

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

**COLEMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35,
JOHNSTON COUNTY, OKLAHOMA**

JUNE 30, 2015

Audited by

**SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP**

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS
FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 1, 2015

The Honorable Board of Education
Coleman School District Number I-35
Coleman, Johnston County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Coleman School District Number I-35, Coleman, Johnston County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, as described in Note 1, to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the “Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles” paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2015, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the “Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting” Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2015 on our consideration of the District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett
Certified Public Accountants, LLP



SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

December 1, 2015

The Honorable Board of Education
Coleman School District Number I-35
Coleman, Johnston County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Coleman School District Number I-35, Coleman, Johnston County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2015, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Results, Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2015-1 and 2015-2, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Results, Findings, and Questioned Costs, 2015-1, to be a material weakness. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit

attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Results, Findings, and Questioned Costs, 2015-2, to be a significant deficiency, but not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Results, Findings and Questioned Costs, as items 2015-1 and 2015-2.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the attached corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett
Certified Public Accountants, LLP

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL
INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE
JUNE 30, 2015

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor’s Results:

1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
2. The audit disclosed a significant deficiency in the internal controls over financial reporting, 2015-1, which was a material weakness; and a significant deficiency in the internal control over financial reporting, 2015-2, which was not considered a material weakness.
3. The audit disclosed two material instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* described below as items 2015-1 and 2015-2.

Section 2 – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

2015-1: Activity Fund

Condition: When testing the activity fund receipting procedures, we noted there was not a clear audit trail from the time collections are made to the corresponding bank deposit. There are sponsors who were not using District provided receipt books, and the activity fund custodian was not properly receipting collections from sponsors. This resulted in approximately \$12,000 of receipts to be unaccounted for in the 2014-15 fiscal year.

Criteria: Oklahoma Statutes (70 O.S. Section 5-129) require that pre-numbered receipts be issued each year for every account, and that deposits be made daily if over \$100, but never less than once per week regardless of amount.

Cause / Effect: Due to sponsors not following procedures for receipting and depositing receipts, and a limited number of personnel available to properly segregate accounting duties, there was an increase in the risk of money being misplaced or stolen, and not being deposited in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend that all activity funds collected be receipted in pre-numbered receipt books, with a receipt copy being issued to any student or patron from whom money is received, and all receipt books be kept on file for review. Further, we recommend that sponsor receipt books be checked in/out to sponsors at the beginning/end of each year and a log be used to record the checking in/out of receipt books. In addition, when sponsors turn over daily collections to the activity fund custodian, the sponsor

should be provided a receipt. We recommend that the activity fund collection/receipts policies and procedures be reexamined and improved upon, and these procedures be explained to the teaching staff on an annual basis.

2015-2: Purchase Orders

Condition: During our review of purchase orders and activity fund checks, we noted the following:

1. Purchase orders were not always encumbered against available appropriations prior to the obligations being incurred.
2. Purchase orders were not in date-purchase order number sequence.
3. Purchase orders were not always signed by the encumbrance clerk or the purchasing officer. In addition, most of the purchase orders did not have a requisition attached that was signed by the Superintendent.
4. Of the purchase orders and activity fund checks examined, many did not have adequate supporting documentation attached. The invoices were vague in their description and lacked detail

Criteria: Purchasing procedures require that purchase orders be encumbered prior to the obligation being incurred. (Reference: 70 O.S. 2001 5-135 and 5-129). All purchase orders should include signatures of both the encumbrance clerk and the purchasing officer, should be in date-purchase order sequence, and should include original invoices with vendor name, address, phone number and be itemized in sufficient detail.

Cause / Effect: Due to the lack of implementation and/or the following of purchasing procedures, and a limited number of personnel available to properly segregate duties, there was an increase in the risk of unauthorized or unallowable purchases to be made and not be detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District enforce its policies and procedures which require that purchase orders be encumbered prior to the obligation being incurred.

We recommend that all District obligations be encumbered prior to the actual purchase of materials or services, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. Also, purchase orders should never be dated anything other than the actual date they are issued.

We recommend that all purchase orders include signatures of both the encumbrance clerk and the purchasing officer.

