CITY OF WATONGA OKLAHOMA WATONGA, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Watonga, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, and pension liability information on pages 4–10 and 38–42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jana A. Walker, CPA, PLLC Woodward, Oklahoma December 4, 2021

Jan a. Walker, CPA, PLLC

Within this section, the City of Watonga's ("City") management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City's for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. This discussion focuses on the City's primary government, and unless otherwise noted, component units reported separately from the primary government are not included. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

- At June 30, 2021, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,098,421 (net position). Of this amount \$2,358,909 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. This compared to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$19,930,571 (as restated).
- The City's total net position are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$16,419,355 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase of construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Restricted net position of \$320,157.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$2,358,909 represents the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total liabilities of the City increased by \$611,203 (excludes prior period adjustment for Oklahoma Tax Commission for sales/use tax overpayment) during the fiscal year.
- After transfers of \$1,211,861 from business-type activities to governmental activities and \$789,480 to Mercy Hospital Watonga, net position of governmental activities decreased \$567,350 or 8.06%, and net position of business-type activities decreased \$264,800 or 2.00%.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,372,554 or 38.75% of total General Fund expenditures, excluding transfers.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual reporting includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status and are presented to demonstrate the extent the City has met its operating objective efficiently and effectively using all the resourced available and whether the City can continue to meet it objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indication of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year and can be used to assess the City's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the City's programs are financed. All current year revenues and expenses are

included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinctively report governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, and business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government; public safety and judiciary; transportation; and cultural, parks, and recreation. Business-types activities include utility services, including electricity, water, and sanitation, provided by the City.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organization for which the City is accountable (component units). Most of these legally separate organizations are blended into the primary government for financial reporting purposes. Other organizations operate more independently or provide services directly to the citizens, though the City remains accountable for their activities. The Watonga Public Library is reported separately from the primary government, though included in the City's overall reporting entity.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations and to demonstrate fiscal accountability. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund statements reporting short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statement is included in the basic financial statement for governmental funds deemed as major. This statement demonstrates compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has one type of proprietary fund: enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water, sanitation, and electric utilities.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting similarly to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

Fiduciary funds such as the meter deposit funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund City programs. Fiduciary fund financial statements report similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. Those notes to the financial statement begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's pension benefits provided to its employees.

Major funds and component units are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major and fiduciary funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The City's combined net position at June 30, 2021 is \$19,098,421. This is a \$832,150 decrease (depreciation expense is \$1,782,094- a non-cash expense) over June 30, 2020 net position of \$19,930,571 (as restated due to OTC sales/use tax repayment). The City reported positive balances in total net position for both governmental and business-type activities, reporting \$6,121,902 and \$12,976,519, respectively.

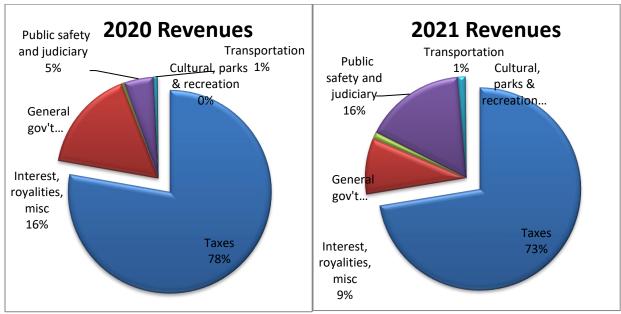
Summary of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activites	Tot	als	\$ Change	% Change
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,898,677	\$ 2,900,748	\$ 2,064,431	\$ 2,098,422	\$ 4,963,108	\$ 4,999,170	\$ (36,062	2) -0.7%
Other noncurrent assets	-	6,050	-	· · · · · -	-	6,050	\$ (6,050))
Capital assets, net	6,582,556	6,720,385	11,329,271	11,330,894	17,911,827	18,051,279	\$ (139,452	2) -0.8%
Total assets	9,481,233	9,627,183	13,393,702	13,429,316	22,874,935	23,056,499	\$ (181,564	-0.8%
Deferred outflows of resources	835,493	828,194			835,493	828,194	7,299	0.9%
Long-term liabilities	3,146,612	2,716,708	-	-	3,146,612	2,716,708	\$ 429,904	13.7%
Other liabilities	716,439	821,682	417,183	212,330	1,133,622	1,034,012	\$ 99,610	8.8%
Total liabilities	3,863,051	3,538,390	417,183	212,330	4,280,234	3,750,720	\$ 529,514	12.4%
Deferred inflows of resources	331,773	235,373		-	331,773	235,373	96,400	29.1%
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	5,090,084	5,639,718	11,329,271	11,324,994	16,419,355	16,964,712	\$ (545,357	7) -3.3%
Restricted	320,157	304,539	-	-	320,157	304,539	\$ 15,618	3 4.9%
Unrestriced	711,661	737,357	1,647,248	1,891,992	2,358,909	2,629,349	\$ (270,440)) -11.5%
Total net position	\$ 6,121,902	\$ 6,681,614	\$ 12,976,519	\$ 13,216,986	\$ 19,098,421	\$ 19,898,600	\$ (800,179	9) -4.2%

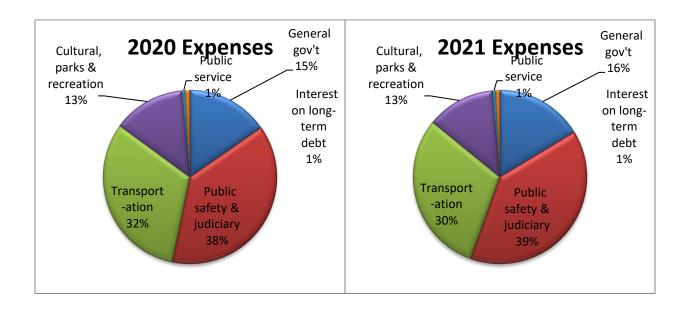
			5	Sumr	mary of Chai	nge	s in Net Posi	tion					
		Governm Activiti			Busines Activ				Total				
		2021	2020		2021		2020		2021	2020	\$ Change		% Change
Revenues													
Program revenues	\$	485,428 \$	238,149	\$	4,822,779	\$	4,865,185	\$	5,308,207 \$	5,103,334	\$	204,873	4%
Taxes and other general													
revenues		2,971,757	3,762,361		3,471		6,586		2,975,228	3,768,947		(793,719)	-21%
Total revenues		3,457,185	4,000,510		4,826,250		4,871,771		8,283,435	8,872,281		(588,846)	-7%
Expenses													
General government		727,714	679,231		-		-		727,714	679,231		48,483	7%
Public safety and judiciary		1,739,192	1,683,585		-		-		1,739,192	1,683,585		55,607	3%
Transportation		1,352,010	1,412,720		-		-		1,352,010	1,412,720		(60,710)	-4%
Cultural, parks, and recreation		566,665	597,980		-		-		566,665	597,980		(31,315)	-5%
Public service		26,468	26,143		-		-		26,468	26,143		325	1%
Interest on long-term debt		34,867	37,802		-		-		34,867	37,802		(2,935)	-8%
Electric		-	-		2,346,484		2,050,324		2,346,484	2,050,324		296,160	14%
Water		-	-		361,647		333,575		361,647	333,575		28,072	8%
Sewer		-	-		322,132		306,227		322,132	306,227		15,905	5%
Sanitation		-	-		305,152		251,793		305,152	251,793		53,359	21%
Healthcare		-	-		63,626		69,166		63,626	69,166		(5,540)	-8%
Airport		-	-		303,694		309,879		303,694	309,879		(6,185)	-2%
Administration		-	-		176,454		180,567		176,454	180,567		(4,113)	-2%
Total expenses		4,446,916	4,437,461		3,879,189		3,501,531	_	8,326,105	7,938,992		387,113	5%
Excess (deficiency) before													
transfers	\$	(989,731) \$	(436,951)	\$	947,061	\$	1,370,240	\$	(42,670) \$	933,289	\$	(975,959)	-105%
Transfers - internal		1,211,861	912,136		(1,211,861)		(912,136)			-		-	0%
Transfers to lessee- healthcare		(789,480)	(984,814)	_	-			_	(789,480)	(984,814)	_	195,334	0%
Change in net position		(567,350)	(509,629)		(264,800)		458,104		(832,150.00)	(51,525)		(780,625)	1515%
Beginning net position	_	7,038,359	7,775,826	_	13,216,986		12,758,882	_	20,255,345	20,534,708	_	(279,363)	-1%
Prior period adjustment		(349,107)	(227,838)		24,333				(324,774)	(227,838)		(96,936)	
Ending net position	\$	6,121,902 \$		\$	12,976,519	\$	13.216.986	\$	19,098,421 \$	20,255,345	\$,	-6%

Revenues for the City decreased 6.64% from the prior year. This decrease in revenues is mainly attributable to a decrease in sales tax and pension change. Operating expenses increased compared prior fiscal year 2020 with a 4.88% change.

