FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

CHELSEA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-3, Rogers County, Oklahoma

JUNE 30, 2020

Audited by

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C. SHAWNEE, OK

SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2020

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TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2020

	Page No.
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	4-6
COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Fund Types Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Governmental Fund Types	7 8
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis – Budgeted Governmental Fund Types Notes to Combined Financial Statements	9-11 12-28
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
<u>Combining Financial Statements</u> Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and	29
Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in	30
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis –	31-33
All Fiduciary Fund Types	34
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis - Agency Funds	35-36
Supporting Schedules Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	37-38
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	39-40
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	41-42
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	40
Summary of Auditor's Results Findings Related to Financial Reporting	43 44
Findings Related to Federal Awards Compliance	44
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	45
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT	46

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Chelsea School District Number I-3 Rogers County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statementsregulatory basis of the Chelsea School District No. I-3, Rogers County, Oklahoma (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to meet the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2020, or the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid and encumbered, and budgetary results for the year ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements-regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Don's associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma November 17, 2020

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2020

					FIDUCIARY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP	
	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				TYPES	GENERAL	TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	AGENCY FUNDS	LONG-TERM DEBT	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS							
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amounts to be provided for retirement	\$ 1,439,841 -	301,785 -	855,691 -	36,741 -	128,218 -	- 36,741	2,762,276 36,741
of general long-term debt						2,530,767	2,530,767
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,439,841</u>	301,785	855,691	36,741	128,218	2,567,508	5,329,784
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Warrants payable	\$ 157,221	1,407		-	-	-	158,628
Encumbrances	110,249	45,635	600,000	-	-	-	755,884
Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	-	-	-	-	128,218	-	128,218
Bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-	2,220,000	2,220,000
Capital leases payable			-		-	347,508	347,508
Total liabilities	267,470	47,042	600,000		128,218	2,567,508	3,610,238
Fund Balances							
Restricted	-	254,743	255,691	36,741	-	-	547,175
Unassigned	1,172,371	-		-	-	-	1,172,371
Total fund balances	1,172,371	254,743	255,691	36,741			1,719,546
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,439,841	301,785	855,691	36,741	128,218	2,567,508	5,329,784

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	(GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	(MEMORANDUM	
	GENERAL	REVENUE	PROJECTS	SERVICE	ONLY)	
Revenues collected:	• • • • • • • • •					
Local sources	\$ 1,199,216	159,232	-	517,932	1,876,380	
Intermediate sources	238,614	-	-	-	238,614	
State sources	4,770,038	18,567	-	2	4,788,607	
Federal sources	1,233,950	25,611	-	-	1,259,561	
Non-revenue receipts	19,508		906,793	1,294	927,595	
Total revenues collected	7,461,326	203,410	906,793	519,228	9,090,757	
Expenditures:						
Instruction	4,462,258	44,177	-	-	4,506,435	
Support services	2,590,580	256,569	-	-	2,847,149	
Operation of non-instruction services	442,455	-	-	-	442,455	
Facilities acquisition & construction services	-	-	941,057	-	941,057	
Other outlays	16,130	-	-	1,004,635	1,020,765	
Total expenditures	7,511,423	300,746	941,057	1,004,635	9,757,861	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures						
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(50,097)	(97,336)	(34,264)	(485,407)	(667,104)	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	101,908	4,989	602	-	107,499	
Residual equity transfers in (out)	350_	(350)				
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures						
and residual equity transfers in (out)	52,161	(92,697)	(33,662)	(485,407)	(559,605)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,120,210	347,440	289,353	522,148	2,279,151	
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 1,172,371</u>	254,743	255,691	36,741	1,719,546	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND					
	ORIGINAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE			
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	\$ 1,015,624	1,015,624	1,199,216	183,592		
Intermediate sources	202,853	202,853	238,614	35,761		
State sources	4,667,763	4,667,763	4,770,038	102,275		
Federal sources	678,451	678,451	1,233,950	555,499		
Non-revenue receipts	-	-	19,508	19,508		
Total revenues collected	6,564,691	6,564,691	7,461,326	896,635		
Expenditures:						
Instruction	-	4,515,730	4,462,258	53,472		
Support services	-	2,653,235	2,590,580	62,655		
Operation of non-instruction services	-	447,119	442,455	4,664		
Other outlays	-	16,130	16,130	-		
Other uses	-	52,687	-	52,687		
Unbudgeted	7,684,901	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	7,684,901	7,684,901	7,511,423	173,478		
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures before adjustments to prior						
year encumbrances	(1,120,210)	(1 120 210)	(50,097)	1,070,113		
year cheambranees	(1,120,210)	(1,120,210)	(00,007)	1,070,110		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	101,908	101,908		
Residual equity transfers in (out)			350	350		
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures and residual equity transfers in (out)	(1,120,210)	(1,120,210)	52,161	1,172,371		
	,					
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,120,210	1,120,210	1,120,210			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		1,172,371	1,172,371		

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	\$ 145,208	145,208	159,232	14,024		
State sources	÷ 110,200	18,566	18,567	1		
Federal sources	25,611	25,611	25,611	-		
Total revenues collected	170,819	189,385	203,410	14,025		
Expenditures:						
Instruction	-	44,177	44,177	-		
Support services	-	490,000	256,569	233,431		
Operation of non-instruction services	-	2,648	-	2,648		
Unbudgeted	518,259	-		-		
Total expenditures	518,259	536,825	300,746	236,079		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(347,440)	(347,440)	(97,336)	250,104		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	4,989	4,989		
Residual equity transfers in (out)			(350)	(350)		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures and residual equity						
transfers in (out)	(347,440)	(347,440)	(92,697)	254,743		
Fund balance, beginning of year	347,440	347,440	347,440	<u> </u>		
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		254,743	254,743		

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		SINK	ING FUND	
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$ 494,987	494,987	517,932	22,945
State sources	-	-	2	2
Non-revenue receipts	-		1,294	1,294
Total revenues collected	494,987	494,987	519,228	24,241
Expenditures: Other outlays	1,004,635	1,004,635	1,004,635	<u>-</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(509,648)	(509,648)	(485,407)	24,241
Fund balance, beginning of year	522,148	522,148	522,148	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 12,500	12,500	36,741	24,241

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the CHELSEA School District Number I-3, CHELSEA, Rogers County, Oklahoma (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting polices are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statues.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board) composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial oversight responsibility. interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluation potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The District has various supporting groups. However, the District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over these groups and the dollar amounts are not material to the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus

The accounts of the District are organized and operate on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are reporting devices to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in other funds.

The District has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental funds – are used to account for most of the District's general activities and general long-term debt account group, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

<u>General fund</u> – is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools expect for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction, and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> – account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The special revenue funds are composed of the District's Building, Co-op and Child Nutrition Funds. These are budgeted funds and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Building fund</u> – consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The co-op fund has a deficit balance at June 30, 2020 due to an outstanding federal claim for reimbursement which was not received until the 2020-19 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies derived from local food sales and federal and state financial assistance. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District has chosen to close this fund at the end of the 2018-19 fiscal year. The child nutrition program will be operated through the District's general fund in future years.

<u>Capital Projects fund</u> – consists of the District's Bond Funds and accounts for the proceeds of bonds sales used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and the acquisition of transportation equipment.

<u>Debt Service fund</u> – consists of the District's Sinking Fund and accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for servicing of general long-term debt (principal, interest and related costs). This is a budgeted fund. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

Fiduciary funds – account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

<u>Agency fund</u> – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or has a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and Districtsponsored groups. This is an unbudgeted fund. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds. These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the District.

Account Groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over general fixed assets and long-term debt.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – is used to account for the outstanding principal balances of all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures

1. Deposits and Investments

State statues govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The School District invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U. S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. The District's child nutrition fund was closed at the end of the fiscal year and a residual equity transfer of \$8,445 was made from the child nutrition fund to the District's general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

5. Inventories

Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

6. Fixed Assets

The regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education requires the presentation of fixed assets. The District has not maintained a record of its fixed assets, and, accordingly, a statement of fixed assets required by generally accepted accounting principles prior to the issuance of GASB No. 34, is not included in the financial statements. Fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

7. Compensated Absences

The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statues, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

8. Long-term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt at face value in the general long-term debt account group. Certain other lease obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt account group.

9. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e. fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and note receivables, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as committed for amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as assigned for amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

11. Intermediate Revenues

Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

12. State Revenues

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

13. Federal Revenues

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

14. Instruction Expenditures

Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

15. Support Services Expenditures

Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

16. Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures

These expenditures are activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

17. Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures

These expenditures consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

18. Other Outlays Expenditures

A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) and certain transfers of monies from one fund to another.

19. Other Uses Expenditures

Other uses expenditures include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

20. Repayment Expenditures

Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

21. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives commodities from the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

22. Memorandum Only – Total Columns

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

23. Resource Use Policy

It is the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the District's policy when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers committed amounts to be spent first followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget is submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The electors of the District have voted on the question to make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent; therefore, an annual mileage election (normally the first Tuesday in

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY – cont'd

Budgetary Information – cont'd

February) is not necessary. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

The 2019-20 Estimate of Needs was amended by the following supplemental appropriation:

Fund	•	plemental ropriations	Original Appropriations	Final Appropriations
Со-ор	\$	18,566	25,611	44,177

This amendment was approved by the Rogers County Clerk.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2020 the District held deposits of approximately \$2,762,660 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, and investments are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- 5. County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The District had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2020, as defined above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2020, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

B. Long-term Debt

State statues prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. Debt Service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund. The District also has capital lease agreements.

On July 1, 2016, the District issued combined purpose bonds in the amount of \$680,000 with interest rates ranging from 1.10% to 3.50%. Bond maturities began July 1, 2018, with an initial installment of \$105,000, installments of \$115,000 per year thereafter, with the final maturity of \$115,000 due July 1, 2023;

On July 1, 2017, the District issued buildings bonds in the amount of \$1,330,000 with an interest rate of 1.95%. Bond maturities began July 1, 2019, with an initial installment of \$30,000, installments of \$325,000 per year thereafter, with the final maturity of \$325,000 due July 1, 2023;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

B. Long-term Debt – cont'd

On July 1, 2019, the District issued buildings bonds in the amount of \$900,000 with an interest rate of 2.25%. Bond maturities began July 1, 2021, with an initial installment of \$20,000, installments of \$110,000 per year thereafter, with the final maturity of \$110,000 due July 1, 2029;

On June 14, 2019, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for sports field lighting equipment. The lease-purchase is in the amount of \$614,182, has an interest rate of 4.95%, and is due in an initial down payment of \$266,674 by July 15, 2019, installments of \$44,895 per year thereafter, with the final payment due July 15, 2029.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

 General Oblig	Total	
Principal	Interest	Requirements
\$ 27,693	29,094	56,787
489,064	86,128	575,192
580,503	44,991	625,494
582,012	33,001	615,013
143,597	24,910	168,507
 744,639	60,772	805,411
\$ 2,567,508	278,896	2,846,404
\$	Principal \$ 27,693 489,064 580,503 582,012 143,597 744,639	\$ 27,693 29,094 489,064 86,128 580,503 44,991 582,012 33,001 143,597 24,910 744,639 60,772

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the current year totaled \$109,182.

C. Changes in General Long-term Debt

General long-term debt consists of general obligation bonds and capital leases payable. The following is a summary of the changes in the general long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020
Bonds Capital Leases	\$ 2,235,000 	900,000	915,000 402,510	2,220,000 347,508
Total	<u>\$ 2,985,018</u>	900,000	1,317,510	2,567,508

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of their taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each district are kept separate and districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in their account they would be liable for the excess.

The School participates in a risk pool for Worker's compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

4. OTHER INFORMATION – cont'd

C. Non-Monetary Transactions

The fair market value as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services of the commodities received during the period under audit was \$47,436.

D. Retirement System and Plan

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.00% of covered compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The matching contribution rate was 7.70%. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 5.00% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District's employer contribution rate was 9.50%. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2020

4. OTHER INFORMATION – cont'd

D. Retirement System and Plan – cont'd

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2020, 2019, and 2018, including the state credit, were \$702,227, \$670,128 and \$583,754. respectively.

E. Surety Bonds

The treasurer is bonded by Western Surety Company, bond number 70111441 for the penal sum of \$200,000, term beginning June 2, 2020 and ending June 2, 2021. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The activity fund custodian, minutes clerk and encumbrance clerk are bonded by Western Surety Company, bond number 1500060 for the penal sums of \$5,000, \$1,000, and \$5,000, respectively, terms beginning September 8, 2019 and ending September 8, 2020. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The superintendent is bonded by Western Surety Company, bond number 70750967 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning July 1, 2019 and ending July 1, 2020. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	BUILDING FUND	COOP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL
Cash	<u>\$ 301,783</u>	2		301,785
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Total liabilities	\$ 1,405 <u>45,635</u> 47,040	2 2		1,407 <u>45,635</u> <u>47,042</u>
Fund Balances Restricted	254,743			254,743
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 301,783</u>	2		301,785

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	BUILDING FUND	COOP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION 	TOTAL
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$ 159,232	_	_	159,232
State sources	1	18,566	-	18,567
Federal sources	-	25,611	-	25,611
Total revenues collected	159,233	44,177	-	203,410
Expenditures:				
Instruction	-	44,177	-	44,177
Support services	256,569		-	256,569
Total expenditures	256,569	44,177	-	300,746
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior				
year encumbrances	(97,336)	-	-	(97,336)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	4,639	-	350	4,989
Residual equity transfers in (out)			(350)	(350)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures and residual equity				
transfers in (out)	(92,697)	-	-	(92,697)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	347,440			347,440
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 254,743			254,743

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	BUILDING FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)					
		BUDGET	ACTUAL				
Revenues collected:							
Local sources State sources	\$ 145,208 -	145,208	159,232 1	14,024 1			
Total revenues collected	145,208	145,208	159,233	14,025			
Expenditures:							
Support services	-	490,000	256,569	233,431			
Operation of non-instruction services	-	2,648	-	2,648			
	492,648						
Total expenditures	492,648	492,648	256,569	236,079			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior	<i>(</i> ,)	<i></i>					
year encumbrances	(347,440)	(347,440)	(97,336)	250,104			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			4,639	4,639			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(347,440)	(347,440)	(92,697)	254,743			
Fund balance, beginning of year	347,440	347,440	347,440				
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		254,743	254,743			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	COOP FUND						
		IGINAL JDGET	FINAL BUDGET ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected:							
State sources	\$	-	18,566	18,566	-		
Federal sources		25,611	25,611	25,611			
Total revenues collected		25,611	44,177	44,177			
Expenditures:							
Instruction		-	44,177	44,177	-		
Unbudgeted		25,611					
Total expenditures		25,611	44,177	44,177	<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		-	-	-	-		
Fund balance, beginning of year		-					
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	CHILD NUTRITION FUND						
		GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected:	\$	-	-	-	-		
Expenditures:		-			<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		-	-	-	-		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		-	-	350	350		
Residual equity transfers in (out)				(350)	(350)		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures and residual equity transfers in (out)		-	-	-	-		
Fund balance, beginning of year		-			<u> </u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	AC	GENCY FUND CTIVITY FUND
Cash	\$	128,218
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities Funds held for school organizations	\$	128,218

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	ALANCE 7-01-19	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-20
Cash	\$ 114,836	245,779	<u> </u>	232,397	128,218
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
General Activity	\$ 7,392	5,819	1,003	7,534	6,680
Petty Cash	-	500	-	500	-
General Fund Reimbursement	-	45	-	45	-
Athletics	17,185	38,753	(1,000)	37,415	17,523
Concession Basketball	-	8,448	(4,033)	4,415	-
FB Concession	-	11,404	(3,039)	8,365	-
GT (1-12)	3,730	561	-	2,961	1,330
Special Ólympics	1,367	-	-	95	1,272
Donations - BB Goals	3,054	-	-	-	3,054
Art Goad Intermediate	7,908	22,736	496	24,664	6,476
Art Goad Library	2,368	9,907	-	8,016	4,259
Pre-K Snacks	-	290	(197)	93	-
Kindergarden Snacks I	176	450	(300)	129	197
Middle School Activity	1,024	2,265	-	832	2,457
Middle School Student Council	335	-	-	-	335
Middle School Cheerleaders	1,009	1,345	-	448	1,906
Graphic Club	539	63	-	63	539
High School Activity	2,874	4,184	771	4,482	3,347
HS/MS Library	1,501	3,167	-	4,446	222
Paula Love Memorial	57	-	-	-	57
Class of 2021	397	7,756	(50)	3,702	4,401
Class of 2022	1,385	282	(50)	-	1,617
Class of 2023	-	-	552	-	552
Class of 2024	-	541	1,316	540	1,317
Class of 2019	602	-	(602)	-	-
Class of 2020	1,366	-	(1,366)	-	-
National Honor Society	653	345	(50)	770	178
Student Council	2,304	1,647	(50)	2,499	1,402
Mock Trial	16	-	-	-	16
Annual	1,987	3,880	-	3,473	2,394
Bite SP Projects	1,234	26	1	194	1,067
Band	656	5,222	(20)	3,095	2,763
FFA	1,753	47,428	(50)	43,755	5,376

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	BALANCE 7-01-19	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-20
Funds held for school organizations (cont'd):				
Chorus	\$ 474	365	-	38	801
FACS Special Projects	1,533	3,735	1,248	3,701	2,815
BPA	3,358	1,220	1,690	2,191	4,077
Foreign Language Club	30	-	-	-	30
NTHS	243	-	-	-	243
Varsity Cheerleaders	1,499	7,780	(50)	7,851	1,378
NASA	370	2,874	(50)	1,438	1,756
All Sports Booster Club	12,533	11,685	3,472	13,915	13,775
Band Boosters	1,786	1,747	-	2,152	1,381
PTO	4,107	7,378	-	6,099	5,386
FCA	1,235	-	-	-	1,235
FFA Booster Club	39	245	-	239	45
Rupert Cross Scholarship	514	-	(514)	-	-
Football	2,364	5,318	950	7,684	948
Boys Basketball	2,836	494	-	1,467	1,863
Girls Basketball	139	8,989	(50)	5,142	3,936
Softball	6,330	13,705	(1,059)	12,640	6,336
Baseball	538	2,245	1,081	2,014	1,850
Boys Track	7,765	-	-	1,202	6,563
Girls Track	4,271	935	(50)	2,093	3,063
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 114,836</u>	245,779		232,397	128,218

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2019	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Balance at June 30, 2020
U.S. Department of Education:							
Direct Programs:							
Title VIII Impact Aid *	84.041	591	\$-	-	131,158	131,158	-
Title VIII Impact Aid *	84.041 84.060A	592 561	-	-	5,373	5,373	-
Title VIA, Indian Education	84.060A	1 0C	96,090		96,090	96,090	
Sub Total			96,090	<u> </u>	232,621	232,621	
Passed Through Oklahoma State Department of Education:							
Title I *	84.010	511	353,863	-	343,147	343,147	10,716
Title I School Improvement *	84.010	515	2,771	-	2,771	2,771	-
Title I Cluster			356,634		345,918	345,918	10,716
IDEA-B Discretionary Professional Development - OSDE	84.027	613	1,551	_	1,198	1,198	353
IDEA-B Discretionary Professional Development - District	84.027	615	3,572	-	-	-	3,572
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	621	202,172	-	191,250	191,250	10,922
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	3,860	-	3,860	3,860	-
Special Education Cluster			211,155	-	196,308	196,308	14,847
Title VB. Rural Low-Income Schools *	84.358B	587	26.280		26.280	26.280	
Title VB, Rural Low-Income Schools 2018-19 - Note 1	64.356Б 84.358В	799	26,380	-	26,380 8,756	26,380	-
Title IIA, Teacher and Principal Training/Recruiting *	84.367	541	12,527	-	4,127	4,127	8,400
Title IIA, Teacher and Principal Training/Recruiting 2018-19 - Note 1	84.367	799	-	-	285	-	-
Title IVA, Student Support and Academic Enrichment							
Competitive Grant *	84.424A	552	15,586		15,573	15,573	13
Sub Total			54,493	-	55,121	46,080	8,413
Passed Through Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Educ	nation:						
Carl Perkins grant	84.048	421	25,611	-	25,611	25,611	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			743,983	-	855,579	846,538	33,976
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through Oklahoma State Department of Education:							
School breakfast program	10.553	764	-	18,957	114,128	114,128	18,957
National school lunch program	10.555	763	-	10,350	278,160	245,722	42,788
National school lunch program - commodities - Note 4	10.555		-	-	47,436	47,436	-
Child Nutrition Cluster			-	29,307	439,724	407,286	61,745
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				29,307	439,724	407,286	61,745
				<i>`</i>	<u>·</u>		<u>_</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2019	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2020
U.S. Department of the Interior:							
Passed Through the Muscogee (Creek) Nation:			•				
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	\$ 12,080	-	7,862	10,600	1,480
Johnson O'Malley 2018-19 - Note 1	15.130	799	-	-	3,349	-	
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			12,080		11,211	10,600	1,480
Other Federal Assistance							
Flood Control	12.112	770	-	3,637	483	-	4,120
In Lieu of Tax Public Housing		770	-	47,504			47,504
Total Other Federal Assistance				51,141	483	-	51,624
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 756,063	80,448	1,306,997	1,264,424	148,825

Note 1: These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

- Note 2: Basis of Presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.
- Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. except for nonmonetary assistance noted in note 4. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Food Distribution - Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

* Major programs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Chelsea School District Number I-3 Rogers County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis, within the combined financial statements of the Chelsea School District No. I-3, Rogers County, Oklahoma (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2020. The report on these financial statements was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson Don' associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma November 17, 2020

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Chelsea School District Number I-3 Rogers County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Chelsea School District No. I-3, Chelsea, Rogers County, Oklahoma's (the "District's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

907 EAST 35TH UNIT 4, SHAWNEE, OK 74804 (405) 273-4838 1-800-550-2948 FAX (405) 273-5846

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of ver compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Don's associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma November 17, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: respect to the opinion on the combined financial statements i accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission group on the combined financial statements in conformity wit prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education)	of the general fixed ass	et account
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? 		No None reported No
Federal Awards		
 Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 		No None reported
		Unmodified
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major program	15.	Unmodilled
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Prog	ram or Cluster
84.010 84.041 84.358 84.367 84.424A	Title I and Title I Schoo Title VII, Impact Aid Title VB, Rural Low Inc Title IIA, Teacher and I Title IVA, Student Supp Academic Enrichme	come Schools Principal Training port and
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

There were no material weaknesses or instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs, or material weakness or reportable conditions in internal control that are required to be reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

There were no prior year audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

State of Oklahoma))ss County of Pottawatomie)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Chelsea Public Schools for the audit year 2019-20.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.

Auditing Firm

Kame O as

by_____ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 2020.

na Cook

Notary Public (Commission # 11002236) My Commission Expires March 10, 2023

> LISA COOK NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF OKLAHOMA MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAR. 10, 2023 COMMISSION # 11002236

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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November 17, 2020

Mr. Richard McSpadden, Supt. Chelsea Public Schools 401 Redbud Lane Chelsea, OK 74016

Dear Mr. McSpadden:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations relayed to management. Please review them very carefully. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call me so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

Unpaid Encumbrances

We observed during the audit that the general and building funds' open encumbrances as of June 30, 2020 were significantly over-stated. The District reserved \$110,249 in the general fund as of June 30, 2020, but only \$31,798 of these reserves were subsequently paid. The building fund's reserves were \$45,635, but only \$9,744 of these reserves were subsequently paid. We recommend the District review its open encumbrances at the end of the year for reasonableness prior to submitting their OCAS data.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to OCAS Data

Listed below are the differences between the federal expenditures reported through the OCAS system and the federal expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

- 1. The expenditures for the Carl Perkins program were \$1 more than the amount previously reported to the State Department of Education. This difference was the result of \$1 being subsequently reclassified to a local project code.
- 2. The expenditures for the National School Lunch Program were (\$32,438) less than the amount previously reported to the State Department of Education. This difference was the result of open encumbrances reserved at June 30, 2020 that were not subsequently expended.

Matching Teachers' Retirement

Matching teachers' retirement appears to have been underpaid by approximately \$10,680. This underpayment represents \$841 for IDEA-B Flow Through, \$2,501 for National School Lunch and \$7,338 for School Breakfast Program funded salaries. We recommend that the District's payroll clerk review this finding and, if in concurrence, submit the underpayment to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite work.

Sincerely,

Wen OI + hosonit

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.