

**CITY OF ALTUS, OKLAHOMA
ALTUS, OKLAHOMA**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND ACCOMPANYING
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022**

City of Altus, Oklahoma
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June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission
City of Altus, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Altus, Oklahoma, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Altus, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Altus, Oklahoma, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Altus, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Altus, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities on pages 1-8 and 58-76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Altus, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Foresight Advisory & Consulting, PLLC

Foresight Advisory & Consulting, PLLC

Oklahoma City, OK
December 2, 2022

Within this section, the City of Altus's ("City") management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City's for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City's performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. This discussion focuses on the City's primary government, and unless otherwise noted, component units reported separately from the primary government are not included. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

- At June 30, 2022, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$146,148,907 (net position). This compared to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$135,627,831.
- The City's total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$112,942,188 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase of construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Restricted net position of \$45,294,339 accounts for assets restricted for debt service and capital construction in accordance with debt offerings.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$(12,087,620) represent the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors
- The City's governmental funds on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances in Governmental Funds reported total ending fund balance of \$20,136,912. This compared to prior year ending fund balance of \$15,051,636 prior to prior period adjustment.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual reporting includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status and are presented to demonstrate the extent the City has met its operating objective efficiently and effectively using all the resources available and whether the City can continue to meet its objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective like that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indication of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year and can be used to assess the City's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the City's programs are financed. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinctively report governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, and business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Governmental activities include general government; public safety and judiciary; transportation; and cultural, parks, and recreation. Business-types activities include utility services, including water and sanitation, provided by the City as well as the operation of the rock yard.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organization for which the City is accountable (component units). More comprehensive information about the City's component units can be found in footnotes.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund statements reporting short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statement is included in the basic financial statement for governmental funds deemed as major. This statement demonstrates compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City has one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water and sanitation utilities and sales of rock and airplane fuel.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting similarly to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

Fiduciary funds such as the meter deposits and police bonds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund City programs. Fiduciary fund financial statements report similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. Those notes to the financial statement begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information detailing the combining statements of non-major governmental funds.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position

The City's combined net position at June 30, 2022 was \$146,148,907. The City reported positive balances in total net position for both governmental and business-type activities, reporting \$78 million and \$68 million, respectively. The City's overall financial position improved during the fiscal year 2022.

	Summary of Net Position							
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Change	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	\$	%
Current assets	\$ 26,287	\$ 17,773	\$ 52,377	\$ 55,044	\$ 78,664	\$ 72,817	\$ 5,847	8%
Capital assets, net	64,638	64,713	82,592	66,633	147,230	131,346	15,884	12%
Total assets	90,925	82,486	134,969	121,677	225,894	204,163	21,731	11%
Deferred outflow of resources	4,174	3,981	1,001	1,025	5,175	5,006	169	3%
Current liabilities	1,849	1,841	7,835	10,031	9,684	11,872	(2,188)	-18%
Non-current liabilities	7,340	12,773	58,260	47,835	65,600	60,608	4,992	8%
Total liabilities	9,189	14,614	66,095	57,866	75,284	72,480	2,804	4%
Deferred inflow of resources	8,100	974	1,537	88	9,637	1,062	8,575	807%
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	63,984	63,985	48,958	21,897	112,942	85,882	27,060	32%
Restricted	6,744	6,198	38,550	33,923	45,294	40,121	5,173	13%
Unrestricted	7,082	696	(19,170)	8,928	(12,088)	9,624	(21,712)	-226%
Total net position	\$ 77,810	\$ 70,879	\$ 68,338	\$ 64,748	\$ 146,148	\$ 135,627	\$ 10,521	8%

The City's net position increased 8% over prior year. Current assets increased \$21.7 million or 11% resulting from the improvement of capital assets currently in process. The largest majority of these assets are still in process of construction at June 30, 2022. Liabilities noted a decrease of \$2.8 million or 4% resulting from the timing of payment on short term obligations of the City.

The City reported over \$147 million in capital assets with \$52 million remaining on debt used to finance their acquisition and construction.

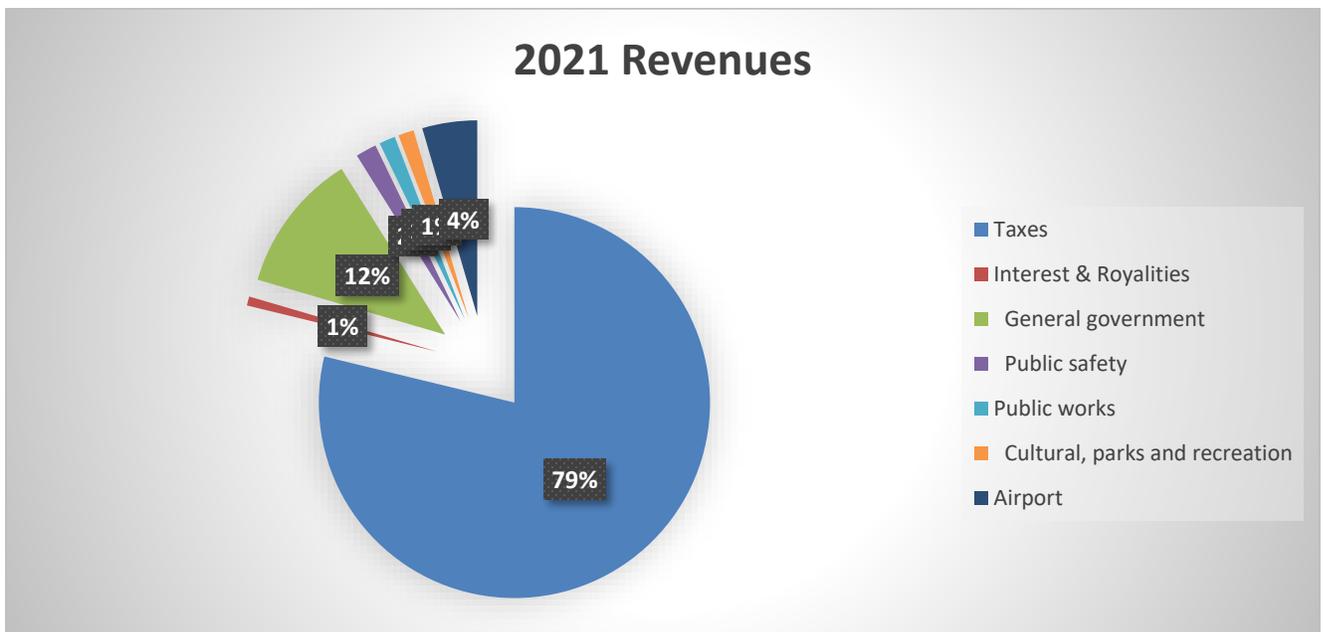
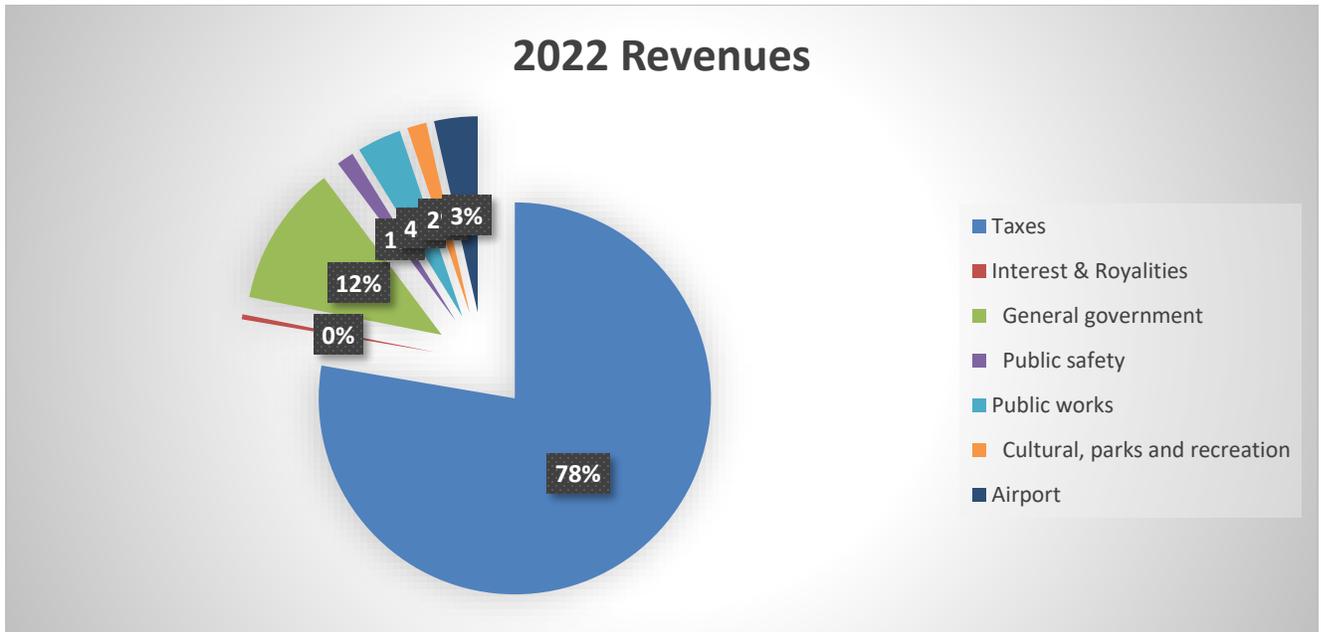
	Summary of Changes in Net Position							
	Governmental		Business-type		Total		Change	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	\$	%
Revenue								
Program revenue	\$ 4,485	\$ 3,596	\$ 44,224	\$ 36,179	\$ 48,709	\$ 39,775	\$ 8,934	22%
Tax and other general revenue	18,702	14,854	552	2,134	19,254	16,988	2,266	13%
Total revenue	23,187	18,450	44,776	38,313	67,963	56,763	11,200	20%
Expenses								
General government	4,689	4,787	-	-	4,689	4,787	(98)	-2%
Public safety and judiciary	10,073	10,259	-	-	10,073	10,259	(186)	-2%
Public Works	4,620	4,658	-	-	4,620	4,658.00	(38)	-1%
Cultural, parks, and recreation	2,392	2,016	-	-	2,392	2,016	376	19%
Airport	997	1,245	-	-	997	1,245	(248)	-20%
Water	-	-	5,111	4,821	5,111	4,821	290	6%
Wastewater	-	-	3,531	3,528	3,531	3,528	3	0%
Sanitation	-	-	3,621	2,849	3,621	2,849	772	27%
Electric	-	-	21,996	18,539	21,996	18,539	3,457	19%
Base facility services	-	-	821	351	821	351	470	100%
Golf course	-	-	408	399	408	399	9	100%
Total expenses	22,771	22,965	35,488	30,487	58,259	53,452	4,807	9%
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	\$ 416	\$ (4,515)	\$ 9,288	\$ 7,826	\$ 9,704	\$ 3,311	\$ 6,393	193%
Transfers	6,571	(3,666)	(6,571)	3,666	-	-	-	0%
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 6,987	\$ (3,181)	\$ 2,717	\$ 11,492	\$ 9,704	\$ 3,311	\$ 6,393	193%

The City increased their net position \$9.7 million dollars compared to \$3.3 million in the prior year. The increase is due to over \$4 million dollars in capital grants in the Municipal Authority from the Oklahoma Department of Commerce related to the development of housing and \$1.7 million in change from the pension obligation. The pension obligation is calculated by a third-party actuary and provided to the City. Additionally, utility revenues in the electric department reflected strong growth due to an increase in demand.

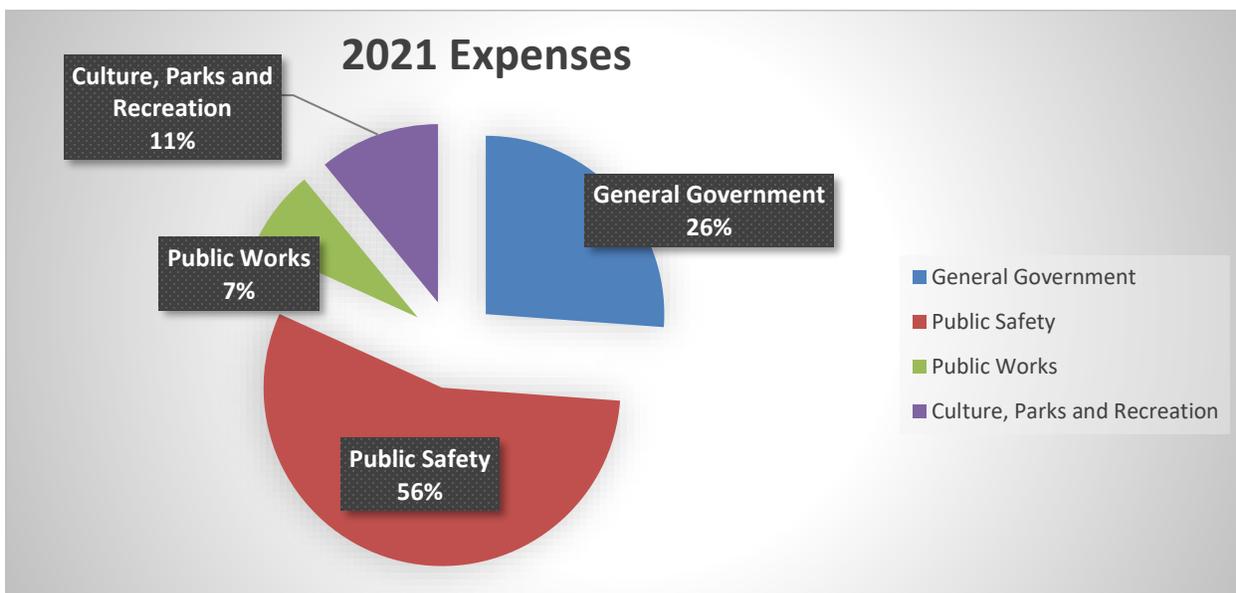
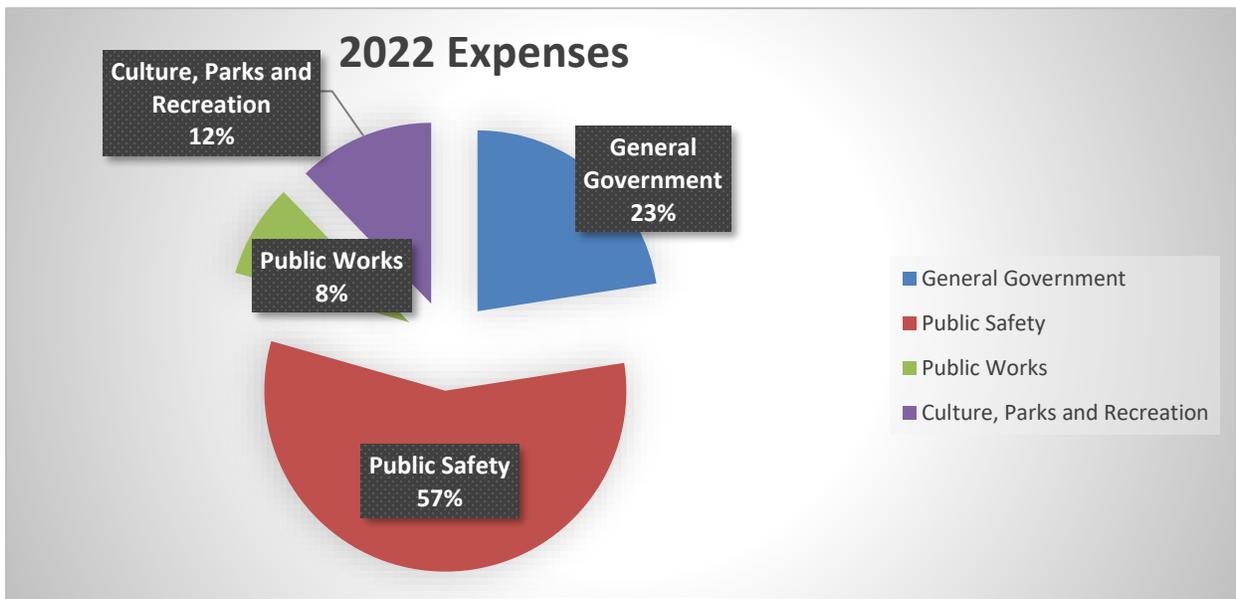
Operating expenses remained consistent between the two-year period, noting a change of \$4.8 million dollars or 9%. Consistent with the increase in electric revenues noted above, electric expenses increased over \$3 million or 19% due to the rising cost of fuel and the increase in demand.

The City's financial position has improved when compared to the previous year.

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary table follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.



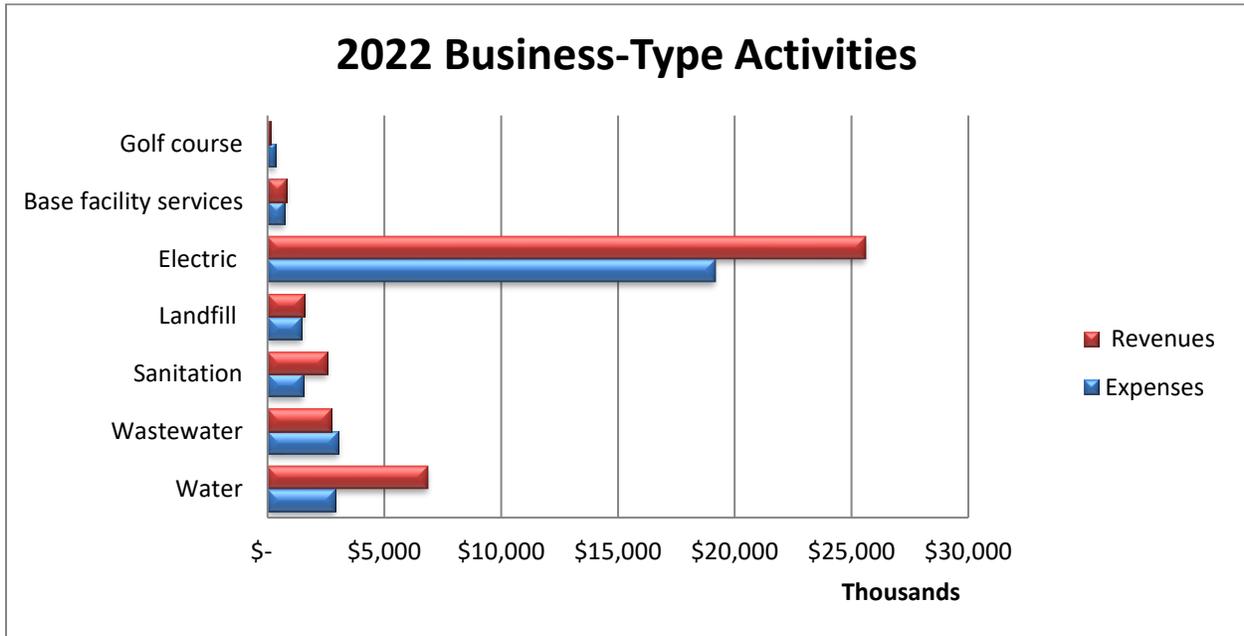
Taxes, which are the largest source of governmental revenues, provided 78% of the City's governmental revenues in fiscal year 2022. This is consistent with the 79% recorded in the previous fiscal year.



For the year ended June 30, 2022, total expenses for governmental activities were \$16,772,037 compared to \$17,085,993 in prior fiscal year. Of this amount, public safety and judiciary with \$9,540,642, was the largest operating service department at 57% of the total cost of services for the City government consistent with prior fiscal year of 56%. These costs, as well as all other governmental activity expenses, were primarily funded by tax revenues. It should be noted that governmental expenses are adjusted from the fund statements to the government-wide statements for the purchase and construction of capital assets. Government-wide statement is full accrual; capital outlay expenses are eliminated, and capital assets are reported.

Business-type Activities

The following is a graphic representation of business-type expenses compared to revenues for the major departments of the City’s enterprise funds:



Business-type activities are shown comparing operating costs to operating revenues generated by the related services. These services are intended to be self-supporting with user charges and other revenues designed to recover costs. Other activities provide services with minimal user charges.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original adopted General Fund budget for fiscal year 2022 was \$17,546,850. During the fiscal year, the City approved budget amendments totaling \$60,685 for a total budget of \$17,607,535. Total expenditures for the City were \$16,643,697, which is \$963,838 less than the approved budget. The City complied in all material respects with the budget laws and regulations.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$112.9 million net investment in capital assets, including vehicles and equipment for police and fire operations, street improvements, and park facilities, in governmental activities and utility improvements/infrastructure in business-type activities. Refer to the table below.

Primary Government Capital Assets

(in thousands)

	Governmental		Business-type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land and CIP	\$ 6,342	\$ 3,074	\$ 39,175	\$ 21,631	\$ 45,517	\$ 24,705
Buildings	18,342	18,166	28,231	28,232	46,573	46,398
Machinery & equipment	101,574	13,777	11,152	9,703	112,726	23,480
Utility property & improvements	14,043	101,631	67,670	67,652	81,713	169,283
Total cost	\$ 140,301	\$ 136,648	\$ 146,228	\$ 127,218	\$ 286,529	\$ 263,866
Accumulated depreciation	75,663	71,935	63,636	60,586	139,299	132,521
Total capital assets, net	\$ 64,638	\$ 64,713	\$ 82,592	\$ 66,632	\$ 147,230	\$ 131,345

Long-Term Debt

The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

Primary Government Long-Term Debt

	Governmental		Business-type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Notes payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,298	\$ 47,393	\$ 55,298	\$ 47,393
Landfill obligation	-	-	2,404	1,558	2,404	1,558.00
Pension obligation	7,339	9,650	558	2,400	7,897	12,050
Premium on debt issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-
less current portion	-	-	(4,645)	(3,516)	(4,645)	(3,516)
Total long term debt	\$ 7,339	\$ 9,650	\$ 53,615	\$ 47,835	\$ 60,954	\$ 57,485

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

According to the Oklahoma State University, Spears School of Business, *Economic Outlook 2022 Summer Update* "The state and national economies have recovered from the damage wrought by the COVID-19 pandemic. While income and output have long since risen above their pre-pandemic levels, in large part spurred by massive fiscal and monetary stimulus, state and national employment are just now returning to pre-pandemic levels. Yet, although the major economic aggregates have recovered, the economy has not fully returned to pre-pandemic form." The City has continued to be proactive in unknown changes resulting from the pandemic in the upcoming year as well as providing a strong foot forward in the future of this community.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at City Hall in Altus, OK.