Graphic presentations of selected date from the summary table follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

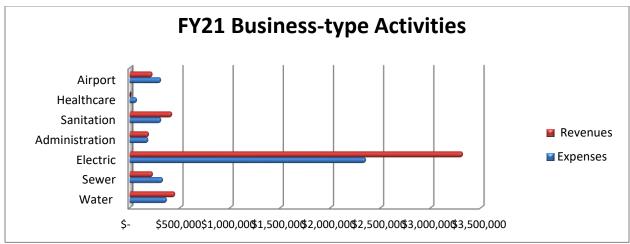


Taxes provided 73% of the City's governmental revenues in fiscal year 2021. Public safety and judiciary followed as the second major revenue source accounting for 16% of governmental revenues.



For the year ended June 30, 2021, total expenses for governmental activities were \$4,446,916. Of this amount, public safety and judiciary with \$1,739,192 was the largest operating service department at 39% of the total cost of services for governmental activities. These costs, as well as all other governmental activity expenses, were primarily funded by tax revenues and transfers in from the Light and Water fund. It should be noted that governmental expenses are adjusted from the fund statements to the government-wide statements for the purchase and construction of capital assets. Government-wide statement is full accrual; capital outlay expenses are eliminated and capital assets are reported.

Business-type Activities



Business-type activities are shown comparing costs to revenues generated by the related services. Sanitation, Sewer, Water, and Electric activities are intended to be self-supporting with user charges and other revenues designed to recover costs. Other activities provide services with minimal user charges.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, revenues from electric, water, sanitation, and administration covered the cost of operating their respective departments.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The adopted budget for the General Fund for fiscal year 2021 was \$3,756,839. Actual expenses were \$224,702 less than budgeted amounts. The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2021, the City had \$17,856,227 invested in capital assets, net of related debt, including vehicles and equipment for police and fire operations, street improvements, and park facilities, in governmental activities and electric lines, water lines and sewer lines in business-type activities. Refer to the table below.

Primary Government Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Govern	Governmental			Busine	SS-1	type					
	<u>Activ</u>	/ities	<u>ities</u> <u>Activ</u>			ctivities			<u>To</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Non-Depreciable Assets	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	
Land	\$ 713,545	\$	713,545	\$	73,020	\$	73,020	\$	786,565	\$	786,565	
Construction in progress	53,829		-		283,823		60,190		337,652		60,190	
Depreciable Assets												
Buildings	1,618,227		1,031,458		3,358,851		3,544,904		4,977,078		4,576,362	
Machinery & equipment	879,983		1,018,081		575,765		584,564		1,455,748		1,602,645	
Utility property & improvements	 3,316,972		3,957,301		7,037,812		7,068,216		10,354,784		11,025,517	
Totals	\$ 6,582,556	\$	6,720,385	\$	11,329,271	\$	11,330,894	\$	17,911,827	\$	18,051,279	

- In Governmental Activities, the most significant additions included the new City Hall building and liberty Theatre carpet in General government; new HVAC unit, and vests for the Police department; armory garage doors, overhead doors and improvements, radios, and bunker gear for the Fire department; tractor and linelazer painter, and drainage system for the street department; Huff Lorang building improvements, roof deck, tables/benches and garage door for the Parks department.
- In Business-type activities capital additions included motors, water meter, water pump, Lucky Star waterline, sewer lines, sensus customer portal, electric sectionalizers and several transformers.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$1,498,625 in long-term debt outstanding. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

Primary Government Long-Term Debt

	Govern Activ		Business-type Activities						
	2021	2020	2	2021		2020			
Notes payable	-	-		-		5,900			
Capital lease obligation	508,625	80,304		-		-			
Bonds payable	990,000	1,080,000		-		-			
less current portion	(153,626)	(129,574)		-		(5,900)			
Totals	\$ 1,344,999	\$ 1,030,730	\$	-	\$	-			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS'S BUDGET AND RATES

Economic Environment

The coronavirus pandemic has cast a shadow over the economic outlook for Oklahoma and the country as a whole. The economic contraction in the U.S. was unprecedented as local, state and federal leaders worked through impacts of the contraction caused by measures designed to suppress the transmission of coronavirus. The collapse in oil prices that occurred as a result of dramatic reduction in global oil demand as a result of the pandemic has had a significant impact on the oil and gas industry worldwide and Oklahoma as well but the recent rebound in energy prices has increased energy sector employment in the state and nation. The contraction in the oil and gas industry has been dramatic and the effects will continue to ripple through the economy as businesses in every facet of the oil and gas industry continue work through the challenges and seek to increase drilling rig counts.

High-frequency indicators of national economic activity are pointing to a recovery. HIS Markit Inc reports job postings were only 4.6% below the January 2020 level. The number of seated diners in restaurants was 5.4% lower compared to the same period in 2019 and gasoline demand was close to normal. US hotel revenues were 91.9% of the January 2020 average. One area still recovering is box-office revenues, which recently stood at 57% below the comparable week in 2019 though this represents a dramatic improvement from prior weeks. According to Opportunity Insights, Oklahoma's drop in the employment rate is concentrated in low-wage jobs. Opportunity Insights also reports consumer spending well above pre-pandemic levels, primarily boosted during periods of federal stimulus payments. Consistent with the nation, both the number of small businesses that are open and small business revenues are dramatically below pre-pandemic levels. Following the nation, the Oklahoma economy will continue its recovery for the rest of 2021 and into 2022. Oklahoma's growth is forecast to be slower than growth nationwide, though unemployment will continue to be relatively lower in the state.

Fiscal Year 2022

The City falls under the Estimate of Needs budget law. Recurring revenues, including sales and use taxes, are budgeted at 90%. Utility revenue rate increases were budgeted at 3% in electric and garbage and at 4% for water and sewer. A new \$2 per meter fee surcharge for roll off rentals was added to assist with cost of City cleanup. A 4% pay increase was budgeted for employees earning less than \$20/hr while employees earning more than \$20/hr received pay increases of 2% on July 1 and will receive an additional 2% on January 1. Utility capital improvement fees were also budgeted to assist the City in keeping updated equipment. This approach will ensure that any further decline in the economy can be absorbed by the City.

Operating expenses were budgeted conservatively based on prior year as well as current year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at Watonga City Hall.

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		vernmental	Вι	ısiness-type			Component	
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
Current Assets:	\$	1 275 900	¢	\$ 1,446,134		2 022 022	¢.	07.000
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	1,375,899	Ф		\$	2,822,033	\$	97,898
Investments		1,200,002		150,000		1,350,002		-
Sales, use & other taxes receivable		227,259				227,259		-
Accounts receivable (net)		23,871		363,299		387,170		-
Grants receivable		-		55,600		55,600		-
Prepaids		22,063		-		22,063		-
Internal balances		(16,172)		49,398		33,226		-
Total current assets		2,832,922		2,064,431		4,897,353		97,898
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		65,755		-		65,755		
Total restricted assets		65,755		-		65,755		-
Noncurrent Assets:								
Land and construction in progress		767,374		188,810		956,184		_
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		5,815,182		11,140,461		16,955,643		1,052
Total noncurrent assets		6,582,556		11,329,271		17,911,827		1,052
Total Honourient assets		0,002,000		11,020,211		17,511,027		1,002
Total assets		9,481,233		13,393,702		22,874,935		98,950
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charges on pension obligations	\$	835,493	\$	-	\$	835,493	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	17,529	\$	390,426	\$	407,955	\$	_
Wages and benefits payable	Ψ	60,366	Ψ	12,857	Ψ	73,223	Ψ	_
Interest payable		2,428		12,007		2,428		
Compensated absences		52,272		13,900		66,172		
Other liabilities		52,212		13,300		00,172		_
		430,218		-		430,218		-
Due to other governments		,		-		,		-
Notes payable, current		63,626		-		63,626		-
Bonds payable, current		90,000				90,000		-
Total current liabilities		716,439		417,183		1,133,622		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Pension liability		1,807,766		-		1,807,766		-
Notes payable		444,999		-		444,999		-
Bonds payable, net of premium		893,847		-		893,847		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,146,612		<u> </u>		3,146,612		-
Total liabilities		3,863,051		417,183		4,280,234		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charges on pension obligations		331,773				331,773		-
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,090,084		11,329,271		16,419,355		-
Reserved for restricted purposes		320,157		-		320,157		98,950
Unrestricted		711,661		1,647,248		2,358,909		-
Total net position	\$	6,121,902	\$	12,976,519	\$	19,098,421	\$	98,950
•					_			

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Progra	am Revenues	5		G	Primary overnment	Co	mponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions		(Expe		let ense)/ enue	
Primary government												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	727,714	\$	6,877	\$	5,931	\$	28,000	\$	(686,906)	\$	-
Public safety and judiciary		1,739,192		154,240		238,897		-		(1,346,055)		-
Transportation		1,352,010		28,282		17,936		-		(1,305,792)		-
Cultural, parks and recreation		566,665		-		5,265		-		(561,400)		-
Public service		26,468		-		-		-		(26,468)		-
Interest on long-term debt		34,867		-		-		-		(34,867)		-
Total governmental activities		4,446,916		189,399		268,029		28,000		(3,961,488)		-
Business-type activities:												
Water		361,647		443,956		-		-		82,309		_
Sewer		322,132		222,391		-		-		(99,741)		_
Electric		2,346,484		3,312,781		-		-		966,297		_
Administration		176,454		179,548		-		-		3,094		_
Sanitation		305,152		414,506		-		-		109,354		_
Healthcare		63,626		-		-		-		(63,626)		_
Airport		303,694		51,878		-		197,719		(54,097)		-
Total business-type activities		3,879,189		4,625,060				197,719		943,590		-
Total primary government	\$	8,326,105	\$	4,814,459	\$	268,029	\$	225,719	\$	(3,017,898)	\$	_
Component units									_			
Watonga Municipal Library	\$	4,958	\$	4,141	\$		\$	94,002			\$	93,185

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Activities (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in Net Position:

Changes in Net Position.	Primary Government									
		<u> </u>	_							
	Governmental	Business-type		Component						
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit						
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ (3,961,488)	\$ 943,590	\$ (3,017,898)	\$ 93,185						
General revenues:										
Taxes:										
Sales tax	2,056,108	-	2,056,108	-						
Use tax	314,291	-	314,291	-						
Franchise tax	25,172	-	25,172	-						
Property tax	116,489	-	116,489	-						
Other taxes	158,463	-	158,463	-						
522 District income	195,000		195,000	-						
Oil and gas royalities	195,713	-	195,713	-						
Investment income	15,010	3,471	18,481	20						
Pension change	(223,656)	-	(223,656)	-						
Miscellaneous	119,167	-	119,167	-						
Transfers-Internal activity	1,211,861	(1,211,861)	-	-						
Tranfers to lessee- healthcare	(789,480)	-	(789,480)	-						
Total general revenues and transfers	3,394,138	(1,208,390)	2,185,748	20						
Change in net position	(567,350)	(264,800)	(832,150)	93,205						
Net position-beginning as previously reported	7,038,359	13,216,986	20,255,345	5,745						
Prior period adjustment	(349,107)	24,333	(324,774)	-						
Net position-ending	\$ 6,121,902	\$ 12,976,519	\$ 19,098,421	\$ 98,950						

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	General Fund		eet and ey Fund	Dek	ot Service	S	ospital Special evenue		ales Tax (Capital provement)	N	on-Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 576,400 1,140,002	\$	251,587	\$	65,755	\$		\$	291,943 60,000	\$	255,969	\$	1,441,654 1,200,002
Sales, use & other taxes receivable Revenue & other receivable Prepaids	135,086 23,871 22,063		2,355 -		460		71,486 -		17,872 -		-		227,259 23,871 22,063
Total assets	\$ 1,897,422	\$	253,942	\$	66,215	\$	71,486	\$	369,815	\$	255,969	\$	2,892,786
LIABILITIES	A 47.500	•		•		•		•		•		•	47.500
Accounts payable Wages and benefits payable Compensated absences Due to other governments	\$ 17,529 60,366 52,272 378,529	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 34,459	\$	- - 17,230	\$	- - -	\$	17,529 60,366 52,272 430,218
Due to other funds Total liabilities	16,172 524,868					_	34,459		17,230			_	16,172 576,557
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	- - 1,372,554		253,942		66,215 - - -		37,027 - -		352,585 - -		255,969		320,157 389,612 255,969 1,372,554
Total fund balances	1,372,554		253,942	_	66,215	_	37,027		352,585	_	255,969	_	2,338,292
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,897,422	\$	253,942	\$	66,215	\$	71,486	\$	369,815	\$	255,969	\$	2,914,849
Total fund balance- total governmental f	unds											\$	2,338,292
Amounts reported for governmental activ	vities in the State	ment of	Net Position	on are	different be	cause:							
Land and capital assets, net of acco	umulated depreci Land and cons Capital assets Less: Accumu	truction	in process		sources and	d, in th	e funds, an	d there	efore, are not	. 2	ted 767,374 7,975,653 2,160,471)		
											· · · · ·		6,582,556
Long-term portion of liabilities are n	ot due and payab Bonds payable Capital lease o Interest payabl	, net bligation	·	eriod a	and are not	reporto	ed						(983,847) (508,625) (2,428)
Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows Net pension liability Pension related deferred inflows													835,493 (1,807,766) (331,773)
Net assets of governmental activities												\$	6,121,902

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Debt Service	Hospital Special Revenue	Sales Tax (Capital Improve)	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Sales tax	\$ 1,038,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 810,443	\$ 207,611	\$ -	\$ 2,056,108
Use tax	314,291	-	-	-	-	-	314,291
Franchise tax	25,172	-	-	-	-	-	25,172
Other taxes	132,761	25,702	-	-	-	-	158,463
Property taxes	-	-	116,489	-	-	-	116,489
522 District income	195,000						195,000
Licenses and permits	6,877	-	-	-	-	-	6,877
Rents & royalities	195,713	-	-	-	-	-	195,713
Fines and forfeitures	53,384	-	-	-	-	-	53,384
Charges for services	100,856	26,967	-	-	-	-	127,823
Intergovernmental revenues	11,788	17,936	-	-	-	229,076	258,800
Donations	405.005	4.045	-	-	28,000	2,000	30,000
Other revenues	125,965	1,315	-	-	-	431	127,711
Interest	14,366	259	84		301		15,010
Total revenues	2,214,227	72,179	116,573	810,443	235,912	231,507	3,680,841
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government:							
General government	405,169	-	300	-	-	-	405,469
Managerial	112,439	-	-	-	-	-	112,439
City clerk	90,872	-	-	-	-	-	90,872
City treasurer	18,889	-	-	-	-	-	18,889
City attorney	67,555						67,555
Total general government	694,924		300				695,224
Pubic safety and judiciary:							
Municipal court	25,335	-	-	-	-	-	25,335
Police	669,003	-	-	-	-	-	669,003
Fire	359,770	-	-	-	-	1,216	360,986
EMS	435,146	-	-	-	-	-	435,146
Code enforcement	113,007						113,007
Total public safety and judiciary	1,602,261					1,216	1,603,477
Transportation:							
Street	673,262						673,262
Total transportation	673,262						673,262
Cultural, parks and recreation:							
Library	220,514	-	-	-	-	6,604	227,118
Park	248,886				2,152		251,038
Total cultural, parks and recreation	469,400				2,152	6,604	478,156
Public service:							
Airport	26,468						26,468
Total public service	26,468						26,468
Capital outlay	75,981	50,029	-	-	683,078	1,415	810,503
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	90,000	-	156,679	-	246,679
Interest	-	-	32,805	-	2,240	-	35,045
Fiscal charges							
Total expenditures	3,542,296	50,029	123,105	-	844,149	9,235	4,568,814
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(1,328,069)	22,150	(6,532)	810,443	(608,237)	222,272	(887,973)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	1,292,583	-	-	-	152,441	-	1,445,024
Transfers out	(164,166)	-	-	(558)	(68,439)	-	(233,163)
Proceeds from capital lease obligation	-	-	-	-	585,000	-	585,000
Transfers out to lessee- healthcare				(789,480)			(789,480)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,128,417	<u> </u>	-	(790,038)	669,002	<u>-</u>	1,007,381
Net change in fund balances	(199,652)	22,150	(6,532)	20,405	60,765	222,272	119,408
Fund balances - beginning as originally reported Prior period adjustment	1,839,624 (267,418)	231,792	72,747 -	71,081 (54,459)	319,050 (27,230)	33,697 -	2,567,991 (349,107)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,372,554	\$ 253,942	\$ 66,215	\$ 37,027	\$ 352,585	\$ 255,969	\$ 2,338,292

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 119,408

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital asset purchases capitalized 810,663
Depreciation expense (936,185)

(936,185) (125,522)

Government-Wide Statement of Activities report the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.

(223,656)

The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Debt principal payments 90,000
Capital lease principal payments 156,679
Premium on bonds 563
Proceeds from capital lease obligations (585,000)
Change in bond interest payable 178

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (567,350)

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

	Light and Water Fund			Hospital Authority Fund		Public Works Authority	Total Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS									
Current assets:	•	4 0 40 000	•		•	40= 000	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,340,920	\$	11	\$	105,203	\$	1,446,134	
Investments		150,000		-		-		150,000	
Accounts receivable, net		363,299		-		-		363,299	
Grants receivable		-		-		55,600		55,600	
Due from other funds		49,398		-		-		49,398	
Total current assets		1,903,617		11		160,803		2,064,431	
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets (net)		7,422,878		1,750,699		2,155,694		11,329,271	
Total noncurrent assets		7,422,878		1,750,699		2,155,694		11,329,271	
Total assets	\$	9,326,495	\$	1,750,710	\$	2,316,497	\$	13,393,702	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	332,681	\$	-	\$	57,745	\$	390,426	
Wages and benefits payable		12,857		-		-		12,857	
Compensated absences		13,900		-		_		13,900	
Notes payable, current		· -		-		-		, -	
Total current liabilities		359,438		-		57.745		417,183	
Noncurrent liabilities:								<u> </u>	
Notes payable, non-current		_		-		-		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		359,438		<u>-</u>		57,745		417,183	
NET POSITION									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		7,422,878		1,750,699		2,155,694		11,329,271	
Unrestricted		1,544,179		11		103,058		1,647,248	
Total net position	\$	8,967,057	\$	1,750,710	\$	2,258,752	\$	12,976,519	

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Light and Water Fund	Hospital Authority Fund	Public Works Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services: Water charges Sewer charges Electric charges Sanitation charges Sale of fuel Penalties Total charges for services Lease and rental income Other fees and charges Total operating revenues	\$ 443,956 222,391 3,312,781 414,506 - 39,669 4,433,303 - 139,879 4,573,182	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - 29,658 - 29,658 22,220 - 51,878	\$ 443,956 222,391 3,312,781 414,506 29,658 39,669 4,462,961 22,220 139,879 4,625,060
Operating expenses: Cost of sales Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses Net operating income	2,035,216 523,381 278,582 98,887 575,803 3,511,869	14 63,612 63,626 (63,626)	18,632 - 5,785 72,783 206,494 303,694 (251,816)	2,053,848 523,381 284,367 171,684 845,909 3,879,189
Nonoperating revenue (expense): Contributions Investment income Oil and gas royalties Grant income Interest expense Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)	3,397 - - - - 3,397	- - - - -	197,719 197,793	3,471 - 197,719 - 201,190
Net Income before contributions and transfers Contributions and transfers: Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	1,064,710 - (1,291,886)	(63,626) 11,725	(54,023) 68,300	947,061 80,025 (1,291,886)
Change in net position	(227,176)	(51,901)	14,277	(264,800)
Net position-beginning of year Prior period adjustment	9,194,233	1,802,611	2,220,142 24,333	13,216,986 24,333
Net position-end of year	\$ 8,967,057	\$ 1,750,710	\$ 2,258,752	\$ 12,976,519

	Light and Water Fund	Hospital Authority Fund	Public Works Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,618,979	\$ -	\$ 51,878	\$ 4,670,857
Payments to suppliers	(2,261,753)	(14)	(95,055)	(2,356,822)
Payments to employees	(521,305)	- (4.4)	(40.477)	(521,305)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,835,921	(14)	(43,177)	1,792,730
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Receipts (payments) from interfund loan agreements	(33,151)	-	-	(33,151)
Oil & gas royalties	-	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds		11,725	68,300	80,025
Transfers to other funds	(1,291,886)	-	-	(1,291,886)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital				
financing activities	(1,325,037)	11,725	68,300	(1,245,012)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	222,052	222,052
Purchases of capital assets	(634,186)	(11,725)	(198,375)	(844,286)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	(5,900)	(5,900)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				
related financing activities	(634,186)	(11,725)	17,777	(628,134)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income	3,397	-	74	3,471
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3,397		74	3,471
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(119,905)	(14)	42,974	(76,945)
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2020	1,460,825	25	62,229	1,523,079
Cash & cash equivalents, June 30, 2021	\$ 1,340,920	\$ 11	\$ 105,203	\$ 1,446,134
Cash, including time deposits Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,340,920 \$ 1,340,920	\$ 11 \$ 11	\$ 105,203 \$ 105,203	\$ 1,446,134 \$ 1,446,134
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities			· ,	Ψ 1,110,101
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 1,061,313	\$ (63,626)	\$ (251,816)	\$ 745,871
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	575,803	63,612	206,494	845,909
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	45,797	-		45,797
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	149,249	-	2,145	151,394
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits payable	2,076	-	-	2,076
Increase (decrease) in other liabilites	1,683			1,683
Total adjustments	774,608	63,612	208,639	1,046,859
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,835,921	\$ (14)	\$ (43,177)	\$ 1,792,730

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	Meter Deposit Fund		C	inicipal Court nd Fund	Total Agency Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments, restricted Total assets	\$	197,072 127,000 324,072	\$	7,285 - 7,285	\$ 	204,357 127,000 331,357	
LIABILITIES Bonds and deposits subject to refund Due to other funds	\$	324,072 33,226	\$	7,285	\$	331,357 33,226	
Total liabilities	\$	324,072	\$	7,285	\$	331,357	

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma ("City") are discussed in subsequent section of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

A. Reporting Entity

Fund Types and Major Funds

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

Reported as the primary fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Street and Alley Fund

Accounts for the legally restricted gasoline and commercial vehicle taxes. Funds are used for maintenance and repair of streets and street equipment.

Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debt

Hospital Special Revenue Fund

Accounts for the 2% sales tax restricted for the Hospital Authority's capital expenditures and the transfer to the Hospital Authority.

Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund

Accounts for the capital expenditures of the 1% limited purpose sales tax.

General Obligation Bonds

Accounts for the proceeds of the General Obligation Hospital Funding Bonds of 2013 which were issued June 1, 2013 to pay obligations incurred in the operations, equipping and maintenance of the Watonga Municipal Hospital as well as for all legal, financial and other costs relating to the issuance of the bonds.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Grant Fund

Established as a special revenue fund to account for the City's grant programs

Library Fund

Established as a special revenue fund to account for the operations of the municipal library.

Major Proprietary Funds

Light and Water Fund

Accounts for the operating activities of the electric, water, sewer, and sanitation utilities of the City.

Public Works Authority

Accounts for the operating activities of the municipal airport.

Watonga Hospital Authority

Accounts for the leasing activities of the municipal hospital to Mercy.

Fiduciary Component Units (reported in fiduciary financial statements)

Agency Fund

Accounts for fiduciary assets held by the City in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The City's Agency Funds Are used to account for various deposits and bonds below:

Meter Deposit Fund

Accounts for utility deposits received by customers.

Municipal Court Bond Fund

Accounts for bonds held by the City related to the municipal court operations.

Component Units

The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is based primarily on certain authoritative, operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Watonga Municipal Library

Established to account for the operations of the Library. It is governed by a Board that is appointed by the City Council of the City of Watonga, OK.

B. Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. Individual funds are not displayed by the statements.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services with usage fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other revenues sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurements focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary financial statements and financial statements of the City's component units also report using the same focus and basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes and intergovernmental revenues. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of provided goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

C. Budget Policy and Practice

Budget Approval

The City follows the Estimate of Needs based budgeting. The budget is submitted on the required form no later than August 27. Revenues estimated for the General Fund are limited to 90% of the prior year recurring revenues plus any unreserved fund balance carry-over. The Council approves the budget.

Compliance

At June 30, 2021, the City was in material compliance with Oklahoma budgeting regulations.

D. Policies Related to Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the combined balance sheet and the statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand deposits, savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits are stated at cost.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using market prices. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

Due from other governments

Significant receivables include sales tax, use tax, gasoline and motor vehicle tax receivables due from the state of Oklahoma and Blaine County. Sales and Use Tax are considered fully collectible.

Accounts Receivable

Significant receivables include amount due from customers primarily for utility services. These receivables are due within one year. Certain enterprise funds report accounts receivable net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance amount is estimated using accounts receivable past due more than 90 days.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include assets legally restricted for capital projects at the hospital funded through sales tax directives. Restricted assets are current in nature and are reported with current assets in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Interfund Balances

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/due from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services for goods or miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are described as due to/due from other funds.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

They City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective fund financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City generally capitalized assets with cost of \$1,000 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Buildings
 Other improvements
 Machinery, furniture & equipment
 Infrastructure
 20-50 years
 10 years
 5-25 years
 20-40 years

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. An example of an item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category would be unavailable revenue from property taxes and special assessments. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Those amounts would be deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City does not currently have any items that qualify as a deferred inflow of resources.

Compensated Absences

Full –time employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time employees at 1 day per month with a specified maximum of 65 days. Sick leave is not payable at the termination of employment. Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments. Compensated absences are reported as accrued current

liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Governmental funds report only matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating employees.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as a liability.

Fund Equity

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements report reserved fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted for specified purposes beyond the restrictions applicable to the fund.

Net Position

Both proprietary fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements report net position. Amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt and legally restricted amounts are separated from unrestricted net position.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The amount restricted consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position

Amounts reported as restricted consist of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Governmental Fund Balances

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),

Restricted

Fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,

Committed

Fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned

Fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned

Fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Prior Period Adjustments

A prior period adjustment for overpayments in sales tax by the Oklahoma Tax Commission in the amount of \$227,838 was made in order to conform to the current period's presentation. A positive prior period adjustment was also made for CARES Act Funds received in FY21.

E. Policies Related to Revenues and Expenses

Program Revenues

Charges for Services

Program revenues reported with governmental activities include charges for services like permits and fees, park charges, and fines and forfeitures. Business-type activity charges for services include all operating income of proprietary funds.

Grants and Contributions

Governmental grants and contributions primarily consist of grants from Federal and state agencies. The nature of the grant determines if it is reported as operating or capital program revenues.

Business-type activity grants and contributions include donations from others as well as grants from Federal and state agencies.

General Revenues

General revenues reported with governmental activities include tax revenues and unrestricted investment income.

Sales Tax

Effective January 2012, the City increased the sales tax levy from 4% to 5% based upon a vote of the citizens. The sales tax is levied on taxable sales within the City and is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Tax collections is remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. A portion of the sales tax levied is restricted as to the use.

One percent (1%) is restricted and recorded as sales tax revenue in the Hospital Special Revenue Fund for capital improvements at the Hospital. One half percent (1/2 %) is restricted and recorded in the Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund to development of the Huff-Lorang Park, other park improvements, police and fire department use, and other capital improvements. One percent (1%) is restricted and reported as healthcare transfer to Mercy Hospital in accordance with the lease dated June 22, 2012 (See note (5)C. for further information).

The remaining two percent (2 1/2%) is unrestricted and is recorded as sales tax revenue within the General Fund.

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot exceed 35%.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$18,949,398. The City levied 6.07 mills this year.

(2) ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

A. Assets

Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's deposits are secured by collateral values at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health and service.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes.

Investments

The City invests primarily in certificates of deposit. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk and credit risk.

	Primary Government							
Turned of Investments		air Value/ Carrying Amount		Cost	Cre	Average edit Quality/ Ratings (1)	Weighted Average Days to Maturity (2)	
Types of Investments		Amount		Cost		tatings (1)	waturity (2)	
Primary government								
INVESTMENTS:								
Certificates of deposit	\$	1,350,002	\$	1,350,002		N/A	134	
Total investments		1,350,002		1,350,002				
Total primary government investments	\$	1,350,002	\$	1,350,002				
RECONCILATION TO STATEMENT OF	NET P	<u>OSITION</u>						
	Go	<u>vernmental</u>	Bu	siness-type				
		<u>Activities</u>	4	Activities		<u>Total</u>		
Investments, unrestricted	\$	1,200,002	\$	150,000	\$	1,350,002		
Total investments	\$	1,200,002	\$	150,000	\$	1,350,002		

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated **Credit Risk.** N/A indicates not applicable.

Restricted Assets

	Cash			
Governmental Activities	·			
Debt service sinking fund	\$	65,755		
GO bonds- hospital	<u> </u>	-		
Total Governmental Activities		65,755		
Total Restricted Assets	\$	65,755		

⁽²⁾ Interest rate risk is estimated using either duration or weighted average days to maturity depending on the respective policy.

Capital Assets

Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in Capital Assets				Primary Go	veri	nment		
		Balance at					_	Balance at
Governmental Activies	Ju	ine 30, 2020		Additions		eletions	Ju	ine 30, 2021
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	713,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	713,545
Construction in Progress		-		53,829		-		53,829
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings & structures		3,959,597		686,083		-		4,645,680
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		4,130,778		70,590		40,486		4,160,882
Infrastructure & improvements		19,169,091					_	19,169,091
Total		27,973,011		810,502		40,486		28,743,027
Less accumulated depreciation		21,252,626		936,185		28,340		22,160,471
Governmental fixed assets, net	\$	6,720,385	\$	(125,683)	\$	(12,146)	\$	6,582,556
Business-type Activies								
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	73,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,020
Construction in Progress		60,190		236,075		12,442		283,823
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings & structures		9,506,245		11,725		-		9,517,970
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		2,003,502	66,506			-		2,070,008
Infrastructure & improvements		19,855,815	542,422					20,398,237
Total		31,498,772		856,728		12,442		32,343,058
Less accumulated depreciation		20,167,878		845,909		<u>-</u>		21,013,787
Business-type fixed assets, net	\$	11,330,894	\$	10,819	\$	(12,442)	\$	11,329,271
Total primary government	\$	18,051,279	\$	(114,864)	\$	(24,588)	\$	17,911,827
Business-type Activies	Lig	ght & Water Fund	Watonga Hospital Authority		Public Works Authority		т.	otal Business- Type
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	48,070	\$	3,950	\$	21,000	\$	73,020
Construction in progress		85,448		-		198,375		283,823
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings & structures		222,856		2,616,495		6,678,619		9,517,970
Machinery, furniture, & equipment		1,284,051		28,618		757,339		2,070,008
Infrastructure & improvements		20,398,237		-		_		20,398,237
Total		22,038,662		2,649,063		7,655,333		32,343,058
Less accumulated depreciation		(14,615,784)		(898,364)		(5,499,639)		(21,013,787)
Business-type fixed assets, net	\$	7,422,878	\$	1,750,699	\$	2,155,694	\$	11,329,271
* *								

Depreciation Expense

Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
General government	\$ 33,213	Water	\$ 214,137
Public safety & judiciary	135,715	Sewer	206,322
Transportation	678,748	Electric	121,026
Cultural, parks & recreation	 88,509	Administration	3,601
Total depreciation expense	\$ 936,185	Sanitation	30,717
	 	Hospital	63,612
		Airport	206,494
		Total depreciation expense	\$ 845,909

B. Liabilities

Notes Payable

Governmental Activities

The City of Watonga issued General Obligation Hospital Funding Bonds of 2013 dated June 1, 2013 in the amount of \$1,700,000 to be used for obligations incurred in the operations, equipping and maintenance of Watonga Municipal Hospital as well as all legal, financial, and other costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. Payments are made semi-annually with a variable interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.6%. The bonds mature June 1, 2032.

40,625

990,000

On May 7, 2019 the City of Watonga entered into a lease purchase agreement with Oklahoma State Bank for the purchase of 3 police units totalling \$118,746.59. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 2.92% with 3 annual payments of \$41,919.23 beginning on May 7, 2020 with final payment due May 7, 2022.

468,000

On May 18, 2021, the City of Watonga entered into a lease purchase agreement with First State Bank for the purchase of the new City Hall building in the amount of \$585,000. After a down payment of \$117,000 on May 18, 2021, the loan carries an interest rate of 3.5% with 4 annual payments of \$32,601.77 beginning December 15, 2021. Effective on December 16, 2024 and thereafter on the 16th day of December every 5 years thereafter, the monthly payment owing under this Lease shall be recalculated using an interest rate equal to the lowest *Wall Street Journal* prime rate plus 0.25%; provided however the interest rate shall not fall below 3.5% per annum, maturing December 15, 2040.

