Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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List of Principal Officials June 30, 2014

City Commission

Homer Nicholson, Mayor

Lanita Chapman R. Mark Macy Mary Beth Moore Steve Hermann

Finance Director/Clerk/Treasurer

Marc LaBossiere



JD Stotts, CPA

Mark W. Archambo, CPA, CFP ™

Deborah E. Mueggenborg, CPA

Tom K. Barclay, CPA, CFP ™

John Whipple, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Commission The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the fiduciary-presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise *The City's* basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Ponca City Development Authority, which represent 100% of the assets, net position and revenues of the fiduciary-presented component unit. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Ponca City Development Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves preforming procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the fiduciary-presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 5-18, and 97-101 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditor have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditor, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2014, on our consideration of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Statte, archento, Muygerbay Berely, Ac

Stotts, Archambo, Mueggenborg & Barclay, PC Certified Public Accountants Bartlesville, OK

December 2, 2014

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

Our discussion and analysis of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s financial performance provides an overview of *The City*'s financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with *The City*'s financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- *The City's* total assets exceeded liabilities (net position) by \$151,772,100 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - Net investment in capital assets, of \$107,887,957 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
 - Net position of \$15,576,945 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside *The City*, such as debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations.
 - Unrestricted net position of \$28,307,198 represent the portion available to maintain *The City's* continuing obligations to citizens, creditors and employees.
- The General Fund maintained its committed fund balance for operating reserve at \$1,900,000 during the fiscal year.
- Sales and use tax revenue in the General Fund derived from a 2% rate to provide basic services totaled \$8,423,532, an increase of 4.4% from the prior year.
- The Ponca City Utility Authority increased its capital debt and refundable grant obligations by \$2,226,611 during the year ended June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of *The City of Ponca City (The City)* and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 & 61. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with a fiduciary-presented component unit. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of *The City* from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of *The City*, including infrastructure capital assets, as well as all liabilities, including all long-term debt.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Reporting *The City* as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about *The City's* finances is, "Has *The City's* overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about *The City* as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report *The City's* net position and changes in it from the prior year. You can think of *The City's* net position – the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities – as one way to measure *The City's* financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in *The City's* net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in *The City's* tax base, the condition of *The City's* roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of *The City*.

As mentioned above, in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and throughout the report we divide *The City* into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of *The City's* basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities *The City* charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. *The City's* electric, water, wastewater, solid waste, airport and golf course activities are reported here.
- Fiduciary-presented component unit These account for activities of *The City's* reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending, specifically the Ponca City Development Authority (PCDA). See separately issued financial statements.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Reporting The City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not *The City* as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental funds – Most of The City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily by converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of *The City's* general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance *The City's* programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds – When *The City* charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of *The City* – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. In fact, *The City's* enterprise funds are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fiduciary funds – When *The City* is responsible for assets that – because of a trust arrangement or other fiduciary requirement – can be used only for trust beneficiaries or other parties, such as the Pension Trust Fund, these balances and activities are reported in fiduciary funds. *The City* is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. All of *The City's* fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from *The City's* government-wide financial statements because *The City* cannot use these assets to finance operations.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITYAS A WHOLE

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of *The City*, assets exceeded liabilities by \$151,772,100 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of *The City's* net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. For Fiscal 2014, this net investment in capital assets amounted to \$107,887,957. *The City* uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITYAS A WHOLE (continued)

Net Position (continued)

Although *The City's* investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		NET POSITION (in 000's)						
	_		mental	Busines	• •	T.	(- 1	
	-		vities	Activ		Tot		
	_	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Current assets	\$	24,256	24,071	32,579	37,982	56,835	62,053	
	Ψ	68,604	68,745	82,508	80,877	151,112	149,622	
Capital assets, net		08,004	06,745	,	,	,	,	
Other non-current assets	_			4,053	3,337	4,053	3,337	
Total assets	_	92,860	92,816	119,140	122,196	212,000	215,012	
Deferred outflows of resources		-	-	243	-	243	-	
Current liabilities		4,295	5,847	12,843	15,511	17,138	21,358	
Non-current liabilities		1,680	1,858	41,653	45,198	43,333	47,056	
Total liabilities	_	5,975	7,705	54,496	60,709	60,471	68,414	
Net position Net investment in								
capital assets		68,604	68,745	39,284	29,702	107,888	98,447	
Restricted		10,189	9,451	5,388	9,638	15,577	19,089	
Unrestricted		8,092	6,915	20,215	22,147	28,307	29,062	
Total net position	\$_	86,885	85,111	64,887	61,487	151,772	146,598	

Another major portion of *The City's* net position, \$15,576,945, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$28,307,198, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, *The City* is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITYAS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2014, net position of the primary government changed as follows:

	CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in 000's)					
	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues						
Program revenues	\$ 9,449	8,552	57,609	57,366	67,058	65,918
Taxes and other general revenues	20,665	18,524	184	59	20,849	18,583
Total revenues	30,114	27,076	57,793	57,425	87,907	84,501
Expenses						
General government	9,029	8,367	-	-	9,029	8,367
Public safety	12,619	12,186	-	-	12,619	12,186
Streets and highways	5,690	5,547	-	-	5,690	5,547
Culture, parks and recreation	4,217	3,825	-	-	4,217	3,825
Community development	319	268	-	-	319	268
Economic development	2,106	2,023	-	-	2,106	2,023
Interest on long-term debt	81	112	-	-	81	112
Utility Authority	-	-	44,721	44,261	44,721	44,261
Airport	-	-	1,933	1,832	1,933	1,832
Golf Course	-	-	813	792	813	792
Marland Estate			406	398	406	398
Total expenses	34,061	32,328	47,873	47,283	81,934	79,611
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(3,947)	(5,252)	9,920	10,142	5,973	4,890
Transfers	5,721	6,434	(5,721)	(6,434)		
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$1,774	1,182	4,199	3,708	5,973	4,890

The City's governmental activities' increase in net position of \$1,774,048 represents a 2.08% increase in net position. The business-type activities' increase in net position of \$4,199,634 represents a 6.92% increase, and was due in large part to a relatively warm summer and the resulting increase in water and electric utility demand. The results indicate *The City*, as a whole, experienced an improvement in its financial condition from the prior year.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITYAS A WHOLE (continued)

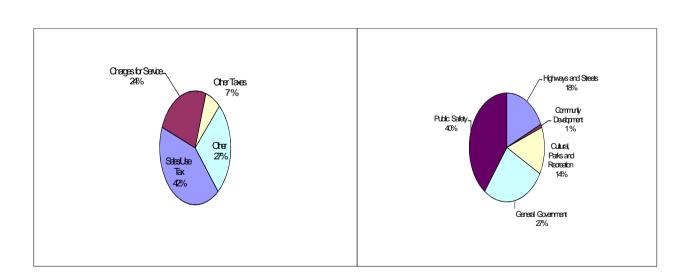
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities Sources

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on *The City's* taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue if restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, *The City's* governmental activities were funded as follows:

Governmental Activities Uses



See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITYAS A WHOLE (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2014, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$34,059,964. Of these total expenses, taxes, other general revenues, and transfers funded \$26,385,395. Operating and Capital Grants and Contributions funded \$981,702. A total of \$8,466,915 was received from charges for services. There were no significant changes from the prior year.

		Total 1	Expense	Net Re	evenue	
		of Se	ervices	(Expense) of Services		
	_	2014	2013	2014	2013	
General government	\$	9,028,868	8,367,336	(2,600,124)	(3,323,886)	
Public safety		12,619,035	12,185,919	(10,063,083)	(9,603,943)	
Streets and highways		5,689,675	5,546,391	(5,689,675)	(5,546,391)	
Culture, parks and recreation		4,217,115	3,825,139	(3,992,253)	(3,461,358)	
Community development		318,608	267,909	(79,549)	294,929	
Economic development		2,105,883	2,023,296	(2,105,883)	(2,023,296)	
Interest on long-term debt	_	80,780	111,641	(80,780)	(111,641)	
Total	\$_	34,059,964	32,327,631	(24,611,347)	(23,775,586)	

Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities

Business - type Activities

In reviewing the business-type activities net (expense)/revenue, the following highlights should be noted:

- Total business-type activities reported an increase of net position of \$4,199,634 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- All individual activities reported net revenue for the year ended June 30, 2014, with the exception of Airport, the Golf Course, and the Marland Estate operations which reported net expenses of \$900,110, \$351,723, and \$259,655 respectively.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Business - type Activities (continued)

			Expense rvices	Net Revenue of Ser	· • ·	
	_	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Electric	\$	29,173,698	28,193,007	6,996,066	7,443,854	
Water		5,036,316	5,411,563	1,934,414	1,730,557	
Wastewater		3,927,369	4,243,010	1,398,725	902,788	
Solid waste		3,830,360	3,723,370	698,634	845,695	
Stormwater		168,268	90,699	220,241	339,940	
Indirect costs		2,584,964	2,599,041	-	-	
Airport		1,933,056	1,831,503	(900,110)	(615,776)	
Golf Course		812,706	792,331	(351,723)	(304,335)	
Marland Estate		405,531	398,487	(259,655)	(259,773)	
Total	\$_	47,872,268	47,283,011	9,736,592	10,082,950	

Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As *The City* completed its 2014 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$86,885,047 or a 2.08% increase from the prior year. The proprietary funds reported combined net position of \$64,487,053 or a 5.53% increase from Fiscal 2013.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (continued)

Other fund highlights include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2014, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$424,683 or 7.58%.
- Utility Authority debt coverage was 4.79% at the close of Fiscal 2014 flat from that of the previous fiscal year.
- The non-represented employee pension trust fund closed the calendar year with an increase in the actuarial value of assets of 7.88% from \$18,579,477 at the beginning of calendar 2013 to \$20,043,744 at the start of calendar 2014.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Commission revised the General Fund budget at various times. The revised budget included an increase in the overall revenue projections of 0.46% or \$94,000 and an increase in appropriations of 2.38% or \$521,551.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2014, *The City* had \$151,111,906 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines. (See table below.) This represents a net increase of \$1,489,239 or 1.0% over the previous year.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

		Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total		
	-	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Land	\$	728,214	728,214	1,202,654	1,068,125	1,930,868	1,796,339	
Buildings		30,489,875	31,221,287	15,324,794	15,945,889	45,814,669	47,167,176	
Improvements (other than								
buildings)		29,454,897	31,446,565	59,388,380	60,045,610	88,843,277	91,492,175	
Machinery & Equipment		4,112,929	4,017,522	4,664,567	3,661,087	8,777,496	7,678,609	
Construction in progress	-	3,818,108	1,331,625	1,927,488	156,743	5,745,596	1,488,368	
Totals	\$	68,604,023	68,745,213	82,507,883	80,877,454	151,111,906	149,622,667	

Primary Government Capital Assets (Net of accumulated deprecation)

See Note 3.D. to the financial statements for more detail information on *The City's* capital assets and changes therein.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

Long-term Debt

At year-end, *The City* had \$60,252,925 in long-term debt outstanding which represents an increase of \$2,433,478 or 4.21% from the prior year. *The City's* changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

		Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total		
	-	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Compensated absences Capital lease payable	\$	806,228	780,393	295,741	281,101	1,101,969	1,061,494	
Judgment payable		1,031,328	807,796			1,031,328	807,796	
Revenue bonds				43,965,000	37,050,000	43,965,000	37,050,000	
Notes payable				9,981,899	14,728,428	9,981,899	14,728,428	
Landfill closure/postclosure				3,958,479	3,900,979	3,958,479	3,900,979	
Refundable grant obligation	-			214,250	270,750	214,250	270,750	
Totals	\$_	1,837,556	1,588,189	58,415,369	56,231,258	60,252,925	57,819,447	

Primary Government Long-term Debt

See Note 3.F. to the financial statements for more detail information on *The City's* long-term debt and changes therein.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Economic factors always play a key role in developing *The City's* budget. The economic downturn experienced in much of the country and Oklahoma in 2003 and 2004 was also felt in *Ponca City*, and began a recovery in 2005 that continued into 2008. While sales tax collections decreased by 2.29% in Fiscal 2003 and another 0.44% in 2004, Fiscal 2005 closed with a slight increase of 0.30%, and was followed by increases of 5.60% in Fiscal 2006, 1.9% in Fiscal 2007, and 3.4% in Fiscal 2008. With the economy again contracting in late 2008 and through 2009, sales tax collections decreased in Fiscal 2009 by 2.2% and again in Fiscal 2010 by another 5.1%. A strong recovery began in Fiscal 2011, where sales tax collections increased by 5.2% over the prior year, and the recovery continued through Fiscal 2012 where sales tax collections increased by 7.9% from 2011. In Fiscal 2013 sales tax collections mellowed to an increase of 0.14%, and an increase was realized in Fiscal 2014 of 4.3% over the previous year.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 (continued)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)

The Fiscal 2014-15 budget was created with a primary emphasis on sustainability, as well as continued emphasis on performance measurement in *City* departments. This type of attention to cost versus community benefit of *City* services, including how we compare with peer cities and are measured by our users, will help guide operations to a more efficient and effective use of public funds.

The employee base of *The City* included 392 full-time positions for Fiscal 2015, an increase of two positions from Fiscal 2014. While continued efforts for efficiency are likely, no layoffs are planned for the coming year

Capital spending for the coming year is budgeted at \$7,218,770, a decrease of 12.86% from the prior year. Visible projects for fiscal 2014-15 include four marked sedans for the Police Department, a new ambulance for the Fire Department, a new loader for the Street Department, a new tour bus, and construction of a new Turkey Creek Bridge near Lake Ponca. The Ponca City Utility Authority will see replacement of the filter backwash tower at the Water Plant, construction of \$1.3M in electric distribution system improvements, three new packer trucks and one new roll-off truck for the Solid Waste Department, replacement of the Briar Ridge wastewater lift station, and a \$400,000 stormwater project to replace a large section of drainage channel near 14th Street and Highland Avenue.

As with the retail sector, there have been minimal inflation increases to utility rates approved by the City Commission for electric, water, wastewater, stormwater and solid waste utility services for Fiscal 2014-15.

