

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Prepared by:

Financial Services Division

Karen Johnson

Chief Financial Officer

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Introductory Section

J. Kevin Stitt · Governor Matt Pinnell · Lt. Governor Cindy Byrd · St. Auditor & Inspector Ryan Walters · Supt. of Public Instruction Blayne Arthur · Pres. Board of Agriculture



Dan Whitmarsh · Secretary John Fischer · Asst. Secretary

December 20, 2024

To the Commissioners of the Land Office and the Citizens of the State of Oklahoma,

The Commissioners of the Land Office, State of Oklahoma (Agency) fiscal year Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) provides a comprehensive overview of the Agency's financial position and the results of operations for the past fiscal year. It complies with Oklahoma Statutes requiring an annual independent audit and submission of the report within six months of the close of the fiscal year to the State Auditor and Inspector.

The ACFR was prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). It is fairly stated in all material respects. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Agency. Agency management's narrative on the financial activities of the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is expanded in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report, immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report. This letter of transmittal is written to convey the ACFR to its intended users and provide information about the Agency that is useful in assessing the Agency's general economic condition and to recognize contributors to the ACFR. As such, it should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other sections of the ACFR.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the Agency are protected from loss, theft or misuse and that adequate accounting data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the Agency's financial activities have been included.

The Agency engaged Forvis Mazars, LLP to express opinions on the financial statements based on their audit. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The auditor's opinions encompassed the basic financial statements, as well as combining and individual fund statements, and schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Agency Profile

The mission of the Commissioners of the Land office is to manage assets to support education. The Agency's role was defined by the U.S. Congress in the Organic Act of 1890 and the Oklahoma Enabling Act. This legislation reserved Sections 16 and 36 of each township in Oklahoma for the use and benefit of the common schools. The federal government had no title to lands in the eastern half of the state, known as Indian Territory. Therefore, the federal government compensated the Trust Fund with a grant of \$5 Million to be held and invested. State higher education institutions were also provided for in the Enabling Act, as Section 13 of each township was set aside for their support. These lands were divided among the University of Oklahoma and the University Preparatory Schools (1/3), the Normal Schools (1/3), and the Agricultural and Mechanical University and the Langston Agricultural and Normal University (1/3). Additionally, the legislation set aside Section 33 in each township to support public buildings

and corrections. Unlike other Land Office monies, the money earned from this land is not held in trust. Instead, it is disbursed on an annual basis. The federal government deeded a total of more than three million acres in the initial grant to ensure that public education would always have a financial base. Early state leaders shared that view, stating in Article Two, Section 11 of the Oklahoma Constitution that the "...principal shall be deemed a trust fund held by the state, and shall ever remain inviolate. It may be increased but shall never be diminished."

Of the three million acres of land granted at statehood, the Commissioners of the Land Office still own and manage over 700,000 surface acres and 1.2 million mineral acres. Money from land leases are distributed monthly to common schools, colleges and universities. In 2010, the Land Office began distributing lease bonus money from the leasing of land for oil and gas exploration.

As Oklahoma and its cities grew, so did the possibilities of commercial development on school land. Today there are pharmacies, restaurants, shopping centers, distribution facilities, etc. on school land. Revenues from those developments are distributed monthly. Revenue from the sale of land or royalties from oil or gas are placed in the Permanent Trust.

The Commissioners of the Land Office are comprised, by statute, as the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Auditor and Inspector, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and State Secretary of Agriculture. The Secretary of the Land Office administers the Agency. The Secretary is appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Commissioners.

The distributable income from the assets under the Agency's management is distributed to the common schools of Oklahoma on a pro rata basis and to the state's higher educational institutions in the manner prescribed by statute. The Agency uses average daily attendance (ADA) numbers provided annually by the Oklahoma Department of Education to base its pro rata disbursements to common schools.

The Agency is funded by fees earned on the management of its assets and not from tax revenues. The Agency is allowed by Oklahoma Statute to retain 6% of the revenues from oil & gas royalties, surface leases and investment earnings along with other minor revenue sources to fund its operations.

The Agency annually budgets operating expenditures from its General Fund based upon anticipated needs for the next fiscal year. Although the Legislature does not fund the budget, it must approve and appropriate the budget.

Economic Conditions

The Agency's financial performance is intrinsically linked to both the local and national economies. The agency's investment portfolio is comprised largely of securities and fixed income investments traded on the open market; consequently, economic circumstances at the national level have a direct impact on the Agency.

During fiscal year 2024, the national and local economy continued its steady post-pandemic growth. This is reflected in the tables below showing gross domestic product and personal income per capita for both the United States and Oklahoma.

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Gross Domestic Product

(in millions of dollars)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 (2)
Federal ⁽¹⁾	21,354,105	23,681,171	26,006,893	27,720,709	29,016,714
Oklahoma ⁽¹⁾	192,516	217,787	245,976	256,689	264,596

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽²⁾ 2nd quarter of 2024

Personal Income (per capita)

Personal income per capita both nationally and for Oklahoma in the second quarter of 2024 increased approximately 5% and 4%, respectively, over 2023.

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 (2)
Federal ⁽¹⁾	59,123	64,460	66,244	69,810	73,219
Oklahoma ⁽¹⁾	50,022	54,500	58,043	60,545	62,860

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

(2) 2nd quarter of 2024

Beginning in the last half of calendar year 2021 the consumer price index (CPI) began a sharp rise signaling an acceleration of inflationary factors after years of relative stability. During fiscal year 2024, the CPI steadily declined to pre-pandemic levels.

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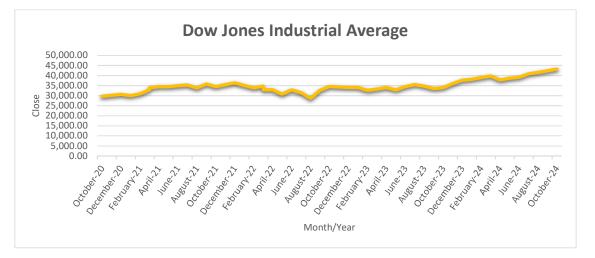


The graph below shows the declining CPI for the south region of the United States which includes Oklahoma:

The market continued a growth trend during the fiscal year ended 2024. Market indicators subsequent to June 30 reflect growth in the financial markets. After significant appreciation in the risk markets during the first part of fiscal year 2025, investors are closely considering market valuations, geopolitical concerns, and election outcomes. The range of potential market outcomes is widening for calendar year 2025 and markets may move with any significant changes in monetary, fiscal, or trade/foreign relationship policies. While markets will react to changing conditions, current economic forecasts are positive with healthy employment and consumer spending figures. The Federal Reserve has pivoted to a rate reduction cycle without causing any major disruption to economic activity. Management monitors the global market and has various options available to best deploy assets depending on the direction the market takes.

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Market Indexes (Down Jones Industrial Average)



Oklahoma is one of the top energy producing states in the nation. Historically, the local economy of Oklahoma has been tied to the strength of the energy sector – particularly oil and gas. Additionally, one of the Agency's significant revenue streams is royalties from oil and gas production. The price of oil was consistently high during the fiscal year. Subsequent to the end of the fiscal year, oil prices have declined but remain strong. Natural gas prices, though at a five-year high, continue to be historically low. Management is exploring methods of managing and marketing the Agency's oil and gas holdings to increase available revenues to support the Agency's mission.

Oklahoma Oil and Gas Production

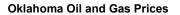
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Field Production of Crude Oil (Thousand Barrels) ⁽¹⁾	172,871	148,252	151,737	156,777	83,833 (2)
Natural Gas Marketed Production (Million Cubic Feet) $^{(1)}$	2,673,207	2,555,430	2,763,069	2,825,931	1,611,228 ⁽³⁾

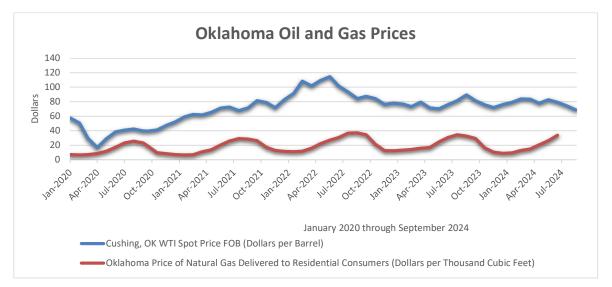
⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

⁽²⁾ Data from January through July 2024. January through July 2023 productions was 92,399 (thousands of barrels)

⁽³⁾ Data from January through July 2024. January through July 2023 productions was 1,640,998 (million cubic feet)

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Financial Policies

As an agency of the State of Oklahoma, the Agency is subject to most of the basic financial policies of the State with respect to deposit of funds, reconciliations and purchasing. However, to help assure that the Agency will be able to distribute maximum funds to benefit Oklahoma educational institutions, management has implemented certain specific policies to achieve that goal.

Under the direction of the Agency's Investment Committee, investment policies are reviewed and updated annually. Key provisions of the investment policy are:

- Active management of the portfolio with asset managers vetted by the investment committee
- Asset allocation targets to diversify the portfolio between growth and distributable income
- Specific performance goals to measure manager and portfolio performance

State law established the Multiyear Education Distribution Stabilization Revolving Fund to allow for distribution of bonus and delay rental income to common schools and state higher educational institutions. The purpose of this fund is to avoid drastic year-to-year swings in distributions. The distributions from the fund are made at the instigation of the Secretary of the Land Office with approval of the Commission with a goal to distribute on a five-year rolling average.

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Acknowledgements

We would like to formally thank our audit firm, Forvis Mazars, LLP for their assistance.

Finally, to the Commissioners, we would like to thank them for their guidance and support that allows the Agency to serve the citizens of Oklahoma and play a role in furthering the educational goals of the State of Oklahoma.

