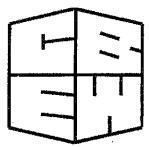
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

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# **CBEW Professional Group, LLP**

Certified Public Accountants P.O. Box 790 Cushing, OK 74023 918-225-4216 FAX 918-225-4315

Charles E. Crooks, Jr., CPA - Trisha J. Rieman, CPA - Gabrielle Conchola, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 27, 2024

Honorable Board of City Commissioners City of Barnsdall Barnsdall, Oklahoma

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma, (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Other Matters

### Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The combining statements – modified cash basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards – modified cash basis is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – modified cash basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards – modified cash basis is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

City of Barnsdall September 27, 2024

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants

### CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2024

		P	rima	ry Governme	nt	
		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets:	********	***************************************				
Cash and investments:						
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 3A)	\$	2,528,653	\$	157,154	\$	2,685,807
Due to/from others		••		-		
Restricted assets:						
Cash, insurance deposit		6,108		-		6,108
Capital assets:						
Land		~		20,000		20,000
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and		4				
infrastructure, net of depreciation (Notes 1 & 3)		156,395	***************************************	2,919,572		3,075,967
Total assets	\$	2,691,156	\$	3,096,726	\$	5,787,882
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Meter deposits		<del>-</del>		44,370		44,370
Capital leases payable (Note 2)		10,428		-		10,428
Notes payable (Notes 2)		<b>**</b>		114,028		114,028
Non-current liabilities:				·		,
Capital leases payable (Note 2)		2,503		-		2,503
Notes payable (Note 2)		ы. -	<u></u>	158,508	-	158,508
Total liabilities		12,931	mingang namagang Mangabatan	316,906		329,837
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		143,464		2,667,036		2,810,500
Restricted		2,707,806		2,007,030		2,707,806
Unrestricted		(173,045)		112,784		(60,261)
Total vat manifica					<del></del>	
Total net position	\$	2,678,225	<u>\$</u>	2,779,820	\$	5,458,045

# CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Program Revenues** Operating Capital Net Charges for Grants and Grants and (Expense)/ Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions **Expenses** Revenue Governmental activities: General government: General government 74,691 100,973 693,382 719,664 Total general government 74,691 100,973 693,382 719,664 Public safety and judiciary: City attorney 3,936 (3,936)Ambulance 74,063 (74,063)Fire 11,054 9,994 (1,060)12,320 Municipal court 2,171 14,491 Police 165,435 16,095 (149,340)Total public safety and judiciary 256,659 30,586 9,994 (216,079)Transportation: 76,992 Streets (76.992)Total transportation 76,992 --(76,992)Cultural, parks and recreation: Cemetery 130,814 21,170 (109,644)8,973 Library 30,902 (21,929)161,716 21,170 Total cultural, parks and recreation 8,973 (131,573)Unallocated depreciation\* 26,684 (26.684)Total governmental activities 152,729 712,349 596,742 268,336 **Business-type activities** Water service 491,239 473,994 (17,245)Sewer service 26,470 158,050 131,580 132,595 Sanitation service 102,179 30,416 Financing costs 11,697 (11,697)(103,278)Unallocated depreciation\* 103,278 Total business-type activities 734,863 764,639 29,776 712,349 \$ Total 1,331,605 917,368 298,112

<sup>\* -</sup> This amount does not include the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

### CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue

	and s	Juanges in Net Po	osition
	Governmental	Business-Type	9
	Activities	Activities	Total
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ 268,336	\$ 29,776	\$ 298,112
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Sales and use taxes	361,367	-	361,367
Franchise taxes	44,706	-	44,706
Cigarrette taxes	1,777		1,777
Intergovernmental	89,686		89,686
Interest earnings	28,685	1,593	
Sale of surplus	-		-
Miscellaneous	20,771	-	20,771
Transfers	(796,368)	796,368	
Total general revenues and transfers	(249,376)	797,961	548,585
Change in net position	18,960	827,737	846,697
Net position - beginning of year	2,659,265	1,952,083	4,611,348
Net position - end of year	\$ 2,678,225	\$ 2,779,820	\$ 5,458,045

# CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

					Sap	Capital Projects			- 4	Special Revenue		Office		Total
	U	General	T du	Capital Improvement		Grant Fund		Osage Nation	"	Street & Alley	Gov	Governmental	00	Covernmental
Assets:		Fund						Fund	Z	(Non-major)		Funds		Funds
Cash and investments:  Cash & cash equivalents	€9-	27,482	<del>69</del>	44,307	₩	99,532	69	1,944,699	↔	200,527	6/3	212,106	69	2,528,653
Restricted assers. Cash, insurance deposit		6,108		ı		1		1		,		a		6,108
Total assets	es.	33,590	69	44,307	ø	99,532	κĐ	1,944,699	es l	200,527	69	212,106	69	2,534,761
Liabilities: Due to others	₩	£	₩	1	€>	1	₩	-	<del>co</del>		↔	l	€	h ;
Total liabilities	1	-		•		ı		1		1		1		,
Fund balances: Restricted for: Other purposes		ı		i		ı		t		200,527		212,106		412,633
Assigned to: Capital projects Unassigned		27,482		44,307		99,532	1	1,944,699		1 1		1 1		2,088,538 27,482
Total fund balances		33,590		44,307		99,532		1,944,699		200,527		212,106		2,534,761
Total liabilities and fund balances	S	33,590	₩	44,307	43	99,532	ક્ક	1,944,699	κ <del>ν</del>	200,527	မှာ	212,106	<del>67</del>	2,534,761

### CITY OF BARNSDALL

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2024

### Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 2,534,761

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:

Capital leases (12,931)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Machinery and equipment \$ 217,629
Accumulated Depreciation \$ (61,234)
Total

Not resident of accommendational state as

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 2,678,225

156,395

CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Capital Projects	ects		w č	Special Revenue	Ç.		Total
	General	1	Capital	Grant		Osage	0	Street &	Governmental		Governmental
	Fund		(mprovement	Fund		Nation		Alley			
Revenies:						Fund	S S	(Non-major)	Funds		Funds
Sales and use taxes	\$ 288,784	784	, <del>Уэ</del>	¢3	<del>(A</del> )	\$	G	72.584	49	6/9	361.368
Alcoholic beverage tax	90	60,421	•			,		•	1	٠	60,421
Cigarrette tax	<u>,</u>	1,777	•			•		•			1,777
Gasoline excise tax			,			1		1,793	1		1,793
Commercial vehicle tax		1	1			ı		7,472	•		7,472
Charges for services			99,498			•		•	•		99,498
Donations			•			,		•	144,432		144,432
Franchise tax	44	44,706	,			1		r	, ,		44,706
Grants		,	29,994	548,950	20	ı		,	8,973		587,917
Licenses and permits	+	1,475	•			•		1	r		1,475
Miscellaneous	17,	7,288	3,483			,		1	16,095		36,866
Court fines	14,	14,491	1			3		1	r		14,491
interest		340	437			25,018		1,762	1,127		28,684
Sale of surplus	ļ		•			1		1			1 .
Cemetery lot sales	17,684	188	1		1			-	3,486		21,170
Total revenues	446,	ا اچ	133,412	548,950	 	25,018		83,611	174,113		1,412,070
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	53,	53,255	21,436			ŧ		ı	•		74,691
Highways and roads	47,	47,753	•			t		29,240	,		76,993
Public safety	164,377	377	80,835			1		ı	10,845		256,057
Cultural and recreation	149,347	347	1			1		ı	12,368		161,715
Capital outlay			1			i		80,200	,		80,200
Debt service:											
Principal	13,	13,432	1			1		ı	•		13,432
Interest		602	,					,			602
Total expenditures	428,766	ا او	102,271		1	1		109,440	23,213		963,690
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	18,200	90	31,141	548,950	20	25,018		(25,829)	150,900		748,380
Other financing uses:			•	·		ı		٠	1		f
Operating transfers in (out)			(32,801)	(449,500)	(S)	(315,767)		1,700			(796,368)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures & transfers	18,200	00	(1,660)	99,450	20	(290,749)		(24,129)	150,900		(47,988)
Fund balance - beginning of year	15,390	063	45,967		82	2,235,448		224,656	61,206		2,582,749
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 33,590		\$ 44,307	\$ 99,532	32	1,944,699	₩.	200,527	\$ 212,106	¢3	2,534,761
•		н			 			41			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