The voters approved a 5-year extension of a ½ cent dedicated sales and use tax for economic development effective February 1, 2014 that will assist the Ponca City Development Authority in its mission to add jobs and diversify *The City's* economic base. *Ponca City* continues to serve as a regional shopping area. Other signs of progress include major investment by the Ponca City Regional Medical Center in facilities and staff as well as recent retail expansion into the *Ponca City* market by international retailers such as Walgreens and ALDI, and addition of restaurants such as Ground Round and Freddie's Frozen Custard & Steakburgers. Continued growth can be seen today, with a new Atwoods, Schlotzsky's, Rib Crib, and Marco's Pizza under construction. Additions like these to our community are vital to the local economy and critical to the long-term health and welfare of *Ponca City*.

See independent auditor's report as it relates to required supplementary information.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 (continued)

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of *The City's* finances and to show *The City's* accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 516 E. Grand Avenue, Ponca City, Oklahoma 74602 or phone at (580) 767-0303.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	-	Primary (
ASSETS	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,442,312	10,223,862	17,666,174
Investments		14,059,373	8,867,802	22,927,175
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		-	2,481,044	2,481,044
Investments		-	597,293	597,293
Prepaid insurance		47,214	-	47,214
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		934,677	7,092,535	8,027,212
Other receivables, net of allowance		-	410,266	410,266
Accrued interest receivable		-	29,957	29,957
Internal balances		61,296	(61,296)	-
Due from other governments		1,519,469	9,500	1,528,969
Inventory		191,971	2,928,183	3,120,154
Total current assets	-	24,256,312	32,579,146	56,835,458
Non-current assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		-	2,309,297	2,309,297
Investment in joint venture		-	1,743,238	1,743,238
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable		4,546,322	3,130,142	7,676,464
Depreciable, net of depreciation	_	64,057,701	79,377,741	143,435,442
Total non-current assets	-	68,604,023	86,560,418	155,164,441
Total assets	-	92,860,335	119,139,564	211,999,899
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Defeased debt		-	242,978	242,978
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	242,978	242,978
	-		· · · · · ·	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 (continued)

	Primar		
LIABILITIES_	Governmenta Activities	l Business-type Activities	Total
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,594,828	5,818,976	8,413,804
Retainage payable	33,972		228,013
Accrued interest payable	, -	- 392,522	392,522
Advanced revenues	500,306		500,306
Due to component unit	190,584		190,584
Meter deposit liability	-	- 597,293	597,293
Net OPEB obligation	29,993		44,481
Current portion:		,	, -
Judgments payable	505,925	-	505,925
Notes payable		- 1,794,721	1,794,721
Refundable grant obligations	-	- 56,500	56,500
Revenue bonds payable	-	- 3,945,000	3,945,000
Estimated liability for claims	358,622		358,622
Accrued compensated absences	80,623		110,196
Total current liabilities	4,294,853		17,137,967
Non-current liabilities:			
Judgments payable	525,403	-	525,403
Revenue bonds payable		- 25,475,000	25,475,000
Notes payable	_	- 11,794,978	11,794,978
Refundable grant obligations	-	- 157,750	157,750
Estimated liability for claims	429,427		429,427
Accrued compensated absences	725,605		991,773
Landfill closure/post-closure liability		- 3,958,479	3,958,479
Total non-current liabilities	1,680,435		43,332,810
Total liabilities	5,975,288	54,495,489	60,470,777
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	68,604,023	39,283,934	107,887,957
Restricted:			
Enabling legislation	8,039,243	-	8,039,243
Statutory requirements	748,043		1,345,336
External contracts	1,402,025		6,192,366
Unrestricted	8,091,713		28,307,198
Total net position	\$ 86,885,047	64,887,053	151,772,100

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

						Net (Expenses) Revenues and				
				Program Revenue	s	Change in Net Position				
		Indirect	Charges for	Operating	Capital					
		Expenses	Services	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Allocation	and Fines	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government \$	9,028,868	-	6,428,744	-	-	(2,600,124)	-	(2,600,124)		
Public safety	12,619,035	-	1,756,634	646,739	152,579	(10,063,083)	-	(10,063,083)		
Streets and highways	5,689,675	-	-	-	-	(5,689,675)	-	(5,689,675)		
Cultural, parks and recreation	4,217,115	-	201,642	14,879	8,341	(3,992,253)	-	(3,992,253)		
Community development	318,608	-	79,895	-	159,164	(79,549)	-	(79,549)		
Payment to PCDA	2,105,883	-	-	-	-	(2,105,883)	-	(2,105,883)		
Interest on long-term debt	80,780					(80,780)		(80,780)		
Total governmental activities	34,059,964		8,466,915	661,618	320,084	(24,611,347)		(24,611,347)		
Business-type activities:										
Electric	29,173,698	1,789,751	37,959,515	-	-	-	6,996,066	6,996,066		
Water	5,036,316	308,968	7,279,698	-	-	-	1,934,414	1,934,414		
Wastewater	3,927,369	240,937	5,567,031	-	-	-	1,398,725	1,398,725		
Solid waste	3,830,360	234,985	4,763,979	-	-	-	698,634	698,634		
Stormwater	168,268	10,323	398,832	-	-	-	220,241	220,241		
Indirect costs	2,584,964	(2,584,964)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Airport	1,933,056	-	907,490	-	125,456	-	(900,110)	(900,110)		
Golf course	812,706	-	460,983	-	-	-	(351,723)	(351,723)		
Marland Estate	405,531		141,980	3,896			(259,655)	(259,655)		
Total business-type activities	47,872,268		57,479,508	3,896	125,456		9,736,592	9,736,592		
Total primary government \$	81,932,232		65,946,423	665,514	445,540	(24,611,347)	9,736,592	(14,874,755)		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

				Program Revenue	S	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position			
Functions/Programs Expe	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services and Fines	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
	General revenues	:							
	Taxes:								
	Sales and use	e taxes - unrestric	ted			\$ 8,423,533	-	8,423,5	
	Sales and use	e taxes - streets an	id highways			2,105,883	-	2,105,5	
	Sales and use	e taxes - economi	c development			2,105,883	-	2,105,8	
	Sales and use	e taxes - recreation	n center			2,105,883	-	2,105,5	
	Franchise an	d public service ta	axes			886,924	-	886,	
	Hotel/motel taxes					855,687	-	855,	
	Ad valorem	taxes				552,440	-	552,	
	Other taxes					34,144	-	34,	
	Intergovernm	ental revenue not	restricted to speci	fic programs		265,920	-	265,	
	Investment i	ncome				319,076	130,205	449,	
	Miscellaneou	S				2,992,431	4,687	2,997,	
	Special item -	gain (loss) on sale	of asset			16,988	48,753	65,	
	Transfers - inte	ernal activity				5,720,603	(5,720,603)		
	Total gene	ral revenues and	transfers			26,385,395	(5,536,958)	20,848,4	
	Change in net	position				1,774,048	4,199,634	5,973,6	
	Net position -	beginning of year,	unadjusted			85,110,999	61,487,321	146,598,3	
	Prior period ad	ljustment					(799,902)	(799,	
	Net position - I	beginning of year,	adjusted			85,110,999	60,687,419	145,798,4	
	Net position - e	end of vear				\$ 86,885,047	64,887,053	151,772,	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS	_	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,721,752	1,970,359	4,692,111
Investments		3,094,354	8,009,517	11,103,871
Prepaid expense		684	-	684
Receivables:				
Due from other governments		762,337	757,132	1,519,469
Due from other funds		28,261	-	28,261
Accounts receivable, net		825,428	71,567	896,995
Total assets	\$_	7,432,816	10,808,575	18,241,391
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	904,716	533,181	1,437,897
Retainage payable		-	33,972	33,972
Due to component unit		-	190,584	190,584
Due to other funds		-	6,797	6,797
Advanced revenues	_	497,786	2,520	500,306
Total liabilities	_	1,402,502	767,054	2,169,556
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		-	1,138,801	1,138,801
Restricted		-	5,562,696	5,562,696
Committed		2,047,790	-	2,047,790
Assigned		1,444,120	3,340,024	4,784,144
Unassigned	_	2,538,404		2,538,404
Total fund balances		6,030,314	10,041,521	16,071,835
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	7,432,816	10,808,575	18,241,391

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2014 (continued)

	Total Governmental Funds
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position:	
Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$16,071,835
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$106,579,331.	68,553,215
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Judgment payable	(1,031,328)
Net pension liability	(1,040,657)
Net OPEB obligation	(29,993)
Accrued compensated absences	(799,624)
	(2,901,602)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities that	
benefit multiple funds, such as self-insurance, vehicle maintenance, and other such costs,	
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain of these internal service funds	
are reported in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position:	
Internal service funds' net position	5,161,599
Net positon of governmental activities	\$ 86,885,047

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-			
Taxes	\$	9,445,762	7,724,864	17,170,626
Intergovernmental		302,624	545,415	848,039
Charges for services		1,737,045	2,100	1,739,145
Fines and forfeitures		610,035	24,181	634,216
Licences and permits		117,536	-	117,536
Investment income		39,573	189,548	229,121
Miscellaneous	-	10,380	2,624,911	2,635,291
Total revenues	-	12,262,955	11,111,019	23,373,974
Expenditures:				
Current:		0 150 100	(2) 0 0 0 0	0.1.10.0.50
General government		2,453,133	689,820	3,142,953
Public safety		12,325,316	32,602	12,357,918
Streets and highways		1,574,377	330,050	1,904,427
Culture, parks and recreation		2,843,767	398,691	3,242,458
Community development		-	298,608	298,608
Capital outlay		632,351	5,411,687	6,044,038
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		-	466,287	466,287
Interest and fiscal charges	-		80,780	80,780
Total expenditures	-	19,828,944	7,708,525	27,537,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	-	(7,565,989)	3,402,494	(4,163,495)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in		9,064,332	717,829	9,782,161
Transfers out		(1,093,334)	(4,115,318)	(5,208,652)
Proceeds from sale of fixed asset		19,674	-	19,674
Proceeds from sale of judgment	-	-	689,820	689,820
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	7,990,672	(2,707,669)	5,283,003
Net change in fund balances		424,683	694,825	1,119,508
Fund balances - beginning of year	-	5,605,631	9,346,696	14,952,327
Fund balances - end of year	\$_	6,030,314	10,041,521	16,071,835

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,119,508
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement	
of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental	
activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the	
life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized	5,533,776
Capital asset transfers	(469,746)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(2,686)
Depreciation expense	 (5,206,166)
	 (144,822)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but	
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	
Judgment payable proceeds received	(689,820)
Judgment payable principal payments	 466,287
	 (223,533)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in pension fund liability	(404,742)
Change in accrued compensated absences	 (25,835)
	(430,577)
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in the fund	
financial statements, but certain net revenues are reported in governmental	
activities on the Statement of Activities	
Total change in net assets for internal service funds	 1,453,472
Change in net position - statement of activities	\$ 1,774,048

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

		Governmental Activities -							
	Don	ca City	iness-type Ac	uviu	es - Enterprise Other	<u>runas</u> Tota	1	Internal	
		tility	Ponca Cit	v	Enterprise	Enterp		Service	
ASSETS		thority	Airport	· J	Funds	Fund		Funds	
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9	968,780	215,92	25	39,157	10,223	,862	2,750,201	
Investments	8	729,518		-	138,284	8,867	,802	2,955,502	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	2	481,044		-	-	2,481	,044	-	
Investments		597,293		-	-	597	,293	-	
Receivables:									
Due from other governments		-	9,50	00	-	9	,500	-	
Utility billing, net of allowance for									
uncollectible accounts	7	,092,535		-	-	7,092	,535	-	
Accounts receivables - other		390,008	19,25	58	1,000	410	,266	37,682	
Accrued interest receivable		29,957		-	-	29	,957	-	
Due from other funds		-		-	-		-	61,296	
Prepaid expenses		-		-	-		-	46,530	
Inventory	2	751,119	100,27	74	76,790	2,928	,183	191,971	
Total current assets	32	040,254	344,95	57	255,231	32,640	,442	6,043,182	
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	2	,309,297		-	-	2,309	,297	-	
Investment in joint venture	1	,743,238		-	-	1,743	,238	-	
Capital assets:									
Nondepreciable	2	514,769	151,60)7	463,766	3,130	,142	-	
Depreciable, net of accumulated									
depreciation	65	707,174	12,085,91	3	1,584,654	79,377	,741	50,808	
Total noncurrent assets	72	274,478	12,237,52	20	2,048,420	86,560	,418	50,808	
Total assets	104	314,732	12,582,47	7	2,303,651	119,200	,860	6,093,990	
Deferred outflows of resources:									
Defeased debt		242,978		-	-	242	,978	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources		242,978		_	_		,978		
							,		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014 (continued)