Respectfully submitted,

Karen Johasu

Karen Johnson, Chief Financial Officer

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Commissioners of the Land Office State of Oklahoma

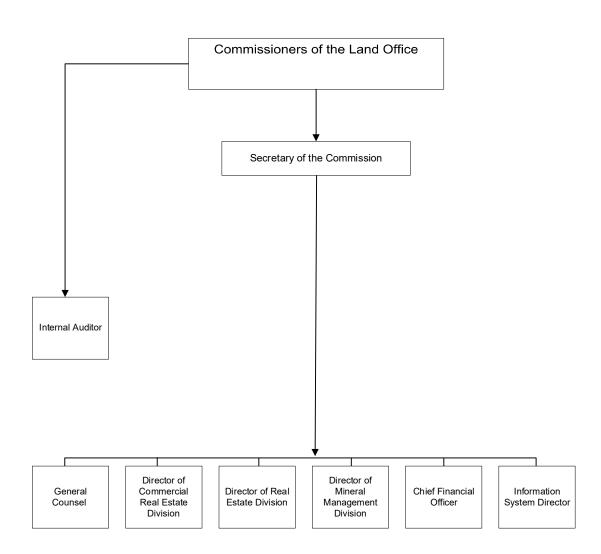
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



List of Principal Officials For the Fiscal Year Ended Jun 30, 2024

Commissioners of the Land Office

Kevin Stitt - Governor of the State of Oklahoma

Matt Pinnell - Lieutenant Governor of the State of Oklahoma

Cindy Byrd - State Auditor and Inspector

Ryan Walters - Superintendent of Public Instruction

Blayne Arthur - Commissioner, State Board of Agriculture

Dan Whitmarsh - Secretary

John Fischer – Assistant Secretary



Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

Commissioners of the Land Office State of Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Commissioners of the Land Office, State of Oklahoma (Agency), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency, as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency's and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Agency of the State of Oklahoma are intended to present only the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of the State of Oklahoma that is attributable to the transactions of the Agency. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Oklahoma as of June 30, 2024 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information for the general fund, and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, consisting of the combining balance sheet – general fund and the schedules of distributions, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional

procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2024 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 20, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Commissioners of the Land Office (the Agency), State of Oklahoma's financial performance provides an overview of the Agency's financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin, on page 25.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The Agency's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Financial Highlights

- Net position is up approximately \$231.1 million. The increase was primarily due to the net increase in investment earnings.
- Of the \$59.4 million in mineral revenue, royalties of \$50.6 million were added to the permanent fund and \$8.8 million in lease bonuses and delay rentals were apportioned.
- The change in the fair market value of investments was \$184.1 million in 2024 as compared to an increase of \$23.3 in 2023.
- Interest from investments was down \$1.6 million, from \$72.5 million in fiscal year 2023 to \$70.9 million in fiscal year 2024.
- Distributions to beneficiaries were up approximately \$9.1 million, from \$139.8 million in fiscal year 2023 to \$148.8 million in fiscal year 2024, primarily due to a \$3.0 million increase in higher education distributions and \$4.8 million increase in public school distributions. These increases were primarily due to easement sales and legal fees earned. Of the \$148.8 million in cash distributions during fiscal year 2024, \$36.7 million were to universities and colleges, \$107.9 million to public schools, and \$4.2 million to public buildings.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Agency's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and the difference between them (net position). Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Government-wide financial statements (continued)

The financial statements report governmental activities. Most services normally associated with state government fall into this category, including support for both common public schools and higher education (apportionments).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Agency maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the permanent fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The Agency adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 48 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Agency, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2.9 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Agency's net position (approximately 99 percent) is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The Agency uses these assets to provide apportionments to beneficiaries

Net Position

	 2024		2023
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 170,262	\$	164,637
Investments Other assets Capital Assets	 2,801,154 83,457 7,124		2,575,745 73,198 7,045
Total Assets	\$ 3,061,997	\$	2,820,625
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,054	\$	2,041
Liabilities: Current Liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 27,841 782	\$	25,526 1,514
Total Liabilities	\$ 28,623	\$	27,040
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 108,504	\$	99,800
Net Position: Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 7,124 2,885,225 34,575 2,926,924	\$ \$	7,045 2,662,796 25,985 2,695,826

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes in Net Position

There was an increase of \$231.1 million in net position. The key elements of the increase are as follows:

Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	2024		2023	
Expenses: Apportionment to beneficiaries Custodial fees Other expenses	\$	148,804 7,394 8,905	\$	139,750 9,002 14,400
Total expenses Revenues: Program revenue:		165,103		163,152
Investment earnings Mineral revenue Rents Fees		295,782 59,404 26,870 1,739		130,914 77,518 25,215 314
Total program revenues General revenues Proceeds from sale of grant land Miscellaneous Other interest		383,795 5,735 3,355 3,316		233,961 344 1,521 1,836
Total general revenues		12,406		3,701
Change in net position Net position, beginning of year		231,098 2,695,826		74,510 2,621,316
Net position, end of year	\$	2,926,924	\$	2,695,826

Apportionments increased from \$139.8 million during fiscal year 2023 to \$148.8 million during fiscal year 2024. The increase was primarily due to improvements in investment earnings.

Investment earnings increased from \$130.9 million in fiscal year 2023 to \$295.8 million in fiscal year 2024. The primary driver was an increase in fair market values of equity investments due to growing market conditions.

Mineral income decreased from \$77.5 million in fiscal year 2023 to \$59.4 million in fiscal year 2024. The decrease was due to decreasing market prices for oil and gas.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Agency uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Agency's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources available to spend. Such information is useful in assessing the Agency's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Agency's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2.9 billion, an increase of \$229.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$2.9 billion is restricted and nonexpendable to indicate that it is not available for general purposes because it has been restricted to specific beneficiaries. Approximately \$1.7 million is assigned for operating expenditures. The remainder of the fund balance is unassigned which is available for spending at the Agency's discretion.

The general fund is the administrative fund of the Agency. At June 30, 2024, the unassigned fund balance was \$33.2 million, or 495 percent of budgeted general fund expenditures, the assigned fund balance was \$1.7 million, or 26 percent of budgeted general fund expenditures, and the restricted fund balance was \$373 thousand, or 6 percent of budgeted general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance of the general fund increased by \$7.0 million from June 30, 2023. Operating expenses exceeded revenues for the fund by approximately \$6.4 million but were offset by net transfers from the permanent fund of approximately \$13.3 million.

The entire balance of the permanent fund is for the use and benefit of common education and thirteen Oklahoma colleges and universities. Total revenue, which includes the increase in fair market value of investments, was \$387.9 million compared to \$236.0 million during the prior year. Cash apportionments distributed to beneficiaries during 2024 totaled \$148.8 million with \$36.7 million disbursed to universities and colleges, \$107.9 million disbursed to public schools, and \$4.2 million to public buildings. This was an increase of \$9.1 million from the cash apportionments distributed during fiscal year 2023.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For fiscal year 2024, general fund actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$6.4 million compared to the final budget of \$6.7 million. The \$256.5 thousand variance was largely due to personnel vacancies that were not filled in 2024.

Investment in Land, Mineral Rights, and Capital Assets

The Agency obtained the majority of the land held in trust from a grant of the United States prior to statehood and is carried at \$1 per acre (book value). It is reported by the Agency as capital assets. The land is mainly in the western portion of Oklahoma, with approximately 40 percent of the land being located in the Oklahoma Panhandle. Management estimates the market value of the land at June 30, 2024 is approximately \$1 billion using land values established by in-house appraisers. Each year, one-fifth (1/5) of the land is appraised and that value is used for five years.

Currently, the Agency owns approximately 1.2 million mineral acres. Valuation of such properties normally requires a property-by-property reserve study. As this is not feasible, an estimated market value of the mineral rights has not been determined.

The agency's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$11,121,347, less accumulated depreciation of \$3,997,381, leaving a net book value of \$7,123,966. This investment in capital assets is primarily the land granted by the Federal Government and land improvements. See Note 9 in the notes to the financial statements for further information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Description of Current and Expected Conditions

Economic indicators have been difficult to pinpoint as the global economy reacts to geopolitical events. Markets have fluctuated during the fiscal year, while inflationary indicators have begun to stabilize. The Commissioners of the Land Office cannot reasonably estimate the duration and ultimate financial effects at this time.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Agency's finances and to show the Agency's accountability to its beneficiaries. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Agency's office at 204 N. Robinson, Suite 900, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Investments Property held for investment Accrued interest receivable Other receivables Other assets Leases receivable Capital Assets	\$ 142,803,014 373,042 2,656,986,001 144,168,000 16,257,086 10,828,732 744,886 82,712,299
Land Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,596,405 1,527,561
Total Assets	3,061,997,026
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>,</u>
Deferred pension plan outflows	2,053,751
Total Outflows of Resources	2,053,751
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Net pension liability Accrued compensated absences	26,927,934 450,782 781,737 462,884
Total Liabilities	28,623,337
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred pension plan inflows Deferred lease inflows	1,114,503 107,389,360
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	108,503,863
Net position Investment in capital assets Restricted	7,123,966
Nonexpendable Expendable - Oil and Gas performance fee Unrestricted	2,884,850,732 373,042 34,575,837
Total net position	\$2,926,923,577

See notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Expenses Program expenses Apportionment to beneficiaries Universities and colleges Public schools Public buildings Total apportionments	\$ 36,746,280 107,904,123 4,153,889 148,804,292
Custodial fees Administrative expenses Commercial real estate expense Other expenses Depreciation	7,394,282 7,189,561 20,000 1,487,842 207,198
Total program expenses	165,103,175
Program revenues Investment earnings Interest Dividends Net increase in fair value of investments Net investment income Charges for services Mineral revenue Rents Commercial real estate rent Fees Total program revenues	70,924,004 40,778,803 <u>184,079,027</u> 295,781,834 59,404,131 20,096,907 6,772,408 1,739,217 383,794,497
General Revenues Proceeds from sale of grant land Miscellaneous Other interest	5,734,333 3,355,247 3,316,495
Total general revenues	12,406,075
Change in Net Position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	231,097,397 2,695,826,180 \$2,926,923,577

