CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL

Jerry Beech, Mayor

Vicki Hagerman, City Administrator

Steve McLaughlin, NCUA & Council President

Jamie Bardwell

Tad Boone

James Newman

Earlene Smith

Sheri Parsons

Lowell Holman

Zetta Penner

CITY CLERK

Karla Ferrero

JAMES M. KUYKENDALL RICK D. MILLER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Cordell, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, net pension liability schedules and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of debt service coverage requirements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of debt service coverage requirements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 18, 2023, on our consideration of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Britton, Kuykendall & Miller BRITTON, KUYKENDALL & MILLER

Certified Public Accountants

Weatherford, Oklahoma August 18, 2023 Our discussion and analysis of the City of New Cordell's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's total net position increased by \$2,231,350 or 30.99% from the prior year.
- During the year, City's expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$1,827,118 and were funded by program revenues of \$601,889 and further funded programs with taxes and other general revenues and transfers that totaled \$2,163,004.
- In the City's business-type activities, including utilities and economic development, program revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,559,587.
- At June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$591,840, an increase of \$38,588.
- For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported actual revenues above final estimates of revenues by \$64,117 or 4.17%, while expenditures were under final appropriations by \$146,220 or 8.57%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual reporting includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status and are presented to demonstrate the extent the City has met its operating objective efficiently and effectively using all the resourced available and whether the City can continue to meet it objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indication of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year and can be used to assess the City's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the City's programs are financed. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinctively report governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, and business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government; public safety and judiciary; transportation; and cultural, parks, and recreation. Business-types activities include utility services, including electricity, water, and sanitation, provided by the City.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organization for which the City is accountable (component units). Most of these legally separate organizations are blended into the primary government for financial reporting purposes. Other organizations operate more independently or provide services directly to the citizens, though the City remains accountable for their activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations and to demonstrate fiscal accountability. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund statements reporting short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statement is included in the basic financial statement for governmental funds deemed as major. This statement demonstrates compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has one type of proprietary fund: enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water, sanitation, and electric utilities.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting similarly to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. Those notes to the financial statement begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's pension benefits provided to its employees.

Major funds and component units are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major and fiduciary funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE Net Position

The City's combined net position increased from \$7,200,044 to \$9,431,394 between fiscal years 2021 and 2022. Net position of both governmental activities and business-type activities showed an increase when compared to prior year.

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type				
	Activ	rities	Activ	/ities	Tot	al	Difference	ce
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	\$	%
Current assets	\$ 1,201,937	\$ 1,071,491	\$ 3,600,831	\$ 3,235,577	\$ 4,437,514	\$ 4,307,068	\$ 130,446	3%
Capital assets, net	2,286,384	2,185,260	3,346,159	1,765,531	5,632,543	3,950,791	1,681,752	30%
Other non-current assets	1,393,862	392,496			 1,393,862	392,496	1,001,366	0%
Total assets	4,882,183	3,649,247	6,946,990	5,001,108	 11,463,919	8,650,355	2,813,564	25%
Deferred outflows	309,147	442,947	1,148	5,742	 310,295	448,689	(138,394)	-45%
Current liabilities	85,454	149,623	959,164	537,442	1,044,618	687,065	357,553	34%
Non-current liabiliites	179,919	692,441	439,212	213,221	619,131	905,662	(286,531)	-46%
Total liabilities	265,373	842,064	1,398,376	750,663	 1,663,749	1,592,727	71,022	4%
Deferred inflows	1,044,325	306,273			 1,044,325	306,273	738,052	0%
Net position Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	2,286,384	2,185,260	2,766,954	1,418,319	5,053,338	3,603,579	1,449,759	29%
Reserved restricted purp.	524,643	368,616	-	-	524,643	368,616	156,027	30%
Unrestricted	1,070,605	389,981	2,782,808	2,837,868	3,853,413	3,227,849	625,564	16%
Total net position	\$ 3,881,632	\$ 2,943,857	\$ 5,549,762	\$ 4,256,187	\$ 9,431,394	\$ 7,200,044	\$ 2,231,350	24%

Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net assets of the primary government changed as follows:

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

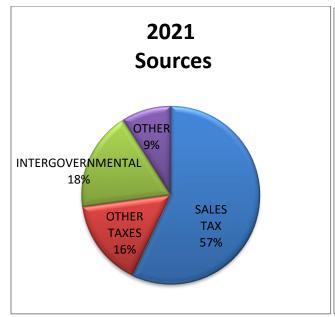
					Difference			
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type	Activities	Governme Activitie		Business- Activitie	
Revenues	2022	2021	2022	2021	\$	%	\$	%
Program revenues	\$ 601,889	\$ 522,484	\$ 5,712,430 \$	4,597,462	\$ 79,405	13%	\$ 1,114,968	20%
Taxes and other general revenues	1,835,923	950,856	61,069	60,238	885,067	48%	831	1%
Total revenues	2,437,812	1,473,340	5,773,499	4,657,700	964,472	40%	(1,115,799)	-19%
Expenses								
General government	266,852	193,562	-	-	73,290	27%	-	-
Public safety and judiciary	905,169	932,074	=	-	(26,905)	-3%	-	-
Transportation	473,630	338,027	-	-	135,603	29%	-	-
Cultural, parks, and recreation	166,492	134,668	=	-	31,824	19%	-	-
Public services	14,975	43,580	=	-	(28,605)	-191%	-	-
Electric	-	-	2,370,566	1,928,927	-	-	441,639	19%
Water	-	-	818,073	591,633	-	-	226,440	28%
Sewer	-	-	119,387	163,903	-	-	(44,516)	-37%
Sanitation	-	-	340,574	360,449	-	-	(19,875)	-6%
Customer service	-	-	433,719	351,769	-	-	81,950	19%
Economic development			70,524	70,552		-	(28)	0%
Total expenses	1,827,118	1,641,911	4,152,843	3,467,233	185,207	10%	685,610	17%
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	610,694	(168,571)	1,620,656	1,190,467	779,265	128%	430,189	27%
Transfers	327,081	659,671	(327,081)	(659,671)	(332,590)	-102%	332,590	-102%
Change in net position	937,775	491,100	1,293,575	530,796	446,675	48%	\$ 762,779	59%
Beginning net position	2,943,857	2,452,757	4,256,187	3,725,391	491,100	17%	530,796	12%
Ending net position	\$ 3,881,632	\$ 2,943,857	\$ 5,549,762 \$	4,256,187	\$ 937,775	24%	\$ 1,293,575	23%

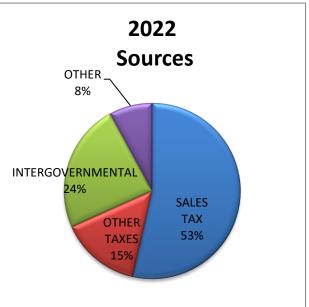
The City's governmental activities' increase in net assets of \$937,775 is primarily attributable to defined benefit pension change and transfers. The business-type activities' increase in net assets of \$1,293,575 is a function of grant revenues including OWRB loan forgiveness. The results indicate that, as a whole, the City's financial condition increased from the prior year.

Governmental Activities

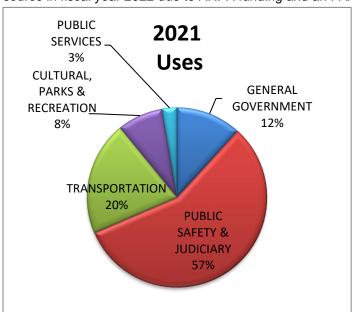
To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

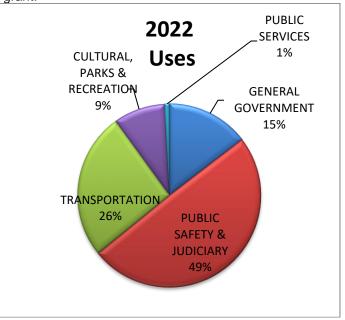
The City's governmental activities were funded and used as follows:





For the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, sales tax provided the most significant source of funding for governmental activities at 57% and 53%, respectively. Intergovernmental revenues increased as a funding source in fiscal year 2022 due to ARPA funding and an FAA grant.

