FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

ANADARKO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-20, CADDO COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2014

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 7, 2014

The Honorable Board of Education Anadarko School District Number I-20 Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Anadarko School District Number I-20, Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2014, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2014, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 7, 2014

The Honorable Board of Education Anadarko School District Number I-20 Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Anadarko School District Number I-20, Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014 which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement, compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

November 7, 2014

The Honorable Board of Education Anadarko School District Number I-20 Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Anadarko School District Number I-20, Anadarko, Caddo County, Oklahoma (District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2014

There were no prior year significant deficiencies or material instances of non-compliance.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2014

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 § 510(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major were P.L. 874 Impact Aid (84.041), which was not clustered, and the Child Nutrition Programs (10.553, 10.555, 10.559) which were clustered.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

<u>Section 3</u> – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2014

		GOVERNMENTA	AL FUND TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP		
ACCETC	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$ 3,536,272 800,000	403,022	204,980	403,150	211,840 275,320	42,865	4,759,264 1,075,320 42,865
of long-term debt Total Assets	\$ 4,336,272	403,022	204,980	403,150	487,160	1,707,135 1,750,000	1,707,135 7,584,584
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY							
Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Unmatured obligations Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	\$ 1,235,447 79,134	129,596	7,422	360,286	142,211		1,372,465 79,134 360,286 142,211
Bonds payable Total liabilities	1,314,581	129,596	7,422	360,286	142,211	1,750,000 1,750,000	1,750,000 3,704,096
Fund Equity Cash fund balances Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	3,021,691 \$ 4,336,272	273,426 403,022	197,558 204,980	42,864 403,150	344,949 487,160	1,750,000	3,880,488 7,584,584

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	TOTALO
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECT	DEBT SERVICE	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues collected:	h 1510/54	252 402		(0) 551	10.110	0.400.000
Local sources	\$ 1,512,654	259,499		636,551	12,119	2,420,823
Intermediate sources	282,445	0/ 0/0				282,445
State sources	9,787,635	86,869				9,874,504
Federal sources	3,492,818	735,596		F /F7	2.072	4,228,414
Interest earnings	1,177	31,765		5,657	2,073	40,672
Return On Assets	25,942	40		(40.000	11100	25,982
Total revenues collected	15,102,671	1,113,769	0	642,208	14,192	16,872,840
Expenditures:						
Instruction	7,602,459		86,177			7,688,636
Support services	5,961,315	239,193	127,881			6,328,389
Operation of non-instructional services	111,088	906,179	127,001			1.017.267
Facilities acquisition & construction services	111,000	66,031				66,031
Other outlays:		00,031				00,031
Debt service requirements				650,588		650,588
Clearing account	119,743			030,366		119,743
Correcting entry	13,082					13,082
Other Uses	107					107
	183					183
Bank fees and cash charges	103				7.500	
Scholarships Tatal aynandituras	12 007 077	1 211 402	214.000	/F0 F00	7,500	7,500
Total expenditures	13,807,977	1,211,403	214,058	650,588	7,500	15,891,526
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures before other financing						
sources (uses)	1,294,694	(97,634)	(214,058)	(8,380)	6,692	981,314
sources (uses)	1,274,074	(77,034)	(214,030)	(0,300)	0,072	701,314
Other financing sources (uses)						
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	46,655	285	475			47,415
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,655	285	475	0	0	47,415
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Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures	1,341,349	(97,349)	(213,583)	(8,380)	6,692	1,028,729
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,680,342	370,775	411,141	51,244	338,257	2,851,759
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,021,691	273,426	197,558	42,864	344,949	3,880,488

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I- 20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

GENERAL FUND Variance Original/Final Favorable **Budget** Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: 1,206,134 1,512,654 306,520 Local sources \$ Intermediate sources 232,546 282,445 49,899 State sources 9,398,618 9,787,635 389,017 Federal sources 2,859,545 3,492,818 633,273 Interest earnings 1,177 1,177 Return On Assets 25,942 25,942 Total revenues collected 13,696,843 15,102,671 1,405,828 Expenditures: Instruction 14,926,936 7,324,477 7,602,459 Support services 259,228 5,961,315 (5,702,087)Operation of non-instructional services 111,088 (111,088)Other outlays: 119,743 Clearing account (119,743)Correcting entry 13,082 (13,082)Other Uses 191,021 107 190,914 Bank fees and cash charges (183)183 1,569,208 Total expenditures 15,377,185 13,807,977 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses) (1,680,342)1,294,694 2,975,036 Other financing sources (uses): Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 0 46,655 46,655 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures (1,680,342)1,341,349 3,021,691 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 1,680,342 1,680,342 0 Cash fund balance, end of year 3,021,691 0 3,021,691

