**Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023

### Contents

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis4
Financial Statements
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Statement of Cash Flows
Notes to Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OTRS 59
Schedule of the University's Contributions – OTRS
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2
Schedule of Employer Contributions – President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2
Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset – OTRS OPEB 63
Schedule of Employer Contributions – OTRS OPEB
Other Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Expenditures of Federal Awards
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards – Independent Auditor's Report
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance – Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2023

## Contents, continued

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	. 73
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	75



110 N. Elgin Avenue, Suite 400 / Tulsa, OK 74120 **P** 918.584.2900 / **F** 918.584.2931 **forvis.com** 

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Cameron University (the University), an organizational unit of the Regents of the University of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the University, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Cameron University Foundation, Inc., which represent the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Reporting Entity

As discussed in *Note 1*, the accompanying financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of only the activities of the University and the Foundation. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the



Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Page 2

University of Oklahoma as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its financial position or its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Page 3

Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2023 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 30, 2023

### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

This section of Cameron University's (the University) financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the University's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2023. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change, and current known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the University's basic financial statements and footnotes. The overview of the financial statements and financial analysis is presented for fiscal year 2023 with fiscal year 2022 data presented for comparative purposes.

### Financial Analysis of the University as a Whole

The basic financial statements of the University are the statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows. The statement of net position presents the financial position of the University at June 30, 2023. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarizes the University's financial activity for the year ended June 30, 2023. The statement of cash flows, presented using the direct method, reflects the effects on cash that result from the University's operating activities, investing activities, and capital and noncapital financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The following schedules are prepared from the University's basic financial statements. With the exception of the statement of cash flows, the statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred and assets are capitalized and depreciated. The 2022 financial information contained herein has not been restated for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), disclosed in Note 1 to the accompanying financial statements because of the single-year presentation of the basic financial statements.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

This statement is presented in categories, namely assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The assets are classified between current and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, leases receivable, and other assets. Noncurrent assets include cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are restricted for long-term purposes, such as investments in capital assets, or have scheduled maturities exceeding one year. Noncurrent assets also include receivables restricted for investment in capital assets; leases receivable; and capital, lease, and SBITA assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, library materials, and construction in progress. Capital, lease, and SBITA assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are shown net of depreciation and amortization.

Deferred outflows of resources are consumptions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes costs associated with pensions and other postemployment benefits. Deferred inflows of resources are acquisitions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes credits associated with debt restructuring, leases, pensions, and other postemployment benefits.

Liabilities are also classified between current and noncurrent. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued expenses, unearned revenues, leases payable, and the portion of noncurrent liabilities expected to be paid in the upcoming fiscal year. These liabilities represent obligations due within one year. Noncurrent liabilities include the portion of accrued compensated absences, leases payable, other financing arrangements, and net pension obligation expected to be paid in fiscal year 2025 or thereafter.

At June 30, 2023, the University had \$14.2 million in outstanding bonds and other financing arrangements. Additional information related to the University's long-term debt is presented in *Note 6* to the financial statements.

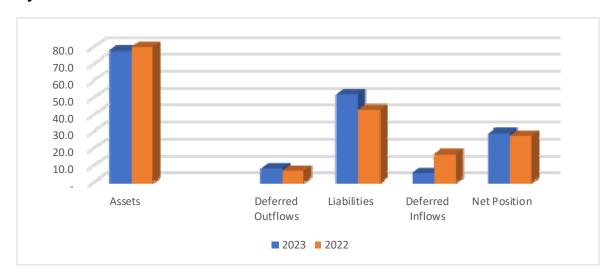
Total net position increased to \$28.7 million in fiscal year 2023 from \$27.3 million in fiscal year 2022.

Following is a comparison of the summarized financial position, net position, and capital assets and lease assets of the University at June 30 (in millions):

### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	2023		2022	
Assets				
Current assets	\$	18.1	\$	17.6
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets and lease assets, net of depreciation				
and amortization		56.2		58.3
Other		3.3		3.8
Total assets		77.6		79.7
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		7.9		6.5
Liabilities				
Current liabilities		5.3		4.9
Noncurrent liabilities		46.5		37.8
Total liabilities		51.8		42.7
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5.0		16.3
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		40.3		41.3
Restricted – expendable		4.2		4.6
Restricted – nonexpendable		0.1		0.1
Unrestricted (deficit)		(15.9)		(18.7)
Total net position	\$	28.7	\$	27.3

### Analysis of Net Position



	 2023		2022
Capital, Lease, and Subscription Assets, Net			
Land	\$ 0.5	\$	0.5
Buildings and improvements	110.7		107.0
Infrastructure	9.8		9.6
Equipment	17.8		17.3
Lease and subscription assets	0.7		0.4
Library materials	11.3		11.2
Construction in progress	 0.4		3.4
	151.2	'	149.4
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (95.0)		(91.1)
Net capital, lease, and subscription assets	\$ 56.2	\$	58.3

In 2023, the University added \$1.8 million in assets due to the costs associated with various construction projects and acquisitions of equipment and library materials. The University disposed of \$0.1 million in partially depreciated equipment.

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

This statement reflects the effect of operating and nonoperating activities on net position. The statement is classified between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Following is a comparison of revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position for the years ended June 30 (in millions):

### Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022
<b>Operating Revenues</b>		
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 12.6	\$ 13.6
Grants and contracts	5.2	3.5
Sales and services	0.6	0.6
Auxiliary enterprises	4.5	4.2
Other	0.3	0.4
	23.2	22.3
Less operating expenses	55.5	58.1
Operating Loss	(32.3)	(35.8)
Nonoperating Revenues		
State appropriations	17.2	16.6
Federal and state grants	12.5	20.4
On-behalf payments	2.3	1.9
Endowment income	0.3	0.3
Investment income	0.1	0.1
Private donations	0.4	0.4
Capital appropriations	1.4_	1.2
	34.2	40.9
Less nonoperating expenses	0.5	0.6
Net Nonoperating Revenue	33.7	40.3
Change in Net Position	1.4	4.5
Net Position, Beginning of Year	27.3	22.8
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 28.7	\$ 27.3

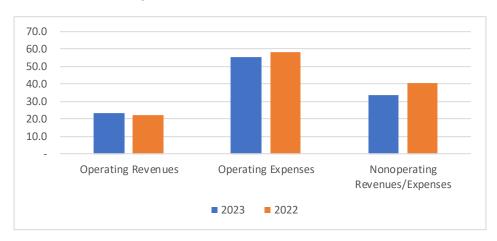
Operating revenues includes tuition and fees net of scholarship discounts and allowances, grants and contracts, sales and services, auxiliary enterprises, and other. These revenues increased by \$0.9 million in 2023. Tuition and fees revenue decreased by \$1.0 million from 2022 to 2023. Grants and contracts increased \$1.7 million in 2023. Auxiliary enterprises and other revenue had a combined increase of \$0.2 million.

The majority of nonoperating revenues are made up of state appropriations and Pell grant revenues. There was an increase of \$0.6 million in state appropriations in fiscal year 2023 as compared to fiscal year 2022.

The University's operating expenses are classified by natural classification, including employee compensation, scholarships, contractual services, etc. In fiscal year 2023, operating expenses decreased \$2.6 million. Compensation increased \$1.1 million primarily due to an increase in pension expense. Supplies and materials increased \$0.1 million. Utilities increased \$0.3 million as a result of an increase in natural gas rates. Scholarships and fellowships decreased \$5.9 million primarily due to grants issued to

students from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund in 2022. Other operating expenses increased by \$0.8 million.

### Analysis of Revenues and Expenses



	 2023	2	2022
Operating Expenses			
Compensation	\$ 27.2	\$	26.1
Contractual services	6.7		5.7
Supplies and materials	5.6		5.5
Depreciation and amortization	4.0		3.9
Utilities	2.4		2.1
Communications	0.2		0.3
Scholarships and fellowships	6.7		12.6
Other operating expenses	 2.7		1.9
Total operating expenses	\$ 55.5	\$	58.1

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

This statement is used to determine the University's ability to meet its obligations and to determine if external financing is needed. It is presented using the direct method with four major classifications: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. Following is a comparison of cash flows for the years ended June 30 (in millions):

	 2023	 2022
Cash Provided by (Used in)		
Operating activities	\$ (28.8)	\$ (35.7)
Noncapital financing activities	29.7	37.0
Capital and related financing activities	(1.0)	(4.4)
Investing activities	 0.1	0.1
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	0.0	(3.0)
Cash, Beginning of Year	 14.6	17.6
Cash, End of Year	\$ 14.6	\$ 14.6

#### **Foundation**

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, Oklahoma nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of receiving and administering gifts intended for the University. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the University's management believes that presenting the Foundation's financial statements as part of the University reporting entity provides users relevant and timely information about resources available to the University. The most recent financial statements of the Foundation are included under the heading "Foundation."