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,428,061	\$ 4,993,890	\$ 20,421,951
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,352,831	35,563,452	36,916,283
Investments	4,716,984	5,342,037	10,059,021
Taxes Receivable	1,292,548	-	1,292,548
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance	14,862	4,879,572	4,894,434
Court Fines Receivable	138,449	-	138,449
Grant Receivable	187,888	-	187,888
Other Receivable	157,686	-	157,686
Inventory	64,252	1,597,783	1,662,035
Capital Assets			
Land and Other Nondepreciable Assets	6,341,806	39,174,975	45,516,781
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	58,296,317	43,417,063	101,713,380
Pension asset	2,933,292	-	2,933,292
Total Assets	<u>90,924,976</u>	<u>134,968,772</u>	<u>225,893,748</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions and OPEB	4,173,643	1,000,842	5,174,485
	<u>4,173,643</u>	<u>1,000,842</u>	<u>5,174,485</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>95,098,619</u>	<u>135,969,614</u>	<u>231,068,233</u>
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	654,199	6,276,151	6,930,350
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	445,728	182,677	628,405
Compensated Absences	480,451	147,690	628,141
Accrued Interest Payable	-	236,191	236,191
Due to Depositors	-	991,974	991,974
Deferred Revenue	237,113	-	237,113
Other Payables	31,465	-	31,465
Long-term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	-	4,644,940	4,644,940
Due in More than One Year	7,339,549	53,614,877	60,954,426
Total Liabilities	<u>9,188,505</u>	<u>66,094,500</u>	<u>75,283,005</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions and OPEB	8,099,736	1,536,585	9,636,321
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>8,099,736</u>	<u>1,536,585</u>	<u>9,636,321</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>17,288,241</u>	<u>67,631,085</u>	<u>84,919,326</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	63,983,924	48,958,264	112,942,188
Restricted for			
Capital Projects	5,754,073	37,004,636	42,758,709
Debt Service	-	1,502,182	1,502,182
Economic Development	550,669	-	550,669.00
Other Purposes	439,632	43,147	482,779.00
Unrestricted	7,082,080	(19,169,700)	(12,087,620)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 77,810,378</u>	<u>\$ 68,338,529</u>	<u>\$ 146,148,907</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenue			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		Total
					Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 4,689,033	\$ 352,865	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,034,462	\$ (2,299,706)	\$ -	\$ (2,299,706)
Public Safety	10,073,004	287,810	3,356	-	(9,781,838)	-	(9,781,838)
Public Works	4,619,962	220,215	25	526,240	(3,873,482)	-	(3,873,482)
Culture, Parks and Recreation	2,392,117	312,771	550	12,245	(2,066,551)	-	(2,066,551)
Airport	997,119	481,020	-	251,321	(264,778)	-	(264,778)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>22,771,235</u>	<u>1,654,681</u>	<u>5,931</u>	<u>2,824,268</u>	<u>(18,286,355)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,286,355)</u>
Business-Type Activities							
Water	5,111,165	6,873,768	-	-	-	1,762,603	1,762,603
Wastewater	3,530,544	2,717,694	-	-	-	(812,850)	(812,850)
Sanitation	3,621,451	4,111,863	-	-	-	490,412	490,412
Electric	21,995,960	25,597,533	-	-	-	3,601,573	3,601,573
Base facility services	821,383	806,097	-	4,005,161	-	3,989,875	3,989,875
Golf course	408,377	112,322	-	-	-	(296,055)	(296,055)
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>35,488,880</u>	<u>40,219,277</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,005,161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,735,558</u>	<u>8,735,558</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 58,260,115</u>	<u>\$ 41,873,958</u>	<u>\$ 5,931</u>	<u>\$ 6,829,429</u>	<u>\$ (18,286,355)</u>	<u>\$ 8,735,558</u>	<u>\$ (9,550,797)</u>
General Revenues							
Taxes					15,906,634	-	15,906,634
Investment Income					84,410	24,382	108,792
Miscellaneous					918,768	160,332	1,079,100
Change in pension obligation					1,792,730	368,497	2,161,227
Transfers –Internal Activity					6,571,311	(6,571,311)	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers					<u>25,273,853</u>	<u>(6,018,100)</u>	<u>19,255,753</u>
Change in Net Position					6,987,498	2,717,458	9,704,956
Net Position, Beginning of Year					70,822,880	64,192,995	135,015,875
Prior Period Adjustment					-	1,428,076	1,428,076
Net Position, End of Year					\$ 77,810,378	\$ 68,338,529	\$ 146,148,907

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Non-major Governmental	Total Government Funds
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,225,080	\$ 2,242,672	\$ 2,960,309	\$ 15,428,061
Investments	2,056,984	2,660,000	-	4,716,984
Taxes Receivable, Net	1,263,950	-	28,598	1,292,548
Court Fines Receivable, Net	138,449	-	-	138,449
Utilities Receivable, Net	40,288	-	25,274	65,562
Grant Receivables	-	-	187,888	187,888
Other Receivables	-	-	92,124	92,124
Inventories	-	-	64,252	64,252
Total Assets	<u>13,724,751</u>	<u>4,902,672</u>	<u>3,358,445</u>	<u>21,985,868</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	199,464	7,300	447,435	654,199
Accrued Payroll	437,880	-	7,848	445,728
Compensated absences	468,481	-	11,970	480,451
Deferred Revenue	-	-	237,113	237,113
Other Payables	31,465	-	-	31,465
Total Liabilities	<u>1,137,290</u>	<u>7,300</u>	<u>704,366</u>	<u>1,848,956</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	-	-	64,252	64,252
Restricted	-	4,895,372	1,849,002	6,744,374
Committed	6,636,659	-	-	6,636,659
Assigned	1,614,161	-	740,825	2,354,986
Unassigned	4,336,641	-	-	4,336,641
Total Fund Balances	<u>12,587,461</u>	<u>4,895,372</u>	<u>2,654,079</u>	<u>20,136,912</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 13,724,751</u>	<u>\$ 4,902,672</u>	<u>\$ 3,358,445</u>	<u>\$ 21,985,868</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Improvement</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental</u>	<u>Total Government</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 15,384,311	\$ -	\$ 522,323	\$ 15,906,634
Intergovernmental	2,056,626	-	777,561	2,834,187
Charges for Services	365,717	-	677,388	1,043,105
Fines and Forfeitures	262,461	-	-	262,461
Licenses and Permits	147,505	-	-	147,505
Rental	201,610	-	-	201,610
Investment Earnings	37,504	42,975	3,931	84,410
Donations	5,906	-	25	5,931
Miscellaneous	492,756	6,311	-	499,067
Total Revenues	<u>18,954,396</u>	<u>49,286</u>	<u>1,981,228</u>	<u>20,984,910</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government	3,780,328	697,630	-	4,477,958
Public Safety	9,540,642	-	-	9,540,642
Public Works	1,404,252	-	535,126	1,939,378
Culture, Parks and Recreation	2,046,815	-	203,244	2,250,059
Airport	-	-	786,627	786,627
Capital Outlay	3,992,674	-	-	3,992,674
Total Expenditures	<u>20,764,711</u>	<u>697,630</u>	<u>1,524,997</u>	<u>22,987,338</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,810,315)</u>	<u>(648,344)</u>	<u>456,231</u>	<u>(2,002,428)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	7,872,920	1,992,913	391,000	10,256,833
Transfers Out	(1,144,808)	(1,396,586)	(1,144,128)	(3,685,522)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>6,728,112</u>	<u>596,327</u>	<u>(753,128)</u>	<u>6,571,311</u>
Net Changes in Fund Balances	4,917,797	(52,017)	(296,897)	4,568,883
Fund Balances, Beginning	7,669,664	4,947,389	2,990,562	15,607,615
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	(39,586)	(39,586)
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 12,587,461</u>	<u>\$ 4,895,372</u>	<u>\$ 2,654,079</u>	<u>\$ 20,136,912</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Balance Sheet - Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds \$ 20,136,912

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land and construction in process	6,341,806	
Capital assets at cost	133,958,970	
Accumulate Depreciation	<u>(75,662,653)</u>	64,638,123

Certain other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Net pension asset	2,933,292
Deferred outflow on pension and OPEB obligations	4,173,643

Certain long-term liabilities are due and payable from current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension liability	(4,216,247)
OPEB liability	(3,123,302)
Deferred outflow on pension and OPEB obligations	(8,099,736)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities that benefit multiple funds to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported in multiple governmental funds. However for financial statement purposes, the assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are reported in governmental activities in the statement of net position 1,367,693

Net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position \$ 77,810,378

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,568,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets	
Capital asset purchases capitalized	3,992,674
Depreciation expense	(3,727,235)
In the statement of activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned, net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension and OPEB expense. The fund financial statements report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures	
	1,792,730
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, but certain net revenues are reported in governmental activities on the statement of activities	
	<u>360,446</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 6,987,498</u></u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

	Altus Municipal Authority	MAPS II Sales Tax	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,993,890	\$ -	\$ 4,993,890	\$ 1,352,831
Investments	5,342,037	-	5,342,037	-
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,620,706	25,942,746	35,563,452	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	4,879,572	-	4,879,572	14,862
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Inventories	1,597,783	-	1,597,783	-
Total Current Assets	<u>26,433,988</u>	<u>25,942,746</u>	<u>52,376,734</u>	<u>1,367,693</u>
Noncurrent Assets				
Land and Construction in Progress	19,658,753	19,516,222	39,174,975	-
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	43,417,063	-	43,417,063	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>63,075,816</u>	<u>19,516,222</u>	<u>82,592,038</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>89,509,804</u>	<u>45,458,968</u>	<u>134,968,772</u>	<u>1,367,693</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,000,842	-	1,000,842	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resou	<u>\$ 90,510,646</u>	<u>\$ 45,458,968</u>	<u>\$ 135,969,614</u>	<u>\$ 1,367,693</u>
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	2,716,853	3,559,298	6,276,151	-
Payroll Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Accrued Payroll	182,677	-	182,677	-
Accrued Interest Payable	125,976	110,215	236,191	-
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	-
Current Lease Payable	41,432	-	41,432	-
Contract Obligation Payable	833,895	-	833,895	-
Notes Payable	774,613	2,995,000	3,769,613	-
Total Current Liabilities	<u>4,675,446</u>	<u>6,664,513</u>	<u>11,339,959</u>	<u>-</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Deposits Subject to Refund	991,974	-	991,974	-
Compensated Absences	147,690	-	147,690	-
Lease payable	165,726	-	165,726	-
Contract Obligation Payable	1,753,920	-	1,753,920	-
Landfill Closure Liability	2,404,101	-	2,404,101	-
Notes Payable	12,606,462	36,126,658	48,733,120	-
Net Pension Liability	558,010	-	558,010	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>18,627,883</u>	<u>36,126,658</u>	<u>54,754,541</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>23,303,329</u>	<u>42,791,171</u>	<u>66,094,500</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,536,585	-	1,536,585	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,536,585</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,536,585</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>24,839,914</u>	<u>42,791,171</u>	<u>67,631,085</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,958,264	-	48,958,264	-
Restricted for Debt Service	799,363	702,819	1,502,182	-
Restricted for Capital Projects	9,207,451	-	9,207,451	-
Restricted for MAPS Projects	2,748,904	25,048,281	27,797,185	-
Restricted for Refunds	43,147	-	43,147	-
Unrestricted	3,913,603	(23,083,303)	(19,169,700)	1,367,693
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 65,670,732</u>	<u>\$ 2,667,797</u>	<u>\$ 68,338,529</u>	<u>\$ 1,367,693</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

	Altus Municipal Authority	MAPS II Sales Tax	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues				
Water	\$ 6,873,768	\$ -	\$ 6,873,768	\$ -
Wastewater	2,717,694	-	2,717,694	-
Sanitation	2,557,509	-	2,557,509	-
Electric	25,597,533	-	25,597,533	-
Base facility services	806,097	-	806,097	-
Golf course	112,322	-	112,322	-
Landfill	1,554,354	-	1,554,354	-
Miscellaneous	160,332	-	160,332	230,807
Total Operating Revenues	<u>40,379,609</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,379,609</u>	<u>230,807</u>
Operating Expenses				
General Government	-	-	-	49,336
Administration	1,461,304	724,861	2,186,165	-
Water	2,875,146	-	2,875,146	-
Wastewater	3,046,033	-	3,046,033	-
Sanitation	1,513,883	-	1,513,883	-
Landfill	1,466,557	-	1,466,557	-
Electric	19,166,744	-	19,166,744	-
Base facility services	739,352	-	739,352	-
Golf course	335,832	-	335,832	-
Depreciation	3,050,163	-	3,050,163	-
Total Operating Expenses	<u>33,655,014</u>	<u>724,861</u>	<u>34,379,875</u>	<u>49,336</u>
Net Operating Income	<u>6,724,595</u>	<u>(724,861)</u>	<u>5,999,734</u>	<u>181,471</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income	23,909	473	24,382	1,735
Intergovernmental	4,005,161	-	4,005,161	-
Change in pension obligation	368,497	-	368,497	-
Interest Expense	(378,764)	(730,241)	(1,109,005)	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>4,018,803</u>	<u>(729,768)</u>	<u>3,289,035</u>	<u>1,735</u>
Net Income Before Transfers	10,743,398	(1,454,629)	9,288,769	183,206
Transfers				
Transfers In	4,941,712	4,678,404	9,620,116	-
Transfers Out	(16,191,427)	-	(16,191,427)	-
	<u>(11,249,715)</u>	<u>4,678,404</u>	<u>(6,571,311)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position	(506,317)	3,223,775	2,717,458	183,206
Net Position, Beginning of Year	64,748,973	(555,978)	64,192,995	879,753
Prior Period Adjustment	1,428,076	-	1,428,076	304,734
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 65,670,732</u>	<u>\$ 2,667,797</u>	<u>\$ 68,338,529</u>	<u>\$ 1,367,693</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Altus Municipal Authority	MAPS II Sales Tax	Internal Service Funds
Operating Activities			
Receipts from Customers and Others	\$ 42,631,640	\$ -	\$ 215,945
Payments to Suppliers	(28,124,299)	(4,246,645)	(343,534)
Payments to Employees	(5,758,585)	-	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>8,748,756</u>	<u>(4,246,645)</u>	<u>(127,589)</u>
Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers from Other Funds	4,941,712	38,555,307	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(36,041,121)	-	-
Net Cash Used in Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>(31,099,409)</u>	<u>38,555,307</u>	<u>-</u>
Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Purchases of Capital Assets	(5,043,781)	(14,342,683)	-
Change in Contract Obligation	(806,490)	-	-
Principal Paid on Debt	(826,432)	(1,950,000)	-
Issuance of debt	1,585,927	9,175,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Paid on Debt	(502,732)	(730,241)	-
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(5,593,508)</u>	<u>(7,847,924)</u>	<u>-</u>
Investing Activities			
Sale of Investments	-	-	304,734
Purchase of Investments	-	-	-
Deposit with Third Party	-	-	-
Interest and Dividends	23,909	473	1,735
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>23,909</u>	<u>473</u>	<u>306,469</u>
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(27,920,252)	26,461,211	178,880
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	42,534,848	(518,465)	1,173,951
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 14,614,596</u>	<u>\$ 25,942,746</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,831</u>
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,993,890	-	1,352,831
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,620,706	25,942,746	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 14,614,596</u>	<u>\$ 25,942,746</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,831</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities			
Operating Income	6,724,595	(724,861)	181,471
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities			
Depreciation Expense	3,050,163	-	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities			
Accounts Receivable	(763,253)	-	(14,862)
Other Receivables	3,015,284	-	-
Inventory	(52,474)	-	-
Deferred Outflows	24,475	-	-
Accounts Payable	1,669,395	(3,521,784)	(216,398)
Accrued Payroll Payable	64,284	-	(77,800)
Other Accrued Expenses	(4,000,000)	-	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	12,243	-	-
Landfill Closure Liability	845,671	-	-
Pension and OPEB Liabilities and Related Accounts	(1,841,627)	-	-
Deferred Inflows	-	-	-
Deposits Subject to Refund	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$ 8,748,756</u>	<u>\$ (4,246,645)</u>	<u>\$ (127,589)</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Altus, Oklahoma's (the City) financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Altus) and its blended component unit, Altus Municipal Authority (the Authority). The City of Altus provides municipal services, such as general government, public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities. The Authority operates the electric, water, wastewater and sanitation services of the City.