	Busi	Governmental Activities -				
LIABILITIES	Ponca City Utility Authority	Ponca City Airport	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$	5,697,470	49,959	71,547	5,818,976	116,274	
Accrued interest payable	392,522	-	-	392,522	-	
Retainage payable	194,041	-	-	194,041	-	
Meter deposit liability	597,293	-	-	597,293	-	
Due to other funds	59,797	1,499	-	61,296	21,464	
Net OPEB obligation	12,746	484	1,258	14,488	-	
Current portion:						
Refundable grant obligations	56,500	-	-	56,500	-	
Estimated claims liability	-	-	-	-	358,622	
Revenue bonds payable	3,945,000	-	-	3,945,000	-	
Notes payable	1,794,721	-	-	1,794,721	-	
Accrued compensated absences	25,331	1,663	2,579	29,573	661	
Total current liabilities	12,775,421	53,605	75,384	12,904,410	497,021	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Refundable grant obligations	157,750	-	-	157,750	-	
Estimated liability for claims	-	-	-	-	429,427	
Accrued compensated absences	227,990	14,965	23,213	266,168	5,943	
Landfill closure/post-closure liability	3,958,479	-	-	3,958,479	-	
Revenue bonds payable	25,475,000	-	-	25,475,000	-	
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium	11,794,978	-	-	11,794,978	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	41,614,197	14,965	23,213	41,652,375	435,370	
Total liabilities	54,389,618	68,570	98,597	54,556,785	932,391	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	24,997,994	12,237,520	2,048,420	39,283,934	50,808	
Restricted for debt service	4,790,341	-	-	4,790,341	-	
Restricted for utility deposits	597,293	-	-	597,293	-	
Restricted for emcumbrances	1,198,038	2,000	11,390	1,211,428	7,052	
Unrestricted	18,584,426	274,387	145,244	19,004,057	5,103,739	
Total net position \$	50,168,092	12,513,907	2,205,054	64,887,053	5,161,599	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Busir	Governmental Activities -			
	-	Ponca City Utility	Ponca City	Other Enterprise	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
	-	Authority	Airport	Funds	Funds	Funds
Operating Revenues:						
Pledged as security for revenue bonds:						
Charges for services:						
Electric	\$	37,854,740	-	-	37,854,740	-
Water		7,279,698	-	-	7,279,698	-
Solid waste		4,763,979	-	-	4,763,979	-
Wastewater		5,567,031	-	-	5,567,031	-
Unpledged:						
Charges for services:						
Airport		-	907,490	-	907,490	-
Marland Estate		-	-	141,980	141,980	-
Golf course		-	-	460,983	460,983	-
Stormwater		398,832	-	-	398,832	-
Other		104,775	-	-	104,775	7,881,451
Donations		-	-	3,896	3,896	
Miscellaneous	_	2,647		2,040	4,687	
Total operating revenues	-	55,971,702	907,490	608,899	57,488,091	7,881,451
Operating Expenses:						
Electric		28,972,004	-	-	28,972,004	-
Water		4,641,799	-	-	4,641,799	-
Solid waste		3,830,360	-	-	3,830,360	-
Wastewater		3,630,847	-	-	3,630,847	-
Stormwater		168,268	-	-	168,268	-
Marland Estate		-	-	405,531	405,531	-
Golf course		-	-	812,706	812,706	-
Airport		-	1,933,056	-	1,933,056	-
Administrative		1,830,928	-	-	1,830,928	-
Motor pool		-	-	-	-	1,734,946
Insurance claims and administrative		-	-	-	-	4,722,616
Total operating expenses	-	43,074,206	1,933,056	1,218,237	46,225,499	6,457,562
Operating income (loss)	-	12,897,496	(1,025,566)	(609,338)	11,262,592	1,423,889

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

		Busir	Governmental Activities -			
	_	Ponca City Utility Authority	Ponca City Airport	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Pledged as security for revenue bonds:	_					
Investment income Unpledged revenues:	\$	122,790	-	-	122,790	-
Investment income Miscellaneous		5,901	607	907	7,415	89,956 43,377
Interest expense and fiscal charges Gain (loss) on asset retirement		(1,646,769) 50,361	- (1,608)	-	(1,646,769) 48,753	-
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	(1,467,717)	(1,001)	907	(1,467,811)	133,333
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		11 420 770	(1,026,567)	(608,431)	0 704 791	1,557,222
	_	11,429,779		(008,431)	9,794,781	1,537,222
Capital contributions Capital asset transfers		- 526.665	125,456 159,338	262,786	125,456 948,789	-
Transfers in		2,266,449	120,113	408,378	2,794,940	-
Transfers out	_	(9,464,332)			(9,464,332)	(10,000)
Net transfers and capital contributions	_	(6,671,218)	404,907	671,164	(5,595,147)	(10,000)
Change in net position	_	4,758,561	(621,660)	62,733	4,199,634	1,547,222
Net position - beginning of year, unadjusted Prior period adjustment	_	46,209,433 (799,902)	13,135,567	2,142,321	61,487,321 (799,902)	3,708,127
Net position - beginning of year, adjusted Net position - end of year	\$	45,409,531 50,168,092	13,135,567 12,513,907	2,142,321 2,205,054	60,687,419 64,887,053	3,708,127 5,255,349

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Busir	`unds	Governmental Activities -		
	Ponca City Utility Authority	Ponca City Airport	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 55,492,208	916,619	607,899	57,016,726	7,933,555
Payments to suppliers	(27,087,479)	(847,995)	(331,761)	(28,267,235)	(6,447,513)
Payments to employees	(8,075,686)	(292,481)	(716,392)	(9,084,559)	(948,695)
Receipts of customer meter deposits	41,785	-	-	41,785	-
Refunds of customer meter deposits	(41,428)			(41,428)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	20,329,400	(223,857)	(440,254)	19,665,289	537,347
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers from other funds	2,266,449	120,113	408,378	2,794,940	-
Transfers to other funds	(9,464,332)	-	-	(9,464,332)	(113,250)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing					
activities	(7,197,883)	120,113	408,378	(6,669,392)	(113,250)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	50,361	2,035	-	52,396	-
Purchases of capital assets	(6,661,145)	(317)	(3,896)	(6,665,358)	(1,371)
Principal paid or retired on capital debt	(10,803,558)	-	-	(10,803,558)	-
Proceeds from capital debt	12,915,528	-	-	12,915,528	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,405,866)	-	-	(1,405,866)	-
Receipt of capital contribution		125,456		125,456	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related					
financing activities	(5,904,680)	127,174	(3,896)	(5,781,402)	(1,371)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of investments	(14,661,470)	-	(33,675)	(14,695,145)	(670,435)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	-	-	-	-	19,560
Interest and dividends	128,691	607	907	130,205	89,956
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(14,532,779)	607	(32,768)	(14,564,940)	(560,919)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(7,305,942)	24,037	(68,540)	(7,350,445)	(138,193)
Balances - beginning of year	22,065,063	191,888	107,697	22,364,648	2,888,394
Balances - end of year	\$ 14,759,121	215,925	39,157	15,014,203	2,750,201

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

				es - Enterprise F		Governmental
	-		Activities -			
		Ponca City		Other	Total	Internal
		Utility	Ponca City	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
	-	Authority	Airport	Funds	Funds	Funds
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:	.			a a 4 55		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,968,780	215,925	39,157	10,223,862	2,750,201
Current restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,481,044	-	-	2,481,044	-
Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	2,309,297			2,309,297	
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$=	14,759,121	215,925	39,157	15,014,203	2,750,201
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	12,897,496	(1,025,566)	(609,338)	11,262,592	1,423,889
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		5,531,376	784,886	159,901	6,476,163	11,480
Amortization expense		366,744	-	-	366,744	-
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	-	-	43,377
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net		(479,137)	9,129	(1,000)	(471,008)	(11,642)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		25,418	(16,470)	4,601	13,549	48,798
(Increase) decrease in unamortized debt issuance costs		414,082	-	-	414,082	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-	-	-	-	57,966
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-	-	-	-	20,369
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		1,475,479	24,707	1,937	1,502,123	(110,763)
Increase (decrease) in customer meter deposits payable		(12)	-	-	(12)	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(15,722)	(4,647)	-	(20,369)	21,464
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-	-	-	-	(963,348)
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure/postclosure liability		57,500	-	-	57,500	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	_	56,176	4,104	3,645	63,925	(4,243)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	20,329,400	(223,857)	(440,254)	19,665,289	537,347
Non-cash Activities:						
Capital assets acquired through transfers from other funds	\$	526,665	159,338	262,786	948,789	9,500
Change in investments in joint venture		127,491	-	-	127,491	-
Net non-cash activities	\$	654,156	159,338	262,786	1,076,280	9,500
	. =	,		7	, ,	. ,

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Fund June 30, 2014

ASSETS

Investments at contract value:		
Insurance contracts	\$_	4,382,181
Investments at fair value:		
Unallocated insurance contracts:		
Bond and mortgage		2,278,617
International stock		3,976,190
Large cap stock index	_	11,623,048
Total unallocated insurance contracts:	_	17,877,855
Total Assets	\$_	22,260,036
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$_	22,260,036

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

ADDITIONS:		
Employer contributions	\$	593,785
Investment income:		
Contract investment income		163,197
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		3,084,807
Total additions		3,841,788
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries		1,083,802
Administrative expense		24,506
	_	
Total deductions		1,108,308
	_	
Change in net position held in trust for pension benefits		2,733,480
Net position - beginning of year		19,526,556
	_	
Net position - end of year	\$	22,260,036
	=	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Component Unit Ponca City Development Authority June 30, 2014

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,661,389
Receivables:		
Due from other governments		375,068
Accounts receivable		100
Prepaid expenses	_	16,726
Total current assets	_	7,053,283
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable		198,335
Depreciable, net of accumulated		
depreciation	_	3,736,025
Total noncurrent assets	_	3,934,360
Total Assets	_	10,987,643
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	18,992
Payroll taxes payable		866
Current portion:		
Accrued compensated absences	_	3,200
Total current liabilities	_	23,058
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences		28,802
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	28,802
Total Liabilities	_	51,860
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		3,934,360
Unrestricted	_	7,001,423

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Component Unit Ponca City Development Authority

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Operating Revenues:		
Payments from City of Ponca City	\$	2,105,883
Lease income		220,228
Miscellaneous income		1,430
Total operating revenues	_	2,327,541
Operating Expenses:		
Accounting & legal		8,995
Bad debts		50,287
Depreciation		120,019
Dues and subscriptions		6,700
Existing industry		36,971
Fringe benefits		146,516
Insurance		16,726
Land improvements		1,800
Marketing		71,878
Meetings and conferences		4,883
Miscellaneous		22,367
New industry incentives and credits		245,242
Office supplies, postage, and printing		8,590
Payroll taxes		29,337
Rent		13,100
Salaries		459,727
Telephone		6,696
Total operating expenses	_	1,249,834
	-	
Operating income	_	1,077,707
Non-Operating Revenues :		
Interest income		36,585
Gain on disposition of asset		141,133
Net non-operating revenues	-	177,718
	-	
Change in net position		1,255,425
Total net position - beginning of year	_	9,680,358
Total net position - end of year	\$	10,935,783
net position - ind or jem	* =	- 3,7 20,7 00

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows - Fiduciary Component Unit Ponca City Development Authority For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Payments to suppliers (1,437,027) Net cash provided by operating activities 788,600 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (142,756) Proceeds from sale of asset 184,200 Net cash provided by capital and related 184,200 financing activities 41,457 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 184,200 Interest income 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,663 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,757 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 0perating income Operating income \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666) (101,914) Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable	Receipts from customers	\$	2,225,627
Net cash provided by operating activities 788,600 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (142,756) Proceeds from sale of asset 184,208 Net cash provided by capital and related 184,208 financing activities 41,457 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 1142,756 Interest income 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,583 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 866,637 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,757 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 0perating income Operating income \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: 0perciation expense Depreciation expense 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,744 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable	*		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (142,756 Proceeds from sale of asset 184,208 Net cash provided by capital and related 184,208 financing activities 41,452 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 36,588 Interest income 36,588 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,588 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 866,637 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,757 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,741) 10,724 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666) 10,724 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,724)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	788,600
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (142,756 Proceeds from sale of asset 184,208 Net cash provided by capital and related 184,208 financing activities 41,452 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 36,588 Interest income 36,588 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,588 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 866,637 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,757 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,741) 10,724 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666) 10,724 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,724)		-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets(142,756Proceeds from sale of asset184,208Net cash provided by capital and related41,452financing activities41,452CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest income36,582Net cash provided by investing activities36,582Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,632Balances - beginning of year5,794,752Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,702Operating income\$ 1,077,702Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,0019Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,742)(101,914Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666)(299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,723)	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
Proceeds from sale of asset184,200Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities41,452 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income36,583Net cash provided by investing activities36,583Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,637Balances - beginning of year5,794,752Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,74)(101,914Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(299,660Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,723)	FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net cash provided by capital and related 41,452 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 36,582 Interest income 36,582 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,582 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 866,637 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,752 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash \$ 1,071,707 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,741 (299,666 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,724)	Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(142,756)
financing activities41,452CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:36,582Interest income36,582Net cash provided by investing activities36,582Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,637Balances - beginning of year5,794,752Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:120,019Change in assets and liabilities:(101,914(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914(Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,724)	Proceeds from sale of asset	_	184,208
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income 36,583 Net cash provided by investing activities 36,583 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 866,637 Balances - beginning of year 5,794,752 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,0191 Change in assets and liabilities: \$ (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses \$ (11,743) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable \$ (299,666) Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable \$ (5,723)	Net cash provided by capital and related		
Interest income36,58: 36,58:Net cash provided by investing activities36,58:Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,63:Balances - beginning of year5,794,75:Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,38:Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income\$ 1,077,70:Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,74: Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 (Increase) in payroll taxes payable299,666	financing activities	-	41,452
Net cash provided by investing activities36,58Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,63Balances - beginning of year5,794,752Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(101,914 (299,666 (5,724))	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents866,63*Balances - beginning of year5,794,752Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 (299,666 (5,724)))101,914	Interest income		36,585
Balances - beginning of year 5,794,752 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,077,707 Operating income \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,744 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,724)	Net cash provided by investing activities	-	36,585
Balances - beginning of year 5,794,752 Balances - end of year \$ 6,661,389 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 1,077,707 Operating income \$ 1,077,707 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 120,019 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (101,914 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (11,744 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (299,666 Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,724)	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		866,637
Balances - end of year\$ 6,661,389Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense\$ 1,077,707Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses\$ (101,914Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable\$ (299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable\$ (5,728)	-		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(101,914(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)		- ¢	
provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities:120,019(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,744Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)	Balances - end of year	÷	0,001,389
provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:\$ 1,077,707Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities:120,019(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,744Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
Operating income\$ 1,077,707Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(101,914(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (5,728)(299,666)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities:120,019(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914)(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,744)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)		\$	1.077.707
provided by (used in) operating activities:Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities:(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,74)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,722)		-	_,,
Depreciation expense120,019Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(101,914)(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,74)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)			
Change in assets and liabilities:(101,914)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914)(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,74)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)			120,019
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(101,914)(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,74)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)			- ,
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses(11,74)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,660)Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)			(101,914)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(299,666Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable(5,728)			(11,741)
Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable (5,728			(299,666)
			(5,728)
		-	9,923
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 788,600	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	788,600

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014

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THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma's (The City) accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP) and Generally Accepted Governmental Accounting Principals promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:	The City of Ponca City
Blended Component Units:	Ponca City Utility Authority Ponca City Municipal Authority Ponca City Public Works Authority

Fiduciary - Presented Component Unit: Ponca City Development Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, *The City* complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14, 39 and 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, and includes all component units of which *The City* is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance *The City* services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Commission to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, *The City* has leased certain existing assets to the Trustees on a long-term basis. *The City*, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the GASB Statements No. 14, 39 and 61 component unit criteria and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Commission, or the component unit provides services entirely to *The City*. These component units' funds are blended into *The City's* by appropriate fund type to comprise part of the primary government presentation.

