PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019

AUDIT REPORT

STILWELL, ADAIR COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2022

PEAVINE PUBLIC SCHOOL, C019
ADAIR COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
Peavine School District No. C019
Stilwell, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Peavine School District No. C019 (the District), Adair County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" section of my report, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the revenues it received and expenditures it paid and encumbered for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note I.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" section of my report, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of my report. I am required to be independent of the District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my adverse and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note I, the financial statements referred to above do not include the General Fixed Asset Account Group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note I to the financial statements, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note I and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note I, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and schedule of federal awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements-regulatory basis. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements-regulatory basis and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, except for the financial statements being prepared in compliance with the regulatory basis as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as discussed in Note I, the combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and the schedule of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards,* I have also issued my report dated March 9, 2023, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Regards,

Michael Green, CPA
March 9, 2023

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C019
COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE
ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS-REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Group	
	General Fund	Special Revenue	Trust and Agency	General Long-Term Debt	Total (Memorandum Only)
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	$ 287,885.52	$ 66,225.07	$ 25,326.73	$ -	$ 379,437.32
Investments	-	-	-	-	-
Amount to be provided for capitalized lease agreements	-	-	-	13,727.75	13,727.75
Amounts available in debt service fund	-	-	-	-	-
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	$ 287,885.52	$ 66,225.07	$ 25,326.73	$ 13,727.75	$ 393,165.07
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Outstanding warrants	$ 87,672.73	$ 6,613.71	$ -	$ -	$ 94,286.44
Encumbrances	16,917.21	-	-	-	16,917.21
Long-term debt					
Bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-
Interest payable	-	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	-	-	-	13,727.75	13,727.75
Due to student activities	-	-	25,326.73	-	25,326.73
Total liabilities	104,589.94	6,613.71	25,326.73	13,727.75	150,258.13
Fund equity:					
Unreserved:					
Designated for capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Designated for debt service	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	183,295.58	59,611.36	-	-	242,906.94
Total fund balances	183,295.58	59,611.36	-		242,906.94
Total liabilities and fund equity	$ 287,885.52	$ 66,225.07	$ 25,326.73	$ 13,727.75	$ 393,165.07

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C019
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types	
	General Fund	Special Revenue	Trust and Agency	Total (Memorandum only)
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	$ 182,816.89	$ 20,293.27	$ 35,191.80	$ 238,301.96
Intermediate sources	12,991.79	-	-	12,991.79
State sources	733,483.39	-	-	733,483.39
Federal sources	679,425.66	49,400.00	-	728,825.66
Total revenues collected	1,608,717.73	69,693.27	35,191.80	1,713,602.80
Expenditures paid:				
Instruction	825,564.82	-	35,700.41	861,265.23
Support Services	590,810.32	14,690.11	-	605,500.43
Non-Instructional services	118,893.23	-	-	118,893.23
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Other outlays	-	24,700.00	-	24,700.00
Debt services:	-			-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures paid	1,535,268.37	39,390.11	35,700.41	1,610,358.89
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	73,449.36	30,303.16	(508.61)	103,243.91
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond sale proceeds	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in & estopped warrants	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	73,449.36	30,303.16	(508.61)	103,243.91
Fund balances, beginning of year	109,846.22	29,308.20	25,835.34	164,989.76
Fund balances, end of year	$ 183,295.58	$ 59,611.36	$ 25,326.73	$ 268,233.67

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C019
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund			Special Revenue Funds (Building only)		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	$ 146,887.51	$ 146,887.51	$ 182,816.89	$ 17,694.55	$ 17,694.55	$ 20,293.27
Intermediate sources	11,967.41	11,967.41	12,991.79	-	-	-
State sources	686,511.98	686,511.98	733,483.39	-	-	-
Federal sources	891,277.80	891,277.80	679,425.66	-	-	49,400.00
Supplemental revenue adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues collected	1,736,644.70	1,736,644.70	1,608,717.73	17,694.55	17,694.55	69,693.27
Expenditures paid:						
Instruction	1,846,490.92	1,846,490.92	825,564.82	-	-	-
Support services		-	590,810.32	47,002.75	47,002.75	14,690.11
Non-instructional services	-	-	118,893.23	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other outlays	-	-	-	-	-	24,700.00
Total expenditures paid	1,846,490.92	1,846,490.92	1,535,268.37	47,002.75	47,002.75	39,390.11
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(109,846.22)	(109,846.22)	73,449.36	(29,308.20)	(29,308.20)	30,303.16
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in & estopped warr.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(109,846.22)	(109,846.22)	73,449.36	(29,308.20)	(29,308.20)	30,303.16
Fund balances, beginning of year	109,846.22	109,846.22	109,846.22	29,308.20	29,308.20	29,308.20
Fund balances, end of year	$ -	$ -	$ 183,295.58	$ -	$ -	$ 59,611.36