The Authority is governed by the City Council (the Trustees), and the City is able to impose its will on the Authority through required approval of all debt obligations issued by the Authority. In determining the financial reporting entity, the City fully complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*; GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*; and GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, that require all component units of which the City is financially accountable be included in the financial report.

The Authority, as the component unit of the City, is a public trust established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma state law. Public trusts have no taxing power. Public trusts are generally created to finance city services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the public trusts to delegate certain functions to the governing body of the Authority. Public trusts generally retain title to assets that are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority-generated resources. The City, as beneficiary of the public trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a public trust is dissolved.

Related Organizations

A related organization is one for which the City is not financially accountable. Such organizations include:

- Altus/Southwest Area Economic Development Corporation
- Downtown Altus Redevelopment Trust Authority
- Mountain Park Master Conservancy District (the District)

Related organizations are not included within the City's financial statements. The City does have a contract obligation payable to the District. More information can be found in *Note 5*.

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The accompanying statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Program revenues in the accompanying statement of activities are revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside of the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- Public safety – Fire and Police – Fines and forfeitures, animal control revenues and operating grants for pension on-behalf payments, other grants and contributions.
- Airport – Rental fees and fuel sales.
- Public works – Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the state.
- Culture, parks and recreation – Golf course revenues; swimming pool fees and recreation fees; operating grants and contributions from school reimbursements; and other contributions.

- General government – Licenses and permits, mowing fees, rentals and Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) operating grants.
- Water – Water sales and operating contributions from the care program.
- Wastewater – Wastewater charges.
- Sanitation – Sanitation charges.
- Electric – Electric charges and Federal Emergency Management Agency operating grant.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Governmental Funds

The City's governmental funds include:

- Major Fund – General Fund (for reporting purposes the Emergency, Park Development, and Emergency 911 accounts are included with the General Fund).
- Major Fund – Capital Improvement Fund – Accounts for transfers from other funds and grant monies to be used for major capital improvements.

Aggregated Nonmajor Funds (reported as Nonmajor Governmental Funds)

- Special Revenue Funds.
 - ODOC Grant Fund – Accounts for grant monies received for flood and drainage projects.
 - Juvenile Court Fund – Accounts for allocation of funds restricted for juvenile-related public safety
 - Airport Fund – Accounts for operating revenues and expenditures of the municipal airport.
 - Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – Accounts for hotel/motel tax revenues to be used in economic development and promotion of tourism.
 - Street and Alley Fund – Accounts for commercial vehicle tax and gasoline excise tax legally restricted for street and alley repairs and maintenance.
- Capital Project Funds.
 - Economic Development Construction Fund – Accounts for loan monies and sales tax restricted for use in economic development projects.
 - Landfill Improvement Fund – Accounts for monies set aside for use in landfill improvements.
 - Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund – Accounts for a portion of cemetery revenue restricted by state law for cemetery capital improvements.
 - Military Capital Project Fund – Accounts for monies set aside for military related improvement projects.
 - MAPS II Sales Tax Fund – Accounts for taxes levied by the City capital improvement projects

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. With the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 60 days of period-end.

The reconciliation of the governmental fund financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds include:

- Enterprise Fund
 - Altus Municipal Authority Fund (AMA Fund) – Accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing electric, water, wastewater and sanitation services to the public. For reporting purposes, the Water Treatment Plant, MAPS Sales Tax and Meter Deposit accounts are included with the Authority
- Internal Service Funds (combined for reporting purposes)
 - Workers' Compensation Fund – Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay workers' compensation claims
 - Assurance Fund – Accounts for charges to the operating funds of the City used to pay the expenses of the City's group health and life insurance plans

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and activities, both governmental and business- type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- The proprietary fund utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statements of net position and activities, both governmental and business- type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred

inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days of period-end) to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

For the purposes of the accompanying government-wide statement of net position, balance sheet – governmental funds, statement of net position – proprietary funds and statement of cash flows – proprietary funds, cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and ambulance fees. Business-type activities report utilities as its major receivables. In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals, such as sales tax, franchise tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment for property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, all capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 1992. Prior to June 30, 1992, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the accompanying government-wide statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the accompanying government-wide statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	15–50 years
Machinery and equipment	2–40 years
Utility system	25–50 years
Infrastructure	25–100 years

In the accompanying fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash, cash equivalents and investments of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to promissory note trustee accounts and utility meter deposits.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The long-term debt consists of notes payable, capital leases, contract obligations payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources (uses) and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide financial statements.

Cost-Sharing and Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System and the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System, and one agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (collectively, the Plans). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

The City has a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan (the OPEB Plan). For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, these line items have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City currently has one item related to pensions that qualifies for reporting in this category. More information can be found in *Note 9*.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, which represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City currently has three items related to pensions, OPEB and a debt refunding that qualify for reporting in this category. More information can be found in *Notes 9 and 10*.

Additionally, as reported in the accompanying balance sheet – governmental funds, there are unavailable revenues attributable to court fines not received within the 60-day recognition period.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of union contracts and city personnel policies, city employees are granted compensatory time, vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation and compensatory time. Police and fire employees also receive a portion of sick leave upon termination based upon union contract. The estimated liabilities for vested benefits also include salary-related payments, such as employment taxes. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as current debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets
- Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Unrestricted net position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Sales Tax

The City presently levies a 4.125 cent sales tax. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission (OTC) and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the OTC. After recording in the General Fund, sales tax proceeds of 1.5 cent tax is transferred to the MAPS II Sales Tax Account of the Authority for the debt service on the MAPS II 2020 and MAPS II 2022 debt. Refer to Note 5 for details on the debt transactions.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund expenditures are classified as current, debt service and capital outlay. Proprietary fund expenses are classified as operating or nonoperating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statements of net position and activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

In the fund financial statements, interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows:

- Interfund loans – Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables
- Interfund services – Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses
- Interfund reimbursements – Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds
- Interfund transfers – Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected is reported as transfers in and out.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Internal balances – Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.
- Internal activities – Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as transfers – internal activities. The effect of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the statement of activities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications were made from prior year balances to conform to current year financial statement and note presentation.

Note 2: Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2022, the City held the following deposits and investments:

Type	Maturities	Credit Rating	Carrying Value
Deposits			
Demand Deposits	N/A	N/A	\$ 32,336,393
Cash on Hand	N/A	N/A	6,600
Time Deposits	Less than one year	N/A	251,613
			<u>32,594,606</u>
Investments			
Money Market Mutual Funds	Less than one year	AAA	34,802,649
Total Deposits and Investments			<u><u>67,397,255</u></u>
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			20,421,951
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents			36,916,283
Investments			10,059,021
			<u><u>\$ 67,397,255</u></u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. Collateral will be held by the City Clerk-Treasurer of the City or by an independent third party with whom the entity has a current custodial agreement. The City's policy limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities; federal mortgage debt guaranteed by the federal government to include Veterans Affairs, Federal Housing Administration, Government National Mortgage Association, Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; and Federal Home Loan Bank letters of credit. In addition, collateral is limited to direct debt obligations of municipalities or counties in Oklahoma that hold an "A" rating or better. Also, as required by Federal Section 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the financial institution's board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2022, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments, excluding retirement trust fund investments, to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administration and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administration and in obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and Government National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c and d.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percentage (more than 5%) of total investments of the City. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single financial institution. At June 30, 2022, the City's investments were not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Investments Measured at Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 inputs; U.S. treasuries, agencies, money market, and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2 inputs; Governmental bonds, corporate bonds, other fixed income instruments, and international bonds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates), or other market corroborated inputs.

Level 3 inputs; Securities valued at Level 3 are based on significant unobservable outputs based on all information available in the circumstances to the extent observable outputs are not available. The fair value of commingled U.S. debt, commingled equity funds, and related short-term investments classified in Level 3 represent the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. Fair value of these securities can be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers. Real estate, commingled real estate funds, and infrastructure investment funds are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

The following is a summary of assets held at fair value at June 30, 2022:

Description	Investments Measured at Cost	Investments Measured by Fair Value				Total
		Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Mutual Fund (s)	\$ -	\$ 34,802,649	\$ 34,802,649	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,802,649
Certificates of Deposit Registry	251,613	-	-	-	-	251,613
Total	<u>\$ 251,613</u>	<u>\$ 34,802,649</u>	<u>\$ 34,802,649</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 35,054,262</u>

Restricted Cash and Investments

The amounts reported as restricted assets on the accompanying statement of net position – proprietary funds are comprised of amounts restricted for debt service, capital projects, MAPS projects or other purposes.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents
2014 Mountain Park Trustee Account	\$	-
Debt Service		1,502,181
Meter deposits		510,814
Capital Improvements		33,359,667
Internal Risk assurance		1,352,975
	\$	36,725,637

Note 3: Receivables

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customer utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year-end, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The governmental activities receivables include miscellaneous accounts receivable, taxes receivable, court fines receivable and due from other governments.

The balance of accounts receivables as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Accounts Receivable	Less Allowance for Uncollectable Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable
Governmental activities			
Taxes receivable	\$ 1,292,548	\$ -	\$ 1,292,548
Grants receivable	187,888	-	187,888
Court fines receivable, net	138,449	-	138,449
Other accounts receivable	305,200	(176,907)	128,293
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,924,085	\$ (176,907)	\$ 1,747,178
Business-type activities:			
Utilities	\$ 6,854,531	\$ (2,042,083)	\$ 4,812,448
Grants receivable	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable	67,124	-	67,124
Total business-type activities	\$ 6,921,655	\$ (2,042,083)	\$ 4,879,572

Note 4: Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, utility property and infrastructure. Purchased capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of donation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, capital asset balances changed as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance, 7/1/2021*	Additions	Disposals	Balance, June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,244,402	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,244,402
Construction in progress	1,829,929	3,283,112	(15,637)	5,097,404
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	3,074,331	3,283,112	(15,637)	6,341,806
Other capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	18,166,301	192,936	(16,942)	18,342,295
Infrastructure	101,631,608	-	(57,339)	101,574,269
Machinery and equipment	13,945,061	516,626	(419,281)	14,042,406
Total other capital assets at historical cost:	133,742,970	709,562	(493,562)	133,958,970
Less accumulated depreciation	71,935,418	3,727,235	-	75,662,653
Governmental activities capital assets, net:	\$ 64,881,883	\$ 265,439	\$ (509,199)	\$ 64,638,123

* Restated from prior year

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset.

Depreciation was charged to the following functions as listed below:

General government	\$	161,739
Public safety		532,362
Public works		2,680,584
Culture, parks and recreation		142,058
Airport		210,492
Total:	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,727,235</u>

Business-Type Activities

	Balance 7/1/2021*	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,304,662	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,304,662
Construction in progress	<u>20,326,034</u>	<u>17,544,279</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,870,313</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	21,630,696	17,544,279	-	39,174,975
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	28,231,992	-	(747)	28,231,245
Water rights	24,647,726	-	-	24,647,726
Machinery and equipment	10,028,083	1,576,171	(701,034)	10,903,220
Leased assets	-	248,589	-	248,589
Utility property	<u>43,005,232</u>	<u>17,425</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,022,657</u>
Total other capital assets at historical cost:	105,913,033	1,842,185	(701,781)	107,053,437
Less accumulated depreciation	60,586,264	3,050,110	-	63,636,374
Business-type activities capital assets, net:	<u>\$ 66,957,465</u>	<u>\$ 16,336,354</u>	<u>\$ (701,781)</u>	<u>\$ 82,592,038</u>

* Restated from prior year

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset.

Depreciation was charged to the following functions as listed below:

Water	\$	1,582,933
Wastewater		146,556
Sanitation		310,333
Electric		658,005
Admin		317,008
Golf		35,275
Total:	\$	<u>3,050,110</u>

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities

The City's long-term liabilities are segregated by the amounts involving governmental activities and business-type activities.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's long-term liabilities changed as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion
Governmental Activities					
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 424,418	\$ 105,617	\$ (49,585)	\$ 480,450	\$ -
Net OPEB liability	3,123,302	-	-	3,123,302	-
Net pension liability	9,649,823	-	(5,433,576)	4,216,247	-
Total governmental activities:	13,197,543	105,617	(5,483,161)	7,819,999	-
Business-Type Activities					
Notes payable	43,998,813	10,512,338	(2,735,000)	51,776,152	3,769,613
Contract obligations payable	3,394,305	-	(806,490)	2,587,815	833,895
Lease payable	-	248,590	(41,432)	207,158	41,432
Accrued compensated absences	135,447	38,336	(26,092)	147,691	-
Net pension liability	2,399,637	-	(1,841,627)	558,010	-
Landfill closure liability	1,558,430	845,671	-	2,404,101	-
Deposits subject to refund	963,506	28,468	-	991,974	-
Total business-type activities:	52,450,138	11,673,403	(5,450,641)	58,672,901	4,644,940
Total long-term debt	\$ 65,647,681	\$ 11,779,020	\$ (10,933,802)	\$ 66,492,899	\$ 4,644,940

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

Accrued Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences reported in the governmental activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The City's General Fund is responsible for liquidation of the liability.

Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt

Business-type activities long-term debt payable from net revenues generated by and taxes pledged to the City's business-type activities includes the following:

As of June 30, 2022, the long-term debt from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Notes Payable:

\$2,300,000, OWRB 2015 Series Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note, dated April 28, 2015, due in semi-annual installments of \$57,500 plus interest at 2.81% beginning September 15, 2016, with final payment due March 15, 2036, secured by a pledge of revenues generated from water and wastewater, proceeds to be used by the City for water system improvements.	\$ 841,910
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\$5,530,000, Series 2015A Altus Municipal Authority Electric System Utility Revenue Note, dated July 21, 2015, due in various annual principal installments between \$280,000 and \$340,000 plus interest at 2.09% beginning January 1, 2016, with final payment due July 1, 2024, secured by electric revenues. Proceeds of the note were used to refund the 2013A Junior Lien Utility Revenue Note (used to purchase fire equipment); Promissory Note to NBC Oklahoma July 31, 2014 (used to purchase fire equipment); Veterans Substation Lease Purchase Agreement dated October 20, 2009 (used to purchase electric infrastructure); Series 2012 Note to OMPA dated March 1, 2012 (used to purchase wastewater infrastructure); Series 2014 Note to OMPA dated May 20, 2014 (used to purchase wastewater infrastructure); remainder used to purchase various utility equipment. The fire equipment portion of the note was paid in full during fiscal year 2019 so the note is no longer allocated between the governmental activities and the business activities.	\$ 1,660,000
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\$11,000,000, OWRB 2017 Series Clean Water SRF Promissory Note, dated November 3, 2017, due in semi-annual installments of \$5,000 to \$754,000 plus interest beginning March 15, 2018, with final payment due September 15, 2032, secured by a pledge of revenues generated from water and wastewater, proceeds to be used by the City to construct wastewater and meter infrastructure improvements.	\$ 10,879,241
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\$31,170,000, Series 2020 Altus Municipal Authority Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020, dated November 2, 2020, due in various annual principal installments between \$800,000 and \$1,390,000 plus interest at 1.68% beginning October 1, 2021, with final payment due October 1, 2033, secured by sales tax revenues. Proceeds of the note were used to finance capital projects benefiting the City and the Independent School District No. 18 in Jackson County, OK, "Altus Public Schools".

\$ 29,220,000

\$9,175,000, Series 2022 Altus Municipal Authority Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2022, dated May 1, 2022, due in various annual principal installments between \$305,000 and \$490,000 plus interest at 3.09% beginning October 1, 2022, with final payment due April 1, 2033, secured by sales tax revenues. This is a supplemental note indenture to the November 1, 2020 issue. Proceeds of the note were used to finance capital projects benefiting the City and the Independent School District No. 18 in Jackson County, OK, "Altus Public Schools".

\$ 9,175,000

Total Notes Payable, proprietary fund

\$ 51,776,151

Lease Payable:

\$248,589 lease payable to Western Equipment/John Deere for (3) John Deere 2021 6120M Cab tractors and (3) John Deere 2021 M20 flex wing rotary cutters due in annual installments of \$41,4312 beginning August 2021, with final payment due August 2026

\$ 207,158

Total Lease Payable, proprietary fund

\$ 207,158

Total long term debt, proprietary fund

\$ 51,983,309

Contract Obligation Payable

Contract Obligation Payable:

\$7,830,000, contract obligation payable to Mountain Park Master Conservancy District, due in semi-annual installments of \$328,860 to \$450,225 plus interest at 3.26%, with final payment due October 1, 2025, secured by a pledge of gross revenues of water as approved by voters.

\$ 2,587,815

Total Contract Obligations Payable:

\$ 2,587,815

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

For the Year Ended June 30,	Business-Type Activities				Lease Payable
	Note Payable		Contract Obligation Payable		
	Prin	Int	Prin	Int	
2023	3,769,613	679,158	833,895	77,598	41,432
2024	3,890,987	635,649	861,300	50,222	41,432
2025	4,056,486	553,717	892,620	21,888	41,432
2026	4,659,950	475,956	-	-	41,432
2027	4,760,434	387,627	-	-	41,430
2028-2032	25,298,049	965,100	-	-	-
2033-2036	5,340,633	156,405	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 51,776,152</u>	<u>\$ 3,853,612</u>	<u>\$ 2,587,815</u>	<u>\$ 149,708</u>	<u>\$ 207,158</u>

Pledge of Future Revenues

Debt	Revenue Pledged	Total Pledged Revenue in Current Year	Current Year Debt Service Requirements	Percentage Portion of Pledged Revenue Stream	Remaining Principle	Period Revenue Will Not Be Available for Other Purposes
2015 OWRB DW	Revenues of water and wastewater systems	\$ 9,591,462	\$ 126,784	1%	\$ 841,834	Until 2036
2015A Utility Rev Note	Revenues of the electric system	25,597,533	686,298	3%	1,660,000	Until 2024
2017 OWRB CW	Revenues of water and wastewater systems	9,591,462	71,006	1%	20,879,241	Until 2032
2020 MAPS II	1.5% sales tax	4,728,578	1,188,060	25%	29,220,000	Until 2033
2022 MAPS II	1.5% sales tax	4,728,578	870,216	18%	9,175,000	Until 2033

Landfill Closure Liability

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its construction and demolition landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. Although the closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these costs as an operating expense of the Authority in each fiscal year. The current period expense amount is based upon the amount of landfill capacity used as of each fiscal year-end.

The \$2,404,101 reported as accrued landfill closure cost liability at June 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount of such costs reported to date based on the use of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The Authority will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and post-closure care in the amount of \$2,163,690 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2022. At June 30, 2022, the landfill had a remaining estimated useful life of 1.9 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Management of the City believes it has qualified under the State of Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) financial assurance test relating to these future closure and post-closure costs, whereby the City's overall financial condition and other submitted information serves as evidence of the City's ability to pay for the closure and post-closure costs when the landfill is closed. As such, the City is not required to fund an escrow trust account for these estimated costs.

Note 6: Net Position and Fund Balances

Fund Statements

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

Nonspendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by
1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by City Council action or management decision when the City Council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through budgetary process.

Unassigned – Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts requires that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The City has adopted Ordinance No. 27-1, which established the Emergency Fund. It was created for the purpose of receiving, holding and accounting for amounts designated as emergency reserves. Contributions are required to be made by the General Fund, the Authority and other funds and accounts as deemed appropriate by the City Council as shown by approval of the annual budget or by resolution. Amounts held in the Emergency Fund may only be expended when certain specific circumstances exist that are not expected to recur on a routine basis as outlined in the ordinance. Further, the existence of the specific circumstances must be declared by the affirmative vote of at least six members of the City Council. These funds are classified as committed and totaled \$6,636,659.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Note 7: Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the accompanying statements of net position and activities to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide financial statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Transfers

Internal transfers between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
<i>GENERAL FUND</i>		
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY	\$ 7,872,920	\$ 677,053
NON-MAJOR FUNDS	-	467,755
<i>CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT</i>		
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY	1,992,912	1,396,586
<i>NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</i>		
GENERAL FUND	391,000	1,144,128
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
<i>MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY</i>		
GENERAL FUND	4,941,712	10,700,427
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	-	3,250,000
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	-	2,191,000
MAPS II SALES TAX	-	50,000
<i>MAPS II SALES TAX</i>		
GENERAL FUND	4,628,405	-
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY	50,000	-
	\$ 19,876,949	\$ 19,876,949

Note 8: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability and Physical Property – Covered through insurance provider with a \$10,000 deductible.
- Workers' Compensation – Effective January 2012, covered through purchased insurance. Prior to that, the workers' compensation is covered through self-insurance using a third-party processor to process claims.
- Employee's Group Medical – Covered through purchased insurance.

Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9: Pension and Other Benefit Plan Participation

The City participates in five pension or retirement plans:

- Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) – A statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan
- Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) – A statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans
- Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)
 - An agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan
 - A defined contribution plan
 - A defined contribution plan – City Manager plan

The aggregate total for all pension-related items for three defined benefit plans is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Plan Total
Pension Expense			
Employee Retirement System	\$ 133,964	\$ 114,117	\$ 248,081
Police	(293,629)	-	(293,629)
Firefighters	308,748	-	308,748
	\$ 149,083	\$ 114,117	\$ 263,200
Net Pension Liability (Asset)			
Employee Retirement System	\$ 655,055	\$ 558,010	\$ 1,213,065
Police	(2,933,292)	-	(2,933,292)
Firefighters	3,561,192	-	3,561,192
	\$ 1,282,955	\$ 558,010	\$ 1,840,965
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Employee Retirement System	\$ 1,174,901	\$ 1,000,842	\$ 2,175,743
Police	1,097,513	-	1,097,513
Firefighters	1,901,229	-	1,901,229
	\$ 4,173,643	\$ 1,000,842	\$ 5,174,485
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Employee Retirement System	\$ 1,803,817	\$ 1,536,584	\$ 3,340,401
Police	2,973,198	-	2,973,198
Firefighters	3,322,721	-	3,322,721
	\$ 8,099,736	\$ 1,536,584	\$ 9,636,320

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System

Plan Description

The City, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement Plan, a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the OFPRS. Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to OFPRS. OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Benefits Provided

OFPRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013, are determined as 2.5% of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service and the member has reached the age of 50 or has completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service. Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013, are determined as 2.5% of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service and the member has reached the age of 50 or has completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with more than 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$259,467 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OFPRS in the amount of \$249,836; these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation but have been recorded as both revenues and expenses in the City's financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability of \$3,561,192 for its proportionate share of the total OFPRS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.540749%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$308,748. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OFPRS pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,291,564	\$ 62,540
Change of assumption	-	78,987
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	350,199	3,181,194
Change in proportion	-	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	259,467	-
	\$ 1,901,230	\$ 3,322,721

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OFPRS pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (262,909)
2023	(333,446)
2024	(413,910)
2025	(670,694)
	\$ (1,680,958)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	2.5 % to 10.5% on average, including inflation
Ad hoc cost of living adjustment	Half of the dollar amount of a 3.00% assumed increase in base pay for retirees with 20 years of service as of May 26, 1983
Investment rate of return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including an inflation rate of 3.00%
Mortality rates	Based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table with generational improvement using MP-2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Rate of Return</u>
Fixed income	25%	4.90%
Domestic equity	40%	7.09%
International equity	20%	9.19%
Real estate	10%	7.99%
Other assets	5%	5.57%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by state statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.5%) or 1% higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,565,100	\$ 3,561,192	\$ 1,883,511

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OFPRS, which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System

Plan Description

The City, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the OPPRS. Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/opprs.

Benefits Provided

OPPRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participant contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later. Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date. Survivors' benefits are payable in full to

the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$296,106 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$249,836 during the fiscal year, and this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation but have been recorded as both revenues and expenses in the City's financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension asset of \$2,933,292 for its proportionate share of the total OPPRS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.006115%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$(293,629). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPPRS pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 42,115	\$ 115,777
Change of assumption	44,606	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	717,687	2,857,421
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	296,106	-
	\$ 1,100,514	\$ 2,973,198

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPPRS pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (489,425)
2023	(428,883)
2024	(542,413)
2025	(714,965)
2026	6,896
	<u>\$ (2,168,790)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases	3.5% to 12% on average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living Adjustment	Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to Repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, pursuant to a court order, receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).
Mortality Rates	<p>Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set back four years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.</p> <p>Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational mortality improvement using Scale AA.</p> <p>Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward four years with fully generational mortality improvement using Scale AA.</p>

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	25%	4.79%
Domestic equity	35%	5.74%
International equity	15%	9.19%
Real estate	10%	7.99%
Private Equity	10%	10.20%
Other assets	5%	3.50%

The plan requires approximately 60% of assets be invested in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets be invested in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets be invested in real assets to include real estate, commodities and other strategies.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by state statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.5%) or 1% higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' Net Pension Liability/(asset) \$	(1,100,073) \$	(2,933,292) \$	(4,483,415)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS, which can be located at www.ok.gov/opprs.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by OFPRS and OPPRS. The plan is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: www.okmrf.org/reports.html. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City’s plan and additions to/deductions from the City’s fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value based on published market prices. Detailed information about the OkMRF plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OkMRF financial report.

Eligibility Factors, Contribution Methods and Benefit Provisions (as of July 1, 2021)

Eligible to Participate	Full-time employees 6 months probation if less than age 60 and not participating in another retirement plan set up by state statutes
Contribution requirements:	
Authorization	By city ordinance
Actuarially Determined	Yes
Employer Rate	13.69% of covered payroll
Employee Rate	4.00% of covered payroll
Period Required to Vest	10 years of credited service
Eligibility for Distribution:	
	Normal retirement at the earlier of age 65 with 10 years of service or age 62 with 25 years of service
	Early retirement at age 55 with 10 years of service
	Disability retirement upon disability with 10 years of service
	Death benefit with 10 years of service
Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary – the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 years of service
Benefit Determination Methods	
Normal Retirement	2.625% of final average salary multiplied by credited years of service
Early Retirement	Actuarially reduced benefit based upon age, final average salary and years of service at termination

Eligibility factors, continued:

Disability Retirement	Same as normal retirement
Death Benefit	50% of married employee's accrued benefit, but terminates upon spouse re-marriage or death 50% of accrued benefit for all other vested employees for five years certain
Prior Yyears Service	Return of employee contributions with interest
Form of Benefit Payment	Normal form is a 60 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with the City's consent, optional form based on actuarial equivalent

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	152
Deferred Vested Former Employees	9
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	84
	245

Contribution Requirements

The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit pension plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in excess of an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 13.69% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$1,049,162 of employer contributions to the plan, which is the City's contributed rate amount based on covered payroll of 6,680,758. Employees' contributions were 4% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Assumptions	
Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	July 1, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies between 4.5% to 7.50% based on age
COLA Increase Adjustment	2.75%
Mortality Table	
Before retirement	PubG-2010 (25%A/75%B) males, PubG-2010 (50%A/50%B) females with projected mortality improvement
After retirement	PubG-2010 (25%A/75%B) males, PubG-2010 (50%A/50%B) females with projected mortality improvement
Disabled	PubG-2010, males and females
Percent of Married Employees	100%
Turnover	Select and ultimate rates Ultimate rates are age-related as shown Additional rates per thousand are added during the first five years Year 1: 225 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 100 Year 4: 70 Year 5: 40

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to value benefits, 7.5%, was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments since the plan’s net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.75%).

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large Cap Stocks			
S&P 500	25%	5.80%	1.45%
Small/Mid Cap Stocks			
Russell 2500	10%	6.40%	0.64%
Long/Short Equity			
MSCI ACWI	10%	5.00%	0.50%
International Stocks			
MSCI EAFE	20%	6.20%	1.24%
Fixed Income Bonds			
Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.30%	0.69%
Real Estate NCREIF			
	5%	4.60%	0.23%
Total	100%		
Average Real Return			4.75%
Inflation			2.75%
Long-Term Expected Return			7.50%

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021, which is also the measurement date. There were also no changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2021, and the City's report ending date of June 30, 2022, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability.

The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability:

	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, Beginning of Year:	\$ 26,238,943	\$ 21,022,341	\$ 5,216,602
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	634,449	-	634,449
Interest	1,890,429	-	1,890,429
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	273,054	-	273,054
Assumption Changes	-	-	-
Employer Contributions	-	881,580	(881,580)
Employee Contributions	-	257,021	(257,021)
Net Investment Income	-	5,706,667	(5,706,667)
Benefit Payments	(2,104,491)	(2,104,491)	-
Benefit Changes Due to Plan Amendments	-	-	-
Plan Administrative Expenses	-	(43,799)	43,799
Net Changes	693,441	4,696,978	(4,003,537)
Balance, End of Year:	\$ 26,932,384	\$ 25,719,319	\$ 1,213,065

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.5%) or 1% higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,216,382	\$ 1,213,065	\$ (1,303,322)

The City reported \$248,081 in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Differences	\$ 487,995	\$ 4,108
Changes in Assumptions	165,835	-
Investment (gains)/losses	472,751	3,336,294
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	1,049,162	-
	\$ 2,175,743	\$ 3,340,402

Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (396,046)
2024	(458,282)
2025	(572,512)
2026	(786,981)
2027	-
	<u>\$ (2,213,821)</u>

City Manager Plan (the CMO Plan) – Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City provides a defined contribution plan and trust known as the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Customized Manager Option Plan Retirement Plan and Trust (the CMO Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The defined contribution plan is available to any person who is in the position of City Manager. Separate audited GAAP-basis financial statements are not available.

Funding Policy

Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate upon employment and voluntarily elect their percentage of contribution with a minimum contribution of 3% of compensation. The City makes contributions to the CMO Plan based on the employment agreement with the employee and employer contributions are immediately vested. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council. Contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, for the employees and employer were \$3,381, and \$33,018, respectively, on a covered payroll of \$228,539.

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

The City provides postemployment health care benefits to eligible retired employees and their qualifying dependents through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB Plan covering all eligible employees. The OPEB Plan is administered by the City Council and benefits are provided in accordance with state law, police and firefighters union contracts and the *Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985* (COBRA). Benefit provisions are not formalized in a plan document but are included in a section of the City's employees' policies and procedures manual. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer and cover substantially all employees.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides postemployment benefit options for medical and prescription drug benefits for retired employees and their dependents that elect to make their required contributions.

These benefits are considered for accounting purposes to be provided in accordance with a single-employer substantive plan. A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the City and plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employer and plan members and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs. Employees hired before January 1, 2015, are allowed to continue health coverage until Medicare- eligible provided they pay the required percentage of premium. The City currently pays 45% of the premiums and the retiree pays 55%. The total premiums are the same amount as active employees. Employees hired after January 1, 2015, are allowed to continue health coverage until Medicare- eligible provided they pay 102% of premium amount for active employees.

As of June 30, 2022, approximately 41 retired employees are receiving benefits under this plan.

The employees covered by the benefit terms at June 30, 2021, are:

Retirees or Beneficiaries currently Receiving Benefits	41
Active Employees	<u>97</u>
	138

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,857,819 was measured as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2020
Discount Rate	1.86%
Inflation Rate	2.50% per year
Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table with Improvement Scale MP-2019
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	7.00% declining to 4.00% in later years

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 11-Bond GO Index. This is an index of 11 highly rated, 20-year general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa2 or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale).

No actuarial experience study has been performed.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the total OPEB liability are:	
Total OPEB Liability at Beginning of Year	3,161,918
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	32,738
Interest Cost	55,428
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(38,616)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	-
Benefit Payments	(353,649)
Net Changes	<u>(304,099)</u>
Balance, End of Year, June 30, 2021	<u><u>\$ 2,857,819</u></u>

Sensitivity of the City's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The total OPEB liability of the City has been calculated using a discount rate of 2.05%. The following presents the total OPEB liability using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease (1.05%)	Current Discount Rate (2.05%)	1% Increase (3.05%)
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,649,166	\$ 2,857,819	\$ 3,049,359

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$48,745. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 211,006
Change in assumptions	\$ 177,989	\$ -
Total	<u><u>\$ 177,989</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 211,006</u></u>

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as an increase (reduction) in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2021	\$ (4,196)
2022	(4,196)
2023	(4,196)
2024	(4,196)
2025	(4,196)
Thereafter	<u>(12,037)</u>
	<u><u>\$ (33,017)</u></u>

Note 11: Commitments, Contingencies and Uncertainties

Commitments

Upon retirement, employees are eligible for a portion of their total accumulated sick leave hours with a maximum payout of 960 hour for full time employees and 480 for permanent part-time employees. Employees who resign, are terminated, or leave due to a reduction in force will not receive a payout. No accrual for sick leave has been recorded in the financial statements.

Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court-assessed judgment rendered against the City. While the outcome of the above-noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the state statutes relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Award Programs

The City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. In 2021, the City's involvement in federal and state award programs was not material. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements.

Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

During March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a pandemic with the outbreak of the COVID-19 and declared a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern". The U.S. Government and local governmental authorities implemented procedures to attempt to contain the virus and lessen its impact. The spread of this virus has caused business interruptions that are expected to continue for the foreseeable future. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance has not yet been determined. As such, these financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 12: Prior Period Adjustments

The financial statements reflect a prior period adjustment of \$1,428,076 in Business-type activities. Business-type activities were adjusted to reflect the change in valuation of fixed assets held by the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Altus, Oklahoma
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget vs Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Amendments	Final	(Budgetary) Basis	
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 700,000	\$ -	700,000	11,232,374	\$ 10,532,374
Resources (Inflows)					
Taxes	15,802,040	225,100	16,027,140	15,384,311	(642,829)
Intergovernmental	140,000	5,000	145,000	2,056,626	1,911,626
Charges for Services	292,500	(5,500)	287,000	365,717	78,717
Fines and Forfeitures	231,250	(47,250)	184,000	262,461	78,461
Licenses and Permits	123,000	(5,000)	118,000	147,505	29,505
Investment Income	-	40,000	40,000	37,504	(2,496)
Miscellaneous	320,100	(32,350)	287,750	700,272	412,522
Total Resources (Inflows)	<u>16,908,890</u>	<u>180,000</u>	<u>17,088,890</u>	<u>18,954,396</u>	<u>1,865,506</u>
Amounts Available for Appropriations	<u>17,608,890</u>	<u>180,000</u>	<u>17,788,890</u>	<u>30,186,770</u>	<u>12,397,880</u>
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)					
General Government					
City Council	46,000	-	46,000	144,482	(98,482)
Administrative Services	914,490	37,432	951,922	1,016,276	(64,354)
Law	199,481	(1,200)	198,281	181,617	16,664
Municipal Court	177,216	(600)	176,616	170,432	6,184
Cemetery	371,567	-	371,567	315,797	55,770
Planning	463,161	-	463,161	417,292	45,869
Information Services	506,380	-	506,380	505,166	1,214
Finance	514,451	-	514,451	450,406	64,045
Human Resources	228,175	-	228,175	194,872	33,303
City Clerk – Treasurer	231,645	(10,000)	221,645	214,607	7,038
Public safety					
Code Enforcement	113,659	-	113,659	113,198	461
Police	5,615,018	(23,855)	5,591,163	5,359,397	231,766
Police – Animal Control	362,827	(2,500)	360,327	391,881	(31,554)
Fire	3,210,074	666	3,210,740	3,201,129	9,611
Emergency Services	148,640	-	148,640	122,848	25,792
Public Works					
Street	1,017,089	-	1,017,089	1,088,705	(71,616)
Building Maintenance	406,232	26,750	432,982	411,313	21,669
Fleet Maintenance	352,561	(2,000)	350,561	297,464	53,097
Culture, Parks and Recreation					
Parks and Recreation	2,014,958	37,492	2,052,450	1,664,679	387,771
Pool	653,226	(1,500)	651,726	382,136	269,590
Total Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)	<u>17,546,850</u>	<u>60,685</u>	<u>17,607,535</u>	<u>16,643,697</u>	<u>963,838</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	7,750,000	-	7,750,000	3,751,906	(3,998,094)
Transfers Out	(7,812,040)	-	(7,812,040)	(1,144,808)	6,667,232
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(62,040)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(62,040)</u>	<u>2,598,458</u>	<u>2,669,138</u>
Budgetary Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 119,315</u>	<u>\$ 16,141,531</u>	<u>\$ 6,492,535</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES					
Revenue and transfer accruals				(3,554,070)	
Fund balance at end of year (GAAP basis)				<u>\$ 12,587,461</u>	