### **Economic Outlook**

The Oklahoma economy improved during fiscal year 2023 resulting in a slight increase in the state appropriation for the University for fiscal year 2024. With the decline in student enrollment, management continues to look for cost-saving measures and is monitoring expenditures to ensure resources are used in the most effective and efficient manner. The University remains fully committed to increasing and improving student success and student learning inside and outside the classroom while continuing to be an engaged partner with common education, business, industry, civic, and government organizations.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

### **Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources**

	University	Foundation	
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,950,788	\$ 167,434	
Accrued interest receivable	10,183	72,076	
Accounts receivable, net	1,717,098	12,645	
Receivables from OSRHE	1,437,398	-	
Leases receivable	76,054	-	
Other receivables	578,704	-	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,333,539		
Total current assets	18,103,764	252,155	
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,629,783	-	
Investments	-	32,220,420	
Leases receivable	507,737	-	
Other assets	169,202	280,682	
Capital, subscription and lease assets, net	56,216,487	238,000	
Total noncurrent assets	59,523,209	32,739,102	
Total assets	77,626,973	32,991,257	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB	7,907,498	<u> </u>	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 85,534,471	\$ 32,991,257	

# Statement of Net Position, continued June 30, 2023

### Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

	University	Foundation
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 992,226	\$ 8,008
Accrued payroll	865,216	-
Unearned revenues	1,246,818	-
Leases and subscriptions payable	203,578	-
Notes payable	· -	199,964
Deposits held in custody for others	86,074	-
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	1,925,781	
Total current liabilities	5,319,693	207,972
Noncurrent Liabilities, Net of Current Portion		
Accrued compensated absences	365,798	-
Leases payable	271,253	-
Other financing arrangements payable, net of premium	13,945,789	-
Pension liability – Plan 1 and Plan 2	2,234,726	-
Net pension liability	29,666,729	
Total noncurrent liabilities	46,484,295	
Total liabilities	51,803,988	207,972
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB	4,299,264	-
Deferred inflows for leases	583,791	-
Deferred credit on OCIA lease restructure	148,018	
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,031,073	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	56,835,061	207,972
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	40,394,849	-
Restricted – expendable		
Educational programs	1,704,096	11,198,656
Capital projects	2,168,267	
OPEB asset	169,202	-
Other	111,564	-
Restricted – nonexpendable	•	
Scholarships and fellowships	66,000	13,961,840
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,914,568)	7,622,789
Total net position	28,699,410	32,783,285
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 85,534,471	\$ 32,991,257

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2023

	University	Foundation
Operating Revenues		
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowance; \$8,054,411	\$ 12,601,384	\$ -
Federal grants and contracts	2,678,177	_
State grants and contracts	1,035,352	_
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	1,449,131	_
Sales and services of educational departments	623,296	_
Auxiliary enterprises	4,540,299	_
Gifts and contributions	7,570,277	1,544,776
Other operating revenues	291,496	4,800
Total operating revenues	23,219,135	1,549,576
Operating Expenses		
Compensation and benefits	27,187,344	-
Contractual services	6,673,707	-
Supplies and materials	5,588,539	-
Depreciation and amortization	4,064,117	-
Utilities	2,441,277	-
Communications	185,669	-
Scholarships and fellowships	6,675,585	390,048
Other operating expenses	2,669,929	1,653,463
Total operating expenses	55,486,167	2,043,511
Operating Loss	(32,267,032)	(493,935)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State appropriations	17,152,826	-
Federal and state grants	12,483,573	-
OTRS on-behalf contributions	1,534,068	-
OSRHE endowment income	309,509	-
Investment income	110,583	1,213,399
Net depreciation on investments	- -	795,003
Interest expense	(546,538)	-
Other nonoperating expense	(5,700)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	31,038,321	2,008,402
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses	(1,228,711)	1,514,467

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

	University	Foundation
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses		
On-behalf state appropriations restricted for debt service	\$ 812,290	\$ -
Private donations restricted for capital purposes	350,000	-
State appropriations restricted for capital purposes	1,416,632	-
Other nonoperating revenues	82,719	
Total other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	2,661,641	
Increase in Net Position	1,432,930	1,514,467
Net Position, Beginning of Year	27,266,480	31,268,818
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 28,699,410	\$ 32,783,285

### Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating Activities	
Tuition and fees	\$ 12,805,137
Grants and contracts	5,420,006
Payments to employees	(27,990,761)
Payments to vendors	(17,541,604)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(6,675,585)
Sales and services of educational departments	430,896
Auxiliary enterprises	4,489,632
Other operating receipts	292,696
Net cash used in operating activities	(28,769,583)
Noncapital Financing Activities	
State appropriations	17,152,826
Federal and state grants	12,483,573
Direct loans received	9,332,795
Direct loans disbursed	(9,332,795)
Agency transactions	20,305
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	29,656,704
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Capital appropriations	1,416,632
Private donations restricted for capital purposes	350,000
Payments on bonds and financing arrangements	(399,572)
Interest paid on capital debt and financing arrangements	(534,152)
Principal and interest payments received on leases receivable	90,468
Principal and interest paid on leases payable	(123,541)
Principal and interest paid on subscriptions payable	(93,447)
Purchases of capital assets	(1,709,030)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,002,642)
Investing Activities	
Interest on investments	106,132
Net cash provided by investing activities	106,132
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(9,389)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	14,589,960
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 14,580,571

# Statement of Cash Flows, continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating		
Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(32,267,032)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in		
operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization		4,064,117
OTRS on-behalf contributions		1,534,068
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		171,888
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(80,395)
Deferred outflows for pensions		(1,355,306)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		26,629
Net pension liability		10,413,635
Unearned revenues		129,272
Deferred inflows for pensions	_	(11,406,459)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(28,769,583)
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Items		
Principal and interest paid by other state agencies	\$	812,290
Lease obligation incurred for lease assets	\$	181,578
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,950,788
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,629,783
Total reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement		
of net position	\$	14,580,571

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Cameron University (the University) is a regional university operating under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma (the Board of Regents) and the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education (OSRHE).

The University is one of four institutions of higher education in Oklahoma that comprise the Regents of the University of Oklahoma, which in turn is part of the Higher Education Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma.

The Board of Regents has constitutional authority to govern, control, and manage the Regents of the University of Oklahoma, which consists of Cameron University, Rogers State University, University of Oklahoma – Norman Campus, and The University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center. This authority includes but is not limited to the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, acquire and take title to real and personal property in its name, and appoint or hire all necessary officers, supervisors, instructors, and employees for member institutions.

Accordingly, the University is considered an organizational unit of the regents of the University of Oklahoma reporting entity for financial reporting purposes due to the significance of its legal, operational, and financial relationships with the Board of Regents, as defined in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Cameron University Foundation**

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, Oklahoma nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of receiving and administering gifts intended for the University. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the University's management believes that presenting the Foundation's financial statements as part of the University reporting entity provides users relevant and timely information about resources available to the University. The Foundation reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information for these differences. The Foundation prepares separate, standalone financial statements that may be obtained by contacting the Foundation's management. Financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained by calling the Foundation at 580.581.2999.

#### Financial Statement Presentation

GASB is the recognized standard-setting body for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) applicable to public sector institutions of higher education. The University applies all applicable GASB pronouncements.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the University considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Funds invested through the State Treasurer's *OK INVEST* cash management investment policy are considered cash equivalents.

### Investments

The University accounts for its investments at fair market value based on quoted market prices. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of tuition and fee charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in the State of Oklahoma. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal, state, and local governments or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The University determines its allowance by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are past due, the University's previous loss history, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. The University writes off specific accounts receivable when they become uncollectible, and payments subsequently received on such receivables are credited to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, make long-term student loans, or to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as noncurrent assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or valued at the acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The University's capitalization policy is for all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 40 years for buildings, 25 years for infrastructure and land improvements, and 7 years for library materials and equipment.

#### Leases

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The University is a party as lessee and lessor for various noncancelable long-term leases of equipment and building space. The corresponding lease payable and lease receivable are recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments paid or received, respectively, discounted by an applicable interest rate.

### Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

### **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

#### Compensated Absences

Employee vacation pay is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued expenses in the accompanying statement of net position and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include 1) principal amounts of revenue bonds payable, notes payable, and other financing arrangements payable with contractual maturities greater than one year; 2) amounts for accrued compensated absences; 3) net pension liability; and 4) other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year. Bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred regardless of whether they are included in bond proceeds.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (OTRS) and additions to/deductions from OTRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as reported by OTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by OTRS are reported at fair value.

The University also has single-employer defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OTRS and additions to/deductions from OTRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OTRS. For this purpose, OTRS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

### **Net Position**

Net position of the University is classified in four components on its statement of net position:

• The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, lease assets, and SBITAs, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

- Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the University is legally or
  contractually obligated to spend said resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by
  external third parties or through enabling legislation.
- Nonexpendable restricted net position consist of endowment and similar type funds in
  which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument,
  that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the
  purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added
  to principal.
- Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state
  appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises.
  These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations
  of the University, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current
  expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are
  substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources, and then toward unrestricted resources.

#### Classification of Revenues

The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria.

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as:

- 1. Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances
- 2. Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises
- 3. Certain federal, state, and nongovernmental grants and contracts that relate specifically to revenues used for student financial assistance

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as:

- 1. Gifts and contributions
- 2. Other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Government Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

3. Other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments*, such as state appropriations and investment income

### Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

The University reports the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its statement of net position. At June 30, 2023, the University's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB.