We recommend that all purchase orders obtain original invoices with vendor name, address, phone number and itemized in sufficient detail, prior to issuing payment. A non-commercial vendors claim should be completed and used in lieu of a vendor not providing an invoice. Non-commercial vendors claims should be limited in use.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -
 ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS
 JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES</u>		<u>FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES</u>	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
	<u>GENERAL</u>	<u>SPECIAL REVENUE</u>	<u>AGENCY FUNDS</u>	
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$ 319,415	50,781	40,263	410,459
 <u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</u>				
Liabilities:				
Warrants payable	\$ 81,065			81,065
Funds held for school organizations			40,263	40,263
Total liabilities	<u>81,065</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>40,263</u>	<u>121,328</u>
Fund Balance:				
Restricted		50,781		50,781
Unassigned	238,350			238,350
Cash fund balances	<u>238,350</u>	<u>50,781</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>289,131</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 319,415</u>	<u>50,781</u>	<u>40,263</u>	<u>410,459</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
 IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES		TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 300,399	38,858	339,257
Intermediate sources	35,149		35,149
State sources	1,052,297		1,052,297
Federal sources	230,161		230,161
Interest earnings	334		334
Non-revenue receipts	7,065		7,065
Total revenues collected	<u>1,625,405</u>	<u>38,858</u>	<u>1,664,263</u>
Expenditures:			
Instruction	934,664		934,664
Support services	544,441	11,978	556,419
Operation of non-instructional services	117,175		117,175
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1,729		1,729
Other outlays:			
Correcting entry	189		189
Total expenditures	<u>1,598,198</u>	<u>11,978</u>	<u>1,610,176</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	27,207	26,880	54,087
Other financing sources (uses):			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	<u>4,290</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>4,308</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	31,497	26,898	58,395
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	<u>206,853</u>	<u>23,883</u>	<u>230,736</u>
Cash fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 238,350</u>	<u>50,781</u>	<u>289,131</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
 CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GENERAL FUND		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 257,566	300,399	42,833
Intermediate sources	32,475	35,149	2,674
State sources	1,044,232	1,052,297	8,065
Federal sources	137,369	230,161	92,792
Interest earnings		334	334
Non-revenue receipts		7,065	7,065
Total revenues collected	<u>1,471,642</u>	<u>1,625,405</u>	<u>153,763</u>
Expenditures:			
Instruction	1,014,962	934,664	80,298
Support services	561,801	544,441	17,360
Operation of non-instructional services	101,107	117,175	(16,068)
Facilities acquisition & construction services	625	1,729	(1,104)
Other outlays:			
Correcting entry		189	(189)
Total expenditures	<u>1,678,495</u>	<u>1,598,198</u>	<u>80,297</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(206,853)	27,207	234,060
Other financing sources (uses):			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	<u>0</u>	<u>4,290</u>	<u>4,290</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(206,853)	31,497	238,350
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	<u>206,853</u>	<u>206,853</u>	<u>0</u>
Cash fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>238,350</u>	<u>238,350</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
 CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVENUE (BUILDING) FUND		
	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 35,517	38,858	3,341
Expenditures:			
Support services	59,400	11,978	47,422
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(23,883)	26,880	50,763
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	18	18
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	(23,883)	26,898	50,781
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	23,883	23,883	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	50,781	50,781

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Coleman Public Schools Independent District, No. I-35 (the “District”), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District’s accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District’s financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body’s ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

A. Reporting Entity – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District only maintained a building fund for the 2014-15 fiscal year.

Building Fund – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

Co-op Fund – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

Child Nutrition Fund - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District operates their child nutrition program within the general fund.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont’d

B. Measurement Focus – cont’d

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms “non-expendable” and “expendable” refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

Agency Fund – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgements and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

General Fixed Assets Account Group – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont’d

B. Measurement Focus – cont’d

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned “memorandum only” to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management’s Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and cash equivalents – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

Inventories – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2015, is not material to the combined financial statements.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

Warrants Payable – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

Compensated Absences – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Funds Held for School Organizations – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amount in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

Intermediate Revenues - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

State Revenues – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

Federal Revenues – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Non-Monetary Transactions – The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