Component units blended into the primary government's fund types are presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria
Ponca City Utility Authority (PCUA)	Created March 23, 1970, to finance, develop and operate the electric, water, wastewater, stormwater and solid waste facilities. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCUA. <i>The City</i> is able to impose its will on the PCUA because, by state law, all PCUA issuances of debt require a two-thirds approval of the City Commission. The PCUA funds are reported as enterprise funds within the primary government presentation. <i>The City</i> issues a separate report on only the PCUA.
Ponca City Municipal Authority (PCMA)	Established January 24, 1966, to collect and account for sewer connection fees on certain dedicated sewer lines. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCMA. The Authority is presently inactive.
Ponca City Public Works Authority (PCPWA)	Established October 12, 1959, to collect and account for sewer connection fees on certain dedicated sewer lines. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCPWA. The Authority is presently inactive.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FIDUCIARY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Fiduciary-presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the GASB Statements No. 14, 39 and 61 component unit criteria but do not meet the criteria for blending. *The City* has one component unit that is fiduciary-presented in *The City's* report as presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria
Ponca City Development Authority (PCDA)	Created August 4, 1969, to promote and encourage the development of the utility, agricultural, commercial, health care and industrial resources in <i>The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma</i> . The Authority provides financing to businesses for the purpose of acquiring facilities and develops services in or near <i>The City</i> . The PCDA Board of Trustees is separate from the Mayor and City Commission. The PCDA is financially dependent on <i>The City</i> . <i>The City</i> maintains a beneficial interest in the PCDA. Their separately issued financial statements may be obtained at 102 S. 5 th St. #3, Ponca City, OK 74601.

JOINT VENTURE

The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma is currently a participant (with equity interest) in the general operating portion of the Association for Landfill Financial Assurance (ALFA). ALFA is a not-for-profit corporation created to provide a mechanism to meet the financial assurance requirements for landfill closure costs and post-closure care pursuant to Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 and statutes and regulations of the State of Oklahoma and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. On dissolution of ALFA, the fund balance will be distributed to the beneficiaries based upon their pro-rata interest. Separate audited financial statements of ALFA for the year ended June 30, 2014 are available from the Association for Landfill Financial Assurance, Tulsa, Oklahoma.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government -wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about *The City* as a whole including component units. They include all financial activities of the reporting entity except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double reporting of transactions involving internal activities. Individual funds are not displayed in these statements. Instead, the statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between the expenses and program revenues directly associated with the different governmental functions and business-type activities to arrive at the net revenue or expense of the function or activity prior to the use of taxes and other general revenues. Program revenues include (1) fees, fines and service charges generated by the program or activity, (2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of the program or activity, and (3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of the program or activity. The policy for allocating indirect expenses to functions is on a percentage basis.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Separate financial statements are presented for the three major fund categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis of the fund financial statements is placed on major governmental and enterprise funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of *The City* or meets the following criteria:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund not meeting the criteria of (a) and (b), except that management has elected to report the fund as a major fund due to its significance to users of the financial statements.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds not meeting the above criteria are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

The City reports the General Fund as its major governmental fund.

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of *The City*. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is reported as a major governmental fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Nonmajor Funds: Special Projects Fund Street and Alley Fund Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Community Development Fund Library Grant Fund Library State Aid Fund Miscellaneous Trust Fund Economic Development Fund

Capital Project Funds

The nonmajor Recreation Center Tax Fund, Street Improvement Project Fund and Capital Improvement Project Fund are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes of benefiting the reporting entity. The reporting entity includes the following permanent funds:

Nonmajor Funds: Matzene Book Fund Cann Estate Fund

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report ad valorem taxes levied by *The City* that are restricted, committed, or assigned for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest expense and fiscal agent fees.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include both enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided and charged to other funds or entities within the reporting entity. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Nonoperating revenues of the proprietary funds include such items as investment earnings, interest expense and subsidies. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds and internal service funds:

Enterprise Funds

The City reports two major enterprise funds:

Ponca City Utility Authority – used to account for the operation and maintenance of *The City* electric, water, wastewater, stormwater and solid waste utility services.

Ponca City Airport Fund – used to account for the operation and maintenance of *The City* airport services.

Nonmajor enterprise funds include:

Marland Estate Fund Lew Wentz Golf Course

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds include:

Motor Pool Fund Insurance Imprest Fund

Fiduciary Funds

The City's fiduciary funds are used to report net position and changes therein of assets held by *The City* in a trustee or fiduciary capacity. These net positions are not available for operations of *The City*. *The City* reports the Pension Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund.

Pension Trust Fund – used to account for the net position and changes therein of the Ponca City Employee Retirement System.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *how* transactions are recorded within the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

Government -wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements the "*economic resources*" measurement focus is applied. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus (continued)

Government al Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, a "*current financial resources*" measurement focus is applied. Under this focus, only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

Government -wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, and the proprietary fund financial statements, the accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, the modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. *The City* has defined "available" as collected within 30 days after year end. Sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, court fines and interest are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general long-term debt principal and interest, claims and judgments, and accrued compensated absences, which are recorded as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand accounts, savings accounts, money market investment in trust accounts, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents and are reported at the funds' current share prices.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value using selected bases. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value as estimated by a broker/dealer. Investments of the pension trust fund are also carried at fair value. Securities of the pension trust fund traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. All non-negotiable long-term certificates of deposit are carried at cost.

Receivables

Material receivables in governmental fund types and governmental activities include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. These are reported as *Due from Other Governments*. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements.

Material receivables in proprietary type funds and business-type activities consist of revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Billed and unbilled utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of these receivables.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost on a first in-first out basis.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include current assets of enterprise funds and business-type activities that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to revenue bond and promissory note trustee accounts restricted for debt service and deposits held for refund.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund type or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. *The City's* capitalization threshold is \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Street infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 and bridges acquired prior to July 1, 2004, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs to these assets that do not add materially to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized. Interest costs, net of interest earned on any invested capital debt proceeds, are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an operating expense in proprietary fund financial statements and an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation (continued)

Buildings	50 years
Other improvements	25 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-25 years

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by *The City* that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2014, *The City* has one item that meets this criterion, an advance refunding on Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2009.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by *The City* that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2014, *The City* has no deferred outflows of resources.

Long-term Debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and the measurement focus applied and whether the debt is reported in the governmentwide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund and component unit resources are reported as liabilities as incurred. The governmental activities long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences and judgments payable. The business-type activities long-term debt is reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts and amounts deferred from refundings, if any.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Long-term Debt (continued)

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of *The City's* personnel policies, *The City* employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation. The maximum accumulation for vacation is 30 days. However, upon retirement, the maximum days of accumulated vacation for which the employee can be reimbursed cannot exceed 20 days.

Sick leave accrues to full-time employees but is payable only for sick time actually taken. Therefore, *The City* does not record a liability for unused sick leave.

Arbitrage Rebate

The proceeds from the *Ponca City Utility Authority's* tax exempt bond issues are subject to arbitrage rebate laws under the Internal Revenue Code. This arbitrage rebate limits the earnings on investment of tax exempt proceeds in non-purpose investments. The *Ponca City Utility Authority* had no arbitrage rebate liability at June 30, 2014.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Income Taxes

As a public trust, the income of the *Ponca City Utility Authority*, which is derived from the exercise of any essential government function, is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

Equity Classification

Government -wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is *The City's* policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which *The City* is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Equity Classification (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

- a. Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified permanent funds as nonspendable.
- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes *The City* to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that *The City* can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purpose specified by the legislation.

c. Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by (ordinance or resolution) of the City Commission. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the City Commission, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, those constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Equity Classification (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by *The City* for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Commission or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter, ordinance or resolution.
- e. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within the unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

1.E. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Government -wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the governmentwide financial statements as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.E. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Government -wide Financial Statements: (continued)

- 1. Internal balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effect of interfund services between funds is not eliminated in the statement of activities.
- 3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances resource flows between the primary government (*The City* and PCUA) and the fiduciary presented component unit (Ponca City Development Authority) are reported as if they were external transactions.

Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental, proprietary fund and fiduciary categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Sales Tax

The City levies a three and one-half cent sales tax on taxable sales within *The City*. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to *The City* in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The sales tax is recorded as follows:

- 2 cents recorded as revenue within the General Fund.
- ¹/₂ cent recorded as revenue within the Street Improvement Project Fund to account for maintenance and construction of street improvements per voter approval.
- ¹/₂ cent recorded as revenue within the Economic Development Fund to account for sales taxes restricted for economic development and subsequently transferred to the Ponca City Development Authority (a fiduciary fund presented component unit) per voter approval.
- ¹/₂ cent recorded as revenue within the Recreation Center Tax Fund to account for sales taxes restricted for specific capital projects per voter approval beginning October 1, 2007.

Sales tax resulting from sales occurring prior to year end and received by *The City* after year end have been accrued and are included under the caption *Due from Other Governments* because they represent taxes on sales occurring during the reporting period.

Pension Contributions

Employer and plan member contributions are made in accordance with the Employees Retirement System ordinance and are recognized in the period the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (continued)

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments. At the present time, *The City* levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by *The City's* debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessment s. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent or more than 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ percent.

Property taxes levied by *The City* are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to *The City* in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. For the year ended June 30, 2014, *The City's* net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$114,639,681. The taxes levied by *The City* per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$5.29.

Expenditures and Expenses

In the government-wide statement of activities, expenses, including depreciation of capital assets, are reported by function or activity and the policy for allocating indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities is a percentage of total expenses. In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by class as current (further reported by function), capital outlay and debt service. In proprietary fund financial statements, expenses are reported by object or activity. Fiduciary funds report additions and deductions to net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, *The City* and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations.

2.A. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OR NET POSITION

Title 11, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of *The City* (excluding public trusts). At June 30, 2014, *The City* reported no individual fund deficits.

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to *The City* must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. Negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments and bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator, debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator and obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC that include investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c and d.

Public trusts and pension trust funds are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures.

2.C. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

General Long-term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, *The City* (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue without first obtaining voter approval. As of June 30, 2014, *The City* had no general obligation debt.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

2.C. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS (continued)

Notes Payable

The loan agreements with the Oklahoma Water Resources Board relating to construction notes payable of the PCUA contain a number of financial restrictions or covenants. These include covenants requiring a flow of funds through special accounts, reserve account balances and a notes payable debt service coverage requirement. The PCUA complied with the requirements of the loan agreements in all material respects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Revenue Bond Debt

The bond indentures relating to the revenue bond issues of the PCUA contain a number of financial restrictions or covenants. These include covenants requiring a flow of funds through special accounts, required reserve account balances and revenue bond debt service coverage requirement. The PCUA complied with the requirements of the bond indentures in all material respects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Schedule of Deposits and Investments by Type

				M	aturities in Years		
		Fair	On	Less			More
Туре		Value	Demand	Than One	1-5	6-10	than 10
Deposits:							
Petty cash	\$	6,000	6,000	-	-	-	-
Demand acounts		21,914,734	21,914,734	-	-	-	
Time deposits		11,549,625	-	11,549,625	-	-	
Trust money market account		16,213,319	16,213,319	-	-	-	-
Other	_	1,031,328		505,925	525,403	-	
Total deposits	_	50,715,006	38,134,053	12,055,550	525,403	-	
Investments:							
Equities/Fixed Income/Etc.		997,667	997,667	-	-	-	-
Agencies of the U.S. Govt.							
FHLMC/FMNA/FHLB1	_	5,691,288			-	-	5,691,288
Total investments		6,688,955	997,667				5,691,288
Pension fund investments:	-						
Insurance contract		4,382,181					
Unallocated insurance contracts	_	17,877,855					
Total deposits and investments	\$	79,663,997					
Reconcilations to Statement of							
Net Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,666,174					
Investments		22,927,175					
Current restricted cash and cash							
equivalents		2,481,044					
Current restricted investments		597,293					
Noncurrent restricted cash and							
cash equivalents		2,309,297					
Pension fund investments		22,260,036					
Plus defeased debt escrow	_	11,422,978					
Total	\$	79,663,997					
	-						

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits in financial institutions, reported as components of cash, cash equivalents and investments were fully insured by depository insurance or secured with collateral held by *The City's* agent in its name. Investments in U.S. obligations, U.S. agency obligations, corporate bonds and other investments were either 1) insured or registered and held by *The City* or by *The City's* agent in *The City's* name or 2) uninsured and unregistered and held by counterparty's trust department or agent in *The City's* name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. *The City's* investment policy limits investments to those with a maturity no more than two years from the date of purchase, except for reserve funds, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. *The City* discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity date ranges of its various investments.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments to those allowed by state law applicable to municipalities. These investment limitations are described in Note 2.B. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. *The City* has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations – rating agencies – as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of the total investments of *The City* (any over five percent (5%) are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. *The City's* investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of *The City's* total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.

At June 30, 2014, The City had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

At June 30, 2014, *The City's* pension fund investments in the Principal Financial Group – unallocated insurance contracts represented 61.76% of *The City's* total investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.B. RECEIVABLES

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities is net of allowance for uncollectible accounts on the statement of net position. Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers' utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year end. It is *The City's* policy to write off uncollectible accounts throughout the year in the business-type activities and not to record an allowance for uncollectible accounts on the statement of net position.