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The University reports an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its statement of net position. At June 30, 2023, the University's deferred inflows of resources were comprised of credits realized on an Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA) lease restructure, deferred inflows for leases, deferred inflows related to pensions, and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the University is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable, plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

#### Income Taxes

As a state institution of higher education, the income of the University is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the University is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Fiscal Year 2023

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. GASB 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. GASB 91 is now effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. This statement did not have a significant impact on the University's financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs for government end users. GASB 96 defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription intangible asset and a corresponding liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on standards established in GASB 87. GASB 96 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The University recorded a SBITA asset and liability of \$176,250 at July 1, 2022.

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. A portion of this standard provides additional information on interpreting and applying GASB 96 by clarifying the definition of the SBITA term and further explaining what is included and excluded in the term. GASB 99 also provides additional guidance on short-term SBITAs and the remeasurement of a subscription liability.

### New Accounting Pronouncement Issued Not Yet Adopted

GASB has also issued several new accounting pronouncements that will be effective for the University in subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements and the fiscal year in which they are effective is below:

In June 2022, GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, was issued, which provides further clarity and guidance on when and how to record liabilities associated with compensated absences. Additionally, it amends previous disclosure requirements to only require disclosure of the net change in the liability (instead of gross increases and decreases) and removes the requirement to disclose which governmental funds are typically used to liquidate the liability. GASB 101 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. Earlier application is encouraged.

University management is currently evaluating the impact this new standard will have on its financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 2: Deposits, Investments, and Investment Income

### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The University's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is described as follows:

Oklahoma Statutes require the State Treasurer to ensure that all state funds either be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations. The University's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other state agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the State Treasurer may determine, in the state's name.

The University requires that balances on deposit with financial institutions, including trustees related to the University's bond indenture and other financing arrangements, be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations in the University's name.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amounts of the University's deposits were \$14,580,571. This amount consisted of deposits with the State Treasurer (\$14,483,848), deposits with BOK Financial (\$83,723), and petty cash and change funds (\$13,000) at June 30, 2023.

Some deposits with the State Treasurer are placed in the State Treasurer's internal investment pool OK INVEST. OK INVEST pools the resources of all state funds and agencies and invests them in (a) U.S. treasury securities that are explicitly backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (b) U.S. agency securities that carry an implicit guarantee of the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (c) money market mutual funds that participate in investments, either directly or indirectly, in securities issued by the U.S. Treasury and/or agency and repurchase agreements relating to such securities; (d) investments related to tri-party repurchase agreements that are collateralized at 102% and, whereby, the collateral is held by a third party in the name of the State Treasurer; (e) collateralized certificates of deposits; (f) commercial paper; (g) obligations of state and local governments; and (h) State of Israel bonds.

Of funds on deposit with the State Treasurer, amounts invested in OK INVEST total \$4,705,282 at June 30, 2023.

For financial reporting purposes, deposits with the State Treasurer that are invested in OK INVEST are classified as cash equivalents.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

At June 30, 2023, the distributions of deposits in OK INVEST were as follows:

	Cost	Fair Value
U.S. agency securities	\$ 783,542	2 \$ 762,483
Certificates of deposit	12,022	2 12,022
Money market mutual funds	350,859	350,859
Mortgage-backed agency securities	872,066	770,442
Foreign bonds	13,852	13,691
U.S. treasury obligations	2,672,941	2,593,605
Total	\$ 4,705,282	2 \$ 4,503,102

Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report are allowed to participate in OK INVEST. Oklahoma Statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in OK INVEST. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day-to-day OK INVEST management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the state and its funds and agencies' daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the Investment Policy address credit quality requirements and diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of allowable investments; the specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at ok.gov/treasurer/.

The State Treasurer, at his discretion, may further limit or restrict such investments on a day-to-day basis. OK INVEST includes a substantial investment in securities with an overnight maturity as well as in U.S. government securities with a maturity of up to 10 years. OK INVEST maintains an overall weighted average maturity of no more than four years.

Participants in OK INVEST maintain an interest in its underlying investments and, accordingly, may be exposed to certain risks. As stated in the State Treasurer information statement, the main risks are interest rate risk, credit/default risk, liquidity risk, and U.S. government securities risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the yield and market value of the securities will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the yield will tend to be higher. Credit/default risk is the risk that an issuer or guarantor of a security, or a bank or other financial institution that has entered into a repurchase agreement, may default on its payment obligations. Liquidity risk is the risk that OK INVEST will be unable to pay redemption proceeds within the stated time period because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons. U.S. government securities risk is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities, or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Various investment restrictions and limitations are enumerated in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy to mitigate those risks; however, any interest in OK INVEST is not insured or guaranteed by the state, the FDIC, or any other government agency.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Investments

At June 30, 2023, the University had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Investment Cost	
OK INVEST Internal Investment Pool (classified as cash equivalents in the statement of net position)	\$ 4,705,282	\$ 4,503,102
Total	\$ 4,705,282	\$ 4,503,102

#### Interest Rate Risk

The University does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

All U.S. government obligations are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the University. Title 70, Section 4306, of the Oklahoma Statutes directs, authorizes, and empowers the University's Board of Regents to hold, invest, or sell donor-restricted endowments in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the gift as stipulated by the donor and with the provision of any applicable laws.

The Board of Regents has authorized short-term funds to be invested in any security currently available through the Oklahoma State Treasurer's Office. Generally, these include direct obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, and demand deposits. The board has authorized endowment and similar funds to be invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, demand deposits, corporate debt (no bond below a Single A rating by Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation may be purchased), convertible securities, and equity securities.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The University places no limit on the amount the University may invest in any one issuer. However, the majority of the investments are investments guaranteed by the U.S. government.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 3: Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Student tuition and fees	\$ 1,087,976
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	703,888
Federal and state agencies	509,604
	2,301,468
Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (584,370)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,717,098

### Note 4: Leases Receivable

The University, as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving a building with office and classroom space. A summary of the University's lease terms and interest rates is as follows:

- Annual installments ranging from \$17,656 to \$44,400
- Imputed interest rates ranging from 0.6% to 2.4%
- Due dates ranging from May 2026 through September 2036

The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$583,791.

The following is a summary of lease receivable transactions for the University for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Beginning Balance		A	Additions		ductions	Ending Balance		
\$	457,457	\$	209.053	\$	82.719	\$	583.791	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 5: Capital, Lease, and Subscription Assets

Capital, lease, and subscription assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was:

	Balance, June 30, 2022	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Balance, June 30, 2023
•					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 446,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 446,180
Construction in progress	3,407,565	918,821	(3,892,715)		433,671
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	3,853,745	918,821	(3,892,715)		879,851
Capital, lease, and subscription asse	ets				
being depreciated/amortized					
Nonmajor infrastructure	9,628,320	-	140,600	-	9,768,920
Building	106,983,925	-	3,752,115	-	110,736,040
Furniture, fixtures, and					
equipment	17,330,500	652,219	-	(148,933)	17,833,786
Lease asset – equipment	423,399	181,578	-	(76,159)	528,818
Subscription asset	176,250	-	-	-	176,250
Library materials	11,243,030	34,816			11,277,846
Total capital, lease, and					
subscription assets being					
depreciated/amortized	145,785,424	868,613	3,892,715	(225,092)	150,321,660
Less accumulated depreciation/					
amortization					
Nonmajor infrastructure					
networks	(7,032,896)	(215,560)	_	_	(7,248,456)
Building	(60,913,772)	(2,574,019)	_	_	(63,487,791)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipmen		(1,013,956)	_	129,784	(13,022,906)
Lease asset – equipment	(111,747)	(120,003)	_	76,159	(155,591)
Subscription asset	(111,/1/)	(57,162)	_	70,137	(57,162)
Library materials	(10,929,701)	(83,417)			(11,013,118)
Total accumulated					
depreciation/amortization	(91,126,850)	(4,064,117)		205,943	(94,985,024)
depreciation/amortization	(91,120,830)	(4,004,117)		203,943	(94,983,024)
Capital, lease, and subscription asse					
being depreciated/amortized, net	54,658,574	(3,195,504)	3,892,715	(19,149)	55,336,636
Capital, lease, and subscription	on				
assets, net	\$ 58,512,319	\$ (2,276,683)	\$ -	\$ (19,149)	\$ 56,216,487

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

					Amounts
	Balance,			Balance,	Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year
Bonds and other financing					
arrangements					
OCIA other financing					
arrangements	\$ 5,220,467	\$ -	\$ (563,945)	\$ 4,656,522	\$ 578,459
Premium on OCIA other					
financing arrangements	51,303	-	(11,235)	40,068	-
ODFA other financing					
arrangements	10,185,250	-	(647,917)	9,537,333	678,417
Premium on ODFA other					
financing arrangements	1,050,835	-	(82,093)	968,742	-
Subscription payable	176,250	-	(86,397)	89,853	89,853
Leases payable	317,466	181,578	(114,066)	384,978	113,725
Total bonds, leases payable,					
and other financing					
arrangements	17,001,571		(1,505,653)	15,677,496	1,460,454
Other liabilities					
Net pension liability – OTRS	19,762,334	9,904,395	_	29,666,729	_
Net pension liability –	17,702,334	7,704,373		27,000,727	
supplemental	2,174,868	310,154	(126,990)	2,358,032	123,306
Accrued compensated absences	897,864	545,600	(532,066)	911,398	545,600
ricerus componeutu accentes	0,77,001	212,000	(332,000)	711,570	213,000
Total other liabilities	22,835,066	10,760,149	(659,056)	32,936,159	668,906
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 39,836,637	\$ 10,760,149	\$ (2,164,709)	\$ 49.612.655	\$ 2,129,360
Total long-term natimites	\$ 39,830,037	\$ 10,700,149	\$ (2,104,709)	\$ 48,613,655	\$ 2,129,300

### Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Other Financing Arrangements

OCIA periodically issues bonds, which are allocated to the State Regents, to be used for specific projects at Oklahoma higher education institutions. The University has participated in these projects as discussed below. In each of the transactions, OCIA and the University have entered into a financing arrangement. As a result, the University recognizes its share of the liability and the related assets in connection with the projects being constructed or acquired in its financial statements. Annually, the State Legislature appropriates funds to the State Regents to make the monthly lease principal and interest payments on behalf of the University.