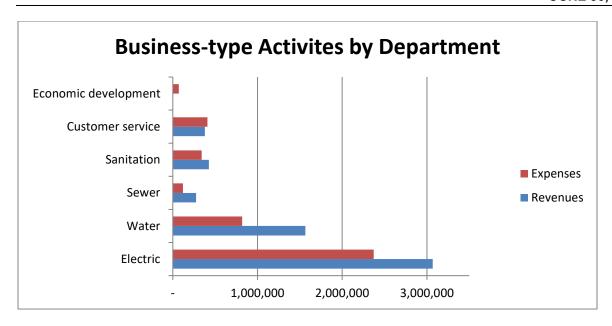




Consistent between fiscal years, public safety and judiciary expenses were the largest use of governmental funds at 57% and 49% for 2021 and 2022, respectively.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities are designed to cover their cost of operations. The following chart displays total revenues and total expenses of each business-type department for fiscal year 2022:



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, revenues from electric, water, sewer and sanitation covered the cost of their respective departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$5,632,543 invested in capital assets, net of related debt, including vehicles and equipment for police and fire operations, park facilities, and street activities in governmental activities and electric lines, water lines and sewer lines in business-type activities. See table below.

Primary Government Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

Governmental		Busine	ess-type			
<u>Activ</u>	<u>rities</u>	<u>Activ</u>	<u>vities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
1,087,538	790,403	114,135	111,135	1,201,673	901,538	
747,295	829,136	765,984	788,311	1,513,279	1,617,447	
451,551	465,861	309,163	197,353	760,714	663,214	
-	-	598,740	591,462	598,740	591,462	
-	99,860	1,558,137	77,270	1,558,137	177,130	
\$ 2,286,384	\$ 2,185,260	\$ 3,346,159	\$ 1,765,531	\$ 5,632,543	\$ 3,950,791	
	Activ 2022 1,087,538 747,295 451,551 - -	Activities 2022 2021 1,087,538 790,403 747,295 829,136 451,551 465,861 - 99,860	Activities Activities 2022 2021 2022 1,087,538 790,403 114,135 747,295 829,136 765,984 451,551 465,861 309,163 - - 598,740 - 99,860 1,558,137	Activities Activities 2022 2021 2022 2021 1,087,538 790,403 114,135 111,135 747,295 829,136 765,984 788,311 451,551 465,861 309,163 197,353 - - 598,740 591,462 - 99,860 1,558,137 77,270	Activities Activities To 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 1,087,538 790,403 114,135 111,135 1,201,673 747,295 829,136 765,984 788,311 1,513,279 451,551 465,861 309,163 197,353 760,714 - - 598,740 591,462 598,740 - 99,860 1,558,137 77,270 1,558,137	

This year's more significant capital asset additions included:

- In Governmental Activities: \$71,500 for a dump truck and \$51,759 for street improvements for the street department; and \$258,8200 for airport improvements.
- In Business-type Activities: \$30,000 for a 2022 Ford Super Duty pickup and \$25,481 for transformers for the electric department; \$97,422 for a backhoe, \$36,700 for a 6" wellfield waterline, and \$1,480,867 for various water system improvements for the water department; and \$50,153 for various sewer department equipment; and \$27,486 for a 2021 F-150 pickup for NCUA administration.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$439,212 in outstanding long-term debt which represents a net increase of \$225,991 from the prior year. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

Primary Government Long-Term Debt

		Govern	men	ıtal	Busine	ss-t	уре			
		Activ	ities	<u>i</u>	Activ	/ities	<u>s</u>	<u>To</u>	tal	
	2	2022		<u>2021</u>	2022		<u>2021</u>	2022		<u>2021</u>
Revenue bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 579,205	\$	250,000	\$ 579,205	\$	250,000
Notes payable/capital leases		-		-	 <u>-</u>		102,954	 -		102,954
subtotal		-		-	579,205		352,954	579,205		352,954
less current portion		-		=	(139,993)		(139,733)	(139,993)		(139,733)
Totals	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 439,212	\$	213,221	\$ 439,212	\$	213,221

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS'S BUDGET AND RATES

In many ways the state and national economies have recovered from the damage wrought by the COVID-19 pandemic. While income and output have long since risen above their pre-pandemic levels, in large part spurred by fiscal and monetary stimulus and state and national employment are just now returning to pre-pandemic levels. Even though the major economic aggregates have recovered, the economy has not fully returned to pre-pandemic form.

Inflation has turned out to be far higher and longer-lasting than government officials had forecast. The Federal Reserve has embarked on a tightening of monetary policy, raising fears of a recession. Fueling Oklahoma's growth is a rebound in the energy sector. Oil and natural gas prices dramatically rebounded from their pandemic declines. The war in Ukraine and limited supply responses by the US and OPEC nations are anticipated to support the continued higher oil prices. This has increased energy sector employment. Following the nation, the Oklahoma economy will continue its recovery for the rest of 2021 and into 2022. Oklahoma's growth is forecast to be slower than growth nationwide, though unemployment will continue to be relatively lower in the state.

The City must continue to make prudent financial management decisions and continue to progress, reinvest in infrastructure, and continue to plan for the long-term quality for the citizens of New Cordell. The 2022-2023 budget is conservative and included an automatic 3% increase in utility rates and provides the financial resources necessary to continue the current level of City services, meet the demand of infrastructure issues, and position the community for continued growth.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at 101 East Main, Cordell, Oklahoma, 73632 or phone at (580) 832-3825.

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Current Assets:	Activities	Activities	IOlai	
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 975,621	\$ 2,338,159	\$ 3,313,780	
Investments	36,830	286,849	323,679	
Interest receivable	1	200,043	21	
Other receivable	· -	-	-	
Due from other funds	54,623	(54,623)	-	
Taxes receivable	134,817	(81,828)	134,817	
Intergovernmental receivables	-	_	-	
Accounts receivable (net)	-	774,101	774,101	
Prepaid expenses	45	25,552	25,597	
Total current assets	1,201,937	3,370,058	4,571,995	
Restricted assets:			1,011,000	
Cash, including time deposits	-	156,069	156,069	
Investments	-	74,704	74,704	
Total restricted assets		230,773	230,773	
Non-Current Assets:				
Net pension asset	1,393,862	-	1,393,862	
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	140,233	188,405	328,638	
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,146,151	3,157,754	5,303,905	
Capital assets, net	2,286,384	3,346,159	5,632,543	
Total noncurrent assets	3,680,246	3,346,159	7,026,405	
Total access	4,000,400	0.040.000	44,000,470	
Total assets	4,882,183	6,946,990	11,829,173	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding	-	1,148	1,148	
Deferred amounts on pension obligations	309,147		309,147	
	\$ 309,147	\$ 1,148	\$ 310,295	
	ψ 303,147	Ψ 1,110	ψ 0.0,±00	
	Ψ 303,147	Ψ 1,110	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES	_ Ψ 303,147	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Current liabilities:				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	39,845	711,693	751,538	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable	39,845 20,961	711,693 15,439	751,538 36,400	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current	39,845	711,693 15,439 7,194	751,538 36,400 31,842	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities	39,845 20,961	711,693 15,439 7,194	751,538 36,400 31,842	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities:	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current	39,845 20,961 24,648	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454 - - - - - 179,919	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	39,845 20,961 24,648 85,454 179,919 179,919 265,373	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131 1,663,749	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454 - - - - - 179,919	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	39,845 20,961 24,648 85,454 179,919 179,919 265,373	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131 1,663,749	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension obligations	39,845 20,961 24,648 85,454 179,919 179,919 265,373	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131 1,663,749	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension obligations NET POSITION	39,845 20,961 24,648 - 85,454 - 179,919 179,919 265,373	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 84,845 439,212 439,212 1,398,376	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131 1,663,749	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension obligations NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	39,845 20,961 24,648 85,454 179,919 179,919 265,373 1,044,325	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 84,845 439,212 439,212 1,398,376	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 84,845 439,212 179,919 619,131 1,663,749 1,044,325 5,053,338 524,643	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current Notes payable, current Total current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Bonds payable, current Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable, non-current Bonds payable, non-current Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension obligations NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Reserved for restricted purposes	39,845 20,961 24,648 85,454 179,919 179,919 265,373 1,044,325 2,286,384 524,643	711,693 15,439 7,194 139,993 874,319 1,905 82,940 84,845 439,212 439,212 1,398,376	751,538 36,400 31,842 139,993 959,773 1,905 82,940 - 84,845 439,212 - 179,919 619,131 1,663,749 1,044,325	

