City of Marlow, Oklahoma

Financial Statements Year –End: June 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the City Council City of Marlow, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.B; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and , where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.B.

Basis of Accounting

We draw your attention to Note 1.B.of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marlow, Oklahoma basic financial statements. The Supplemental Information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of the general fund and the non-major fund financial statements, and the grant activity schedule information are the responsibility of management, derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the combining statements of the general fund and the non-major fund financial statements, and the grant activity schedule information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 29, 30 and 31, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ungel, Johnston + Blosingame, P.C.

Chickasha, Oklahoma May 15, 2017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Marlow Government-Wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2016

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	MEDA
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 2,681,790	\$ 1,916,773	\$ 4,598,563	\$ 404,692
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	204,579	405,733	610,312	-
Investments	571,977	1,715,934	2,287,911	-
Land and Construction in Progress	284,036	1,390,873	1,674,909	99,939
Other Capital Assets, net of depreciation	6,201,974	7,392,035	13,594,009	14,494
Total Assets	9,944,356	12,821,348	22,765,704	519,125
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Bonds Pending Court	1,899	-	1,899	-
Refundable Meter Deposits	-	289,938	289,938	-
Long -term liabilties				-
Due within one year	405,000	310,000	715,000	-
Due in more than one year	235,000	2,425,000	2,660,000	
Total Liabilities	641,899	3,024,938	3,666,837	
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets	5,846,010	6,047,908	11,893,918	-
Restricted for				
Sewer Project and Debt Service	777,575	138,017	915,592	-
Street and Alley	222,037	-	222,037	-
Cemetery	59,462	-	59,462	-
EMS	956,155	-	956,155	-
Unrestricted	1,441,218	3,610,485	5,051,703	519,125
Total Net Position	\$ 9,302,457	\$ 9,796,410	\$ 19,098,867	\$ 519,125

City of Marlow Government-Wide Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position– Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues Operating	Capital		Net (Expense) Changes in I Primary Go	Component Unit		
		Charges for	· · · · -		Governmental	Business-Type		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	MEDA
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$ 381,670	\$ 33,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (348,126)	\$ -	\$ (348,126)	
Highways and Streets	414,699	-	-	-	(414,699)	-	(414,699)	
Public Safety	1,390,009	122,137	4,290	-	(1,263,582)	-	(1,263,582)	
Culture and Recreation	287,705	-	3,483	115,042	(169,180)	-	(169,180)	
Cemetery	138,158	38,275			(99,883)		(99,883)	
Total Governmental Activities	2,612,241	193,956	7,773	115,042	(2,295,470)		(2,295,470)	
Business-Type Activities								
Electric	3,486,345	4,134,210	-	-	-	647,865	647,865	
Water	527,107	530,041	-	-	-	2,934	2,934	
Sanitation	674,697	711,435	-	-	-	36,738	36,738	
Sewer	94,504	317,649	-	-	-	223,145	223,145	
General Government and Recreation	587,265	207,993		-	-	(379,272)	(379,272)	
Total Business Type Activities	5,369,918	5,901,328				531,410	531,410	
Total Primary Government	7,982,159	6,095,284	7,773	115,042	(2,295,470)	531,410	(1,764,060)	
Component Unit								
Marlow Economic Development Authority	23,127	4,600	42,000					23,473
General Revenues								
Taxes					1,755,466	-	1,755,466	-
Investment Return					31,157	36,263	67,420	955
Rent and Royalties					24,460	-	24,460	-
Miscellaneous					153,618	-	153,618	-
Transfers					720,862	(720,862)		
Total General Revenues and Transfers					2,685,563	(684,599)	2,000,964	955
Change in Net Position					390,093	(153,189)	236,904	24,428
Donated Capital Assets / Contributed C	Capital				510,283	30,000	540,283	
Net Position - Beginning					8,402,081	9,919,599	18,321,680	494,697
Net Position - Ending					\$ 9,302,457	\$ 9,796,410	\$ 19,098,867	\$ 519,125