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to Schedule

1. The City prepares its budgets for all funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all revenues and expenditures except for on-behalf payments made and certain debt-related transactions. The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding and their related appropriations are lapsed at year-end and are re-appropriated and re-encumbered in the subsequent
2. The legal level of appropriation is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.
3. The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual basis as shown in the schedule below:
4. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City complied, in all material respects, with the applicable budget laws.

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Unaudited
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension Retirement System

	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.540749%	0.500204%	0.507183%	0.511532%	0.492285%	0.575002%	0.585682%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,561,192	\$6,162,083	\$5,359,235	\$6,433,656	\$6,014,319	\$6,103,124	\$6,022,844
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,853,334	\$1,761,897	\$1,613,627	\$1,457,797	\$1,431,814	\$1,547,037	\$1,466,136
City's Proportionate Share of the Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	192%	350%	332%	441%	420%	395%	411%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	99.91%	99.84%	72.85%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of the City's Contributions - Unaudited
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension Retirement System

	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$ 259,467	\$ 296,106	\$ 198,003	\$ 205,911	\$ 204,092	\$ 200,454	\$ 221,668
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	259,467	296,106	198,003	205,911	204,092	200,454	221,668
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,853,334	\$ 1,761,897	\$ 1,613,627	\$ 1,470,791	\$ 1,457,797	\$ 1,431,814	\$ 1,547,037
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	16.81%	12.27%	13.00%	14.00%	12.97%	13.12%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Unaudited
Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement System

	<u>2022*</u>	<u>2021*</u>	<u>2020*</u>	<u>2019*</u>	<u>2018*</u>	<u>2017*</u>	<u>2016*</u>
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.611500%	0.584100%	0.581500%	0.622100%	0.579000%	0.600400%	0.585682%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$(2,933,292)	\$ 670,775	\$ (37,125)	\$ 47,398	\$ 886,739	\$ 24,480	\$ (214,564)
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,253,883	\$ 2,120,922	\$ 1,962,236	\$ 1,853,914	\$ 1,783,982	\$ 1,681,039	\$ 1,702,136
City's Proportionate Share of the Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	-130%	32%	-2%	3%	50%	1%	-13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.10%	99.97%	100.24%	99.68%	93.50%	99.82%	101.53%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of the City's Contributions - Unaudited
Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement System

	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$ 296,106	\$ 275,728	\$ 245,842	\$ 247,349	\$ 241,008	\$ 231,383	\$ 220,570
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	296,106	275,728	245,842	247,349	241,008	231,383	220,570
Contribution deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,253,883	\$ 2,120,922	\$ 1,962,236	\$ 1,902,682	\$ 1,853,914	\$ 1,783,982	\$ 1,681,039
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.14%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	12.97%	13.12%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Unaudited
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019* **	2018* **	2017* **	2016* **
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	634,449	568,273	558,136	\$ 501,990	\$ 552,041	\$ 481,258	\$ 483,967
Interest	1,890,429	1,836,038	1,757,793	1,733,806	1,635,659	1,602,907	1,609,715
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	437,859	62,476	(47,349)	379,928	(185,051)	(663,485)
Benefit Changes due to Plan Amendments	273,054	-	-	-	585,286	-	-
Assumption Changes	-	-	506,591	-	535,786	-	-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Members Contributions	(2,104,491)	(2,128,980)	(1,564,676)	(2,161,767)	(1,207,910)	(1,735,260)	(1,308,780)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	693,441	713,190	1,320,320	26,680	2,480,790	163,854	121,417
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	26,238,943	25,525,753	24,205,433	24,178,753	21,697,963	21,534,109	21,412,692
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	26,932,384	26,238,943	25,525,753	24,205,433	24,178,753	21,697,963	21,534,109
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions – Employer	881,580	746,348	796,724	710,312	703,894	694,586	628,869
Contributions – Member	257,021	244,527	224,053	203,972	203,438	200,692	181,678
Net Investment Income	5,706,667	858,172	1,386,351	1,491,090	2,269,790	152,627	530,947
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Members Contributions	(2,104,491)	(2,128,980)	(1,564,676)	(2,161,767)	(1,207,910)	(1,735,260)	(1,308,780)
Administrative Expense	(43,799)	(43,702)	(41,949)	(41,694)	(40,904)	(37,277)	(39,417)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,696,978	(323,635)	800,503	201,913	1,928,308	(724,632)	(6,703)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	21,022,341	21,345,976	20,545,473	20,343,560	18,415,252	19,139,884	19,146,587
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$ 25,719,319	\$ 21,022,341	\$ 21,345,976	\$ 20,545,473	\$ 20,343,560	\$ 18,415,252	\$ 19,139,884
Net Pension Liability – Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,213,065	\$ 5,216,602	\$ 4,179,777	\$ 3,659,960	\$ 3,835,193	\$ 3,282,711	\$ 2,394,225
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	95.50%	80.12%	83.63%	84.88%	84.14%	84.87%	88.88%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 6,317,463	\$ 6,067,663	\$ 5,380,354	\$ 5,397,875	\$ 4,700,997	\$ 5,125,738	\$ 4,622,461
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	19.20%	85.97%	77.69%	67.80%	63.40%	64.04%	51.80%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Unaudited
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

	<u>2022*</u>	<u>2021*</u>	<u>2020*</u>	<u>2019*</u>	<u>2018*</u>	<u>2017*</u>	<u>2016*</u>
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 1,049,162	\$ 881,580	\$ 519,817	\$ 581,362	\$ 603,792	\$ 673,617	\$ 626,091
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	<u>1,049,162</u>	<u>881,580</u>	<u>746,348</u>	<u>709,213</u>	<u>703,408</u>	<u>721,073</u>	<u>626,091</u>
Contribution Excess	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (226,531)</u>	<u>\$ (127,851)</u>	<u>\$ (99,616)</u>	<u>\$ (47,456)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	<u>\$ 6,317,463</u>	<u>\$ 6,067,663</u>	<u>\$ 5,839,470</u>	<u>\$ 5,126,648</u>	<u>\$ 5,082,426</u>	<u>\$ 5,177,683</u>	<u>\$ 4,523,779</u>
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Ppayroll	<u>16.61%</u>	<u>14.53%</u>	<u>12.78%</u>	<u>13.83%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>	<u>13.93%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Changes in Assumptions - The plan was amended effective January 1, 2017 to adopt an early retirement incentive program for a limited time for eligible employees

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end that occurred previous

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Other Post-employment Benefits

	2021**	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$ 32,738	\$ 33,157	\$ 18,464
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	55,428	75,125	35,897
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(38,616)	(167,505)	(58,964)
Effect of Assumptions, Changes, or Inputs	-	219,865	1,990
Benefit payments	(353,649)	(328,272)	(70,869)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(304,099)	(167,630)	(73,482)
City's total OPEB Liability, Beginning	3,161,918	3,574,897	1,259,511
City's total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 2,857,819	\$ 3,407,267	\$ 1,855,999
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 8,828,371	\$ 10,564,826	\$ 9,822,674
The City's total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll.	32.37%	32.25%	12.07%

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF ALTUS, OKLAHOMA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal CFDA Number	Program or Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Commerce:</u>				
CDBG-CV	18110 CDBGCR 20	14.228	904,279	475,041
CDBG #17978 Sidewalk	17978 CDBG 20	14.228	135,109	135,109
Sub-total U.S. Department of Commerce			1,039,388	610,150
<u>U.S. Department of Transportation:</u>				
Federal Aviation Administration - Airport Improvement Program				
FAA - Construct T-Hangars	3-40-0002-015-2020	20.106	693,653	225,308
Sub-total U.S. Department of Transportation			693,653	225,308
<u>U.S. Department of Homeland Security:</u>				
Department of Emergency Management				
FEMA 4256 Sever Winter Storms and Flooding	FEMA-4575-DR-OK	97.036	87,571	87,571
Sub-total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			87,571	87,571
Total of Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,820,612	\$ 923,029

Note A - This schedule was prepared on an accrual (GAAP) basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the basic financial statements.

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Balance Sheet
Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	ODOC Grant Fund	Juvenile Court Fund	Airport Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Economic Development Construction Fund	Landfill Improvement Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Military Capital Project Fund	
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 142,375	\$ 28,001	\$ 572,628	\$ 361,530	\$ 195,774	\$ 550,669	\$ 579,027	\$ 38,792	\$ 491,513	\$ 2,960,309
Receivable from Other Governme	-	-	-	-	28,598	-	-	-	-	28,598
Utilities Receivable, Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,274	-	-	25,274
Grant Receivables	187,888	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,888
Other Receivables	-	-	62,730	29,394	-	-	-	-	-	92,124
Inventories	-	-	64,252	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,252
Total Assets	\$ 330,263	\$ 28,001	\$ 699,610	\$ 390,924	\$ 224,372	\$ 550,669	\$ 604,301	\$ 38,792	\$ 491,513	\$ 3,358,445
Liabilities and Fund Balance										
Liabilites										
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 429,350	\$ 18,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 447,435
Accrued Payroll	-	-	7,848	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,848
Compensated absences	-	-	11,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,970
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	237,113	-	237,113
Total Liabilities	-	-	449,168	18,085	-	-	-	-	237,113	704,366
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	-	-	64,252	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,252
Restricted	-	28,001	-	372,839	-	550,669	604,301	38,792	254,400	1,849,002
Assigned	330,263	-	186,190	-	224,372	-	-	-	-	740,825
Total Fund Balances	330,263	28,001	250,442	372,839	224,372	550,669	604,301	38,792	254,400	2,654,079
Total Liabilities and Fund Ba	\$ 330,263	\$ 28,001	\$ 699,610	\$ 390,924	\$ 224,372	\$ 550,669	\$ 604,301	\$ 38,792	\$ 491,513	\$ 3,358,445

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	ODOC Grant Fund	Juvenile Court Fund	Airport Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Street and Alley Fund	Economic Development Construction Fund	Landfill Improvement Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Military Capital Projects Fund	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 343,064	179,259	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 522,323
Intergovernmental	526,240	-	251,321	-	-	-	-	-	-	777,561
Charges for Services	-	-	481,020	-	-	-	195,695	673	-	677,388
Investment Earnings	83	38	552	454	333	1,373	350	52	696	3,931
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25
Total Revenues	\$ 526,323	\$ 38	\$ 732,893	\$ 343,518	\$ 179,592	\$ 1,373	\$ 196,045	\$ 750	\$ 696	\$ 1,981,228
Expenditures										
Current										
General Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public Works	-	-	-	228,970	198,334	-	-	-	107,822	535,126
Culture, Parks and Recreation	203,244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	203,244
Airport	-	-	786,627	-	-	-	-	-	-	786,627
Total Expenditures	203,244	-	786,627	228,970	198,334	-	-	-	107,822	1,524,997
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	323,079	38	(53,734)	114,548	(18,742)	1,373	196,045	750	(107,126)	456,231
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers In	-	-	391,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	391,000
Transfers Out	(238,605)	-	(653,693)	-	(124,505)	-	(127,325)	-	-	(1,144,128)
Total Other Financing Sources	(238,605)	-	(262,693)	-	(124,505)	-	(127,325)	-	-	(753,128)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	84,474	38	(316,427)	114,548	(143,247)	1,373	68,720	750	(107,126)	(296,897)
Beginning Fund Balances	245,789	27,963	606,897	258,291	349,962	549,296	552,796	38,042	361,526	2,990,562
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	(40,028)	-	17,657	-	(17,215)	-	-	(39,586)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 330,263	\$ 28,001	\$ 250,442	\$ 372,839	\$ 224,372	\$ 550,669	\$ 604,301	\$ 38,792	\$ 254,400	\$ 2,654,079