The governmental activities receivables include fines, other taxes and miscellaneous receivables as follows:

Governmental Activities:	-	Ambulance	-	Taxes	Court	Other	Total
Accounts receivable	\$	1,124,688		149,626	1,190,343	169,581	2,634,238
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		(547,047)	_		(1,152,514)		(1,699,561)
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$	577,641	_	149,626	37,829	169,581	934,677

Business-type Activities:		Utility Accounts	Misc. Accounts	
		Receivable	Receivable	Total
Electric	\$	5,238,750	17,600	5,256,350
Water	φ	940,581	17,000	940,581
Solid waste		521,948	-	521,948
Wastewater		677,376	-	677,376
Stormwater		45,722	-	45,722
Unapplied credits		(331,842)	-	(331,842)
Other		-	402,365	402,365
Lew Wentz Golf Course		-	1,000	1,000
Airport		-	19,258	19,258
Total		7,092,535	440,223	7,532,758
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$	7,092,535	440,223	7,532,758

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets on the statement of net position are comprised of assets held by the trustee bank on behalf of the PCUA related to their required revenue bonds and notes payable, amounts set aside for landfill financial assurance, and deposits held for refund.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

		Cash and Cash Equivalents		Investments	Investment in	
	_	Current	Noncurrent	Current	Joint Venture	Total
Revenue bond and note payable						
trustee accounts	\$	2,481,044	2,309,297	-	-	4,790,341
Landfill financial assurance		-	-	-	1,743,238	1,743,238
Deposits held for refund	_	-		597,293		597,293
Totals	\$_	2,481,044	2,309,297	597,293	1,743,238	7,130,872

3.D. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

As discussed in Note 1.A., *The City* participates (with equity interest) in the general operations portion of the Association of Landfill Financial Assurance (ALFA). Various owners of publicly operated municipal solid waste landfills each maintain an equity interest in ALFA. *The City* makes annual capital contributions to the joint venture. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the "Investment in Joint Venture" balance changed as follows:

Beginning investment in joint venture	\$	1,657,685
Current year contributions		29,850
Net loss in escrow fund	_	55,703
Ending investment in joint venture	\$_	1,743,238

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Governmental activities: Non-depreciable: Land \$ Construction-in-progress Total non-depreciable assets at historical cost	July 1, 2013 728,214 1,331,625 2,059,839	Additions 12,100 2,771,213 2,783,313	Transfers . (12,100) . (284,730) .	Disposals -	June 30, 2014 728,214
Non-depreciable: Land \$ Construction-in-progress	1,331,625 2,059,839	2,771,213	(284,730)	-	728,214
Land \$ Construction-in-progress	1,331,625 2,059,839	2,771,213	(284,730)	-	728,214
Construction-in-progress	1,331,625 2,059,839	2,771,213	(284,730)	-	720,214
	2,059,839				3,818,108
	41 277 107		(296,830)	-	4,546,322
Depreciable:	41 277 107				
Buildings	41,377,187	-	-	-	41,377,187
Improvements	120,779,781	2,155,763	(463,694)	-	122,471,850
Machinery and equipment	11,266,372	985,606	(94,727)	(420,180)	11,737,071
Total depreciable assets at historical cost	173,423,340	3.141.369	(558,421)	(420,180)	175,586,108
Less accumulated depreciation:	· · · ·	´ ´ ´	· · · · ·	· · · · ·	
Buildings	(10,155,900)	(731,412)	-	-	(10,887,312)
Improvements	(89,333,216)	(3,683,737)	-	-	(93,016,953)
Machinery and equipment	(7,248,850)	(802,497)	9,713	417,492	(7,624,142)
Total accumulated depreciation	(106,737,966)	(5,217,646)	9,713	417,492	(111,528,407)
Net depreciable assets	66,685,374	(2,076,277)	(548,708)	(2,688)	64,057,701
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	68,745,213	707,036	(845,538)	(2,688)	68,604,023
Business-type activities:					
Non-depreciable:					
Land \$	1,068,125	122,429	12,100	-	1,202,654
Construction-in-progress	156,743	1,887,859	(117,114)	-	1,927,488
Total non-depreciable assets at historical cost	1,224,868	2,010,288	(105,014)	-	3,130,142
Depreciable:					
Buildings	42,364,991	256,146	-	(8,200)	42,612,937
Improvements	121,169,785	3,503,327	514,338	-	125,187,450
Machinery and equipment	12,514,019	1,569,168	445,927	(998,057)	13,531,057
Total depreciable assets at historical cost	176,048,795	5,328,641	960,265	(1,006,257)	181,331,444
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(26,419,102)	(877,241)	-	8,200	(27,288,143)
Improvements	(61,124,175)	(4,674,895)	-	-	(65,799,070)
Machinery and equipment	(8,852,932)	(939,401)	(9,713)	935,556	(8,866,490)
Total accumulated depreciation	(96,396,209)	(6,491,537)	(9,713)	943,756	(101,953,703)
Net depreciable assets	79,652,586	(1,162,896)	950,552	(62,501)	79,377,741
Business-type capital assets, net \$	80,877,454	847,392	845,538	(62,501)	82,507,883

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNIT:	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2014
Ponca City Development Authority				
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 241,410	-	(43,075)	198,335
Construction-in-progress	 56,400		(56,400)	
Total non-depreciable assets at historical cost	 297,810		(99,475)	198,335
Depreciable:				
Buildings	4,174,127	191,565	-	4,365,692
Office equipment and furniture	 52,148	7,591	-	59,739
Total depreciable assets	 4,226,275	199,156	-	4,425,431
Less accumulated depreciation	 (569,387)	(120,019)	-	(689,406)
Net depreciable assets	 3,656,888	79,137	-	3,736,025
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,954,698	79,137	(99,475)	3,934,360

The land was transferred from *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma* on June 18, 2003 and has been recorded at the estimated fair market value of the land on that date. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$120,019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

DEPRECIATION:

Depreciation expense was charged to the following activities:

Governmental Activities:

Street Public safety General government Cultural, parks and recreation Internal service funds Total	\$ 3,391,700 443,438 393,741 977,287 11,480 5,217,646
Business-type Activities:	
Marland Estate	\$ 97,276
Wentz Golf	62,625
Airport	784,886
Water	1,350,877
Electric	1,740,871
Solid waste	640,566
Stormwater	10,234
Wastewater	1,613,935
Administration	 190,267
Total	\$ 6,491,537

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

YMCA Contract for the Construction of Aquatic Facility

The City has entered into an operating agreement with the YMCA for the joint ownership and construction of a Recreation Center (Facility). The YMCA's portion of the construction and development costs have been dedicated solely to the construction of a swimming pool and aquatic facility that the parties developed as part of the Recreation Center. *The City* has developed and built the Recreation Center, and the YMCA will manage and operate the facility. The initial term of the operating agreement is ten years and will renew automatically for five successive periods of five-years each. The agreement may be terminated by either party upon not less than 180 days notice before the end of the initial term or any term. The facility opened in December 2010.

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated by the amounts involving governmental activities, business-type activities and component unit.

Governmental Activities Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2014, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

Accrued Compensated Absences: Accrued compensated absences reported in the governmental activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave.		
Current portion	\$	80,623
Non-current portion		725,605
Total accrued compensated absences	\$	806,228
Judgment Payable: Court-assessed judgment to be paid with ad valorem taxes over a three- year period. Judgment is held by the Municipal Authority as an investment as a result of its paying the original judgment holder in full.		
Current portion Non-current portion Total judgment payable	\$ \$	505,925 525,403 1,031,328

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business-type Activities Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2014, the long-term debt payable from enterprise fund resources consisted of the following:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2013 to Specialized Lending, LLC, dated November 20, 2013, original issue amount of \$12,510,000, secured by a pledge of sales tax reveue and all funds and accounts established by the note agreement, interest rate of 1.86%, final maturity February 1, 2019.	\$	12,130,000
2012 A Utility System Revenue Note to Banc of America Public Capital Corp, dated March 1, 2012, original issue amount \$16,090,000, secured by gross revenues of the system interest rate of 2.7%, final maturity date August, 2025.		14,610,000
Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2009 to Banc of America Public Capital Corp, dated April 22, 2009, original issue amount of \$18,000,000, secured by a pledge of sales tax revenue and all funds and accounts established by the note agreement, interest rate of 4.22%, refuned final payment due December 1, 2014.		11,180,000
Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2008 to Bank of America, N.A., dated June 30, 2008 original issue amount of \$6,750,000, secured by a pledge of gross revenues of the system and the funds and accounts established by the note agreement, interest rate of 3.9% final maturity December 1, 2016.		2,680,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$_	40,600,000
Current portion Non-current portion Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 	15,125,000 25,475,000 40,600,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business-type Activities Long-term Debt

Notes Payable:

1997 A Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resource Board, dated March 1, 1997, original		
issue amount of \$1,784,449, secured by a pledge of Ponca City Utility Authority revenues, non-interest bearing, administrative fee of .5%, final maturity February 15, 2016.	\$	187,837
1998 A Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resource Board, dated June 1, 1998, original		
issue amount of \$4,400,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from		
operations of water, sewer, electric and garbage systems, non-interest bearing, administrative fee of 0.5%, final maturity February 18, 2018.		895,038
1999 A Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resource Board, dated December 23, 1999,		
original issue amount of \$2,370,907, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from water, sewer, electric and garbage systems, non-interest bearing, administrative fee of 0.5%, final maturity August 15, 2019.		652,000
Series 2007 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board,		
dated October 9, 2007, original issue amount \$5,565,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from water, sanitary sewer, garbage, and electric systems, interest rate of 2.61% per annum plus an administrative fee of 0.5% per annum, final maturity		
September 15, 2029, final maturity September 15, 2029.		3,377,009
Series 2009A Clean Water SRF Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated October 1, 2009, original issue amount \$575,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from water, sanitary sewer, garbage, and electric systems, interest rate of 2.09% per annum plus an administrative fee of 0.5% per annum, final maturity		212.011
March 15, 2030. Draws as of June 30, 2013.		313,011
Series 2009B Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated December 1, 2009, original issue amount \$2,990,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from water, sanitary sewer, garbage, and electric systems, interest rate of 2.56% per annum plus an administrative fee of 0.5% per annum, final maturity September 15, 2030. Draws as of June 30, 2013.		1,572,004
Serics 2012 B Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated March 28, 2012,		
original issue amount \$7,825,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues and receipts, interest rates ranging from 0.65% to 3.4%, final maturity September 15, 2019.	-	6,350,000
Total Notes Payable	\$	13,346,899
Add: unamortized premium	-	242,800
	\$	13,589,699
Current portion payable from restricted assets	\$	1,794,721
Non-current portion		11,794,978
Total notes payable	\$	13,589,699

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business - type Activities Long-Term Debt (continued)

Refundable Grant Obligations:

\$250,000 refundable grant obligation used for a 12-acre landfill expansion project, dated January 1, 1998, payable in semi-annual installments of \$6,250, final payment due June 2018, non-interest bearing.	\$ 43,750
\$500,000 refundable grant obligation used for constructing water, wastewater and electric utility system infrastructure improvements in the industrial park, dated January 1, 1996, payable in semi-annual installments of \$12,500, final payment due January 1, 2016, non-interest bearing.	37,500
\$380,000 refundable grant obligation for water line improvements, dated July 1, 2001, payable in semi-annual installments of \$9,500, final payment due January 1, 2016, non-interest bearing.	133,000
Total refundable grant obligations	\$ 214,250
Current portion Non-current portion Total refundable grant obligations	\$ 56,500 157,750 214,250
Accrued Compensated Absences:	
Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave:	
Current portion Non-current portion Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 29,573 266,168 295,741
Fiduciary Component Unit Long-term Debt	
Accrued compensated absences: Accrued compensated absences reported as a fund liability within the component unit statement of net assets at June 30, 2014, are as follows:	
Current portion Non-current portion Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 3,200 28,802 32,002

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt – Primary Government and Fiduciary Component Unit

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

		Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014	Amount due in one year
Governmental Activities:	_	•				
Judgment payable	\$	807,796	689,820	(466,287)	1,031,329	505,925
Accrued compensated absences		780,393	25,834	-	806,227	80,623
Total general long-term debt	\$	1,588,189	715,654	(466,287)	1,837,556	586,548
Business-type Activities:						
Note payable	\$	14,728,428	405,528	(5,152,057)	9,981,899	1,794,721
Revenue bonds payable		37,050,000	12,510,000	(5,595,000)	43,965,000	15,125,000
Refundable grant obligations		270,750	-	(56,500)	214,250	56,500
Accrued compensated absences		281,101	14,640	-	295,741	29,573
Total enterprise fund debt	\$	52,330,279	12,930,168	(10,803,557)	54,456,890	17,005,794
Fiduciary Component Unit:						
Accrued compensated absences	\$	22,079	9,923		32,002	3,200

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Primary Government

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending		Judgment Payable					
June 30,		Principal	Interest				
2015	\$	505,925	103,133				
2016		295,463	82,087				
2017	_	229,940	68,982				
Total	\$_	1,031,328	254,202				

	_	Business-type Activities					
	_					Refundable Grant	
Year Ending		Notes 1	Payable	Revenue Bor	nds Payable	Obligations	
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2015	\$	1,794,721	308,571	15,125,000	936,578	56,500	
2016		1,822,319	275,106	4,080,000	603,430	44,000	
2017		1,756,370	240,712	4,460,000	489,660	31,500	
2018		1,784,279	200,440	3,495,000	397,005	25,250	
2019		1,598,528	153,875	3,610,000	322,751	57,000	
2020-2024		3,147,343	352,440	6,670,000	945,675	-	
2025-2029		1,241,561	96,214	3,160,000	95,445	-	
2030-2031	_	201,778	5,038				
Total	\$	13,346,899	1,632,396	40,600,000	3,790,544	214,250	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.G. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

A \$3,958,479 accrued liability has been recognized to represent the total estimated amount owed by the Ponca City Utility Authority for closure and post-closure requirements dictated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality regulations. It is estimated that an additional \$4,641,631 will be recognized as closure and post-closure expense between the current balance sheet date and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2014. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The PCUA is required by state and federal laws to provide for financial assurance to cover a portion of the estimated closure and post-closure liability. To meet its financial assurance responsibility, the PCUA participates in a joint venture with other owners of municipal landfills as explained in Notes 1.A. and 3.D.

The percentage of landfill capacity used to date is 48.85%. The estimated remaining landfill life is 43.5 years.

