#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-54, JACKSON COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2024

Audited by

**BLEDSOE, HEWETT & GULLEKSON CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLLP** 

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2024

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# BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2024

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Board of Education Blair Independent School District No. 54 Blair, Jackson County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of the Blair Independent School District No. 54, Blair, Jackson County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" section of our report, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the revenues it received and expenditures it paid and encumbered for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" section of our report, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2024, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and qualified audit opinions.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above do not include the General Fixed Asset Account Group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Districts' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements-regulatory basis. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements-regulatory basis and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the financial state Department of Education as discussed in Note 1, the combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

September 27, 2024



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Blair Independent School District No. 54 Blair, Jackson County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Blair Independent School District No. 54, Blair, Jackson County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts as provided by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. However, our report was qualified because the omission of the general fixed asset account group results in an incomplete presentation with respect to the presentation of financial state Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

September 27, 2024

# BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2024

There were no prior year significant deficiencies or material instances of noncompliance.

# BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS JUNE 30, 2024

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- <u>Section 2</u> Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

**COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS** 

BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2024

	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)	918,869 165,247 669,753	1,753,869		97,008 59,741	835,000 991,749	509,268 252,852	762,120	1,753,869
ACCOUNT GROUP	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	165,247 669.753	835,000			835,000 835,000		0	835,000
FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	AGENCY FUNDS	59,741	59,741		59,741	59,741		0	59,741
	CAPITAL PROJECTS		0			0		0	0
GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	DEBT SERVICE	165,247	165,247			0	165,247	165,247	165,247
GOVERNMEN	SPECIAL REVENUE	90,150	90,150		2,545	2,545	87,605	87,605	90,150
	GENERAL	\$ 603,731	\$ 603,731		\$ 94,463	94,463	509,268	509,268	\$ 603,731
	ASSETS	Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	Warrants/checks payable Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	Bonds payable Total liabilities	Fund Balance: Unassigned Restricted	Fund balance	Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

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## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$ 355,362	57,142	193,977		606,481
Intermediate sources	37,185				37,185
State sources	1,479,569	56,599			1,536,168
Federal sources	469,648	75,842			545,490
Interest earnings	927	237	36		1,200
Total revenues collected	2,342,691	189,820	194,013	0	2,726,524
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,465,824				1,465,824
Support services	753,933	159,047		137,886	1,050,866
Operation of noninstructional services	2,526	107,036			109,562
Facilities acquisition & construction services		1,568		683,514	685,082
Other Uses	3,082				3,082
Debt service requirements			31,313		31,313
Total expenditures	2,225,365	267,651	31,313	821,400	3,345,729
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	117,326	(77,831)	162,700	(821,400)	(619,205)
Other financing sources (uses): Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	159	0	0	0	159_
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	117,485	(77,831)	162,700	(821,400)	(619,046)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	391,783	165,436	2,547	821,400	1,381,166
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 509,268	87,605	165,247	0	762,120

#### BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL FUND	
	Original / Final	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:	Budget	Actual	Only
	\$ 315,367	355,362	387,283
Local sources	39,711	37,185	43,390
Intermediate sources	1,527,008	1,479,569	1,582,136
State sources	400,093	469,648	370,329
Federal sources	400,093	409,048	580
Interest earnings		921	1,000
Non-revenue receipts Total revenues collected	2,282,179	2,342,691	2,384,718
rotar revenues conected	2,202,175	2,042,091	2,004,710
Expenditures:			
Instruction	1,719,468	1,465,824	1,450,709
Support services	913,081	753,933	812,907
Operation of noninstructional services	824	2,526	9,489
Facilities acquisition & construction services	25,043		
Other outlays:			
Clearing Account	8,043		
Correcting entry			1,000
Other Uses	6,470	3,082	
Repayments	1,033		
Total expenditures	2,673,962	2,225,365	2,274,105
Excess of revenues collected over			
(under) expenditures before other			
financing sources (uses)	(391,783)	117,326	110,613
Other financing sources (uses):			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	159	15,402
Excess of revenues collected over			
(under) expenditures	(391,783)	117,485	126,015
	()	,	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	391,783	391,783	265,768
Oash fund halanga and after an	¢ 0	E00.000	204 700
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	509,268	391,783

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		SF	PECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	
	Or	iginal/Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$	60,232	57,142	60,933
State sources		837	56,599	38,351
Federal sources		74,186	75,842	84,990
Interest earnings			237	154
Total revenues collected		135,255	189,820	184,428
Expenditures:				
Support services		188,237	159,047	38,376
Operation of noninstructional services		111,425	107,036	108,141
Facilities acquisition and construction services		1,029	1,568	
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	300,691	267,651	146,517
Excess of revenues collected over				
(under) expenditures		(165,436)	(77,831)	37,911
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		165,436	165,436	127,525
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	87,605	165,436

#### BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	DEBT SERVICE FUND					
	-	inal / Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)		
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	189,484	193,977	61,603		
Interest earnings			36	913		
Total revenues collected		189,484	194,013	62,516		
Requirements:						
Bonds		155,500		75,000		
Coupons		36,531	31,313	2,137		
Total expenditures		192,031	31,313	77,137		
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures		(2,547)	162,700	(14,621)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		2,547	2,547	17,168		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	165,247	2,547		

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Blair Public Schools Independent District, No. I-54 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> – cont'd

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

## B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds for the District include the building, child nutrition, and municipal levy funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$  – The co-op fund is established when the Boards of Education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain an expendable trust fund during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

## Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

## C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants/checks payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation - cont'd

All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Board of Education must request an initial temporary appropriations budget from their County Excise Board before June 30. The District uses the temporary appropriation amounts as their legal expenditure limit until the annual Estimate of Needs is completed.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures. No later than October 1, each Board of Education shall prepare a financial statement and Estimate of Needs to be filed with the applicable County Clerk and the State Department of Education.

The 2023-24 Estimate of Needs was not amended by any supplemental appropriations. Any amendment must be approved by the Jackson County Clerk's Office.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the debt service fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the Board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - cont'd

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2024 is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants/Checks Payable</u> – Warrants/checks are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants/checks that have yet to be cashed by the District's bank.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant/check has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the debt service fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the Board of Education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - cont'd

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

*Restricted* fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

Local Revenues - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> - cont'd

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Noninstructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing noninstructional services to students, staff or the community.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> - cont'd

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings, remodeling buildings, the construction of buildings and additions to buildings, initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment, and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent warrants/checks issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, nonqualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2024 were \$922,628 at financial institutions and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

<u>Investment Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

## 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2024.

## 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District normally consists of general obligation building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund, and capital leases are paid from other funds.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Bonds
	Payable
Balance, July 1, 2023	\$ 835,000
Retirements	0
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 835,000

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2024, is set forth below:

Bonds Payable:	Amount Outstanding
Building Bonds, dated 5/1/23, original issue \$835,000, interest rate of 3.750%, due in annual	
installments of \$205,000, final payment of \$220,000 due 5/1/28	\$ 835 000

## 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

#### Future Debt Requirements

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$	205,000	31,313	236,313
2026		205,000	23,625	228,625
2027		205,000	15,937	220,937
2028		220,000	8,250	228,250
Total	\$	835,000	79,125	914,125

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2023-24 fiscal year totaled \$31,390.

## 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

## 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - cont'd

## **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

## **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2023-24 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 8.40%.

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were \$218,743, \$200,556 and \$190,899, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2024. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

## 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials' liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association (OSSBA) Employment Services program, which helps to cover the cost of unemployment claims. Depending on which level of membership the District elects, the District makes a deposit into an account administered by OSSBA or will make payments periodically as needed. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

## 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

# 7. CONTINGENCIES- cont'd

## Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2023-24 fiscal year. The Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2023-24 fiscal year; therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

#### Litigation

District officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2024

100570		Building Fund	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$	90,710	(560)	90,150
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities: Warrants/checks payable	\$	1,020	1,525	2,545
	·			
Fund Balance: Restricted		89,690	(2,085)	87,605
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	90,710	(560)	90,150

#### BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:	 		
Local sources	\$ 50,281	6,861	57,142
State sources	55,720	879	56,599
Federal sources		75,842	75,842
Interest earnings	112	125	237
Total revenues collected	 106,113	83,707	189,820
Expenditures:			
Support services	159,047		159,047
Operation of noninstructional services		107,036	107,036
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1,568		1,568
Total expenditures	 160,615	107,036	267,651
Excess of revenues collected over			
(under) expenditures	(54,502)	(23,329)	(77,831)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 144,192	21,244	165,436
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 89,690	(2,085)	87,605

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	BUILDING FUND				CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL/FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	ORIGINAL/FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	
Revenues Collected:							
Local sources	\$	45,074	50,281	\$	15,158	6,861	
State sources			55,720		837	879	
Federal sources					74,186	75,842	
Interest earnings			112			125	
Total revenues collected		45,074	106,113		90,181	83,707	
Expenditures:							
Support services		188,237	159,047				
Operation of noninstructional services					111,425	107,036	
Facilities acquisition & construction services		1,029	1,568				
Total expenditures		189,266	160,615		111,425	107,036	
Excess of revenues collected over							
(under) expenditures		(144,192)	(54,502)		(21,244)	(23,329)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		144,192	144,192		21,244	21,244	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	89,690	\$	0	(2,085)	

