FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

CASHION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2012

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Cashion School District No. I-89 Cashion, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Cashion School District No. I-89 (the District), Kingfisher County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2012, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Sanders, Blodsse & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

March 15, 2013



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Cashion School District No. I-89 Cashion, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Cashion School District (the District) No. I-89, Cashion, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Blodsoe & Hewett-

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

March 15, 2013

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFIEIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2012

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS JUNE 30, 2012

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls which were considered material weaknesses.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- <u>Section 2</u> Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS

JUNE 30, 2012

		GOVERNMENT	AL FUND TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	707410	
<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	\$ 339,468 666,000	33,991 209,800	17,097 145,069	248,606 58,400	91,186	39,148 2,992,066	730,348 1,079,269 39,148 2,992,066
Total Assets	\$ 1,005,468	243,791	162,166	307,006	91,186	3,031,214	4,840,831
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Unmatured obligations Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt: Bonds payable	\$ 185,020 17,883	12,120 3,074	13,441	267,858	91,186	3,020,000	197,140 34,398 267,858 91,186 3,020,000
Judgments Total liabilities	202,903	15,194	13,441	267,858	91,186	<u>11,214</u> 3,031,214	11,214 3,621,796
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances	802,565	228,597	148,725	39,148	0_	0	1,219,035
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 1,005,468	243,791	162,166	307,006	91,186	3,031,214	4,840,831

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:	A A A A A A A A A A			044.405	0 700 570
Local sources	\$ 1,643,987	-		844,125	2,788,576
Intermediate sources	133,209			01	133,209
State sources	974,559	,		21	977,994
Federal sources	229,160	-		005	286,502
Interest earnings	4,014			685	4,699
Non revenue receipts	16,175				16,175
Total revenues collected	3,001,104	4 361,220	0_	844,831	4,207,155
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,936,023	3	13,558		1,949,581
Support services	965,304		22,892		1,189,414
Operation of non-instructional services	36,48	,	22,002		164,803
Facilities acquisition & construction services	50,40	1 120,022	1,591,557		1,591,557
Other outlays:			1,001,007		1,001,001
Reimbursement	210) 114			324
Correcting entry	255				255
Debt service requirements	200)		849,529	255 849,529
Total expenditures	2,938,273	3 329,654	1,628,007	849,529	5,745,463
Total expericitures	2,930,273	5529,034	1,020,007	049,029	5,745,405
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures before					
other financing sources (uses)	62,83	31,566	(1,628,007)	(4,698)	(1,538,308)
5 ()	,	,			
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond issue proceeds			1,715,000		1,715,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	7,090) 1,341	242		8,673
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,090) 1,341	1,715,242	0	1,723,673
E					
Excess of revenues collected over	<u> </u>	00.007	07.005	(4,000)	405 005
(under) expenditures	69,92 ⁻	I 32,907	87,235	(4,698)	185,365
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	732,644	195,690	61,490	43,846	1,033,670
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 802,565	5 228,597	148,725	39,148	1,219,035

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND				
	Original/Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:	<u> </u>	151.000	4.040.00		
Local sources		454,238	1,643,98		
Intermediate sources		110,349	133,20		
State sources		851,802	974,55		
Federal sources			229,16		
Interest earnings			4,01		
Non revenue receipts			16,17		
Total revenues collected	2	416,389	3,001,10	04 584,715	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	2	141,888	1,936,02	23 205,865	
Support services		970,154	965,30		
Operation of non-instructional services		36,526	36,48		
Other outlays:					
Reimbursement		210	2	10	
Correcting entry		255		55	
Total expenditures	3	149,033	2,938,27		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before					
adjustments to prior year encumbrances	((732,644)	62,83	31 795,475	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	7,09	90 7,090	
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures		(732,644)	69,92	21 802,565	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		732,644	732,64	440	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	802,56	65 802,565	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	277,869	300,464	22,595		
State sources		3,276	3,414	138		
Federal sources		57,254	57,342	88		
Total revenues collected		338,399	361,220	22,821		
Expenditures:						
Support services		348,689	201,218	147,471		
Operation of non-instructional services Other outlays:		185,286	128,322	56,964		
Reimbursement		114	114			
Total expenditures		534,089	329,654	204,435		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments						
to prior year encumbrances		(195,690)	31,566	227,256		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	1,341	1,341		
Excess of revenues collected		(405 000)	20.007	000 507		
over (under) expenditures		(195,690)	32,907	228,597		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		195,690	195,690	0		
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	228,597	228,597		

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
	Original/Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$	805,683	844,125	38,442	
State sources			21	21	
Interest earnings			685	685	
Total revenues collected		805,683	844,831	39,148	
Requirements:					
Bonds		789,000	789,000		
Coupons		48,138	48,138		
Judgments		11,214	11,214		
Interest on judgments		1,177	1,177		
Total requirements		849,529	849,529	0	
Excess of revenue collected over (under)					
expenditures		(43,846)	(4,698)	39,148	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		43,846	43,846	0	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	39,148	39,148	

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Cashion Public Schools Independent District No. I-89 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity service. benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain the co-op fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. <u>Fund Accounting</u> - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's Building Bond Funds, and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained no expendable trust funds during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group. Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

 \underline{Cash} – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2012, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property</u>, <u>Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2012, was \$730,348. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2012, the District's investments consisted of certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of 1,079,269.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Community National Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2012.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable, judgments payable, and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Judgments Payable	Total
Balance, July 1, 2011 Additions	\$ 2,210,000 1,715,000	3,698,270	22,428	5,930,698 1,715,000
Retirements	(905,000)	(1,517,477)	(11,214)	(2,433,691)
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 3,020,000	2,180,793	11,214	5,212,007

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2012, is set forth below:

Bonds:	
Building Bonds, Series 2008, original	
issue \$260,000, interest rate of 2.50% to 3.85%,	
due in annual installments of \$65,000, final	
payment of \$65,000, due 4-1-13	\$ 65,000
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2009, original	
issue \$1,260,000 interest rate of 2.10% to 2.25%	
due in annual installments of \$315,000, final	
payment due 4-1-14	630,000
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2010, original	
issue \$380,000 interest rate of 1.70% to 2.35%	
due in annual installments of \$95,000, final	
payment due 4-1-15	285,000

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT- cont'd

		mount tstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue \$325,000, interest rate of 1.80% to 2.20% due in annual installments of \$80,000, final payment of \$85,000 due 4-16-2016	\$	325,000
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2012, original issue \$1,715,000, interest rate of 1.00% to 1.20% due in annual installments of \$345,000, final payment of \$345,000 due 4-16-2018		1,715,000
<u>Judgments:</u> Judgment dated 10-8-09 totaling \$33,642, interest rate of 5.25%, due in three annual principal installments of \$11,214		11,214
<u>Capital Leases:</u> Lease purchase for Cashion Public Schools Project, Series 2010, for \$2,209,000, due in annual principal and interest installments varying from \$28,208 to \$1,036,944, final payment due 8-15-14 (see Note 8)	_	<u>2,180,793</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,212,007</u>

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the building bonds, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2013	\$ 1,016,871	171,381	1,188,252
2014	1,861,944	111,232	1,973,176
2015	1,213,192	50,894	1,264,086
2016	430,000	12,910	442,910
2017	345,000	7,590	352,590
2018-2022	345,000	4,140	349,140
Total	\$ 5,212,007	358,147	5,570,154

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2011-12 fiscal year totaled \$126,810.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

Funding Policy - cont

salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 are \$260,582, \$265,932 and \$246,208, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2012. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due.

6. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2011-12 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2011-12 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

Classroom Addition

On May 1, 2007, Standard Leasing, LLC issued \$2,500,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds (Cashion Public Schools Classroom Addition Project) Series 2007, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Cashion School District. Also on May 1, 2007, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Standard Leasing, LLC. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Standard Leasing, LLC. The sublease calls for five (5) annual payments starting May 15, 2008. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$4,425,000, on December 16, 2006. Cashion Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold. The District made the final principal payment of \$1,517,477 on these lease-revenue bonds during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

School Renovations

On August 28, 2009, Standard Leasing, LLC issued \$2,209,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds (Cashion Public Schools Renovations Project) Series 2010, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Cashion School District. Also on August 28, 2009, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Standard Leasing, LLC. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Standard Leasing, LLC. The sublease calls for five (5) annual payments starting May 15, 2010. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$3,065,000, on February 10, 2009. Cashion Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	B	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash Investments	\$	9,789 172,000	24,202 37,800	33,991 209,800
Total Assets	\$	181,789	62,002	243,791
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Total liabilities	\$	9,483 3,060 12,543	2,637 14 2,651	12,120 3,074 15,194
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		169,246	59,351	228,597
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	181,789	62,002	243,791

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	-	ILDING UND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$	228,286	72,178	300,464
State sources		6	3,408	3,414
Federal sources			57,342	57,342
Total revenues collected		228,292	132,928	361,220
Expenditures:				
Support services		201,218		201,218
Operation of non-instruction services			128,322	128,322
Other outlays:				
Reimbursement			114	114
Total expenditures		201,218	128,436	329,654
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments				
to prior year encumbrances		27,074	4,492	31,566
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		1,341	0	1,341
Excess of revenues collected over				
(under) expenditures		28,415	4,492	32,907
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		140,831	54,859	195,690
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	169,246	59,351	228,597

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			BUILDING FUND				CHILD NUTRITION FUND				
			FINAL				RIGINAL	FINAL			
Revenues Collected:	BL	JDGET	BUDGET		ACTUAL		BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Local sources	\$	207,858	207,05	8	228,286	\$	70,011	70,011	72,178		
State sources	Ŧ	_01,000	_0.,00	•	6	Ŧ	3,276	3,276	3,408		
Federal sources							57,254	57,254	57,342		
Total revenues collected		207,858	207,05	8	228,292		130,541	130,541	132,928		
Expenditures:											
, Support services		348,689	348,68	9	201,218						
Operation of non-instructional services							185,286	185,286	128,322		
Other outlays:											
Reimbursement							114	114	114		
Total expenditures		348,689	348,68	9	201,218		185,400	185,400	128,436		
Excess of revenues collected over											
(under) expenditures before adjustments		(110.004)	(111.0)		07.074		(= 4, 0, = 0)	(= 4, 0 = 0)	4 400		
to prior year encumbrances		(140,831)	(141,63	51)	27,074		(54,859)	(54,859)	4,492		
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances		0		0	1,341		0	0	0		
Excess of revenues collected over											
(under) expenditures		(140,831)	(141,63	1)	28,415		(54,859)	(54,859)	4,492		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		140,831	140,83	1	140,831		54,859	54,859	54,859		
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0		0	169,246	\$	0	0	59,351		

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	TRAN	2009 ISPORT. D FUND	2011 BUILDING BOND FUND	2012 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL
Cash Investments	\$	569	2,929 55,000	14,168 89,500	17,097 145,069
Total Assets	\$	569	57,929	103,668	162,166
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities: Encumbrances	\$	0	0	13,441	13,441
Fund equity: Cash fund balances		569	57,929	90,227	148,725
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	569	57,929	103,668	162,166

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	2009 TRANSPORT. BOND FUND	2009 BUILDING BOND FUND	2011 BUILDING BOND FUND	2012 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected	\$ 0	0	0	0	0	
Expenditures: Instruction Support services	3,117	117		13,441 19,775	13,558 22,892	
Facilities acquisition & construction services Total expenditures	3,117	117	0	1,591,557 1,624,773	1,591,557 1,628,007	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(3,117)	(117)	0	(1,624,773)	(1,628,007)	
Other financing sources (uses): Bond sale proceeds Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	242_			1,715,000	1,715,000 242	
Total other financing sources (uses)	242	0	0	1,715,000	1,715,242	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(2,875)	(117)	0	90,227	87,235	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	3,444	117	57,929	0	61,490	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 569	0	57,929	90,227	148,725	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	ALANCE 7-01-11	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-12
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$ 83,815	340,039	0	332,668	91,186
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Football	\$ 6,145	89,520		89,869	5,796
Basketball	5,754	23,939		21,839	7,854
General Athletics	64	0		0	64
Baseball	1,068	9,679		9,213	1,534
Softball	2,594	3,483		4,459	1,618
Track and Cross Country	1,162	905		1,844	223
Girls basketball	6,104	24,731		24,582	6,253
Student Council	609	9,023		8,926	706
High School Cheer	2,026	9,846		5,476	6,396
Band	1,170	0		268	902
Yearbook	13,739	9,217		14,265	8,691
Swimming Pool	138	0		138	0
Camp Goddard	5,619	16,775		15,413	6,981
Jr high cheerleaders	967	5,078		310	5,735
B.P.A.	1,095	921		1,589	427
Family Career Community Leader	982	0		0	982
H.S. Library	673 5.615	23,496		23,331	838
Vo-Ag	5,615	49,486		48,523	6,578
General (Misc)	4,450 0	5,503 210		7,871 210	2,082 0
Petty Cash	0	7,745		7,700	45
Elementary Service Program Elementary - Misc	11,700	22,088		22,909	10,879
Elem. Student Council	465	22,000		22,909	233
General Fund Refund Acct.	400	240		240	255
Interest	292	117		350	59
Art Education	71	1,041		599	513
Extended Care	0	8,798		8,798	0
Cashion Kids After Care	0	6,402		6,402	0
Stuco Marquee	2,492	0,102	140	0,102	2,632
Senior 2010	140	0	(140)	0	_,
Nat'l Honor Society	289	50	(110)	85	254
High School Mentor	1,201	1,713		1,113	1,801
Senior 2011	396	0		271	125
Senior 2012	1,280	0		812	468
Science	60	0		0	60
Senior 2013	186	4,597		3,393	1,390
PTO	3,357	2,398		1,100	4,655
Senior 2014	1,560	2,306		396	3,470
Senior 2015	144	662		142	664
Senior 2016	208	60		0	268
Senior 2017	 0	10		0	10
Total Liabilities	\$ 83,815	340,039	0	332,668	91,186

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Passed Through US Department of Education: Small, rural school achievement program Small, rural school achievement program c/o Small, rural school achievement program Sub Total 94.358a S358A103168 \$35,841 (7,912) 35,844 (7,912) 35,844 (7,913) 35,844 (7,913) 35,844 (7,913) 35,844 (7,913) 36,861 (7,913) 417 36,861 (7,913) 417 36,861 (7,913) 417 36,861 (7,913) 417 36,361 (7,913) 417 31,259 31,361 31,362 (7	Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's Pass-through No.	A	gram or ward mount	Balance at 7/1/2011	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/2012
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I 84.010 36,886 35,944 36,361 417 Title I 2010-11 - Note 84.010 10,530 105,302 117,901 12,599 IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.391 3,342 3,342 3,342 IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.391 3,342 3,342 3,342 IDEA-B Preschool 84.173 2,937 2,937 2,937 2,937 IDEA-B Preschool ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.392 30 30 30 30 Title II, Part A 84.367 9,088 9,088 9,088 9,088 9,088 9,088 5 13,016 106,812 20,920 174,191 166,287 13,016 13,016 10,555 57,343 51,725 </td <td>Small, rural school achievement program Small, rural school achievement program c/o Small, rural school ach 2010-11 - Note</td> <td>84.358a</td> <td>S358A103168</td> <td>\$</td> <td>17,912</td> <td></td> <td>17,912 1,212</td> <td>17,912</td> <td>0</td>	Small, rural school achievement program Small, rural school achievement program c/o Small, rural school ach 2010-11 - Note	84.358a	S358A103168	\$	17,912		17,912 1,212	17,912	0
Title I 2010-11 - Note 84.010 10,530 10,530 IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.391 3,342 3,342 IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.391 3,342 3,342 IDEA-B Preschool 84.173 2,937 2,937 2,937 IDEA-B Preschool ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.392 30 30 30 Title II, Part A 84.367 9,088 9,088 9,088 Education Jobs 2010-11 - Note 84.410 7,018 7,018 7,018 Sub Total 166,812 20,920 174,191 166,287 13,016 U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: 10,555 57,343 51,725 National school lunch program 10.555 57,343 51,725 51,725 Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 11,566 11,566 National school lunch program 10.555 11,566 11,566 11,566									
IDEA-B Flow Through ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.391 3,342 3,342 IDEA-B Preschool 84.173 2,937 2,937 2,937 IDEA-B Preschool 84.173 2,937 30 30 Title II, Part A 84.367 9,088 9,088 9,088 Education Jobs 2010-11 - Note 84.410 7,018 7,018 7,018 Sub Total 166,812 20,920 174,191 166,287 13,016 U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: 10.555 57,343 51,725 Sub Total 10.555 57,343 51,725 51,725 Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 10.555 11,566 11,566 National school lunch program 10.555 11,566 11,566 11,566					36,886	10,530	/ -	36,361	417
IDEA-B Preschool ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.392 30 30 30 IDEA-B Preschool ARRA 2010-11 - Note 84.367 9,088 9,088 9,088 Education Jobs 2010-11 - Note 84.410 7,018 7,018 7,018 Sub Total 166,812 20,920 174,191 166,287 13,016 U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: 10.555 57,343 51,725 Child Nutrition Programs: National school lunch program 10.555 57,343 51,725 Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 10.555 11,566 11,566	0				117,901	3,342		117,901	12,599
Education Jobs 2010-11 - Note84.4107,0187,018Sub Total166,81220,920174,191166,287U.S. Department of AgriculturePassed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Programs: National school lunch program10.55557,34351,725Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 National school lunch program10.55511,56611,566		• • • • •			2,937	30	•	2,937	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Programs: National school lunch program10.555Sub Total57,34351,725Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 National school lunch program10.55511,566National school lunch program10.55511,56611,566	,					7,018			
Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Programs: National school lunch program10.55557,34351,725Sub Total57,34351,725Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 National school lunch program10.55511,566National school lunch program10.55511,566	Sub Total				166,812	20,920	174,191	166,287	13,016
Sub Total57,34351,725Passed Through Department of Human Services: Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1 National school lunch program10.55511,56611,56611,56611,566	Passed Through State Department of Education:								
Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1National school lunch program10.55511,56611,566		10.555							
·····	Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1	10 555					44 500	44 500	
יטמו בעבומו הסטטמוועב ע 20,000 200,004 10,010	National school lunch program	10.555		\$	231,913	22,132	298,068	283,334	13,016

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year. Note 1 - Commodities received by the District are of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue will not agree with the Financial Statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED			VERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES	
Western Surety Company						
	Activity fund custodian	484901	\$	2,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Child nutrition custodian	484901		2,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Superintendent	484901		100,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Superintendent secretary	484901		40,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Elementary secretary	484901		2,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	H.S. principal	484901		2,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Elementary principal	484901		2,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Payroll clerk	484901		40,000	7/1/11-7/1/12	
	Treasurer	n/a - County Treasurer				

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-89, KINGFISHER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma)) ss County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Cashion Public Schools for the audit year 2011-12.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

By _____ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 15rd day of March 2013

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016 Commission No. 00008621