**City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Balance Sheet
General Fund Accounts
June 30, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Emergency Fund</u>	<u>Park Development Fund</u>	<u>Emergency 911 Fund</u>	<u>ARPA Fund</u>	<u>Total General Fund Accounts</u>
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,995,497	\$ 4,579,675	\$ 24,873	\$ 23,620	\$ 1,601,415	\$ 10,225,080
Investments	-	2,056,984	-	-	-	2,056,984
Receivable from Other Governments	1,263,950	-	-	-	-	1,263,950
Court Fines Receivable, Net	138,449	-	-	-	-	138,449
Other Receivables	40,288	-	-	-	-	40,288
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,438,184</u>	<u>\$ 6,636,659</u>	<u>\$ 24,873</u>	<u>\$ 23,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,601,415</u>	<u>\$ 13,724,751</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	199,464	-	-	-	-	199,464
Accrued Payroll	418,854	-	-	19,026	-	437,880
Compensated absences	451,760	-	-	16,721	-	468,481
Municipal bonds payable	31,465	-	-	-	-	31,465
Total Liabilities	<u>1,101,543</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,747</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,137,290</u>
Fund Balances						
Committed	-	6,636,659	-	-	-	6,636,659
Assigned	-	-	24,873	(12,127)	1,601,415	1,614,161
Unassigned	4,336,641	-	-	-	-	4,336,641
Total Fund Balances	<u>4,336,641</u>	<u>6,636,659</u>	<u>24,873</u>	<u>(12,127)</u>	<u>1,601,415</u>	<u>12,587,461</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balanc	<u>\$ 5,438,184</u>	<u>\$ 6,636,659</u>	<u>\$ 24,873</u>	<u>\$ 23,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,601,415</u>	<u>\$ 13,724,751</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
General Fund Accounts
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Emergency Fund	Park Development Fund	Emergency 911 Fund	ARPA Fund	Total General Fund Accounts
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 15,233,137	\$ -	\$ -	151,174	\$ -	\$ 15,384,311
Intergovernmental	455,211	-	-	-	1,601,415	2,056,626
Charges for Services	365,717	-	-	-	-	365,717
Fines and Forfeitures	262,461	-	-	-	-	262,461
Licenses and Permits	147,505	-	-	-	-	147,505
Rental	201,610	-	-	-	-	201,610
Investment Earnings	7,228	30,204	34	38	-	37,504
Donations	5,906	-	-	-	-	5,906
Miscellaneous	492,406	-	350	-	-	492,756
Total Revenues	17,171,181	30,204	384	151,212	1,601,415	18,954,396
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government	3,780,328	-	-	-	-	3,780,328
Public Safety	8,962,644	-	-	577,998	-	9,540,642
Public Works	1,404,252	-	-	-	-	1,404,252
Culture, Parks and Recreation	2,046,815	-	-	-	-	2,046,815
Capital Outlay	3,992,674	-	-	-	-	3,992,674
Total Expenditures	20,186,713	-	-	577,998	-	20,764,711
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(3,015,532)	30,204	384	(426,786)	1,601,415	(1,810,315)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In	7,568,820	-	-	304,100	-	7,872,920
Transfers Out	(1,144,808)	-	-	-	-	(1,144,808)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	6,424,012	-	-	304,100	-	6,728,112
Net Changes in Fund Balance	3,408,480	30,204	384	(122,686)	1,601,415	4,917,797
Beginning Fund Balances	928,161	6,606,455	24,489	110,559	-	7,669,664
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 4,336,641	\$ 6,636,659	\$ 24,873	\$ (12,127)	\$ 1,601,415	\$ 12,587,461

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Net Position
Enterprise Fund Accounts
June 30, 2022

	Altus Municipal Authority	Water Treatment Plant Account	MAPS Sales Tax Account	Capital Improvement Fund	Landfill Improvement	Meter Deposit Account	DARTA	Capital Projects	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Current Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,724,446	\$ 2,269,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,993,890
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	799,363	-	3,058,495	3,745,259	723,527	510,814	33,248	750,000	9,620,706
Investments	3,860,942	956,788	-	-	-	524,307	-	-	5,342,037
Deposit with Third Party	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	4,879,572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,879,572
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	1,597,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,597,783
Total Current Assets	<u>13,862,106</u>	<u>3,226,232</u>	<u>3,058,495</u>	<u>3,745,259</u>	<u>723,527</u>	<u>1,035,121</u>	<u>33,248</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>26,433,988</u>
Noncurrent Assets									
Land and Construction in Progress	18,922,276	736,477	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,658,753
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	43,417,063	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,417,063
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>62,339,339</u>	<u>736,477</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>63,075,816</u>
Total Assets	<u>76,201,445</u>	<u>3,962,709</u>	<u>3,058,495</u>	<u>3,745,259</u>	<u>723,527</u>	<u>1,035,121</u>	<u>33,248</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>89,509,804</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,000,842	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,842
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Reso	<u>77,202,287</u>	<u>3,962,709</u>	<u>3,058,495</u>	<u>3,745,259</u>	<u>723,527</u>	<u>1,035,121</u>	<u>33,248</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>90,510,646</u>
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	2,399,970	7,292	309,591	-	-	-	-	-	2,716,853
Accrued Payroll	182,677	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,677
Accrued Interest Payable	125,976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,976
Deferred Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current Lease Payable	41,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,432
Contract Obligation Payable	833,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	833,895
Current Portion Notes Payable	774,613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	774,613
Total Current Liabilities	<u>4,358,563</u>	<u>7,292</u>	<u>309,591</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,675,446</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Deposits Subject to Refund	-	-	-	-	-	991,974	-	-	991,974
Compensated Absences	147,690	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,690
Lease payable	165,726	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165,726
Contract Obligation Payable	1,753,920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,753,920
Landfill Closure Liability	2,404,101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,404,101
Notes Payable	12,606,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,606,462
Net Pension Liability	558,010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	558,010
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>17,635,909</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>991,974</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,627,883</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>21,994,472</u>	<u>7,292</u>	<u>309,591</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>991,974</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,303,329</u>
Derred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,536,585	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,536,585
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,536,585</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,536,585</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Reso	<u>23,531,057</u>	<u>7,292</u>	<u>309,591</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>991,974</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,839,914</u>
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,958,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,958,264
Restricted for:									
Debt Service	799,363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	799,363
Capital Projects	-	3,955,417	-	3,745,259	723,527	-	33,248	750,000	9,207,451
MAPS Projects	-	-	2,748,904	-	-	-	-	-	2,748,904
Refunds	-	-	-	-	-	43,147	-	-	43,147
Unrestricted	3,913,603	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,913,603
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 53,671,230</u>	<u>\$ 3,955,417</u>	<u>\$ 2,748,904</u>	<u>\$ 3,745,259</u>	<u>\$ 723,527</u>	<u>\$ 43,147</u>	<u>\$ 33,248</u>	<u>\$ 750,000</u>	<u>\$ 65,670,732</u>

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Enterprise Fund Accounts
June 30, 2022

	Altus Municipal Authority	Water Treatment Plant Account	MAPS Sales Tax Account	Capital Improvement Fund	Landfill Improvement	Meter Deposit Account	DARTA	Capital Projects	Total
Operating Revenues									
Water	\$ 6,873,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,873,768
Wastewater	2,717,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,717,694
Sanitation	2,557,509	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,557,509
Electric	25,597,533	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,597,533
Base facility services	806,097	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	806,097
Golf course	112,322	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,322
Landfill	1,554,354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,554,354
Miscellaneous	133,832	-	26,500	-	-	-	-	-	160,332
Total Operating Revenues	40,353,109	-	26,500	-	-	-	-	-	40,379,609
Operating Expenses									
Administration	1,363,531	-	73,321	-	-	-	24,452	-	1,461,304
Water	2,865,904	9,242	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,875,146
Wastewater	3,046,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,046,033
Sanitation	1,513,883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,513,883
Landfill	1,466,557	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,466,557
Electric	19,166,744	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,166,744
Base facility services	739,352	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	739,352
Golf course	335,832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	335,832
Depreciation and Amortization	3,050,163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,050,163
Total Operating Expenses	33,547,999	9,242	73,321	-	-	-	24,452	-	33,655,014
Net Operating Income	6,805,110	(9,242)	(46,821)	-	-	-	(24,452)	-	6,724,595
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Interest Income	6,601	12,782	3,432	-	-	1,094	-	-	23,909
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	4,005,161	-	-	-	-	4,005,161
Change in pension obligation	368,497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	368,497
Interest Expense	(378,764)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(378,764)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(3,666)	12,782	3,432	4,005,161	-	1,094	-	-	4,018,803
Net income before transfers	6,801,444	3,540	(43,389)	4,005,161	-	1,094	(24,452)	-	10,743,398
Transfers									
Transfers In	3,375,460	-	-	-	723,527	42,725	50,000	750,000	4,941,712
Transfers Out	(14,217,861)	-	(705,040)	(1,268,526)	-	-	-	-	(16,191,427)
	(10,842,401)	-	(705,040)	(1,268,526)	723,527	42,725	50,000	750,000	(11,249,715)
Change in Net Position	(4,040,957)	3,540	(748,429)	2,736,635	723,527	43,819	25,548	750,000	(506,317)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	57,293,190	3,951,877	3,393,246	-	-	102,960	7,700	-	64,748,973
Prior Period Adjustment	418,997	-	104,087	1,008,624	-	(103,632)	-	-	1,428,076
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 53,671,230	\$ 3,955,417	\$ 2,748,904	\$ 3,745,259	\$ 723,527	\$ 43,147	\$ 33,248	\$ 750,000	\$ 65,670,732

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds
June 30, 2022

	Workers' Compensation Fund	Assurance Fund	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 704	\$ 1,352,127	\$ 1,352,831
Accounts Receivable	-	14,862	14,862
Total Assets	704	1,366,989	1,367,693
Liabilities and Net Position			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	-	-	-
Payroll Liability	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-	-
Net Position			
Unrestricted	704	1,366,989	1,367,693
Total Net Position	\$ 704	\$ 1,366,989	\$ 1,367,693

City of Altus, Oklahoma
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Internal Service Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Workers' Compensation Fund	Assurance Fund	Total
Operating Revenues			
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 230,807	\$ 230,807
Total Operating Revenues	-	230,807	230,807
Operating Expenses			
General Government	-	49,336	49,336
Total Operating Expenses	-	49,336	49,336
Operating Income (Loss)	-	181,471	181,471
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Income	1	1,734	1,735
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1	1,734	1,735
Change in Net Position	1	183,205	183,206
Net Position, Beginning of Year	703	879,050	879,753
Prior Period Adjustment	-	304,734	304,734
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 704	\$ 1,366,989	\$ 1,367,693



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission
City of Altus, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Altus, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Altus, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Altus, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Foresight Advisory & Consulting, PLLC

Foresight Advisory and Consulting, PLLC

Oklahoma City, OK

December 2, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ending June 30, 2022

SECTION I --- SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with §200.516 Audit findings paragraph (a)? No

Identification of major programs:

Federal Assistance Listing

14.228

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Corona Virus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? No



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission
City of Altus, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Altus, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Altus, Oklahoma's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. City of Altus, Oklahoma's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Altus, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Altus, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Altus, Oklahoma's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Altus, Oklahoma's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Altus, Oklahoma's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Altus, Oklahoma's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Altus, Oklahoma's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Altus, Oklahoma's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Foresight Advisory & Consulting, PLLC

Foresight Advisory and Consulting, PLLC

Oklahoma City, OK

December 2, 2022

SECTION II --- FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no current year financial statement findings.

SECTION III --- FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no current year federal award findings or questioned costs.

**SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

There were no prior year federal award findings or questioned costs.