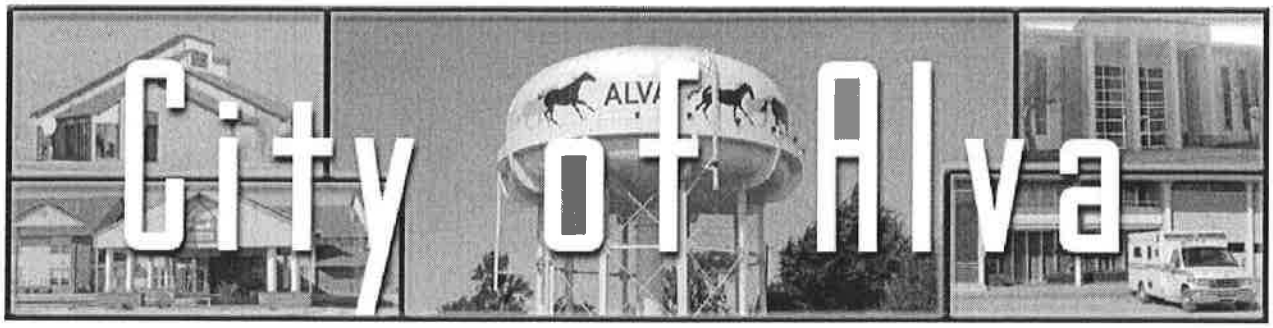

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

THE CITY OF ALVA, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Alva
Woods County, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alva, Woods County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility
My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I did not audit the financial statements of Alva Hospital Authority d/b/a Share Medical Authority, which represent 76 percent , 79 percent and 79 percent, respectively of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Alva Hospital Authority d/b/a Share Medical Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions
In my opinion, based on my audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alva, Woods County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Alva Hospital Authority d/b/a Share Medical Authority, a business-type activity, will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 20, the Authority has suffered recurring operating losses and has negative working capital that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are discussed in Note 20. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

My opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 - 14 and 61 - 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not as a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide an assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alva, Woods County, Oklahoma, basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by me and other auditors. In my opinion, based on my audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated June 30, 2016, on consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chas. W. Carroll, P.A.
June 30, 2016

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The management of the City of Alva is pleased to provide this annual financial report to its citizens, taxpayers and other report users to demonstrate its accountability and communicate the City's financial condition and activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Management of the City is responsible for the fair presentation of this annual report, for maintaining appropriate internal controls over financial reporting, and for complying with applicable laws, regulations, and provisions of grants and contracts

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As reported on an accrual basis, the City's total net position increased by $1.6 million, and the assets of the City exceed its liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015, by $17,757,084 (net position).
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $5,851,552. There is a deficit amount of unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds which leaves none available for spending at the government's discretion.
- For the year ended June 30, 2015, committed fund balance for the General Fund was $1,373,337 or 18% of General Fund revenues. This is committed to the stabilization reserve fund and leaves the General Fund without any assigned or unassigned fund balance.
- Due to the realignment of the fund structure and other changes, the City has chosen not to include a comparative for the prior year.

ABOUT THE CITY

The City of Alva is a municipality with a population of approximately 4,945 located in Woods County in northern Oklahoma. The City is a statutory aldermanic form of government with a weak mayor. The City is governed by the Mayor and an eight-member Board and operates under state law and City ordinances through the three branches of democratic government:

- Legislative – the City Board is a five-member governing body elected by the citizens at large
- Executive – the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is hired by the City Board
- Judicial – the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Board

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, health and welfare, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, and through its Utility Authority, certain utility services including water, wastewater, sanitation and landfill.

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Alva City Council is financially accountable. These activities, defined as the City's financial reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the following separate legal entities.

- **The City of Alva** – that operates the public safety, streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and administrative activities of the City – *reported as the primary government*
- **The Alva Economic Development Authority** – public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to promote the economic development of the City of Alva (*blended component unit*)
- **The Alva Utility Authority (AUA)** – public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the water, sewer, and sanitation services of the City, with the City Council members serving as the trustees – (*blended component unit)*
- **The Alva Hospital Authority** – public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the hospital. – (*blended component unit)*

In addition, as required by state law, all debt obligations incurred by the trusts must be approved by two-thirds vote of the City Council. This is considered sufficient imposition of will to demonstrate financial accountability and to include the trusts within the City's financial reporting entity.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Alva (the "City") and the three blended component units mentioned above. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of the two categories of activities - governmental and business-type.

The governmental-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities and deferred inflows (including long-term debt).

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions to ask about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady as a result of the period's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's sales tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and quality of service to assess the overall health of the City. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting

used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

In the Statement of Net Positon and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities: *Governmental activities* - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, administration, and streets. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities; and *Business-type activities* – Activities where the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides are reported here. The City's water, sewer, sanitation and landfill utilities, among others, are reported as business-type activities.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant (major) funds -- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by debt covenants. However, the City Council may also establish certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental and proprietary* - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds - When the City, through the Utility Authority, charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported on an accrual basis of accounting. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. The City's proprietary funds are the Alva Utility Authority that accounts for the operation of the water, sewer, sanitation and landfill activities and the Alva Hospital Authority which operates the Hospital.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 26-58 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and Airport Fund.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, net position for the governmental and business-type activities increased by $1.6 million.

Following is a summary of net position reported on an accrual basis for the City of Alva.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2015	2015	2015
Current assets	$ 6,464	$ 5,595	$ 12,059
Capital assets, net	6,139	15,236	21,375
Other non-current assets	437	131	568
Total assets	13,040	20,962	34,002
Deferred outflow of resources	207	534	741
Current liabilities	960	3,787	4,747
Non-current liabilities	2,584	9,288	11,872
Total liabilities	3,544	13,075	16,619
Deferred inflow of resources	551	53	604
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	4,569	7,221	11,790
Restricted	4,450	492	4,942
Unrestricted	133	892	1,025
Total net position	$ 9,152	$ 8,605	$ 17,757

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. At year end, the net investment in capital assets, amounted to $11,789,807.

Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, $4,942,215, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing needs. The governmental activities had unrestricted net position of $132,628 and the business-type activities unrestricted net position was $892,434.

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2015	2015	2015
Revenues			
Charges for service	$ 913	$ -	$ 913
Operating grants and contributions	259	14,859	15,118
Capital grants and contributions	192	99	291
Taxes	6,912	-	6,912
Investment income	32	11	43
Miscellaneous	1,222	-	1,222
Total revenues	9,530	14,969	24,499
Expenses			
General government	1,751	-	1,751
Public safety	1,700	-	1,700
Streets	979	-	979
Ambulance	591	-	591
Culture and recreation	826	-	826
Cemetery	74	-	74
Airport	332	-	332
Economic development	845	-	845
Health and Welfare	151	-	151
Interest on long-term debt	47	-	47
Water	-	431	431
Sewer	-	400	400
Homestead	-	149	149
Landfill	-	145	145
Hospital	-	13,677	13,677
Sanitation	-	743	743
Total expenses	7,296	15,545	22,841
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	2,234	(576)	1,658
Net Transfers	(1,482)	1,482	-
Change in net position	752	906	1,658
Beginning net position, restated	8,400	7,699	16,099
Ending net position	$ 9,152	$ 8,605	$ 17,757

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities had an increase in net position of $751,932.

TABLE 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

	Total Expense of Services	Net Revenue (Expense) of Services
	2015	2015
General government	$ 1,751	($1,727)
Public safety	1,700	(1,455)
Streets	979	(723)
Ambulance	591	(190)
Culture and recreation	826	(677)
Cemetery	74	(42)
Airport	332	(75)
Economic development	845	(845)
Health and welfare	151	(151)
Interest on long-term debt	47	(47)
Total	$ 7,296	$ (5,932)

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities had an increase in net position of $906,315.

	Total Expense of Services	(Expense) of Services
	2015	2015
Water	$ 431	$ 808
Homestead	149	(148)
Sanitation	743	542
Sewer	400	(83)
Hospital	13,677	(1,702)
Landfill	145	(4)
Total	$ 15,545	$ (587)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of $5,851,552. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the General Fund's total fund balance decreased by $790,582.

Budgetary Highlights

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the General Fund reported revenues above final estimates by $1.2 million or a 15% positive variance. General Fund actual expenditures were over final appropriations by $1.6 million or a 20% negative variance.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2015, the City had approximately $21 million in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), as reported on an accrual basis, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and park facilities. Below are details regarding the City's capital assets as of June 30, 2015.[1]

TABLE 5
Capital Assets
(In Thousands)
(Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental Activities 2015	Business-Type Activities 2015	Total 2015
Land	$ 719	$ 133	$ 852
Buildings and improvements	3,341	11,336	14,677
Machinery, furniture and equipment	1,843	2,666	4,509
Infrastructure	23	540	563
Construction in progress	213	561	774
Totals	$ 6,139	$ 15,236	$ 21,375

This year's more significant capital asset additions include the following:

- 2014 Freightliner with distributer and spreader for streets
- HVAC at Arc Gym
- Solid Waste Transfer Station Construction
- Gun range work

[1] For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to pages 34-35, Note 6. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the City had $13 million in long-term debt outstanding.

TABLE 6
Long-Term Debt
(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2015	2015	2015
Notes payable	$ 821	$ 10,949	$ 11,770
Refundable grant obligation	-	172	172
Capital leases	626	119	745
Deposits subject to refund	-	163	163
Accrued compensated absences	123	52	175
Totals	$ 1,570	$ 11,455	$ 13,025

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S ESTIMATES

The following information outlines significant known factors that will affect subsequent year finances:

- For fiscal year 2015, the City will continue with the construction of the solid waste transfer station.
- The City will also continue work on various water main replacements

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at 415 4th Street, Alva, Oklahoma 73717 or telephone at 580-327-1340.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AND ACTIVITIES

Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 3,002,692	$ 2,891,957	$ 5,894,649
Investments	2,244,136	144,913	2,389,049
Investments- other	-	215,995	215,995
Interest receivable	4,758	506	5,264
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	105,962	1,671,772	1,777,734
Internal balances	12,870	(12,870)	-
Due from other governmental agencies	1,024,231	-	1,024,231
Inventories	68,909	120,942	189,851
Other receivables	-	561,410	561,410
Prepaid expense	-	111,395	111,395
Interest in asset	-	125,907	125,907
Net pension asset	437,174	130,783	567,957
Capital Assets:			
Land and construction in progress	931,627	693,660	1,625,287
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,207,106	14,542,446	19,749,552
Total Assets	$ 13,039,465	$ 21,198,816	$ 34,238,281
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to pensions	$ 206,620	$ 21,535	$ 228,155
Deferred amounts related to hospital	-	512,313	512,313
Total deferred outflows of resources	206,620	533,848	740,468
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 604,956	$ 1,478,686	$ 2,083,642
Cash overdraft	-	67,972	67,972
Due to depositors	600	-	600
Accrued interest payable	-	72,916	72,916
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	354,066	2,167,188	2,521,254
Due in more than one year	1,215,631	9,287,996	10,503,627
Net pension liability	1,368,236	-	1,368,236
Total liabilities	3,543,489	13,074,758	16,618,247
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to pension	550,703	52,712	603,415
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,569,036	7,220,774	11,789,810
Restricted by:			
Other contracts	4,450,229	491,986	4,942,215
Unrestricted	132,628	892,434	1,025,062
Total net position	$ 9,151,893	$ 8,605,194	$ 17,757,087

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities – Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenue: Charges for Services	Program Revenue: Operating Grants and Contributions	Program Revenue: Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Business-type Activities	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Total
Primary government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	$ 1,750,823	$ -	$ 24,103	$ -	$ (1,726,720)	$ -	$ (1,726,720)
Public Safety	1,699,734	84,756	160,347	-	(1,454,631)	-	(1,454,631)
Streets	978,514	158,030	47,301	50,000	(723,183)	-	(723,183)
Ambulance	591,190	334,261	4,000	62,903	(190,026)	-	(190,026)
Culture and Recreation	825,513	85,848	23,078	40,000	(676,587)	-	(676,587)
Cemetery	74,176	32,489	-	-	(41,687)	-	(41,687)
Airport	331,709	217,989	-	38,817	(74,903)	-	(74,903)
Economic Development	844,942	80	-	-	(844,862)	-	(844,862)
Health and Welfare	151,720	-	-	-	(151,720)	-	(151,720)
Interest on Long-term debt	47,468	-	-	-	(47,468)	-	(47,468)
Total governmental activities	7,295,789	913,453	258,829	191,720	(5,931,787)	-	(5,931,787)
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	430,912	1,238,976	-	-	-	808,064	808,064
Homestead	148,574	-	-	-	-	(148,574)	(148,574)
Sanitation	743,406	1,285,942	-	-	-	542,536	542,536
Landfill	145,105	141,024	-	-	-	(4,081)	(4,081)
Hospital	13,677,389	11,876,202	-	99,531	-	(1,701,656)	(1,701,656)
Sewer	400,434	316,708	-	-	-	(83,726)	(83,726)
Total business-type activities	15,545,820	14,858,852	-	99,531	-	(587,437)	(587,437)
Total primary government	$ 22,841,609	$ 15,772,305	$ 258,829	$ 291,251	$ (5,931,787)	$ (587,437)	$ (6,519,224)
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Sales and use taxes				$ 6,029,651	$ -	$ 6,029,651
	Franchise taxes and public service taxes				431,684	-	431,684
	Hotel/motel taxes				449,989	-	449,989
	Unrestricted investment earnings				32,476	11,399	43,875
	Miscellaneous				1,222,275	-	1,222,275
	Transfers				(1,482,353)	1,482,353	-
	Total general revenues and transfers				6,683,722	1,493,752	8,177,474
	Change in net position				751,935	906,315	1,658,250
	Net position - beginning, restated				8,399,958	7,698,879	16,098,837
	Net position - ending				$ 9,151,893	$ 8,605,194	$ 17,757,087

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet – June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Airport Fund	AEDA Scholarship Fund	AEDA Economic Development	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 538,795	$ 989,893	$ 126,129	$ 456,355	$ 891,520	$ 3,002,692
Investments	348,203	401,266	624,691	402,446	467,530	2,244,136
Interest receivable	-	420	1,377	252	2,709	4,758
Receivable from other governments	867,437	-	51,162	51,162	54,470	1,024,231
Due from other funds	18,020	-	-	-	-	18,020
Other receivables	39,516	53,190	-	30	13,226	105,962
Inventories	23,551	41,990	-	3,368	-	68,909
Total assets	$ 1,835,522	$ 1,486,759	$ 803,359	$ 913,613	$ 1,429,455	$ 6,468,708
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	$ 368,281	$ 38,649	$ -	$ 15,138	$ 86,056	$ 508,124
Accrued payroll payable	85,418	1,899	-	5,390	969	93,676
Due to other funds	-	1,045	-	3,213	892	5,150
Other payables	2,036	-	-	1,720	-	3,756
Total liabilities	455,735	41,593	-	25,461	87,917	610,706
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Deferred revenue	6,450	-	-	-	-	6,450
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	23,551	-	-	-	-	23,551
Restricted	-	1,445,166	803,359	888,152	1,016,394	4,153,071
Committed	1,349,786	-	-	-	28,540	1,378,326
Assigned	-	-	-	-	296,982	296,982
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-	(378)	(378)
Total fund balances	1,373,337	1,445,166	803,359	888,152	1,341,538	5,851,552
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	$ 1,835,522	$ 1,486,759	$ 803,359	$ 913,613	$ 1,429,455	$ 6,468,708

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Airport Fund	AEDA Scholarship Fund	AEDA Economic Development	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	$ 6,297,323	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 438,387	$ 6,735,710
Intergovernmental	542,832	-	-	-	100,701	643,533
Licenses and permits	27,084	-	-	-	-	27,084
Charges for services	347,070	217,975	-	65,153	190,519	820,717
Fines and forfeitures	84,369	-	-	-	-	84,369
Investment earnings	18,017	2,877	4,498	2,451	4,633	32,476
Miscellaneous	477,058	706,164	-	2,449	32,493	1,218,164
Total revenues	7,793,753	927,016	4,498	70,053	766,733	9,562,053
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,570,290	-	553,918	-	13,725	2,137,933
Public safety	1,745,129	-	-	-	47,874	1,793,003
Streets	675,328	-	-	-	222,378	897,706
Ambulance	568,098	-	-	-	-	568,098
Culture and recreation	401,708	-	-	358,961	17,166	777,835
Economic development	-	-	-	-	291,024	291,024
Airport	-	374,640	-	-	-	374,640
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	64,711	64,711
Health and welfare	151,720	-	-	-	-	151,720
Capital outlay	538,955	64,484	-	239,517	75,243	918,199
Debt service:						
Principal	96,499	-	-	159,708	-	256,207
Interest and other charges	27,998	-	-	19,470	-	47,468
Total expenditures	5,775,725	439,124	553,918	777,656	732,121	8,278,544
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,018,028	487,892	(549,420)	(707,603)	34,612	1,283,509
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term debt	318,104	-	-	-	-	318,104
Transfers in	329,000	37,683	774,956	774,956	120,000	2,036,595
Transfers out	(3,455,714)	-	-	-	(37,683)	(3,493,397)
Total other financing sources and uses	(2,808,610)	37,683	774,956	774,956	82,317	(1,138,698)
Net change in fund balances	(790,582)	525,575	225,536	67,353	116,929	144,811
Fund balances - beginning, restated	2,163,919	919,591	577,823	820,799	1,224,609	5,706,741
Fund balances - ending	$ 1,373,337	$ 1,445,166	$ 803,359	$ 888,152	$ 1,341,538	$ 5,851,552

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Fund Balance - Net Position Reconciliation:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	$	5,851,552
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		6,138,733
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds, or not reported in the funds.		
Deferred revenue		6,450
Net pension asset		437,174
Pension related deferred outflows		206,620
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore they, along with deferred inflows, are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		
Capital lease obligation		(611,155)
Notes payable		(835,688)
Accrued compensated absences		(122,854)
Net pension liability		(1,368,236)
Pension related deferred inflows		(550,703)
		(2,838,392)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	$	9,151,893

Changes in Fund Balances – Changes in Net Position Reconciliation:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	$	144,811
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		975,139
Depreciation expense		(383,177)
Capital assets transferred to enterprise fund		(25,551)
In the Statement of Activities, the net cost of pension benefits earned is calculated and reported as pension expnese. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as pension expenditures. This amount represents the diffemce between pension contributions and calculated pension expense.		160,442
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in deferred revenue		6,450
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:		
Principal payments on long-term debt		256,207
Proceeds of long-term debt		(318,104)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in accrued compensated absences		(64,282)
Change in net position of governmental activities	$	751,935