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Prog	ram Revenues	3				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions		Net (Expense)/ Revenue	
Governmental activities:											
General government:											
General government	\$	104,986	\$	9,642	\$	-	\$	238,754	\$	143,410	
Administration		161,866		-		-		-		(161,866)	
Grant Writing		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Total general government		266,852		9,642		-		238,754		(18,456)	
Public safety and judiciary:											
Legislative & judicial		32,345		-		-		-		(32,345)	
Police		380,460		16,238		=		=		(364,222)	
Fire		280,973		-		4,763		-		(276,210)	
Code enforcement		17,174		-		-		-		(17,174)	
Ambulance		182,712		45,494		-		-		(137,218)	
Animal Control		11,505		-		-		-		(11,505)	
Total public safety and judiciary		905,169		61,732		4,763		=		(838,674)	
Transportation:											
Street		385,023		-		26,792		-		(358,231)	
Airport		88,607		7,030		-		234,033		152,456	
Total transportation		473,630		7,030		26,792		234,033		(205,775)	
Cultural, parks and recreation:										,	
Park		103,159		973		-		-		(102,186)	
Swimming pool		63,333		13,665		=		=		(49,668)	
Total cultural, parks and recreation		166,492		14,638				-		(151,854)	
Public services:		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Cemetery		11,776		4,505		=		=		(7,271)	
City garage		3,199		, -		=		=		(3,199)	
Total public services		14,975		4,505				-		(10,470)	
Total governmental activities		1,827,118		97,547		31,555		472,787		(1,225,229)	
S											
Business-type activities:											
Electric		2,370,566		3,068,676		=		=		698,110	
Water		818,073		842,918		-		721,788		746,633	
Sewer		119,387		274,047		_		-		154,660	
Sanitation		340,574		425,415		-		=		84,841	
Customer service		433,719		379,223		_		_		(54,496)	
Economic development		70,524		363		_		-		(70,161)	
Total business-type activities		4,152,843		4,990,642	-	_		721,788		1,559,587	
Abs granner		, ,		,,,	-			, . 50		,,	
Total	\$	5,979,961	\$	5,088,189	\$	31,555	\$	1,194,575	\$	334,358	

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Activities (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Assets:

	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ (1,225,229)	\$ 1,559,587	\$ 334,358
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Sales tax	1,137,539	-	1,137,539
Use tax	192,361	-	192,361
Franchise taxes	36,655	-	36,655
Alcoholic beverage tax	75,481	-	75,481
Cigarette tax	8,980	-	8,980
Oil & gas royalties	588	-	588
Investment income	1,312	5,700	7,012
Pension change	642,036	-	642,036
Penalties	-	47,652	47,652
Miscellaneous	68,978	7,717	76,695
Sales tax transfer to Cordell Hospital	(328,007)	-	(328,007)
Transfers-Internal activity	 327,081	 (327,081)	
Total general revenues and transfers	2,163,004	(266,012)	 1,896,992
Change in net position	937,775	1,293,575	2,231,350
Net position-beginning	2,943,857	4,256,187	7,200,044
Net position-ending	\$ 3,881,632	\$ 5,549,762	\$ 9,431,394

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Balance Sheet For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General Fund		Grant Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash, including time deposits	\$	496,816	\$	330,582	\$	148,223	\$	975,621
Investments		-		-		36,830		36,830
Interest receivable		-		-		1		1
Taxes receivable		132,526		-		2,291		134,817
Other receivables		, -		-		, -		, <u>-</u>
Due from other funds		54,643		_		8,896		63,539
Intergovernmental receivables		-		_		-		-
Prepaid expenses		45		_		_		45
Total assets	\$	684,030	\$	330,582	\$	196,241	\$	1,210,853
Total addets	Ψ	004,000	Ψ	000,002	Ψ	100,241	Ψ	1,210,000
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	37,665	\$	-	\$	2,180	\$	39,845
Wages and benefits payable		20,961		-		-		20,961
Due to other funds		8,916		-		-		8,916
Compensated absences, current		24,648		-		-		24,648
Total liabilities		92,190		-		2,180		94,370
FUND DALAMOSO								
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:								
Capital projects fund						91,421		91,421
Special revenue funds		_		330,582		102,640		433,222
Unnassigned		591,840		550,502		102,040		591,840
Total fund balances		591,840		330,582		194,061		1,116,483
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	684,030	\$	330,582	\$	196,241	\$	1,210,853
Total habilities and fund balanoes	Ψ	004,000	Ψ	000,002	<u>—</u>	100,2-1	Ψ	1,210,000
Total fund balance- total governmental funds								1,116,483
Amounts reported for governmental activities in t	he stateme	ent of net positi	on are o	different becau	se:			
		ura not financia						
Land and capital assets, net of accumulated dependence, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation				ces and,		140,233 11,544,766 (9,398,615)		2,286,384
therefore, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation				ces and,		11,544,766		
therefore, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Net pension asset				ces and,		11,544,766		1,393,862
therefore, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows				ces and,		11,544,766		1,393,862 309,147
therefore, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Net pension asset				ces and,		11,544,766		1,393,862
therefore, are not reported in the funds. See I Land and construction in process Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows Net pension liability	Note 3(B) fo	or additional de	etail.	ces and,		11,544,766		1,393,862 309,147 (179,919)

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	General Fund		Grant Fund	Gove	Other rnmental unds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES			_					
Sales taxes	\$	1,137,539	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,137,539
Use taxes		192,361		=		-		192,361
Beverage tax		75,481		=		-		75,481
Franchise taxes		36,655		-		-		36,655
Cigarette tax		8,980		-		-		8,980
Licenses and permits		4,724		=		-		4,724
Oil and gas royalties		588		=		-		588
Fines and forfeitures		16,123		-		-		16,123
Investment income		792		-		520		1,312
Charges for services		63,401		-		263		63,664
Rental income		11,948		_		-		11,948
Intergovernmental		,		472,787		31,553		504,340
Miscellaneous		70,066		-112,101		2		70,068
Total revenues		1,618,658		472,787		32,338		2,123,783
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		1,010,030		412,101		32,330		2,125,765
Current: General government:								
General government		75,610		_		_		75,610
Administration		161,866		_		_		161,866
		101,000		-		-		101,000
Grant Writing						-		
Total general government Pubic safety and judiciary:		237,476				-	•	237,476
Legislative & judicial		32,345		-		-		32,345
Police		335,210		-		-		335,210
Fire		229,138		_		2,180		231,318
Code enforcement		17,174		_		_,		17,174
Ambulance		181,092						181,092
Animal Control		11,505		_		_		11,505
Total public safety and judiciary		806,464				2,180		808,644
, , , , , ,		000,404				2,100	-	000,044
Transportation:		222 644						222 644
Street		333,644		-		-		333,644
Airport		10,555						10,555
Total transportation		344,199				-		344,199
Cultural, parks and recreation:								
Park		69,240		-		-		69,240
Swimming pool		63,333						63,333
Total cultural, parks and recreation		132,573		-		-		132,573
Public Services:								
Cemetery		9,135		=		-		9,135
City garage		3,199		-		-		3,199
Total public services		12,334		-		-	1	12,334
Debt service		,			-		-	,
Capital lease obligation		_		_		_		_
Total debt service								
		40.007		250,000		400.050		202.046
Capital outlay		10,937		258,820		123,259		393,016
Total expenditures		1,543,983		258,820		125,439		1,928,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		74,675		213,967		(93,101)		195,541
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								·
Transfers in		317,125		=		=		317,125
Transfers out		(25,205)		-		35,161		9,956
Transfers to Cordell Hospital		(328,007)		_		-		(328,007)
Total other financing sources and uses		(36,087)				35,161		(926)
Net change in fund balances		38,588		213,967		(57,940)		194,615
-						, , ,		134,013
Fund balances - beginning		553,252		116,615		252,001		
Fund balances - ending	\$	591,840	\$	330,582	\$	194,061	\$	1,116,483

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		\$ 194,615
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized	393,015	
Equipment disposed Depreciation expense	- (291,891)	101,124
Depreciation expense	(291,091)	101,124
Government-Wide Statement of Activities report the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures		642,036
	-	-
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activiti	es	\$ 937,775