\$ 1,498,625

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Type of Debt	Balance at July 1, 2020		Amount Issued		Amount Retired		Balance at June 30, 2021		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:		_						,		
General Obligation bonds	\$	1,080,000	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	990,000	\$	90,000
Lease obligations payable		80,304		585,000		156,679		508,625		63,626
Business-type activities:										
Komatsu Financial		5,900				5,900				-
Total business-type activities	\$	5,900	\$	-	\$	5,900	\$	-	\$	-
Total primary government	\$	1,166,204	\$	585,000	\$	252,579	\$	1,498,625	\$	153,626

Annual Debt Service Requirements

Year Ending June 30	 Government	al Act	ivities	B	Business-typ	e Activ	ities
	Principal		Interest	Pr	incipal	In	terest
2022	\$ 153,626	\$	39,095	\$	-	\$	-
2023	106,811		41,756		-		-
2024	107,407		38,730		-		-
2025	108,025		35,547		-		-
2026	108,664		32,207		-		-
2027-2031	553,740		106,339		-		-
2032-2036	213,500		42,749				
2037-2040	 146,852		15,985		-		-
Totals	\$ 1,498,625	\$	352,408	\$		\$	<u> </u>

(3) REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Interfund Transfers

C. <u>Interfund Balances</u>

Transfers within the Primary Government primarily represent operating transfers from Light & Water Fund to General Fund and the majority of the remainder of the transfers are for capital projects.

	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out		
GENERAL FUND					
Light and Water Fund	\$	1,291,886	\$	-	
Hospital Special Revenue Fund		558		-	
Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund		139		152,441	
Hospital Authority		-		11,725	
Total General Fund		1,292,583		164,166	
HOSPITAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
General Fund		-		558	
Total Hospital Special Revenue Fund		-		558	
SALES TAX (CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT) FUND					
General Fund		152,441		139	
Public Works Authority				68,300	
Total Sales Tax (Cap Improve) Fund		152,441		68,439	
LIGHT AND WATER FUND					
General Fund		-		1,291,886	
Total Light and Water Fund		-		1,291,886	
PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY					
Sales Tax (Capital Improvement) Fund		68,300		-	
Total Public Works Authority		68,300		-	
HOSPITAL AUTHORITY					
General Fund		11,725		-	
Total Hospital Authority		11,725		-	
GRAND TOTAL	\$	1,525,049	\$	1,525,049	

(4) PENSION AND POST-EMPLOYMENT PLANS

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund	Agent Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer – Defined Benefit Plan

A. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund- Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

Substantially all of the City's full-time employees, except police and firefighters, participate in a defined benefit pension plan adopted by the City and administered by the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System (OMRF), which was established to administer pension plans for municipal employees. OMRF issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.okmrf.org.

Benefits Provided

OMRF provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 3 percent of the employee's final average compensation multiplied by the employee's years of service; final average compensation is the average of the 5 highest consecutive years of salaries out of the last 10 years of service. Vesting requires 7 years of service. Members are eligible for normal retirement at age 65 with 10 years of vested service or age 62 with 30 years of vested service. The benefit is payable immediately. Early retirement is available after age 55 with 10 years of vested service. Early retirement benefits are paid at the normal retirement age, or reduced 5% per year for commencement prior to the normal retirement age.

Disability retirement is provided for member's total and permanent disability after 10 or more years of service. The accrued benefit is payable upon disablement without reduction for early payment.

In-service death benefits are payable after vesting at 50% of the accrued benefit until the death of the spouse or remarriage. If the member was not vested at the time of in-service death, member contributions are returned, if any, with interest.

Contributions

Required contribution rates are actuarially measured each year and authorized through City Ordinance. Employees are required to contribute 4.0% of paid salary. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's contribution was 16.15%. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$225,434 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Membership

Membership in the plan is as follows:

· ·	As of July 1, 2021
Inactive employees & beneficiaries receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active participants	39
Total	66

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPPRS

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,093,570 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined.

Changes to the actuarial valuation between the measurement date of the net pension liability and the City's reporting dates are not expected to have a significant effect on the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$299,435. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 76,427	\$	194,179	
Changes of assumptions	57,861		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments	133,830		33,719	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	=		=	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 225,434	-		
Total	\$ 493,552	\$	227,898	

Other amounts reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022	\$ 22,437
2023	22,051
2024	(19,772)
2025	15,504
2026	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 40,220

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 4.5% to 7.5%

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense

and inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010. Valuation rates are projected for mortality improvement by the Society of Actuaries' table AA based upon the employee's year of birth.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ended July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.75%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks - S&P 500	25%	5.80%	1.45%
Small/mid cap stocks - Russell 2500	10%	6.40%	0.64%
Long/short equity - MSCI ACWI	10%	5.00%	0.50%
International stocks - MSCI EAFE	20%	6.20%	1.24%
Fixed income bonds - Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.30%	0.69%
Real estate - NCREIF	5%	4.60%	0.23%
Cash equivalents - 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
	100%		
	Average Real Re	turn	4.75%
	Inflation		2.75%
	Long term expect	7.50%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.50%, as prescribed by paragraph 26 of GASB 68 when the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments. The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participates over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, in accordance with paragraph 29, the evaluations required by paragraph 27 to determine the sufficiency pension plan assets can be made without a separate projection of cash flows..

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Tot	al Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Pension	
		Liability	Ne	et Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2019		5,650,111		4,431,487		1,218,624	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		169,314		=		169,314	
Interest cost		407,872		-		407,872	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		(249,965)		-		(249,965)	
Assumption changes		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		225,616		(225,616)	
Contributions - employee		-		54,737		(54,737)	
Net investment income		-		180,984		(180,984)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(431,433)		(431,433)		=	
Administrative expense		-		(9,062)		9,062	
Other changes		-		-		-	
Net changes		(104,212)		20,842		(125,054)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	5,545,899	\$	4,452,329	\$	1,093,570	

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability/(asset)	1,676,968	1,093,570	600,286

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OMRF financial report.

B. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing, Multiple Employer Pension Plans

Plan Description

The City of Watonga, as the employer, participates in two statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans on behalf of police officers and firefighters.

Under Title 36-312.1 of the State of Oklahoma Statutes, 14% and 34% of taxes collected for insurance premium taxes is allocated and distributed to the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension Retirement System, respectively. This provides ear-marked state taxes to help with the financing burden for the police and fire plans. The expected employer contributions expected to be funded by the State are not considered in the calculations of the net pension asset/liability and related deferred inflows, deferred outflows and pension expense.

Reporting

The required supplementary information schedules of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents certain ten-year trend information for as many years for which information measured in conformity with the requirements of GASB 68 is available. Detailed information about the Oklahoma Police and Firefighter Plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oklahoma Police Pension report and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension report. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the respective state retirement systems: Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City OK 73116-7335 (or www.ok.gov/OPPRS), and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System at 4545 N Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (or www.ok.gov/fprs).

Funding Policies, Contribution Methods, & Benefit Provisions

Police Pension

All full-time officers employed by a

participating municipality, not less than 21 when hired

State Statute

Authority establishing contribution obligations & benefit provisions Plan members' contribution

Eligibility to participate

City's contribution rate Period required to vest Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full-time)

Benefits and eligibility for distribution (volunteer)

Deferred retirement option

years of age or more than 45 years of age

8% of covered payroll

13% of covered payroll 10 years 20 years credited service, 2 1/2% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30

years considered, if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits N/A

Yes, 20 years credited service with additional option to participate in deferred option plan for a maximum of 5 years

Firefighters Pension

All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality hired before age

State Statute

9% of covered payroll

14% of covered payroll 10 years

20 years credited service, 2 1/2% final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits 20 years credited service equal to \$7.53 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years considered Yes, 20 years credited service with additional option to participate in deferred option plan for a maximum of 5 years

These two plans are administered by agencies of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation date Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits Actuarial cost method Amortization method Amortization period Actuarial asset valuation

method

7/1/20 Yes Yes Entry age Level dollar, open 5 years

5-year smoothed

Police Pension

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases

Cost of living increases (maximum)

Inflation Source of mortality assumptions

Experience study

7.5% 3.5% to 12%

1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation)

3.5%

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Table with age set back 4 years with fully generational improvement using scale AA Actuarial assumptions were based upon results of an experience study covering the

period July, 2012 to June, 2017

Firefighters Pension

7/1/20

Yes Yes Entry age Level dollar, closed 30 years

An expected actuarial value is determined equal to the prior year's actuarial value of assets plus cash flow (excluding realized and unrealized gains losses) for the year ended on the valuation date and assuming a 7.5% interest return. 20% of any (gain) loss is amortized over 5 years. The result is constrained to a value of 80% to 120% of the fair value at the valuation

7.5% 2.75% to 10.50%

Paid firefighters with 20 years of service prior to May 26, 1983 receive an increase of half of the dollar amt of a 2.75% of an increase in base pay. No COLA is assumed for members not eligible for this

increase 2.75%

RP-2010 Public Safety Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018

Actuarial assumptions were based upon results of an experience study covering the period July 1, 2013 to July 30, 2018