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	G	eneral Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Investments Property held for investments Accrued and interest receivable Other receivables Lease receivables Other assets Due from other funds	\$	39,919,891 373,042 - - - - - - - - - - -	<pre>\$ 102,883,123 2,656,986,001 144,168,000 16,257,086 10,828,732 82,712,299 744,886 2,123,158</pre>	<pre>\$ 142,803,014 373,042 2,656,986,001 144,168,000 16,257,086 10,828,732 82,712,299 744,886 2,123,158</pre>
Total assets	\$	40,292,933	\$ 3,016,703,285	\$ 3,056,996,218
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$	2,915,523 - 2,123,158	\$ 24,012,411 450,782	\$ 26,927,934 450,782 2,123,158
Total liabilities		5,038,681	24,463,193	29,501,874
Deferred inflows Deferred lease inflows		-	107,389,360	107,389,360
Total deferred inflows		-	107,389,360	107,389,360
Fund Balance Nonspendable, permanent fund corpus Restricted Assigned Unassigned		- 373,042 1,722,205 33,159,005	2,884,850,732	2,884,850,732 373,042 1,722,205 33,159,005
Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	¢	35,254,252	2,884,850,732 \$ 3,016,703,285	2,920,104,984
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position Capital assets not considered financial resources and not in Compensated absences not due and payable in the current Net pension liability is not due and payable in current period Deferred pension inflows Deferred pension outflows		ed in funds	<u>\$ 3,010,703,203</u>	7,123,966 (462,884) (781,737) (1,114,503) 2,053,751 \$ 2,926,923,577
Net position of governmental activities				\$ 2,926,923,577

See notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	G	eneral Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Revenues				
Investment Revenues				
Interest	\$	-	\$ 70,924,004	
Dividends		-	40,778,803	40,778,803
Net increase in fair value		-	184,079,027	184,079,027
Investment Revenues		-	295,781,834	295,781,834
Fees		1,739,217	-	1,739,217
Other interest		849,667	2,466,828	3,316,495
Mineral revenue		-	59,404,131	59,404,131
Rents		-	26,869,315	26,869,315
Miscellaneous revenue		10,976	3,344,269	3,355,245
Total revenues		2,599,860	387,866,377	390,466,237
Expenditures				
Administrative		8,846,950	-	8,846,950
Capital outlay		140,690	191,939	332,629
Other		-	1,462,183	1,462,183
Custodial fees		-	7,394,282	7,394,282
Apportionment to beneficiaries			~~ - / ~ ~ ~ ~	
Universities and colleges		-	36,746,280	36,746,280
Public Schools		-	107,904,123	107,904,123
Public buildings		-	4,153,889	4,153,889
Total expenditures		8,987,640	157,852,696	166,840,336
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		13,448,885	191,939	13,640,824
Transfers out		(191,939)		(13,640,824)
Proceeds from sale of grant land		-	5,735,185	5,735,185
Other financing sources (uses)		13,256,946	(7,521,761)	5,735,185
Net change in fund balances		6,869,166	222,491,920	229,361,086
Fund balances, beginning of the year		28,385,086	2,662,358,812	2,690,743,898
Fund balances, end of year	\$	35,254,252	\$ 2,884,850,732	\$ 2,920,104,984
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities				
Net change in fund balances				\$ 229,361,086
Capital assets purchased				291,689
Increase in liability for compensated absences				(19,948)
Current year depreciation expense				(207,198)
Loss on disposal of capital assets				(5,569)
Pension expense				2,209,817
Current year pension contributions				(532,480)
Change in net position of governmental activities				\$ 231,097,397

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

In 1906, the Government of the United States of America granted certain assets to the State of Oklahoma (the State) to be held in trust for the benefit of public education including the Common Schools of Oklahoma and other beneficiaries. The Constitution of the State of Oklahoma established the Commissioners of the Land Office (the Agency) to act as trustee for these trust assets (the Trust), which are held for the benefit of the following beneficiaries:

- Public Schools
- Public Building Fund
- University of Oklahoma
- Oklahoma State University
- Langston University
- Northern Oklahoma College
- Southeastern Oklahoma State University
- Northeastern Oklahoma State University
- University of Central Oklahoma
- East Central Oklahoma State University
- Southwestern Oklahoma State University
- Northwestern Oklahoma State University
- Cameron University
- Oklahoma Panhandle State University
- University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma

Apportionment

The primary goal of the Commissioners of the Land Office is to support education. To accomplish this goal, monthly distributions are made to both common schools and Oklahoma universities and colleges. The amount that is distributed to the common school districts is calculated from the average daily attendance, which is provided from the Department of Education each fiscal year. Effective in fiscal year 2013, House Bill 2927 enabled the Agency to implement a multi-year education distribution stabilization fund based on a five-year rolling average. This new legislation helps provide consistent distributions for the 507 common school districts. As with common schools, college apportionment is distributed monthly. The university and college distribution is divided on a percentage basis as outlined in Title 70, section 3904 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Agency conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to governmental units. Generally accepted accounting principles for state agencies are defined as those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB). In accordance with those principles, the Agency presents government-wide financial statements of net position and activities, which are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting requiring that certain capital assets be recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and the reporting of long-term liabilities.

The Agency also presents fund financial statements for all of the funds relevant to the operations of the Agency. The Agency's financial statements are included in the annual comprehensive financial report of the State of Oklahoma.

The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which are comprised of its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are grouped into two funds in the financial statements of this report as follows:

General fund: The general fund is classified as a governmental fund type and uses the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available and expenditures are recognized when liabilities are incurred except for compensated absences and the net pension liability, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The general fund consists of several individual accounts, including the Revolving 16 account, and the Commissioners of the Land Office (CLO) account. The Revolving 16 account contains certain fees expenditures for administration of the Trust. The CLO account receives six percent of the revenues earned by the permanent fund, with the exception of gains on the sale of permanent land.

Permanent fund: The permanent fund is classified as a governmental fund type and is used to account for all Trust assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and distributions to beneficiaries. The permanent fund uses the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available and expenditures are recognized when incurred. The permanent fund represents the historic dollar value of the permanent fund assets, along with certain additions, and must be maintained in perpetuity. Additions to the permanent fund are made by the retention of a portion of the revenues generated by assets able to be depleted that are considered a return of principal as a result of production.

The Agency considers all revenues available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A ninety-day period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund type revenues. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue, mineral revenue and surface leases, gas marketing and commercial real estate investments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budget

The Agency operates on internally generated funds under a financial work program approved by the State Legislature and administered by the Office of Management Enterprise Services. The Agency does not receive any State general funds. A budgetary comparison is presented as required supplementary information on the cash basis of accounting.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying footnotes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred inflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets by the Agency that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2024, the Agency had deferred inflows related to lease agreements of \$107,389,360 and for pensions of \$1,114,503. See Notes 3, 4 and 8 for additional discussion regarding leases and pension.

Deferred outflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net assets by the Agency that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2024, the Agency had deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$2,053,751. See Note 8 for additional discussion regarding deferred outflows of resources for pension.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Agency considers highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Land

The Federal government granted the Agency upon statehood approximately 3.1 million acres of land, of which approximately 685,000 acres remain at June 30, 2024. This land is held in trust and is stated at \$1 per acre in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. The \$1 per acre was set as a nominal amount for recordkeeping purposes.

The Agency has repossessed approximately 51,000 acres, which had been sold by the Agency, or on which the Agency held a first mortgage as collateral relating to farm loans made by the Agency in prior years. The land was recorded at lower of cost or market at date of foreclosure or repossession as determined by appraisals of the property. At June 30, 2024, repossessed land is carried at approximately \$4,906,000.

Land is considered capital assets and is reported at cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciable capital assets

Capital assets, which include commercial real estate, improvements and fixtures, furniture and equipment, are assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, while improvements and betterments are capitalized.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Improvements:

Reservoirs	50 years
Water wells, erosion control	20 years
Water ways	10-25 years
Other land improvements	5 years
Fixtures, furniture and equipment	5 years

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue represents billings not yet earned for which cash was received prior to year-end. This unearned revenue is recognized when earned in the following year.

Income taxes

Since the Agency is considered a governmental unit, it is not subject to income taxes and no amount for taxes has been recorded in the accompanying statements.

Investments

The Agency is allowed by state statutes to invest in equities, fixed income investments, pooled equity funds, commercial real estate and cash equivalents. Each type of investment has a minimum, maximum and target percentage that has been established by the Agency's investment committee. Equities, fixed income investments, and commercial real estate are stated at fair value and pooled equity funds and open-ended mutual funds are stated at the net asset value (NAV) of the pool. See Note 2.

Property held for investments

Property held for investment is recorded at fair value. The Agency determines fair value of each of its real properties by obtaining an appraisal by a certified real estate appraiser every three calendar years or more frequently if an event occurs that could indicate a significant change in the value of the building or the overall real estate market. For periods in which an appraisal is not obtained, the Agency evaluates the extent to which changes in the use of the real properties or the overall real estate market may have affected the fair value of the properties since the last appraisal.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated absences

In accordance with State policy, employees earn annual leave on a calendar-month basis at rates of 10 to 15 hours per month. Annual leave can be accumulated from 240 to 480 hours, depending on the years of continuous service in State employment. At June 30, 2024, unpaid and accumulated benefits totaled \$462,884. The activity for the year is as follows:

Beginning balance Change in leave	\$ 442,936 19,948
End balance	\$ 462,884

Net position

Net position is the excess of all the Agency's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflow, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions on the Statement of Net Position. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined at the Government-wide level are described below:

Investment in capital assets: This describes the portion of net position which consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets, if applicable.

Restricted net position: This consists of that portion of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted: The portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

It is the Agency's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund balance

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows and based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

Nonspendable: Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements. The assets comprising the Permanent Fund corpus are considered nonspendable fund balance due to State law requiring the corpus to be maintained in perpetuity.

Restricted: This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by thirdparties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: This component consists of amounts that can only be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision making authority. The Agency has no committed fund balance at June 30, 2024.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Commissioners or their designee (Secretary) as established by statute.

