ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2
PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
JULY 1, 2015 TO JUNE 30, 2016

AUDITED BY KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2016

Board of Education

President

Orda Selph

Vice-President

Jim Ramsey

Clerk

Roger Shaver

Member

Dondi Pratt

Member

Dave McWilliams (resigned 6, 2016)

Superintendent of Schools

Rodney Karch

School District Treasurer

Donna Scrivner, County Treasurer

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2016

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KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Board of Education Canadian School District No. I-2 Pittsburg County, Oklahoma

Report on Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amount and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 (C) to the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 (C) and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraphs, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2016, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2016, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in the Note 1 (C).

Other Matters Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements-regulatory basis, and other schedules as listed in the table of contents, under supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements of the District. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements-regulatory basis, and other schedules as listed in the table of contents, under supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the combined financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements, and other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 (C).

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated March 1, 2017, on my consideration of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma's, internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 1, 2017

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2
COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES
ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2016

	9	Governmental Fund Types	ypes	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	(Memorandum Only)
	General	Special	Debt Service	Trust and Agency	General Long-term Debt	June 30, 2016
ASSETS Cash	\$ 1,114,099.99	\$ 268,842.73	\$ 28,971.51	\$ 63,240.22	. ↔	\$ 1,475,154.45
Investments Amounts available in debt service fund	1 1	1 1		1 1	28,971.51	28,971.51
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt	1	1	1	1	179,407.49	179,407.49
Total assets	\$ 1,114,099.99	\$ 268,842.73	\$ 28,971.51	\$ 63,240.22	\$ 208,379.00	\$ 1,683,533.45

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213,575.89 70,475.09	18,379.00	492,429.98	28,971.51 1,162,131.96	1,191,103.47	
⇔		8	↔ ←	& & 	
1 1	18,379.00	208,379.00	1 1 1	208,379.00	
∨		↔	↔	ь Э	1
3,726.84	1 1 t	3,726.84	- 59,513.38	59,513.38 63,240.22	
↔		↔	⇔	69 69	
1 1	1 1 1	1	28,971.51	28,971.51	
↔		€	₩	<i></i>	
530.44	1 1	39,266.27	229,576.46	229,576.46	
↔		↔	₩	& &	11
209,318.61 31,739.26	1 1 1	241,057.87	873,042.12	\$ 873,042.12	
↔		↔	↔	6 69	 -
Liabilities: Outstanding warrants Encumbrances	Long-term debt: Capitalized lease obligations payable Bonds payable Interest payable	Total liabilities	Fund Balances Designated for capital projects Designated for debt service Cash fund balances	Total fund balances	ו סומו וומסוווונכן מוומ ומווג ממומוססס

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2

			0.00	Sovernmental Land Types	2		-	
		General	Speci	Special Revenue	l	Debt Service		June 30, 2016
Revenues collected:								
Local sources	€ 7	1,247,259.66	69	163,462.32	€9	63,175.07	↔	1,473,897.05
Intermediate sources		97,604.37		1		1		97,604.37
State sources		1,831,440.02		ı		ı		1,831,440.02
Federal sources		758,722.09		1		1		758,722.09
Non-revenue receipt	1	ı		1		,	1	1
Total revenues collected	₩	3,935,026.14	ь	163,462.32	↔	63,175.07	₩	4,161,663.53
Expenditures paid:								
Instruction	69	2,362,845.89	€	,	↔	1	↔	2,362,845.89
Support services		1,251,498.70		131,025.83		1		1,382,524.53
Non-instructional services		324,879.79		575.00		1		325,454.79
Capital outlay		1		36,668.26		•		36,668.26
Other outlays		38,092.26		•		1		38,092.26
Other uses		1		1		İ		•
Repayments		1		•		1		1
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		ı				00'000'09		00.000,09
Interest		ı				9,491.00		9,491.00
Total expenditures paid	∀	3,977,316.64	€	168,269.09	↔	69,491.00	69	4,215,076.73
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to								
prior year encumbrances	<i>β</i>	(42,290.50)	€	(4,806.77)	↔	(6,315.93)	69	(53,413.20)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	₩	1,034.28	€	1	€		€	1,034.28
Other financing sources (uses):								
Bond sale proceeds	↔	1	₩	,	↔		↔	1
Operating transfers in/(out)		1		•		1		
Bank charges	-	1		-	I	1	l	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	₩	•	\$		↔	1	₩	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenue collected over (under) expenditures paid and other								
financing sources (uses)	φ	(41,256.22)	€	(4,806.77)	↔	(6,315.93)	€	(52,378.92)
Fund balances, beginning of year	μ	914,298.34	\$	234,383.23	↔	35,287.44	€9	1,183,969.01
Eurol balances and of year	¥	873 042 12	€.	229 576 46	6	28.971.51	€.	1 131 590 09