3.H. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Nature of Interfund Bala	
Motor Pool Motor Pool Total	PCUA Fund Airport	\$ 59,797 <u>1,499</u> \$ 61,296		June charges for a June charges for a	
		_	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	Internal Balance
Reconciliation to Fund Financ	ial Statements:				
Governmental Funds		\$	28,261	(6,797)	21,464
Internal Service Funds			61,296	(21,464)	39,832
Enterprise Funds		_	-	(61,296)	(61,296)
Total		\$_	61,296	(89,557)	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.H. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer to Transfer from		Nature of Interfund Balance
Capital Improvement Project	PCUA \$	400,000	Funding for project
PCUA	Recreation Center Tax	1,981,449	Debt service
Golf Course	General Fund	260,000	To subsidize operations of the enterprise fund
Marland Trust Fund	General Fund	148,378	To subsidize operations of the enterprise fund
Cann Estate Fund	General Fund	56,510	To subsidize operations of the permanent fund
Airport	General Fund	103,446	To subsidize operations of the enterprise fund
Airport	Capital Improvement Project	16,667	To subsidize operations of the enterprise fund
PCUA	Motor Pool	10,000	Funding for information services
General Fund	PCUA	9,064,332	To subsidize operations of the general fund
PCDA	Economic Development	2,105,883	To transfer sales tax collections
PCUA	General Fund	195,000	Funding for information services
Capital Improvement Project	General Fund	250,000	To subsidize operatons of the C.I.P. fund
Community Development	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	11,319	To transfer grant funds
PCUA	General Fund	80,000	Debt service
	\$	14,682,984	

		Transfers to Other Funds	Transfers from Other Funds		Net Transfers
Reconcilation to fund financial statements:	_			_	
Governmental Funds	\$	5,208,652	9,782,161		4,573,509
Internal Service Funds		10,000	-		(10,000)
Enterprise Funds		9,464,332	2,794,940		(6,669,392)
Component Unit	_		2,105,883	_	2,105,883
Totals	\$_	14,682,984	14,682,984	_	-
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:					
Net transfers Enterprise Funds				\$	6,669,392
Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities				_	(948,789)
Transfer - internal activity				\$	5,720,603

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.I. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which *The City* is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental fund and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:		rulla	<u> </u>	10tal
Nonspendable:				
Permanent fund principal	\$	_	1,138,801	1,138,801
Restricted for:	Ψ		1,150,001	1,150,001
Tourism		-	1,470,393	1,470,393
Rec capital		-	726,497	726,497
Library		-	12,703	12,703
Street improvements		-	2,943,282	2,943,282
Recreation center		-	409,821	409,821
Committed to:				
Operating reserve		1,900,000	-	1,900,000
E911/Cap		147,790	-	147,790
Assigned to:				
Other purposes		1,444,120	-	1,444,120
Special projects		-	36,422	36,422
Street & alley		-	693,648	693,648
Community development		-	159,964	159,964
Capital improvements		-	2,341,460	2,341,460
Debt service		-	54,395	54,395
Matzene Book		-	1,311	1,311
Cann Estate		-	52,824	52,824
Unassigned:	_	2,538,404		2,538,404
Total fund balances	\$_	6,030,314	10,041,521	16,071,835

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES – TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

3.I. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (continued)

Restricted net position as reported in the Statement of Activities are comprised of the following:

		Enabling Legislation	Statutory Requirements	External Contracts
Restricted Net Position - Governmental Activities:	_			
E-911	\$	147,790	-	-
Special Projects		-	-	36,422
Street & Alley		-	693,648	-
Hotel/Motel Tax		2,196,890	-	-
Community Development		-	-	159,964
Library Grant		-	-	12,703
Street Improvement Project		2,943,282	-	-
Recreation Center Tax		409,821	-	-
Capital Improvement Project		2,341,460	-	-
Debt Service		-	54,395	-
Matzene Book		-	-	50,076
Cann Estate	_	-		1,142,860
Total restricted net position	\$_	8,039,243	748,043	1,402,025
Restricted Net Position - Business-type Activities:				
Debt Service	\$	-	-	4,790,341
Utility meter deposits	_		597,293	
Total restricted net position	\$_	-	597,293	4,790,341

3.J. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

GASB Statement No. 65 that became effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, required an accounting change to conform to the provisions of this statement. Debt issuance costs should be presented as an expense instead of an asset. A prior period adjustment of refinancing costs of \$799,902 associated with a loan has been reported as a restatement of beginning net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System

Type of Plan

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund *City of Ponca City* Employees' Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer-Defined Benefit Plan Cost Sharing Multiple Employer-Defined Benefit Plan Single Employer-Defined Benefit Plan

Oklahoma Police and Firefighter's Pension and Retirement Systems

The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma as the employer, participates in two statewide costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans on behalf of the police officers and firefighters. The systems are funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods and benefit provisions.

	Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System	Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement System
Obtaining separately issued annual financial reports	Police Pension and Retirement 1001 N.W. 63 rd St., Suite 605 Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335	Firefighters Pension & Retirement 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414
Eligibility to participate	All full-time officers, employed by a participating municipality, not less than 21 years of age or more than 45 years of age when hired.	All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality hired before age 45.
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefits	State Statute	State Statute
Employee's contribution rate (percent of covered payroll)	8%	8%
The City's contribution rate (percent of covered payroll)	13%	13%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Oklahoma Police and Firefighter's Pension and Retirement Systems (continued)

	Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System	Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement System
State obligation	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability
Period required to vest	10 years	10 years
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (full-time)	20 years credited service, 2-1/2% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits.	20 years credited service 2-1/2% of final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested, at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits.
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (volunteer)		20 years credited service equal to \$5.33 per month per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years considered.
Deferred retirement option	Yes, 20 years credited service with additional option to participate in Louisiana Plan.	Yes, 20 years credited service with continued service for a maximum of 30 or more years.
Provisions for:		
Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)	Yes	Yes, if vested by 5/83
Death (duty, non-duty, post retirement)	Yes	Yes
Disability (duty, non-duty)	Yes	Yes
Cost of living allowances	Yes	Yes

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Oklahoma Police and Firefighter's Pension and Retirement Systems (continued)

Trend Information

Contributions required by State statute:

		F		na Police tirement System	Oklahoma Pension and Re	U
_	Fiscal Year		Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
	2012	\$	320,662	100%	443,499	100%
	2013		349,661	100%	436,385	100%
	2014		371,129	100%	476,060	100%

Trend information shows the progress of the Systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits as dues have been paid and these trends are presented in their respective separate annual financial reports.

The Oklahoma Insurance Department made a contribution to the OPPRS of \$314,673 on behalf of *The City's* employed police officers who participate in the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System. This was recorded as miscellaneous revenue and public safety expense on the government-wide financial statements.

Related Party Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the Systems held no related-party investments of *The City* or its related entities.

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u>

Plan Description, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

The City contributes to The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma Employees Retirement System (the "System"), which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan controlled by the provisions of Group Contract adopted pursuant to City Ordinance. The plan is governed

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u> (continued)

by *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma* which may amend plan provisions, and which is responsible for the management of the plan assets. *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma* has delegated the authority to manage certain plan assets to <u>Principal Life Insurance</u> <u>Company</u>. All non-union full-time City employees are eligible to participate in the System after one year of service and attained age 21.

The System has an actuarial valuation performed annually to determine if *The City's* fixed contribution rate is adequate to fund the actuarially determined contribution requirement. The System does not issue separate annual financial reports, however a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is in the Basic Financial Statements section.

The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods and benefit provisions:

Year established and governing authority	1961; City Council
Determination of contribution requirements Employer Plan members	City Ordinance; actuarially determined 6.75% 0.00%
Funding of administrative costs	Investment earnings
Period required to vest	5 years – 50%; additional 10% vesting each year thereafter
Post-retirement benefit increases	None
Eligibility for distribution	Age 65 with five years of credited service, or age 55 with ten years credited service
Provisions for:	
Disability benefits	Yes
Death benefits	Yes
Plan Membership as of December 31, 2013	
Active members	213
Inactive members	152
Retirees and beneficiaries	141
Total	506

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

<u>NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES</u> (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u> (continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting –The plan's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments – The pension plan's unallocated insurance contracts are valued at contract value. Contract value represents contributions made under the contract, plus interest at the contract rate, less funds used to pay benefits or administrative expense charged by the Principal Life Insurance Company. The pension plan's unallocated separate accounts are valued at fair value. At of June 30, 2014, the following investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations), in any one organization, that represent five percent or more of the net position available for benefits ($$19,526,556 \times .05 = $976,328$) were invested in Principal Financial Group – unallocated insurance contracts totaling \$22,260,036.

Deposits And Investments

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board in Statement No. 3 (GASB 3), as amended by GASB No. 40, requires state and local governments to disclose certain risks associated with the plan's deposits and investments. GASB 53 requires investment derivative instruments be reported at fair value and disclosed according to GASB 40 requirements.

Deposits

At December 31, 2013, the plan held no deposits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u> (continued)

Investments

Interest Rate Risk: At December 31, 2013, *The City* had the following investments. Amounts are shown in dollars. Modified duration is shown in years.

Fixed Income Investment Options	-	Fair Value	Effective Duration
General Account at contract value Principal Bond and Mortgage Separate Account	\$	4,258,053 2,639,771	4.9 5.1
Total Fair Value of Fixed Income Investment Options Other Investments	_	6,897,824 14,497,775	
Total Investments as of December 31, 2013	\$_	21,395,599	

For more performance information, including most recent month-end performance, visit the Principal Sponsor Service Center at <u>www.Principal.com</u>, or contact your representative of The Principal, or call the Client Contact Center at 1-800-547-7754.

Credit Risk: Separate accounts held at The Principal Financial Group are commingled pools, rather than individual securities. As a result, these accounts are not rated.

Derivatives: Separate accounts held at The Principal Financial Group may use derivatives as part of their investment strategy. These accounts are comingled pools, rather than individual securities.

Accounts held at The Principal Financial Group are not subject to concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk or foreign currency risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u> (continued)

Contributions

Active members are not required to contribute a percentage of compensation to the plan. Any remaining obligation with respect to the pension plan shall be paid by the employer. Investment expenses, including investment manager and custodial services, are funded by through investment earnings. Administrative expenses, including actuarial and consultant services, are funded through investment earnings and/or contributions.

Annual required contributions were made to the plan. *The City's* annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of and for the year ending December 31, 2013 were as follows:

Beginning of year 2013 net pension obligation	\$1,228,229
Annual required contribution for 2013 plan year	1,376,192
Interest on net pension obligation (asset)	89,047
Adjustment to annual required contribution	127,989
Annual pension cost for 2013 plan year	1,337,250
Actual contributions made	(536,271)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation (asset)	800,979
End of year 2013 net pension obligation	\$

I. Schedule of Funding

Historical trend information about the plan is presented by Principal Financial Group herewith as required supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, which require annual reporting.

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014

(continued)

<u>NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES</u> (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

<u>Ponca City Employees Retirement System – Single Employer, Defined Benefit</u> <u>Pension Plan</u> (continued)

I. Schedule of Funding (continued)

The historical information required to be disclosed, beginning as of January 1, 2008 is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	 (1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(4) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL as a % of Payroll [(2) - (1)] / (5)
1/1/2008	\$ 18,013,794	18,780,400	766,606	96%	7,287,884	11%
1/1/2009	17,967,564	20,396,217	2,428,653	88%	7,382,689	33%
1/1/2010	17,814,568	21,539,391	3,724,823	83%	7,689,385	48%
1/1/2011	17,639,710	23,380,303	5,740,593	75%	8,328,791	69%
1/1/2012	17,423,083	24,957,291	7,534,208	70%	8,086,461	93%
1/1/2013	18,579,477	25,619,859	7,040,382	73%	7,895,721	89%
1/1/2014	20,043,744	26,748,379	6,704,635	75%	7,877,083	85%

Prior to the adoption of GASB 50, GASB 25 and 27 defined the Actuarial Accrued Liability under the Aggregate method to be equal to the Actuarial Value of Assets. Subsequent to the adoption of GASB 50 for periods beginning after June 15, 2007, funded status information is prepared using the entry age actuarial cost method. The information presented is intended to serve as a surrogate for the funded status and funding progress of the plan.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the accrued liability as a factor. (See III for Significant Factors Affecting Schedules.)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

<u>NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES</u> (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

I. Schedule of Funding (continued)

Analysis of the dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, accrued liability and unfunded (assets in excess of) accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the accrued liability (column 4) provides one indication of the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing unfunded (assets in excess of) accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan. However, when assets are in excess of the accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the plan.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations, if applicable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

II. Schedule of Employer Contributions

The following table provides an analysis of funding progress for the last six years:

Plan Year End	 Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
12/31/2008	\$ 486,810	395,108	81%
12/31/2009	722,127	444,347	62%
12/31/2010	900,224	465,314	52%
12/31/2011	1,199,884	513,258	43%
12/31/2012	1,462,672	501,148	34%
12/31/2013	1,376,192	536,271	39%

III. Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plan Funding Schedules

The actuarial accrued liability was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at January 1, 2013, the most recently filed actuarial valuation report. The aggregate cost method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities.

(1) Actuarial assumptions used in the above schedules are as follows:

Valuation date	December 31, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate
Inflation	2.5%
Actuarial asset valuation method	Market value adjusted by spreading the expected value minus the actual value over four years.
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Projected salary increases	Table S-5 from Actuary's Pension Handbook plus 1.00%

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

(2) Significant Factors Affecting Schedules

The following changes affect the comparability of costs since January 1, 2012 plan year:

Actuarial Valuation		Change in Actuarial Accrued
Date	Reasons	Liablility
1/1/2013	Assumption changes	\$ 44,091

Other Post-employment Benefit

Plan Description: In addition to providing pension benefits, *The City* provides postretirement benefit options for certain health care benefits for retired employees, terminated employees and their dependents that are not eligible for Medicare. The benefits are provided in accordance with State law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). Substantially all of the government's employees may become eligible for those postretirement benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for *The City*.

Funding Policy: The City incurs no costs for such benefits since all premiums are paid by the retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years on a level dollar method. The following table show's the components of The City's annual OPEB cost for the year and The City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Amortization (30 years level payments)	\$	26,212
Normal Cost	-	18,269
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	44,481
OPEB liability (accrued actuarial liability) at July 1, 2013	\$	446,201

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Other Post-employment Benefit (continued)

The City's significant OPEB calculations for 2014 are as follows:

						Unfunded AAL
						as a Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	(AAL) (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	[(b - a) / c]
7/1/2012	\$ -	446,201	446,201	0.00%	10,295,051	4.3%

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount rate	4.5%
Health care cost trend rate	9% in 2012 graded to 5% in 2020
Participant contribution trend rate	2.5%
Mortality	IRS 2008 Small Plan combined
	static mortality
Turnover and Retirement rates	Vary by age and 20 years of service

Actuarial Method:

The actuarial funding method chosen will determine the allocation of costs. For example, one method may allocate all costs between now and the time a member is fully eligible to retire whereas another method may allocate all costs between now and the time a member is expected to retire (several years after retirement eligibility). One method might allocate costs as a level dollar amount while another might allocate costs as a level percentage of payroll. Using a different method will provide slightly different results. In short, different methods will relatively frontload the costs or backload the costs.

