### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

### ALLEN-BOWDEN DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35 CREEK COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2017** 

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

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### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 8, 2017

The Honorable Board of Education Allen-Bowden School District Number C-35 Tulsa, Creek County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Allen-Bowden School District Number C-35, Tulsa, Creek County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2017, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2017, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Broken Arrow, OK

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 8, 2017

The Honorable Board of Education Allen-Bowden School District Number C-35 Tulsa, Creek County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Allen-Bowden School District Number C-35, Tulsa, Creek County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2017, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we identified significant deficiencies in internal control, items 17-01 and 17-02, that we consider to not be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed some instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. These items, identified as items 17-01 and 17-02, are shown in the accompanying schedule of audit results.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Broken Arrow, OK

#### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2017

#### 16-01 Student Activity Funds

<u>Condition</u>: The student activity funds were in complete disarray and substandard. Bank statements were not reconciled, the sub-account ledger provided on District accounting software was not properly reconciled to the bank statement, invoices for expenditures were not presented for examination, and depositing/collection procedures were not performed in a timely manner. We recommend a complete restructure of the student activity fund processes and procedures be administered. Every aspect of the student activity fund needs to be addressed, and all school personnel should be educated on the laws, rules and regulations of these funds.

<u>Current Status:</u> This finding continued, but was improved upon during the 2016-17 fiscal year. The bank statements and sub-accounts ledgers were still not being reconciled at any point during the year, however, receipt books were being used following the 2015-16 audit recommendation and invoices were presented for review.

#### 16-02 Treasurers Records

<u>Condition</u>: During our estimate of needs work, we observed that the appropriated fund bank balances were not properly reconciled to the financial information each month. The treasurer's records were incomplete, and were such disarray that the District had to pay one of their accounting software providers to "reconstruct" the entire fiscal year. We recommend that each month, a revenue summary and expenditure report be prepared and reconciled to the treasurer's records, and these items be reconciled to the bank accounts. It is noted that the District has hired a new treasurer effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Current Status:</u> This finding continued, but was improved upon during the 2016-17 fiscal year. There were still reconciling discrepancies identified during our estimate of needs work for both the general and sinking funds.

#### **16-03 Board Minutes**

<u>Condition</u>: We observed that a listing of Board of Education regular meetings for the 2016 calendar year was not approved and submitted to the Creek County Clerk's office by the December 15, 2015 deadline. Because of this, all 2016 meeting were considered "special" meetings instead of regular meetings. We recommend that all board meeting calendars be approved and submitted by December 15 of the prior year.

<u>Current Status:</u> This finding was not repeated for the current fiscal year. The District submitted the 2017 calendar of regular meetings to the Creek County Clerk's office on November 16, 2016.

#### **16-04 Purchase Orders/Credit Cards**

<u>Condition:</u> Purchase orders and encumbering procedures were properly used by the District. However, we noted that most of the invoices supporting the amounts paid were not properly signed or initialed by a school employee indicating receipt of the goods or services. Further, we noted that some credit card charges did not have adequate supporting documentation, and detailed explanations for the charges were not always given. It was also noted that the credit card periodically incurred some past due fees. We recommend that the use of a credit card be discontinued if late fees are being paid on a regular basis. We do not consider paying late fees with appropriated funds as a good use of public money.

<u>Current Status</u>: This finding was improved upon during the 2016-17 fiscal year. We still observed some invoices in the activity fund that were not properly initialed indicating receipt of the goods or services, however, credit card documentation was improved and it did not appear that late fees were still being paid.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Section 1** – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit disclosed significant deficiencies in the internal controls, shown below as items 17-01 and 17-02. These items were not considered material weaknesses.
- 3. The audit disclosed significant deficiencies with regard to compliance, shown below as items 17-01 and 17-02, which are not considered material to the financial statements.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

#### **17-01 Student Activity Funds**

<u>Condition</u>: We observed during the audit that bank statements were not reconciled and the sub-account ledger was not properly reconciled to the reconciled bank balance at the end of each month. In addition, the Cheerleading sub-account showed a deficit balance of (\$830) at June 30, 2017.