Trend Information

Police Pension

Fire Pension

	Actuarially	City				Actuarially	City			
	Determined	Proportionate	City		State	Determined	Proportionate	City	%	State
	Contribution	Share	Contribution	% Contributed	Contribution	Contribution	Share	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution
2021	\$39,475,000	\$34,699	\$44,226,000	24.84%	\$39,559,000	\$142,015,118	\$70,695	\$36,395,216	43.96%	\$103,591,633
2020	\$36,720,000	\$35,986	\$42,154,000	25.20%	\$39,559,000	\$150,174,973	\$65,466	\$37,693,595	45.30%	\$101,700,051
2019	\$32,798,000	\$28,108	\$40,135,000	25.64%	\$39,028,000	\$155,547,401	\$77,408	\$36,015,374	44.99%	\$100,333,324
2018	\$51,417,000	\$35,838	\$38,887,000	24.46%	\$34,283,000	\$141,509,975	\$67,877	\$34,567,211	43.04%	\$88,133,633
2017	\$45,054,000	\$31,267	\$38,533,000	25.12%	\$35,915,000	\$139,226,348	\$62,547	\$32,670,684	45.68%	\$92,330,270
2016	\$63,908,000	\$37,131	\$37,261,000	24.64%	\$35,490,000	\$142,494,951	\$67,910	\$29,001,438	44.44%	\$91,235,807
2015	\$90,283,000	\$,45,503	\$35,547,000	23.10%	\$31,329,000	\$162,103,277	\$79,268	\$31,518,945	40.90%	\$79,545,329

Trend information showing the progress of the systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the annual financial reports of the respective plans. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the respective state retirement systems: Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City OK 73116-7335 (or www.ok.gov/OPPRS), and the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System at 4545 N Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (or www.ok.gov/fprs).

Net Pension Asset (Liability)

Proportionate Share

Police Pension

The Police Pension's net pension liability was allocated proportionately to the City of Watonga based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to the Police pension, relative to the total contributions of the Police pension for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The City's portion for 2020 was 0.0879% compared to .0948% for 2019.

Firefighters Pension

The Firefighters Pension's net pension liability was allocated proportionately to the City of Watonga based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions, relative to the total contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The City's portion for 2020 was 0.04978% compared to 0.043593% for 2019.

Net Pension Asset (Liability)

	Police Pe	ension	Firefighters Pension		
	Total	Proportionate Share	Total	Proportionate Share	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position Net pension asset (liability)	(2,736,156,000) 2,621,311,000 (114,845,000)	(2,405,081) 2,304,132 (100,949)	(4,103,055,244) 2,871,141,949 (1,231,913,295)	(2,042,501) 1,429,254 (613,247)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.80%	95.80%	69.98%	69.98%	

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fid Net Pos (b)	sition	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
	<u>POLICE</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>POLICE</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>POLICE</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	
Beginning balance *	2,296,364	1,937,461	2,301,975	1,411,452	(5,611)	526,009	
Service cost	59,982	32,277	-	-	59,982	32,277	
Interest cost	166,945	143,081	-	-	166,945	143,081	
Benefit term changes	38,426	-	=	-	38,426	=	
Differences btwn expected and actual experience	-	53,657	-	-	-	53,657	
Assumption changes	(13,189)	-	=	-	(13,189)	=	
Contributions - employer	-	-	38,875	22,359	(38,875)	(22,359)	
Contributions - employee	-	-	24,006	14,239	(24,006)	(14,239)	
Contributions - State of OK	-	-	35,419	51,568	(35,419)	(51,568)	
Net investment income	-	-	49,055	54,684	(49,055)	(54,684)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(143,447)	(123,975)	(143,447)	(123,975)	-	=	
Administrative expense			(1,751)	(1,073)	1,751	1,073	
Ending balance	\$ 2,405,081	\$ 2,042,501	\$ 2,304,132	\$ 1,429,254	\$ 100,949 \$	613,247	

^{*} Represents the beginning balance based on current year proportionate shares therefore, amounts will not equal amount reported in required supplementary information for the prior year

Rate of Return and Discount Rate

Rate of Return

Police Pension

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 3.36%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses the investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Firefighters Pension

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 4.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses the investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations

Police Pension

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

Firefighters Pension

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

Police Pension		Firefighters Pension			
	Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected		
	Rate of Return		Rate of Return		
Fixed income	5.11%	Fixed income	4.38%		
Domestic equity	6.80%	Domestic equity	7.41%		
International equity	11.45%	International equity	9.82%		
Real estate	8.60%	Real estate	7.70%		
Private equity	11.58%	Other assets	5.67%		
Commodities	0.00%				

Discount Rate

Police Pension

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by Oklahoma statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by Oklahoma statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Firefighters Pension

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by Oklahoma statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing an allocation of the insurance premiums, as established by Oklahoma statute. Prior to July 1, 2020, the Plan was allocated 36% of the Statewide insurance premiums tax (25.2% effective 9/1/2020). The Plan will also receive \$40,625 each year from 7/1/2020 through 6/30/2027. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.5% to reflect the expected asset allocation.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate allocation of the total pension liability of the Police Pension and Firefighters Pension would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate and the resulting net pension asset (liability):

		Police Pension	Firefigh	nters Pension
	Rate	Net Pension	Rate	Net Pension
		Asset(Liability)		Asset(Liability)
1% decrease	6.5%	(356,611)	6.5%	(796,413)
Current single discount rate	7.5%	(100,949)	7.5%	(613,247)
1% increase	8.5%	115,288	8.5%	(459,998)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City provided no post-employment benefits (other than pension) to terminated employees.

(5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statue relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as a result of these audits, cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

C. Mercy Hospital Watonga Inc. Lease

On June 22, 2012 the Watonga Municipal Hospital Authority entered into an agreement to sublease the hospital for a seven year period commencing July 1, 2012 (initial term). The lease will be extended for thirteen additional one year terms unless the lessee gives written notice to the Authority at least 180 days prior to the end of the initial term or any renewal term of its desire to terminate the lease. The consideration for the lease is \$1 per year (for leasing the premises).

The Authority transferred cash and equivalents, patient accounts receivable and supplies inventory, all equipment used in the operation of the hospital. No consideration was provided. The lessee (Mercy) also assumed the Authority's accruals for salary expense, accrued employee benefits, and accrued compensated absences. The building and improvements remain property of the Authority and is leased by Mercy Hospital Watonga Inc. as noted above.

The lessee is permitted to terminate the lease, either during the initial term or any renewal term, at any time upon 120 days written notice to the Authority. Upon this sublease being terminated, the Authority will be obligated to purchase all of the lessee's property and equipment, inventory and supplies, and any other leased property on the date of termination.

(6) UNCERTAINTIES

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic and recommended worldwide mitigation measures. The extent of COVID-19's effect on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration, spread and intensity of the pandemic, all of which are uncertain and difficult to predict considering the rapidly evolving landscape. As a result, it is not currently possible to ascertain the overall impact of COVID-19 on the City's operations. However, if the pandemic continues to evolve it is likely to have a negative impact on revenue with the City's largest source of income for operations being sales tax as well as other tax revenues, cultural and recreation charges.

The information is provided for informational purposes only.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 4, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

City of Watonga, Oklahoma General Fund Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2021

DEVENUES	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Sales tax	\$ 989,860	\$ -	\$ 989,860	\$ 1,037,507	\$ 47,647
Use tax	275,224	(70,000)	205,224	296,885	91,661
Cigarette tax	20,226	(70,000)	20,226	18,669	(1,557)
Franchise Tax	24,282		24,282	25,172	890
Alcoholic beverage tax	82,638	30,000	112,638	115,245	2,607
Police fines & court fees	62,375		27,375	51,176	23,801
Intergovernmental revenues	02,373	(35,000)	21,313	19,426	19,426
522 District income	145,000	50,000	195,000	195,000	13,420
	100.000	13,000		126.064	13,064
Ambulance receipts	,	,	113,000	- /	,
Rentals, sales, miscellaneous	34,616	79,000	113,616	125,965	12,349
Oil & gas income	200,000	(15,000)	185,000	195,713	10,713
Licenses & permits	5,700	1,000	6,700	6,877	177
Interest Income	15,000		15,000	14,366	(634)
Total revenues	1,954,921	53,000	2,007,921	2,228,065	220,144
EXPENDITURES General government: General government:	426,419	20,000	446,419	427,459	18,960
Managerial:	128,858	-	128,858	112,194	16,664
City Clerk:	92,606	3,000	95,606	91,872	3,734
City Treasurer:	18,607	2,000	20,607	18,842	1,765
City Attorney:	45,000	30,000	75,000	66,695	8,305
Total General government:	711,490	55,000	766,490	717,062	49,428
Pubic safety and judiciary: Municipal Court:	29,969	-	29,969	25,311	4,658
Police Department:	721,835	-	721,835	671,683	50,152
Fire Department:	364,723	45,000	409,723	383,719	26,004
EMS:	452,246	-	452,246	440,082	12,164
Code Enforcement:	150,104	(30,000)	120,104	109,097	11,007
Total	1,718,877	15,000	1,733,877	1,629,892	103,985
Transportation: Street:	710,543	25,000	735,543	696,013	39,530
Total	710,543	25,000	735,543	696,013	39,530
Culture and recreation: Library:	227,534	-	227,534	217,246	10,288
Park:	277,875	(11,000)	266,875	245,824	21,051
Total Culture and recreation:	505,409	(11,000)	494,409	463,070	31,339
Public services Airport:	26,520	-	26,520	26,100	420
Total Public services	26,520		26,520	26,100	420
Total expenditures	3,672,839	84,000	3,756,839	3,532,137	224,702
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(1,717,918)	(31,000)	(1,748,918)	(1,304,072)	444,846

City of Watonga, Oklahoma General Fund Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in/(out) Net other financing sources (uses)	1,285,677 1,285,677	(170,251) (170,251)	1,115,426 1,115,426	874,673 874,673	(240,753) (240,753)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(432,241)	(201,251)	(633,492)	(429,399)	204,093
Fund balance at beginning of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	1,939,569	1,939,569	1,939,569	1,575,500	(364,069)
Fund balance at end of year (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	\$ 1,507,328	\$ 1,738,318	\$ 1,306,077	\$ 1,146,101	\$ (159,976)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES Revenue and transfer accruals Fund balance at end of year (GAAP basis)				226,453 \$ 1,372,554	

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY

Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement Plan

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021*
City's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0504%	0.0581%	0.0694%	0.0697%	0.0857%	0.0948%	0.0879%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (16,966)	\$ 2,371	\$ 106,352	\$ 5,363	\$ (40,805)	\$ (6,050)	\$ 100,949
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 145,881	\$ 171,812	\$ 205,829	\$ 208,677	\$ 264,582	\$ 307,400	\$ 299,020
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-11.63%	1.38%	51.67%	2.57%	-15.42%	-1.97%	33.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%

^{*} The amount presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement Plan

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021*
Actuarially determined employer contribution	\$ 45,503	\$ 37,131	\$ 31,267	\$ 35,838	\$ 28,108	\$ 34,811	\$ 34,699
Actual employer contributions Actual non-employer contributions	(17,916) (15,790)	(21,649) (20,620)	(26,742) (24,925)	(27,104) (23,895)	(34,396) (33,447)	(39,962) (37,502)	(38,875) (35,419)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 11,797	\$ (5,138)	\$ (20,399)	\$ (15,162)	\$ (39,735)	\$ (42,653)	\$ (39,595)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 145,881	\$ 171,812	\$ 205,829	\$ 208,677	\$ 264,582	\$ 307,400	\$ 299,020
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.10%	24.60%	25.10%	24.44%	25.64%	25.20%	24.85%

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY

Oklahoma Fire Pension Retirement Plan

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021*
City's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.048900%	0.047658%	0.044925%	0.047966%	0.049765%	0.043593%	0.049780%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 503,321	\$ 505,846	\$ 548,851	\$ 603,276	\$ 560,175	\$ 460,637	\$ 613,247
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 132,922	\$ 128,931	\$ 122,923	\$ 136,738	\$ 150,833	\$ 134,151	\$ 158,535
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	378.66%	392.34%	446.50%	441.19%	371.39%	343.37%	386.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%

^{*} The amount presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Oklahoma Fire Pension Retirement Plan

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 79,269	\$ 67,910	\$ 62,547	\$ 67,877	\$ 77,408	\$ 65,466	\$ 70,695
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution- employers Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution- State of OK	(15,413) (38,898)	(13,822) (43,481)	(14,677) (41,479)	(16,581) (42,274)	(17,923) (49,931)	(16,432) (44,334)	(18,118) (51,568)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 24,958	\$ 10,608	\$ 6,391	\$ 9,022	\$ 9,554	\$ 4,700	\$ 1,010
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 132,922	\$ 128,931	\$ 122,923	\$ 136,738	\$ 150,833	\$ 134,151	\$ 158,535
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	40.86%	44.44%	45.68%	43.04%	44.99%	45.30%	43.96%

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABLITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund SINCE INITIAL APPLICATION

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021*
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 94,016	\$ 101,924	\$ 113,795	\$ 141,556	\$ 141,281	\$ 154,257	\$ 169,314
Interest	344,182	346,942	349,144	366,151	365,731	385,629	407,872
Changes in benefit terms	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(97,383)	126,877	(76,787)	150,737	69,413	(249,965)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	110,723	-	103,181	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(316,592)	(300,240)	(346,760)	(394,876)	(384,233)	(400,941)	(431,433)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 121,606	\$ 51,243	\$ 243,056	\$ 146,767	\$ 273,516	\$ 311,539	\$ (104,212)
Total pension liability - beginning	4,502,384	4,623,990	4,675,233	4,918,289	5,065,056	5,338,572	5,650,111
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,623,990	\$ 4,675,233	\$ 4,918,289	\$ 5,065,056	\$ 5,338,572	\$ 5,650,111	\$ 5,545,899
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	174,211	174,467	205,322	237,106	258,451	273,439	225,616
Contributions - employee	37,065	37,827	43,341	49,996	54,496	57,676	54,737
Net investment income	537,354	102,538	31,175	449,026	293,083	287,786	180,984
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(316,592)	(300,240)	(346,760)	(394,876)	(384,233)	(400,941)	(431,433)
Administrative expense Other	(7,923)	(7,695)	(7,326)	(7,877)	(8,240)	(8,610)	(9,062)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	424,115	6,897	(74,248)	333,375	213,557	209,350	20,842
Net change in plan haddaly het position	424,113	0,037	(74,240)	333,373	213,337	209,330	20,042
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,318,441	3,742,556	3,749,453	3,675,205	4,008,580	4,222,137	4,431,487
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,742,556	\$ 3,749,453	\$ 3,675,205	\$ 4,008,580	\$ 4,222,137	\$ 4,431,487	\$ 4,452,329
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 881,434	\$ 925,780	\$ 1,243,084	\$ 1,056,476	\$ 1,116,435	\$ 1,218,624	\$ 1,093,570
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.94%	80.20%	74.73%	79.14%	79.09%	78.43%	80.28%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 876,408	\$ 938,273	\$ 1,125,894	\$ 1,179,085	\$ 1,268,247	\$ 1,373,983	\$ 1,372,686
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	100.57%	98.67%	110.41%	89.60%	88.03%	88.69%	79.67%

City of Watonga, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		Grant Fund	Libr	ary Fund	N	Total on-Major Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	252,777	\$	3,192	\$	255,969
Investments Total assets	\$	252,777	\$	3,192	\$	- 255,969
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Assigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	252,777 252,777 252,777	\$	3,192 3,192 3,192	\$	255,969 255,969 255,969

City of Watonga, Oklahoma

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Liided Ji	Grant Library Fund Fund		•	rotar Non-Major Funds		
REVENUES							
Rents & royalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental revenue		223,811		5,265		229,076	
Donations		2,000		-		2,000	
Other revenues		431		-		431	
Interest income		-		-		-	
Total revenues		226,242		5,265		231,507	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
General government:							
General government		-		-		-	
Total general government		-		-		-	
Public safety and judiciary:							
Police		-		-		-	
Fire		1,216				1,216	
Total public safety and judiciary	<u></u>	1,216		-		1,216	
Cultural, parks and recreation:							
Library	<u></u>	<u> </u>		6,604		6,604	
Total cultural, parks and recreation		-		6,604		6,604	
Capital outlay		-		1,415		1,415	
Total expenditures		1,216		8,019		9,235	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		225,026		(2,754)		222,272	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out	<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		<u> </u>		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		225,026		(2,754)		222,272	
Fund balances - beginning		27,751		5,946		33,697	
Fund balances - ending	\$	252,777	\$	3,192	\$	255,969	



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Watonga, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Watonga, Oklahoma 's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Watonga, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jana A. Walker, CPA, PLLC Woodward, Oklahoma December 4, 2021