Unassigned: This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

It is the Agency's policy to use restricted fund balance prior to the use of unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance are available. The Agency's policy for the use of unassigned fund balance amounts requires that committed amounts would be used first, followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in the unassigned fund balance classification could be used.

New accounting pronouncements adopted in fiscal year

In 2024, Agency adopted:

GASB Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

The adoption of this standard had no impact on the Agency.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New accounting prouncements issued but not yet adopted

The following accounting standards have been recently issued and will be adopted as applicable by the Agency in future years:

GASB Statement No. 102 - *Certain Risk Disclosures* - This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued.

If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact.

GASB Statement No. 102 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024 (effective for the Agency's June 30, 2025, year-end).

GASB Statement No. 103 - *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* - The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues.

GASB Statement No. 103 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025 (effective for the Agency's June 30, 2026, year-end).

The effect of these statements on the Agency has not been determined but will not likely have a significant impact on the Agency's overall net position.

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies

Cash and cash equivalents: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Substantially all of the Agency's deposits are collateralized through the Oklahoma State Treasurer or its investment custodians; however, the Agency does not have a specific policy that reduces the Agency's exposure to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

The Agency uses a pooled cash concept in maintaining its bank accounts. Cash is pooled for operating and investing purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount. For reporting purposes, cash has been allocated to each fund based on its equity in the pooled amount. At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Agency's deposits at the Office of the State Treasurer was, \$143,399,954 and the bank balance was, \$142,919,412. The cash that is deposited with the Oklahoma State Treasurer (OST) is fully insured or collateralized by the State Treasurer. This carrying amount represents the Agency's net asset value of its interest in OK INVEST. The amounts held in OK INVEST are considered liquid as they are available to be withdrawn with limited redemption restrictions. For financial reporting purposes, deposits with the State Treasurer that are invested in OK INVEST are classified as cash equivalents.

Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report are allowed to participate in OK INVEST. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in OK INVEST. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day-to-day OK INVEST management, with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State and its funds' and agencies' daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the investment policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at http:// www.ok.gov/treasurer. The State Treasurer, at his discretion, may further limit or restrict such investments on a day-to-day basis. OK INVEST includes a substantial investment in securities with an overnight maturity as well as in U.S. government securities with a maturity of up to three years. OK INVEST maintains an overall weighted average maturity of less than four years. Participants in OK INVEST maintain interest in its underlying investments and, accordingly, may be exposed to certain risks. As stated in the State Treasurer information statement, the main risks are interest rate risk, credit/default risk, liquidity risk, and U.S. government securities risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the yield and market value of the securities will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the yield will tend to be higher.

Credit/default risk is the risk that an issuer or guarantor of a security, or a bank or other financial institution that has entered into a repurchase agreement, may default on its payment obligations. Liquidity risk is the risk that OK INVEST will be unable to pay redemption proceeds within the stated time period because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons. U.S. government securities risk is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities, or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Various investment restrictions and limitations are enumerated in the State Treasurer's investment policy to mitigate those risks; however, any interest in OK INVEST is not insured or guaranteed by the State, the FDIC, or any other government agency.

Cash is also maintained by Northern Trust as part of various investments accounts held in the name of the Agency. Investment policy requires that these deposits must be invested in fully collateralized interest bearing accounts. The carrying amount and balance of the cash equivalents totaled, \$223,898 at June 30, 2024 and consists of an investment in a mutual fund composed of short-term investments with an original maturity date of three months or less, which are readily convertible into cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized daily by the investment managers. Actual gains and losses realized by the Agency will be determined at the time of the sale and will be based on market conditions at that date. The Agency also has a policy that requires the Trust to have a current custodial agreement in the Agency's name with respect to investment collateral held by third-party custodians. In addition, the Bank of Oklahoma maintains a blanket bond insurance policy that covers all Trust assets. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Trust and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Trust. At June 30, 2024, the Agency does not have any securities that are not registered in the name of the Trust.

Substantially all investments are held by Bank of Oklahoma Trust Department. At June 30, 2024, the Agency had the following investments:

Investments:		
Stocks		
Common stocks	\$	509,329,969
Convertible equity		1,445,360
Equity-based mutual funds - domestic		362,577,871
Equity-based mutual funds - foreign		255,921,092
Fixed income securities:		
U.S. Government securities and municipal obligations		361,515,377
Corporate bonds - domestic		619,064,656
Corporate bonds - foreign		210,962,946
Asset backed securities		61,569,620
Bank Loans		2,638,464
Commercial mortgage-backed		64,114,301
Non-government backed CMOs		29,279,673
Preferred stocks:		
Preferred stock - nonconvertable		43,456,549
Other		
Hedge equity		125,939,686
Real Estate		7,780,000
Miscellaneous		1,390,437
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,656,986,001

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The Agency is authorized by State statutes to invest in equities, fixed income investments, cash equivalents, and certain direct investments approved by the Commissioners. Each type of investment has a minimum, maximum and target percentage that has been established by the Agency's investment committee. The Agency considers investment grade as the Aaa-Baa3 rating categories. Below investment grade corporate fixed income investments shall be limited to twenty percent of the investment manager's total portfolio. This restriction does not apply to dedicated high yield managers or convertible managers. As applicable, average credit quality ratings are disclosed in the table below to indicate associated credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

Fixed income investments and nonconvertible preferred stock by investment rating at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Investment Name	air Value housands)	Moody's Rating
U.S government sponsored:	 	
U.S. Treasury notes	\$ 2,410	AAA
U.S. Treasury notes	482	BAA
U.S Treasury bond	64,086	AAA
U.S Treasury bond	1,073	А
U.S Treasury bond	3,713	BAA
U.S Treasury bond	2,357	BA
U.S Treasury bond	5,515	В
U.S Treasury obligation	1,364	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	17,652	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	56,292	AAA
Government National Mortgage Association	58,345	AAA
Other	 143,617	AAA
	356,906	
Municipal obligations:		
Municipal bonds	316	AAA
Municipal bonds	2,644	AA
Municipal bonds	 1,649	A
	 4,609	
Corporate bonds (held in U.S. currency):		
Domestic bonds	60,339	А
Domestic bonds	2,867	AA
Domestic bonds	122,535	В
Domestic bonds	145,431	BA
Domestic bonds	256,813	BAA
Domestic bonds	735	CA
Domestic bonds	4,790	CAA
Domestic bonds	 25,555	NA/NR
	 619,065	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

	Fair Value	Moody's
Investment Name	(in thousands)	Rating
Foreign bonds (held in U.S. currency):	<u> </u>	
Foreign bonds	23,545	А
Foreign bonds	200	AA
Foreign bonds	16,508	В
Foreign bonds	62,813	BA
Foreign bonds	87,450	BAA
Foreign bonds	1,682	CAA
Foreign bonds	18,765	NA/NR
5	210,963	
Other		
Asset backed securities	16,844	AAA
Asset backed securities	2,766	AA
Asset backed securities	1,029	А
Asset backed securities	256	BAA
Asset backed securities	985	CA
Asset backed securities	39,690	NR
Bank Loans	2,638	NR
Commercial mortgage-backed	444	AAA
Commercial mortgage-backed	1,874	AA
Commercial mortgage-backed	4,709	А
Commercial mortgage-backed	2,942	BAA
Commercial mortgage-backed	54,145	NR
Non-government backed CMOs	1,871	AAA
Non-government backed CMOs	30	AA
Non-government backed CMOs	8	BAA
Non-government backed CMOs	1,529	CAA
Non-government backed CMOs	25,842	NR
	157,602	
Total fixed income	<u>\$ 1,349,145</u>	
	+ .,	
Preferred stock - nonconvertible:		
Preferred stock	857	А
Preferred stock	2,942	BA
Preferred stock	32,802	BAA
Preferred stock	6,856	NA
		11/7
	\$ 43,457	

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Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Agency's investments in a single issuer. It is generally considered that an increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from a single issuer. The Agency has formal written policies regarding the concentration of credit risk for both unsecured fixed income investments and equity-type investments. With the exception of U.S. Government and Agency issues, no more than 10 percent of the bond portfolio at market will be invested in the securities of a single issuer or 5 percent of the bond portfolio in an individual issue. Equity managers shall not invest more than 10 percent of its portfolio market value in any one company. Equity managers may invest up to 5 percent of their portfolio's market value at the time of the initial purchase in a single entity. At June 30, 2024, no single issuer represented more than 5 percent of the Agency's investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Agency's policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from the over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer or an individual class of securities.

The Agency's exposure to interest rate risk is as follows:

Weighted Average Years to Maturity	Go	U.S. overnment	unicipal ligations	C	Corporate Bonds	Foreign Bonds		Other
U.S. government securities:								
Less than 1 year	\$	29,012	\$ -	\$	7,732	\$ 6,435	\$	2
1 - 5 years		9,385	-		154,076	37,235		11,438
6 - 10 years		57,972	785		208,389	46,947		8,472
10 or more years		260,537	3,824		248,868	120,346		137,690
Total fixed income	\$	356,906	\$ 4,609	\$	619,065	\$ 210,963	\$	157,602
Weighted Average Years to Maturity								Total
U.S. government securities:								
Less than 1 year							\$	43,181
1 - 5 years								212,134
6 - 10 years								322,565
10 or more years								771,265
Total fixed income							<u>\$</u>	1,349,145

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

Fair value measurement: The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The inputs to the three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active and other market corroborated inputs

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	 Total
Investments by fair value level				
Equity:				
Common stocks	\$ 635,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 635,411
Preferred stock - nonconvertible	42,130	1,327	-	43,457
Other	1,445	-	-	1,445
Fixed income securities:				
Corporate bonds - domestic	-	601,762	2,888	604,650
Corporate bonds - foreign	-	206,368	-	206,368
Municipal bonds	-	4,609	-	4,609
U.S. government sponsored:				
Federal National Mortgage				
Association	-	56,292	-	56,292
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	-	17,652	-	17,652
Government National Mortgage				
Assoc.	-	58,345	-	58,345
U.S. Treasury note	-	2,892	-	2,892
U.S. Treasury obligation	-	78,108	-	78,108
Other Government	-	143,617	-	143,617
Asset Backed Securities	-	60,019	-	60,019
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	-	63,647	-	63,647
Non-government Backed CMOs	 -	 28,796	 484	 29,280
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 678,986	\$ 1,323,434	\$ 3,372	2,005,792

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Pooled equity funds

Equity-based mutual funds - foreign

Cohen & Steers Global Listed Infrastructure Fund, Inc.