<u>Criteria:</u> Internal controls should be in place that ensure all activity fund subaccounts are reconciled with the bank statements on a monthly basis and that no sub-account has a deficit balance. The activity fund custodian should provide a financial report to the Board of Education and sponsors, coaches, and parent representatives.

<u>Cause / Effect:</u> Due to the lack of implementation and/or the following of procedures, and a limited number of personnel available to properly segregate duties, there was an increase in the risk misstatements in the financial statements and the possibility that errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected within a timely period.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend, at the end of each month, that all deposits in transit and all checks outstanding be clearly identified and detailed on each reconciliation, and that a list of outstanding checks, giving numbers and amounts, be included. We also

recommend that the bank statements be reconciled with the custodian's ledger at the end of each month. Further, we recommend that the student activity fund sub-accounts be maintained with a balance no less than -0-, as required by the State Department of Education.

#### Response:

#### **17-02 Treasurers Records**

<u>Condition:</u> During our estimate of needs work and while reviewing the District's financial statements, we noted several OCAS discrepancies. These included errors in the codes used and in the amounts reported via OCAS. The fund balances reported do not match the amounts on the estimate of needs or on the financial statements.

<u>Criteria:</u> The District's OCAS data submitted to the State Department of Education must match the estimate of needs and the audited financial statements.

<u>Cause / Effect:</u> The District did not have procedures in place to adequately review and reconcile revenues and expenditures. Further, the appropriated fund bank balances were not properly reconciled to the financial information each month. This increases the risk of accurate financial information not being coded to the proper OCAS code, therefore misreporting financial information to the Oklahoma State Department of Education.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend that each month, a revenue summary and expenditure report be prepared and reconciled to the treasurer's records, and these items be reconciled to the bank accounts. In addition, the district treasurer or other district personnel should review their OCAS coding to ensure it is correct.

#### Response:

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	GOVEF	RNMENTAL FUND T	YPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	TOTALO
	 GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$ 1,015,901	253,226	193,952	226,683	10,427	193,952	1,700,189 193,952
of long-term debt						1,173,273	1,173,273
Total Assets	\$ 1,015,901	253,226	193,952	226,683	10,427	1,367,225	3,067,414
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities:							
Warrants payable	\$ 83,044	865		400 700			83,909
Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations	21,906	480		108,730	10,427		131,116 10,427
Long-term debt:							
Capital Leases						42,225	42,225
Bonds payable Total liabilities	 104,950	1,345	0	108,730	10,427	1,325,000	1,325,000 1,592,677
rotal liabilities	 104,930	1,343		100,730	10,427	1,307,223	1,392,077
Fund Balance:							
Restricted		251,881	193,952	117,953			563,786
Unassigned	 910,951						910,951
Fund balances	 910,951	251,881	193,952	117,953	0	0	1,474,737
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,015,901	253,226	193,952	226,683	10,427	1,367,225	3,067,414

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$ 708,7	53 111,691	217,744		1,038,188
Intermediate sources	67,0	06			67,006
State sources	1,533,6	49 2,269			1,535,918
Federal sources	316,0	63 222,450			538,513
Interest earnings	8,0	03			8,003
Total revenues collected	2,633,4	74 336,410	217,744	0	3,187,628
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,406,1	98			1,406,198
Support services	979,5	88 44,196		18,489	1,042,273
Operation of non-instructional services		199,487			199,487
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1	00 37,746		720,283	758,129
Other outlays:					
Debt service	43,3	99	142,976		186,375
Clearing account	23,8	33			23,833
Total expenditures	2,453,1	18 281,429	142,976	738,772	3,616,295
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before					
other financing sources (uses)	180,3	56 54,981	74,768	(738,772)	(428,667)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	15,6	99 785	0	0	16,484
Excess of revenues collected over	104.0	EE	74 740	(720 772)	(412 102)
(under) expenditures	196,0	55 55,766	74,768	(738,772)	(412,183)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	714,8	96 196,115	119,184	856,725	1,886,920
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 910,9	51 251,881	193,952	117,953	1,474,737

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

GENERAL FUND

	GENERAL FUND					
		riginal udget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	652,865	652,865	708,753	55,888	
Intermediate sources		52,090	52,090	67,006	14,916	
State sources		1,595,019	1,595,019	1,533,649	(61,370)	
Federal sources		139,111	139,111	316,063	176,952	
Interest earnings				8,003	8,003	
Total revenues collected		2,439,085	2,439,085	2,633,474	194,389	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		2,107,161	2,107,161	1,406,198	700,963	
Support services		979,588	979,588	979,588		
Facilities acquisition & construction services				100	(100)	
Other outlays:						
Debt service		43,399	43,399	43,399		
Clearing account		23,833	23,833	23,833		
Total expenditures		3,153,981	3,153,981	2,453,118	700,863	
Excess of revenues collected					•	
over (under) expenditures before						
adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(714,896)	(714,896)	180,356	895,252	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	0	15,699	15,699	
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures		(714,896)	(714,896)	196,055	910,951	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		714,896	714,896	714,896	0	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	0	910,951	910,951	

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		INOL I UNDS			
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$	106,625	106,625	111,691	5,066
State sources		6,807	6,807	2,269	(4,538)
Federal sources		168,471	168,471	222,450	53,979
Total revenues collected		281,903	281,903	336,410	54,507
Expenditures:					
Support services		179,753	179,753	44,196	135,557
Operation of non-instructional services		260,519	260,519	199,487	61,032
Facilities acquisition & construction services		37,746	37,746	37,746	
Total expenditures		478,018	478,018	281,429	196,589
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(196,115)	(196,115)	54,981	251,096
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances		0	0	785	785
Excess of revenues collected		(12.1.1.7)	(12.1.1. <del>2</del> )		
over (under) expenditures		(196,115)	(196,115)	55,766	251,881
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		196,115	196,115	196,115	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	251,881	251,881

# DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	DEDI SERVICE I OND					
		iginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	216,838	217,744	906		
Requirements: Bonds Coupons Total expenditures		185,000 35,867 220,867	110,000 32,976 142,976	75,000 2,891 77,891		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(4,029)	74,768	(78,797)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		119,184	119,184	0		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	115,155	193,952	(78,797)		

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Allen-Bowden Public Schools Dependent District, No. C-35 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of three elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### A. Reporting Entity – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The district did not maintain a co-op fund during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain a gifts and endowment fund during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

#### **Memorandum Only - Total Column**

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### C. <u>Basis of Accounting and Presentation</u> – cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2017, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - cont'd

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amount in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - cont'd

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Non-Monetary Transactions – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2017, were \$1,700,190, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2017.

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of general obligation bonds payable and a capital lease. Debt service requirements for bonds are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$1,435,000	83,307	1,518,307
Retirements	(110,000)	(41,082)	(151,082)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$1,325,000	42,225	1,367,225

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2017, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds:	<u>C</u>	Amount Outstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue \$730,000, interest rate of 1.50% to 2.9%, due in annual installments of \$85,000, final payment due 8-1-21	\$	425,000
Building Bonds, Series 2016, original issue \$800,000, interest rate of 1.75% to 2.75%, due in annual installments of \$85,000, final payment due 5-1-26		800,000
Building Bonds, Series 2016, original issue \$100,000, interest rate of 2.25% to 3.00%, due in annual installments of \$25,000, final payment due 5-1-21		100,000
<u>Capital Leases</u> :		
Lease purchase for equipment, dated 8-1-12, totaling \$216,997, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$43,399, final payment due on 8-1-17		42,225
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,367,225

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for outstanding bond issues and capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30	I	Principal		Interest	Total
2018	\$	237,225		33,280	270,505
2019		195,000		27,845	222,845
2020		195,000		18,804	213,804
2021		195,000		15,865	210,865
2022		170,000		13,373	183,373
2023		85,000		9,590	94,590
Thereafter		290,000	-	16,530	 306,530
Total	\$	1,367,225		135,287	1,502,512

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2016-17 fiscal year totaled \$35,294.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.70%.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$220,389, \$219,702, and \$226,898, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Annual Pension Cost – cont'd