City of Marlow Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Sewer Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 436,059	\$ 485,666	\$ 561,060	\$ 1,199,005	\$ 2,681,790
Restricted Cash Investments	204,579 <u>177,884</u>	- -	- 282,557	- 111,536	204,579 <u>571,977</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 818,522</u>	\$ 485,666	<u>\$ 843,617</u>	<u>\$ 1,310,541</u>	<u>\$ 3,458,346</u>
Liabilities					
Bonds Pending Court	\$ 1,899	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 1,899
Total Liabilities	1,899				1,899
Fund Balances					
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 777,575	\$ 1,237,654	\$ 2,015,229
Assigned	17,841	485,666	66,042	72,887	642,436
Unassigned	798,782				798,782
Total Fund Balances	\$ 816,623	\$ 485,666	\$ 843,617	<u>\$ 1,310,541</u>	\$ 3,456,447
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 818,522	\$ 485,666	\$ 843,617	\$ 1,310,541	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the	6,486,010
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.	(640,000)
Net position of governmental activities.	\$ 9,302,457

City of Marlow Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Sewer Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUE					
Taxes	\$ 955,485		\$ 423,545	\$ 257,228	\$ 1,755,466
Intergovernmental	7,773	94,468	-	-	102,241
License and Permits	37,076		-	-	37,076
Charges for Service	33,543	-	-	-	33,543
Fines	85,061	-	-	-	85,061
Miscellaneous	153,619	20,575	-	-	174,194
Investment Return	6,077	199	6,618	18,263	31,157
Royalties	1,815	22,645	-	-	24,460
Cemetery	33,589			4,686	38,275
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 1,314,038</u>	257,095	430,163	280,177	2,281,473
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	310,000		-	2	310,002
Public Safety	1,128,139		-	152,190	1,280,329
Highways and Streets	219,075		-	-	223,890
Culture and Recreation	167,554	-	-	-	167,554
Cemetery	132,714	-	-	-	132,714
Capital Outlay					
General Government	-	-	141,665	-	141,665
Public Safety	-	7,190	-	9,700	16,890
Highways and Streets	1,800	9,533	-	3,000	14,333
Debt Service	412,531				412,531
Total Expenditures	2,371,813	21,538	141,665	164,892	2,699,908
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,057,775	235,557	288,498	115,285	(418,435)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	1,131,557	-	-	-	1,131,557
Transfers Out	(20,377)	(412,524)		(432,901)
Total Other Financing Sources	1,111,180		(412,524)		698,656
Net Change in Fund Balances	53,405	235,557	(124,026)	115,285	280,221
Fund Balances - Beginning	763,218	250,109	967,643	1,195,256	3,176,226
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 816,623	\$ 485,666	\$ 843,617	<u>\$ 1,310,541</u>	\$ 3,456,447

City of Marlow Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 280,221 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outalys exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. (301, 245)The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 411,117 Change in net position of governmental activities. \$ 390,093

City of Marlow Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

	Marlow Municipal Authority
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 1,916,773
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	267,716
Investments	1,715,934
Total Current Assets	3,900,423
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	138,017
Capital Assets	
Land and Construction in Progress	1,390,873
Other Capital Assets	45,230,619
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(37,838,584)
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,920,925
Total Assets	12,821,348
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Refundable Meter Deposits	289,938
Notes Payable, Current Portion	310,000
Total Current Liabilities	599,938
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Notes Payable	2,425,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,425,000
Total Liabilities	3,024,938
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	6,047,908
Restricted for Debt Service	138,017
Unrestricted	3,610,485
Total Net Position	\$ 9,796,410

City of Marlow Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Iarlow Municipal Authority		
Operating Revenues:			
Electric	\$ 4,134,210		
Water	530,041		
Sanitation	711,435		
Sewer	317,649		
Pool	12,555		
Miscellaneous	195,438		
Total Operating Revenue	 5,901,328		
Operating Expenses:			
Electric	3,486,345		
Water	409,761		
Sanitation	674,697		
Sewer	94,504		
Pool	21,347		
General Government	565,918		
Total Operating Expenses	 5,252,572		
Operating Income (Loss)	648,756		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest Revenue	36,263		
Interest Expense	 (117,346)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (81,083)		
Income (Loss) before Transfers	 567,673		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	_		
Transfers Out	(720,862)		
Total Other Financing Sources	 (720,862)		
Net Change in Net Position	(153,189)		
Contributied Capital	 30,000		
Total Net Position - Beginning	9,919,599		
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 9,796,410		