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT No. C019
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Peavine Public School District No. C019 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Local Independent School District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the district, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic -- but not the only --criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

Special Revenue Fund - The first special revenue fund is the District's Building Fund. The Building fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is the District's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal,
interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is the District's Bond Fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Any proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District does not have any proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Agency Fund - The Agency fund is the School Activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fund-raising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account groups

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for liabilities for compensated absences and early retirement incentives which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

General Fixed Asset Account Group - This account group is used to account for property, plant and equipment of the school district. The district does not maintain a record of its general fixed assets, and accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the financial statements. Land, buildings, nonstructural improvements, and all other physical assets in all funds are considered expenditures in the year of acquisition and are not recorded as assets for financial statement purposes.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.* This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

a. Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.

b. Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
c. Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
d. Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
e. Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
f. Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure when paid and not recorded as a liability.
g. A General Fixed Asset Account Group is required or expected by the Department of Education and is presented in such an account group but is not depreciated.
h. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is not required to be present.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the Statutory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability s incurred, Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (Building Fund and Child Nutrition Fund) and the Debt Service Fund, that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2021-22 Estimate of Needs was approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk. The Estimate of Needs was approved by the excise board and the requested levies were made.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting -- under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund -- is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Appropriations not used or encumbered lapse at the end of the year.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies with maturities greater than three months when purchased. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

Inventories – Purchases for inventory items are considered expenditures when the items are encumbered.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

Compensated Absences – Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources has not been reported as an expenditure or a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it since the combined financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. Vested accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits have not been reported in the general long-term debt account group since the combined financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Fund Balance - Fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, and outstanding warrants.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form,* such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned,* as appropriate.

- **Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- **Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District.

• **Assigned** fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund* that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

• **Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

Property Tax Revenues and Other Local Revenues - The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the roll for submission to the County Treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes deemed collectable. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rental, disposals, commissions, and reimbursements.

Intermediate Revenues -Revenue from intermediate source is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

State Revenues - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

Federal Revenues - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Non-Monetary Transactions — The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal wards; however, they have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

Interfund Transactions - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during fiscal year 2022.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. As of the current fiscal year end, the District’s bank balance was $379,437.32. This balance was covered by FDIC and collateral pledged by the bank.

Therefore, the District’s cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2022, were not exposed to Custodial Credit Risk, Investment Credit Risk, Investment Interest Rate Risk, or Concentration of Investment Credit Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

There were no interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022

4. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. General long-term debt of the District consists of capital leases.

The District has entered into lease agreements which qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term, as follows:

Lessor:	Armstrong Bank
Equipment:	Lights
Date of Lease:	4/1/2019
Term of Lease:	6 Years
Interest rate:	4.39%
Purchase Option:	Unpaid Balance
Annual renewal:	Yes

The District has entered into a lease agreement with Armstrong Bank, as lessee for financing the acquisition of a LED lighting system for the school buildings. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains the clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

Changes in the capital lease obligations are show as follows:

	Capital Lease Obligation
Balance at July 1, 2021	$ 18,280
Additions	-
Retirements	(4,552)
Balance at June 30, 2022	$ 13,728

The annual commitment of the above lease obligation is as follows:

2023		5,345
2024		5,345
2025		4,009
2026		-
2027		-
Total minimum lease payments		14,698
Less interest amount		(970)
Net lease obligations	$	13,728

5. Other Post Employment Benefits

The District does not offer any early retirement incentive plans.

6. Employee Retirement System

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under the system, contributions are made by the District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees.

Participation is required for all teachers and other certified employees and is optional for all other regular employees of public educational institutions who work at least 20 hours per week. A participant's date of membership is the date the first contribution is made to the System. The System is administered by a Board of Trustees which acts as a fiduciary for investing the funds and governing the administration of the System. The District has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the System nor has it any liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with five years of creditable service may retire with a normal retirement allowance at the age of sixty-two or with reduced benefits as early as age fifty-five. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries, if certain options are exercised, equals two percent of the average of the highest three earning years on contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service. A participant leaving employment before attaining retirement age, but completing ten years of service, may elect to vest his accumulated contributions and defer receipt of a retirement annuity until a later date.

When a participant dies in active service and has completed ten years of credited service, the beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit of $18,000.00 and the participant's contributions plus interest. If the beneficiary is a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse may, in lieu of the death benefit, elect to receive, subject to the surviving spousal options, the participant's retirement benefits accrued at the time of death.

The contribution rates for the District, which are not actuarially determined, and its employees are established by law. The District is required by statute to contribute 9.5% of applicable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher’s Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The required contribution for

participating members is 7%.

The District's contributions to the System for the years ending

June 30, 2022	$ 85,405
June 30, 2021	$ 69,978
June 30, 2020	$ 79,471

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System.