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2015

	Alva Utility Authority	Alva Hospital Authority	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,030,192	$ 389,067	$ 1,419,259
Investments - other	-	215,995	215,995
Restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,066,945	-	1,066,945
Investments	144,913	-	144,913
Accrued interest	506	-	506
Accounts receivable, net	474,816	1,196,956	1,671,772
Receivables from third-party payer	-	430,000	430,000
Other receivables	-	131,410	131,410
Inventories	-	120,942	120,942
Prepaid Expenses	-	111,395	111,395
Total current assets	2,717,372	2,595,765	5,313,137
Non-current assets:			
Restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	405,753	405,753
Investment in assets	-	125,907	125,907
Net pension asset	130,783	-	130,783
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	559,899	133,761	693,660
Other capital assets,net of accumulated depreciation	1,560,927	12,981,519	14,542,446
Total non-current assets	2,251,609	13,646,940	15,898,549
Total assets	4,968,981	16,242,705	21,211,686
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount related to pension	21,535	-	21,535
Deferred amount related to hospital	-	512,313	512,313
Total deferred outflow of resources	21,535	512,313	533,848
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	148,982	1,309,380	1,458,362
Salaries payable	20,324	-	20,324
Accrued interest payable	72,916	-	72,916
Due to other funds	12,870	-	12,870
Cash overdraft	-	67,972	67,972
Deposits subject to refund	24,483	-	24,483
Compensated absences	36,427	-	36,427
Capital lease obligation	17,858	-	17,858
Refundable grant obligations	19,906	-	19,906
Notes payable	205,000	1,863,514	2,068,514
Bonds payable	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	558,766	3,240,866	3,799,632
Non-current liabilities:			
Deposits subject to refund	138,739	-	138,739
Compensated absences	15,712	-	15,712
Capital lease obligation	101,245	-	101,245
Refundable grant obligations	152,227	-	152,227
Notes payable	2,195,000	6,685,073	8,880,073
Total non-current liabilities	2,602,923	6,685,073	9,287,996
Total liabilities	3,161,689	9,925,939	13,087,628
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount related to pension	52,712	-	52,712
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	332,248	6,888,526	7,220,774
Restricted for debt service	70,112	51,632	121,744
Restricted for other purposes	102,556	267,686	370,242
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,271,199	(378,765)	892,434
Total net position	$ 1,776,115	$ 6,829,079	$ 8,605,194

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Alva Utility Authority	Alva Hospital Authority	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Water	$ 1,221,234	$ -	$ 1,221,234
Sewer	312,173	-	312,173
Landfill	141,024	-	141,024
Sanitation	1,267,527	-	1,267,527
Hospital	-	9,724,520	9,724,520
Penalties	40,692	-	40,692
Miscellaneous	-	2,151,682	2,151,682
Total operating revenues	2,982,650	11,876,202	14,858,852
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water/Sewer	716,966	-	716,966
Sanitation	664,974	-	664,974
Landfill	145,105	-	145,105
Homestead	36,663	-	36,663
Hospital	-	12,204,805	12,204,805
Depreciation	175,405	1,033,882	1,209,287
Total operating expenses	1,739,113	13,238,687	14,977,800
Operating income (loss)	1,243,537	(1,362,485)	(118,948)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and investment revenue	5,148	6,251	11,399
Interest expense	(129,318)	(438,702)	(568,020)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(124,170)	(432,451)	(556,621)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,119,367	(1,794,936)	(675,569)
Capital contributions	-	99,531	99,531
Transfers in	25,551	1,785,802	1,811,353
Transfers out	(329,000)	-	(329,000)
Change in net position	815,918	90,397	906,315
Total net position - beginning, restated	960,197	6,738,682	7,698,879
Total net position - ending	$ 1,776,115	$ 6,829,079	$ 8,605,194

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Alva Utility Authority	Alva Hospital Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	$ 2,758,568	$ 9,225,203
Payments to suppliers	(677,778)	(5,595,212)
Payments to employees	(900,172)	(6,860,957)
Receipts of customer utility deposits	40,256	-
Refunds of customer utility deposits	(35,819)	-
Interfund receipts/payments	12,870	-
Other income	-	2,151,682
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	1,197,925	(1,079,284)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	25,551	1,785,802
Transfers to other funds	(329,000)	-
Change in outstanding checks in excess of bank balance	-	(27,273)
Interest paid on line of credit	-	(68,340)
Non-capital gifts	-	71,315
Non-capital appropriations - City of Alva	-	23,816
Principal paid on lines of credit	-	(394,500)
Proceeds from draws on lines of credit	-	175,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(303,449)	1,565,820
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(892,829)	(249,657)
Debt proceeds	2,465,500	
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,940,957)	(379,707)
Interest paid on capital debt	(101,895)	(276,208)
Capital grants and gifts	-	28,216
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(470,181)	(877,356)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends	4,642	6,062
(Purchase) sale of investments	35,229	(1,617)
Contributions to Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc	-	(90,245)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	39,871	(85,800)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	464,166	(476,620)
Balance - beginning of the year	1,632,971	1,271,440
Balance - end of the year	$ 2,097,137	$ 794,820
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,030,192	389,067
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,066,945	405,753
Total cash and cash equivalents	$ 2,097,137	$ 794,820
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	1,243,537	(1,362,485)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	175,405	1,033,882
Provision for uncollectible accounts	-	1,177,830
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(224,082)	(1,008,387)
Supplies and prepaid expenses	-	(25,988)
Interfund receipts/payments	12,870	-
Estimated amounts due to third-party payer	-	(657,000)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	138,217	(237,136)
Accrued payroll payable	20,324	-
Net pension liability	(32,355)	-
Net pension asset	(130,783)	-
Deferred outflows	(21,535)	-
Meter deposit liability	4,437	-
Accrued compensated absences	11,890	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	$ 1,197,925	$ (1,079,284)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FOOTNOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Footnotes to the basic financial statements:

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Alva) and three blended component units This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Alva City Council/Manager is fiscally responsible.

- **The City of Alva** – operates the public safety, streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and administrative activities of the City – *reported as the primary government*
- **The Alva Economic Development Authority**– public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to promote economic development to the City of Alva. The City of Alva is the beneficiary of the trust and the City Council serves as the governing body of the trust. – *blended component unit*
- **The Alva Utility Authority (AUA)** – public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the water, sewer, landfill and sanitation services of the City. The City of Alva is the beneficiary of the trust and the City Council serves as the governing body of the trust.- *blended component unit*
- **The Alva Hospital Authority)** – public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the Share Medical Center under a bargain lease agreement with the City. The City of Alva is the beneficiary of the trust and the City Council appoints a majority of the governing body of the trust – *blended component unit*

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*" and Statement No. 61, "*The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*" and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. A Public Trust (Authority) has no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authorities. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trusts are dissolved.

The Hospital Authority has a blended component unit called the Share Medical Center Foundation, Inc. The Foundations primary function is to raise and hold funds to support the Hospital Authority and its programs. The board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating. Although the Hospital Authority does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation's resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the Authority. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by or for the benefit of the Hospital Authority, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Hospital Authority and is included in the Authority's financial statements using the blended method. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions between the Hospital Authority and the Foundation have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. The Foundation does not issue separate financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Under the economic resources focus, all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows are reported, including current and non-current. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues within the statement of activities are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- General government: License and permits, inspection fees and operating and capital grants
- Public safety: Fine revenue, fire runs and operating and capital grants
- Streets and highways: Gas excise, commercial vehicle taxes, impact fees and capital and operating grants
- Health and welfare: Hospital funding
- Cemetery: Lot sales and interments
- Airport: charges for services rendered to the airport
- Culture and recreation: operating and capital grants
- Economic development: restricted sales tax for economic development for component unit
- Hospital – charges for services rendered to component unit

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenues sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Project Funds – are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the Alva Utility Authority enterprise fund and the Alva Hospital Authority enterprise fund. These funds account for activities of the public trusts in providing, water, sewer, landfill, sanitation and hospital services to the public.

The City's governmental funds are comprised of the following:

Major Funds:

- General Fund – accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds. For financial statement reporting purposes the General Fund contains the following combining accounts:
    - Alva Municipal Court Account
    - Revolving Account
- Airport Fund – accounts for revenue and operations of the airport.
- Alva Economic Development Authority – accounts for half of one cent restricted sales tax dedicated to promote economic development for the City of Alva.
- Alva Economic Development Authority Scholarship Fund - accounts for the other half of one cent restricted sales tax dedicated to promote economic development for the City of Alva through scholarships

Non-Major Funds (Reported as Other Governmental Funds):

Special Revenue Funds:

- ADP Drug Task Force Fund– accounts for police seizures
- Street and Alley Fund – accounts for state shared gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes and street maintenance fee legally restricted for street and alley purpose.
- Hotel Tax Fund- accounts for hotel tax collections and related expenditures.
- Donation Fund- accounts for donations or gifts
- Cemetery Fund – accounts for cemetery fees restricted for cemetery care.

Capital Project Fund:

- Airport Grant Fund- accounts for airport grant money restricted for airport improvements.
- Homestead Capital Improvement Fund – accounts for funds that have self-imposed restrictions for improvements.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days of period end) to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds:

The City's proprietary funds is comprised of the following:

- Alva Utility Authority (AUA) – accounts for the operation of the water, wastewater, landfill and sanitation activities and manages the Homestead Retirement Community.
- Alva Hospital Authority – accounts for the operations of Share Medical Center under a bargain lease agreement with the City. The Alva Utility Authority manages the administrative, financial and operational activities of the Homestead Retirement Community for a five year period with the option to extend.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

All of the above noted funds are legally required to adopt annual budgets or appropriations. The public trusts (or Authorities) are not required to adopt legal annual appropriations. While each trust develops an annual budget, it is for financial management purposes and does not constitute legal appropriations.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and any short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and open-end government mutual funds. Investments consist of long-term certificates of deposits and are reported at cost.

For the purposes of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three-months or less. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

Marketable investments are reported at their fair value, based on quoted market prices.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized $43,875 of investment income. Due to the minimal rates of return on allowable investments in the current environment, most of the City's deposits are in demand and short-term time deposits.

At June 30, 2015, the primary government held the following deposits and investments:

Type		Carrying Value
Deposits:		
Demand deposits		$ 4,539,443
Time deposit		2,698,569
Trustee money market mutual funds	AAAm	1,045,686
		8,283,698
Total deposits		$ 8,283,698
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents		$ 5,894,649
Investments		2,389,049
		$ 8,283,698

Custody Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government deposits may not be returned to it. The City is governed by the State Public Deposit Act which requires that the City obtain and hold collateral whose fair value exceeds the amount of uninsured deposits. Investment securities are exposed to custody credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and if held by either a counterparty or a counterparty's trust, department or agent, but not in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2015, the City's accounts were fully collateralized.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - the City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk - The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trusts.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - the City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments – The amounts reported as restricted assets on the statement of net position are comprised of amounts restricted for utility deposits, debt service, debt reserve, or construction purposes. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Current	
Type of Restricted Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Investments
Series 2014B Project Funds	$ 902,658	$ -
Series 2014B Revenue Interest Account	14,690	-
Series 2014A Revenue Principal Account	100,000	-
Series 2014A Revenue Interest Account	28,338	-
Utility Deposits	18,309	144,913
CDBG Savings	2,950	-
Total	$ 1,066,945	$ 144,913

	Non-current	
Type of Restricted Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Other
Hospital - held by trustee for debt service	$ 309,520	$ -
Hospital - restricted for specific operating activities	37,935	-
Hospital - restricted for capital aquisition	58,298	-
Investment in assets	-	125,907
Net pension asset	-	130,783
	$ 405,753	$ 256,690

4. Interest in Assets at Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc

The Foundation has transferred assets to Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc. (Communities Foundation) and retained a beneficial interest in those assets. The Foundation is entitled to receive the interest annually. The Foundation may request a return of principal funds contributed to the Communities Foundation in accordance with the agency fund agreement. The Foundation has granted variance power to the Communities Foundation's board of directors to modify any restriction of the donor as to distributions of the funds if the board of directors determines such restrictions to be unnecessary, incapable of fulfillment or inconsistent with the charitable needs of the community. The fair value of the retained beneficial interest included in the accompanying balance sheets was $125,907 at June 30, 2015.

Because the Communities Foundation has variance power over contributions received from third parties amounting to approximately $28,000 at June 30, 2015, these amounts are not reported as assets by the Foundation even though the Foundation is designated as a beneficiary by the donors.

5. Receivables

Primary Government Accounts Receivables:

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consists of customer utilities receivable and patient accounts receivable for the Hospital Authority. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists of police fines, ambulance fees, and other receivables. Receivables detail at June 30, 2015, is as follows:

	Accounts Receivable	Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable
Governmental Activities:			
Court fines	$ 10,227	$ -	$ 10,227
Ambulance fees	29,289	-	29,289
Airport	53,190	-	53,190
Other receivables	13,256	-	13,256
Total Governmental Activities	$ 105,962	$ -	$ 105,962
Business-Type Activities:			
Utilities	$ 530,515	$ (55,699)	$ 474,816
Hospital	2,244,956	(1,048,000)	1,196,956
Total Business-Type Activities	$ 2,775,471	$ (1,103,699)	$ 1,671,772

6. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets consist of land, land improvement, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. A capitalization threshold of $2,500 is used to report capital assets. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of donation.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, capital assets balances changed as follows:

	Restated Balance at July 1, 2014	Additions	Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2015
Governmental:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 718,675	$ -	$ -	$ 718,675
Construction in Progress	-	212,952	-	212,952
Total capital assets not being depreciated	718,675	212,952	-	931,627
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	8,455,301	-	-	8,455,301
Infrastructure	43,742	-	-	43,742
Machinery and Equipment	3,971,349	736,637	105,331	4,602,655
Total other capital assets at historical cost	12,470,392	736,637	105,331	13,101,698
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,951,186	162,877	-	5,114,063
Infrastructure	19,007	1,712	-	20,719
Machinery and Equipment	2,646,553	218,588	105,331	2,759,810
Total accumulated depreciation	7,616,746	383,177	105,331	7,894,592
Other capital assets, net	4,853,646	353,460	-	5,207,106
Governmental, net capital assets	$ 5,572,321	$ 566,412	$ -	$ 6,138,733
Business-Type:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 132,829	$ -	$ -	$ 132,829
Construction in Progress	49,934	584,774	73,877	560,831
Total capital assets not being depreciated	182,763	584,774	73,877	693,660
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	15,673,141	-	-	15,673,141
Machinery and Equipment	10,846,459	631,589	28,239	11,449,809
Infrastructure	1,699,334	-	-	1,699,334
Land Improvements	86,208	-	-	86,208
Total other capital assets at historical cost	28,305,142	631,589	28,239	28,908,492
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,961,377	376,342	-	4,337,719
Machinery and Equipment	8,002,572	809,199	28,239	8,783,532
Infrastructure	1,135,757	23,351	-	1,159,108
Land Improvements	85,292	395	-	85,687
Total accumulated depreciation	13,184,998	1,209,287	28,239	14,366,046
Other capital assets, net	15,120,144	(577,698)	-	14,542,446
Business-Type, net capital assets	$ 15,302,907	$ 7,076	$ 73,877	$ 15,236,106

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Buildings 5-40 years
- Machinery, furniture and equipment 3-20 years
- Utility property and improvements 5-40 years
- Infrastructure 20-50 years

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	$ 164,722
Public safety	71,600
Highways and streets	78,709
Ambulance	26,035
Culture and recreation	17,023
Cemetery	6,180
Airport	18,908
Total accumulated depreciation	$ 383,177

Business-Type Activities:

Water	$ 41,951
Sewer	41,951
Sanitation	75,895
Homestead	15,608
Hospital	1,033,882
Total accumulated depreciation	$ 1,209,287

The following capital assets were purchased by capital lease. The table discloses the amount capitalized and the related depreciation expense through June 30, 2015.

Machinery and Equipment:

Date	Capital Asset	Amount	Accumulated Depreciation
3/17/2014	580 Case Loader	$ 69,654	$ (6,385)
4/7/2014	2014 E-1 Pumper	240,590	(29,405)
7/7/2014	2012 CAT Wheel Loader	65,500	(6,550)
3/17/2014	924K Caterpiller	134,853	(11,238)
7/2/2014	2014 Freightliner	71,352	(10,193)
7/7/2014	2014 Distributor	85,613	(12,230)
7/21/2014	2014 Spreader	161,338	(23,048)
		$ 828,900	$ (99,049)

7. Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the reporting entity's long-term debt changed as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental:					
Capital lease obligation	$ 404,454	$ 318,104	$ 96,499	$ 626,059	$ 106,535
Revenue note payable	980,492	-	159,708	820,784	152,443
Accrued compensated absences	58,572	128,565	64,282	122,855	95,088
Total	$ 1,443,518	$ 446,669	$ 320,489	$ 1,569,698	$ 354,066
Business-Type:					
Notes payable	$ 8,928,294	$ 2,400,000	$ 379,707	$ 10,948,587	$ 2,068,514
Revenue bonds payable	1,905,000	-	1,905,000	-	-
Grant obligation payable	192,039	-	19,906	172,133	19,906
Capital lease obligation	69,654	65,500	16,051	119,103	17,858
Line of credit, bank	219,500	175,000	394,500	-	-
Deposits subject to refund	158,785	8,874	4,437	163,222	24,483
Accrued compensated absences	40,249	23,780	11,890	52,139	36,427
Total	$ 11,513,521	$ 2,673,154	$ 2,731,491	$ 11,455,184	$ 2,167,188

Governmental Activities:

At June 30, 2015, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

Capital Lease Obligations:	
$885,000 lease with Community Bank for the purchase of several pieces of equipment , 84% or $693,746 was used for business-type activites, issued January 2014 with an interest rate of 3.5%, maturing August 2021.	$ 611,155
$42,521 lease with Usbank Equipment Finance for the purchase of ambulance equipment, issued September 2013 with an interest rate of 4.75% and maturing May 2016.	14,904
Total Capital Lease Obligations	$ 626,059
Current portion	$ 106,535
Non-current portion	519,524
Total	$ 626,059

Notes Payable:	
Alva Economic Development Authority:	
Series 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note, original amount of $1,090,000, issued by the Alva Economic Development Authority, due in monthly installments of $14,931.49, matures in July 2020, interest at 3.5%.	$ 820,784
Current portion	$ 152,443
Non-current portion	668,341
Total	$ 820,784

Business-Type Activities:

Long-term commitments payable from net revenues generated by the utility resources or other resources pledged to the City's business-type activities at June 30, 2015, includes the following:

Notes Payable:	
Alva Utility Authority:	
Series 2014A Utility Revenue Note Original amount of $1,465,000 issued by the Alva Utility Authority, due in semi-annual installments of $100,000 to $115,000 through 2021, interest at 3%	1,465,000
Series 2014B Utility Revenue Note Original amount of $935,000 issued by the Alva Utility Authority, due in semi-annual installments of $10,000 to $140,000 through 2025, interest at 2.8%	935,000
Total Utility Authority notes payable	$ 2,400,000
Current portion	$ 205,000
Non-current portion	2,195,000
Total	$ 2,400,000

Alva Hospital Authority:

Note payable to bank in monthly installments issued by the Alva Hospital Authority, with interest rate of 4% collateralized by certain equipment.	$ 179,876
Note payable to trust due upon demand issued by the Alva Hospital Authority, with interest rate of 4% due annually.	1,500,000
Series 2013 Sales Tax and Utility Revenue Note Original amount of $7,500,000 issued by the Alva Utility Authority, due in monthly installments of $51,614 through 2029, interest at 3.8%	6,868,711
Total Hospital Authority notes payable	$ 8,548,587
Current portion	$ 1,863,514
Non-current portion	6,685,073
Total	$ 8,548,587

Total notes payable

Current portion	$ 2,068,514
Non-current portion	8,880,073
Total	$ 10,948,587

Refundable Grant Obligation:

Alva Utility Authority:

Oklahoma Department of Commerce obligation payable, original amount of $125,000, issued by the Alva Utility Authority, due in monthly installments of $521 though 2019, non-interest bearing.	$ 27,605
Oklahoma Department of Commerce obligation payable, original amount of $273,123, issued by the Alva Utility Authority, due in monthly installments of $1,138 though 2026, non-interest bearing.	144,528
Total Utility Authority refunding grant obligations	$ 172,133
Current portion	$ 19,906
Non-current portion	152,227
Total	$ 172,133

Capital Lease Obligations:

Alva Utility Authority:

$885,000 lease with Community Bank for the purchase of several pieces of equipment, 16% or $135,154 was used for business-type activites, issued January 2014 with an interest rate of 3.5%, maturing August 2021.	$ 119,103
Current portion	$ 17,858
Non-current portion	101,245
Total	$ 119,103

Payment Requirements to Maturity:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities					
Year Ended June 30,	Capital Lease Obligations Principal	Interest	Notes Payable Principal	Interest	Grant Obligation Payable Principal	Interest	Notes Payable Principal	Interest	Capital Lease Obligations Principal	Interest
2016	106,535	20,663	152,443	26,735	19,906	-	2,068,514	373,704	17,858	3,941
2017	94,890	16,963	157,865	21,313	19,906	-	623,567	309,753	18,493	3,306
2018	98,265	13,588	163,480	15,698	19,906	-	644,449	287,346	19,150	2,648
2019	101,760	10,093	169,294	9,884	19,906	-	670,949	264,172	19,832	1,967
2020	105,379	6,473	175,315	3,863	16,261	-	693,090	240,131	20,537	1,262
2021-2025	119,230	2,805	2,387	43	68,281	-	3,686,700	826,032	23,233	547
2026-2030			-	-	7,967	-	2,561,318	226,239	-	-
2031-2035			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	$626,059	$70,585	$820,784	$77,536	$172,133	-	$10,948,587	$2,527,377	$119,103	$13,671

Pledge of Future Revenues

Utility Net Revenues Pledge

The City has pledged future water, sewer and sanitation net utility revenues to repay the Series 2014A and 2014B Utility System Revenue Notes of $2,400,000. Proceeds from these notes were used to refund the 2005 Revenue Bond that was used for construction of retirement center and to finance certain water improvements. The notes are payable through 2021 and 2025. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the notes is $2,785,346. Pledged water, sewer and sanitation net utility revenues for the current year were $1,272,022. There were no debt service payments in the current year.

Sales Tax Pledge

The City has pledged one-half of one cent of sales tax to repay the 2013 Sales Tax Revenue Note issued by the Economic Development Authority of $1,090,000. Proceeds from the note were used to refinance the Series 2000 Recreational Facility Note. The note is payable from pledged sales tax and is payable through 2020. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of this note is $898,319. Pledged sales tax revenue for the current year was $686,250. Debt service payments of $179,178 for the current fiscal year were 26% of the pledged sales tax.

8. Net Position and Fund Balances

Net Position:

Net position as reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is displayed in three components:

a. *Net investment in capital assets* - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets, net of unexpended debt proceeds.

b. *Restricted net position* - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. *Unrestricted net position* - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Prior Period Adjustments:

				Government-Wide as previously reported		
	Governmental Funds	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Funds	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities/Funds	Discretely-presented Component Unit
Beginning fund balance/net position, as previously reported	$ 4,697,151	$ 1,462,523	$ 86,983	$ 10,672,004	$ -	$ 6,738,682
Change in fund type classification	(118,373)	(1,462,523)	(86,983)	(1,514,681)	8,406,561	(6,738,682)
Change in recognition of business-type capital assets	-	-	-	(1,876,776)	1,403,402	-
Change in recognition of business-type debt	-	-	-	1,480,722	(2,166,693)	-
Change in recognition of business-type accrued interest	-	-	-	45,493	(45,493)	-
Change in recognition of business-type accrued comp	-	-	-	40,249	(40,249)	-
Write off of past suspension accounts	-	-	-	-	(63,366)	-
Implementaion of GASB 68 and 71 Pension statements	-	-	-	(1,533,705)	(85,067)	-
Understatement of cash	-	-	-	-	289,784	-
Understatement of ambulance receivable	13,406	-	-	13,406	-	-
Understatement of taxes receivable	1,057,161	-	-	1,057,161	-	-
Understatement of accrued airport receivable	51,672	-	-	51,672	-	-
Understatement of grant receivable	1,624	-	-	1,624	-	-
Overstatement of other receivable	4,100	-	-	(37,211)	-	-
Beginning fund balance/net position, restated	$ 5,706,741	$ -	$ -	$ 8,399,958	$ 7,698,879	$ -

Fund Balances:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

a. Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
b. Restricted – consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
c. Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
d. Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through the budgetary process.
e. Unassigned – represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

		Major Special Revenue	Blended Component Units		Other	
	General Fund	Airport Fund	AEDA Schlorship Fund	AEDA Economic Development Fund	Governmental Funds	TOTAL
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	1,445,166	-	-	80,129	1,525,295
Streets	-	-	-	-	64,495	64,495
Police	-	-	-	-	134,840	134,840
Library	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Development Scholarships	-	-	803,359	-	-	803,359
Economic Development	-	-	-	888,152	-	888,152
Tourism	-	-	-	-	736,930	736,930
Sub-total Restricted	-	1,445,166	803,359	888,152	1,016,394	4,153,071
Committed to:						
Stabilization Fund	1,373,337	-	-	-	28,540	1,401,877
Assigned to:						
Fiscal Year 13 budget	-	-	-	-	-	-
Park Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lake	-	-	-	-	-	-
Homestead Capital	-	-	-	-	99,194	99,194
Street and Alley	-	-	-	-	120,000	120,000
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	77,788	77,788
		-	-			
Sub-total Assigned	-	-	-	-	296,982	296,982
Unassigned:	-	-	-	-	(378)	(378)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	$ 1,373,337	$ 1,445,166	$ 803,359	$ 888,152	$ 1,341,538	$ 5,851,552

9. Sales Tax Revenue

Sales tax revenue represents a four and one quarter cent tax on each dollar of taxable sales within the City. All four and one quarter cents is received and recorded in the General Fund. One cent is received and transferred to the Alva Economic Development Authority. This one cent is divided in half and placed in two separate funds for the EDA where ½ of the one cent is to be used for scholarships for full time students residing in Alva and attending Northwestern Oklahoma State University Alva campus. The other ½ of the one cent is for economic development. Another cent and a quarter is received and transferred to the Alva Hospital Authority for the use of capital improvements of the Authority.

10. Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospital Authority has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Authority at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known. These third-party payment arrangements include:

- **Medicare** - Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and

other factors. Inpatient skilled nursing services are paid at prospectively determined per diem rates that are based on the patients' acuity. The Authority is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Authority and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The Authority's Medicare cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through June 30, 2013.

- **Medicaid** - The Authority has also been reimbursed for services rendered to patients covered by the state Medicaid program at prospectively determined rates per discharge and fee schedules with no retroactive adjustments. The payment rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors.

Approximately 35% of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term. The Authority has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Authority under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

11. Charity Care

The Hospital Authority provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the Authority does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported in net patient service revenue. In addition, the Authority provides services to other medically indigent patients under certain government-reimbursed public aid programs. Such programs pay providers amounts which are less than established charges for the services provided to the recipients and many times the payments are less than the cost of rendering the services provided.

Uncompensated costs relating to these services are as follows:

Charity allowances	$	71,000
State Medicaid programs		234,000
	$	305,000

The cost of uncompensated care is estimated by applying the ratio of costs to gross charges to the gross uncompensated charges from the most recent Medicare cost report. In addition to uncompensated charges, the Authority also commits significant time and resources to endeavors and critical services which meet otherwise unfilled community needs. Many of these activities are sponsored with the knowledge that they will not be self-supporting or financially viable. Such programs include health screenings and assessments, home health programs, community educational services and various support groups.

12. Income Taxes

The Hospital Authority as an essential government function of the City is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and a similar provision of state law. The Share Medical Center Foundation, Inc is generally exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the IRC. However, the Hospital Authority and the Share Medical Foundation, Inc are subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

13. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Transfers:

Internal transfers between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	AEDA Economic Dev	774,956	Sales Tax transfer
General Fund	AEDA Scholarship	774,956	Sales Tax transfer
General Fund	Street and Alley Fund	120,000	Operating transfer
General Fund	AUA	25,551	Capital asset transfer
General Fund	Hospital Authority	1,785,802	Sales Tax transfer
AUA	General Fund	329,000	Operating transfer
Airport Grant Fund	Airport Fund	37,683	Grant reimbursement
Total		$ 3,847,948	

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers
Governmental Funds	$ 2,036,595	$ (3,493,397)	$ (1,456,802)
Proprietary Funds	(329,000)	-	(329,000)
	$ 1,707,595	$ (3,493,397)	(1,785,802)

Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:

Net transfers	$ (1,456,802)
Transfer of capital asset	(25,551)
	$ (1,482,353)

Balances:

Interfund receivable and payables at June 30, 2015 were comprised of the following:

Due From	Due To	Amount	Nature of Internal Balance
AEDA Economic Dev	General Fund	$ 3,213	Operating subsidy
Airport	General Fund	1,045	Operating subsidy
Cemetery	General Fund	892	Operating subsidy
AUA	General Fund	12,870	Operating subsidy
Total		$ 18,020	

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Due From	Due To	Net Internal Balances
Governmental Funds	$ 18,020	$ (5,150)	$ 12,870
Proprietary Funds	-	(12,870)	(12,870)
Total	$ 18,020	$ (18,020)	$ -

14. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability, Fleet Coverage, and Physical Property – Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool.
- Fire Department Vehicles – Covered through participation in the Risk Management Division of the Department of Central Services, State of Oklahoma self-insurance pool.
- Workers' Compensation – Workers' compensation is covered through purchase of commercial insurance – CompSource Oklahoma.
- Employee's Group Health and Life – Covered through participation in Coventry Health Group risk entity pool.

The City's risk is transferred to the risk entity pool except for claim deductible amounts. The risk pool maintains deposits for claims reserves and other purposes for the benefit of the city. Management believes such insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City, and such claims have not exceeded the coverage over the past three fiscal years.

15. Contingencies

The City and its public trusts are parties to various legal proceedings or have threatened litigation which normally occurs in the course of municipal governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State Constitution and statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. (This provision is not available to public trusts.) While the outcome of the above noted proceedings or threatened litigation cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

16. Electronic Health Records Incentive Program

The Electronic Health Records Incentive Program, enacted as part of the *American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009*, provides for one-time incentive payments under both the Medicare and Medicaid programs to eligible hospitals that demonstrate meaningful use of certified electronic health records (EHR) technology. Payments under the Medicare program are generally made for up to four years based on a statutory formula. Payments under the Medicaid program are generally made for three years based upon a statutory formula, as determined by the state, which is approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Payment under both programs is contingent on the hospital continuing to meet escalating meaningful use criteria and any other specific requirements that are applicable for the reporting period. The final amount for any payment year is determined based upon an audit by the administrative contractor. Events could occur that would cause the final amounts to differ materially from the initial payments under the program.

The Authority recognizes revenue ratably over the reporting period starting at the point when management is reasonably assured it will meet all of the meaningful use objectives and any other specific grant requirements applicable for the reporting period.

In 2015, the Authority completed the second-year requirements under the Medicare and Medicaid programs. The Authority recorded revenue of approximately $1,228,000, respectively, which is included in other revenue within operating revenues in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

17. Supplemental Hospital Offset Payment Program

On January 17, 2012, CMS approved the State of Oklahoma's Supplemental Hospital Offset Payment Program (SHOPP). The SHOPP is retroactive back to July 1, 2011, and is currently scheduled to sunset on December 31, 2017. The SHOPP is designed to assess Oklahoma hospitals a supplemental hospital offset fee which will be placed in pools after receiving federal matching funds. The total fees and matching funds will then be allocated to hospitals as directed by legislation. In addition to the SHOPP, there is a separate voluntary pool created to assist hospitals that did not receive sufficient SHOPP funds to cover the assessment fees paid. The Oklahoma Hospital Association (OHA) Foundation receives voluntary contributions from Oklahoma hospitals and remits funds to those providers that did not receive SHOPP funds to reimburse them for the assessment fees paid.

During the year ended June 30, 2015 the Hospital Authority had the following activity related to the SHOPP:

SHOPP funds received	$	109,000
OHA Foundation funds received		160,000
SHOPP assessment fees paid		(269,000)
Net SHOPP benefit	$	-

The annual amounts to be received and paid by the Authority over the term of the SHOPP are subject to change annually based on various factors involved in determining the amount of federal matching funds.

Based on the current information available, the annual net benefit to the Authority over the term of the SHOPP is not expected to be materially different from the net amounts received in 2015. SHOPP and OHA Foundation revenue is recorded as part of net patient service revenue and the SHOPP assessment fees are recorded as part of other expenses on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

18. Employee Retirement Plan Participation

The City participates in five employee retirement plans:

OFPRS:

Plan description - The City of Alva, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Benefits provided - FPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is $150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is $165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 3 0 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is $7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-line-of-duty pension is $150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or $7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A $5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The $5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

Contributions - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were $55,592. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of $136,055 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behlaf contributions on an accrual basis of $105,837. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of $1,368,236 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2014. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .1331% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of $123,909. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 32,600	$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	207,113
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	55,592	-
Total	$ 88,192	$ 207,113

The $55,952 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	$ (45,707)
2017	(45,707)
2018	(45,707)
2019	(45,707)
2020	6,070
Thereafter	2,245
	$ (174,513)

Actuarial Assumptions-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	3%
Salary increases:	3.5% to 9.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	5.48%
Domestic equity	37%	9.61%
International equity	20%	9.24%
Real estate	10%	7.76%
Other assets	13%	6.88%

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.5%	Current Discount Rate 7.5%	1% Increase 8.5%
Employers' net pension liability	$ 1,786,627	$ 1,368,206	$ 1,017,461

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs .

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

Plan description - The City of Alva, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS

Benefits provided - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

Contributions - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were $54,182. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of $ 51,995 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of $43,738.

Net Pension Liability (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset of $47,005 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2014. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .1396 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of $18,375. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ -	$ 21,118
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	165,215
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	54,182	-
Total	$ 54,182	$ 186,333

The $54,182 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	$ (45,676)
2017	(45,676)
2018	(45,676)
2019	(45,676)
2020	(3,629)
	$ (186,333)

Actuarial Assumptions-*The* total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	3%
Salary increases:	4.5% to 17% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense
Mortality rates:	Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.
	Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using scale AA.
	Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	2.83%
Domestic equity	6.47%
International equity	6.98%
Real estate	5.50%
Private Equity	5.96%
Commodities	3.08%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-*The* following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.5%	Current Discount Rate 7.5%	1% Increase 8.5%
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	$ 279,673	$ (47,005)	$ (322,322)

Defined Benefit Plan - Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer - defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: www.okmrf.org/reports.html. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value based on published market prices. Detailed information about the OkMRF plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OkMRF financial report.

C. Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions

Provision	As of 07/01/14 OkMRF Plan
a. Eligible to participate	Full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.
b. Period Required to Vest	10 years of credited service
c. Eligibility for Distribution	-Normal retirement at age 65 with 10 years of service -Early retirement at age 55 with 10 years of service -Disability retirement upon disability with 10 years of service -Death benefit with 10 years of service for married employees
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 calendar years of service
e. Benefit Determination Methods:	
Normal Retirement	-1.125% of final average salary multiplied by credited years of service
Early Retirement	-Actuarially reduced benefit based upon age, final average salary, and years of service at termination
Disability Retirement	-Same as normal retirement
Death Benefit	-50% of employees accrued benefit, but terminates upon spouse re-marriage
Prior to 10 Years Service	-No benefits
f. Benefit Authorization	-Benefits are established and amended by City Council adoption of an ordinance in accordance with O.S. Title, 11, Section 48-101-102
g. Form of Benefit Payments	Normal form is a 60 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with City consent, option form based on actuarial equivalent.

D. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	52
Deferred Vested Former Employees	8
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	9
Total	69

E. Contribution Requirements

The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 4.14% of covered payroll as of 7-1-14. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized $85,781 of employer contributions to the plan which equals the actuarially determined amount based on covered payroll of $1,868,876. Employees cannot contribute to the plan in accordance with the plan provisions adopted by the City Council.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	July 1, 2014
a. Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
b. Rate of Return on Investments and Discount Rate	7.75%
c. Projected Salary Increase based on age	Varies between 7.42% and 4%
d. Post Retirement cost-of-Living Increase	None
e. Inflation Rate	3%
f. Mortality Table	UP 1994, with projected mortality improvement
g. Percent of married employees	100%
h. Spouse age difference	3 years (female spouses younger)
i. Turnover	Select and ultimate rates Ultimate rates are age-related as shown Additional rates per thousand are added during the first 5 years: Year 1: 215 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 95 Year 4: 65 Year 5: 40
j. Date of last experience study	September 2012 for fiscal years 2007 thru 2011

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.75% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks S&P 500	25%	5.40%	1.35%
Small/mid cap stocks Russell 2500	10%	7.50%	0.75%
Long/short equity MSCI ACWI	10%	6.10%	0.61%
International stocks MSCI EAFE	20%	5.10%	1.02%
Fixed income bonds Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.60%	0.78%
Real estate NCREIF	5%	4.80%	0.24%
Cash equivalents 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	100%		
Average Real Return			4.75%
Inflation			3.00%
Long-term expected return			7.75%

H. Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2014 which is also the measurement date. There were no changes in assumptions or changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability. There were also no changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2014 and the City's report ending date of June 30, 2015, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability (asset). The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability (asset):

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY			
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances Beginning of Year	$ 2,613,320	$ 2,872,982	$ (259,662)
Changes for the Year:			
Service cost	77,381	-	77,381
Interest expense	204,865	-	204,865
Benefit changes	-		-
Experience losses (gains) -	-		-
(amortized over avg remain svc period of actives & inactives)			
Changes of assumptions	-		-
Contributions--City	-	79,185	(79,185)
Contributions--members	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	471,323	(471,323)
Expected return on plan investments	-	-	-
Expensed portion of current-period differences between actual and expected returns on plan investments	-	-	-
Non expensed portion of earnings on plan investments above expectation	-	-	-
Refunds of contributions	-	-	-
(amortized over closed 5-year period)	-	-	-
Benefits paid	(96,353)	(96,353)	-
Plan administrative expenses	-	(6,973)	6,973
Change in deferred contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	-	-	-
Net Changes	185,893	447,182	(261,289)
Balances End of Year	$ 2,799,213	$ 3,320,164	$ (520,951)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.75%	Current Discount Rate 7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	$ (125,891)	$ (520,952)	$ (847,520)

The City reported $164,903 in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ -	$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	209,969
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	85,781	-
Total	$ 85,781	$ 209,969

The $85,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2016	$ (52,492)
2017	(52,492)
2018	(52,492)
2019	(52,493)
	$ (209,969)

City of Alva Defined Contribution Plan

The City contributes to the Employee Retirement System of Alva, Oklahoma in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Contribution Plan and Trust, an agent multiple employer– defined contribution plan. The defined contribution plan is available to all eligible employees who are not already participating in the fire or police pension plan. Administration of the City's individual plan rests with the City Council. The overall operations of OkMRF are supervised by a nin-member Council of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. Bank One Trust Company of Oklahoma City acts as the administrator and securities custodian.

For the year ended June 30, 2015 the total contributions were 4.15% of covered payroll, of which 2.14% and 2.00% were contributed by the employer and employee respectively.

Schedule of Retirement Plan Contributions – Defined Contribution Plan

Fiscal Year	Employer Contribution
6/30/13	$36,391
6/30/14	$49,045
6/30/15	$40,181

Alva Hospital Authority Defined Contribution Plan

The Hospital Authority contributes to a defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all employees. Pension expense is recorded for the amount of the Authority's required contributions, determined in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan is administered by the Authority's Board of Trustees. The plan provides retirement benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are contained in the plan document and were established and can be amended by action of the Authority's governing body. Contributions actually made by the Authority during 2015 were approximately $0. Contributions actually made by plan members during 2015 were approximately $156,000.

19. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

20. Management's Consideration of Going Concern Matters

The Authority has incurred significant operating losses since 2010 and has negative working capital. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Authority will continue as a going concern, realizing assets and liquidating liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Management is considering several alternatives for mitigating these conditions during the next year, including reviewing expenses and evaluating profitability of current and new lines of service. Although not currently planned, realization of assets in other than the ordinary course of business in order to meet liquidity needs could incur losses not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	GENERAL FUND			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	6,628,613	6,628,613	7,542,795	914,182
Intergovernmental	230,537	330,535	330,990	455
Charges for services	396,884	396,884	402,152	5,268
Fines and forfeitures	53,684	53,684	70,172	16,488
Licenses and permits	28,573	28,573	26,124	(2,449)
Investment Income	7,245	7,245	15,182	7,937
Miscellaneous	261,027	261,027	705,793	444,766
Transfers In	491,928	491,928	340,602	(151,326)
Total Resources (Inflows)	8,098,491	8,198,489	9,433,810	1,235,321
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General government	1,609,102	1,571,907	1,759,532	(187,625)
Public safety	1,591,322	1,623,582	1,942,328	(318,746)
Streets	725,378	763,160	1,314,676	(551,516)
Ambulance	524,495	585,424	749,310	(163,886)
Culture and recreation	435,606	441,828	460,890	(19,062)
Transfers out	3,212,588	3,212,588	3,607,434	(394,846)
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,098,491	8,198,489	9,834,170	(1,635,681)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(400,360)	(400,360)
Fund balances - beginning, restated	-	-	2,163,919	2,163,919
Fund balances - ending	$ -	$ -	$ 1,763,559	$ 1,763,559

	Airport Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	$ 250,000	$ 276,826	$ 216,358	$ (60,468)
Investment income	2,508	2,508	2,412	(96)
Miscellaneous	176,397	157,680	706,688	549,008
Transfers in	-	-	37,259	37,259
Total Resources (Inflows)	428,905	437,014	962,717	525,703
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Airport	678,905	687,014	435,561	251,453
Total Charges to Appropriations	678,905	687,014	435,561	251,453
Net change in fund balances	(250,000)	(250,000)	527,156	777,156
Fund balances - beginning, restated	-	-	919,591	919,591
Fund balances - ending	$ (250,000)	$ (250,000)	$ 1,446,747	$ 1,696,747

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

1. The City prepares its budgets for all funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis of accounting. For budgetary purposes expenditures are recorded in the period the invoice is received. All unexpended encumbrances lapse at year-end and therefore are not recorded as expenditures for budgetary purposes.

2. The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfer appropriations require the City Managers approval and supplemental appropriations require City Council's approval.

The City exceeded the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

General government	$187,625
Public Safety	$318,746
Streets	$551,516
Ambulance	$163,886
Culture and recreation	$19,062
Transfer out	$394,846

3. The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual basis as shown below:

	General Fund	Airport Fund
Total revenue - budgetary basis	$ 9,433,810	$ 962,716
Total expenses - budgetary basis	(9,834,170)	(435,561)
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis	(400,360)	527,155
Revenue accruals	(381,428)	1,983
Expenditure accruals	1,572,370	(3,563)
Change in fund balance - GAAP basis	$ 790,582	$ 525,575

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF ALVA PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	0.1396%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset	$ 47,005
City's covered-employee payroll	$ 413,903
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2014
Statutorially required contribution	$ 54,182
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	54,182
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	$ 413,903
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.09%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF ALVA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.133052%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 1,368,236
City's covered-employee payroll	$ 395,364
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	346%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%

*The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS
OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2014
Statutorially required contribution	$ 55,592
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	55,592
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	$ 395,364
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.06%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Required Supplementary Information
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	Last Fiscal Year
	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	$ 77,381
Interest	204,865
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(96,353)
Net change in total pension liability	185,893
Total pension liability - beginning	2,613,320
Total pension liability - ending (a)	$ 2,799,213
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	$ 79,185
Contributions - member	-
Net investment income	471,323
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(96,353)
Administrative expense	(6,973)
Other	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	447,182
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,872,982
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	$ 3,320,164
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	$ (520,951)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	118.61%
Covered employee payroll	$ 1,686,436
Net pension liability/asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.89%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Required Supplementary Information
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Employer Contributions	Last Fiscal Year
	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 85,781
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	85,781
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -
Covered employee payroll	$ 1,868,876
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.59%

Notes to Schedule:

1. Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

2. Latest Valuation Date: July 1, 2014

3. Actuarially determined contribution rate is calculated as of July 1, 2013
   July 2014 through June 15 contributions were at a rate of 4.14%

4. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:
   Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal
   Amortization method - Level percent of payroll, closed
   Remaining amortization period - 29 years
   Asset valuation method - Actuarial:
   Smoothing period - 4 years
   Recognition method - Non-asymptotic
   Corridor - 70% - 130%
   Salary increases - 4.00% to 7.42% (varies by attained age)
   Investment rate of return - 7.50%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – June 30, 2015

	Airport Grant Fund	ADP Drug Task Force	Cemetery Fund	Hotel Tax Fund	Donation Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Homestead Capital Improvement Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 78,995	$ 134,840	$ 4,023	$ 387,311	$ 26,323	$ 211,316	$ 48,712	$ 891,520
Investments	-	-	104,135	301,018	12,000	-	50,377	467,530
Interest receivable	-	-	122	2,482	-	-	105	2,709
Receivable from other governments	1,134	-	-	46,119	-	7,217	-	54,470
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	13,226	-	13,226
Total assets	$ 80,129	$ 134,840	$ 108,280	$ 736,930	$ 38,323	$ 231,759	$ 99,194	$ 1,429,455
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	$ -	$ -	$ 91	$ -	$ 38,701	$ 47,264	$ -	$ 86,056
Due to other funds	-	-	892	-	-	-	-	892
Accrued payroll payable	-	-	969	-	-	-	-	969
Total liabilities	-	-	1,952	-	38,701	47,264	-	87,917
Fund balances:								
Restricted	80,129	134,840	-	736,930	-	64,495	-	1,016,394
Committed	-	-	28,540		-	-	-	28,540
Assigned	-	-	77,788	-	-	120,000	99,194	296,982
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-	(378)		-	(378)
Total fund balances	80,129	134,840	106,328	736,930	(378)	184,495	99,194	1,341,538
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 80,129	$ 134,840	$ 108,280	$ 736,930	$ 38,323	$ 231,759	$ 99,194	$ 1,429,455

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Airport Grant Fund	ADP Drug Task Force	Cemetery Fund	Hotel Tax Fund	Donation Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Homestead Capital Improvement Fund	Total-Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 438,387	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 438,387
Intergovernmental	38,817	-	-	-	14,583	47,301	-	100,701
Charges for services	-	-	32,489	-	-	158,030	-	190,519
Investment earnings	-	-	724	3,501	52	-	356	4,633
Miscellaneous	-	3,984	8,000	-	20,509	-	-	32,493
Total revenues	38,817	3,984	41,213	441,888	35,144	205,331	356	766,733
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	13,725	-	-	13,725
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	47,874	-	-	47,874
Highways and roads	-	-	-	-	-	222,378	-	222,378
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	17,166	-	-	17,166
Community development	-	-	-	291,024	-	-	-	291,024
Cemetery	-	-	64,711	-	-	-	-	64,711
Capital Outlay	-	10,555	4,220	-	7,109	53,359	-	75,243
Total Expenditures	-	10,555	68,931	291,024	85,874	275,737	-	732,121
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	38,817	(6,571)	(27,718)	150,864	(50,730)	(70,406)	356	34,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	120,000	-	120,000
Transfers out	(37,683)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(37,683)
Total other financing sources and uses	(37,683)	-	-	-	-	120,000	-	82,317
Net change in fund balances	1,134	(6,571)	(27,718)	150,864	(50,730)	49,594	356	116,929
Fund balances - beginning, restated	78,995	141,411	134,046	586,066	50,352	134,901	98,838	1,224,609
Fund balances - ending	$ 80,129	$ 134,840	$ 106,328	$ 736,930	$ (378)	$ 184,495	$ 99,194	$ 1,341,538

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts – June 30, 2015

	General Fund Operating Account	Revolving Account	Total General Fund Accounts
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 475,880	$ 62,915	$ 538,795
Investments	348,203	-	348,203
Receivable from other governments	867,437	-	867,437
Due from other funds	18,020	-	18,020
Other receivables	39,516	-	39,516
Inventories	23,551	-	23,551
Total assets	$ 1,772,607	$ 62,915	$ 1,835,522
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	$ 362,656	$ 5,625	$ 368,281
Accrued payroll payable	85,418	-	85,418
Other payables	2,036	-	2,036
Total liabilities	450,110	5,625	455,735
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred revenue	6,450	-	6,450
Fund balances:			
Non-spendable	23,551	-	23,551
Committed	1,292,496	57,290	1,349,786
Total fund balances	1,316,047	57,290	1,373,337
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	$ 1,772,607	$ 62,915	$ 1,835,522

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund Operating Account	Revolving Account	Total General Fund Accounts
REVENUES			
Taxes	$ 6,297,323	$ -	$ 6,297,323
Intergovemmental	542,832	-	542,832
Licenses and permits	27,084	-	27,084
Charges for services	347,070	-	347,070
Fines and forfeitures	84,369	-	84,369
Investment earnings	18,017	-	18,017
Miscellaneous	477,058	-	477,058
Total revenues	7,793,753	-	7,793,753
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	1,565,037	5,253	1,570,290
Public safety	1,745,129	-	1,745,129
Streets	675,328	-	675,328
Ambulance	568,098	-	568,098
Culture and recreation	401,708	-	401,708
Health and welfare	151,720	-	151,720
Capital outlay	538,955	-	538,955
Debt service:			
Principal	96,499	-	96,499
Interest and other charges	27,998	-	27,998
Total expenditures	5,770,472	5,253	5,775,725
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,023,281	(5,253)	2,018,028
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from capital leases	318,104	-	318,104
Transfers in	329,000	-	329,000
Transfers out	(3,455,714)	-	(3,455,714)
Total other financing sources and uses	(2,808,610)	-	(2,808,610)
Net change in fund balances	(785,329)	(5,253)	(790,582)
Fund balances - beginning, restated	2,101,376	62,543	2,163,919
Fund balances - ending	$ 1,316,047	$ 57,290	$ 1,373,337

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal/State Grantor/Pass Through Agency Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant #	Award Amount	Awards Expended
FEDERAL AWARDS:				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Passed through Oklahoma Department of Health				
Hospital Preparedness Program	93.074	2014 93131802/1000009461	$ 4,000	$ 4,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Passed through Oklahoma Highway Safety Office:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	20.600	PT-15-03-01-02	$ 13,000	$ 6,495
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	20.600	PT-14-03-01-01	9,919	4,083
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			$ 22,919	$ 10,578
U.S. DEPARTMENT OK HOMELAND SECURITY:				
Passed through Oklahoma Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants Public Assistance Grant	97.036	DR-4109 PW52 B26	$ 996	$ 996
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION:				
Airport Improvement Program	20.11	3-40-0003-011-2014	$ 53,838	$ 38,817
Total Federal Awards			$ 81,753	$ 54,391

Debt Service Coverage Schedule – June 30, 2015

Operating revenues :	
Water	$1,238,976
Sewer	316,708
Sanitation	1,285,942
Interest revenues	5,148
Total gross revenues available	2,846,774
Authority operating expenses:	
Water	430,912
Sewer	400,434
Sanitation	743,406
Total operating expenses	1,574,752
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	$1,272,022
Maximum annual debt serivce requirements:	
2014A Revenue Note	$250,136
2014B Revenue Note	27,780
Total maximum annual debt service	$277,916
Computed Coverage	4.58
Coverage Requirement - Revenue Bond Indenture	1.25

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Alva
Woods County, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statement of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alva, Woods County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 30, 2016, which contained *Emphasis of Matter* paragraphs regarding substantial doubt about a business-type activity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. My report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Alva Hospital Authority d/b/a Share Medical Center, a business-type activity, as described in my report on the City of Alva, Woods County, Oklahoma's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other Auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting of compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditor's.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, that I consider to be significant deficiencies as items 2015-1, 2015-2, 2015-3 and 2015-4.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The City's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying City's corrective action plan. I did not audit the City's response and, accordingly I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance, Accordingly, the communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chas. W. Carroll, P.A
June 30, 2015

CITY OF ALVA
WOODS COUNTY - OKLAHOMA
JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS
JUNE 30, 2015

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results

2015-01

Criteria - All expenditures are to have a purchase order submitted prior to any order of goods or services, which includes a predetermined amount, all invoices or packing slips are to be signed by personnel receiving goods or services and invoices are required documentation before payment is made. Purchase orders are to be retained for five (5) years after the year of origination.

Condition - During the examination of 116 expenditures I noted ten (10) purchases orders were dated after the invoice date, two (2) were not signed and one (1) purchase order was not available for review.

Effect - Employees were not following purchasing procedures, which could lead to unauthorized purchases being made.

Recommendation - All purchases should be approved with a purchase order prior to the items being ordered and all invoices be itemized, dated and signed.

Management Response – Management concurs with the Audit Finding 2015-01 and will work to ensure proper purchasing procedures are followed.

2015-02

Criteria - The governing board of any municipality may enter into an agreement to lease personal property wherein the initial purchase is made by the lessor and the title remains in the name of the lessor until final payment is made.

Condition - The City entered into a lease-purchase agreement for equipment for a nine-year period but received the financing from the lessor and payment was made to the vendors by the City. Title to the 9quipment was in the name of the lessee.

Effect - The receipt of funds by the City from the lessor and purchase of equipment by the City gives the appearance of a promissory note and not a lease-purchase.

Recommendation - Management should review procedures to ensure all agreements for the purchase of personal property are reviewed and handled in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes.

Management Response – Management will review procedures to ensure Oklahoma Statutes are followed. During the review procedure if there is any corrective measures needed, staff will ensure they are completed.

2015-03

Criteria - State law requires all public construction contracts exceeding $50,000.00 be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder after solicitation for sealed bids, and awarded by a public agency.

Condition - Sealed bids were received meeting bidding requirements and were approved by a committee for construction of a facility, costing in excess of $50,000.00, at the Gun Range. The bids were accepted by the committee but not delivered to or approved by the governing board.

Effect - A construction contract was awarded for facilities on City property without consent of the public agency.

Recommendation - The City should seek legal counsel from the City Attorney and corrective procedures.

Management Response – Management will perform any corrective action required.

CITY OF ALVA
WOODS COUNTY - OKLAHOMA
JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2015

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results (continued)

2015-04

Criteria - Remittance slips and other collection documentation are to be retained in office until one (1) year audit is completed.

Condition - Nine (9) of 49 miscellaneous revenue receipts did not have remittance slips on file.

Effect - Potential material misstatement in the financial statements or misappropriation of assets due to error or fraud could occur and not be prevented or detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation - Management should ensure personnel are informed and trained in required document policies and retention.

Management Response – Management concurs with the Audit Finding 2015-04 and will work to ensure proper documentation is maintained by staff.