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I- 20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Variance Original Final Favorable Budget **Budget** Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: \$ 254,028 254.028 259,499 5,471 Local sources State sources 94.631 94.631 86,869 (7,762)Federal sources 736,023 927,044 735,596 (191,448)Interest 31,765 31,765 Return On Assets 40 40 1,275,703 1,084,682 Total revenues collected 1,113,769 (161,934)Expenditures: Instruction 424,563 424,563 424,563 Support services 191,021 239,193 (48,172)Operation of non-instructional services 1,030,894 906,179 124,715 1,030,894 Facilities acquisition & construction services 66,031 (66,031)Total expenditures 1,455,457 1,646,478 1,211,403 435,075 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances (370,775)(370,775)(97,634)273,141 0 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 0 285 285 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures (370,775)(370,775)(97,349)273,426 Cash fund balances, beginning of year 370,775 370,775 370,775 0 Cash fund balances, end of year 273,426 0 0 273,426

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

DEBT SERVICE FUND Variance Original/Final Favorable Budget (Unfavorable) Actual Revenues Collected: Local sources \$ 599,344 636,551 37,207 Interest earnings 5,657 5,657 Total revenues collected 599,344 642,208 42,864 Requirements: Bonds 622,000 622,000 Coupons 28,588 28,588 **Total requirements** 650,588 650,588 0 Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures 42,864 (51,244)(8,380)51,244 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 51,244 Cash fund balance, end of year \$ 0 42,864 42,864

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Anadarko Public Schools Independent District No. I-20 (the "District") has been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – con't

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained the gifts and endowments fund during the 2013-2014 school year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting - cont'd

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2013-14 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Total
Co-op	\$ 191,021

This amendment was approved by the county excise board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

 $\underline{\operatorname{Cash}}$ – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United State's government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2014, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the monies generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2014, was \$4,784,914. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2014, the District's investments consisted of certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of \$1,075,320.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Anadarko Bank & Trust and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2014.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2013	\$ 2,525,000	40,000	2,565,000
Retirements	(775,000)	(40,000)	(815,000)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 1,750,000	0	1,750,000

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2014, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds		Amount Outstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2010, original issue \$1,185,000, interest rates of 1.5% to 2.15%, due in initial installments of \$285,000, annual installments of \$300,000, final payment due 5-1-15	\$	300,000
Building Bonds, Series 2012, original issue \$1,925,000, interest rates of 0.60% to 1.10%, due in initial installment of \$475,000, annual installments of \$500,000, final payment due 6-1-17	_	1,450,000
Total	\$	1,750,000

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the capital lease, including the payment of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal In		Interest	Total
2015	\$	775,000	20,975	795,975
2016		475,000	10,250	485,250
2017		500,000	5,500	505,500
Total	\$	1,750,000	36,725	1,786,725

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2013-14 fiscal years totaled \$38,865.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2013-14 fiscal year, the District's contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during this year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

Annual Pension Costs

The District's total contributions for 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$1,456,794, \$1,496,688 and \$1,540,484, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2014. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

Management is not aware of any threatened litigation, assessments, or unasserted claims against the District.

7. **CONTINGENCIES** – cont'd

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 7, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	BUILDING FUND		CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$	300,235	(62,172)	164,959	403,022
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities: Warrants payable	\$	5,976	61,852	61,768	129,596
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		294,259	(124,024)	103,191	273,426
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity		300,235	(62,172)	164,959	403,022

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	В	UILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$	191,110		68,389	259,499
State sources				86,869	86,869
Federal sources				735,596	735,596
Interest		31,765			31,765
Return on Assets				40	40
Total revenues collected		222,875	0	890,894	1,113,769
Expenditures:					
Support services		115,169	124,024		239,193
Operation of non-instructional services				906,179	906,179
Facilities acquisition construction services		66,031			66,031
Total expenditures		181,200	124,024	906,179	1,211,403
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to		44 (75	(40.4.00.1)	(45.005)	(07.40.1)
prior year encumbrances		41,675	(124,024)	(15,285)	(97,634)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		277	0	8	285
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures		41,952	(124,024)	(15,277)	(97,349)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		252,307	0	118,468	370,775
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	294,259	(124,024)	103,191	273,426

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	BUILDING FUND				CO-OP FUND		CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:	A 170.05/	170.057	101 110	•			A 01.770	01.770	/0.200
Local sources State sources	\$ 172,256	172,256	191,110	\$			\$ 81,772 94,631	81,772 94,631	68,389 86,869
Federal sources					191,021		736,023	736,023	735,596
Interest			31,765						
Return On Assets			-				-		40
Total revenues collected	172,256	172,256	222,875	0	191,021	0	912,426	912,426	890,894
Expenditures:									
Instruction	424,563	424,563							
Support services			115,169		191,021	124,024			
Operation of non-instructional services			// 004				1,030,894	1,030,894	906,179
Facilities acquisition & construction services Total expenditures	424,563	424,563	66,031 181,200	0	191,021	124,024	1,030,894	1,030,894	004 170
rotal experiultures	424,303	424,303	101,200		191,021	124,024	1,030,094	1,030,094	906,179
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments									
to prior year encumbrances	(252,307)	(252,307)	41,675	0	0	(124,024)	(118,468)	(118,468)	(15,285)
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	0	0	277	0	0	0	0	0	8
Excess of revenues collected over									
(under) expenditures	(252,307)	(252,307)	41,952	0	0	(124,024)	(118,468)	(118,468)	(15,277)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	252,307	252,307	252,307	0	0	0	118,468	118,468	118,468
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	294,259	\$ 0	0	(124,024)	\$ 0	0	103,191

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	2012 BUILDING BOND	
		FUND
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$	204,980
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Liabilities: Warrants Payable	\$	7,422
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		197,558
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	204,980

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	2012 BUILDING BOND FUND		2012 TRANS BOND FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected:	¢.	0	0	0	
Total revenues collected	\$	0	0	0	
Expenditures:					
Instruction		86,177		86,177	
Support services		117,847	10,034	127,881	
Total expenditures		204,024	10,034	214,058	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(204,024)	(10,034)	(214,058)	
Other financing sources and uses: Adjustments to prior year encumbrances Total other finacning sources (uses)		475 475		<u>475</u> 475	
Total office infacting sources (ases)		473		470	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(203,549)	(10,034)	(213,583)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		401,107	10,034	411,141	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	197,558	0	197,558	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2014

	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS		AGENCY FUNDS	
	GIFTS AND ENDOWMENTS		ACTIVITY	
	FUND		FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$	104,629	107,211	211,840
Investments		240,320	35,000	275,320
Total Assets	\$	344,949	142,211	487,160
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities:				
Funds held for school organizations	\$		142,211	142,211
Fund Equity:				
Cash fund balance		344,949	0	344,949
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	344,949	142,211	487,160

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	BALANCE 7-01-13		NET ADDITIONS TRANSFERS		DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-14	
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash Investments	\$	76,211 35,000	630,318		599,319	107,210 35,000	
Total Assets	\$	111,211	630,318		599,319	142,210	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Funds held for school organizations:							
Athletics	\$	8,419	320,658		289,566	39,511	
Band		261	844		150	955	
African American club		824	57		286	595	
Cheerleading		4,323	32,455		36,092	686	
Chorus/music		1,883	8,858		7,762	2,979	
Drama		3,899	1,608		1,487	4,020	
FCA		4	0		0	4	
FFA		520	30,491		26,307	4,704	
FCCLA		3,221	9,408		9,691	2,938	
4-H		57	992		794	255	
Native American club		903	704		844	763	
Juniors		1,999	4,735		3,823	2,911	
Library		1,886	0		0	1,886	
High school miscellaneous		1,776	8,104		7,440	2,440	
AHS Anime Club		264	0		0	264	
NHS		800	2,103		1,933	970	
Racquet club		350	8,503		8,828	25	
Academic bowl		3	0		0	3	
Friends Of FFA		14	0		14	0	
Seniors		2,755	3,194		3,910	2,039	
Sophomores		0	100		0	100	
Spanish club		634	128		50	712	
Student council		89	13,770		13,833	26	
AHS scholarship fund		200	0		200	0	
HS technology student assoc.		312	1,000		60	1,252	
Yearbook		14,994	17,311		23,881	8,424	
Sunset elementary		7,557	20,610		20,103	8,064	
East miscellaneous		4,299	21,974		21,538	4,735	
East music		3,745	1,505		1,622	3,628	
Special education misc.		5,915	1,830		3,227	4,518	
Mission miscellaneous		11,354	19,747		23,288	7,813	
Mission music		615	500		638	477	
Mission 4-H		319	100		45	374	
Mission library		1,289	4,903		5,287	905	
Cheerleaders 510		174	5,140		2,792	2,522	
Chorus/music 510		1,384	10,544		10,300	1,628	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	BALANCE 7-01-13	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-14
FBLA 510	\$ 0	0		0	0
4-H 510	493	8,145		8,345	293
Family and consumer science	111	0		68	43
Native American club/middle	921	726		591	1,056
Library 510	441	1,889		1,889	441
Middle school miscellaneous	3,476	37,447		36,783	4,140
NJHS	20	0		0	20
Office 510	0	0		0	0
Middle school band 510	0	0		0	0
Middle school art club 510	1,700	1,450		2,067	1,083
Am Indian math & science club	11	0		0	11
Mission A.R. program	0	0		0	0
Middle A.R.	50	0		0	50
D.A.R.E. 050	0	0		0	0
Now account 050	2,231	9,062		4,985	6,308
HS art 705	1,357	5,461		5,284	1,534
Freshman	0	0		0	0
Video productions 705	446	105		90	461
East elementary library	5,402	8,025		6,816	6,611
Middle school science club	625	0		246	379
Sunset library 115	2,062	5,332		5,892	1,502
1 to1 technology org.	4,210	0		0	4,210
Indian education activity fund	614	800		472	942
Il Liabilities	\$ 111,211	630,318	0	599,319	142,210