The system issues an independent financial report, financial statements, and required supplementary information that may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

7. Contingencies and Other Commitments

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

8. Risk Management

The District purchases commercial insurance policies covering property casualty loss, public liability, school board member and administrator liability, and workers compensation. The District also purchases surety bonds for employees in all positions required by state law to be bonded. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with professional standards, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years, it is returned to them with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program, the District is required to contribute 1.6% of their taxable payroll for unemployment. The funds for each District are kept separate. The money contributed by each District does not earn interest and is fully insured. If the district has claims in excess of the amount of their account, they would be liable for the excess.

9. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Leave Benefits, and Health Care Coverage

The District provides sick leave benefits to the certified staff in accordance with Title 70, Article 6-104, of the Oklahoma Statutes, which provides for an annual accrual of sick leave of ten days and personal business days accrual of three days. Ten days are allowed to accumulate up to a total of sixty days per employee. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death.

10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 9, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Building Fund	Total
ASSETS		
Cash	$ 66,225.07	$ 66,225.07
Investments	-	-
Total assets	$ 66,225.07	$ 66,225.07
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Outstanding warrants	$ 6,613.71	$ 6,613.71
Encumbrances	-	-
Total liabilities	6,613.71	6,613.71
Fund balances:	59,611.36	59,611.36
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 66,225.07	$ 66,225.07

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES,
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Building Fund	Total
Revenues Collected:		
District sources	$ 20,293.27	$ 20,293.27
Intermediate sources	-	-
State sources	-	-
Federal sources	49,400.00	49,400.00
Total revenues collected	69,693.27	69,693.27
Expenditures paid:		
Instruction	-	-
Support services	14,690.11	14,690.11
Non-instruction services	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-
Other outlays	24,700.00	24,700.00
Total expenditures paid	39,390.11	39,390.11
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	30,303.16	30,303.16
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-
Other financing sources (uses)		
Operating transfers in & estopped warr.	-	-
Operating transfer out	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other uses	30,303.16	30,303.16
Fund balances, beginning of year	29,308.00	29,308.00
Fund balances, end of year	$ 59,611.16	$ 59,611.16

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (BUILDING ONLY)-REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Building Fund		
	Orig budget	Final budget	Actual
Revenues collected:			
Local sources	$ 17,694.55	$ 17,694.55	$ 20,293.27
Intermediate sources	-	-	-
State sources	-	-	-
Federal sources	-	-	49,400.00
Supplemental Revenue adjustments	-	-	-
Total revenues collected	17,694.55	17,694.55	69,693.27
Expenditures paid:			
Instruction	-	-	-
Support services	47,002.75	47,002.75	14,690.11
Non-instruction services	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Other outlays	-	-	24,700.00
Total expenditures paid	47,002.75	47,002.75	39,390.11
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(29,308.20)	(29,308.20)	30,303.16
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers in & estopped warr	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other resources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(29,308.20)	(29,308.20)	30,303.16
Fund balances, beginning of year	29,308.20	29,308.20	29,308.00
Fund balances, end of year	$ -	$ -	$ 59,611.16

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT CO19
STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES
FIDUCIARY FUNDS-REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Agency Fund Activity Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	$ 25,326.73
Investments	-
Due from other funds	-
Total assets	$ 25,326.73
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Due to student, parent and booster	$ -
activities	25,326.73
Due to administrative activities	-
Total liabilities	25,326.73
Fund balance:	
Reserved	-
Unreserved/undesignated	-
Total fund balance	-
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 25,326.73

The accompanying notes and auditors report are an integral part of this statement.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2022

ACTIVITIES	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
				$ -
ATHLETICS	9,638.86	1,052.75	2,022.97	8,668.64
GENERAL	694.25	18.38	77.32	635.31
GIFTS AND FLOWERS	161.41	137.00	226.00	72.41
CHRISTMAS FUND	12,746.39	28,373.30	27,559.22	13,560.47
PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT	-	-	-	-
8TH GRADE	0.39	3,716.96	3,667.31	50.04
CHEERLEADERS	569.32	-	-	569.32
LIBRARY/BOOK FAIR	87.92	1,893.41	1,891.77	89.56
4-H	138.70	-	32.93	105.77
PETTY CASH	200.00	-	-	200.00
INDIAN HERITAGE CLUB	900.17	-	222.89	677.28
3RD GRADE	4.47	-	-	4.47
STEM GRANT	182.44	-	-	182.44
SWEET N LOW GRANT	500.00	-	-	500.00
DOLLAR GENERAL LITERACY GRANT	11.02	-	-	11.02
				-
TOTAL ACTIVITY	$ 25,835.34	$ 35,191.80	$ 35,700.41	$ 25,326.73
ASSETS				
Cash	25,835.34	35,191.80	35,700.41	25,326.73
LIABILITIES				
Due to student, parent and booster activities	25,835.34	35,191.80	35,700.41	25,326.73

The accompanying notes and auditors report are and integral part of this statement

MICHAEL W. GREEN
Certified Public Accountant

827 W. Locust Street
STILWELL, OK. 74960
(918) 696-6298

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education
Peavine School District No. CO-19
Stilwell, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Peavine School District No.CO-19 (the School), Oklahoma as listed in the Table of Contents, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 9, 2023, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, my report was qualified for the omission of general fixed asset account groups with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during my audit, I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the school's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regards,

Michael Green, CPA
March 9, 2023

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT C019
SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS
JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

Program	Federal CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Grant Award	Federal Grant Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct Programs:					
Title VII Impact Aid	84.041	591, 592	$ 111,444	$ 121,368	$ 121,368
Subpart 1, Small, Rural School	84.358A	588	3,022	3,030	3,030
Indian Ed	84.060	561	13,603	13,639	13,639
Subtotal of direct programs					138,037
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:					
Title I	84.010	511,515	80,863	74,222	74,222
Cares Act ESSR I	84.425D	788	15,827	15,688	16,520
CRRSA ESSER II - FORMULA FUND PROJECT	84.425D	793	32,944	32,882	32,882
ARP ESSER III	84.425U	795	404,096	164,958	165,222
IDEA- B Preschool	84.173	641	1,381	1,381	1,381
Title IV A STDNT SPPRT & ACDMC ENRCHMNT	84.424A	552	612	312	312
Title IV Pt. B Learning Centers (Title IVB FPO)	84.287	553	147,441	118,144	126,197
Title V, -Sub Pt 2 (SDE)(TitleVRLIS)	84.358B	587	3,214	1,827	2,181
Special Education Cluster:					
Flow Through	84.027	621	34,350	28,479	39,649
ARP-IDEA B Flow	84.027X	628	5,037	-	884
ARP-IDEA B Preschool	84.027X	643	339	-	339
Total Special Education Cluster					40,872
Total U.S. Department of Education					597,826
Passed Through the Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma					
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	2,737	2,436	2,436
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
School Breakfast Program-Cash Assistance	10.553	764	25,264	25,526	25,526
National School Lunch Program:					
Child Nutrition-Commodity Supply Chain Assis	10.555	759	6,763	596	596
Emergency Reimb-SBP & NSLP	10.555	762	11,512	917	917
Cash Assistance	10.555	763	43,916	44,422	44,422
Non-cash Assistance: Commodities	10.555		-	-	9,109
Child Nutrition Cluster Sub Total					80,570
Total Federal Assistance Expenditures					$ 680,832

Note A: Food Distribution Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.
Note B: This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements, except for the nonmonetary assistance noted in Note A.

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. CO-19, ADAIR COUNTY
Summary of Prior year Findings
For the year ended June 30, 2022

21-01 Federal Program Coding

Condition: Several of the federal programs the District participated in had discrepancies between the amount of expenditures reported to the Oklahoma State Department of Education and the actual amount claimed and reimbursed by the program.

Recommendation: That a year-end reconciliation of federal revenues to federal expenditures be done to ensure proper reporting of federal programs to the Oklahoma State Department of Education. In addition, if possible, we recommend the District correct the above discrepancies and resubmit its data for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

Current Status: Condition has been resolved

SCHEDULE OF
ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT
JULY 1, 2021to JUNE 30, 2022

State of Oklahoma)
)ss
County of Adair)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Peavine Public School for the audit year 2021-2022.

Michael Green, CPA
Auditing Firm

by _____
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March 2023

Shalynn Lowery
NOTARY PUBLIC (or CLERK or JUDGE)

SHALYNN LOWERY
NOTARY PUBLIC
#20002489
Exp. 02-28-24
IN AND FOR
STATE OF OKLAHOMA
ADAIR COUNTY

My Commission Expires: 02/28/00024

PEAVINE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO C-19
SCHEDULE OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY, AND HONESTY BONDS
JUNE 30, 2022

Position	Bonded By	Policy Number		Amount
Treasurer	Western Surety Co.	71295886	7/1/21-7/1/-22	$ 100,000.00
Encumbrance Clerk	Western Surety Co.	71622874	na	100,000.00
Minute Clerk	Western Surety Co.	15534815	9/15/21-9/15/22	5,000.00
Superintendent	Western Surety Co.	71801692	7/1/21-7/1/22	100,000.00
Activity/Lunch Fund Custodian	Western Surety Co.	71801688	7/1/21-7/1/22	100,000.00
Activity Fund Custodian	Western Surety Co.	71622877	na	5,000.00
Assistant Minutes Clerk	RLI Insurance Co.	LSM0247053	12/8/21-12/8/22	5,000.00
Activity Fund Custodian	RLI Insurance Co.	LSM0247051	12/8/21-12/8/22	5,000.00