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements. The amount of calculated pension liability for the District at June 30, 2016 was \$2,987,932.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2065-16 fiscal year. The revised Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2016-17 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

# DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	BUILDING FUND		CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$	142,544	110,682	253,226	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Total	\$	0	865 480 1,345	865 480 1,345	
Fund Balance: Restricted		142,544	109,337	251,881	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	142,544	110,682	253,226	

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		BUILDING FUND		СН	ILD NUTRITION FUN	D
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		ORIGINAL	FINAL	
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 93,292	93,292	100,279	\$ 13,333	13,333	11,412
State sources				6,807	6,807	2,269
Federal sources				168,471	168,471	222,450
Total revenues collected	93,292	93,292	100,279	188,611	188,611	236,131
Expenditures:						
Support services	179,753	179,753	44,196			
Operation of non-instructional services				260,519	260,519	199,487
Facilities acquisition & construction services	37,746	37,746	37,746			
Total expenditures	217,499	217,499	81,942	260,519	260,519	199,487
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures before adjustments						
to prior year encumbrances	(124,207)	(124,207)	18,337	(71,908)	(71,908)	36,644
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	0	0	0	0	0	785
rajusation to prior your oriodinistances						
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures	(124,207)	(124,207)	18,337	(71,908)	(71,908)	37,429
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	124,207	124,207	124,207	71,908	71,908	71,908
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	142,544	\$ 0	0	109,337

# DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILI BONE FUI	(36)	BUILDING BOND (37) FUND	TOTAL	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$	7,016	219,667	226,683	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Encumbrances	\$	1,960	106,770	108,730	
Fund Balance: Restricted		5,056	112,897	117,953	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	7,016	219,667	226,683	

# DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILDING BOND (36) FUND		BUILDING BOND (37) FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected	\$	0	0	0
Expenditures: Support services Facilities acquisition & construction services Total expenditures		91,361 91,361	18,489 628,922 647,411	18,489 720,283 738,772
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(91,361)	(647,411)	(738,772)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		96,417	760,308	856,725
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	5,056	112,897	117,953

# DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>ASSETS</u>		ALANCE '-01-16	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-17
Cash	\$	10,654	48,871	(227)	48,871	10,427
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Funds held for school organizations - Note	9:					
Unidentified	\$	10,654	48,871	(10,654)	48,871	0
Yearbook		0	0	3,000	0	3,000
8th Grade		0	0	2,400	0	2,400
Band		0	0	900	0	900
Honor Society		0	0	900	0	900
Special Education		0	0	1,612	0	1,612
Library		0	0	540	0	540
1st Grade		0	0	39	0	39
Kindegarten		0	0	39	0	39
ELL		0	0	552	0	552
Student Council		0	0	1,055	0	1,055
LED Marquee		0	0	6	0	6
Athletics		0	0	200	0	200
General		0	0	14	0	14
Cheerleaders		0	0	(830)	0	(830)
Total Liabilities	\$	10,654	48,871	(227)	48,871	10,427

Note - Beginning balances could not be verified (see Finding 17-01)

### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	ogram or rd Amount	Balance at 7/1/2016	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/2017
<u>Direct Programs:</u> Indian Education Small, Rural School Achievement Program	84.060 84.368	S060A160035 S358A160175	\$ 30,871 23,626		30,871 23,626	30,871 23,626	
Sub Total	01.300	3030/1100173	54,497	0	54,497	54,497	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010	S010A160036	119,378		119,378	119,378	
Title II, Part A	84.367	S367A160035	20,041		19,106	19,106	
Title II, Part A 2015-16 Note 21st Century	84.367 84.287	S287C160036	161,071	8,611	8,611 60,221	114,380	54,159
21st Century 2015-16 Note	84.287	32070100030	101,071	52,361	52,361	114,500	34,137
Sub Total			300,490	60,972	259,677	252,864	54,159
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Programs:							
National school lunch program	10.555				140,961	38,479	
School breakfast program	10.553				75,708	81,018	
Summer food service	10.559				5,781		
Sub Total					222,450	119,497	
Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities							
National school lunch program - Note 3	10.555				14,897	14,897	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley Flood control	15.130 12.112		4,144		1,847 42	4,144	2,297
Sub Total			4,144	0	1,889	4,144	2,297
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 359,131	60,972	553,410	445,899	56,456

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditiures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$14,897 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 OVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Insurica, Co	Treasurer	601107993	\$ 100,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
Old Republic Surety Company	Superintendent	LOP 2045867	100,000	2/01/17 - 2/01/18
	Activity Fund	LOP 2045867	5,000	2/01/17 - 2/01/18
	Child Nutrition Custodians	LOP 2045867	5,000	2/01/17 - 2/01/18
	Minutes Clerk	LOP 2045867	5,000	2/01/17 - 2/01/18
	Encumbrance Clerk	LOP 2045867	5,000	2/01/17 - 2/01/18

#### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-35, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2016 TO JUNE 30, 2017

State of Oklahoma	)
	) ss
County of Tulsa	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Allen-Bowden Public School for the audit year 2016-17.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 8<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2017

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2020

Commission No. 00008621



Stephen H. Sanders, CPA Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 101 N. MAIN ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

December 8, 2017

Mr. Kelly Husted, Supt. Allen-Bowden Public Schools 7049 Frankoma Road Tulsa, Oklahoma 74131-2018

#### Dear Mr. Husted:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you, and are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the exception relayed to management which will be included in your audit report as a significant deficiency relating to the internal controls over financial reporting.

#### 17-01 - Activity Fund

We observed during the audit that bank statements were not reconciled and the sub-account ledger was not properly reconciled to the reconciled bank balance at the end of each month. In addition, the Cheerleading sub-account showed a deficit balance of (\$830) at June 30, 2017. We recommend, at the end of each month, that all deposits in transit and all checks outstanding be clearly identified and detailed on each reconciliation, and that a list of outstanding checks, giving numbers and amounts, be included. We also recommend that the bank statements be reconciled with the custodian's ledger at the end of each month. Further, we recommend that the student activity fund sub-accounts be maintained with a balance no less than -0-, as required by the State Department of Education.

#### 17-02 - Treasurers Records

During our estimate of needs work and while reviewing the District's financial statements, we noted several OCAS discrepancies. These included errors in the codes used and in the amounts reported via OCAS. The fund balances reported do not match the amounts on the estimate of needs or on the financial statements. We recommend that each month, a

revenue summary and expenditure report be prepared and reconciled to the treasurer's records, and these items be reconciled to the bank accounts. In addition, the district treasurer or other district personnel should review their OCAS coding to ensure it is correct.

The following section contains the exceptions relayed to management that are <u>control</u> <u>deficiencies</u>, which are not included, but which we feel need to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct these deficiencies.

#### **Booster Clubs**

The District currently has two clubs that are operating outside of the District's activity fund. These clubs were not approved annually as an outside sanctioned club by the school board. We recommend that all sanctioned booster clubs be approved by the Board annually and that all required bylaws, purpose/goals, etc. be provided to the board.

#### Child Nutrition Program

We observed during the audit that the net cash resources for the child nutrition fund at June 30, 2017, exceeded the three months average expenditures allowed by the State Department of Education by approximately \$43,500. We recommend that the administration contact the Child Nutrition Division at the State Department of Education and seek their guidance concerning this matter.

#### Signed as Received

Of the activity checks examined, some of the invoices were not signed as received by a district employee. We recommend that all invoices or delivery tickets be signed and dated when the merchandise is received, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. (Reference: 62 O.S. 2016 § 310.1a and 70 O.S. 2016 § 5-135 C and E)

#### Federal Programs

We observed three instances (Project 588, 511, 553) where the amounts claimed for reimbursement did not match the actual amounts coded to that project code, according to OCAS reports. It is possible that the District will be contacted by the State Department of Education about these variances, and they will require a written response regarding these differences. The amounts that will be included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) in your audit report will be the actual amounts expended and claimed, not necessarily the amounts according to OCAS. We recommend that the District establish a procedure which requires that an employee, other than the one filing the claims, perform a reconciliation at the end of the fiscal year between the expenditures claimed for reimbursement and the expenditures actually coded to the program's project code on the detailed expenditure reports.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP