FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

CASHION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2011

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY JUNE 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Cashion School District No. I-89 Cashion, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Cashion School District No. I-89 (the District), Kingfisher County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2011, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2011, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Hewett

February 23, 2012



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Cashion School District No. I-89 Cashion, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Cashion School District (the District) No. I-89, Cashion, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain immaterial matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated February 23, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

February 23, 2012

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2011

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS JUNE 30, 2011

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls which were considered material weaknesses.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	TOTAL 0
ASSETS	G	ENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	\$	415,278 520,000	40,029 165,000	1,132 60,600	263,053 169,476	83,815	43,846 5,886,852	803,307 915,076 43,846 5,886,852
Total Assets	\$	935,278	205,029	61,732	432,529	83,815	5,930,698	7,649,081
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Unmatured obligations Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	\$	188,527 14,107	6,603 2,736	242	388,683	83,815		195,130 17,085 388,683 83,815
Bonds payable Judgments Capital leases Total liabilities		202,634	9,339	242	388,683	83,815	2,210,000 22,428 3,698,270 5,930,698	2,210,000 22,428 3,698,270 6,615,411
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		732,644	195,690	61,490	43,846	0	0	1,033,670
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	935,278	205,029	61,732	432,529	83,815	5,930,698	7,649,081

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	<u>GENEF</u>	RAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:			222.42=		0.1- 400	
Local sources		9,312	308,487	8,000	817,493	2,793,292
Intermediate sources		1,560				121,560
State sources		7,172	3,453		17	910,642
Federal sources	23	4,217	60,268			294,485
Interest earnings		7,387		51	346	7,784
Non revenue receipts		1,713				31,713
Total revenues collected	2,96	1,361	372,208	8,051	817,856	4,159,476
Expenditures:						
Instruction	2,05	6,373				2,056,373
Support services	95	0,325	207,100	20,780		1,178,205
Operation of non-instructional services	4	7,031	116,000			163,031
Facilities acquisition & construction services		•	,	269,134		269,134
Other outlays:						
Reimbursement		245				245
Repayments		86				86
Debt service requirements					802,734	802,734
Total expenditures	3,05	4,060	323,100	289,914	802,734	4,469,808
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before	//	13 600)	40.109	(204 962)	15 100	(240, 222)
other financing sources (uses)	(5	2,699)	49,108	(281,863)	15,122	(310,332)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond issue proceeds				325,000		325,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	1	7,058	5,207	117		22,382
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	7,058	5,207	325,117	0	347,382
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures	(7	75,641)	54,315	43,254	15,122	37,050
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	80	8,285	141,375	18,236	28,724	996,620
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 73	2,644	195,690	61,490	43,846	1,033,670

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GENERAL FUND					
	0	riginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	1,475,586	1,659,312	183,726		
Intermediate sources		109,354	121,560	12,206		
State sources		795,245	907,172	111,927		
Federal sources		54,838	234,217	179,379		
Interest earnings			7,387	7,387		
Non revenue receipts			31,713	31,713		
Total revenues collected		2,435,023	2,961,361	526,338		
Expenditures:						
Instruction		2,233,053	2,056,373	176,680		
Support services		962,760	950,325	12,435		
Operation of non-instructional services		47,109	47,031	78		
Other outlays:		,	,			
Reimbursement		300	245	55		
Repayments		86	86			
Total expenditures		3,243,308	3,054,060	189,248		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before						
adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(808,285)	(92,699)	715,586		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	17,058	17,058		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(808,285)	(75,641)	732,644		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		808,285	808,285	0		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	732,644	732,644		

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	<u> </u>	SPE	ECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			_	
Local sources	\$	263,472	308,487	45,015
State sources		3,136	3,453	317
Federal sources		56,517	60,268	3,751
Total revenues collected		323,125	372,208	49,083
Expenditures:				
Support services		319,188	207,100	112,088
Operation of non-instructional services		145,312	116,000	29,312
Total expenditures		464,500	323,100	141,400
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments		(141,375)	49,108	190,483
to prior year encumbrances		(141,373)	49,100	190,403
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	5,207	5,207
Excess of revenues collected				
over (under) expenditures		(141,375)	54,315	195,690
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		141,375	141,375	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0_	195,690	195,690

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	D	EBT SERVICE FUND	
	ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:	 		
Local sources	\$ 774,010	817,493	43,483
State sources		17	17
Interest earnings	 	346	346
Total revenues collected	 774,010	817,856	43,846
Requirements:			
Bonds	724,000	724,000	
Coupons	65,754	65,754	
Judgments	11,214	11,214	
Interest on judgments	1,766	1,766	
Total requirements	802,734	802,734	0
Excess of revenue collected over (under)			
expenditures	(28,724)	15,122	43,846
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	 28,724	28,724	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	43,846	43,846

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Cashion Public Schools Independent District No. I-89 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain the co-op fund during the 2010-11 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's Building Bond Funds, and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained no expendable trust funds during the 2010-11 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting – cont'd

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group — This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group. Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting — under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund — is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2011, is not material to the combined financial statements

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2010-11 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2011, was \$818,381. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2011, the District's investments consisted of certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of \$915,076.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Community National Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2011.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable, judgments payable, and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Judgments Payable	Total
Balance, July 1, 2010 Additions	\$ 2,695,000 325,000	3,930,174	33,642	6,658,816 325,000
Retirements	(810,000)	(231,904)	(11,214)	(1,053,118)
Balance, June 30, 2011	\$ 2,210,000	3,698,270	22,428	5,930,698

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2011, is set forth below:

Bonds:

<u>sonas</u> :	
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2007, original	
issue \$1,720,000 interest rate of 3.40% to 4.10%	
due in annual installments of \$430,000, final	
	\$ 420,000
payment due 4-1-12	\$ 430,000
Building Bonds, Series 2008, original	
issue \$260,000, interest rate of 2.50% to 3.85%,	
due in annual installments of \$65,000, final	
	120,000
payment of \$65,000, due 4-1-13	130,000
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2009, original	
issue \$1,260,000 interest rate of 2.10% to 2.25%	
due in annual installments of \$315,000, final	
	045 000
payment due 4-1-14	945,000

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT-cont'd

ENERAL BONG-TERM DEBT- cont u	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2010, original issue \$380,000 interest rate of 1.70% to 2.35% due in annual installments of \$95,000, final payment due 4-1-15	380,000
Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue \$325,000, interest rate of 1.80% to 2.20% Due in annual installments of \$80,000, final Payment of \$85,000 due 4-16-2016	325,000
Judgments: Judgment dated 10-8-09 totaling \$33,642, interest rate of 5.25%, due in three annual principal installments of \$11,214	22,428
Capital Leases: Lease purchase for school renovations, dated 8-1-09, totaling \$2,209,000, due in annual principal and interest installments of varying amounts	2,180,793
Lease purchase for classroom additions, dated 5-1-07, totaling \$2,500,000, due in various annual principal and interest installments, final payment due 5-15-12	1,517,477
Total	\$ 5,930,698

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the building bonds, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$ 2,433,691	126,810	2,560,501
2013	1,016,871	153,541	1,170,412
2014	1,526,944	93,392	1,620,336
2015	868,192	36,404	904,596
2016	85,000	1,870	86,870
Total	\$ 5,930,698	412,017	6,342,715

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT-cont'd

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2010-11 fiscal year totaled \$252,591.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

<u>Funding Policy</u> – cont

State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2010-11 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2011, 2010 and 2009 are \$264,932, \$246,208 and \$251,505, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2011. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2010-11 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2010-11 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

7. CONTINGENCIES – cont'd

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	B	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash Investments	\$	13,028 136,000	27,001 29,000	40,029 165,000
Total Assets	\$	149,028	56,001	205,029
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Total liabilities	\$	5,461 2,736 8,197	1,142	6,603 2,736 9,339
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		140,831	54,859	195,690
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	149,028	56,001	205,029

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	B	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$	234,791	73,696	308,487
State sources		5	3,448	3,453
Federal sources			60,268	60,268
Total revenues collected		234,796	137,412	372,208
Expenditures:				
Support services		207,100		207,100
Operation of non-instruction services			116,000	116,000
Total expenditures		207,100	116,000	323,100
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		27,696	21,412	49,108
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		4,856	351	5,207
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		32,552	21,763	54,315
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		108,279	33,096	141,375
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	140,831	54,859	195,690

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		BUILDING FUND			CHI	LD NUTRITION FUND)
	RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	_	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected: Local sources State sources	\$ 210,909	210,909	234,791 5	\$	52,563 3,136	52,563 3,136	73,696 3,448
Federal sources Total revenues collected	210,909	210,909	234,796		56,517 112,216	56,517 112,216	60,268 137,412
Expenditures: Support services	319,188	319,188	207,100				
Operation of non-instructional services Total expenditures	319,188	319,188	207,100		145,312 145,312	145,312 145,312	116,000 116,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(108,279)	(108,279)	27,696		(33,096)	(33,096)	21,412
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	 0	0	4,856		0_	0	351
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(108,279)	(108,279)	32,552		(33,096)	(33,096)	21,763
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	108,279	108,279	108,279		33,096	33,096	33,096
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	140,831	\$	0	0	54,859

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	TRA	2009 NSPORT. ND FUND	2009 BUILDING BOND FUND	2011 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL
Cash Investments	\$	86 3,600	117	929 57,000	1,132 60,600
Total Assets	\$	3,686	117	57,929	61,732
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities: Encumbrances	\$	242	0	0	242
Fund equity: Cash fund balances		3,444	117_	57,929	61,490
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	3,686	117	57,929	61,732

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		2009 NSPORT.	2009 BUILDING	2011 BUILDING	
	BO	ND FUND	BOND FUND	BOND FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:					
Local revenue	\$			8,000	8,000
Interest				51	51
Total revenues		0	0	8,051	8,051
Expenditures:					
Support services		13,713		7,067	20,780
Facilities acquisition & construction services			1,079	268,055	269,134
Total expenditures		13,713	1,079	275,122	289,914
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other					
financing sources (uses)		(13,713)	(1,079)	(267,071)	(281,863)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond sale proceeds				325,000	325,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			117		117
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	117	325,000	325,117
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures		(13,713)	(962)	57,929	43,254
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		17,157	1,079	0	18,236
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	3,444	117	57,929	61,490

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	ALANCE -01-10	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-11
<u>ASSETS</u>	.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash	\$ 108,147	355,887	0	380,219	83,815
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Football	\$ 2,955	102,026		98,836	6,145
Basketball	5,379	21,864		21,489	5,754
General Athletics	2,753	0		2,689	64
Baseball	19,613	35,557		54,102	1,068
Softball	2,037	3,159		2,602	2,594
Track and Cross Country	2,641	695		2,174	1,162
Girls basketball	11,547	24,914		30,357	6,104
Student Council	465	4,925		4,781	609
High School Cheer	935	7,900	(447)	6,362	2,026
Band	3,013	0	,	1,843	1,170
Yearbook	17,482	9,996		13,739	13,739
Swimming Pool	829	0		691	138
Camp Goddard	4,626	16,957		15,964	5,619
Jr high cheerleaders	157	6,024	447	5,661	967
B.P.Ă.	1,252	1,636		1,793	1,095
Family Career Community Leader	939	3,882		3,839	982
H.S. Library	1,100	10,272		10,699	673
Vo-Ag	5,628	37,743		37,756	5,615
General (Misc)	6,147	4,676		6,373	4,450
Petty Cash	0	245		245	0
Elementary - Misc	8,919	27,500		24,719	11,700
Elem. Student Council	465	0		0	465
General Fund Refund Acct.	0	231		231	0
Interest	790	292		790	292
Art Education	484	301		714	71
Extended Care	0	24,229		24,229	0
Stuco Marquee	2,492	0		0	2,492
Senior 2010	140	0		0	140
Nat'l Honor Society	199	90		0	289
High School Mentor	1,029	1,170		998	1,201
Senior 2011	86	2,173		1,863	396
Senior 2012	632	3,841		3,193	1,280
Science	60	0		0	60
Senior 2013	100	263		177	186
PTO	3,253	104		0	3,357
Senior 2014	0	1,806		246	1,560
Senior 2015	0	936		792	144
Senior 2016	 0	480		272	208
Total Liabilities	\$ 108,147	355,887	0	380,219	83,815