City of Marlow Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Revenues Received	\$ 5,901,328
Vendors and Others Paid	(4,906,128)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	995,200
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfer, Net	(720,862)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities Activities	(720,862)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Payment of Debt	(300,000)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(471,344)
Decrease in Restricted Cash - Capital Financing	356,617
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(414,727)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest Income	36,263
Interest Expense	(117,346)
Increase in Restricted Cash and Investments	(41,350)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(122,433)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(262,822)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015	2,179,595
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,916,773
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	<u>\$ 648,756</u>
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	333,670
Increase in Meter Deposits Payable	12,774
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 995,200</u>

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Marlow, Oklahoma, (the City) is a charter city operating under a Council-Manager form of government authorized by the charter and Title 11 of the Oklahoma statutes. The governing body of the City is the City Council comprised of five elected members. The appointed City Manager is the administrative head of the City.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Marlow and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit

The Marlow Municipal Authority (Authority) serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council and two appointed members. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's council and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the government. The Authority is presented as an Enterprise fund.

Discretely presented Component Unit

The Marlow Economic Development Authority (MEDA) was established to promote industrial development in the Marlow area. MEDA has a separate governing board. The City transfers funds to this Authority. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the City.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of assets, liabilities and net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Under this basis, cash receipts are recognized as revenue at the date of receipt and cash payments are recognized as expenditures at date of payment with the following modifications:

- Capital assets are recorded as assets when purchased and related depreciation is recorded.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.
- Employee withholding taxes that have not been deposited with the IRS but relate to compensation paid are recorded as liabilities.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in each fund-type financial statements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements – (continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is used. However, the governmental funds focus on a current financial resources measurement thus capital assets and debt is not recorded.

The City reports the following major government funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the Government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Funds combined with the General Fund are OHFA Grant, Lake Taylor and Special Library.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund which accounts for dedicated sales tax to be used for capital improvements throughout the City.

<u>Sewer Project Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund which accounts for one-percent dedicated sales tax to be used for sewer and sanitation improvements.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the Cemetery Care, EMS, Street and Alley Funds.

The City reports the Marlow Municipal Authority (MMA) as a major proprietary fund. MMA accounts for the activities related to the provision of water and sewer services to businesses and residents. It operates the water and sewer treatment plants, water distribution system, sewer collections systems and pump stations.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting modified as follows:

- Capital assets are recorded as assets when purchased and related depreciation is recorded. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Employee withholding taxes that have not been deposited with the IRS but relate to compensation paid are recorded as liabilities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; collateralized or insured certificates of deposits of financial institutions located in the state of Oklahoma or fully-insured certificates of deposits of financial institutions located outside the state; savings accounts, and county, municipal or school district general obligation debt.

The City does not have a specific policy limiting the concentration amount that may be invested with one issuer. The City has no formal policy on managing credit risk.

Public trusts created under Oklahoma Statutes Title 60 are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

2. Interfund transactions

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in the period transacted. Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to move unrestricted revenue collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

3. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the Authority's notes payable, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable loan covenants. The debt service reserve accounts are used to report resources set aside to make up potential futures deficiencies, or to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset construction, renewals and replacements. Customer utility deposits and reserves held with the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group are reported as restricted cash.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	10-20
Infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30-50
Vehicles, Office and computer equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

5. Fund equity

<u>Fund Balance Classification:</u> The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the entity is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town did not have any nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Restricted:</u> This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town has restricted resources by state law and from grants as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinance or resolution of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the council delegating this responsibility to the clerk through the budgetary process. The Town has assigned resources of interest earnings in special revenue funds as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

City of Marlow would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and the Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

5. Fund equity - continued

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances are composed of the following:

	-	eneral Fund	Capital provement Fund	Pre	ewer oject und	Go	Other wernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Restricted									
Cemetery	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	59,462	\$	59,462
EMS		-	-		-		956,155		956,155
Street and Alley		-	-		-		222,037		222,037
Sewer Construction and Debt Service		-	-	7	77,575		-		777,575
Committed									
Assigned									
Capital Improvements		-	485,666		-		-		485,666
EMS		-	-		-		48,840		48,840
Library		17,841	-		-		-		17,841
Street and Alley		-	-		-		24,047		24,047
Sewer Construction and Debt Service		-	-		66,042		-		66,042
Unassigned		798,782	-		-		-		798,782
-	\$	816,623	\$ 485,666	\$8	43,617	\$	1,310,541	\$	3,456,447

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and the assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the \$5,846,010 difference between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

One element of that reconciliation is capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources.

Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 284,036
Capital assets, being depreciated	17,442,689
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(11,240,715)
	\$ 6,486,010

The last element of the reconciliation is long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, are not reported in the funds.

Capital Leases	\$	640,000
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B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation of the \$109,872 difference between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	\$ 663,397
Assets Donated	(493,500)
Depreciation Expense	 (471,142)
	\$ (301,245)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities. – (continued)

The final element of the reconciliation explains that the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources, but has no effect on net assets.

	Capital Lease	Revenue Note	
Capital Lease, principal repayment	\$ 16,117	\$ 395,000	

III. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements. For budgetary comparison purposes, the City considers all encumbrances to lapse at year end; therefore, encumbrances are not considered expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. However, the City will re-appropriate these lapsed encumbrances in the subsequent year budget.

IV. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows state statues regarding custodial credit risk which requires collateral for all deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance. At June 30, 2016, the bank balance was \$4,655,200. This amount was insured and collateralized.

As of June 30, 2016, the City had the following investments:

	Maturity	Cost	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Association	May, 2017	\$ 1,994,005	\$ 2,025,800
Certificate of Deposit	August, 2016	293,000	292,512
Federated Prime Cash Money Market Mutual Fund	NA	 906	 906
		\$ 2,287,911	\$ 2,319,218

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk : Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt-type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy limiting the types of investments measured by assignment of a credit rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The investment in the Federal National Mortgage Association were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors and AA+ by Standard and Poors. The money market mutual fund is unrated.

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City does not have a formal policy limiting the amount that may be invested with one issuer. The investment in Federal National Mortgage Association totals 87% of investments.

V. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Government Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 284,036	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,036
Construction in progress					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	284,036				284,036
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land Improvements	6,224,478	14,489	-	-	6,238,967
Buildings	3,214,612	-	-	-	3,214,612
Building Improvements	441,622	141,658	-	-	583,280
Computers	141,325	13,750	-	-	155,075
Artwork	6,200	-	-	-	6,200
Vehicles	1,397,183	493,500	319,333	(12,144)	1,559,206
Machinery and Equipment	1,475,205	-	38,655	(6,975)	1,429,575
Infrastructure	4,255,774	-	-	-	4,255,774
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,156,399	663,397	357,988	(19,119)	17,442,689
Less Accumulated Depreciation	11,163,463	471,142	357,988	(35,902)	11,240,715
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,992,936	192,255		16,783	6,201,974
Governmental activities capital assets, net	6,276,972	192,255		16,783	6,486,010
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 1,387,473	\$ 3,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,390,873
Construction in progress	1,273,190	-	-	(1,273,190)	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,660,663	3,400		(1,273,190)	1,390,873
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land Improvements	1,930,272	12,700	-	-	1,942,972
Buildings	3,655,336	-	-	-	3,655,336
Vehicles	677,806	59,322	124,772	5,976	618,332
Machinery and Equipment	1,193,086	39,659	51,099	-	1,181,646
Water Rights	190,157	-	-	-	190,157
Infrastructure	36,012,722	356,263	-	1,273,190	37,642,175
Total capital assets, being depreciated	43,659,379	467,944	175,871	1,279,166	45,230,618
Less Accumulated Depreciation	37,704,808	333,670	175,871	(24,024)	37,838,583
Less Accumulated Depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	37,704,808 5,954,571	333,670 134,274		(24,024)	37,838,583 7,392,035
-					

V. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for MEDA for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Component Unit Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 99,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,939
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 99,939	 -	-	-	99,939
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	 17,615	 -	 -	 -	 17,615
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 17,615	 -	-	 -	 17,615
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 2,417	 704	 -	 	 3,121
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 15,198	 (704)	 	 -	 14,494
Component Unit capital assets, net	\$ 115,137	\$ (704)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,433

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government activities:	
General Government	\$ 28,943
Highways and Streets	190,810
Public Safety	125,796
Culture and Recreation	120,150
Cemetery	 5,443
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 471,142
Business-type activities	
Electric	\$ 123,852
Water	68,382
General Government	45,681
Pool	1,145
Sewer	94,610
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 333,670

VI. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Transfer In		Т	ransfer Out	 Net
Governmental Funds	\$	1,131,557	\$	(432,901)	\$ 698,656
Proprietary Funds		-		(720,862)	(720,862)
Government Wide		22,206		-	 22,206
	\$	1,153,763	\$	(1,153,763)	\$ -

Transfer ToTransfer From		Amount			
General Fund	Marlow Municipal Authority	\$	675,000		
General Fund	Sewer Project		412,524		
General Fund	Marlow Municipal Authority		37,182		
General Fund	Meter Deposit		223		
General Fund	MMA Capital Improvement		8,457		
General Fund	Lake Taylor		20,377		
		\$	1,153,763		

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities					
AT&T Oklahoma	\$ 16,117	\$ -	\$ 16,117	\$ -	\$-
BancFirst 2012 Tax Revenue Note	1,035,000		395,000	640,000	405,000
	\$ 1,051,117	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 411,117	\$ 640,000	\$ 405,000
Business-Type Activities					
BancFirst 2013 Tax Revenue Note	\$ 2,045,000	\$ -	\$ 120,000	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 125,000
Sales Tax Revenue Note Payable 2005	990,000		180,000	810,000	185,000
Total Business-Type Activities	3,035,000		300,000	2,735,000	310,000
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,086,117	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 711,117</u>	\$ 3,375,000	\$ 715,000

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Governmental activities long-term liabilities at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

			Annual		Outstanding
		Interest	Principal	Original Issue	at June 30,
Type of Indebtedness(purpose)	Maturity	Rates	Installments	Amount	2016
Governmental Activities					
BancFirst 2012 Revenue Tax Note	December, 2017	1.71%	390,000	2,190,000	640,000

Business-type activities long-term liabilities at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Type of Indebtedness(purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2016
<u>Business-Type Activities</u> Sales Tax Revenue Note Payable, Series 2005 (refinanced Oklahoma Water Resources Board 2004 note)	April, 2020	4.20%	\$ 170,000	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 810,000
BancFirst 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note (Utility system improvements)	December, 2028	3.10%	120,000	2,220,000	\$ 1,925,000 \$ 2,735,000

Interest expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety	\$ 16,031
Business Type Activities: Water	\$ 102,155

As of June 30, 2016, annual debt service requirements of the business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

Year		
Ending		
June 30	Prinicipal	Interest
2017	\$ 310,000	\$ 90,699
2018	325,000	78,892
2019	345,000	66,586
2020	360,000	53,511
2021	145,000	42,160
2022-2026	800,000	139,423
2027-2031	450,000	21,235
	\$ 2,735,000	\$ 492,506

VII. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

All net revenues (gross revenues less operating expenses) received by the Authority by reason of its ownership and/or operation of the properties are pledged for the payment of the interest and timely retirement of the debt as well as a dedicated sewer improvement sales tax.

The Authority at all times will maintain schedules of rates and charges for services rendered through the mortgage property which will provide annually net revenues available for debt service not less than one and one-quarter times the average annual principal and interest required to be paid.

Debt Service Coverage Ratio is computed as follows:

Debt Service Coverage Ratio:	
Operating Revenues	\$ 5,901,328
Interest Revenue	36,263
Total Revenue	5,937,591
Operating Expenses	5,252,572
Less: Depreciation Expense	(333,670)
Total Expenses	4,918,902
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	1,018,689
Average Annual Debt Service	
Sales Tax Revenue Note Payable, Series 2005	198,000
BancFirst 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note	146,071
	344,071
Coverage Ratio	296%
Required Coverage Ratio	125%

VIII. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted cash as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Funds restricted for debt service reserves	\$ 172,711
Meter deposits	186,085
Health Savings	156,769
Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Escrow	 94,747
	\$ 610,312

IX. PENSION PLANS

Municipal Retirement Plan

The City of Marlow and its employees participate in the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund as a defined contribution plan. All regular full-time employees, except those covered under another retirement system are eligible. Employees are vested at 7 years.

The OMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information that can be obtained by requesting a copy at City Hall.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the OMRF board. Employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their annual covered salary after tax. The City's required contribution rate is 10%.

<u>Annual Pension Cost:</u> For 2015-2016, City of Marlow and Marlow Municipal Authority's annual pension cost of \$94,786, were equal to the required contributions

Policemen's Retirement Plan

Police department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements. A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equals 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years.

IX. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Policemen's Retirement Plan – (continued)

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 13% for the year ended June 30, 2016. Participating members are required to contribute 8%.

The Oklahoma State Legislature has the authority to grant percentage increases or special one-time payments to persons receiving benefits from the System and is required by statute to make appropriations as necessary to insure benefit payments are made.

Trend Information:

Vear

I Cal					
Ending	Covered	Pension		Employee	On-Behalf
June 30	Payroll	Cost	City Share	Share	Payments
2016	335,685	70,494	43,639	26,855	41,289
2015	293,797	61,697	38,194	23,503	36,137
2014	276,255	58,014	36,106	22,219	53,593

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Board, 1001 N.W. 63rd, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, OK 73116.

Firefighters' Retirement Plan

Fire department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equal to 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years. The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 14% per the year June 30, 2016. Participating members are required to contribute 9%.

IX. PENSION PLANS (continued)

<u>Firefighters' Retirement Plan – (continued)</u>

The Oklahoma State Legislature has the authority to grant percentage increases or special one-time payments to persons receiving benefits from the System and is required by statute to make appropriations as necessary to insure benefit payments are made.

Trend Information:

x 7

Year					
Ending	Covered	Pension		Employee	On-Behalf
June 30	Payroll	Cost	City Share	Share	Payments
2016	160,682	36,957	22,495	14,461	55,275
2015	128,567	26,999	16,714	10,285	44,227
2014	101,302	21,273	14,483	8,104	30,391

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 165, Oklahoma City, OK 73105.

X. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The final acceptance of the audits of these programs including the year ended June 30, 2016, has not been given. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Donated Assets

The County has donated to the City of Marlow, a Pierce Pumper valued at \$491,000. The County acquired the equipment through a lease with Welch State Bank. The Payments are being made from the county sales tax to support county fire services. However, it is likely the currently approved sales tax will run out prior to the lease being fully paid. It is anticipated that the county citizens will be asked to renew this sales tax. If the citizens do not extend the tax, then it is anticipated that the City will have to obtain its own financing for the equipment to retain possession.

XI. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss (torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruptions, errors and omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and acts of God) and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

							Variance		
			eted Amounts			Actual	With Final		
		Original		Final		Amounts		Budget	
REVENUE									
Taxes	\$	956,200	\$,	\$	955,485	\$	(715)	
Intergovernmental		7,400		7,400		7,773		373	
License		25,700		25,700		37,076		11,376	
Charges for Service		28,500		28,500		33,543		5,043	
Fines		62,100		62,100		75,494		13,394	
Miscellaneous		52,100		53,100		153,583		100,483	
Interest		1,000		1,000		6,011		5,011	
Royalties		2,500		2,500		1,815		(685)	
Cemetery		34,000		34,000		33,589		(411)	
Total Revenue		1,169,500		1,170,500		1,304,369		133,869	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government		403,725		403,484		310,000		93,484	
Public Safety		1,262,160		1,272,462		1,118,959		153,503	
Highways and Streets		248,900		249,769		219,075		30,694	
Culture and Recreation		175,300		180,417		167,317		13,100	
Cemetery		133,950		135,270		132,714		2,556	
Capital Outlay									
General Government		-		7		7		-	
Public Safety		15,000		1,883		-		1,883	
Highways and Streets		5,000		5,000		1,800		3,200	
Culture and Recreation		9,500		6,492		-		6,492	
Cemetery		2,500		2,251		-		2,251	
Total Expenditures		2,256,035		2,257,035		1,949,872		307,163	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,086,535)		(1,086,535)		(645,503)		441,032	
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers In		675,000		675,000		719,033		44,033	
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources		675,000	_	675,000	_	719,033		44,033	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(411,535)		(411,535)		73,530		485,065	
Fund Balance - Beginning		411,535		411,535		717,828	_	306,293	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-		791,358	\$	791,358	
Change in Fund Balance of Municipal									
combined with General fund for presen	tation	, and not for				7 404			
budget purposes					_	7,421			

Fund Balance - Ending

798,779

\$

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance With Final		
	Original	ginal Final		 Amounts	Budget		
REVENUE							
Taxes	\$ 87,000	\$	87,000	\$ 119,208	\$	32,208	
Intergovernmental	-		-	94,468		94,468	
Miscellaneous	43,840		51,030	20,575		(30,455)	
Interest	150		150	199		49	
Royalties	 30,000		30,000	 22,645		(7,355)	
Total Revenue	 160,990		168,180	 257,095		88,915	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Highways and Streets	-		4,816	4,815		1	
Capital Outlay							
Public Safety	72,000		363,453	7,190		356,263	
Highways and Streets	 151,000		146,184	 9,533		136,651	
Total Expenditures	 223,000		514,453	 21,538		492,915	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(62,010)		(346,273)	235,557		581,830	
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In	72,000		356,263	-		-	
Transfers Out	 -		_	 _		-	
Total Other Financing Sources	72,000		356,263	-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,990		9,990	235,557		581,830	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 			 250,109		250,109	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,990	\$	9,990	\$ 485,666	\$	831,939	

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Budget to Actual Sewer Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Variance		
		Amounts	Actual	With Final		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget		
REVENUE						
Taxes	425,000	425,000	\$ 423,545	\$ (1,455)		
Interest	500	500	6,618	6,118		
Total Revenue	425,500	425,500	430,163	4,663		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	100,010	142,010	141,665	345		
Total Expenditures	100,010	142,010	141,665	345		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	325,490	283,490	288,498	5,008		
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers Out	(410,880)	(412,524)	(412,524)			
Total Other Financing Sources						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(85,390)	(129,034)	(124,026)	5,008		
Fund Balance - Beginning	90,000	133,644	967,643	833,999		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,610	\$ 4,610	\$ 843,617	\$ 839,007		

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

Assets	Ce	emetery Care	 CDBG Grant	 EMS Fund	 Street & Alley	 Total
Cash Investments	\$	59,462	\$ -	\$ 893,459 111,536	\$ 246,084	\$ 1,199,005 111,536
Total Assets	\$	59,462	\$ 	\$ 1,004,995	\$ 246,084	 1,310,541
Fund Balances Restricted Assigned	\$	59,462 	\$ -	\$ 956,155 48,840	\$ 222,037 24,047	\$ 1,237,654 72,887
Total Fund Balances		59,462	 	 1,004,995	 246,084	 1,310,541
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	59,462	\$ _	\$ 1,004,995	\$ 246,084	\$ 1,310,541

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Cemetery Care	CDBG Grant	EMS Fund	Street & Alley	Total
REVENUE					
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 211,772	\$ 45,456	\$ 257,228
Investment Return	137	-	17,549	577	18,263
Cemetery	4,686				4,686
Total Revenue	4,823		229,321	46,033	280,177
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	-	-	-	2	2
Public Safety	-	-	152,190	-	152,190
Capital Outlay					
Public Safety	-	-	9,700	-	9,700
Highways and Streets				3,000	3,000
Total Expenditures			161,890	3,002	164,892
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,823	-	67,431	43,031	115,285
Fund Balances, Beginning	54,639		937,564	203,053	1,195,256
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 59,462	\$ -	\$ 1,004,995	\$ 246,084	\$ 1,310,541

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis General Fund June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Lake Taylor	OHFA Grant	Special Library	Total
Assets					
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 418,215	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 17,841	\$ 436,059
Restricted Cash	204,579	-	-	-	204,579
Investments	<u>\$ 177,884</u>				177,884
	\$ 800,678	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> 3	\$ 17,841	\$ 818,522
Total Assets					
Liabilities					
Due to Other Funds					
Bonds Pending Court	\$ 1,899	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,899
Total Liabilities	1,899				1,899
Fund Balances					
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Assigned	-	-	-	17,841	17,841
Unassigned	798,779		3		798,782
Total Fund Balances	798,779		3	17,841	816,623
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 800,678	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$ 17,841</u>	\$ 818,522