Asset Backed Securities

236,498

255.921

125,940

1,550

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Related Policies (continued)

Bank Loans	2,638
Commercial Mortgage Backed	467
Corporate Bonds - Domestic and Foreign	19,009
Other Assets	1,391
Real Estate	7,780
Total Investments measured at fair value	\$ 2,656,986

Common and preferred stocks classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Corporate bonds classified in Level 2 are valued using an option-adjusted spread model which considers relevant trade data, benchmark quotes, and spreads. Municipal bonds classified in Level 2 are valued using internal yield curves based on established trading spreads between similar issues, historical trading spreads over widely accepted market benchmarks, new issues scales and market information. U.S. government sponsored assetbacked securities classified in Level 2 are valued using an option-adjusted spread model that incorporates cash flow, benchmark spread, and deal collateral performance.

Pooled equity funds consist solely of a fund of funds containing individual stocks in the Russell 1000 Index. Equitybased mutual funds-domestic consist solely of an open-ended mutual fund containing common stocks of companies primarily in the United States that are characterized by high-dividend yield. Equity-based mutual funds-foreign consist solely of an open-ended mutual fund containing stocks issued by companies located in developed and emerging markets, excluding the United States. The fund of funds and equity-based mutual funds are valued using the net asset value (NAV) of the pool or fund. The Agency has no unfunded commitments related to investments valued at NAV. Shares are redeemable daily at the NAV at the time of redemption for each of these investment types. Commercial real estate classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued by certified appraisers using a blend of a sales comparison approach which determines the value using recent sales prices of comparable properties and an income approach which determines the value using direct capitalization of projected net operating income.

The Cohen & Steers Global Listed Infrastructure Fund, Inc. (the Fund) is an open-end management investment company registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940. The fund invests in U.S. and non-U.S. common stocks and other equity securities issued by infrastructure companies, consisting of utilities, pipelines, toll roads, airports, railroads, marine ports, telecommunications companies and other infrastructure companies. The Agency has no unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2024. Shares are redeemable monthly with a 15-day redemption notice requirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 3. Leasing Operations

The Agency leases to others approximately 736,000 acres of land belonging to the Trusts as of June 30, 2024, primarily for agricultural purposes.

The lease terms are generally for five-year periods (on a calendar-year basis) with rents prepaid one year in advance. The annual rental amount is determined by the lessee's maximum bid amount.

The Agency also leases real property, including land easements for power lines, pipelines, roadways and communication lines to external parties. Lease terms generally range from 5 to 50 years (including extensions). Temporary land easements contain a consideration clause in the form of a one-time payment at the inception of the agreement. Land easement contracts that are continuous in term or do not contain a clause requiring rent or one-time payment are not considered leases under the requirements of GASB 87 and any payment received is recognized as revenue when received.

Revenue recognized under lease contracts during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$20,111,448, which includes both lease revenue and interest.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum rent due to the Agency under its noncancelable leases at June 30, 2024:

Years ended June 30:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 13,795,462	\$ 1,693,310	\$ 15,488,772
2026	11,503,082	1,294,041	12,797,123
2027	8,597,610	946,875	9,544,485
2028	5,195,320	697,586	5,892,906
2029	1,368,741	594,528	1,963,269
2030-2034	6,708,596	2,789,133	9,497,729
2035-2039	8,112,769	2,436,231	10,549,000
2040-2044	8,420,179	1,962,706	10,382,885
2045-2049	6,157,351	1,547,820	7,705,171
2050-2054	6,378,435	1,115,066	7,493,501
2055-2059	3,426,655	676,143	4,102,798
2060-2064	2,432,511	244,570	2,677,081
2065-2069	366,345	20,663	387,008
2070-2074	 249,243	 2,906	 252,149
	\$ 82,712,299	\$ 16,021,578	\$ 98,733,877

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 4. Investment property

With the implementation of the House Bill 1022 in 2013, the Commissioners of the Land Office have been authorized to acquire, purchase, exchange and grant any real property under its jurisdiction. The Agency shall invest up to 5 percent of the total value of the assets of the permanent school funds in connection with investment in real property. At June 30, 2024, the Agency owned the following property which is carried at fair value and leased to multiple tenants:

Property		Fair Value
5005 N. Lincoln	\$	2,670,000
119 N. Robinson Ave		10,200,000
City Place (204 N. Robinson Ave. 4th, 8th & 9th floors)		4,050,000
3017 N. Stiles		2,060,000
400 NE 50th Street		1,000,000
City Place (204 N. Robinson Ave 10th Floor)		1,100,000
921 NE 23rd Street		4,325,000
5727 South Lewis Avenue, Tulsa		11,720,000
Lincoln Corridor properties		3,850,000
13000 N. Pennsylvania Ave.		6,610,000
835 N. Czech Hall Rd, Yukon		2,150,000
201 W. 5th St. Tulsa		4,448,000
10625 and 10630 NW 4th St., Yukon		5,400,000
15024 W. Highway 66, Yukon		2,955,000
5113 N. Shartel Ave.		9,450,000
122nd and Western tract		8,885,000
14201 & 14301 Caliber Dr.		12,300,000
9201 N. I-35		26,520,000
123 Robert S Kerr Ave., 5th, 6th 7th,8th & 29th floors		11,725,000
1 Robert S. Kerr Ave.		12,750,000
	<u>\$</u> 1	144,168,000

Rental agreements for investment properties are not subject to lease reporting as defined by GASB Statement 87, *Leases*. The Agency recognized lease revenue associated with these investment properties of \$6,923,696 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 5. Other Receivables

Other receivables at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Accrued mineral revenue	\$11,029,253
Surface leases	531,570
Commercial RE Investments	292,043
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,024,134)
	<u>\$10,828,732</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Interfund balances and transfers

At June 30, 2024, the Permanent Fund recognized an interfund receivable from the General Fund in the amount of \$2,123,158 which is comprised of royalty payments held in escrow by the General Fund.

Transfers between the funds are typically to transfer the six percent of the Permanent Fund revenues to the general fund for the Agency's administration of the Trust. Periodically, as the Secretary determines, funds are transferred from the general fund to the permanent fund for the benefit of the Multiyear Education Distribution Stabilization Revolving Fund for distribution to Trust beneficiaries at the Commissioners' discretion.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$13,448,885 was transferred from the permanent fund to the general fund for Agency's administration of the Trust. Additionally, the general fund transferred to the permanent fund \$191,939 to fund various expenditures.

Note 7. Related party transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Agency may purchase goods and services from other State agencies. The expenditures made to other State agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was approximately \$764,000.

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans

Retirement plan: The Agency contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. OPERS was established in 1964 by the Oklahoma Legislature and covers substantially all employees of the State, except those covered by six other plans sponsored by the State, and also covers employees of participating counties and local agencies. The Plan provides that all eligible persons, except those specifically excluded, shall become members of OPERS as a condition of their employment. The supervisory authority for the management and operation of OPERS is its Board of Trustees.

OPERS offers retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an ad-hoc basis, life insurance benefits, and survivor benefits. The Plan's provisions are established under Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Benefits provided: Members qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or, for any person who became a member prior to July 1, 1992, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 80 (Rule of 80), and for any person who became a member after June 30, 1992, when the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 90 (Rule of 90).

Normal retirement date is further qualified to require that all members employed on or after January 1, 1983 must have six or more years of full-time equivalent employment with a participating employer before being eligible to receive benefits. Credited service is the sum of participating and prior service. Prior service includes nonparticipating service before January 1, 1975, or the entry date of the employer and active wartime military service.

A member with a minimum of ten years of participating service may elect early retirement with reduced benefits beginning at age 55 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 60 if the participant became a member on or after November 1, 2011.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Disability retirement benefits are available for members having eight years of credited service whose disability status has been certified as being within one year of the last day on the job by the Social Security Administration. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but payable immediately without an actuarial reduction.

Benefits are determined at 2 percent of the average annual salary received during the highest thirty-six months of the last ten years of participating service, but not to exceed the applicable annual salary cap, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who join OPERS on or after July 1, 2013, will have their salary averaged over the highest 60 months of the last ten years. Normal retirement age under the Plan is 62 or Rule of 80/90 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 65 or Rule of 90 if the participant became a member 1, 2011.

Members who elect to pay the additional contribution rate, which became available in January 2004, will receive benefits using a 2.5 percent computation factor for each full year the additional contributions are made. In 2004, legislation was enacted to provide an increased benefit to retiring members who were not yet eligible for Medicare. The Medicare Gap benefit option became available to members under age 65 who retired on or after May 1, 2006. Members may elect to receive a temporary increased benefit to cover the cost of health insurance premiums until the member is eligible to receive Medicare. After the member becomes eligible for Medicare, the retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an actuarially determined amount. The option is irrevocable, must be chosen prior to retirement, and is structured to have a neutral actuarial cost to the Plan.

Members become eligible to vest fully upon termination of employment after attaining eight years of credited service, or the members' contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment.

Contributions: The contribution rates for each member category of the Plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates.

Each member participates based on their qualifying gross salary earned, excluding overtime. There is no cap on the qualifying gross salary earned, subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) limitations on compensation.

For 2024, state agency employers contributed 16.5 percent on all salary, and state employees contributed 3.5 percent on all salary.

The Agency's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$(532,480) and was equal to its required contribution.

Members have the option to elect to increase the benefit computation factor for all future service from 2.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The election is irrevocable, binding for all future employment under OPERS, and applies only to full years of service. Those who make the election pay the standard contribution rate plus an additional contribution rate, 2.91 percent which is actuarially determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Pension assets, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2024, the Agency reported a liability of \$781,737 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Agency's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the Agency's proportion was 0.17086377 percent which is a decrease of 0.00926841 percent from the prior fiscal year.

Deferred outflows and inflows

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$1,144,857. At June 30, 2023, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes of assumption	\$ 1,360,455	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,564	15,701
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan		
investments	-	904,922
Changes in proportion and differences between Agency contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	149,252	193,880
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	1,521,271	1,114,503
Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date	532,480	
Total deferred amounts related to pension	<u>\$ 2,053,751</u>	\$ 1,114,503

Deferred pension outflows resulting from the Agency's employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$532,480 at June 30, 2024, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Deferred inflows related to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings are being amortized over five years beginning in the year each originated. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension consist of amounts originating in current and prior years and will be recognized in pension expense using the average expected remaining life of the Plan as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which each item originated. The average expected remaining service life of the Plan is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of people in the Plan including retirees. The total future service years are determined using the mortality, termination, retirement and disability assumptions associated with the Plan.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows at June 30:

	June 30, Deferred Outflows(Inflows)
2025	\$ (56,585)
2026	(114,430)
2027	447,818
2028	129,965
	\$ 406,768

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of July 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return—6.50 percent compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases—3.5 percent to 9.25 percent per year including inflation
- Mortality rates—In 2021, Pub-2010 Below Media, General Membership Active/Retireee Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year.
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate—2.50 percent
- Payroll growth—3.25 percent per year
- Actuarial cost method—Entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions—10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covers the three-year period ending June 30, 2019. The experience study report is dated May 13, 2020. The long-term rate of return was modified by the Plan during 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U. S. Large Cap Equity	34.0%	5.1%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.1%
Global Equity	28.0%	8.2%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	1.9%
Long Term Treasuries	3.5%	2.1%
US TIPS	3.5%	1.8%
	100%	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members and the employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Agency's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.5%)	Current Discount Rate (6.5%)	1% Increase (7.5%)
Commissioners of the Land Office's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,019,550	<u>\$ 781,737</u>	<u>\$ (1,099,870)</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements, June 30, 2023 ACFR, available at:

https://www.opers.ok.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/11/2023_ACFR_OPERS_Final.pdf

Deferred compensation plan: The State offers to its own employees, state agency employees and other duly constituted authority or instrumentality employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 and Chapter 45 of Title 74, Oklahoma Statutes. The Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan (the 457 Plan), also known as SoonerSave, is a voluntary plan that allows participants to defer a portion of their salary into the 457 Plan. Participation allows a person to shelter the portion of their salary that they defer from current federal and state income tax. Taxes on the interest or investment gains on this money, while in the 457 Plan, are also deferred. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or approved unforeseeable emergency.

Under SoonerSave, the untaxed deferred amounts are invested as directed by the participant among various 457 Plan investment options. Effective January 1, 1998, a Trust and Trust Fund covering the 457 Plan assets was established pursuant to federal legislation enacted in 1996, requiring public employers to establish such trusts for plans meeting the requirements of Section 457 of the IRC. Under terms of the Trust, the corpus or income of the Trust Fund may be used only for the exclusive benefit of the 457 Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Further information may be obtained from the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The Agency believes that it has no liabilities in respect to the State's plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 9. Capital Assets

The changes in the capital asset accounts for fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital Assets, not being depreciated, land	<u>\$ 5,597,257</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (852)</u>	\$ 5,596,405
Capital assets being depreciated: Furniture, fixture and equipment Land Improvements	1,976,388 3,316,730	46,303 245,386	(59,865)	1,962,826 3,562,116
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,293,118	291,689	(59,865)	5,524,942
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture, fixture and equipment Land Improvements Total accumulated depreciation	1,823,019 2,022,310 3,845,329	60,320 146,878 207,198	(55,146) (55,146)	1,828,193 2,169,188 3,997,381
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	1,447,789 \$7,045,046	<u>84,491</u> \$ 84,491	(4,719) \$ (5,571)	1,527,561 \$7,123,966
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Note 10. Fund balance

The following table shows further details of the fund balance classifications as shown on the governmental funds balance sheet as of June 30, 2024.

		General	Permanent	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances				
Nonspendable				
Nonspendable, permanent fund corpus	\$	-	\$ 2,884,850,732	\$ 2,884,850,732
Restricted				
Oil & Gas Performance Fee fund		373,042	-	373,042
Assigned				
Commercial Real Estate capital expenditures fund		1,722,205	-	1,722,205
Unassigned	_	33,159,005		33,159,005
Total fund balances	\$	35,254,252	\$ 2,884,850,732	\$ 2,920,104,984

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 11. Risk Management

The Agency participates in the Oklahoma Risk Management Division's (a division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services) insurance pool, which covers all governmental tort, property, vehicle, and directors and officers liability claims against the Agency. The Agency pays a yearly premium to the Office of Management and Enterprise Services to participate in the insurance pool. Premiums paid are not subject to retroactive adjustment.

Insurance coverage did not change significantly from prior year and settled cliams have not exceeded coverage in the current year and two preceding years.

Required Supplementary Information

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Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Fees Other Interest	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,550,003 833,532	\$ 1,550,003 833,532			
Total revenues	-		2,383,535	2,383,535			
Expenditures Administrative Legal Information technology Real estate management Commercial real estate Financial services Minerals management Royalty compliance Total expenditures Transfers from permanent fund	1,292,817 734,680 733,935 1,442,558 327,749 1,185,512 561,969 424,201 6,703,421	734,680 733,935 1,442,558 327,749 1,185,512 561,969	1,347,294 630,845 729,507 1,344,097 322,526 1,133,993 521,114 417,575 6,446,951 13,448,885	(54,477) 103,835 4,428 98,461 5,223 51,519 40,855 6,626 256,470 13,448,885			
Transfers to permanent fund			(191,939)	(191,939)			
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund Balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, end of year	-	- (6,703,421) <u>(47,894,371)</u> <u>\$ (54,597,792)</u>	13,256,946 9,193,530 <u>39,428,926</u> 48,622,456	13,256,946 15,896,951 <u>87,323,297</u> <u>\$ 103,220,248</u>			
Reconciliation to GAAP basis, accrual adjustments Fund Balance			(13,368,206) \$ 35,254,250				

See notes to required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Year Ended June 30, 2024

			June 30		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.17086377 %	0.18013218 %	0.19245767 % \$(2,583,091)	0.21371907 % \$ 1,906,723	0.21571265 % \$ 287.303
Agency's covered payroll	\$ 781,737 2,585,181	\$1,514,128 2,750,725	a,025,346	3,386,659	\$ 287,303 3,453,721
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage	2,303,101	2,750,725	3,023,340	3,300,033	5,455,721
of its covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	30 %	55 %	(85)%	56 %	8 %
percentage of the total pension liability	95.91 %	92.24 %	112.51 %	91.59 %	353.79 %
			June 30		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Agency's proportionate share of the net	0.22015372 %	0.21185560 %	0.19708621 %	0.19002899 %	0.19323089 %
pension liability (asset)	\$ 429,394	\$ 1,145,427	\$ 1,955,550	\$ 683,503	\$ 353,010
Agency's covered payroll Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage	3,717,392	3,793,931	3,565,236	3,314,185	3,169,697
of its covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	12 %	30 %	55 %	21 %	11 %
percentage of the total pension liability	97.96 %	94.28 %	89.47 %	96.00 %	97.00 %

See notes to required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Agency's Contributions to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

\$ 2024 532,480 532,480	\$	2023 543,831 543,831	\$	2022 587,255 587,255	\$	2021 586,127 \$ 586,127	2020 567,737 567,737
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
\$ 548,453 548,453	\$	571,262 571,262	\$	535,672 535,672	\$	588,000 \$ 588,000	542,000 542,000
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
\$	\$ 532,480 532,480 \$ - 2019 \$ 548,453 548,453	\$ 532,480 \$ 532,480 \$ - \$ 2019 \$ 548,453 \$ 548,453	\$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 2019 2018 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262	\$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 543,831 \$ 532,480 543,831 \$ - \$ 543,831 \$ - \$ - \$ 2019 2018 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262	\$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 587,255 \$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 2019 2018 2017 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672	\$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 587,255 \$ 532,480 543,831 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ 587,255 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2019 2018 2017 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672 \$ 548,453 \$ 571,262 \$ 535,672	\$ 532,480 \$ 543,831 \$ 587,255 \$ 586,127 \$ 532,480 \$ 532,480 543,831 587,255 \$ 586,127 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 586,127 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

See notes to required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2024

Basis of budgeting

The Agency prepares it budget using the cash basis of accounting.

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	5 years
Asset valuation method	5-year moving average
Inflation	2.5 percent for 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020, and 2.75 percent for 2019, 2018 and 2017, and 3.00 percent for 2016 and 2015
Salary increase	3.5 percent to 9.25 percent for 2023 and 2022, 3.25 percent to 9.25 percent for 2021 and 2020. 3.50 to 9.50 percent for 2019, 2018 and 2017 and 4.50 to 8.40 percent for 2016 and 2015, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent for 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020, 7.00 percent in 2019, 2018 and 2017, 7.25 percent in 2016 and 7.50 percent for 2015, compounded annually, net of investment expense and including inflation
Retirement age	Age 65 for all members hired on or after November 1, 2011 Age 62 for members hired prior to November 1, 2011
Mortality	For 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020 - Pub-2010 Below Median, General membership Active/Retiree. Healthy Mortality table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year. For 2019, 2018 and 2017, active participants and nondisabled pensioners– RP 2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disabled pensioners set forward 12 years) For 2016 and 2015, active participants and nondisabled pensioners – RP-2000 Mortality Table projected to 2010 Scale AA (disabled pensioners set forward for 15 years.)