In November 2005, OCIA issued its OCIA Bond Issues, 2005 Series F. Of the total bond indebtedness, the State Regents allocated \$12,059,247 to the University. These funds earned \$1,203,081 of interest income. Concurrently with the allocation, the University entered into an individual agreement with OCIA, representing the six projects being funded by the OCIA bonds.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

By June 30, 2012, the University received all available funds (\$13,262,328) for expenditures incurred in connection with the projects. The expenditures are capitalized as investments in capital assets in accordance with University policy. The University recorded a financing obligation payable to OCIA for the total amount of the allotment less repayments made.

In 2011, the OCIA Series 2005F agreement was restructured through a partial refunding of OCIA's 2005F bond debt. OCIA issued two new bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B. The agreements with OCIA secure the OCIA bond debt and any future debt that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. OCIA issued this new debt to provide budgetary relief for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 by extending and restructuring debt service. Consequently, the agreement with OCIA automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues.

During fiscal year 2015, the University's remaining 2005 agreement with OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of the Series 2005F bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014A, to accomplish the refunding. The restructured agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The University's aforementioned agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues.

The restructuring resulted in a reduction of principal; thus, the University has recorded a deferred inflow of resources of \$343,613 on restructuring, which is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, that is being amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. As of June 30, 2023, the unamortized credit totaled \$148,018. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original agreement and the refinanced agreement of \$802,126, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the State Regents made interest and principal payments totaling \$812,290 on behalf of the University. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as on-behalf state appropriations restricted for debt service in the University's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. As stated above, the on-behalf payments are subject to annual appropriations by the State Legislature.

Future minimum payments under the University's obligation to OCIA are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	ear Ending June 30, Pr		Principal Interest		Total	
2024	\$	578,459	\$	220,861	\$	799,320
2025		602,940		196,429		799,369
2026		632,493		166,799		799,292
2027		661,346		137,859		799,205
2028		693,696		105,431		799,127
2029–2030		1,487,588		111,208		1,598,796
Total	\$	4,656,522	\$	938,587	\$	5,595,109

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Master Lease

In December 2007, the University entered into a 25-year financing agreement with ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2007B (Master Lease 2007B). The University received a net amount of \$7,099,000 of proceeds for the construction of the McMahon Centennial Complex.

In June 2016, the University entered into an 18-year finance agreement with ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Real Property Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016B (Master Lease 2016B). The University received a net amount of \$5,760,000 of proceeds to refund the 2004 Housing Revenue Bonds. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original agreement and the refinanced agreement of \$3,099,633, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction. The University makes payments to the State Regents, who then forward the payments to the trustee bank.

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2016B bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pri	Principal		nterest	Total
2024	\$	295,000	\$	144,920	\$ 439,920
2025		307,083		133,120	440,203
2026		320,000		120,837	440,837
2027		332,083		108,037	440,120
2028		345,167		94,753	439,920
2029–2033	1	,942,834		259,755	2,202,589
2034		392,333		11,770	 404,103
Total	\$ 3	,934,500	\$	873,192	\$ 4,807,692

In October 2017, the 2007 lease agreement with ODFA was restructured through a refunding of the Series 2007B bonds. ODFA issued new bonds, Series 2017C, to accomplish the refunding. The University entered into a 15-year agreement with ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Real Property Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017C (Master Lease 2017C). The University received a net amount of \$4,575,000 of proceeds to refund the 2007B Revenue Bonds. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original agreement and the refinanced agreement of \$665,749, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction. The University makes payments to the State Regents, who then forward the payments to the trustee bank.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2017C bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		t	Total
2024	\$ 281,333	\$ 132.	,637 \$	413,970
2025	294,417	119.	,363	413,780
2026	307,750	105.	,209	412,959
2027	322,750	89.	,822	412,572
2028	338,917	73.	,684	412,601
2029–2032	1,666,166	155.	,136	1,821,302
Total	\$ 3,211,333	\$ 675.	,851 \$	3,887,184

In June 2020, the University entered into a 20-year agreement with ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2020A (Master Lease 2020A). The University received a net amount of \$2,674,000 of proceeds to construct and replace certain elevators on campus. The University makes payments to the State Regents, who then forward the payments to the trustee bank.

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2020A bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Year Ending June 30, Principal Interest		Total		
2024	\$	102,083	\$ 95,660	\$	197,743		
2025		103,583	91,577		195,160		
2026		110,417	87,433		197,850		
2027		115,417	83,017		198,434		
2028		120,417	78,400		198,817		
2029–2033		672,083	316,367		988,450		
2034–2038		812,500	171,100		983,600		
2039–2040		355,000	 21,167		376,167		
Total	\$	2,391,500	\$ 944,721	\$	3,336,221		

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Cumulative maturities for all bonds and other financing arrangements, excluding premiums, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$ 1,256,87	'5 <b>\$</b>	594,078	\$	1,850,953
2025	1,308,02	23	540,489		1,848,512
2026	1,370,66	50	480,278		1,850,938
2027	1,431,59	06	418,735		1,850,331
2028	1,498,19	7	352,268		1,850,465
Thereafter	7,328,50	)4	1,046,503		8,375,007
Total	\$ 14,193,85	<u>\$</u>	3,432,351	\$	17,626,206

### Leases Payable

The University as a lessee has entered into lease agreements involving laundry machines, copiers, mail meters, and sorters. A summary of the University's lease terms and interest rates is as follows:

- Annual installments ranging from \$138 to \$18,480
- Imputed interest rates ranging from 0.6% to 2.4%
- Due dates ranging from July 2023 through August 2030

The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$384,978.

Some leases require variable payments based on usage of the underlying asset and are not included in the measurement of the lease liability. Those variable payments are recognized as outflows of resources in the periods in which the obligation for those payments is incurred.

Future annual lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	113,725	\$	4,648	\$	118,373
2025		78,482		3,417		81,899
2026		60,917		2,358		63,275
2027		55,829		1,349		57,178
2028		36,253		439		36,692
2029–2031		39,772		269		40,041
Total	\$	384,978	\$	12,480	\$	397,458

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Note 7: Pension Plans

The University's academic and nonacademic personnel are covered by various retirement plans depending on job classification. The plans available to University personnel include:

### Name of Plan/System

### Type of Plan

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System
Cameron University Defined Contribution Plan
Supplemental Retirement Annuity (Plan 1)
Cameron University President's Retirement Plan (Plan 2)

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Defined Contribution Plan Defined Benefit Plan Defined Benefit Plan

### Summary of Net Pension Obligation

		Net Pension Obligation		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Expense	
Supplemental retirement plan – Plan 1	\$	1,367,179	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(5,893)	
Supplemental retirement plan – Plan 2		990,853		178,133		92,022		332,357	
OTRS net pension obligation		29,666,729		7,558,424		4,137,415		782,548	
Total	\$	32,024,761	\$	7,736,557	\$	4,229,437	\$	1,109,012	

### Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

### **Plan Description**

The University participates in OTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system that is self-administered. OTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State of Oklahoma. Title 70 of the Oklahoma State Statutes assigns the authority for management and operation of OTRS to the Board of Regents of the System. OTRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that can be obtained at ok.gov/TRS/.

#### **Benefits Provided**

OTRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon the death of eligible members. Title 70 O.S. Sec. 17-105 defines all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature.

#### Benefit provisions include:

Members become 100% vested in retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited Oklahoma service. Members who joined OTRS on June 30, 1992 or prior are eligible to retire at

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

maximum benefits when age and years of creditable service total 80. Members joining OTRS after June 30, 1992 are eligible for maximum benefits when their age and years of creditable service total 90. Members whose age and service do not equal the eligible limit may receive reduced benefits as early as age 55, and at age 62 receive unreduced benefits based on their years of service. The maximum retirement benefit is equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

Final compensation for members who joined OTRS prior to July 1, 1992 is defined as the average salary for the three highest years of compensation. Final compensation for members joining OTRS after June 30, 1992 is defined as the average of the highest five consecutive years of annual compensation in which contributions have been made. The final average compensation is limited for service credit accumulated prior to July 1, 1995 to \$40,000 or \$25,000, depending on the member's election. Monthly benefits are 1/12 of this amount. Service credits accumulated after June 30, 1995 are calculated based on each member's final average compensation except for certain employees of the two comprehensive universities. Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100% of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member may elect to receive, in lieu of the aforementioned benefits, the retirement benefit the member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.

Upon the death of a retired member, OTRS will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.