Interest Earnings – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

Non-Revenue Receipts – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont’d

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont’d

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

Support Services Expenditures – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Interfund Transactions – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2015, were \$411,407, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2015.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The district had no outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2015.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2014-15 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$132,397, \$146,535, and \$163,885, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2015. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements. The amount of calculated pension liability for the District at June 30, 2014 (the latest information available) was \$1,335,875.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

7. CONTINGENCIES – cont'd

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2014-15 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2014-15 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 1, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -
 AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>BALANCE</u> 7-01-14	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>NET</u> <u>TRANSFERS</u>	<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> 6-30-15
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$ 60,406	149,854	0	169,997	40,263
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 1,786	18,436	(4,608)	15,614	0
Child nutrition	0	6,875	0	6,875	0
Booster club	2,104	1,016	(145)	646	2,329
Miscellaneous	2,035	2,353	(2,406)	1,597	385
Yearbook	4,906	3,020	245	3,973	4,198
Student council	721	0	(721)	0	0
Elementary	13,192	16,714	(3,724)	19,814	6,368
Special education	65	0	60	105	20
Library	11	4,283	0	3,732	562
Seniors 2016	2,677	5,678	881	5,021	4,215
Academic team	1,333	11,119	(103)	12,038	311
Archery	176	70	0	208	38
Seniors 2015	2,005	15,285	2,811	20,101	0
Seniors 2017	223	2,829	31	1,946	1,137
Softball	2,052	16,401	(776)	16,177	1,500
Basketball	11,956	11,364	(772)	22,548	0
Baseball	3,042	24,807	(1,400)	24,927	1,522
Cafeteria	616	0	(518)	98	0
Seniors 2014	75	1,459	182	900	816
Playground	10,171	8,145	(827)	1,182	16,307
Science Club	447	0	(200)	0	247
Drama Club	813	0	0	505	308
Missing money	0	0	11,990	11,990	0
Total liabilities	\$ 60,406	149,854	0	169,997	40,263

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<u>Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through Grantor's No.</u>	<u>Program or Award Amount</u>	<u>Balance at 7/1/14</u>	<u>Revenue Collected</u>	<u>Total Expenditures</u>	<u>Balance at 6/30/15</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u>							
<u>Direct Programs:</u>							
Indian Education	84.060	S060A140289	\$ 12,284		12,284	12,284	
Small rural school achievement	84.358	S358A142603	20,051		20,051	20,051	
Sub Total			<u>32,335</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>32,335</u>	<u>32,335</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education:</u>							
Title I	84.010		63,873		63,873	63,873	
Title I, 2013-14 - Note	84.010			19,107	19,107		
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		48,276		48,276	48,276	
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		2,320		2,320	2,320	
Title VI, Part B	84.358		6,816		6,816	6,816	
Sub Total			<u>128,101</u>	<u>19,107</u>	<u>140,392</u>	<u>121,285</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>							
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education</u>							
<u>Child Nutrition Programs:</u>							
School breakfast program	10.553				15,998	15,998	
National school lunch program	10.555				39,498	57,864	
Sub Total					<u>55,496</u>	<u>73,862</u>	
<u>Passed Through Department of Human Services</u>							
Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1							
National school lunch program	10.555				9,883	9,883	
<u>Other Federal Assistance:</u>							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		2,820			1,323	1323
Rehabilitation services 2013-14 - Note	84.126			1,625	1,625		
Medicaid Resources	93.778				313	313	
Sub Total			<u>2,820</u>	<u>1,625</u>	<u>1,938</u>	<u>1,636</u>	<u>1,323</u>
Total Federal Assistance			<u>\$ 163,256</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>240,044</u>	<u>239,001</u>	<u>0</u>

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$9,883 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Co	Treasurer	69775186	\$ 100,000	9/13/14 - 9/13/15
RLI	Encumbrance clerk/ Activity Fund/ Minutes Clerk	LFM0026156	2,000	7/01/14 - 7/01/15
	Superintendent	LFM0026156	100,000	7/01/14 - 7/01/15
	Encumbrance clerk	LFM0026156	100,000	7/01/14 - 7/01/15
	Minutes Clerk	LMF0034018	10,000	5/01/14 - 5/01/16

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-35, JOHNSTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE
AFFIDAVIT
JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

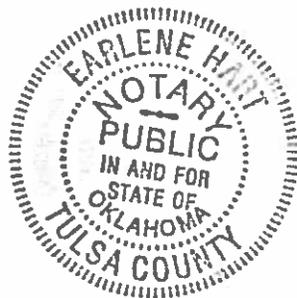
State of Oklahoma)
) ss
County of Tulsa)

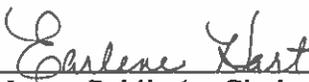
The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Coleman Public Schools for the audit year 2014-15.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett,
Certified Public Accountants, LLP
Auditing Firm

By 
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me
This 1st day of December, 2015




Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5-19-16
Commission No. 00008621



SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

Stephen H. Sanders, CPA
Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA
Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 101 N. MAIN ST. • BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

December 1, 2015

Mr. James Miller, Supt.
Coleman Public Schools
P.O. Box 188
Coleman, Oklahoma 73432

Dear Mr. Miller:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you, and are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the exception relayed to management which will be included in your audit report as a significant deficiency relating to the internal controls over financial reporting.

Activity Fund Receipts

When testing the activity fund receipting procedures, we noted there is not a clear audit trail from when collections are made to the corresponding bank deposit. There are sponsors who were not using District provided receipt books and the activity fund custodian was not properly receipting collections from sponsors. This caused for approximately \$12,000 of receipts to be unaccounted for.

We recommend that all activity funds collected be receipted in pre-numbered receipt books, with a receipt copy being issued to any student or patron from whom money is received, and all receipt books be kept on file for review. Further, we recommend that sponsor receipt books be checked in/out to sponsors at the beginning/end of each year and a log be used to record the checking in/out of receipt books. In addition, when sponsors turn over daily collections to the activity fund custodian, the sponsor should be provided a receipt. We recommend that the activity fund collection/receipts processes and procedures be reexamined and improved upon.

Purchase Orders

1. Purchase orders were not always encumbered against available appropriations prior to the obligations being incurred. We recommend that the District enforce its policies and procedures which require that purchase orders be encumbered prior to the obligation being incurred. (Reference: 70 O.S. 2001 5-135D)
2. Purchase orders were not in date-purchase order number sequence. We recommend that all District obligations be encumbered prior to the actual purchase of materials or services, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. Also, purchase orders should never be dated anything other than the actual date they are issued.
3. Purchase orders were not always signed by the encumbrance clerk or the purchasing officer. In addition, most of the purchase orders did not have a requisition attached that was signed by the Superintendent. We recommend that all purchase orders include signatures of both the encumbrance clerk and the purchasing officer.
4. Of the purchase orders and activity fund checks examined, many did not have adequate supporting documentation attached. The invoices were vague in their description and lacked detail. We recommend that all purchase orders obtain original invoices with vendor name, address, phone number and itemized in sufficient detail, prior to issuing payment. A non-commercial vendors claim should be completed and used in lieu of a vendor not providing an invoice. Non-commercial vendors claims should be limited in use.

The following section contains the exceptions relayed to management that are control deficiencies, which are not included, but which we feel need to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct these deficiencies.

Lack of Segregation of Duties

The inherent limitations resulting from a small number of employees performing functions that would normally be divided among employees were a larger number available prevent a proper segregation of accounting functions which is necessary in order to assure adequate internal accounting controls.

Start-Up Change

We observed during the audit a few purchase orders to get start-up change for registers and class trips. We recommend that the employee cashing this check sign the support or purchase order (taking responsibility of the funds) and the receipt of these funds back into the account be referenced on the check support. A reconciliation should be made between the original check amount and the amount turned back in for deposit.

Equipment Inventory

Inventory records are currently maintained on a yearly basis. We recommend that a perpetual system be established for equipment. Such a system should either be recorded on a computer file or on index cards. The recommended information to be maintained for each item is a description of the item, the date of purchase, the purchase order number, the cost of the item (if known, actual cost should be used, if not known, an estimate of present value should be made), the serial number and/or model number, and the location of the item. New purchases should be added to the records on the date the items are received. When items are sold or scrapped, the disposition of the item should be recorded in the records of the fiscal year in which it was disposed, on the date of disposition. We further recommend that a master list of equipment inventory be kept at the administration office and at the office of the insurance company that provides current coverage for buildings and contents and transportation equipment.