GASB allows the selection of one of six different actuarial methods. The method selected for this report was the projected unit credit (PCU) actuarial cost method. This is the method required by FASB 106 in the private. PCU is known to backload costs compared with the Entry Age Normal cost method. This is reasonable to do for OPEB liabilities, which are "soft liabilities" because it allows for the realization of the assumptions before most payments are made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Other Post-employment Benefit (continued)

GASB also allows for the selection of the amortization period (not to exceed thirty years). A longer amortization period means that the unfunded liability is being smoothed, and funded, over a longer period of time. This can be compared to a mortgage being paid off over a longer period of time (lower payments, but more interest). Thirty years was selected as the amortization period for this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters.

The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
 a. General Liability: - Torts - Errors and omissions - Police liability - Vehicle 	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	None
 b. Physical Property: Theft Damage to assets Natural disasters 	Purchased insurance with \$50,000 deductible	None
 c. Workers Compensation: - Employee injuries 	Self-insured with third-party administration of the claims process. Insurance Fund used to account for activities with participating funds charged through an estimated annual claim cost for each fund. Administered by United Safety Claims.	Entire risk of loss retained.
d. Health and Life: - Medical - Dental	Self-insured with City paying a portion of health care premiums, and all of life and disability premiums. Administered by UMR.	Claims up to \$270,000 per individual self-funded with stop-loss insurance up to \$1,000,000 per person.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES (continued)

4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Claims Liability Analysis

The claims liabilities related to the above noted risks of loss that are retained are determined in accordance with the requirements of FASB ASC 450-10, Loss Contingencies (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 5), which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. *The City* has elected to report its estimated claim liability at the discounted net present value of future payments. For the internal service self-insurance funds, changes in the claims liability for *The City* from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	<u>_</u> C	Workers' Compensation	Health Care		Total
Claim liability, June 30, 2012	\$	668,522	637,764		1,306,286
Claims and changes in estimates		1,198,557	2,437,068		3,635,625
Claims payments		(548,021)	(2,642,493)		(3,190,514)
Claim liability, June 30, 2013		1,319,058	432,339		1,751,397
Claims and changes in estimates		(374,722)	3,036,485		2,661,763
Claims payments		(657,990)	(2,967,121)		(3,625,111)
Claim liability, June 30, 2014	\$	286,346	501,703		788,049
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Current portion				\$	358,622
Noncurrent portion				_	429,427
Total				\$ =	788,049

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (continued)

<u>NOTE 4 – OTHER NOTES</u> (continued)

4.C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City maintains a stop-loss policy for plans to limit risk associated with the plans. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Contingencies

Construction Commitments:

At June 30, 2014, *The City* had awarded construction contracts totaling \$3,435,728 for various City projects and of this amount, \$768,663 was outstanding and payable from various funds.

Grant Program Involvement:

In the normal course of operations, *The City* participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency to ensure compliance with specific provisions of the grant or loan. Any liability or reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

4.D. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated and disclosed subsequent events up to and including December 2, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Taxes:					
Sales tax	\$	7,510,796	7,510,796	7,764,127	253,331
Use tax		425,000	425,000	659,406	234,406
Franchise tax		650,000	650,000	649,694	(306)
E911 tax		355,000	355,000	338,390	(16,610)
Weed tax	_	15,000	15,000	34,144	19,144
Total taxes	_	8,955,796	8,955,796	9,445,761	489,965
Intergovernmental:					
Cigarette tax		185,000	185,000	158,754	(26,246)
Alcoholic beverage tax		96,000	96,000	107,166	11,166
Grants		39,700	33,700	36,704	3,004
Total intergovernmental		320,700	314,700	302,624	(12,076)
Charges for Services:					
Recreation programs		21,700	21,700	19,036	(2,664)
Wentz Camp		34,000	34,000	36,210	2,210
Administrative services		2,116,212	2,116,212	2,116,212	-
Police services		75,000	75,000	68,797	(6,203)
Ambulance services		1,175,000	1,275,000	1,308,085	33,085
Fire runs		500	500	-	(500)
Animal control receipts		13,000	13,000	17,180	4,180
Library receipts		15,000	15,000	12,358	(2,642)
Rentals		172,500	172,500	185,061	12,561
Miscellaneous charges		48,200	48,200	23,580	(24,620)
Total charges for services	_	3,671,112	3,771,112	3,786,519	15,407
Fines and forfeitures		502,500	502,500	610,036	107,536
Licenses and permits		119,000	119,000	117,536	(1,464)
Investment Income		30,000	30,000	39,573	9,573
Miscellaneous	_	5,300	5,300	77,118	71,818
Other Financing Sources:					
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		15,000	15,000	19,675	4,675
Transfers from other funds		6,948,120	6,948,120	6,948,120	
Total revenues and other					
financing sources	_	20,567,528	20,661,528	21,346,962	685,434

Unaudited - see independent auditor's report

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		(Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Final		Basis)	(Negative)
Expenditures:					
City Commissioners	\$ 14,300	14,300		6,115	8,185
City Manager	914,805	914,805		731,200	183,605
Central municipal activity	1,361,289	1,611,289		1,505,694	105,595
Finance	457,849	517,457		442,041	75,416
Municipal court	223,690	223,690		210,855	12,835
City attorney	262,190	262,190		247,537	14,653
Community development	625,632	625,632		588,753	36,879
Animal control	218,296	218,296		204,666	13,630
Emergency management	158,030	158,030		148,622	9,408
Police Admin	5,162,109	5,223,109		5,130,500	92,609
Communications/911	610,123	610,123		537,607	72,516
Fire	4,917,274	5,042,274		4,987,396	54,878
Fire-Ambulance	1,044,229	1,127,172		1,106,428	20,744
Street Admin	1,420,868	1,420,868		997,509	423,359
Engineering Admin	680,760	680,760		594,815	85,945
Traffic engineering	448,897	448,897		419,850	29,047
Park maintenance	1,695,501	1,695,501		1,470,855	224,646
Recreation programs	375,403	379,403		304,919	74,484
Ambuc Pool	71,440	71,440		61,619	9,821
Wentz Camp	103,482	103,482		85,030	18,452
Marland's Grand Home	82,035	82,035		56,812	25,223
Hutchins Memorial	99,997	99,997		92,227	7,770
Library	992,944	931,944		912,479	19,465
Total expenditures	21,941,143	22,462,694		20,843,529	1,619,165
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,373,615)	(1,801,166)	1	503,433	(933,731)
Fund balances, beginning of year				3,607,933	
Fund balnaces, end of year			\$	4,111,366	

Unaudited - see independent auditor's report

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual basis as shown in the schedule below:

	 General Fund
Net Change to Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures:	\$ 503,433
Add: current year encumbrances	87,445
Change in payables	(69,630)
Change in advance revenue	(101,985)
Change in receivables	96,297
Prior year encumbrances	(90,876)
Change in fund balance	\$ 424,684

Unaudited - see independent auditor's report

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL (continued)

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Commission.
- d. Subsequent to City Commission enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department category within a fund.

The City Manager may only transfer appropriations within expenditure categories within a department without City Commission approval. Transfers between expenditure categories of a department or fund and budget supplements made during the year are recommended by the City Manager and must be approved by the City Commission. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

Unaudited - see independent auditor's report

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL (continued)

Budget Law (continued)

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statues, the Ponca City Utilities Authority and the Ponca City Tourism Authority are required to prepare annual budgets and submit copies to *The City* as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

Budgetary Accounting

The City prepares its budgets for all governmental fund types on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for payroll liability accrual and certain receivable accruals.

The City utilizes encumbrances accounting under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation.

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on a non-GAAP budgetary basis that report revenues on a cash basis and expenditures on a modified cash basis including encumbrances. For budgetary purposes expenditures are recorded in the period the goods or services are ordered, except for payroll expenditures that are recorded when paid.

The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Commission. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

Unaudited - see independent auditor's report

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds								
<u>ASSETS</u>	-	Special Projects Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	Community Development Fund	Library Grant Fund	Library State Aid Fund	Misc. Trust Fund	Economic Development Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$	8,003 29,233 -	147,528 538,898 - - 18,868	484,326 1,769,165 71,567	74,210	3,238 11,826 -	21 76	2,171 7,930	- - - 100 584
Due from other governments Total assets LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	37,236	<u></u>	2,325,058	<u>163,604</u> 237,814	15,064	97	10,101	<u> 190,584</u> <u> 190,584</u>
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to component unit	\$	814 - -	11,646 	128,168	71,053 6,797	2,361	97 	10,101	190,584
Total liabilities Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	-	814	<u> 11,646</u> 	2,196,890	77,850 - - 159,964	2,361	<u> </u>	10,101	
Total fund balances	-	36,422	693,648	2,196,890	159,964	12,703	<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	37,236	705,294	2,325,058	237,814	15,064	97	10,101	190,584

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014 (continued)

	Special Revenue Funds				Permaner			
ASSETS]	Recreation Center Tax Fund	Street Improvement Project Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	Debt Service Fund	Matzene Book Fund	Cann Estate Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable	\$	47,119 172,118	650,147 2,374,883	518,461 1,893,855	11,066 40,421	97 49,979 -	23,972 1,121,133	1,970,359 8,009,517 71,567
Due from other funds Due from other governments	_	- 190,584	190,584		2,908	-	-	757,132
Total assets	\$	409,821	3,215,614	2,412,316	54,395	50,076	1,145,105	10,808,575
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	_							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Retainage payble Due to other funds Due to component unit Advanced revenue	\$	- - -	238,360 33,972 -	68,336 - - 2,520	- - - -	- - - -	2,245	533,181 33,972 6,797 190,584 2,520
Total liabilities	_	-	272,332	70,856			2,245	767,054
Fund Balances: Nonspendaable Restricted Assigned	_	409,821	2,943,282	2,341,460	54,395	48,765	1,090,036 	1,138,801 5,562,696 3,340,024
Total fund balance	_	409,821	2,943,282	2,341,460	54,395	50,076	1,142,860	10,041,521
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	409,821	3,215,614	2,412,316	54,395	50,076	1,145,105	10,808,575

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Special Revenue Funds							
		Special Projects Fund	Street & Alley Fund	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	Community Development Fund	Library Grant Fund	Library State Aid Fund	Misc. Trust Fund	Economic Development Fund
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	-	-	854,775	-	-	-	-	2,105,883
Intergovernmental		-	237,230	-	284,965	8,341	14,879	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	652	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		24,181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		81		913	55,707				
Total revenues	_	24,262	237,230	855,688	341,324	8,341	14,879		2,105,883
Expenditures: Current:									
General government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		32,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street and highway		-	138,654		-	-	-	-	-
Culture, parks and recreation		-	-	254,694	-	75,428	14,879	-	-
Community development		-	-	-	298,608	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	324,980	49,816	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:									
Principle		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-					-		
Total expenditures		32,602	138,654	579,674	348,424	75,428	14,879		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(8,340)	98,576	276,014	(7,100)	(67,087)			2,105,883
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		-	-	-	11,319	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	(11,319)	-	-	-	-	(2,105,883)
Proceeds from sale of judgment		-			-	_			-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(11,319)	11,319				(2,105,883)
Net change in fund balances		(8,340)	98,576	264,695	4,219	(67,087)	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		44,762	595,072	1,932,195	155,745	79,790			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	36,422	693,648	2,196,890	159,964	12,703			

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

THE CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(continued)

	Sp	Special Revenue Funds			Permaner		
	Recreation Center Tax Fund	Street Improvement Project Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	Debt Service Fund	Matzene Book Fund	Cann Estate Fund	Total
Revenues:	2 105 002	2 105 002		550 440			
Taxes \$	2,105,883	2,105,883	-	552,440	-	-	7,724,864
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	545,415
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	2,100	2,100
Investment income	4,981	19,279	20,924	804	122	142,786	189,548
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,181
Miscellaneous	-	-	2,568,160	-	- 100	50	2,624,911
Total revenues	2,110,864	2,125,162	2,589,084	553,244	122	144,936	11,111,019
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	689,820	-	-	689,820
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,602
Street and highway	-	191,396	-	-	-	-	330,050
Culture, parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	1,501	52,189	398,691
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	298,608
Capital outlay	7,500	1,532,746	3,496,645	-	-	-	5,411,687
Debt Service:							
Principle	-	-	-	466,287	-	-	466,287
Interest and fiscal charges				80,780			80,780
Total expenditures	7,500	1,724,142	3,496,645	1,236,887	1,501	52,189	7,708,525
Revenues over (under)							
expenditures	2,103,364	401,020	(907,561)	(683,643)	(1,379)	92,747	3,402,494
Other financing sources							
(uses): Transfers in			650,000			56 510	717.920
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	/	-	-	56,510	717,829
	(1,981,449)	-	(16,667)	-	-	-	(4,115,318)
Proceeds from sale of judgment			<u> </u>	689,820			689,820
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,981,449)		633,333	689,820		56,510	(2,707,669)
Net change in fund balances	121,915	401,020	(274,228)	6,177	(1,379)	149,257	694,825
Fund balance, beginning of year	205 004	2 5 12 2 62	2 (15 (99	10.010	51 455	002 (02	0.246.606
	287,906	2,542,262	2,615,688	48,218	51,455	993,603	9,346,696

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

		Business-type	Activities - Ente	erprise Funds
	-	Marland Estate	Lew Wentz Golf Course	Total Other Enterprise Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash, including time deposits	\$	29,080	10,077	39,157
Investments		104,763	33,521	138,284
Accounts receivable		-	1,000	1,000
Due from other funds		-	-	-
Inventory	_	23,717	53,073	76,790
Total current assets	_	157,560	97,671	255,231
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable		392,189	71,577	463,766
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		913,714	670,940	1,584,654
Total noncurrent assets	-	1,305,903	742,517	2,048,420
Total Assets	_	1,463,463	840,188	2,303,651
LIABILITIES_				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		18,963	52,584	71,547
Net OPEB obligation		430	828	1,258
Accrued compensated absences		911	1,668	2,579
Total current liabilities	_	20,304	55,080	75,384
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences		8,202	15,011	23,213
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	8,202	15,011	23,213
Total Liabilities	-	28,506	70,091	98,597
	-	20,500		
<u>NET POSITION</u>				
Net investment in capital assets		1,305,903	742,517	2,048,420
Restricted for encumbrances		-	11,390	11,390
Unrestricted	_	129,054	16,190	145,244
Total Net Position	\$_	1,434,957	770,097	2,205,054