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2024

Other Information

The Plan has been amended by House Bill 2630 in 2014 which states that effective November 1, 2015, OPERS shall create a defined contribution plan for most people first employed by a participating employer. Exemptions from the new defined contribution plan include hazardous duty members and district attorneys, assistant district attorneys and employees of the district attorney's office. Each employer shall send to OPERS the difference between the required employer contribution to OPERS and the amount required to match the participating employee's contribution in the defined contribution plan.

Senate Bill 2120, also enacted in 2014, amends House Bill 2630 to further exempt from the new defined contribution plan county elected officials and employees of a county, county hospital, city or town, conservation district, circuit engineering district, and any public or private trust in which a county, city or town participates. Senate Bill 2120 also states that employees who participate in the defined contribution system are excluded from the \$105 health subsidy.

New employees specifically exempted from the defined contribution plan will participate in the existing defined benefit plan.

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Other Supplementary Information

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Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund (in Thousands) June 30, 2024

	Revolving 16			CLO		Total	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	32,935	\$	7,358 \$	5	40,293	
Total assets	\$	32,935	\$	7,358 \$	5	40,293	
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities, accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to permanent fund Fund balance	\$	- - 32,935	\$	2,916 \$ 2,123 2,319	5	2,916 2,123 35,254	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	32,935	<u>\$</u>	7,358_\$	5	40,293	

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Distributions to University and College Beneficiaries (Cash Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

University of Oklahoma Oklahoma State University Northern Oklahoma College Langston University Southeastern Oklahoma State University University of Central Oklahoma East Central Oklahoma State University Northeastern Oklahoma State University Northwestern Oklahoma State University Southwestern Oklahoma State University Cameron University Oklahoma Panhandle State University University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	\$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,873,376\\ 9,162,064\\ 3,761,653\\ 2,156,661\\ 1,213,302\\ 1,2$
	<u>\$</u>	36,873,472

This schedule is presented on the cash basis of accounting and presents the distributions when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The schedule provides relevant information that is not provided by the historical accrual basic financial statements and is not intended to be a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Achille	\$	52,394.91
Ada		441,115.35
Adair		178,007.34
Afton		80,931.69
Agra		54,152.19
Albion		8,171.64
Alex		51,213.45
Aline-Cleo		18,895.76
Allen		75,599.65
Allen-Bowden		46,526.20
Altus		590,830.18
Alva		176,271.86
Amber-Pocasset		70,977.69
Anadarko		241,276.88
Anderson		48,303.16
Antlers		163,086.03
Arapaho-Butler		82,873.91
Ardmore		424,028.96
Arkoma		64,624.50
Arnett		27,545.18
Asher		44,294.60
Atoka		143,151.67
Avant		12,051.34
Balko		24,519.28
Banner		50,632.09
Barnsdall		73,069.24
Bartlesville		1,027,421.04
Battiest		38,869.85
Bearden		23,740.32
Beaver		43,543.97
Beggs		178,472.61
Belfonte		24,866.90
Bennington		49,556.42
Berryhill		195,061.99
Bethany		302,063.71
Bethel		203,888.10
Big Pasture		33,934.63
Billings		12,189.03
Binger-Oney		49,216.10
Bishop		95,716.78
Bixby		1,320,275.02
Blackwell		190,896.47
Blair		34,164.23
Blanchard		378,413.02
Bluejacket		34,571.88
Subtotal	\$	7,481,406.82
oubiolai	φ	7,401,400.02

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$ 7,481,406.82
Boise City	49,137.38
Bokoshe	26,163.37
Boone-Apache	89,332.46
Boswell	52,927.47
Bowlegs	39,985.27
Bowring	9,780.93
Braggs	20,327.90
Bray-Doyle	45,782.67
Bridge Creek	306,754.56
Briggs	68,962.53
Bristow	286,602.91
Broken Arrow	3,331,798.45
Broken Bow	270,790.33
Brushy	67,776.75
Buffalo	46,718.90
Buffalo Valley	38,216.72
Burlington	23,818.63
Burns Flat-Dill City	83,193.79
Butner	34,587.52
Byng	298,017.37
Cache	355,011.27
Caddo	86,845.67
Calera	141,846.97
Calumet	47,225.66
Calvin	30,599.82
Cameron	53,561.48
Canadian	72,956.50
Caney	43,221.11
Caney Valley	127,629.71
Canton	58,313.62
Canute	69,240.18
	,
Carnegie	88,534.96 37,519.12
Carney	,
Cashion	126,061.85
Catoosa	305,173.31
Cave Springs	31,579.54
Cement	33,647.33
Central	80,091.67
Central High	72,507.07
Chandler	188,448.97
Chattanooga	39,812.24
Checotah	240,342.96
Chelsea	129,582.07
Cherokee	 70,804.70
Subtotal	\$ 15,202,640.51

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	15,202,640.51
Cheyenne		53,760.96
Chickasha		375,347.63
Chisholm		191,938.91
Choctaw-Nicoma Park		958,905.42
Chouteau-Mazie		137,400.72
Cimarron		30,847.83
Claremore		657,928.99
Clayton		36,203.83
Cleora		28,828.05
Cleveland		269,698.57
Clinton		344,854.57
Coalgate		118,007.02
Colbert		135,702.60
Colcord		127,547.86
Coleman		34,147.93
Collinsville		539,096.33
Comanche		151,797.45
Commerce		149,251.95
		39,543.39
Copan Cordell		,
		100,990.90
Cottonwood		23,790.09
Covington-Douglas		43,403.32
Coweta		601,195.94
Coyle		56,706.24
Crescent		99,544.42
Crooked Oak		193,975.22
Crowder		56,122.11
Crutcho		62,223.52
Cushing		284,707.81
Cyril		62,443.19
Dahlonegah		26,595.04
Dale		134,100.03
Darlington		41,587.86
Davenport		64,106.95
Davidson		4,880.25
Davis		148,089.65
Deer Creek		1,303,062.88
Deer Creek-Lamont		21,376.26
Denison		55,487.68
Depew		63,608.07
Dewar		83,871.25
Dewey		206,651.00
Dibble		123,717.22
Dickson		226,219.81
Subtotal	\$	23,671,907.23
oublotai	Ψ	20,011,001.20

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	23,671,907.23
Dover		29,582.66
Drummond		66,494.36
Drumright		74,075.91
Duke		26,448.40
Duncan		576,247.25
Durant		651,000.37
Eagletown		29,667.74
Earlsboro		45,957.69
Edmond		4,442,770.05
El Reno		488,244.34
Elgin		425,395.98
Elk City		349,808.86
Elmore City-Pernell		84,501.30
Empire		88,321.72
Enid		1,294,330.39
Erick		34,946.09
Eufaula		200,035.48
Fairland		101,264.13
Fairview		128,318.38
Fanshawe		17,152.53
Fargo		37,314.33
Felt		14,480.69
Fletcher		80,914.05
Flower Mound		59,491.45
Forest Grove		25,647.80
Forgan		18,112.36
Fort Cobb-Broxton		49,905.15
Fort Gibson		299,498.25
Fort Supply		23,973.80
Fort Towson		50,628.11
Fox		30,493.08
Foyil		70,615.84
Frederick		136,773.70
Freedom		6,075.87
Friend		36,872.48
Frink-Chambers		68,128.29
Frontier		57,804.14
Gans		57,765.10
Garber		75,614.80
Geary		41,822.90
Geronimo		58,022.52
Glencoe		58,565.25
Glenpool		472,581.71
Glover		12,740.32
Subtotal	\$	34,670,312.85
Subiolai	Φ	34,070,312.85

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$ 34,670,312.85
Goodwell	36,536.21
Gore	87,095.04
Gracemont	21,330.35
Graham-Dustin	23,408.14
Grand View	84,245.92
Grandfield	39,032.60
Grandview	15,695.28
Granite	41,872.76
Greenville	1,004.57
Grove	519,863.97
Guthrie	576,333.55
Guymon	500,671.83
Gypsy	7,692.41
Haileyville	48,972.45
Hammon	45,165.73
Hanna	10,163.26
Hardesty	9,880.56
Harmony	38,874.58
Harrah	364,450.67
Hartshorne	118,063.53
Haskell	118,093.07
Haworth	84,032.74
Haywood	19,062.47
Healdton	83,716.83
Heavener	151,222.20
Hennessey	143,739.51
Henryetta	182,586.28
Hilldale	354,908.97
Hinton	127,103.04
Hobart	120,930.15
Hodgen	44,920.75
Holdenville	167,969.11
Hollis	84,557.00
Holly Creek	38,333.21
Hominy	89,225.70
Hooker	104,096.42
Howe	115,827.17
Hugo	203,685.96
Hulbert	90,719.68
Hydro-Eakly	82,027.01
Idabel	204,752.77
Indiahoma	32,726.75
Subtotal	\$ 39,904,903.05
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(Subtotal forwarded)	\$ 39,904,903.05
Indianola	48,585.09
Inola	227,761.01
Jay	261,386.83
Jenks	2,149,545.31
Jennings	43,188.37
Jones	191,154.26
Justice	18,787.78
Justus-Tiawah	89,835.18
Kansas	130,924.36
Kellyville	137,236.40
Kenwood	11,085.19
Keota	68,969.69
Ketchum	97,275.87
Keys	127,015.86
Keystone	47,851.64
Kiefer	162,690.22
Kildare	16,222.90
Kingfisher	227,377.76
Kingston	211,711.12
Kinta	28,614.81
Kiowa	48,221.95
Konawa	90,868.00
Krebs	81,514.68
Kremlin-Hillsdale	48,733.98
Lane	44,801.92
Latta	153,810.08
Laverne	81,271.98
Lawton	2,370,495.99
Le Flore	41,412.11
Leach	28,976.97
Leedey	36,796.27
Lexington	165,978.58
Liberty	145,503.92
Lindsay	201,898.92
Little Axe	196,441.63
Locust Grove	206,122.79
Lomega	37,510.48
Lone Grove	249,698.57
Lone Star	148,377.24
Lone Wolf	17,698.77
Lookeba Sickles	32,261.57
Lowrey	16,427.15
Lukfata	63,763.95
Subtotal	\$ 48,710,710.20