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

ASSETS	New Cordell Utilities Authority	Development Redevelopment Authority	Total Enterprise Funds	
Current assets:				
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 2,336,099	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,338,159	
Investment	286,849	Ψ 2,000	286,849	
Interest receivable	200,043	_	200,043	
Other receivable	-	_	-	
Due from other funds	20	_	20	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$111,951	774,101	_	774,101	
Prepaid expenses	25,552	_	25,552	
Total current assets	3,422,641	2,060	3,424,701	
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash, including time deposits	156,069	_	156,069	
Investments	74,704	_	74,704	
Total restricted assets	230,773		230,773	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets (net)	3,048,020	298,139	3,346,159	
Total noncurrent assets	3,048,020	298,139	3,346,159	
				
Total assets	6,701,434	300,199	7,001,633	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred amount on refunding	1,148	· · ·	1,148	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	744.050	27	744 000	
Accounts payable	711,656	37	711,693	
Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences, current	15,439 7,194	-	15,439	
Due to other funds	54,643	-	7,194 54,643	
Notes payable, current	139,993	-	139,993	
Total current liabilities	928,925	37	928,962	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	920,923	31	920,902	
Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable	1,905	_	1,905	
Customer deposits payable	82,940	_	82,940	
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	84,845		84,845	
Noncurrent liabilities:			04,043	
Notes payable, noncurrent	439,212	_	439,212	
Total noncurrent liabilities	439,212		439,212	
Total liabilities	1,452,982	37	1,453,019	
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	2,468,815	298,139	2,766,954	
Unrestricted	2,780,785	2,023	2,782,808	
Total net position	\$ 5,249,600	\$ 300,162	\$ 5,549,762	

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ew Cordell Utilities Authority	Development Redevelopment Authority		Total Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Electric charges	\$ 3,068,676	\$	-	\$	3,068,676
Water charges	842,918		-		842,918
Sewer charges	274,047		-		274,047
Sanitation charges Penalties	425,415 47,652		-		425,415
	 47,652				47,652
Total charges for services	4,658,708		-		4,658,708
Lease and rental income Miscellaneous	- 7,717		363		8,080
Total operating revenues	 4,666,425		363		4,666,788
Operating expenses:					
Cost of goods sold	2,739,998		_		2,739,998
Personal services	530,322		_		530,322
Materials and supplies	261,156		282		261,438
Other services and charges	247,445		27,515		274,960
Depreciation	165,701		42,727		208,428
Total operating expenses	3,944,622		70,524		4,015,146
Net operating income	721,803		(70,161)		651,642
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
Investment income	5,691		9		5,700
Grant income	59,288		-		59,288
OWRB Loan forgiveness	662,500		-		662,500
Debt issue costs	(123,680)		-		(123,680)
Interest expense	(9,424)		-		(9,424)
Amortization	(4,593)		-		(4,593)
Other income	 379,223				379,223
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	 969,005	-	9		969,014
Net Income before contributions and transfers	1,690,808		(70,152)		1,620,656
Transfers from other funds	355,332		40,000		395,332
Transfers to other funds	(722,413)		-		(722,413)
Change in net position	1,323,727		(30,152)		1,293,575
Net position-beginning of year	3,925,873		330,314		4,256,187
Net position-end of year	\$ 5,249,600	\$	300,162	\$	5,549,762

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	New Cordell Utilities Authority	Development Redevelopment Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,568,141	\$ 363	\$ 4,568,504
Payments to suppliers	(2,841,526)	(30,978)	(2,872,504)
Payments to employees	(522,591)	-	(522,591)
Other operating revenues	7,717	(00.045)	7,717
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,211,741	(30,615)	1,181,126
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Transfers from other funds	355,332	40,000	395,332
Transfers to other funds	(722,413)	-	(722,413)
Receipts on interfund loan agreements	180	-	180
Receipts from nonoperating income	379,223	-	379,223
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	12,322	40,000	52,322
iniancing activities	12,322	40,000	32,322
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchases of capital assets	(1,778,081)	(10,975)	(1,789,056)
Receipts from capital grants	59,288	-	59,288
Receipts from notes issued	1,203,436	-	1,203,436
Principal paid on capital debt	(314,685)	-	(314,685)
Payment of debt issue costs	(123,680)	-	(123,680)
Interest paid on capital debt	(10,401)	-	(10,401)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(964,123)	(10,975)	(975,098)
related intensing detivities	(504,120)	(10,570)	(575,555)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of investments	141,597	-	141,597
Investment income	5,704	9	5,713
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	147,301	9	147,310
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	407,241	(1,581)	405,660
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2021	2,084,927	3,641	2,088,568
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$ 2,492,168	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,494,228
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 2,336,099	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,338,159
Restricted cash, including time deposits	156,069	-	156,069
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,492,168	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,494,228
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 721,803	\$ (70,161)	\$ 651,642
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 721,803	\$ (70,161)	\$ 651,642
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	165,701	42,727	208,428
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(102,967)	-	(102,967)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids	1,583	-	1,583
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	405,490	(3,181)	402,309
Increase (decrease) in wages & benefits payable	6,657	-	6,657
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	1,074	-	1,074
Increase (decrease) in deposits subject to refund	12,400	-	12,400
Total adjustments	489,938	39,546	529,484
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,211,741	\$ (30,615)	\$ 1,181,126
, (¥ 1,=11,111	+ (55,515)	+ .,,.20

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

The City of New Cordell, Oklahoma (the "City") is incorporated under the provisions of the State of Oklahoma per Executive Department Proclamation on May 22, 1908. The City operates under the statutory Aldermanic form of government. The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), streets, utility (sanitation, water, sewer, and electric) planning and zoning, public improvements, library, airport, parks, and general administration.

The Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the City of New Cordell. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City of New Cordell.

The financial statements of the City include the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships).

Due to restrictions of the state constitution relating to the issuance of municipal debt, public trusts are created to finance City services with revenue bonds or other non-general obligation financing and provide for multi-year contracting. Financing services provided by these public trusts are solely for the benefit of the City. Public trusts created to provide financing services are blended into the City's primary government as an integral part of City operations although retaining separate legal identity. Component units that do not meet the criteria from blending are reported discretely.

Blended Component Units Reported with Primary Government

New Cordell Utilities Authority - created October 6, 1986 by Declaration of Trust and as amended by Amendment to Declaration of Trust dated 01/08/88, under Title 60, 0S (1981) Section 176-804. The City has beneficial interest and the City Council members serve as Trustees of the Authority. City employees carry on the activities of the Authority.

Cordell Development and Redevelopment Authority - The City Council members serve as trustees of the Authority.

The Cordell Hospital Authority and the Cordell Recreation Authority are excluded from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. Audited financial statements are available from the related organization.

B. Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. Individual funds are not displayed by the statements.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services with usage fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other revenues sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or utility services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The City has no fiduciary funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, GAAP. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurements focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary financial statements and financial statements of the City's component units also report using the same focus and

basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of provided goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Restricted Assets

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Restricted assets and liabilities current in nature are reported with current assets and current liabilities in the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Interfund Balances

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported and due to/due from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods or miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are described as due to/due from other funds.

C. Fund Types and Major Funds

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grant Fund

Accounts for funds received for grant programs

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

FUND	BRIEF DESCRIPTION
Street and Alley	Accounts for commercial vehicle tax and gasoline excise tax legally restricted for street and alley repairs and maintenance.
Cemetery Care	Accounts for 12 1/2% of cemetery revenue restricted by State law for cemetery capital improvements.
Fireman Fund	Accounts for collection of rural fire fighting fees and is administratively restricted for fire department needs.
Disaster Fund	Accounts for funds spent in the City's response to the October 9, 2001 tornado and the winter ice storm.

Capital Project Fund

This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The City of New Cordell has expanded its use to include major repairs with full board approval.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprises funds:

FUND	BRIEF DESCRIPTION
New Cordell Utilities Authority	Accounts for the activities of the authority in providing electric, water, wastewater, and solid waste services to the public.
Cordell Development & Redevelopment Authority	Accounts for economic development activities and for the operation of the theatre.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budget Policy and Practice

The City Administrator submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. The budget is presented to the City Council for review, and public hearings are held to address priorities and the allocation of resources. In June, the City Council adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for City operating funds. Once approved, the City Council may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Public trusts submit budgets and other planning documents to their respective governing bodies. Other funds budgeted on a project-length basis are also subjected to the Council review and approval process.

Budgetary Control

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and object class as follows: personal services, other services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. This legal level of control is by department within a fund. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the City Council. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Council approval. Revisions to the budget are normally made throughout the year.

Budget Basis of Accounting

The combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (budget and actual) present comparisons of legally adopted budgets with actual data on a budgetary basis. The budgetary basis of accounting differs from GAAP in that the cash basis of accounting is used. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures, which include encumbrances, are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase orders are expected to be issued. All appropriations (including encumbered) lapse at year-end; any open encumbrances to be honored in the subsequent budget year are reappropriated in the new year's budget. As a result, no reserve for encumbrances is reported at year-end.

The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the combined balance sheet and the statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand deposits, savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits are stated at cost.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using market prices. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City has established an allowance for collectible accounts based on management's prior experience. Management does not believe there are significant losses in excess of the allowance.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include current assets of proprietary fund types that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are primarily related investments restricted for customer refunds, and cash reserved for payment of the revenue loan obligation.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Proprietary fund and similar component unit fixed assets are recorded in the respective funds or component units and depreciated using the straight-line method. When proprietary fund fixed assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation is removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings
 Other improvements
 Machinery, furniture & equipment
 Infrastructure
 25-50 years
 3-20 years
 25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also has an item related to pension obligations that qualify as a deferred inflow of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. An example of an item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category would be unavailable revenue from property taxes and special assessments. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Those amounts would be deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City has items related to pension obligations that qualify as a deferred inflow of resources.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs, bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amount to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums. Generally, after one year of service, employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. The estimated liabilities include salary-related payments. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements.

Equity Classifications

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements report reserved fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted for specified purposes beyond the restrictions applicable to the fund.

Net Assets

Both proprietary fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements report net assets. Amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt and legally restricted amounts are separated from unrestricted net assets.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The amount restricted consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets

Amounts reported as restricted consist of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Governmental Fund Balances

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

Non-spendable

Fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),

Restricted

Fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,

Committed

Fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission, the City's highest level of decision-making authority,

Assigned

Fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned

Fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

F. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Sales Tax

The City levied a three-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The sales tax received is recorded as sales tax revenue within the general fund.

Charges for Services

Program revenues reported with governmental activities include charges for services like permits and fees, park charges, and fines and forfeitures. Business-type activity charges for services include all operating income of proprietary funds.

Grants and Contributions

Governmental grants and contributions primarily consist of grants from Federal and state agencies. The nature of the grant determines if it is reported as operating or capital program revenues.

Business-type activity grants and contributions include donations from others as well as grants from Federal and state agencies.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. Recurring transfers for operational purposes are classified as "operating transfers", while non-recurring transfers of equity are reported as "residual equity transfers."

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over city resources follows:

A. Deficit Fund Net Assets/Fund Balance

Deficits resulting from accrual reporting do not constitute violations of Oklahoma State Statutes.

The City reported no deficit fund balances or net assets for the fiscal year.

B. Budget Requirements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City complied, in all material respects, with the applicable budget laws.

C. Debt Covenants

The New Cordell Utilities Authority Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2021 and the Series 2021 Drinking Water SRF OWRB Promissory Note ORF-21-0022-DW both contain a number of covenants which are related to financial matters. The most significant of which is the Debt Service Coverage, whereby, pledged revenues less operating expenses shall provide Net Revenues Available for Debt Service equal to 1.25 times average annual debt service on the respective notes for the Authority. As calculated on the Schedule Debt Service Coverage Requirements in the Other Supplementary Schedules section of this report, the City complied with this requirement.

E. Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local or administrative requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

REVENUE SOURCE

LEGAL RESTRICTIONS OF USE

Gasoline Excise/Commercial Vehicle Tax Airport Revenue Cemetery Revenue (12.5%) Street and Alley Purposes Airport Operations and Debt Service Cemetery Capital Improvements

(3) DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's deposits are secured by collateral values at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health and service.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes.

Investments

The City invests primarily in certificates of deposit.

Types of Investments	9	air Value/ Carrying Amount	Cost	Average Credit Quality/ Ratings (1)	Weighted Average Days to Maturity (2)
Primary government					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Certificates of deposit	\$	36,830	\$ 36,830	N/A	27.73
Total governmental activites		36,830	36,830		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Certificates of deposit	\$	361,553	\$ 361,553	N/A	273.4
Total business-type activites		361,553	 361,553		
Total primary government investments	\$	398,383	\$ 398,383		
Reconciliation to statement of net position Investments	n:				
Governmental activities	\$	36,830			
Business-type activities		286,849			
Business-type activities, restricted		74,704			
	\$	398,383			

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated **Credit Risk.** N/A indicates not applicable.

At June 30, 2022 the City held restricted assets totaling \$230,773. Assets were restricted for the following purposes:

Business-type activites:

Cash, including time deposits

Debt service 2021 Revenue Note	\$	42,670
Construction 2021 Revenue Note	\$	24,681
Customer deposits		88,718
Board restrictions		74,704
	-\$	230,773

B. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Governmental Activities:

A summary of the changes in the governmental activities fixed assets at June 30, 2022 follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2021		Α	dditions	D	eletions	Balance at June 30, 202		
Land and land improvements	\$	1,245,718	\$	413,316	\$	-	\$	1,659,034	
Buildings & structures		5,146,824		=		-		5,146,824	
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		2,781,762		79,559		-		2,861,321	
Improvements other than land		2,017,820		-		-		2,017,820	
Construction in process		99,860				99,860			
Total		11,291,984		492,875		99,860		11,684,999	
Less accumulated depreciation		9,106,724		291,891		-		9,398,615	
Fixed assets, net	\$	2,185,260	\$	200,984	\$	(99,860)	\$	2,286,384	

Business-Type Activities:

A summary of the proprietary fund types fixed assets at June 30, 2022 follows:

Water plant							
Land		11,649		3,000		-	14,649
Structures & improvements		1,132,188		-		-	1,132,188
Plant & equipment		1,125,817		107,093		-	1,232,910
Distritubution system		1,531,365		45,557		-	1,576,922
		3,801,019		155,650		_	3,956,669
Sewer plant					•		
Structures & improvements		1,058,432		-		-	1,058,432
Plant & equipment		264,832		50,153		-	314,985
Distritubution system		176,066		-		-	176,066
Equipment		22,663		-			22,663
		1,521,993		50,153			1,572,146
General and administrative							 _
Land		69,178		-		-	69,178
Structures & improvements		48,902		-		-	48,902
Equipment		335,646		29,543		_	365,189
Transportation equipment		386,422		-		-	386,422
		840,148		29,543			869,691
Ambulance garage		7,849				-	 7,849
Construction in progress		77,270	1	,480,867			1,558,137
Total		7,946,349	1	,778,081		-	9,724,430
Less accumulated depreciation		6,510,709		165,701			 6,676,410
Fixed assets, net	\$	1,435,640	\$ 1	,612,380	\$		\$ 3,048,020
Cardall Davalanmant/Dadavalanmant A	41	:4	·				
Cordell Development/Redevelopment A Land	utnor \$	30,000	\$		\$		30,000
Building - Theater	Φ	920,661	Ф	10,975	Φ	-	931,636
Equipment - Theater				10,973		_	
Total		103,673		10.075			 103,673
Total		1,054,334		10,975			 1,065,309
Less: accumulated depreciation		724,443		42,727			767,170
Fixed assets, net	\$	329,891	\$	(31,752)	\$		\$ 298,139
Total Business-type activities, net	\$	1,765,531	\$ 1	,580,628	\$	_	\$ 3,346,159

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against its operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets.

All vehicles purchased by the Utility Authority are depreciated under the general and administrative transportation equipment.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Depreciation expense charges to governmental activities:

General government	\$ 29,375
Public safety & judiciary	96,525
Transportation	129,431
Cultural, parks & recreation	33,919
Public services	2,641
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 291,891
Depreciation expense charges to business-type activities:	
Electric	\$ 26,220
Water	85,969
Customer service	9,209
Sewer	44,303
Economic development	42,727
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 208,428

C. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

NOTES PAYABLE:

Note Payable with High Plains Bank for street shop building issued by the City of New Cordell Utility Authority, payable in 120 monthly installments of \$1,366.13 with an annual interest rate of 1.75% to begin March 8, 2018.