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor / Pass Through	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/13	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/14
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title IX Indian Education	84.060	S060A130954	\$ 266,906		211,574	266,906	55,332
Title IX Indian Education - Note	84.060	S060A120954		14,740	14,740		
*P.L. 874 Impact Aid	84.041	S041B-2014-3809	1,811,607		1,811,607	1,742,766	
Sub Total			2,078,513	14,740	2,037,921	2,009,672	55,332
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I	84.010		699,197		634,257	635,376	1,119
Title I - Note	84.010			35,600	35,600		
Title I, School Support	84.410A		10,792		6,592	9,612	3,020
Title VI Part B	84.358		46,275		42,734	42,734	
Special Education Programs:							
IDEA-B flowthrough	84.027		415.028		373.830	389.114	15,284
IDEA-B flowthrough - Note	84.027		,	24,759	24.759		,
IDEA-B preschool	84.173		6,456		5,572	5,572	
Title II Part A	84.367		120,427		100,404	105,166	4,762
Title II Part A - Note	84.367			11,839	11,839		
Title II Part B	84.366		191,021			123,801	123,801
Adult Education	84.002		41,218		40,301	40,301	
Sub Total			1,530,414	72,198	1,275,888	1,351,676	147,986
Passed Through State Department of Career and T	echnology Education:						
Carl Perkins grant	84.048		29,149		28.316	28.316	
Carl Perkins grant - Note	84.048		27,	28,139	28,139	20,010	
Sub Total	01.010		29,149	28,139	56,455	28,316	0
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				181,133	181,133	
National school lunch program	10.555				554,463	519,424	
Summer food services program	10.559				3,248	15,638	12,390
Summer food services program - Note	10.559			12,649	12,649	13,030	12,370
Sub Total	10.559			12,649	751,493	716,195	12,390
Sub Total				12,017	701,170	710,170	12,070
Passed Through Department of Human Service Non-cash assistance:							
	10.555				40.010	40.212	
*Commodities - Note 1	10.555				48,312	48,312	
Other Federal Assistance:	45.400		// 004			07.004	
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		66,324		66,324	27,324	
Johnson O'Malley carryover	15.130		53,522		39,930	53,522	
Rehabilitation services	84.126		403		403	403	
Sub Total			120,249	0	106,657	81,249	0
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 3,758,325	127,726	4,276,726	4,235,420	215,708

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$48,312 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

^{*} Major Programs

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

BONDING COMPANY	PERSON COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 OVERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
State Farm	Treasurer/Activity Fund	96-EC-3392-3	\$ 105,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015
	Payroll Clerk	96-EC-3392-3	5,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015
	Encumbrance Clerk	96-EC-3392-3	5,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015
	Child Nutrition Director	96-EC-3392-3	5,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015
	Assistant Superintendent	96-EC-3392-3	100,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015
	Superintendent	96-EC-3392-3	100,000	02/16/2014 - 02/16/2015

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-20, CADDO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

State of Oklahoma)
) ss
County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Anadarko Public Schools for the audit year 2013-14.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 7th day of November, 2014

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016

Commission No. 00008621