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund		Lake Taylor	OHFA Grant	Special Library	Total
REVENUE						
Taxes	\$ 955,485	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 955,485
Intergovernmental	7,773		-	-	-	7,773
License and Permits	37,076		-	-	-	37,076
Charges for Service	33,543		-	-	-	33,543
Fines	85,061		-	-	-	85,061
Miscellaneous	153,582		-	-	37	153,619
Interest	6,026		10	-	41	6,077
Royalties	1,815		-	-	-	1,815
Cemetery	33,589					33,589
Total Revenue	1,313,950		10		78	1,314,038
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	310,000		-	-	-	310,000
Public Safety	1,128,139		-	-	-	1,128,139
Highways and Streets	219,075		-	-	-	219,075
Culture and Recreation	167,317		-	-	237	167,554
Cemetery	132,714		-	-	-	132,714
Capital Outlay						
Highways and Streets	1,800		-	-	-	1,800
Debt Service	412,531					412,531
Total Expenditures	2,371,576				237	2,371,813
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,057,626) _	10		(159)	(1,057,775)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In	1,131,557		-	-	-	1,131,557
Transfers Out			(20,377)			(20,377)
Total Other Financing						
Sources	1,131,557		(20,377)			1,111,180
Net Change in Fund Balances	73,931		(20,367)	-	(159)	53,405
Fund Balances, Beginning	724,848		20,367	3	18,000	763,218
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 798,779	\$	_	\$ 3	\$ 17,841	\$ 816,623

City of Marlow, Oklahoma Supplemental Schedule Schedule of Grant Activity Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Granting Agency	Purpose		Award Amount	-	enditures 15-2016	Revenue ceived 2015- 2016	Award Balance 6/30/16	Grant Receivable 6/30/2016
Department of Agriculture	Fire Operations Grant	\$	4,290	\$	4,290	\$ 4,290	\$	- \$ -
Department of Tourism	Splashpad Grant	\$	94,468	\$	94,468	\$ 94,468	\$	- \$ -
Department of Libraries	Operations Grant	<u></u>	3,573	<u></u>	3,573	\$ 3,573	\$	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>
Total		\$	102,331	\$	102,331	\$ 102,331	\$	<u>- \$ -</u>



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Council City of Marlow, Oklahoma

We have audited audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marlow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 15, 2017. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph on the City's use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies, as items 16-1 and 16-2.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 16-1 and 16-2.

City of Marlow, Oklahoma's Responses to Findings

The City of Marlow, Oklahoma's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Marlow, Oklahoma's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ungel, Johnston + Blosingeme, P.C.

Chickasha, Oklahoma May 15, 2017

CITY OF MARLOW, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters:

16-1. <u>Criteria</u> – Purchase orders are to be used to initiate the purchasing process and an original invoice should be included with the purchase order. The purchase order should be signed by the encumbrance clerk to verify budgeted funds are available; original invoices should be signed and dated verifying the receipt of goods or services.

 $\underline{Condition}$ – In our expenditure testing we noted of thirty-six purchase orders tested, five purchase orders were prepared after date of invoice, one original invoice was paid for \$112 more than the purchase order, three invoices were not signed indicating that the goods or services were received, and one purchase order did not have an invoice attached, but the amount paid approved by the board.

<u>Cause and Effect</u> – A lack of consistency exists in following procedures to properly implement state purchasing laws. In addition, there is an increased likelihood budgets could be exceeded and improper purchases could be made.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should follow state statues and properly implement purchase order procedures.

Management response – Management agrees.

16-2. <u>Criteria</u> – Employee pay raises should be verified in the computerized payroll system to confirm increases are appropriate and calculating correctly.

<u>Condition</u> – During our payroll testing, we noted one employee did not receive their raise as listed on the Employee Status Update. The City Clerk entered the pay raise into the payroll system but the input was not complete, therefore the pay rate increase did not take effect in the system. This was not discovered until another change to their pay rate was made.

<u>Cause and Effect</u> – A follow-up verification was not made after changes were made into the payroll system which caused the employee to not receive the correct pay.

 $\underline{\text{Recommendation}}$ – After any changes are made into the computer accounting systems a verification of the changes should be done to confirm changes are correct and proper calculations are being done by the system.

Management response – Management agrees.

CITY OF MARLOW, OKLAHOMA DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters:

No findings were noted for the 2014-15 fiscal year.