88,269

The New Cordell Utilities Authority Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2021 was issued on September 15, 2021 in the amount of \$430,000 for water system improvements including a SCADA system and a chemical feed system. The note has a fixed interest rate of 1.05% and is secured by a pledge of revenues generated by the water, sanitary sewer, garbage, and electric system. Semi-annual principal and interest payments are due beginning March 1, 2022 with final maturity on March 1, 2025.

380,000

New Cordell Utilities Authority \$2,250,000 Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, loan number ORF-21-0022-DW dated December 21, 2021, due in semi-annual payments over 19 years after project completion with interest at 1.23% plus 0.5% admin charge, on March 15 and September 15 with final maturity on March 15, 2041. The Note is secured by a pledge of water, sewer, electric and garbage revenues and a mortgage on the utility system. Note was used for replacing existing water lines and Improvements. The final loan will be for \$2,250,000 reduced by \$662,500 principal forgiveness through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

110,936

Total notes payable

\$ 579,205

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Type of Debt	Balance at July 1, 2021				Amount Retired		Balance at June 30, 2022		Due within One Year	
Business-type activities										
Notes payable	\$	102,954	\$ 1,203,436	\$	727,185	\$	579,205	\$	139,993	
Revenue bonds payable		250,000	-		250,000		-		-	
Total enterprise fund debt	\$	352,954	\$ 1,203,436	\$	977,185	\$	579,205	\$	139,993	
Total enterprise fund debt	\$	352,954	\$ 1,203,436	\$	977,185	\$	579,205	\$	139,993	

Annual Debt Service Requirements:

The annual debt service requirement to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

		irmental vities	Business-type Activities								
Year Ending June 30	Capita	l Leases		Notes F	Payal	ole		Revenue	Bonds		
	Pa	yable	F	Principal		Interest	Prir	ncipal	Inte	rest	
2023	\$	-		139,993		19,571	<u> </u>	-		-	
2024		-		145,258		28,885		-		-	
2025		-		145,527		26,665		-		-	
2026		-		99,291		24,609		-		-	
2027		-		38,525		23,041		-		-	
2028-2032		-		10,611		53		-		-	
Totals	\$	-	\$	579,205	\$	122,824	\$	-	\$	-	

D. <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES</u>

Operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Operating Transfers	Tr	ansfer In	Transfer Out		
GENERAL FUND:					
Cordell Utility Authority	\$	317,125	\$	205	
Capital Projects		-		25,000	
		-		-	
CAPITAL PROJECTS:					
Cordell Utility Authority		306,000		295,839	
General Fund		25,000		-	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS - Cordell Utility Authority					
General Fund		205		317,125	
Capital Projects		295,839		306,000	
Development & Redevelopment		-		40,000	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS - Development & Redevelopmen	nt				
Cordell Utility Authority		40,000		-	
	\$	984,169	\$	984,169	

(4) RETIREMENT PLANS

The City participates in two employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund	Agent Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan

A. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund- Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

Substantially all of the City's full-time employees, except firefighters, participate in a defined benefit pension plan adopted by the City and administered by the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System (OMRF), which was established to administer pension plans for municipal employees. OMRF issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.okmrf.org.

Benefits Provided

OMRF provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 2.625 percent of the employee's final average compensation multiplied by the employee's years of service; final average compensation is the average of the 5 highest consecutive years of salaries out of the last 10 years of service. Vesting requires 7 years of service. Members are eligible for normal retirement at age 65 with 7 years of vested service. The benefit is payable immediately. Early retirement is available after age 55 with 7 years of vested service. Early retirement benefits are paid at the normal retirement age, or reduced 5% per year for commencement prior to the normal retirement age.

Disability retirement is provided for member's total and permanent disability after 7 or more years of service. The accrued benefit is payable upon disablement without reduction for early payment.

In-service death benefits are payable after vesting at 50% of the accrued benefit until the death of the spouse or remarriage. If the member was not vested at the time of in-service death, member contributions are returned, if any, with interest.

Contributions

Required contribution rates are actuarially measured each year and authorized through City Ordinance. Employees are required to contribute 0.0% of paid salary. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's contribution was 8.28%. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$66,464 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Membership

Membership in the plan is as follows:

	As of July 1, 2021
Inactive employees & beneficiaries receiving benefits	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active participants	15
Total	41

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPPRS

At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$1,393,862 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of July 1, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined.

Changes to the actuarial valuation between the measurement date of the net pension asset and the City's reporting dates are not expected to have a significant effect on the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$(236,343). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	=	\$	-
Actuarial gains/losses		29,810		45,223
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		118,431		831,231
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		66,474		
Total	\$	214,715	\$	876,454

Other amounts reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

	\$ (728,213)
2027	-
2026	(207,807)
2025	(172,931)
2024	(162,002)
2023	\$ (185,473)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent
Salary increases 4.5% to 7.5%

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense

and inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010. Valuation rates are projected for mortality improvement by the Society of Actuaries' table AA based upon the employee's year of birth.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ended July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.75%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
	74100411011	Hotain	Itotaiii
Large cap stocks - S&P 500	25%	5.80%	1.45%
Small/mid cap stocks - Russell 2500	10%	6.40%	0.64%
Long/short equity - MSCI ACWI	10%	5.00%	0.50%
International stocks - MSCI EAFE	20%	6.20%	1.24%
Fixed income bonds - Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.30%	0.69%
Real estate - NCREIF	5%	4.60%	0.23%
Cash equivalents - 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
	100%		
	Average Real Re	turn	4.75%
	Inflation		2.75%
	Long term expect	ed return	7.50%

Discount rate: The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.50%, as prescribed by paragraph 26 of GASB 68 when the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments. The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participates over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, in accordance with paragraph 29, the evaluations required by paragraph 27 to determine the sufficiency pension plan assets can be made without a separate projection of cash flows..

Changes in the Net Pension Liability			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at July 1, 2020	4,839,152	5,231,648	(392,496)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	82,022	=	82,022
Interest	353,582	-	353,582
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	55,289	-	55,289
Assumption changes	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	78,276	(78,276)
Contributions - employee	-	=	=
Net investment income	-	1,424,552	(1,424,552)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(254,034)	(254,034)	-
Administrative expense	-	(10,569)	10,569
Net changes	236,859	1,238,225	(1,001,366)
Balances at July 1, 2021	\$ 5,076,011	\$ 6,469,873	\$ (1,393,862)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	(836,712)	(1,393,862)	(1,866,266)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OMRF financial report.

B. Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System

Plan Description

The City of New Cordell, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement- a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (FPRS). FPRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/FPRS.

Benefits Provided

The fire pension plan is administer by agencies of the State of Oklahoma. Benefit provisions for the authority are established by state statute. All full time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality are eligible to participate. Eligibility for full time benefits is 20 years of credited service for those hired prior to November 1, 2013 and 22 years of credited service for those hired after November 1, 2013 and age 50. Paid firefighters receive a monthly benefit equal to 50% of final average compensation. A firefighter with 20 years credited service has an additional option to participate in a deferred option plan for maximum of 5 years. There has been no change in benefit terms since prior measurement date.

Contributions

The State of Oklahoma has the authority to establish contribution obligations per state statute 11 O.S. Section 49.100 thru 49.143 et seq and are not based on actuarial calculations. Volunteer members have no contribution requirements; the City contributes \$60 per year for each volunteer. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$11,487.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPPRS

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$179,919 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. The City's proportion was 0.02732%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$15,599. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	65,252	\$	3,160 3.991
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		17,693		160,720
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,487		
Total	\$	94,432	\$	167,871

Other amounts reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022	¢	(13,283)
2023	Ψ	(16,846)
		, , ,
2024		(20,912)
2025		(33,885)
2026		-
Thereafter		-

(84.926)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

> Price inflation: 2.75% Wage inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense Post Retirement COLA Firefighters with 20 yrs of service as of May 26, 1983 receive an increase of ½ of the dollar

Amount of a 2.75% assumed increase in pay

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by Oklahoma statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing an allocation of the insurance premium, as established by Oklahoma statute. Prior to July 1, 2020, the Plan was allocated 36% of the Statewide insurance premium tax. The State of Oklahoma has passed legislation that changes the allocation percentage as follows: 25.2% effective September 1, 2020, 36.0% effective July 1, 2021, 37.8% effective July 1, 2022, and 36.0% effective July 1, 2027.