### CITY OF BARNSDALL

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

### MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (47,988)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report lease payments as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the principal paid on that liability is applied against the liability. This is the amount of principal	
recorded in the current period. (Note 3)	13,432
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of	
capital assets recorded in the current period.	80,200
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources.	
Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	(26,684)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 18,960

### CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2024

### **Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds**

	( Pu	Barnsdall Oklahoma Iblic Works Authority		Totals
Assets:	***********	T, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Part	
Cash and investments:				
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	157,154	\$	157,154
Due from others		· •	·	-
Capital assets:				
Land		20,000		20,000
Depreciable buildings, property,		·		,
equipment and infrastructure, net				
of depreciation (Notes 1 & 3)		2,919,572		2,919,572
		month magination	PROPERTY.	
Total assets	\$\$	3,096,726	\$	3,096,726
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Meter deposits	\$	44,370	\$	44,370
Notes payable (Notes 2)	*	114,028	•	114,028
Non-current liabilities:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		111,020
Notes payable (Notes 2)		158,508	***************************************	158,508
Total liabilities	No of Green Inc.	316,906		316,906
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		2,667,036		2,667,036
Restricted		_,007,000		۵,001,000
Unrestricted		112,784		112,784
	1 <del></del>	11-31-71	<del></del>	1161104
Total net position	\$	2,779,820	\$	2,779,820

# CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

### **Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds**

Marramana	O Pub	arnsdall klahoma blic Works uthority	W Halaman Agents	Totals
Revenues: Water revenue Sewer revenue Sanitation revenue Miscellaneous revenue	\$	473,994 158,050 132,595	\$	473,994 158,050 132,595
Total revenues	*********	764,639	-	764,639
Operating expense:  Water service Sewer service Electric service Sanitation service Economic development Depreciation	<b>O</b> NT-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO-TO	491,239 26,470 - 102,179 - 103,278	THE STATE OF THE S	491,239 26,470  102,179  103,278
Total operating expenses	<del></del>	723,166	all the complete section (see	723,166
Income before non-operating revenues, expenses & transfers	Nakh-virjus billiri spi atjan	41,473	وبروادسور	41,473
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue Grant revenue Interest expense	810000 state (	1,593 - (11,697)	,	1,593 - (11,697)
Total	<del>*************************************</del>	(10,104)		(10,104)
Income (loss) before operating transfers		31,369	<del></del>	31,369
Transfers in (out)		796,368	-	796,368
Change in net position		827,737		827,737
Net position at beginning of year		1,952,083		1,952,083
Net position at end of year	\$	2,779,820	\$	2,779,820

### CITY OF BARNSDALL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

### **Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds**

	Barnsdall Oklahoma Public Works Authority	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from customers & service users		
Cash received from customers & service users  Cash payments for goods & services & employees	\$ 764,639	\$ 764,639
Other operating revenues	(619,888)	(619,888)
Net cash provided by operating activities	144,751	144,751
		177,101
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Operating transfers out to other funds	(700)	(700)
Operating transfers in from other funds	797,068	797,068
Grant revenues	-	· -
Change in meter deposits	(4,615)	(4,615)
Change in due to/from accounts	4	
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital		
financing activities	791,753	791,753
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(707.000)	(200
Proceeds from new debt	(797,068)	(797,068)
Principal paid on debt	(400 E07)	(400 505)
Interest paid on debt	(109,587)	(109,587)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and	(11,697)	(11,697)
related financing activities	(918,352)	(918,352)
	(010,002)	(910,332)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
(Purchase) liquidation of investments - restricted	_	-
Interest on investments	1,593	1,593
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,593	1,593
Net increase (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	19,745	19,745
Canle and and and another transfer to the		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	137,409	137,409
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 157,154	\$ 157,154
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income	<b>*</b> 44.470	
Operating income	\$ 41,473	\$ 41,473
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	103,278	103,278
Change in assets and liabilities:	, and section 1, 20,	100,210
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-
Total adjustments	103,278	103,278
	***************************************	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 144,751	\$ 144,751

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma (the City) accounting policies and financial statement presentation conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles and are recommended by the Government Financial Officers Association (GFQA) small government annual financial report model. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received by not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities, including pension liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted by GASB, the government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental funds would utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the proprietary funds would utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

The more significant accounting policies established in the modified cash basis of accounting and used by the City as well as a further description of departures from governmental GAAP are discussed below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma was organized under the statutes of the State of Oklahoma. The City operates under a council form of government and is governed by a five-member city council. These financial statements present the activities of the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety (fire and police), streets, public works (water, sewer, and refuse), judicial, health and social services, culture, parks and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning for the geographical area organized as the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma.

### **Blended Component Units:**

The Barnsdall Oklahoma Public Works Authority (BOPWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated February 6, 1979 to finance, operate, construct and administer any public works, improvements or facilities for the benefit of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma. The public works systems owned by the City have been leased to the Trust. The BOPWA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes 1991, Section 176, et seq., and is governed by a board consisting of five trustees identical with the City Council. The BOPWA is exempt from State and Federal income taxes. The BOPWA is reported as an enterprise fund and includes water, sewage and sanitation services.

The Barnsdall Industrial Development Authority (BIDA) was created August 26, 1974, for the benefit of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma. BIDA was created to promote the development of industry and to provide additional employment in the Barnsdall, Oklahoma, area. The BIDA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes 1991, Section 176, et seq., and is governed by a board consisting of five trustees appointed by the City Council. BIDA is exempt from State and Federal Income taxes. There are currently no assets or liabilities of the BIDA and there were no activities during the year. The City of Barnsdall, as beneficiary, has elected to preserve the legal structure of this Authority for a potential future use.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are normally prepared using the accrual basis of accounting but the City of Barnsdall's presentation is on a modified cash basis.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities at year-end on a modified cash basis. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on program revenues are presented as general revenues of the city, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

**Fund Financial Statements** — During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting** – The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – are used to account for the government's general government activities. The City presents its governmental activities on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP requires that governmental fund types would use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under that basis of accounting, revenues would be recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. GAAP provides that all revenues are available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. For GAAP, expenditures would be recorded when the fund liability is incurred with certain exceptions (general long-term debt and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments). The City records governmental fund expenditures as they are paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes (franchise taxes, licenses, etc.) become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – is the main operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Street & Alley Fund</u> – is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenue and expenditures related to the street & alley, including sales tax earmarked for street purposes. Non-major fund elected to be shown as major.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – is a capital project fund that accounts for and reports resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those activities financed by proprietary activities or held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Grant Fund</u> – is a capital project fund that accounts for and reports specific grant revenues and expenditures. Non-major fund elected to be shown as major.

Osage Nation Grant Fund – is a capital project fund that accounts for and reports specific grant revenues and expenditures.

Other governmental funds of the City that are considered non-major funds include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (not including major capital projects). The following are the City's Special Revenue Funds: Cemetery Care Fund, Police Fund, Tornado Disaster Fund and Library Fund.

**Proprietary Funds** – Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. For GAAP purposes these funds are generally accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. In the City's modified cash basis financial statements revenues are recorded when received and expenditures are recorded when paid with the exception of payroll taxes withheld, other withholdings, and accrued compensated absences which the City records as a modification to the cash basis of accounting. The accrual amounts are not material to the financial statement presentation.

Enterprise Funds — are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for capital maintenance, public policy or management accountability. The Barnsdall Oklahoma Public Works Authority is accounted for as an enterprise fund.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Barnsdall Oklahoma Public Works Authority</u> – accounts for the operations of providing public works (water, sewage and sanitation) to the City.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds – account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. The City does not have an agency fund at this time.

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

Oklahoma statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the City can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless law expressly prohibits such an investment.

For financial statement presentation and for purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity date of three months or less. Debt instruments with a maturity date of more than three months are considered to be investments. Investments are stated at cost.

### 2. Restricted Cash and Investments

The restricted cash and investments are the result of customer deposits and other reserves for Special Revenue funds.

### 3. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The City's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The City's estimates of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying financial statements; however, accounts receivable and accounts payable are not reflected in the financial statements due to modified cash basis presentation.

### 4. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 5. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from other/due to other funds".

### 6. Inventories

Inventories in both governmental funds and proprietary funds normally consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of such inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

### 7. Capital Assets and Infrastructure

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are not reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

Governmental assets and proprietary capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, curbs and gutter, streets and sidewalks, drainage system, lighting systems and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the City. Such infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 2003 are capitalized in accordance with the requirements of GASB 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method with estimated useful lives as follows:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings & Improvements	40 - 100 years	20 - 40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 40 years	10 - 40 years
Vehicles	5 - 40 years	5 - 40 years
Utility systems		40 years
Transmission and distribution		40 years

### 8. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, liabilities related to accrued compensated absences are not recorded in the financial statements. Expenditures/expenses related to compensated absences are recorded when paid.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

### 9. Long-term Obligations

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Therefore, long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

### 10. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statement, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on its use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, assigned or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amount that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The City Ordinance is the highest level of decision-making authority of the City.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

### 10. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

### 11. Resource Use Policy

It is in the City's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the City's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers committed amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

### 2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

### A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2024, the City held deposits of approximately \$2,685,807 at financial institutions. The City's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

### Section1.

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

### A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).
- Section 2. Trust authority funds may be invested in mutual funds whose portfolio is invested in taxexempt securities, governmental securities, and high-grade government bonds.
- Section 3. Investments shall be made with judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of the principal as well as the probable income to be derived.

The investments held at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Weighted Avg				
<b>76</b> 5	Maturity	Credit		larket	_
Туре	(Months)	Rating	\	/alue	 Cost
Investments					
Certificate of deposit	3.00	N/A		66,675	66,675
Total investments			\$	66,675	\$ 66,675
	Reconciliation	to Statemer	t of Net	Position	
	Governmental	activities	\$	36,675	
	Business-type	activities		30,000	
			\$	66,675	

### Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City has the following of credit risk: 100% in Certificates of deposit (\$66,675).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

### B. Capital Assets

Primary Government capital asset activity for the year ended is as follows:

Governmental-Type Activities: Non-depreciable assets:		Balance 6/30/23		Additions		Disposals	honda	Balance 6/30/24
Land	\$	5,000 \$	;	_	\$	_	\$	5,000
Total non-depreciable assets	`-	5,000		-		***************************************	Y	5,000
Depreciable assets:					_		Percent	
Machinery & Equipment	\$	132,429 \$	,	90.300	ď		<b>ሙ</b>	040.000
Total depreciable assets	Ψ	132,429 p	·	80,200 80,200	.₽_	<b>.</b>	Ф	212,629
Total deproductio desorts	-	102,723	HEARIN	80,200		_		212,629
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Machinery & Equipment		(34,550)		(26,684)		-		(61,234)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(34,550)		(26,684)	-	-	_	(61,234)
				······································				
Net depreciable assets		97,879		53,516				151,395
Net governmnetal-type activities	\$	102,879 \$	; ===	53,516	\$_		\$	156,395
Business-Type Activities:								
Non-depreciable assets:								
Land	\$	20,000 \$	;	-	\$	~	\$	20,000
Construction in progress	•	1,105,365		618,965	•	1,724,330	+	£0,000
Total non-depreciable assets		1,125,365	~	618,965		1,724,330		20,000
Depreciable assets:								
Machinery & Equipment		6,000				_		6,000
Water system		2,180,669		1,902,434		_		4,083,103
Total depreciable assets	-	2,186,669	Negative	1,902,434	<del></del>			4,089,103
	-tro	HATTI CALL HATTI CONTRACTOR OF			-			
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Water system		(1,066,253)		(103,278)		_		(1,169,531)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,066,253)		(103,278)		*		(1,169,531)
Net depreciable assets	_	1,120,416		1,799,156		**		2,919,572
Net business-type activities	\$_	2,245,781 \$	S	2,418,121	\$	1,724,330	\$	2,939,572

### C. Capitalized Leases

The City has entered into a capitalized lease and meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 840-10, Accounting for Leases, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 2 DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

### C. Capitalized Leases (Continued)

The capital leases are described below.

(1) Lease payable to American Heritage Bank for the lease purchase of a police vehicle. Monthly payments of \$625.61 plus interest at 2.5%.

9,847

(2) Lease payable to American Heritage Bank for the lease purchase of a police vehicle. Monthly payments of \$388.82 plus interest at 3.5%. Paid off in current year.

(3) Lease payable to American Heritage Bank for the lease purchase of a police vehicle. Monthly payments of \$446.68 plus interest.

3,084

Total

12,931

The following is a summary of capitalized lease transactions for the year:

	Balance		Payments	Balance	
	July 1,		and	June 30,	Current
	2023	Additions	Cancellations	2024	Portion
Capital lease obligations	\$ 26,363	Western Strand American Company of the Company of t	\$ 13,432		\$ 10,428

As of June 30, 2024, the annual principal requirements are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	rincipal	terest
2025	\$ 10,428	\$ 203
2026	 2,503	13
Total	\$ 12,931	\$ 216

### E. Long-term Debt

Governmental Activities:

As of June 30, 2024, the governmental activities had no long-term debt.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

### E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

The following is summary of long-term debt of the City's Business-Type activities.

Notes Payable:  1) Note payable to American Heritage Bank, collateralized by the water & sewer revenues, payable in monthly installments of \$6,954.44 plus interest at 4.25%.	\$ 117,971
<ol> <li>Note payable to American Heritage Bank, collateralized by the equipment purchased, payable in monthly installments of \$458.68 plus interest at 4.35%.</li> </ol>	34,974
<ol> <li>Note payable to American Heritage Bank, collateralized by the equipment purchased, payable in monthly installments of \$2,460.96 plus interest at 4.25%.</li> </ol>	96,774
<ol> <li>Note payable to American Heritage Bank, collateralized by the equipment purchased, payable in monthly installments of \$409.75 plus interest at 4.25%.</li> </ol>	22,817
<ol> <li>Note payable to American Heritage Bank, collateralized by the equipment purchased, payable in monthly installments of \$259.34 plus interest at 3.5%. Paid off in the current year.</li> </ol>	-
Total business-type activities long-term debt	\$ 272,536

As of June 30, 2024, the annual principal requirements to retire Business-Type activities long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	F	rincipal	Jr.	nterest
2025	\$	114,028	\$	9,378
2026		73,503		4,878
2027		37,057		2,896
2028		24,820		1,404
2029		9,624		797
2030-2032		13,504		688
Total	\$	272,536	\$	20,041

The changes in Business-Type activities long-term debt are as follows:

	Ju	Balance ly 1, 2023	Add	ditions	Payments	_	3alance e 30, 2024	Current Portion
Notes payable	\$	382,122	\$	_	\$109,586	\$	272,536	\$114,028
Total	\$	382,122	\$	_	\$ 109,586	\$	272,536	\$ 114,028

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

### F. Fund Transfers

The following presents a summary of transfers between funds:

Fund		Transfer To	Transfer From	Fund
Osage Nation Grant	\$	618,935	\$ -	BOPWA
Osage Nation Grant			271,368	Grant Fund
Osage Nation Grant		-	31,801	Capital Improvement
Capital Projects		31,801	-	Osage Nation Grant
Capital Projects		1,000		Street
Streets		-	1,000	Capital Improvement
Streets		<b>-</b> .	700	BOPWA
Grant Fund		271,368		Osage Nation Grant
Grant Fund		178,133		BOPWA
BOPWA		-	618,935	Osage Nation Grant
BOPWA		-	178,133	Grant Fund
BOPWA	P-1000000000000000000000000000000000000	700	_	Street
Total	\$	1,101,937	\$ 1,101,937	<b>=</b>

### 3. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; unemployment; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for protection against loss other than health, life, and workers compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The City is a member of the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage through the State Insurance Fund to participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, the Plan is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the Plan year.

As a member of the Plan, the City is required to pay fees set by the Plan according to an established payment schedule. A Loss Fund has been established from the proceeds of these fees for each participant in the Plan. The State Insurance Fund provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the City's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of that fund. The State Insurance Fund provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the City's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of that fund. However, failure of the State Insurance Fund to honor its obligations could result in losses to the Plan.

In addition to the Loss Fund, the City maintains two additional funds with the Plan. The Rate Stabilization Reserve (RSR), which can be applied against future premium increases and an Escrow Fund made up of past refunds left on deposit with the Plan. Escrow funds earn interest and are readily available for use by the governing board. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the City reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The balances in the RSR Fund and the Escrow Fund were \$0 and \$6,108, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

### 3. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### C. Employee Retirement System and Other Benefit Plans

The City participates in one employee pension system as follows:

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan--Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan

### Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City of Barnsdall, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>.

Benefits provided - FPRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan.

Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per years of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> — The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay or \$60 for volunteer firefighters. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,200 (fiscal year contributions).

The required contribution from the City for these plans was \$1,200, 1,260 and \$1,320 for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The required contribution was fully contributed. At June 30, 2024 the system held no related-party investments of the City or of its related entities.

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

# CITY OF BARNSDALL COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
		Cemetery Care Fund		Police Fund		Tornado Disaster Fund		Library Fund		Total on-Major Sovern- mental Funds
Assets:										
Cash in bank		38,851	_\$	5,283		144,432	\$	23,540	_\$	212,106
Total assets	\$	38,851	\$	5,283	\$	144,432	\$	23,540	\$	212,106
Liabilities:										
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	<b>-</b> ,	\$	•••	\$	_	\$	-
Total liabilities		+		-			,	44		<del>*************************************</del>
Fund balances:										
Reserved		38,851		5,283		144,432		23,540		212,106
Unreserved		#		-		- -		· <b></b>		_
Total fund balances	Manadakka	38,851		5,283	**********	144,432		23,540		212,106
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	38,851	\$	5,283	\$	144,432	\$	23,540	\$	212,106

# CITY OF BARNSDALL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Danage	Cemetery Care Fund	Tornado Police Disaster Fund Fund		Library Fund	Total Non-Major Govern- mental Funds
Revenues: Grants	\$ -	ф	•	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Donations	Φ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,973	\$ 8,973
Miscellaneous	-	46 005	144,432	-	144,432
Cemetery lot sales	3,486	16,095	-	-	16,095
Interest	3,460 850	22	-	-	3,486
meresi	000	33		244	1,127
Total revenues	4,336	16,128	144,432	9,217	174,113
Expenditures:		•			
General Government	PM .	_	_	_	
Highways and roads	<b></b>	-		-	•
Public safety		10,845	_	_	10,845
Parks and recreation	2,978	-	_	9,390	12,368
Capital outaly		_	_	-	12,500
Total expenditures	2,978	10,845	***	9,390	23,213
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,358	5,283	144,432	(173)	150,900
Other financing uses: Operating transfers in (out)	The state of the section with the state of the state of the section of the sectio		ta t	**************************************	No.
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures & transfers	1,358	5,283	144,432	(173)	150,900
Fund balance - beginning of year	37,493	Martin and Artifacture and Artifacture of the Artif	es.	23,713	61,206
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 38,851	\$ 5,283	\$ 144,432	\$ 23,540	\$ 212,106

### CITY OF BARNSDALL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing	Program or Award Amount	Revenue Collected	Federal Expend- itures
Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Commerce:				
CDBG 2021 Sub-Total	14.228	449,500 449,500	449,500 449,500	449,500 449,500
Office of Library Services, Institute of Museum and Library Services and the Humanities:	/ices, National I	Foundation o	n the	
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Libraries:				
State Library Program	45.310	8,973	8,973	8,973
Total of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	458,473	458,473	458,473

Note A - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expeditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

OTHER INFORMATION June 30, 2024

## CITY OF BARNSDALL

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
		Original	Edvictorium	Final		Actual		al Budget er (Under)
Revenues:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	306,525	\$	306,525	\$	288,784	\$	(17,741)
Alcoholic beverage tax		64,913		64,913		60,421		(4,492)
Cigarrette tax		2,507		2,507		1,777		(730)
Franchise tax		33,509		33,509		44,706		11,197
Grants .		122,912		122,912		-		(122,912)
Licenses and permits		1,986		1,986		1,475		(511)
Miscellaneous		32,738		32,738		17,288		(15,450)
Court fines		29,900		29,900		14,491		(15,409)
Interest		70		70		340		270
Sale of surplus		-				-		<del></del>
Cemetery lot sales		24,829		24,829		17,684		(7,145)
Total revenues		619,889		619,889		446,966		(172,923)
Expenditures:								
General government		53,319		53,319		53,255		64
Highways and roads		47,781		47,781		47,753		28
Public safety		296,142		296,142		164,377		131,765
Cultural and recreation		149.885		149,885		149,347		538
Capital outlay						-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		13,432		13,432		13,432		
Interest		602		602		602		
Total expenditures	#*************************************	561,161	10,44,44	561,161	***************************************	428,766	<del></del>	132,395
Excess of revenue over								
(under) expenditures		58,728		58,728		18,200		(40,528)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in (out)	-	en	***************************************		PARTIE	-	100 February 1	,
Net changes in fund balance		58,728		58,728		18,200		(40,528)
Fund balance at beginning of year		15,390	arribani (araq	15,390	-	15,390	M-Pit-aleman Angelow	—
Fund balance at end of year	\$	74,118	\$	74,118	\$	33,590	\$	(40,528)

# CITY OF BARNSDALL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:	***************************************	56	P###			101111		ar (Onder)
Sales taxes	\$	77,716	\$	77,716	\$	72,584	\$	(5,132)
Gasoline excise tax		2,260		2,260		1,793		(467)
Commercial vehicle tax		10,076		10,076		7,472		(2,604)
Grants		12,267		12,267		8,973		(3,294)
Donations		-		-		144,432		144,432
Interest		271		271		2,890		2,619
Misc		518		518		16,095		15,577
Cemetery lot sales		3,956		3,956		3,486		(470)
Total revenues	-	107,064		107,064		257,725	-	150,661
Expenditures:								
General Government								
Public Safety		7		-		40.040		(40.045)
Cultural and recreation		40 206		40.000		10,845		(10,845)
Streets		12,386		12,386		12,369		17
Cemetery		90,148		90,148		109,440		(19,292)
Total expenditures		102,534	***********	400 504		400.054		-
Total expenditules		102,034		102,534		132,654		(30,120)
Excess of revenue over								
(under) expenditures		4,530		4,530		125,071		120,541
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in (out)	MACHiomiglatic	_		**		1,700	Marine and the same of the sam	1,700
Net changes in fund balance		4,530		4,530		126,771		122,241
Fund balance at beginning of year	Par 1	285,862	·	285,862		285,862	<del> </del>	••
Fund balance at end of year	\$	290,392	\$	290,392	\$	412,633	\$	122,241

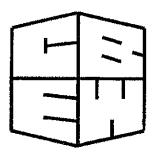
### NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting for all governmental funds. The enterprise funds and internal service fund adopt budgets on the non-GAAP basis wherein service fees, bond and note proceeds are recognized as revenue, principal payments on debt and capital expenditures are recognized as expenses, and depreciation expense is not budgeted. Annual appropriated budgets are not adopted for the agency funds. Budgetary data for enterprise funds, internal service, and permanent funds are not presented in these financial statements.

Prior to July 1, the City Clerk (not an elected official) submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1, to the council (elected officials). Public hearings are held at regular or special meetings to obtain taxpayer input. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget resolution. The operating budget, for all budgeted funds, includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing. Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personal services, maintenance and operations, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. A more detailed budget is used for operating purposes. All budget revisions at the legal level are subject to final approval by the City Council. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without council approval. Revisions to the budget were made during the year in accordance with the provisions of the Oklahoma Statutes. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
June 30, 2024



### **CBEW Professional Group, LLP**

Certified Public Accountants P.O. Box 790 Cushing, OK 74023 918-225-4216 FAX 918-225-4315

Charles E. Crooks, Jr., CPA - Trisha J. Rieman, CPA - Gabrielle Conchola, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 27, 2024

Honorable Board of City Commissioners City of Barnsdall Barnsdall, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Barnsdall, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-001 to be material weaknesses.

### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGSAND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### 2024-001. Internal Control - Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u>: The segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the city's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

<u>Condition</u>: Presently the same individuals are responsible in areas of issuing purchase orders, writing checks, billing, making deposits, posting receipts and transactions and reconciling the monthly bank statements. This finding was also noted in 2023.

<u>Cause</u>: The City's limited size and staffing resources have made it difficult for management to provide sufficient staffing to fully segregate incompatible duties in a cost-effective manner.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect</u>: Without sufficient segregation of duties, the risk significantly increases that errors and fraud related to purchasing and depositing activities, including misappropriation of assets, could occur and not be detected within a timely basis.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that management should consider a formal evaluation of their risks associated with these procedures. In response to the identified risks, consideration should be given to identifying and implementing controls that could help mitigate the risks associated with lack of segregation of duties, such as providing increased management oversight and an independent reconciliation of accounts. For example, the entity might consider soliciting the assistance of independent volunteer labor to perform certain functions including performing compensating procedures where applicable.

<u>Responsible Official's Response</u>: The City concurs with the recommendation, although, the cost to correct this condition might exceed the benefit, the City has made certain changes in procedures that will improve the overall lack of segregation of duties and has implemented compensating procedures as appropriate.