Meal / Hotel / Class Trip Expenditures

We noted during our audit that some meal reimbursements did not have persons in attendance listed to document it was business related. We recommend that all amounts reimbursed for travel have proper supporting documentation, which would include the purpose of the trip, the names of all employees or students attending the event/meal, and a detailed receipt indicating all items that are claimed for reimbursement. Overall, the District does a great job on meal documentation.

Payroll

During our review of payroll contracts, we observed several contracts that had an incorrect base pay and/or years' experience recorded on the contract. In these cases, the correct amount was penciled in. But it was not clear if these updated amounts had been approved by the board. In addition, we observed one employee who was paid \$1,200 in addition to his contract. We were unable to locate an extra duty contract for this compensation.

Board Minutes

1. We observed during our review of the board minutes and agendas that, although there was approval of encumbrances, there were no purchase order numbers given. We recommend that the numbers of the purchase orders being approved at the monthly meeting be listed in the minutes, e.g., general fund purchase order numbers 26-87 and building fund purchase order numbers 5-10, as well as the total dollar amount approved for each fund. (Reference: 25 O.S. 2001 § 312)
2. We observed during the audit that neither the fund raising activities nor the purposes for expending them were approved by the board of education. We recommend that all school activity fund raisers and the purposes for expending them, by sub-account, be approved by the board of education at the beginning of each fiscal year, and as any new fundraising ideas occur, during the year, before the funds are raised as required by Oklahoma Statutes. (Reference: 70 O.S. 2001 Supp § 5-129)

Federal Programs

We observed several instances where the amounts claimed for reimbursements did not match the amount coded according to OCAS. In most instances, the amounts were immaterial and were corrected during our visit, however, it is possible that you will be contacted about these differences by the State Department of Education and you will need to prepare a written response explaining the coding errors. The amounts that will be included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) will reflect the amount expended, not the amount according to OCAS.

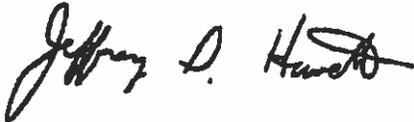
We recommend that the District establish a procedure which requires that an employee other than the one filing the claims perform a reconciliation at the end of the fiscal year between the expenditures claimed for reimbursement and the expenditures actually coded to the program's project code on the detailed expenditure reports. This applies to all federal receipts.

Mr. James Miller, Supt.
Coleman Public Schools

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We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jeffrey D. Hewett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J" and a distinct "Hewett" at the end.

Jeffrey D. Hewett

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett
Certified Public Accountants, LLP



Coleman Public Schools

"Educating the best by the best"
Mr. James Miller – Superintendent

P.O. Box 188
Coleman, OK 73432

Phone - 580-937-4418
Fax - 580-937-4615

January 4, 16

Re: Audit Response FY 2015

Coleman Public Schools (District) agrees with the findings of the audit ending June 30, 2015. Corrective actions have been implemented biased upon these recommendations. The actions and results are listed below:

The District has taken steps to replace employees who did not follow its procedures. The District has hired a new superintendent, encumbrance clerk and activity fund custodian. The changes have resulted in compliance with all regulatory and statutory requirements.

2015-1: Activity Fund

The District has ensured all staff members have received proper training on receipting activity funds. Each activity fund sponsor checks out a pre-numbered receipt books to use and we have changed the activity fund custodian. The activity fund custodian issues a receipt to the activity fund sponsor when receiving funds. Additionally, the discovered loss of funds has been reported to the local sheriff and subsequently an ongoing investigation by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigations is ongoing.

2015-2: Purchase Orders

The District has implemented necessary changes to comply with the audit findings. The District has made personnel changes and procedures are now followed. All expenditures are first requested utilizing a "requisition" signed by the superintendent. The expenditure is encumbered prior to the issuance of the purchase order. The encumbrance clerk ensures all documents are signed appropriately. Finally, original invoices including itemization and vendor specific details are attached and documented.

With the changes outline above, Coleman Public Schools is complying with the regulatory accounting requirements. Internal accounting procedures and controls are stronger and should result in future compliance. If there are any further information needed please contact us.

Sincerely,

Mr. James Miller
Superintendent