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	1			General Fund			1		Spec	Special Revenue Fund	p	
	01	Original Budget	,	Final Budget	l	Actual	0	Original Budget	1	Final Budget		Actual
Revenues collected:												
Local sources	↔	1,071,884.15	↔	1,071,884.15	↔	1,247,259.66	€9	149,743.29	↔	149,743.29	↔	163,462.32
Intermediate sources		92,412.35		92,412.35		97,604.37		•		1		ı
State sources		1,856,765.41		1,856,765.41		1,831,440.02		1		ı		1
Federal sources		544,582.92		544,582.92		758,722.09		ı		1		Ì
Non-revenue receipt	'	,	١	1	١	,		1	1	•		•
Total revenues collected	₩	3,565,644.83	€	3,565,644.83	↔	3,935,026.14	↔	149,743.29	υ 69	149,743.29	€>	163,462.32
Expenditures paid:												
Instruction	↔	2,888,314.64	↔	2,888,314.64	69	2,362,845.89	€9	ı	↔	•	↔	1
Support services		1,241,080.19		1,241,080.19		1,251,498.70		346,883.26		346,883.26		131,025.83
Non-instructional services		316,583.83		316,583.83		324,879.79		575.00		575.00		575.00
Capital outlay		1		1		1		36,668.26		36,668.26		36,668.26
Other outlays		33,964.51		33,964.51		38,092.26		1		ı		i
Other Uses		1				1		1		1		ì
Repayment		1		•		1		1				ì
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		İ		1				•		•		ı
Interest	j	•		-	ı	1	-		ı	1	١	-
Total expenditures paid	↔	4,479,943.17	↔ '	4,479,943.17	₩	3,977,316.64	↔	384,126.52	ν •	384,126.52	₩	168,269.09
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior	¥	(914 298 34)	4	(914.298.34)	₩.	(42 290 50)	€.	(234 383 23)	€.	(234 383 23)	€.	(4 806 77)
year effective and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second a s	·	(+1.500.7)	· '	(11,500.01)	→	(12,20,00)	 	(504,000,50)	·	(52:000,103)	 	(1,000,1)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	⇔ '	1	⇔'		₩	1,034.28	₩		<i>↔</i>	1	₩	1
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/out Bank Charges	ι છ		↔ '	1 1	<i></i>		₩	r 1	∨		↔	' '
Total other financing sources (uses)	↔ '	1	↔'	1	↔	1	<i>\$</i>		↔		↔	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue collected over (under) expenditures paid and other												
financing sources (uses)	φ'	(914,298.34)	↔'	(914,298.34)	₩	(41,256.22)	₩	(234,383.23)	↔	(234,383.23)	↔	(4,806.77)
Fund balance, beginning of year	⇔ ′	914,298.34	φ'	914,298.34	↔	914,298.34	₩	234,383.23	↔ '	234,383.23	69	234,383.23
Fund balance, end of year	↔	1	⇔"	'	₩	873,042.12	ω	,	↔	,	₩	229,576.46