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Golf course fees Donations	-	Marland Estate 141,980 - 3,896	Lew Wentz Golf Course 460,983	Total Other Enterprise Funds 141,980 460,983 3,896	
Miscellaneous	-	145.996	2,030	2,040	
Total operating revenues Operating Expenses: Personal services Materials and supplies Maintenance, operations and contractual services Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses	-	145,886 241,215 20,756 46,284 97,276 405,531	463,013 478,822 48,600 222,659 62,625 812,706	608,899 720,037 69,356 268,943 159,901 1,218,237	
Operating loss	_	(259,645)	(349,693)	(609,338)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Net non-operating revenues (expenses) Loss before contributions and transfers	-	907 907 (258,738)	(349,693)	<u>907</u> 907 (608,431)	
Capital asset transfers Capital contributions Transfers in from other funds		12,100 148,378	250,686	262,786 408,378	
Net transfers and capital contributions	_	160,478	510,686	671,164	
Change in net position	_	(98,260)	160,993	62,733	
Net position, beginning of year	_	1,533,217	609,104	2,142,321	
Net position, end of year	\$_	1,434,957	770,097	2,205,054	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund			erprise Funds
				Total
			Lew Wentz	Other
		Marland	Golf	Enterprise
		Estate	Course	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_			
Receipts from customers	\$	145,886	462,013	607,899
Payments to suppliers		(62,930)	(268,831)	(331,761)
Payments to employees		(240,417)	(475,975)	(716,392)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(157,461)	(282,793)	(440,254)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers from other funds		148,378	260,000	408,378
Net cash provided by noncapital financing	_	148,378	260,000	408,378
Cash Flosws from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Purchases of capital assets		(3,896)	-	(3,896)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(3,896)		(3,896)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Purchase of investments		(33,631)	(44)	(33,675)
Interest and dividends		907	-	907
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(32,724)	(44)	(32,768)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(45,703)	(22,837)	(68,540)
Balances, beginning of year	_	74,783	32,914	107,697
Balances, end of year	\$_	29,080	10,077	39,157

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

		Business-type	Activities - Ente	erprise Funds
	_	Marland Estate	Lew Wentz Golf Course	Total Other Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used in				
Operating Activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(259,645)	(349,693)	(609,338)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense		97,276	62,625	159,901
Change in assets and liabilities:			- ,	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables, net		-	(1,000)	(1,000)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		189	4,412	4,601
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		3,921	(1,984)	1,937
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		798	2,847	3,645
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(157,461)	(282,793)	(440,254)
Non-Cash Activities:				
Capital assets acquired through transfers from other funds	\$	12,100	250,686	262,786
Net non-cash activities	\$	12,100	250,686	262,786

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2014

Current Assets: 2 2,750,001 2,750,201 Investments - 2,955,502 2,955,502 Receivables: - 2,955,502 2,955,502 Due from other funds 60,159 1,137 61,296 Other - 37,682 37,682 Prepaid expenses - 46,530 46,530 Inventory 191,971 - 191,971 Total current assets 252,330 5,790,852 6,043,182 Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: 0 0,088 - 50,808 Total noncurrent assets 50,808 - 50,808 - 50,808 Total noncurrent assets 303,138 5,790,852 6,093,990 0 LLABILITIES - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464 - 21,464	ASSETS		Motor Pool	Insurance Imprest Fund	Totals
Investments - $2,955,502$ $2,955,502$ Receivables: Due from other funds $60,159$ $1,137$ $61,296$ Other - $37,682$ $37,682$ Prepaid expenses - $46,530$ $46,530$ Inventory $191,971$ - $191,971$ Total current assets $252,330$ $5,790,852$ $6,043,182$ Noncurrent Assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LLABILITIES 21,464 - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ - $21,464$ -	Current Assets:				
Receivables: 1.137 61,296 Due from other funds 60,159 1.137 61,296 Other - 37,682 37,682 Prepaid expenses - 46,530 46,530 Inventory 191,971 - 191,971 Total current assets 252,330 5,790,852 6,043,182 Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: 0 0 0 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 50,808 - 50,808 Total noncurrent assets 50,808 - 50,808 Total Assets 303,138 5,790,852 6,093,990 LIABILITIES 30,025 86,249 116,274 Due to other funds 21,464 - 21,464 Estimated liability for claims - 358,622 358,622 Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: - 429,427 429,427 Accrued compensated absences 4,457 1,486 5,943 Total noncurrent liabilities - 426,427 429,427		\$	200		
Due from other funds $60,159$ $1,137$ $61,296$ Other - $37,682$ $37,682$ Prepaid expenses - $46,530$ $46,530$ Inventory $191,971$ - $191,971$ Total current assets $252,330$ $5,790,852$ $6,043,182$ Noncurrent Assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ $LIABILITIES$ Current Liabilities: $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims - $358,622$ $358,622$ $358,622$ Noncurrent Liabilities: $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: $54,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent			-	2,955,502	2,955,502
Prepaid expenses - $46,530$ $46,530$ Inventory 191,971 - 191,971 Total current assets $252,330$ $5,790,852$ $6,043,182$ Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LABILITIES $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LABULTIES $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ Lussities: $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LABUTTES $303,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ $ 21,464$ Estimated liability for claims $ 358,622$ $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: $ 429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $4,486$ $5,943$ Tot			60,159	1,137	61,296
Inventory 191,971 - 191,971 Total current assets 252,330 5,790,852 6,043,182 Noncurrent Assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 50,808 - 50,808 Total noncurrent assets 50,808 - 50,808 - 50,808 Total noncurrent assets 50,808 - 50,808 - 50,808 Total Assets 303,138 5,790,852 6,093,990 6,093,990 LLABILITIES Current Liabilities: 30,025 86,249 116,274 Due to other funds 21,464 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>			-		,
Total current assets $252,330$ $5,790,852$ $6,043,182$ Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LIABILITIESCurrent Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesDue to other funds $21,464$ $ 21,464$ Estimated liability for claims $ 358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: Estimated liability for claims $ 429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total noncurrent liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ $ 7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$			-	46,530	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ $ 50,808$ Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LIABILITIESCurrent Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesDue to other funds $21,464$ $ 21,464$ Estimated liability for claims $ 358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: Estimated liability for claims $ 429,427$ $429,427$ Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims $ 445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total noncurrent liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets Restricted for encumbrances $50,808$ $7,052$ $ 50,808$ $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	·	_			
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depreciation $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total noncurrent assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LIABILITIESCurrent Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesAccounts payable and accrued liabilities $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total noncurrent liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets Restricted for encumbrances $50,808$ $7,052$ $ 50,808$ $7,052$ $ 50,808$ $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	Capital assets:				
Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LIABILITIESCurrent Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities:- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets Restricted for encumbrances $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	-		50,808	-	50,808
Total Assets $303,138$ $5,790,852$ $6,093,990$ LIABILITIESCurrent Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities: Estimated liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total noncurrent liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	Total noncurrent assets		50,808		50,808
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	Total Assets		303,138	5,790,852	6,093,990
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $30,025$ $86,249$ $116,274$ Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities: $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities:- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assetsRestricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	LIABILITIES				
Due to other funds $21,464$ - $21,464$ Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities:Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued		20.025	06.040	11 < 07 4
Estimated liability for claims- $358,622$ $358,622$ Accrued compensated absences 496 165 661 Total current liabilities $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets Restricted for encumbrances $50,808$ - $50,808$ $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$				86,249	
Total current liabilities $51,985$ $445,036$ $497,021$ Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims Accrued compensated absences- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$			-	358,622	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated liability for claims Accrued compensated absences- $429,427$ $1,486$ $429,427$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ Net investment in capital assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$			496	165	661
Estimated liability for claims- $429,427$ $429,427$ Accrued compensated absences $4,457$ $1,486$ $5,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $4,457$ $430,913$ $435,370$ Total Liabilities $56,442$ $875,949$ $932,391$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $50,808$ - $50,808$ Restricted for encumbrances $7,052$ - $7,052$ Unrestricted $188,836$ $4,914,903$ $5,103,739$	Total current liabilities	_	51,985	445,036	497,021
Total Liabilities 56,442 875,949 932,391 NET POSITION 50,808 - 50,808 Net investment in capital assets 50,808 - 50,808 Restricted for encumbrances 7,052 - 7,052 Unrestricted 188,836 4,914,903 5,103,739	Estimated liability for claims	_	4,457		
NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets50,808Restricted for encumbrances7,052Unrestricted188,8364,914,9035,103,739	Total noncurrent liabilities		4,457	430,913	435,370
Net investment in capital assets 50,808 - 50,808 Restricted for encumbrances 7,052 - 7,052 Unrestricted 188,836 4,914,903 5,103,739	Total Liabilities		56,442	875,949	932,391
Restricted for encumbrances 7,052 - 7,052 Unrestricted 188,836 4,914,903 5,103,739	NET POSITION				
	Restricted for encumbrances		7,052	- 4,914,903	7,052
	Total Net Position	\$			

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Insurance	
		Motor	Imprest	
	_	Pool	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$_	1,633,789	6,247,662	7,881,451
Total operating revenues	_	1,633,789	6,247,662	7,881,451
Operating Expenses :				
Personal services		223,350	721,102	944,452
Materials and supplies		814,400	-	814,400
Other services and charges		685,716	4,001,514	4,687,230
Depreciation expense	_	11,480		11,480
Total operating expenses	_	1,734,946	4,722,616	6,457,562
Operating income (loss)	_	(101,157)	1,525,046	1,423,889
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Investment income		-	89,956	89,956
Miscellaneous income	_	2,136	41,241	43,377
Total non-operating revenues	_	2,136	131,197	133,333
Income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	_	(99,021)	1,656,243	1,557,222
Transfers to other funds		(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Capital asset transfers	_	9,500	(103,250)	(93,750)
Net proceeds from sale and transfers	_	(500)	(103,250)	(103,750)
Change in net position		(99,521)	1,552,993	1,453,472
Net position, beginning of year	_	346,217	3,361,910	3,708,127
Net position, end of year	\$_	246,696	4,914,903	5,161,599

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Motor Pool	Insurance Imprest Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	-	1001	<u> </u>	<u>I otulis</u>
Receipts from customers	\$	1,657,431	6,276,124	7,933,555
Payments to suppliers and others		(1,458,498)	(4,989,015)	(6,447,513)
Payments to employees	_	(227,576)	(721,119)	(948,695)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(28,643)	565,990	537,347
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers to from other funds	_	(10,000)	(103,250)	(113,250)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	_	(10,000)	(103,250)	(113,250)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Purchases of capital assets		(1,371)		(1,371)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(1,371)		(1,371)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	_			
Purchase of investments		-	(670,435)	(670,435)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		19,560	-	19,560
Interest and dividends		-	89,956	89,956
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	19,560	(580,479)	(560,919)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(20,454)	(117,739)	(138,193)
Balances, beginning of year	_	20,654	2,867,740	2,888,394
Balances, end of year	\$_	200	2,750,001	2,750,201
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(101,157)	1,525,046	1,423,889
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		2,136	41,241	43,377
Depreciation expense		11,480	-	11,480
Change in assets and liabilities:			(11.510)	
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net		-	(11,642)	(11,642)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in inventory		- 48,798	57,966	57,966 48,798
(Increase) decrease in fine from other funds		21,506	(1,137)	20,369
Increase (decrease) in claims payable			(963,348)	(963,348)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		(4,226)	(17)	(4,243)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		21,464	-	21,464
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		(28,644)	(82,119)	(110,763)
Net cash provided by (used in)operating activities	\$	(28,643)	565,990	537,347
Non-Cash Activities:				
Capital assets acquired through transfers from other funds	\$	9,500		9,500
Net non-cash activities	\$	9,500		9,500

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Schedule of Revenue Bonds and Notes Debt Service Coverage For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Electric	Water	Solid Waste	Wastewater	Total
Gross Revenues of the System:					
Utility charges for service \$	37,854,740	7,279,698	4,763,979	5,567,031	55,465,448
Investment income	62,817	24,273	17,876	10,707	115,673
Total operating revenues	37,917,557	7,303,971	4,781,855	5,577,738	55,581,121
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:					
Personal services	2,239,775	1,371,675	2,289,531	1,069,927	6,970,908
Materials and supplies	81,150	407,921	33,134	65,963	588,168
Maintenance, operations and					
contractual services	1,835,918	1,168,782	867,129	893,181	4,765,010
Electricity purchased	23,053,305				23,053,305
Total operating expenses	27,210,148	2,948,378	3,189,794	2,029,071	35,377,391
Net revenues available for debt service \$	10,707,409	4,355,593	1,592,061	3,548,667	20,203,730
Maximum annual debt service					4,219,103 *
Coverage					4.79
Required coverage					1.00

* Maximum annual debt service is based on 2016 debt service requirements for Oklahoma Water Resources Board Promissory Notes Payable Series 1997 A, 1998 A, 1999 A, Series 2007, 2009 A Clean Water SRF, Series 2009 B Drinking Water SRF and 2012 B as well as Utility System Revenue Notes Series 2008 and 2012 A.

Schedule of Reserve Account Balances June 30, 2014

Description	Required Reserves	Reserve Balance June 30, 2014	Excess Balance Under Required Reserves
Notes Payable:			
2008 Bank of America \$	638,969	638,969	-
2012 A Banc of America Public	848,980	848,980	-
2012 B OWRB	821,377	821,348	(29)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements



JD Stotts, CPA

Mark W. Archambo, CPA, CFP M

Deborah E. Mueggenborg, CPA

Tom K. Barclay, CPA, CFP ™

John Whipple, CPA

<u>Independent Auditor's Report on</u> <u>Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on</u> <u>Compliance and Other Matters Based on an</u> <u>Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance</u> <u>with Government Auditing Standards</u>

Honorable Mayor and City Commission The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the fiduciary presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise *The City*'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Ponca City Development Authority, as described in our report on *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered *The City* of *Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material*

weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *The City of Ponca City*, *Oklahoma*'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of *The City of Ponca City*, *Oklahoma* in a separate letter dated December 2, 2014.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Stotts, Archambo, Mueggenborg & Barclay, PC Certified Public Accountants Bartlesville, OK

December 2, 2014