A member is eligible for disability benefits after 10 years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of final average compensation for the applicable years of credited service.

Upon separation from OTRS, members' contributions are refundable with interest based on certain restrictions provided in the plan or by the IRC.

Members may elect to make additional contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under Code Section 403(b).

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of OTRS are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation. The University pays the employee contributions as a pre-tax benefit to the employees. The University's contribution rate is 8.55% for the year ended June 30, 2023. The University's contributions to OTRS in 2023, including both the employer share and the employee share, were approximately \$3,200,000, equal to the required contributions. In addition, the State of Oklahoma also contributed 5% of state revenues from sales, use, and individual income taxes to OTRS. The amounts contributed on behalf of the University and recognized in the University's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as both revenues and compensation and employee benefit expense in 2023 were \$1,534,068. These on-behalf payments do not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the University reported a liability of \$29,666,729 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the University's contributions to OTRS relative to total contributions to OTRS by all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the University's proportion was 0.3614%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the University recognized pension expense of \$782,548.

At June 30, 2023, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	950,385	\$	371,100	
Changes of assumptions		2,001,665		-	
Net difference between projected and actual investments		2,824,278		-	
Changes in the University's proportionate share		-		3,649,632	
Differences between University contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		9,565		116,683	
University contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		1,772,531		_	
Total	\$	7,558,424	\$	4,137,415	

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$1,772,531 resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

D - f - .... - .

Year Ending June 30	Deterred (Inflows) Outflows , of Resources
2024	\$ 166,131
2025	360,754
2026	(938,574)
2027	2,133,348
2028	(73,181)
Total	\$ 1,648,478

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Inflation -2.25%
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of Living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender.
   Adopted by the board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	38.3%	4.9%
International equity	16.7%	5.5%
Fixed income	22.0%	1.3%
Real estate**	10.0%	3.5%
Private equity	8.0%	7.6%
Private debt	5.0%	4.6%
Total	100.0%	

<sup>\*\*</sup>The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and U.S. Value added Real Estate (unleveraged)

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if OTRS calculated the total pension liability using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount			
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
Net pension liability	\$ 41,770,933	\$ 29,666,729	\$ 19,715,653		

#### Cameron University Defined Contribution Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The plan is a Section 401(a) defined contribution plan that became effective January 1, 2015 for certain FLSA nonexempt employees. The purpose of the plan is to provide retirement benefits for the participants and to distribute the funds accumulated to the participants or the eligible beneficiaries. All nonexempt employees hired after the effective date are allowed a one-time election between participation in OTRS or the defined contribution plan.

#### **Funding Policy**

The required contribution rate is 9.0% of pensionable compensation. The University contributes the required amounts for participating members. The University's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$179,000.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Supplemental Retirement Annuity - Plan 1

#### **Plan Description**

The University maintains a supplemental retirement plan (Plan 1) for certain retired employees. The plan is, in substance, a single-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the University. Plan 1 has two participants, all of whom are retired and currently receiving benefits. Plan 1 guarantees the participants a level of retirement benefits when considering Social Security, OTRS, and other retirement assets. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The plan does not issue a separate financial report, nor is it included in the financial report of another entity.

#### **Funding Policy**

The University has been funding the benefits of Plan 1 on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Benefits are not distributed to the participants until their retirement. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the University contributed and paid benefits of \$121,097 under Plan 1. The University does not have assets in trust for this plan.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Discount Rate 3.86% per year
- Mortality Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2021
- Rate of Inflation 2.00%
- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability**

Components of the University's total pension liability for Plan 1 for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 1,494,169		
Changes for the year			
Interest on the total pension liability	52,901		
Difference between expected and actual experience	(42,524)		
Change in assumption	(16,270)		
Benefit payments	(121,097)		
Net changes	(126,990)		
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 1,367,179		

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

The discount rate for unfunded plans is to be based on a 20-year municipal bond rate as of the valuation date. As of July 1, 2022, the rate was 3.69% and as of July 1, 2023, the rate had increased to 3.86%.

The mortality table was changed from the Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2020 to the Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2021. The Pub-2010 is the most recent table released by the Society of Actuaries.

#### **Pension Expense**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the University recognized a negative pension expense of \$5,893.

#### Sensitivity of Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 3.86%, as well as what the University's pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.86%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.86%)	Rate (3.86%)	1% Increase (4.86%)	
Total pension liability	\$ 1,467,674	\$ 1,367,179	\$ 1,277,599	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Cameron University President's Retirement Plan - Plan 2

#### **Plan Description**

The University maintains a supplemental retirement plan (Plan 2) for a retired University President. The plan is, in substance, a single-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the University. Plan 2 has one participant, who is retired and currently receiving benefits. Plan 2 guarantees the participant a level of retirement benefits when considering social security, OTRS, and other retirement assets. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The plan does not issue a separate financial report, nor is it included in the financial report of another entity. These assets are accumulated in a trust.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan that may provide a University benefit for the life of the participant. The retirement benefit that is to be provided to the participant will be a guaranteed amount equal to the participant's average compensation, as defined in the plan document, when considering the OTRS benefit and other benefits.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions required to fund the cost of the pension and other benefits provided by Plan 2 shall be made solely by the University. The University shall contribute to Plan 2 in such amounts and at such times as the University shall determine, acting under the advice of the actuary for Plan 2. Actual payments of contributions may be made at any time permitted by law or regulation.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the University reported a liability of \$990,853 related to Plan 2. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the University recognized a pension expense of \$332,357. At June 30, 2023, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 178,133	\$ (92,022)	
Total	\$ 178,133	\$ (92,022)	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Deferi (Inflows) O Year Ending June 30, of Reso	
2024		\$	16,188
2025			13,102
2026			57,586
2027			(765)
Total		\$	86,111

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed
- Remaining amortization period 1 Year
- Asset Method Market Value of Assets
- Inflation -2.5%
- Salary Increases Not applicable
- Discount Rate and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 6.00%
- Mortality Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2021
- Retirement Age Not Applicable

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions, if any, will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are 7.77% with 20.0% of assets being invested in equities, 5.0% with 54.7% of assets being invested in bonds, 2.47% with 3.3% of assets being invested in short-term debt, and 9.8% with 22.0% of assets being invested in international equities.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease Rate (5.00%) (6.00%)		1% Increase (7.00%)	
Net pension liability	\$ 1,176,315	\$ 990,853	\$ 828,969	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

# Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability, Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and Net Pension Liability

The following table presents the changes in total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position, and net pension liability of the University for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,923,616	\$ 1,242,917	\$ 680,699
Changes for the year Interest on the total pension liability	110,885	-	110,885
Difference between expected and actual experience  Net investment income  Benefit payments	273,132 (151,065)	73,863 (151,065)	273,132 (73,863)
Net changes	232,952	(77,202)	310,154
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,156,568	\$ 1,165,715	\$ 990,853

#### Note 8: Other Postemployment Insurance Benefits

#### Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

#### **Plan Description**

The University's defined benefit OPEB plan, OTRS, provides OPEB for all Oklahoma teachers and other certified employees of common schools, faculty and administrators in public colleges and universities, and administrative personnel of state educational boards and employees of agencies. OTRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system that is self-administered. OTRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that can be obtained at ok.gov/TRS/.

#### **Benefits Provided**

OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer-provided health insurance upon retirement. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month provided the member has 10 years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement. At June 30, 2023, there were 134 retirees covered by the benefit terms.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of OTRS are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7.0% of their annual compensation. The University pays the employee contributions as a pre-tax benefit to the employees. The University's contribution rate is 8.55% for the year ended June 30, 2023. From these combined amounts, OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program; however, statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 0.12% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation. Contributions measured as of June 30, 2023 allocated to the OPEB plan from the University were \$19,878.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability (asset) in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.25%
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender.
   Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	38.3%	4.9%
International equity	16.7%	5.5%
Fixed income	22.0%	1.3%
Real estate**	10.0%	3.5%
Private equity	8.0%	7.6%
Private debt	5.0%	4.6%
Total	100.0%	

<sup>\*\*</sup>The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and U.S. Value-Added Real Estate (unleveraged).

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS, which can be located at www.ok.gov/OTRS.

# **OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

At June 30, 2023, the University reported an asset of \$169,202 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The University's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the University's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the University's

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

proportion was 0.3868%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the University recognized OPEB negative expense of \$12,151.

At June 30, 2023, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	56,324	
Changes of assumptions		51,024		_	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB					
plan investments		70,745		-	
Differences between University contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		10,454		-	
Contributions during the measurement date		18,840		13,503	
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19,878	-		
Total	\$	170,941	\$	69,827	

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$19,878 resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	Year Ending June 30,		eferred rs) Outflows esources
2024		\$	11,710
2025			9,698
2026			(9,644)
2027			67,751
2028			1,248
Thereafter			473
Total		_\$	81,236

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the University, as well as what the University's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate of 7.00%:

			Current Discount		
	 1% Decrease Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)			1% Increase (8.00%)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 7,050	\$	(169,202)	\$	(318,453)

#### University-Provided Life Insurance

The University provides for the payment of premiums for a \$4,000 life insurance policy to all eligible individuals retiring from employment. To be eligible, the individuals need only have completed the requirements to retire from the University provided in the employee handbook. The University funds the payments out of current operations and does not prefund the expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of expense to the University was approximately \$6,500.

Additionally, the University offers life insurance for all current employees in an amount equal to twice the employee's current salary. The University has ceded all claims exceeding \$75,000 to an insurance company via the purchase of a group life insurance policy. As the employees have no vested benefit in this program and the program can be discontinued at the discretion of the University, the University has not recorded a liability in connection with any future benefit payments.

At June 30, 2023, the University had approximately \$2,260,000 of rate stabilization reserves with the administrator of the programs discussed above. The rate stabilization reserves are available upon request of the University and are reflected as prepaid expenses and other assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

#### Note 9: Funds Held in Trust by Others

#### Beneficial Interest in State School Land Funds

The University has a beneficial interest in the Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions and the New College Fund administered by the Commissioners of the Land Office as trustees for the various educational institutions entitled thereto. The University has the right to receive annually 3.7% of the distributions of income produced by the Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions assets and 100% of the distributions of income produced by the University's New College Fund. The University received approximately \$1,103,000 during the year ended June 30, 2023, which is restricted to the construction or acquisition of buildings,

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

equipment, or other capital items. These amounts are recorded as state appropriations restricted for capital purposes in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. State law prohibits the distribution of any corpus of these funds to the beneficiaries.

The total trust reserve for the University, held in trust by the Commissioners of the Land Office, was approximately \$22,200,000 at June 30, 2023.

#### Oklahoma State Regents Endowment Trust Fund

In connection with the Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Program (the Endowment Program), the State of Oklahoma has matched contributions received under the Endowment Program. The state match amounts plus retained accumulated earnings totaled approximately \$9,000,000 at June 30, 2023 and are invested by the State Regents on behalf of the University. The University is entitled to receive an annual distribution of earnings of 4.5% of the market value at year-end on these funds. Legal title of these endowment funds is retained by the State Regents; only the funds available for distribution, or approximately \$601,000 at June 30, 2023, have been reflected as assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

#### Note 10: Related-Party Transactions

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a tax-exempt organization whose objective is the betterment of the University and its related activities. The University is the ultimate beneficiary of the Foundation. The University has an agreement with the Foundation whereby the University will also provide certain administrative services for the benefit of the Foundation.

The following transactions occurred between the University and the Foundation during the year ended June 30, 2023:

Scholarship funds awarded to the University	\$	390,048
Payment of services by the Foundation for the benefit of the University	\$	1,088,613
Administrative services provided by the University for the benefit of the Foundation	¢	279 700
of the Foundation	<u> </u>	378,700

The Foundation provides scholarship awards to University students and also supports the University through payment of certain supplies, materials, and services.

#### Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

The University is party to litigation and claims arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, resulting from such litigation and claims will not be material to the University.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The University conducts certain programs pursuant to various grants and contracts, which are subject to audit by various federal and state agencies. Costs questioned as a result of audits, if any, may result in refunds to these governmental agencies from various sources of the University.

#### Note 12: Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruptions; errors and omission; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, life, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than torts, property, and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The University, along with other state agencies and political subdivisions, participates in the State of Oklahoma Risk Management Program public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The University pays annual premiums to the pool for its worker's compensation, tort, property, and liability insurance coverage. The Oklahoma Risk Management Program pool's governing agreement specifies that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop-loss amounts.

#### Note 13: Cameron University Foundation, Inc.

#### Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Operations**

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization whose mission and principal activities are to promote the educational and cultural interest of the University, a public institution of higher education. The Foundation's revenues and other support are derived principally from contributions and its activities are conducted in the southwestern Oklahoma area.

Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, substantially all of the Foundation's resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the University. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

#### **Cash Equivalents**

The Foundation considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market and cash in banks.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Contributions**

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted contributions when they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When the intent of the donor is that the assets are to remain in perpetuity and the Foundation does not have the right to invade the original principal, the assets are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. When the donor restrictions expire, such as when the Foundation expends the funds in accordance with the donor's wishes, restricted net assets are released to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### **Promises to Give**

Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenues or gains in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses, depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give are recognized only when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met and the promises become unconditional.

#### Credit Risk

The Foundation maintains cash balances at a financial institution located in Oklahoma. From time to time, the account balance may exceed the limits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Management does not consider this to be an unreasonable risk of loss.

#### **Real Property**

Real property consists primarily of land and farm property donated to the Foundation. Management has made attempts to revalue portions of the real property assets at subsequent dates. The Foundation's management is of the opinion that revaluation of all the real property would not have a significant impact on the Foundation's statements of financial position or changes in net assets.

#### **Assets Held for Sale**

The Foundation received contributed properties during the year ended June 30, 2023 that totaled \$112,897. The assets held for sale as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$280,682. The Foundation recorded these in-kind contributions as assets held for sale. The Foundation intends to sell these properties as soon as possible.

#### **Marketable Securities**

Marketable securities are stated at fair value. Fair values are generally determined based upon quoted market prices. Realized gains and losses on sales of marketable securities are computed on the first-in, first-out basis.

The Foundation utilizes various investment instruments. Marketable securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of marketable securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position. Significant fluctuations in fair

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

values could occur from year to year and the amounts the Foundation will ultimately realize could differ materially.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Foundation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and a similar provision of state law and is classified as a public charity under Section 509(A)(3). However, the Foundation is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation maintains several bank accounts. The table below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the Foundation based upon how its deposits were insured at June 30, 2023. FDIC regulations state time and savings accounts are insured up to a \$250,000 maximum.

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Foundation or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Foundation's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized.

Types of Deposits	_	otal Bank Balance	ustody tegory 1)	t Risk gory 2)	_	sured gory 3)
Demand deposits BancFirst	\$	238,442	\$ 238,442	\$ 	\$	
Totals	\$	238,442	\$ 238,442	\$ 	\$	

#### Investments

Investments are held for the production of income and consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Investments	Cost	Fair Value
Equities	\$ 16,922,815	\$ 18,427,080
Fixed income	10,407,179	10,175,463
Cash and cash equivalents	2,239,418	2,239,418
Real estate investment trust	41,120	31,915
Certificate of deposit	100,000	100,000
	\$ 29,710,532	\$ 30,973,876

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Total investment return is comprised of the following for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Interest and dividend income, net of investment expenses	\$ 2,091,469
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(3,480,312)
Realized gain (loss) on investments	 3,397,245
	\$ 2.008.402

#### Cameron Investment Program

Investments are held for the production of income and consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Fixed income	\$ 1,116,553
Cash and cash equivalents	 129,991
Total Cameron Investment Program	\$ 1,246,544

All investments serve as collateral for the note payable as described below.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation uses quoted market prices to determine the fair value of an asset or liability when available. If quoted market prices are not available, the Foundation determines fair value using valuation techniques that use market-based or independently sourced market data, such as interest rates.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities in the financial statements:

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** – The carrying amount approximates the fair value due to the short maturity of such amounts.

Investments – Investments in cash and cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, and mutual funds are stated at market value based on quoted market prices. Investments, common trust funds, certificates of deposit, government agency bonds, and mortgage-backed securities are stated at market price as determined by the fund manager or quoted market prices in nonactive markets. Other investments are stated at fair value based upon current market conditions and other factors deemed relevant to the valuation as provided by the independent valuation specialist and or Foundation management.

**Cameron Investment Program** – Investments in cash, accrued interest, and corporate bonds are stated at market value based on quoted market prices.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than the Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market date for substantially the full term of the asset or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair market value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 18,427,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,427,080
Fixed income	-	11,292,016	-	11,292,016
Cash and cash equivalents	2,369,409	-	-	2,369,409
Real estate investment trust	31,915	-	-	31,915
Certificate of deposit		100,000		100,000
	\$ 20,828,404	\$ 11,392,016	\$ -	\$ 32,220,420

The following is a description of methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

#### **Investments**

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, investments are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investments include equity securities, mutual funds, and money market funds. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 investments include equity securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows, corporate and other bonds, U.S. government securities, marketable alternative assets, inflation hedging, and opportunistic and other investments. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, investments are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy and include corporate and other bonds and marketable and nonmarketable alternative assets.

#### Real Property

Real property consists of land and farm property donated to the Foundation and is held for the production of income. Real property with a carrying amount of \$235,000 at June 30, 2023 is part

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

of restricted – expendable net position. Real property with a carrying value of \$3,000 at June 30, 2023 is part of unrestricted net position.

#### Notes Payable

In November 2022, the Foundation entered into a non-recourse agreement with a bank whereby the bank loaned the Foundation \$1,000,000 for the purpose of allowing the University's graduate investment class to manage an active bond portfolio (see Cameron Investment Portfolio note). This non-recourse note had an original maturity date of June 30, 2002 but has been renewed annually with a current maturity date of November 30, 2023. Interest accrues on this note at the 90-day U.S. Treasury bill rate on November 30, 2023 plus 1.0% (8.31% on June 30, 2023). The non-recourse note is secured by a first and prior security interest in Cameron's Investment Program fund. Income earned by the portfolio above the borrowing rate shall be donated to the Foundation for the purpose of sponsoring upper-level business majors in the pursuit of graduate degrees at the University. The balance on June 30, 2023 was \$199,964.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation paid \$2,038 for interest associated with this note payable.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets without donor restrictions consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Board-designated	
Foundation operations	\$ 266,150
General university support	33,000
Scholarships	150,000
Undesignated	 7,173,640
	_
	\$ 7,622,790

Net assets with donor restrictions subject to expenditures consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Endowed chairs and lectureships	\$ 5,385,038
Scholarships	2,327,079
Athletics support	277,424
General university support	3,209,115
	 _
	\$ 11,198,656

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Net assets not subject to appropriation or expenditures consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

\$ 6,349,504

1,418,937

193,243
175,215
481,200
\$ 13,961,840
at June 30, 2023:
\$ 254,475
323,224
56 250
56,250
Ĺ

#### **Endowments**

The Foundation endowments consist of approximately 246 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based upon the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

#### **Interpretation of Relevant Law**

Endowed chairs and lectureships

In accordance with the requirements of FAS 117-1, and the *Oklahoma Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (OUPMIFA), the Foundation will report the market value of an endowment as perpetual in nature. As a result, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted 1) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, 2) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the endowment, 3) all realized and unrealized gains and losses of the endowment, and 4) less any income distribution in accordance with the spending policy that will be classified as temporarily restricted.

In accordance with OUPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purpose of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. The investment policies of the Foundation

#### **Return Objectives and Risk Parameters**

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by the endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under this policy, as approved by the board of directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that generate a dependable, increasing source of income and appreciation while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The goal of the Foundation is to provide a consistent rate of return of 4% over the rate of inflation as measured by the national Consumer Price Index (CPI), on a fee-adjusted basis over a typical market cycle of no less than three years and no more than five years. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

#### **Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives**

To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives while reducing risk to acceptable levels.

#### Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution at the end of each year earnings in the form of dividends and interest that were earned during that year. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of 3% annually. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2023:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds Board-designated endowment funds	\$ - 449,150	\$ 25,160,496	\$ 25,160,496 449,150
	\$ 449,150	\$ 25,160,496	\$ 25,609,646

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Without Donor strictions	Vith Donor estrictions	Total			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 430,750	\$ 23,678,453	\$ 24,109,203			
Investment return	_	1,844,196	1,844,196			
Contributions	-	1,056,784	1,056,784			
Appropriations for expenditure	-	(1,418,937)	(1,418,937)			
Transfers	18,400	-	18,400			
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 449,150	\$ 25,160,496	\$ 25,609,646			

#### Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

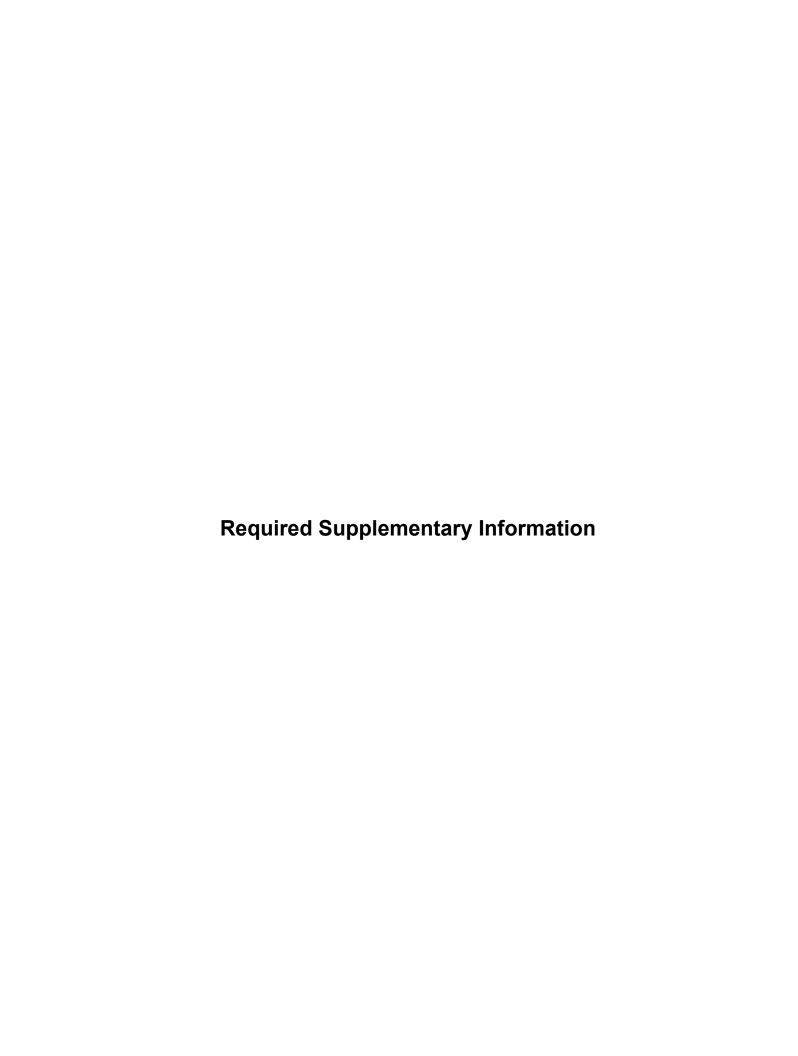
The Foundation manages its liquid resources by focusing on fundraising efforts to ensure that it has adequate contributions to cover the programs that are being conducted. The table below reflects the Foundation's financial assets as of June 30, 2023 expected to be available within one year to meet the cash needs for general expenditures.

Financial assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,434
Investments held for endowments	30,973,876
Accrued interest receivable	72,076
Cameron Investment Program	1,246,544
č	32,459,930
Less those unavailable for general expenditure within one year, due to Donor-imposed restrictions subject to expenditures	
Donor restriction for endowed chairs and lectureships	5,385,038
Donor restriction for scholarships	2,327,079
Donor restriction for athletics support	277,424
Donor restriction for general university support	3,209,116
Donor-imposed restrictions not subject to appropriation or expenditures	
Donor restriction for endowed chairs and lectureships	6,349,504
Donor restriction for scholarships	6,937,893
Donor restriction for athletics support	193,243
Donor restriction for general university support	481,199
Board designations	
Foundation operations	266,150
General university support	33,000
Scholarships	150,000
•	25,609,646
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general	
expenditures within one year	\$ 6,850,284

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Related Parties

Substantially all expenses are for the benefit of the students, faculty, or activities of the University. Transactions between the Foundation and the University are covered under a written agreement between the Foundation and the University. Under this agreement, the University agrees to provide certain administrative services to the Foundation in exchange for scholarships, endowments, grants, and payment of services for the benefit of the University. The Foundation has recorded in-kind contributions received from the University in the accompanying financial statements in the amount of \$378,700 for the year ended June 30, 2023.



# Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited) Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2023*	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
University's proportion of the net pension liability	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,666,729	\$ 19,762,334	\$ 38,387,019	\$ 27,422,638	\$ 28,891,382	\$ 33,844,429	\$ 45,773,344	\$ 36,072,547	\$ 32,936,521
University's covered payroll	\$ 21,513,626	\$ 22,036,655	\$ 20,368,440	\$ 20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900	\$ 21,628,553	\$ 24,095,854	\$ 25,550,629	\$ 25,739,234
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	137.9%	89.7%	188.5%	136.0%	144.2%	156.5%	190.0%	141.2%	128.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.1%	80.8%	63.5%	71.6%	72.7%	69.3%	62.2%	70.3%	72.4%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented are based on application of a look-back period for participation in OTRS.

#### Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

# Schedule of the University's Contributions (Unaudited) Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 1,772,531 \$	1,816,956	\$ 1,919,715 \$	1,923,331 \$	1,967,986	\$ 1,981,725	\$ 2,111,814 \$	2,331,395	\$ 2,472,233 \$	\$ 2,492,447
contribution	1,772,531	1,816,956	(1,919,715)	(1,923,331)	(1,967,986)	(1,981,725)	(2,111,814)	(2,331,395)	(2,472,233)	(2,492,447)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>s - s</u>	- \$	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>s - s</u>	-
University's covered payroll	\$ 20,143,064 \$	\$ 21,513,626	\$ 22,036,661 \$	20,368,440 \$	20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900	\$ 21,628,553 \$	24,095,854	\$ 25,550,629 \$	5 25,739,234
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.80%	8.45%	8.71%	9.44%	9.76%	9.89%	9.76%	9.68%	9.68%	9.68%

# Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited) President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2

#### **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	2023	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 110,885 273,132 (151,065)	\$ 108,573 70,115 6,677 (142,595)	\$ 109,593 29,121 (15,933) (136,986)	\$	100,817 30,504 149,436 (131,986)	\$	104,950 24,285 (68,630) (126,987)	\$ 103,624 40,303 2,650 (121,986)	\$	94,639 171,961 2,571 (116,841)	\$ 101,019 (99,500) 2,760 (104,388)	\$ 99,303 34,301 - (105,617)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	232,952	42,770	(14,205)		148,771		(66,382)	24,591		152,330	(100,109)	27,987
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	1,923,616	1,880,846	1,895,051	_	1,746,280	_	1,812,662	1,788,071	_	1,635,741	1,735,850	1,707,863
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$ 2,156,568	\$ 1,923,616	\$ 1,880,846	\$	1,895,051	\$	1,746,280	\$ 1,812,662	\$	1,788,071	\$ 1,635,741	\$ 1,735,850
Plan Fiduciary Net Position  Net investment income  Benefit payments  Administrative expense	73,863 (151,065)	(200,754) (142,595) (3,000)	 303,833 (136,986) (6,000)		70,202 (131,986) (6,440)		77,956 (126,987) (6,050)	117,251 (121,986) (5,500)		181,625 (116,841)	 (44,501) (104,388)	94,843 (105,617)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(77,202)	(346,349)	160,847		(68,224)		(55,081)	(10,235)		64,784	(148,889)	(10,774)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	1,242,917	 1,589,266	 1,428,419		1,496,643		1,551,724	 1,561,959	_	1,497,175	 1,646,064	1,656,838
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$ 1,165,715	\$ 1,242,917	\$ 1,589,266	\$	1,428,419	\$	1,496,643	\$ 1,551,724	\$	1,561,959	\$ 1,497,175	\$ 1,646,064
Net Pension Liability – Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 990,853	\$ 680,699	\$ 291,580	\$	466,632	\$	249,637	\$ 260,938	\$	226,112	\$ 138,566	\$ 89,786
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll	\$ 54.1%	\$ 64.6%	\$ 84.5%	\$	75.4% -	\$	85.7% -	\$ 85.6%	\$	87.4% -	\$ 91.5%	\$ 94.8% -
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited) President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 727,901	\$ 347,275	\$ 501,456	\$ 284,246	\$ 276,594	\$ 239,679	\$ 177,063	\$ 109,470	\$ 75,524	\$ 193,534
contribution	 _	 	 	 _	 	 -	 	 _	 	 (25,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 727,901	\$ 347,275	\$ 501,456	\$ 284,246	\$ 276,594	\$ 239,679	\$ 177,063	\$ 109,470	\$ 75,524	\$ 168,534
University's covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset (Unaudited) OTRS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	 2018
University's proportion of the net OPEB asset		0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	(169,202)	\$ (492,695)	\$ 40,069	\$ 256,212	\$ 308,915	\$ 227,940
University's covered payroll	\$	21,513,626	\$ 22,036,655	\$ 20,368,400	\$ 20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900	\$ 21,628,553
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		-0.8%	-2.2%	0.2%	1.3%	1.5%	1.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset		110.3%	129.9%	102.3%	115.1%	115.4%	110.4%

#### Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

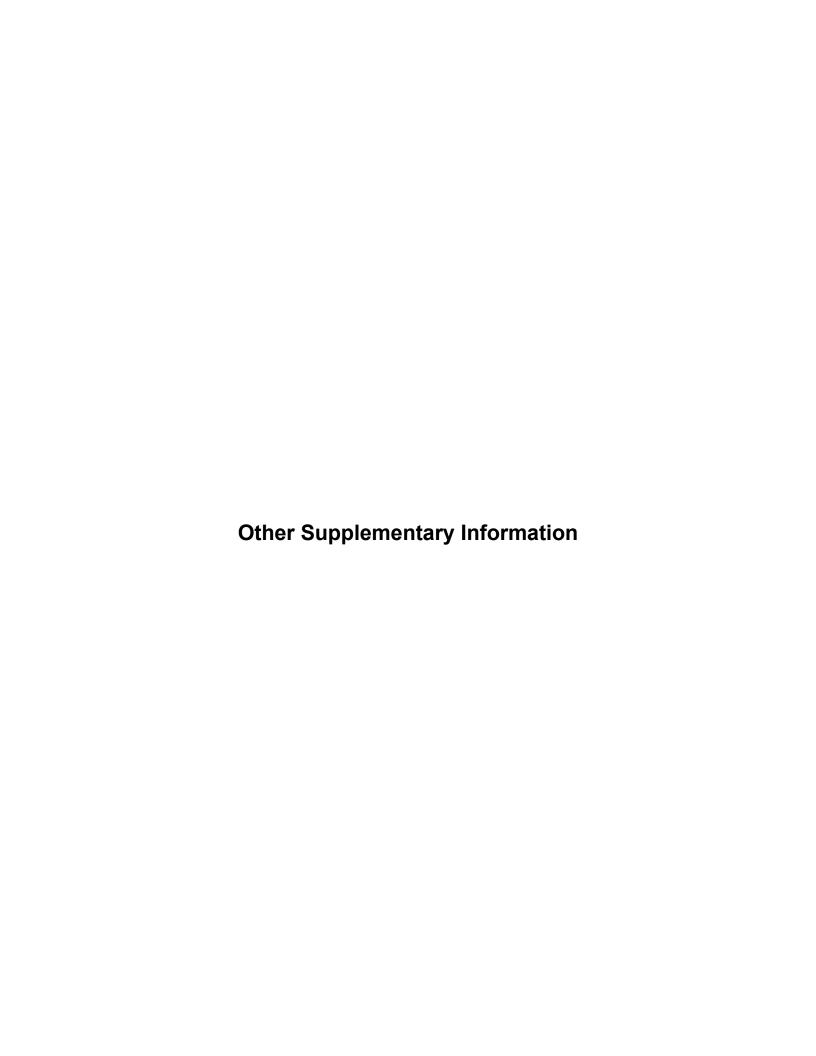
# Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited) OTRS OPEB

#### **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

	 2023		2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 19,878	\$	22,459	\$ 3,161	\$	3,706	\$ 13,922	\$ 33,292
contribution	 (19,878)	_	(22,459)	 (3,161)	_	(3,706)	 (13,922)	(33,292)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,143,064	\$	21,513,626	\$ 22,036,661	\$	20,368,440	\$ 20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.09%		0.10%	0.01%		0.02%	0.07%	0.17%

#### Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.



### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PROGRAMS			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster			
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	None	\$ 162.061
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	None	196,654
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	None	6,761,040
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	None	8,723,389
TEACH Grant	84.379	None	40,079
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			15,883,223
TRIO Program Cluster			
TRIO – Upward Bound	84.047A	None	404,795
TRIO – Student Support Services	84.042A	None	465,789
TRIO – Talent Search Grant	84.044A	None	424,724
Total TRIO Program Cluster			1,295,308
COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund			
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - Institutional Portion	84.425F	None	2,943,507
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - Strengthening Institutions	84.425M	None	774,818
COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund – IREPO	84.425P	None	950,054
Total COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund			4,668,379
Title III			
Higher Education Institutional Aid	84.031A	None	448,947
Total Title III			448,947
Total U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs			22,295,857
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM FROM			
Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education	0.4.0.40		
Carl Perkins - Career and Technology Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	73-6017987	64,101
Total U.S. Department of Education			22,359,958
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM FROM			
Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma - Centers for Academic			
Excellence	12.598	73-1377584	16,714
Total Department of Defense			16,714
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM FROM			
Rural Utilities Service – Distance Learning and Telemedicine Loans and Grants	10.855	None	99,966
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			99,966

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS SPACE ADMINISTRATION PASS-THROUGH			
PROGRAM FROM			
Oklahoma State University - Office of Stem Engagement	43.008	73-1383996	\$ 38,602
Total National Aeronautics Space Administration			38,602
NATIONAL CENTER FOR RESEARCH RESOURCES PASS-THROUGH			
PROGRAMS FROM			
University of Oklahoma – OK IDeA – Biomedical Research and Research			
Training	93.859	73-1563627	3,252
<b>Total National Center for Research Resources</b>			3,252
Research and Development Cluster			
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION PASS-THROUGH PROGRAMS FROM			
Oklahoma State University - Oklahoma Lewis Stokes Alliance for Minority			
Participants – STEM Education (formerly Education and Human Resources)	47.076	73-1383996	17,904
Oklahoma EPSCoR - English and Applied Math Summer Academy -			
Integrative Activities	47.083	73-6017987	5,381
<b>Total National Science Foundation</b>			23,285
Total Research and Development Cluster			23,285
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 22,541,777

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Cameron University (the University) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the University.

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other regulatory requirements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The University has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the University did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients.



110 N. Elgin Avenue, Suite 400 / Tulsa, OK 74120 P 918.584.2900 / F 918.584.2931 forvis.com

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Cameron University (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2023, which contained an "Emphasis of Matter" paragraph regarding the reporting entity. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), as described in our report on the University's financial statements. The financial statements of the Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance or other matters associated with the Foundation or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the Foundation.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any



Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University

deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 30, 2023



110 N. Elgin Avenue, Suite 400 / Tulsa, OK 74120 **P** 918.584.2900 / **F** 918.584.2931 **forvis.com** 

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cameron University's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The University's major federal programs are identified in the "Summary of Auditor's Results" section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the University's federal programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
  the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University

identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 30, 2023

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1.	Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial s accordance with GAAP:	statements audited were	e prepared in
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse	Disclaimer	
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	None reported
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	⊠ No
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	Yes	⊠ No
Fede	ral Awards		
4.	Internal control over major federal awards programs:		
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	None reported
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	⊠ No
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major fe	ederal awards program	s:
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse	Disclaimer	
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	ed by	⊠ No
7.	Identification of major federal awards programs:		
L	istance sting nber(s)	gram or Cluster	
	arious Student Financial Assistance Cluster 4.425 COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund		
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and	Гуре В programs: \$75	0,000.
9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes	☐ No

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

### **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

Reference Number	Finding	
	No matters are reportable.	
Section III – Fe	deral Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
Reference		
Number	Finding	

No matters are reportable.

## Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reference		
Number	Summary of Finding	Status

No matters are reportable.