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Canadian School District No. I-2 (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. These statements present only the activities of the District.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The account groups are financial reporting devices designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded directly in the funds.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The District has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received, rather than earned. Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved, rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

with expendable, available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

General Fund — The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools, except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs. The District's cafeteria operations are reported as part of the general fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The special revenue funds are used for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for technology center property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for center facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a trust agreement, trust funds are used for their accounting and reporting. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund, which is used to account for monies, collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing, and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

<u>General Fixed Asset Account Group</u> – This account group is used to account for property, plant, and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its combined financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure when the obligation is paid.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to July 1 each year, the governing board of the school district prepares a verified application showing the needs of the school district and submits the application to the County Excise Board, who makes temporary appropriations for lawful current expenses of the school district. The temporary appropriations are merged with the annual appropriations when the annual budget for the school district is finally approved.

Prior to October 1 each year, the school Board of Education must make a financial statement, showing the true fiscal condition of the school as of the close of the previous fiscal year ended June 30, along with an itemized statement of estimated needs and probable income from all sources for the fiscal year.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the general fund and special revenue fund(s) of the school district.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Under Oklahoma Law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the general purpose financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made on the aggregation of this data.

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of currency and checks on hand and demand deposit accounts with banks and other financial institutions.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased, rather than when consumed.

Compensated Absences – Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. There are no amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources

No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive such pay benefits.

<u>Fixed Assets</u> – The District has not maintained a record of its general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Asset Account Group is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, and outstanding warrants.

F. Revenues, Expenses and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the school district, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the school board.

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The county assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of the tax is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following Oct. 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, such as a county or municipality, and redistributed to the school district.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenue from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided. These rules also require that the money not expended, as of the close of the fiscal year, be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the school district either as direct grants or under various programs passed-through the State Department of Education and other state agencies.

The Federal government also makes payments to school districts whose revenues are adversely affected by the presence of Federal activities. Although these payments are made in consideration of lost property tax revenue, the Oklahoma State Department of Education advocates classifying such amounts as revenue from Federal sources.

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistant of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators, and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures — Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures, and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

Budgetary Information

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all General and Special Revenue funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board, becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown included in supporting schedules.

2. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal or school district direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)

The District's investment policy instructs the treasurer to minimize risks by diversifying the investment portfolio; structuring investments so that securities mature in time to meet cash requirements; and by investing the full amount of all accounts of the District.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Deposits and Investments - The District's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party or Federal Reserve Bank. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depositing institution, but are pledged to the District. The security cannot be released, substituted, or sold without the School Treasurer's approval and release of the security.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2016, the District had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

The District's investments consist of direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies' securities.

Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the District has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

Credit Risk:

The District has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

At June 30, 2016, the District has no investments that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

3. General Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District includes bonds payable. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

General Long-Term Debt (continued)

A brief description of the outstanding general obligation bond issues at June 30, 2016, is set forth below:

	Amount Outstanding
School District No. I-2 Building Bonds, Series 2009, original issue \$550,000.00, average interest rate of 3.93%, first installment of \$60,000.00 due on May 1, 2013, and annual installments of \$60,000.00 due thereafter,	
final payment of \$70,000.00 due on May 1, 2019.	\$ 190,000.00
Total Bonds Outstanding	\$ 190,000.00

The annual debt service requirements for retirement of bond principal and payment of interest are as follows:

Year ending June 30, 2017 2018 2019	\$ Principal 60,000.00 60,000.00 70,000.00	\$ 7,390.00 5,140.00 2,800.00	\$ -	Total 67,390.00 65,140.00 72,800.00
Total	\$ 190,000.00	\$ 15,330.00	\$_	205,330.00

Interest expense incurred on general long-term debt during the current year totaled \$9,140.00.

The following schedule reflects future lease-purchase payments, by years, as of June 30, 2016 for one lease-purchase agreement in effect for a stock trailer:

Year ending June 30, 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ Principal 4,565.03 4,371.15 4,600.63 4,842.19	\$ Interest 531.35 725.23 495.75 254.21	\$ Total 5,096.38 5,096.38 5,096.38 5,096.40
Total	\$ 18,379.00	\$ 2,006.54	\$ 20,385.54

The lease payments are appropriated annually from school district funds. The above leases contain a clause that gives the district the ability to terminate the lease agreements at the end of each fiscal year. The District has recorded the liability for future lease payments in the General Long Term Debt Account Group.

The following schedule presents the changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year end June 30, 2016:

	-	Bonds Payable	 Leases Payable	_	Total
Balance, July 1, 2014	\$	250,000.00	\$ -	\$	250,000.00
Additions		-	18,379.00		18,379.00
Retirements		60,000.00	\$ -		60,000.00
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$	190,000.00	\$ 18,379.00	\$_	208,379.00

4. Employee Retirement System

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administrated Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma (the "system"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The supervising authority for the management and operation of the System is a 13-member Board of Trustees, which acts as a fiduciary for investment of the funds and the application of plan interpretations. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and other benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Oklahoma State Statutes establish benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The District has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the system nor has it any liability, except for contribution requirements. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements have also been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable. Administrative expenses are funded through investment earnings.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	 Dollars in Millions
Actuarial Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 22,193 14,578
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 7,615

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contribution for fiscal year 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$236,210.44, \$215,413.58 and \$232,947.53 respectively. The District's total payroll for fiscal year 2015-16 amounted to \$2,375,364.35.

5. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is contingently liable for lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized, and would not materially affect the financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Surety Bonds

The District has a Public Official Position Schedule Bond with Western Surety Company. The bond number is 69655246, and covers the positions listed below and covered fiscal year 2016.

Position	 Amount
Lunch & Activity Fund Custodian Lunch Fund Custodian Minutes and Encumbrance Clerk Co-Custodian of Activity & Lunchroom Fund	\$ 10,000.00 5,000.00 5,000.00 5,000.00

The treasurer is bonded by RLI Insurance Company Surety bond number LSM0297142, for the penal sum of \$75,000.00 for the term of July 5, 2015, to July 5, 2016.

The Superintendent is bonded by Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W150028275, for the penal sum of \$100,000.00 for the term of July 1, 2015, to July 1, 2016.

8. District Retirement Policy

The District has established retirement policies which includes a \$4,000.00 incentive for teacher's retiring in the district who have reached full-vested retirement in the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the 80 year rule or 90 year rule, or reach 62 years of age) and who have taught at least 12 years at Canadian Public Schools. If a teacher takes early retirement, they will not be eligible for the \$4,000.00 if they retire early by up to two years, however, they can receive \$2,000.00 if they have worked for Canadian schools for 15 years or more.

Additionally, the District's policy includes paying a teacher or support personnel, upon retirement, \$55.00/day for all unused sick leave up to 60 days of accumulation, or one month's salary, whichever is less.

The District's retirement policies are contingent upon its' general fund having enough funds to provide the services needed to operate the necessary school district programs as determined by the school superintendent and board of education.

No liability is reflected in the District's financial statements for the District's retirement policies.



CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

Building Fund

	\$ 268,842.73	\$ 268,842.73		\$ 530.44	38,735.83	\$ 39,266.27		\$ 223,570.40	\$ 229,576.46	\$ 268,842.73	
			<u> ALANCES:</u>)					alances	
. SEE SEE	Cash Investments	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	Liabilities: Outstanding warrants	Encumbrances	Total liabilities	Fund balances:	Cash fund balances	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances	

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGULATORY BASIS

0, 2016
DED JUNE 30
YEAR EN
FOR THE

	Building Fund
Revenues collected: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 163,462.32
I otal revenue collected Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Capital outlay Other outlays	
Other uses Repayments Debt service: Principal retirement	1 1 1 1
Total expenditures paid Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$ 168,269.09
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/(out) Bank charges	·
Total other financing sources (uses) Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	\$ (4,806.77) \$ 234,383.23 \$ 229,576.46

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Fund
	Activity Fund
ASSETS: Cash Investments	\$ 63,240.22
Total assets	\$ 63,240.22
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	`
Liabilities: Outstanding warrants Encumbrances	\$ 3,726.84
Total liabilities	3,726.84
Fund balances: Cash fund balances Total fund balances	59,513.38 59,513.38
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 63,240.22

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 **BUILDING FUND**

Variance with

Revenues collected:	Local sources	Intermediate sources	State sources	Federal sources
Revenues o	Local so	Intermed	State so	Federal

Total revenues collected

Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services	Non-instructional services	Capital outlay	Other outlays	Other uses	Repayment
---	----------------------------	----------------	---------------	------------	-----------

Total expenditures

Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances

Adjustments to prior year encumbrances

Other financing sources (uses):

Operating transfers in/out

Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficiency) of revenue collected over expenditures paid and other Bank charges

Fund balances, beginning of year

Fund balance, end of year

financing sources (uses)

	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	l	Actual		Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
				ı			
↔	149,743.29	↔	149,743.29	↔	163,462.32	↔	13,719.03
			ı		1		ı
	1		1	1	1	ı	1
₩	149,743.29	<i>\$</i>	149,743.29	⇔ ˈ	163,462.32	↔	13,719.03
69	1	G	ī	↔	ı	€>	1
	346,883.26		346,883.26		131,025.83		215,857.43
	575.00		575.00		575.00		ı
	36,668.26		36,668.26		36,668.26		ı
	1		ı		1		1
	1		ı		ı		1
	1		1	١	ī	1	-
↔	384,126.52	€	384,126.52	↔	168,269.09	₩	215,857.43
↔	(234,383.23)	<i>\$</i>	(234,383.23)	φ.	(4,806.77)	↔	229,576.46
₩		€	1	φ'	ī	↔	1
↔		↔	i	↔	1	↔	1
 		 #		· ·		Ι 6 5	1 1
- -		-		· .))	
↔	(234,383.23)	∽	(234,383.23)	φ.	(4,806.77)	⇔ ا	229,576.46
↔	234,383.23	↔	234,383.23	φ'.	234,383.23	↔ l	ı
 • •	-	 မာ	1	↔	229,576.46	↔	229,576.46

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018	ED JUNE 30, 2018				
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA#	Grantor's Number	Balance at July 1, 2015		Receipts	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2016
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs: 2015-2016 Programs							!
Title VIII, Impact Aid Operations	84.041	S041A20173863	\$ 325,258.15	6 6	127,346.54 \$ 49.785.00 \$	127,346.54 \$ 49,785.00 \$	325,258.15
Title VII, Indian Education Small Rural Schools	84.060A 84.358A	S358A150252	1		27,423.00	27,423.00	1
Sub-Total			\$ 325,258.15	€9	204,554.54 \$	204,554.54 \$	325,258.15
Passed-Through State Department of Education							
2014-2015 Programs	84.367	A/N	\$ (816.74)	↔	816.74 \$	٠	1
Sub-Total			\$ (816.74)	€	816.74 \$	·	•
2015-2016 Programs * Title I, Basic Title I Subtotal	84.010	N/A	69 69	ы 69	169,796.16 \$ 169,796.16 \$	175,616.90 \$ 175,616.90 \$	(5,820.74)
* IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	N/A	€9	₩	99,046.56 \$	99,046.56	ı
* Preschool Special Education Cluster	84.173	N/A	φ	₩	1,703.44	1,703.44	1
Title II Part A Training & Recruiting Fund	84.367	N/A	φ	€	18,738.29 \$	18,738.29 \$	1
Sub-Total			ω	€	289,284.45 \$	295,105.19 \$	(5,820.74)
Passed-Through State Regents for Higher Education							
<u>2015-2016 Programs</u> Gear Up	84.334A	N/A	\$ 850.17	€	4,438.50 \$	4,334.50 \$	954.17
Sub-Total			\$ 850.17	€	4,438.50 \$	4,334.50 \$	954.17

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED

		FOR THE YEAR EN	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016			
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA#	Grantor's Number	Balance at July 1, 2015	Receipts	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2016
U. S. Department of Agriculture						
Passed-Through State Department						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):				47 FOO FE &	14 502 55	,
National School Lunch Program - Note 4	10.555	N/A	A 45	14,502.55	1	3
Non-Cash Assistance Sub-Total			\			
Cash Assistance:	10.553	A/N	₩	\$ 71,487.31 \$	71,487.31 \$	ı
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		163,293.16	- 1	2,949.49
Cash Assistance Sub- Total			49	\$ 234,780.47 \$	231,830.98 \$	2,949.49
Sub- Total for Child Nutrition Cluster			₩	\$ 249,283.02 \$	246,333.53 \$	2,949.49
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed-Through Oklahoma Health Care Authority						
2014-2015 Programs Medicaid Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	\$	7,657.16	ı	
Sub- Total			\$ (7,657.16)	7,657.16		1
2015-2016 Programs Madicald Assistance Program	93.778	V/N	Ф	11,782.24	6,018.68	5,763.56
Sub- Total			·	11,782.24	6,018.68	5,763.56
Other Federal Assistance						
Passed-Through Choctaw Nation						
2015-2016 Programs Johnson O'Malley	15.130	N/A	·	5,407.99	6,434.56	
Sub- Total			₩	\$ 5,407.99 \$	6,434.56 \$	(1,026.57)
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 317,634.42	= \$ 773,224.64 \$	762,781.00 \$	328,078.06

^{*} Major program

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

- 1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. General Fund is used to account for resources restricted, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in the General Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The Regulatory Basis of Accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue from all sources when they are received. Federal grant funds are considered to be recognized when encumbered or reserved to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

- 3. Positive amounts listed in the either "Balance at July 1, 2015" or "Balance at June 30, 2016" column represent funds received by the school and not yet expended or coded to the program. Negative amounts represent expenditures which have been claimed, but the revenue not yet collected.
- 4. The District received donated foods through the Federal Food Distribution Program (10.555). At June 30, 2016, the school maintained an immaterial amount of food commodities inventory. Per the Regulatory Basis of Accounting, the commodities received and used are not recognized as revenue or expenditures in the school's Financial Statements.
- 5. The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimus cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 6. Reconciliation of the Revenue shown on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance is as follows:

		Revenue
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Receipts Less: Commodities (Non-Cash Assistance)	\$	773,224.64 (14,502.55)
Total per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		1
Reconciled Balance	\$	758,722.09
Federal Program Revenues:	ф	750 700 00
General Fund	\$	758,722.09
Total per Federal Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balance	\$	758,722.09

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND RECEIPTS, TRANSFERS, DISBURSEMENTS AND SUB-ACCOUNT BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance		Net Transfers/		Balance
Activities	7-1-15	Deposited	Adjustments	Disbursed	6-30-16
Athletics	18,361.16	102,429.11	2,121.27	103,686.16	19,225.38
4-H Club	2,225.93	2,987.90	-	4,092.59	1,121.24
FFA	2,220.87	40,852.52	100.00	40,304.12	2,869.27
Student Council	212.85	-	_	-	212.85
Yearbook	11,855.83	9,959.84	(400.00)	12,603.85	8,811.82
Miscellaneous	7,792.35	15,902.76	(1,102.64)	19,131.22	3,461.25
Scholarship Fund	· -	~	<u>-</u>	-	-
Livestock Booster Club	1,363.80	110.00	(110.00)	882.24	481.56
Library	1,368.53	3,928.34	-	4,220.44	1,076.43
Lunch Fund CNP	· -	29,340.83	(354.00)	28,986.83	-
Flower Fund	1.42	406.00	-	266.97	140.45
Accelerated Reader	4,223.67	11,664.94	(1,506.00)	10,519.86	3,862.75
Bank Interest	370.32	-	(101.27)	132.06	136.99
Acadaemic/Beta Team	15.07	-	-	-	15.07
Music	278.04	610.00	.	874.55	13.49
Special Education	167.58	-	-	167.58	-
Class of 2015	2.80	-	(2.80)	-	-
Class of 2016 Senior Class	1,640.44	3,695.40	-	5,221.56	114.28
Teens for Christ	120.00	90.00	-	105.00	105.00
Class of 2017 Junior Class	4,951.60	6,446.00	272.00	6,362.80	5,306.80
Class of 2018 Sophomore Class	1,465.80	5,689.05	-	4,238.40	2,916.45
Pep Club	271.50	-	-	-	271.50
Carlton Landing	-	-	-	-	-
Class of 2019 Freshman Class	1,090.64	2,218.00	-	1,320.20	1,988.44
Elementary PTO	18.00	-	-	-	18.00
Class of 2020 8th Grade Class	250.00	480.00	(272.00)	175.45	282.55
Class of 2021 7th Grade Class	-	404.00	-		404.00
After School Daycare	-	4,865.40	(5.50)	-	4,859.90
Needy for Christmas	-	1,663.24	1,000.44	1,175.85	1,487.83
Accelerated Reader JH 6-8th GR			1,491.00	1,160.92	330.08
Total Activities \$_	60,268.20	243,743.33	\$ 1,130.50	\$ 245,628.65	\$59,513.38

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Canadian School District No. I-2 Pittsburg County, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma (District), as listed in the Table of Contents, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 1, 2017, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, my report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost (page 28) that I consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting 2016-1. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. I noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that I have reported to management in the "Schedule of Comments" on page 30 and 31 of this report.

Purpose of this Report

This report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 1, 2017

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Canadian School District No. I-2 Pittsburg County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the compliance of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma (District's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Uniform Guidance* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Canadian School District, No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Canadian School District No. I-2, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma (District), is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program, on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is put suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 1, 2017

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education.
- 2. There was one audit finding reported of deficiencies in internal control, which the auditor considers to be a "significant deficiency" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Canadian School District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. There was no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Canadian School District expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Canadian School District.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Title I (84.010), Special Education Cluster (84.027) and (84.173) and Indian Education (84.060A)
- 8. A threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.00.
- 9. Canadian School District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2016-1

<u>Condition:</u> An adequate internal control structure does not exist because of the small size of the entity nor is there adequate segregation of duties.

<u>Criteria:</u> Internal controls should be in places that provide reasonable assurance that any one individual does not have control over several of the financial functions of the School District.

<u>Effect:</u> Because of the inadequate segregation of duties there may be an opportunity for an employee to alter record keeping.

Recommendation: We have recommended that the School District strive to implement an adequate segregation of duties.

Response: We concur with the recommendation; however, we have concluded that the cost to correct this condition would exceed the benefit.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

1. No matters were reported.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2015 TO JUNE 30, 2016

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

Finding: 2015-1

For the FY 2015, our review reflected an adequate internal control structure did not exist because of the small size of the entity nor was there adequate segregation of duties.

For the FY 2016, the finding was yet again applicable.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS JULY 1, 2015 TO JUNE 30, 2016

The following conditions, while not representing material weaknesses in the system of internal accounting control, represent areas noted during my review of the school's accounting system in which I feel improvements in the internal control and/or operational efficiency may be attained. I have also noted, as required, any noncompliance with State Department of Education Regulations.

*I. Condition: Our review of Activity Fund sponsor receipts indicated that monies collected are not always deposited with the Activity Fund Custodian in a timely manner. Approximately 22% of deposits tested were not timely. Organizations not depositing timely included "Cheerleading" and "Music & Band".

Recommendation: The School Board should ensure that all activity sub-account sponsors deposit monies by the end of the next business day, if collections exceed \$100, or at least weekly if under \$100 with the Activity Fund Custodian and retain their copy of the receipt issued by the Custodian.

II. Condition: During our review of the activity fund fundraisers it was reported that at least 2 sponsors/teachers are selling water out of their classroom, however we were unable to find any purchase orders for water. Discussion with school personnel indicated that the water is likely being purchased with sale proceeds. This would indicate that not all monies collected are being deposited.

Recommendation: The School Board should ensure that all activity sub-account sponsors receipt and deposit all monies collected within the activity fund. Any product for Board Approved fundraisers should be purchased utilizing an activity fund purchase order.

III. <u>Condition</u>: The School does not always utilize a signed activity fund purchase requisition for purchasing Activity Fund items.

Recommendation: The School should implement procedures for utilization of Activity Fund purchase orders and requests. If these documents are properly completed and controlled, they will be the basis for an entity's recording of all valid and authorized disbursements in the appropriate amount, account, and time period.

IV. Condition: School personnel does not issue 1099's to vendors as required by law for contract services paid in excess of an aggregate of \$600.00 to a non-employee individual and/or an unincorporated business during a calendar year.

Recommendation: IRS regulations require that all employers who make payments to individuals or companies that are not incorporated in excess of \$600.00 per year to issue a 1099 Statement to that individual or company. School personnel should track all contract payments and issue 1099's as required. In addition, the school should have a W-9 on file for each vendor.

V. <u>Condition:</u> The school board approved \$150.00 to coaches during fiscal year 2015-16 as an allowance for the purchase of clothing and/or shoes. The amounts were not reported as income on employees W-2 forms.

Recommendation: IRS requirements include reporting amounts paid to employees such as allowances for clothing on the employees W-2 form which is filed annually. We recommend the school comply with all IRS regulations.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS - CONTINUED JULY 1, 2015 TO JUNE 30, 2016

V. <u>Condition:</u> During our review of purchase orders we viewed six separate travel claims to Canadian School Superintendent. The claims were primarily for mileage reimbursement. The reimbursement forms listed multiple destinations such as 'State Department of Ed, staples, 17 trips to bank,' etc. but lacked sufficient details, such as the date the trip was made, the specific location, purpose of the visit and how many miles to each specific location.

Recommendation: The school should only reimburse expenses paid by an employee, which are adequately supported by itemized and documented invoice/receipt vouchers. These vouchers should be attached to a travel claim, which reflects adequate details of the trip, etc.

An expense reimbursement claim (preferably standardized for the district) should indicate:

- 1. The date the expenditure took place or (if away from home travel) the dates of departure and return home for each trip and number of days spent on school business away from home.
- 2. The destination or locality of the travel.
- 3. The business reason for the travel, meal, etc., or the nature of the business benefit derived or expected to be derived as a result of the expenditure.
- 4. The amount of each separate expenditure, such as meals, cost of transportation (based on an appropriate measure), lodging and other incidental expenses (i.e., cab fares, telephone calls, tips, tolls, etc.) claimed for reimbursement.
- 5. Signature of the employee claiming reimbursement should be reflected on the travel claim.
- 6. Signature of supervisor or other designated person responsible for approving the trip or other expenditure should be reflected on the travel claim.
- VII. Condition: During the fiscal year 2015-16 the Sophomore Class held a candy bar fundraiser. The fundraiser profit/loss statement reported a profit of only \$268.00 because 872 candy bars were reported as lost and/or stolen. The candy bars cost .64¢ each.

Recommendation: School Activity Fund organizations conducting fundraisers should have procedures in place safeguarding the inventories held for resale from loss and deterioration.

Previous Year's Audit Comments

Excluding condition marked with an asterisk, there are no other items in the 2014-15 audit report, which have been repeated in this report.

I would like to express my appreciation for the courtesies and cooperation extended to us by school district administrators and employees during the course of this audit.

CANADIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2 PITTSBURG COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2015 TO JUNE 30, 2016

State of Oklahoma) County of Tulsa

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Canadian School District for the audit year 2015-16.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. AUDITING FIRM

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this

AMBER M BAILEY **Notary Public** State of Oklahoma Commission # 15006496 My Commission Expires Jul 17, 2019

My commission expires on:

MHW day of