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

				ogram or				
Federal Grantor / Pass Through	CFDA	Federal Grantor's		Award	Balance at	Revenue	Total	Balance at
Grantor / Program Title	Number	Pass-through No.		Amount	7/1/2010	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2011
Passed Through US Department of Education:								
Small, rural school achievement program	84.358a	S358A103168	\$	43,860		24,736	25,948	1,212
Small, rural school achievement program c/o	84.358a	S358A093168	*	12,655		12,654	12,654	.,
Small, rural school ach 2009-10 - Note	84.358a			,	518	518	,	
Sub Total				56,515	518	37,908	38,602	1,212
U.S. Department of Education								
Passed Through State Department of Education:								
Title I	84.010			37,780		25,144	35,674	10,530
Title I 2009-10 - Note	84.010			7.550	5,457	5,457	7.550	
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027			7,558		7,558	7,558	0.040
IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA	84.391			44,316	5 7 54	40,904	44,246	3,342
IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2009-10 - Note	84.391			0.700	5,751	5,751	0.700	20
IDEA-B Preschool ARRA	84.392			2,792		2,762	2,792	30
Title II, Part A	84.367			15,293		14,590	14,590	
Title II, Part D	84.318			117		117	117	
State Fiscal Stabilization Funds, ARRA Textbooks ARRA	84.394 84.397			54,865	(14.407)	54,865	54,865	
Education Jobs	84.410			14,467 46,120	(14,467)	39,102	14,467 46,120	7,018
Sub Total	04.410			223,308	(3,259)	196,250	220,429	20,920
Sub Total				223,300	(3,239)	190,250	220,429	20,920
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed Through State Department of Education:								
Child Nutrition Programs:								
National school lunch program	10.555					60,268	60,268	
Sub Total						60,268	60,268	
Passed Through Department of Human Services:								
Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1								
National school lunch program	10.555					12,491	12,491	
Other Federal Assistance:					_			_
Rehabilitation Services	84.126			60	0	60	60	0
Total Federal Assistance			\$	279,883	(2,741)	306,977	331,850	22,132
			_					

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District are of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue will not agree with the Financial Statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 VERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Company				
	Activity fund custodian	484901	\$ 2,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Child nutrition custodian	484901	2,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Superintendent	484901	100,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Superintendent secretary	484901	40,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Elementary secretary	484901	2,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	H.S. principal	484901	2,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Elementary principal	484901	2,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Payroll clerk	484901	40,000	7/1/10-7/1/11
	Treasurer	n/a - County Treasurer		

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2010 TO JUNE 30, 2011

State of Oklahoma)	
County of Tulsa) ss)	
said firm had in full force accordance with the "Okla	e and effect Acc homa Public Scl	ges, being first duly sworn on oath says that countant's Professional Liability Insurance in hool Audit Law" at the time of audit contract th Cashion Public Schools for the audit year
		Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, Certified Public Accountants, LLP Auditing Firm
		ByAuthorized Agent
		Subscribed and sworn to before me This 23 rd day of February 2012
		Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)
		My Commission Expires: 5/19/2012 Commission No. 00008621