The Plan will also receive \$40,625 each year from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2027. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The inflation factor added back was 2.26% for 2021 and 2020. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	3.53%
Domestic equity	62%	5.73%
International equity		8.50%
Real Estate	18%	7.97%
Other assets		4.73%

<u>Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	281,163	179.920	95.160

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City provided no post-employment benefits (other than pension) to terminated employees.

(5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statues provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statue relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. <u>Leasing Arrangements</u>

Pursuant to Ordinance No. 89-2, on January 16, 1989, the City entered into a 15 year lease with the Cordell Hospital Authority, leasing all hospital related real property, equipment and facilities plus future additions and improvements made by the City. Consideration of this lease is the installation and construction of improvements and operation of the facilities by the Authority. This lease was extended for 15 years beginning on January 17, 2004 and ending on January 17, 2019 and then again for another 15 years beginning on January 17, 2019 and ending on January 17, 2034.

On June 20, 1989, a 50 year lease agreement dated December 5, 1988, was filed between the City and the New Cordell Utilities Authority. The City leased to the Authority all existing water and sanitary sewer system, related equipment, real property and unexplored leases and contracts. The Authority, for consideration of the lease, agrees to obtain financing and expend proceeds for extensions and improvements of facilities; and to set fair rates sufficient to pay debt service and facility operation expenses.

C. Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as a result of these audits, cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 18, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Specia	al Revenue	•									
	Street & Alley Fund	Cemetery Care Fund		Care Fi		Fireman's Fund		Disaster Fund		Total Special Rev Funds		Capital Projects Fund		Gov	otal Other vernmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 30,027	\$	9,309	\$	6,587	\$	10,879	\$	56,802	\$	91,421	\$	148,223		
Investments	-		36,830		-		-		36,830		-		36,830		
Interest receivable	-		1		-		-		1		-		1		
Due from other funds	8,896		-		-		-		8,896		-		8,896		
Accounts receivable, taxes	 2,291				_				2,291				2,291		
Total assets	\$ 41,214	\$	46,140	\$	6,587	\$	10,879	\$	104,820	\$	91,421	\$	196,241		
LIABILITIES															
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$		\$	2,180	\$		\$	2,180	\$		\$	2,180		
Total liabilities					2,180		-		2,180		-		2,180		
FUND BALANCES															
Restricted for:															
Special revenue funds	41,214		46,140		4,407		10,879		102,640		-		102,640		
Capital projects fund	 -				-		-				91,421		91,421		
Total fund balances	41,214		46,140		4,407		10,879		102,640		91,421		194,061		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 41,214	\$	46,140	\$	6,587	\$	10,879	\$	104,820	\$	91,421	\$	196,241		

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		\$			Specia	Special Revenue							Total	
		treet & Alley Fund	Cemetery Care Fund		Fir	reman's Funds	Disaster Fund		Total Special Rev Funds		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	_		_								_			
Oil & gas royalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investment income		118		145		5		27		295		225		520
Charges for services		-		263		-		-		263		-		263
Intergovernmental programs		26,790		-		4,763		-		31,553		-		31,553
Miscellaneous		2						-		2				2
Total revenues		26,910		408		4,768		27		32,113		225		32,338
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>														
Current:														
General government:														
General government		-		-		-				_				<u> </u>
Total general government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety and judiciary:														
Police		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fire						2,180		_		2,180				2,180
Total public safety and judiciary						2,180				2,180				2,180
Transportation:	<u></u>			-		_	-		<u> </u>					
Street		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Airport		-				-		-		-		-		-
Total transportation		-		-	•	-		-		-		-		-
Cultural, parks and recreation:		•			•									
Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total cultural, parks and recreation		-		-		-		_		_		_		-
Capital outlay		51,759		-		-		_		51,759		71,500		123,259
Total expenditures		51,759		-		2,180		_		53,939		71,500		125,439
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		•										•		
expenditures		(24,849)		408		2,588		27		(21,826)		(71,275)		(93,101)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										· · · /				
Transfers in/(out)		-		-		-		-		_		35,161		35,161
Total other financing sources and uses								-				35,161		35,161
Net change in fund balances		(24,849)		408		2,588		27		(21,826)		(36,114)		(57,940)
Fund balances - beginning		66,063		45,732		1,819		10,852		124,466		127,535		252,001
Fund balances - ending	\$	41,214	\$	46,140	\$	4,407	\$	10,879	\$	102,640	\$	91,421	\$	194,061

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA Schedule of Debt Service Coverage Requirements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenue Bond Coverage:

Gross revenue available for debt service:	
Operating revenue for Cordell Utility Authority	\$ 4,666,425
Gross revenue available for debt service	4,666,425
Operating expenses for Cordell Utility Authority	
excluding depreciation and amortization	(3,778,921)
Net revenues available for debt service	\$ 887,504
Debt service requirements:	
Average annual debt service- NCUA Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2021	126,574
Average annual debt service- Series 2021 Drinking Water SRF OWRB Note	98,155
Total average annual debt service	\$ 224,729
Computed coverage	3.95
Coverage requirement	1.25

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Sales taxes Use taxes Beverage tax Cigarette tax Licenses & permits Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	984,900 100,000 50,000 6,500 5,000 20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200 23,875	\$ 125,000 65,000 20,000 2,000 (2,000) 12,000 (800) (2,000)	\$ 1,109,900 165,000 70,000 8,500 3,000 32,000	\$	1,124,423 187,607 75,002 8,997 4,724 36,655	\$ 14,523 22,607 5,002 497
Use taxes Beverage tax Cigarette tax Licenses & permits Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	100,000 50,000 6,500 5,000 20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200	\$ 65,000 20,000 2,000 (2,000) 12,000 (800)	\$ 165,000 70,000 8,500 3,000 32,000	\$	187,607 75,002 8,997 4,724	\$ 22,607 5,002
Beverage tax Cigarette tax Licenses & permits Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		50,000 6,500 5,000 20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200	20,000 2,000 (2,000) 12,000 (800)	70,000 8,500 3,000 32,000		75,002 8,997 4,724	5,002
Cigarette tax Licenses & permits Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		6,500 5,000 20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200	2,000 (2,000) 12,000 (800)	8,500 3,000 32,000		8,997 4,724	•
Licenses & permits Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		5,000 20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200	(2,000) 12,000 (800)	3,000 32,000		4,724	497
Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		20,000 21,000 63,000 9,000 200	12,000 (800)	32,000		•	
Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		21,000 63,000 9,000 200	(800)			36 655	1,724
Charges for services Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		63,000 9,000 200	` ,	00.000		50,055	4,655
Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous		9,000 200	(2,000)	20,200		16,123	(4,077)
Investment income Miscellaneous		200		61,000		63,664	2,664
Miscellaneous		200	3,200	12,200		11,948	(252)
		23.875	600	800		792	(8)
Total revenues			29,409	53,284		70,066	16,782
Total Toverlace		1,283,475	252,409	1,535,884		1,600,001	64,117
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
General government:							
General government		54,023	42,500	96,523		88,836	7,687
Administration		54,023 89,217	42,500 77,500	96,523 166,717		00,030 166,458	7,007 259
Grant writing		80,052	(80,052)	100,717		100,400	209
9			 	 262 240		255 204	 7.046
Total general government		223,292	 39,948	 263,240		255,294	 7,946
Pubic safety and judiciary:		4C EEC	(0,000)	27 FFG		22.240	E 200
Legislative and judicial Police		46,556	(9,000)	37,556		32,348	5,208
		435,822	(72,000)	363,822		339,975	23,847
Animal control		51,710	(39,500)	12,210		10,870	1,340
Ambulance		193,002	(2,500)	190,502		181,041	9,461
Fire		242,518	10,000	252,518		231,186	21,332
Code enforcement		64,375	 (35,000)	 29,375		18,553	 10,822
Total public safety and judiciary		1,033,983	 (148,000)	 885,983		813,973	 72,010
Transportation:							
Street		301,943	65,000	366,943		337,670	29,273
Airport		11,350	3,000	14,350		10,555	3,795
Total transportation		313,293	 68,000	 381,293		348,225	 33,068
Cultural, parks and recreation:							
Park		81,714	(1,000)	80,714		67,863	12,851
Swimming pool		76,300	 5,000	 81,300		62,983	 18,317
Total cultural, parks and recreation		158,014	 4,000	 162,014		130,846	 31,168
Public Services:							
Cemetery		56,176	(47,926)	8,250		8,223	27
City garage		5,200	 	5,200		3,199	 2,001
Total public services		61,376	(47,926)	13,450		11,422	2,028
Total expenditures		1,789,958	(83,978)	1,705,980		1,559,760	146,220
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(506,483)	336,387	(170,096)		40,241	210,337
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		564,885	(248,000)	316,885		317,125	240
Operating transfers out		(275,000)	(78,600)	(353,600)		(353,212)	388
Net other financing sources (uses)		289,885	(326,600)	(36,715)		(36,087)	628
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(216 509)	0.797	(206 911)		4,154	210.065
(unuer) experiuitures and other uses		(216,598)	9,787	(206,811)		4,134	210,965
Fund balance at beginning of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis):		000 000		000 000		FF0 0	10105
Appropriated for current year budget		388,625	 	 388,625	_	553,252	 164,627
Fund balance at beginning of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)		388,625	-	388,625		553,252	164,627
Fund balance at end of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	\$	172,027	\$ 9,787	\$ 181,814	\$	557,406	\$ 375,592
ADJUSTMENTS TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRIN	<u>ICIPLI</u>	<u> </u>					
Revenue and transfer accruals Expenditure and transfer accruals		_ _				18,657 15,777	
Fund balance at end of year (GAAP basis)					\$	591,840	

City of New Cordell, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Oklahoma Fire Pension Retirement Plan

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Valuation date	7/1/2021	7/1/2020	7/1/2019	7/1/2018	7/1/2017	7/1/2016	7/1/2015	7/1/2014
Proportionate share	0.027320%	0.056209%	0.037244%	0.028287%	0.044291%	0.013744%	0.028036%	0.016042%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	179,920	692,446	393,545	318,412	557,058	167,912	297,576	164,968
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the State								
and other municipalities	658,386,567	1,231,220,849	1,056,272,458	1,125,328,019	1,257,166,593	1,221,546,595	1,061,110,673	1,028,182,875
Total plan net pension liability (asset)	658,566,487	1,231,913,295	1,056,666,003	1,125,646,431	1,257,723,651	1,221,714,507	1,061,408,249	1,028,347,843
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension								
liability	84.24%	69.98%	72.85%	70.73%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%
Covered payroll	85,606	179,010	114,613	85,735	126,262	37,606	75,847	43,566
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	210.17%	386.82%	343.37%	371.39%	441.19%	446.50%	392.34%	378.66%
Schedule of Employer Contributions for Cost Sharing Plans (4):								
Contractually Required Contribution (CRC) (5)	12,425	25,260	16,124	11,778	17,625	5,382	10,724	5,996
Contributions in Relation to CRC (6)	12,425	25,260	16,124	11,778	17,625	5,382	10,724	5,996
Contribution deficiency	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented above represent the City's proportionate share presented in Note 4A $\,$

⁽²⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However results for valuation dates before June 30, 2014 are not available. This information will be developed prospectively until eventually 10 years of information is available

 ⁽³⁾ The proportionate share percentages is rounded for the annual financial report so amount may vary from actuals

⁽⁴⁾ The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated

⁽⁵⁾ Contractually required contribution amounts presented do not include amounts provided by the State of Oklahoma

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABLITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

SINCE INITIAL APPLICATION

	SINCE IN	THAL APPLICAT	ON					
	2022	2021	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$ 82,022	\$ 85,795	\$ 82,672	\$ 95,808	\$ 98,817	\$ 80,984	\$ 92,290	\$ 76,481
Interest	353,582	360,903	346,477	339,375	345,737	332,915	327,723	317,601
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	55,289	(283,238)	(57,293)	(110,994)	(201,415)	(49,418)	(165,762)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	69,743	-	38,495	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(254,034)	(267,842)	(231,327)	(227,730)	(208,019)	(190,399)	(184,213)	(189,688)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 236,859	\$ (104,382)	\$ 210,272	\$ 96,459	\$ 73,615	\$ 174,082	\$ 70,038	\$ 204,394
Total pension liability - beginning	4,839,152	4,943,534	4,733,262	4,636,803	4,563,188	4,389,106	4,319,067	4,114,673
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,076,011	\$ 4,839,152	\$ 4,943,534	\$ 4,733,262	\$ 4,636,803	\$ 4,563,188	\$ 4,389,105	\$ 4,319,067
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	78,276	56,778	85,328	94,010	99,937	131,546	117,146	151,082
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	1,424,552	210,653	340,637	355,202	538,892	38,240	122,575	624,908
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(254,034)	(267,842)	(231,327)	(227,730)	(208,019)	(190,399)	(184,213)	(189,688)
Administrative expense	(10,569)	(10,688)	(10,314)	(9,941)	(9,461)	(8,753)	(9,101)	(9,245)
Other								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,238,225	(11,099)	184,324	211,541	421,349	(29,366)	46,407	577,057
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,231,648	5,242,747	5,058,423	4,846,882	4,425,533	4,454,899	4,408,491	3,831,434
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,469,873	\$ 5,231,648	\$ 5,242,747	\$ 5,058,423	\$ 4,846,882	\$ 4,425,533	\$ 4,454,898	\$ 4,408,491
3(1)	+		+ - / /			+ / -/		- ,,
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,393,862)	\$ (392,496)	\$ (299,213)	\$ (325,161)	\$ (210,079)	\$ 137,655	\$ (65,793)	\$ (89,424)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	127.46%	108.11%	106.05%	106.87%	104.53%	96.98%	101.50%	102.07%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 658,651	\$ 640,507	\$ 695,638	\$ 763,420	\$ 876,752	\$ 833,057	\$ 745,857	\$ 839,164
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-211.62%	-61.28%	-43.01%	-42.59%	-23.96%	16.52%	-8.82%	-10.66%

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Cordell, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 18, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards in the United States of America.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Britton, Kuykendall Miller
BRITTON, KUYKENDALL AND MILLER

Certified Public Accountants

Weatherford, Oklahoma August 18, 2023

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Number or Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Fe	ederal Award Amound	-	Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Transportation: Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-40-022-008-2019	\$	299,999	\$	210,342
Sub-total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	299,999	\$	210,342
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury:</u>COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	3-40-022-008-2019	\$	238,280	\$	-
Sub-total U.S. Department of Treasury			\$	238,280	\$	
Environmental Protection Agency: Pass-Through Oklahoma Water Resources Board Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (A) Sub-total Environmental Protection Agency	66.468	ORF-21-0022-DW	\$	2,250,000	\$	837,995
				2,200,000		001,000
 U.S. Department of Homeland Security: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant - DR 4299 - Water Well Generators FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant - DR 4315 - PD Emergency Generator FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant - DR 4315 - Warning Siren 	97.039 97.039 97.039	F# 4299006 F# 4315008 F# 4315010	\$	77,066 29,432 61,500	\$	- - -
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	167,998	\$	-
Grand Total Federal Assistance			\$	2,956,277	\$	1,048,337

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of New Cordell, Oklahoma.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Also, there were no awards passed through to sub-recipients.

<u>Indirect Cost Rate</u> - The City of New Cordell, Oklahoma has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the uniform guidance.

CITY OF NEW CORDELL, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

TYPE OF REPORT ISSUED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Unqualified Opinion

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IDENTIFIED IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING:

No

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFIED IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING THAT ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

None Reported

DISCLOSURES OF NONCOMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

No

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IDENTIFIED IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS:

No

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFIED IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS THAT ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

None Reported

TYPE OF REPORT ISSUED ON COMPLIANCE FOR MAJOR PROGRAMS:

Unqualified Opinion

AUDIT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2 CFR SECTION 200.516(a)
OF THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE:

No

MAJOR PROGRAMS:

66.468 Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (A)

DOLLAR THRESHOLD USED TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN TYPE A AND B PROGRAMS:

\$750,000

QUALIFIED LOW-RISK AUDITEE:

Νo

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT:

None Reported

FINDINGS & QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT:

None Reported

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Cordell, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of New Cordell, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
 in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of New Cordell, Oklahoma's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in

internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRITTON, KUYKENDALL AND MILLER

retton, Kuykundall & Miller

Certified Public Accountants

Weatherford, Oklahoma August 18, 2023