	\$ 73,625	\$ 75,065	\$ 75,290	\$ 68,477
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 624,329	\$ 683,114	\$ 593,607	\$ 586,057	\$ 578,779	- \$ 530,357	- \$ 525,893	\$ 536,179	- \$ 537,786	\$ 489,121
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Statutorily required contribution	\$ 245,391	\$ 283,318	\$ 228,910	\$ 202,995	\$ 198,650	\$ 239,429	\$ 214,453	\$ 227,499	\$ 179,443	\$ 168,316
Contributions related to the statutorily required contributions Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ 245,391	\$ 283,318	\$ 228,910	\$ 202,995	\$ 198,650	\$ 239,429	\$ 214,453	\$ 227,499	\$ 179,443	\$ 168,316
Contribution (deficiency) excess City's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee	- \$1,487,218	- \$1,717,079	- \$1,387,333	- \$1,230,273	- \$1,203,939	- \$1,451,085	- \$1,299,715	- \$1,378,782	- \$1,087,533	- \$1,020,097
payroll	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%	16.50%

Data reported is for the City's fiscal year ending June 30

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – year ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency Grantor/Program Title		Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
FEDERAL AWARDS:					
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u> Community Facilities Loans and Grants Persistent Poverty Combination Loan & Grant - W&W-Water Only	10.766 10.770	RD 3570-3	\$	84,123 146,468	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.770			230,591	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Passed through the Oklahoma Office of Management and Enterprise Services					
American Rescue Plan Act	21.027			163,375	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FAA Airport Improvement Program-taxiway construction	20.106	3-40-0129-016-2023		253,756	
Total Federal Awards			\$	647,722	

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

This schedule includes the federal grant activity of the City of Hugo, Oklahoma ("City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting (U.S. GAAP) which may be different from other information contained in the City's financial statements.

Note 3 – The above awards did not include an indirect cost rate in the allowable costs and consequently the City did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Independent Auditor's Reports on Internal Control and Compliance

11912 N Drexel Blvd. Oklahoma City, OK 73107 Telephone (405) 949-0189 Facsimile (405) 949-1189 Email <u>bigdwg@dwgcpa.com</u> www.dwgcpa.com

dwg, inc. Certified Public Accountant and Consultant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

The City Council, The City of Hugo

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hugo, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hugo, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Hugo's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hugo's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hugo's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The City of Hugo's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

E/IIV

dwg, inc. David W. Gandall, CFE, CPA February 4, 2025