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	ALANCE 7-01-23	ADDITIONS	ADJUSTMENTS / TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-24
Cash	\$ 71,938	177,610	5,402	195,209	59,741
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 2,414	74,306	3,833	77,002	3,551
Senior Carryover	0	0	2,331	0	2,331
Annual	3,840	5,230	708	4,872	4,906
HS Cheerleader	1,540	2,424	112	2,772	1,304
Ballgame Concession	400	8,444	(5,292)	2,900	652
Elementary Concession	2,740	16,705	655	14,281	5,819
FFA	10,113	32,363		35,982	6,494
Library	40	0		0	40
PTO	19,341	10,864	2,545	11,765	20,985
Elementary Library Fund	29	0		0	29
Teacher	1,092	520		187	1,425
4-H	250	0		0	250
Beta Club	328	2,219	257	2,633	171
Newspaper	40	0		0	40
Learning Lab	146	13		81	78
GED / Testing	14	0		0	14
Cottonbelt Conference	8,908	8,778		17,686	0
Drama	77	0		0	77
Playground Fund	3,479	500	(3,479)	0	500
Senior 2019	3,010	0	(710)	2,300	0
BEA	842	420		400	862
Norma Robertson Scholarship	1,000	0		0	1,000
Senior 2023	1,622	0	(1,622)	0	0
Senior 2024	2,127	1,973	225	2,328	1,997
Juniors	5,404	4,800	2,894	12,241	857
Academic Team	149	6,362	320	6,827	4
Sophomore	1,305	83	1,326	286	2,428
Freshmen	576	1,036	1,812	0	3,424
8th Grade	302	285	(513)	0	74
Archery	810	176		666	320
7th Grade	 0	109		0	109
Total Liabilities	\$ 71,938	177,610	5,402	195,209	59,741

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REGULATORY BASIS

#### BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS PREPARED FOR THE OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	OCAS Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/23	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/24
Direct Programs:							
Small Rural School Achievement	84.358	588	\$ 21,378	0	5,876	5,876	0
U.S. Department of Education							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010	511	100,054		68,149	93,841	
Title I, Basic Program, 2022-23	84.010	799		35,961	35,961		
Title II, Part A	84.367	541	118		15,692		
Title IV, Part A	84.424	552	130		10,000		
IDEA-B, Flow Through	84.027	621	57,287		44,233	57,287	13,054
IDEA-B, Flow Through, 2022-23	84.027	799		18,600	18,600		
IDEA-B, Preschool	84.173	641	623		623	623	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):							
ARP - ESSER II, 2022-23	84.425D	799		5,599	5,599		
ARP - ESSER III	84.425U	795	229,229		198,029	198,029	
ARP - ESSER III, 2022-23	84.425U	799		66,886	66,886		
Total COVID-19 - ESF			229,229	72,485	270,514	198,029	0
Sub Total			387,441	127,046	463,772	349,780	13,054
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764			14,900	14,956	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			51,320	44,834	
Supply Chain Asst. Program	10.555	759			9,622		
Noncash Assistance - Commodities	10.555	N/A			8,621	8,621	
Sub Total					84,463	68,411	
Other Child Nutrition Programs:							
P-EBT	10.649	760			0	280	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 408,819	127,046	554,111	424,347	13,054

Note 1 - This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements, except for the noncash assistance noted in Note 2.

Note 2 - Food Distribution - Noncash assistance is reported on this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

#### BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 OVERAGE	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Company	Superintendent	70765549	\$ 100,000	7/27/23-7/27/24
Liberty Mutual Surety	Treasurer Purchasing Agent Activity Fund Custodian Lunch Fund Custodian Encumbrance / Minutes Clerk	999175672 32S108604 32S108604 32S108604 32S108604 32S108604	100,000 10,000 8,000 8,000 1,000	3/10/23-3/10/25 7/1/23-7/1/24 7/1/23-7/1/24 7/1/23-7/1/24 7/1/23-7/1/24 7/1/23-7/1/24

## BLAIR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 54, JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

State of Oklahoma ) ) ss County of Tulsa )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Blair Public Schools for the audit year 2023-24.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson, <u>Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP</u> Auditing Firm

By

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 27<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2024 arlene Mille Thuman and a start ary Public (or Clerk or Judge) OF O' y Commission Expires: 12/11/2024 Minimum III Commission No. 20014980



Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 + 121 E. COLLEGE ST. + BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 + (918) 449-9991 + (800) 522-3831 + FAX (918) 449-9779

September 27, 2024

Ms. Stacey Davis, Supt. Blair Public Schools P.O. Box 428 Blair, Oklahoma 73526-0361

Dear Ms. Davis:

Listed below are some observations and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following contains the observation relayed to management that is a <u>control</u> <u>deficiency</u>, which we feel needs to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct this deficiency. This item is not included in your audit report, as it is not considered material or immaterial in nature. It is simply an observation of a minor finding that could evolve into immaterial or material findings if not addressed or corrected.

#### Negative Fund Balance

We observed during the audit that the child nutrition fund had a year-end fund balance of (\$2,085). We recommend that each fiscal year be properly budgeted in order to assure that future fiscal years do not have to pay for prior year obligations. We further recommend that the District consider directing expenditures to be paid by other funds that are legally allowed to pay such obligations (such as the general fund) in order to avoid a negative year-end fund balance.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe