BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

July 24, 2018

Board of Directors Rural Water District No. 3 Pawnee and Payne County Pawnee, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma July 24, 2018

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The District has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2018, on our consideration of the Rural Water District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Rural Water District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants Cushing, Oklahoma

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018 and 2017

		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1) Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible) Prepaid insurance	\$	234,004 44,739 7,682	\$	222,735 27,317 5,211
Capital assets: Water system, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation		224,131	_	226,370
Total assets	_	510,556		481,633
Deferred outflows of resources: Total deferred outflows	-	-	_	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll taxes payable	· -	14,502 1,221		17,619 2,767
Total liabilities	_	15,723		20,386
Deferred inflows of resources: Total deferred inflows	_	-		<u> </u>
Net position: Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	224,131 270,702		226,370 234,877
Total net position	\$ _	494,833	_\$_	461,247

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017
Revenues:				
Water sales	\$	353,051	\$	342,176
Membership income		5,000		2,000
Miscellaneous income		78	_	4,618
Total revenues		358,129		348,794
Expenses:				
Accounting and legal		2,900		2,450
Advertising		-		-
Contract services		13,784		1,035
Depreciation		30,139		24,559
Dues and subscriptions		858		832
Insurance		13,785		15,281
Lab tests		4,085		3,260
Licenses and permits		***		-
Miscellaneous		110		-
Office supplies and postage		2,818		2,674
Payroll taxes		2,921		3,395
Rent		3,600		3,600
Repair and maintenance		-		-
Salaries		43,821		39,769
Supplies		12,318		17,543
Subcontractor labor		·		я
Telephone		3,268		3,262
Travel		4,601		4,907
Utilities		1,538		1,829
Water purchases	_	184,250		187,690
Total expenses		324,796		312,086
Operating income (loss)	_	33,333		36,708
Other income and expense:				
Interest income		253		233
Donation of capital asset				62,340
Total other income and expense		253		62,573
Net income (loss)		33,586		99,281
Net position - beginning of year	_	461,247		361,966
Net position - end of year	\$	494,833	_ \$ <u>-</u>	461,247

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Net Position (Unrestricted)		Net Position (Temporarily Restricted)		Total Net Position
Balance - beginning of year 6-30-17	\$ 461,247	\$	-	\$	461,247
Change in net position	33,586				33,586
Balance - end of year 6-30-18	\$ 494,833	\$.	_	\$ _	494,833
Balance - beginning of year 6-30-16	\$ 361,966	\$	-	\$	361,966
Change in net position	99,281				99,281
Balance - end of year 6-30-17	\$ 461,247	\$.	-	_ \$ _	461,247

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017
Cash flows from operating activities:			_	
Cash received from customers	\$	340,707	\$	361,745
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and				
contractors and other services		(301,791)		(291,298)
Net cash provided by operating activities		38,916		70,447
Cook flows from conital and related financing activities				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		(07.000)		(00.040)
Acquisition & construction of capital assets Principal paid on debt		(27,900)		(62,340)
Interest paid on debt		-		-
Contributions of assets		-		-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(27,900)	<u> </u>	62,340
Her cash ased in capital and related intalicing activities		(27,900)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest income		253		233
Net cash provided by investing activities		253		233
		·		
Net increase (decrease) in cash		11,269		70,680
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		222,735		152,055
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$a	234,004	\$_	222,735
Reconciliation of operation income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	33,333	_\$_	36,708
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		30,139		24,559
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(17,422))	12,951
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(2,471)) .	(201)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,117)		(5,429)
Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable		(1,546)	<u> </u>	1,859
Total adjustments	_	5,583		33,739
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	38,916	= \$ =	70,447

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018 and 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Oklahoma (the District), was created under the provisions of Title 82, O.S. 1981, Sections 1324.1-1324.26 inclusive, for the purpose of providing water to the members it serves. Membership in the water district consists of water users who have paid the required membership and connection fees. The District is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

The membership consists of approximately 425 users, each entitled to one vote. The Board of Directors consists of 7 members serving 3-year terms. The vacant Board seats are elected at the annual meeting in July, and following, the Board of Directors meet and elect a chairman, vice-chairman, and secretary-treasurer. All Board members serve without pay.

The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Rural Water District No. 3 is an independent, self-contained reporting entity with no associated component units. It is operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise where the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water services is financed through user charges. The District purchases all of its water from Lone Chimney Water Association.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated in the United States of America. The accounting and financial reporting treatment is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation are included on the statement of net position. The operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets. Depreciation expense is provided for capital assets based upon estimated useful lives.

Financial activity is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the District to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the District can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless such an investment is expressly prohibited by law.

All the bank deposits are held at one financial institution and are carried at cost. For purposes of statements of cash flows, the District considers cash and all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018 and 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2018, the District held deposits of approximately \$234,004 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

The investments held at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Туре	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Credit Rating		Market Value		Cost
Investments Money Market Total investments	N/A	AAAm	<u>\$.</u> \$.	234,004 234,004	\$	234,004 234,004

June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 100% in Money Market funds (\$234,004).

2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and notes payable. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of net position. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of water stored in lines for use in the distribution process. Inventory is expensed when purchased.

5. Capital Assets

Additions to the water storage delivery system and other equipment are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at their estimated acquisition value at time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two (2) years.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Water system40 yearsEquipment10 yearsOffice equipment10 years

6. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. Full-time employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure. The District has not accrued compensated absences because the amount, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018 and 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

7. Net Position

In the basic financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

8. Resource Use Policy

It is in the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including net positions, are available, the District considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used.

D. Revenues, Expenses and Other Changes in Net Position

1. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are principally from water sales and connection fees charged to new system subscribers. Customer water consumption is determined by monthly meter readings taken by the District personnel. The water sales from subscriber water consumption billed but unpaid at the District's year-end are recognized as revenue in the current year and reported in the statement of net position as accounts receivable. Operating expense consist of those costs necessary to operate and maintain the water distribution system and for general administration of the District.

2. Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses

Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of investment earnings, interest expense incurred on the District's notes payable and gains and losses on sales or the abandonment of long-lived assets.

3. Bad Debts

The District uses the direct write-off method for recognizing bad debts. Under the direct write-off method, accounts receivable are charged to income during the period they are determined to be uncollectible. The use of this method does not result in a material difference from the valuation method required by generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018 and 2017

2. CAPTIAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in property, plant and equipment.

		Balance						Balance
		June 30,						June 30,
		2017		Additions		Deletions		2018
Water system	\$	848,381	\$	-	\$	-	\$	848,381
Equipment		84,969		-		-		84,969
Vehicles		-		27,900		-		27,900
Total		933,350		27,900				961,250
Less accumulated								
depreciation		706,980		30,139		.= .		737,119
Net	\$_	226,370	\$_	(2,239)	\$_	- ·	\$	224,131
			_		_		_	
		Balance						Balance
		June 30,						June 30,
		2016		Additions		Deletions		2017
Water system	\$	786,041	\$_	62,340	\$	-	\$	848,381
Equipment		84,969		-				84,969
Total		871,010		62,340			_	933,350
Less accumulated				•				
depreciation		682,421		24,559		-		706,980
Net	\$	188,589	\$_	37,781	\$_	·	\$_	226,370

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

Rural Water District No. 3 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. WATER PURCHASE COMMITMENT

The governing board of Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma, together with five other cities and water districts located in Noble, Pawnee, and Payne Counties, Oklahoma, have jointly formed Lone Chimney Water Association. The purpose of the Association is to provide a water system for the benefit of its members and other users. The District has entered into various loan agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development and the Oklahoma Water Resources board to provide financing for the facility. Under the terms of the agreement regarding Rural Water District No. 3, each member has contracted to purchase a minimum amount of water from the Association during the 40-year term of the notes. In addition, each individual member is proportionately liable for any debts that exceed the assets of the Association to the extent of one and one-half times the percentage of ownership interest held by the entity pursuant to the agreement. The District is contingently liable for 11.74% of the obligations of the Association, which total approximately \$4,365,730 to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board at the year-end. The District's contingent share of Lone Chimney Water Association's debt is \$512.410.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018 and 2017

4. WATER PURCHASE COMMITMENT (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, Rural Water District No. 3 was obligated to purchase a minimum of 36 million gallons of water annually, currently at a cost of \$180,000. The rates charged for the water can be adjusted every three years as necessary to provide sufficient revenues for the Association.

Future purchase commitments at current rates are as follows:

	•	Amounts
_June 30,		Due
2019	\$	180,000
2020		180,000
2021		180,000
2022		180,000
2023		180,000
2023-2027		900,000
2028-2031		720,000
Total	\$_	2,520,000
	\$ _	

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
June 30, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

July 24, 2018

Board of Directors
Rural Water District No. 3
Pawnee and Payne County
Pawnee, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2018. The District did not present the Management's Discussion and Analysis required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be material weaknesses as finding 2018-001.

Rural Water District No. 3, Pawnee and Payne County, Pawnee, Oklahoma July 24, 2018

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants Cushing, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

2018-001. Internal Control – Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u>: The segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the district's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

<u>Condition</u>: Presently the same individual that receives utility service related cash payments is also responsible for service billing and adjustment, also balances the daily cash drawer, posts payments to subsidiary accounts receivable ledger and reconciles the monthly bank statements. In addition, only limited oversight is provided over this individual in the conduct of their daily functions. This finding was also noted in 2017.

<u>Cause</u>: The district's limited size and staffing resources have made it difficult for management to provide sufficient staffing to fully segregate incompatible duties in a cost-effective manner.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect</u>: Without sufficient segregation of duties, the risk significantly increases that errors and fraud related to utility billing and collection activities, including misappropriation of assets, could occur and not be detected within a timely basis.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that management and the board should consider a formal evaluation of their risks associated with this lack of duties segregation over utility cash and receivables. In response to the identified risks, consideration should be given to identifying and implementing controls that could help mitigate the risks associated with lack of segregation of duties, such as providing increased management oversight and an independent reconciliation of accounts. For example, the entity might consider soliciting the assistance of independent volunteer labor to perform certain functions including performing compensating procedures where applicable.

<u>Responsible Official's Response</u>: The district concurs with the recommendation, although, the cost to correct this condition might exceed the benefit, the district has made certain changes in procedures that will improve the overall lack of segregation of duties and has implemented compensating procedures as appropriate.