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	48,710,710.20
Luther		139,417.89
Macomb		41,119.65
Madill		296,303.55
Mangum		107,384.56
Mannford		253,353.69
Mannsville		12,721.86
Maple		33,733.85
Marble City		13,807.10
Marietta		197,539.16
Marlow		243,485.30
Maryetta		108,036.11
Mason		42,984.07
Maud		46,154.96
Maysville		52,945.39
Mcalester		489,948.46
Mccord		53,481.32
Mccurtain		39,990.51
Mcloud		275,828.36
Medford		54,152.03
Meeker		120,235.28
Merritt		138,736.74
Miami		363,555.38
Middleberg		43,433.42
Midway		36,998.24
Midwest City-Del City		2,037,311.72
Milburn		33,845.32
Mill Creek		33,243.65
Millwood		183,044.36
Minco		96,115.53
Moffett		60,526.22
Monroe		19,955.55
Moore		4,126,449.53
Mooreland		100,957.98
Morris		156,968.92
Morrison		105,388.70
Moseley		29,864.72
Moss		44,507.87
Mounds		99,614.07
Mountain View-Gotebo		44,683.96
Moyers		31,217.15
Muldrow		225,332.39
Mulhall-Orlando		39,862.40
Muskogee		779,512.20
Mustang		2,239,065.57
Subtotal	\$	62,403,524.89
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(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	62,403,524.89
Nashoba		8,409.75
Navajo		74,553.93
New Lima		44,244.65
Newcastle		441,188.81
Newkirk		128,244.05
Ninnekah		76,237.37
Noble		497,593.84
Norman		2,637,664.45
North Rock Creek		203,210.63
Norwood		24,888.29
Nowata		123,894.21
Oak Grove		29,033.34
Oakdale		125,157.94
Oaks-Mission		25,194.90
Oilton		45,490.95
Okarche		73,835.08
Okay		63,812.43
Okeene		55,426.77
Okemah		121,479.99
Oklahoma City		5,255,827.34
Oklahoma Union		103,850.23
Okmulgee		194,542.75
Oktaha		119,850.87
Olive		39,804.69
Olustee-Eldorado		31,647.45
Oologah-Talala		293,335.12
Optima		7,817.47
Osage		19,872.15
Osage Hills		27,902.67
Owasso		1,655,342.13
Paden		35,940.30
Panama		125,036.56
Panola		10,507.27
Paoli		29,091.85
Pauls Valley		235,304.03
Pawhuska		115,687.57
Pawnee		109,437.68
Peavine		14,046.35
Peckham		21,031.67
Peggs		32,122.18
Perkins-Tryon		265,945.49
Perry		171,568.13
Piedmont		861,332.89
Pioneer		66,132.80
Subtotal	¢	
Subiolal	\$	77,046,063.91

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(Subtotal forwarded)	\$ 77,046,063.91
Pioneer-Pleasant Vale	81,403.39
Pittsburg	27,347.04
Plainview	263,217.00
Pleasant Grove	35,285.08
Pocola	126,255.30
Ponca City	757,069.13
Pond Creek-Hunter	54,601.49
Porter Consolidated	94,048.58
Porum	72,236.31
Poteau	367,408.94
Prague	181,248.08
Preston	111,144.50
Pretty Water	49,513.23
Prue	50,110.55
Pryor	472,716.94
Purcell	249,227.47
Putnam City	3,029,389.96
Quapaw	102,198.02
Quinton	66,578.85
Rattan	78,483.99
Ravia	15,893.62
Red Oak	52,897.85
Reydon	21,397.34
Ringling	66,178.10
Ringwood	63,526.91
Ripley	76,448.61
Riverside	
Robin Hill	28,741.65
	59,589.36
Rock Creek	86,415.31
Rocky Mountain	30,264.95
Roff	48,279.19
Roland	156,027.34
Rush Springs	81,214.03
Ryal	11,621.15
Ryan	43,563.74
Salina	131,803.58
Sallisaw	305,633.61
Sand Springs	890,240.55
Sapulpa	610,065.79
Sasakwa	36,574.00
Savanna	59,481.19
Sayre	119,970.67
Schulter	41,568.03
Seiling	 74,525.64
Subtotal	\$ 86,427,469.97

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	86,427,469.97
Seminole		236,426.61
Sentinel		51,570.62
Sequoyah		219,002.49
Shady Grove		22,754.19
Shady Point		25,433.35
Sharon-Mutual		35,658.26
Shattuck		61,769.38
Shawnee		544,220.72
Shidler		35,886.11
Silo		196,048.48
Skiatook		388,878.23
Smithville		47,644.42
Snyder		76,850.38
Soper		56,673.37
South Coffeyville		45,039.13
South Rock Creek		71,695.89
Sperry		179,615.92
Spiro		174,537.73
Springer		38,354.75
Sterling		55,635.66
Stidham		17,759.75
Stigler		201,349.46
Stillwater		1,018,463.82
Stilwell		239,413.75
Stonewall		77,187.90
Straight		6,409.69
Stratford		107,854.22
Stringtown		42,375.24
Strother		66,672.19
Stroud		148,865.66
Stuart		34,640.25
Sulphur		254,973.31
Sweetwater		20,054.18
Tahlequah		589,991.59
Talihina		87,700.12
Taloga		17,608.51
Tannehill		23,661.47
Tecumseh		329,265.54
Temple		31,610.57
Tenkiller		34,638.40
Terral		588.18
Texhoma		39,996.24
Thackerville		48,715.29
Thomas-Fay-Custer Unified Dist Subtotal	\$	81,509.66 92,512,470.65
Subiola	φ	92,312,470.00

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$	92,512,470.65
Timberlake		46,920.13
Tipton		39,221.50
Tishomingo		145,161.82
Tonkawa		141,472.39
Tulsa		5,183,799.21
Tupelo		37,746.79
Turkey Ford		18,238.04
Turner		52,555.10
Turpin		68,329.00
Tushka		82,492.30
Tuskahoma		12,328.62
Tuttle		336,221.53
Twin Hills		56,229.68
Tyrone		38,580.13
Union		2,444,879.08
Union City		50,270.07
Valliant		158,437.75
Vanoss		99,416.19
Varnum		55,482.51
Velma-Alma		77,738.03
Verden		59,105.73
Verdigris		237,730.81
Vian		139,825.67
Vici		50,114.12
Vinita		220,821.83
Wagoner		359,248.94
Wainwright		12,747.63
Walters		104,643.45
Wanette		22,382.79
Wapanucka		35,943.12
Warner		140,101.84
Washington		204,734.73
Watonga		124,809.75
Watts		37,903.88
Waukomis		65,237.14
Waurika		76,930.78
Wayne		77,607.54
Waynoka		40,415.44
Weatherford		401,514.60
Webbers Falls		,
Welch		51,406.06 49,521.52
Weleetka Wellston		63,820.41
		86,314.26
Western Heights	¢	440,703.26
Subtotal	\$	104,761,575.82

(Subtotal forwarded)	\$ 104,761,575.82
Westville	163,240.14
Wetumka	67,502.46
Wewoka	111,266.17
White Oak	8,651.80
White Rock	24,258.49
Whitebead	55,555.61
Whitefield	36,483.31
Whitesboro	35,976.43
Wickliffe	17,664.27
Wilburton	146,653.03
Wilson	132,119.82
Wister	84,505.46
Woodall	64,888.82
Woodland	64,901.32
Woodward	427,826.11
Wright City	82,574.71
Wyandotte	126,743.07
Wynnewood	115,418.82
Wynona	20,464.30
Yale	59,830.16
Yarbrough	19,866.54
Yukon	1,583,193.22
Zaneis	47,366.14
Zion	50,185.98
	 ,
Total	\$ 108,308,712.00



Statistical Section

Statistical Section Narrative June 30, 2024

Statistical Section Narrative

This part of the Agency's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Agency's overall financial position.

Such statistical information includes:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Agency's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Schedules presented are:

- Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Agency's ability to generate its own source revenues.

The Agency's significant sources of own source revenue consists of rents from real estate leases, mineral revenues primarily from oil & gas lease royalties and investment earnings from the Agency's investment portfolio.

Both real estate and oil and gas leases are awarded to the highest bidders at auction. Consequently, rates vary according to local market conditions.

The pool of lessees consists of numerous payers of materially similar amounts. Accordingly, the agency believes the presentation of the top strata of payers would not be meaningful.

Revenues from the investment portfolio are subject to market forces. Note 2 of the Agency's audited financial statements reflect the composition of the portfolio. Historic portfolio income and rate of return information is presented for additional analysis.

Schedules presented are:

- Principal Royalty Payers Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Portfolio Income Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Portfolio Rate of Return Last Ten Fiscal Years

Statistical Section Narrative June 30, 2024

Debt Capacity

The Agency has no debt, consequently no schedules are presented.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Agency's financial activities take place. The Agency's service area comprises the entire State of Oklahoma

Schedules presented are:

- Demographic and Economic Statistics
- Major Non-governmental Employers Current and Ten Years Ago

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Agency's financial report relates to the activities it performs.

Schedules presented are:

Agency Full Time Equivalents by Division – Last Ten Fiscal Years

Capital Assets

These schedules provide information on the volume and usage of the Agency's capital assets. The material elements of the Agency's capital assets are used in its leasing functions.

Schedules presented are:

- Surface Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Net Mineral Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 1: Net Position - Primary Government (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	2024		 2023		2022		2021
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,124	\$ 7,045	\$	7,014	\$	7,009
Restricted for: Education - nonexpendable Education - expendable Unrestricted		2,884,851 373 34,575	 2,662,359 437 25,985		2,584,275 1,750 28,277		2,853,545 427 23,562
Total (b)	\$	2,926,923	\$ 2,695,826	\$	2,621,316	\$	2,884,543
% change from prior year		8.57 %	2.84 %		(9.13)%		18.75 %

(a) This schedule reports using the accrual basis of accounting

(b) See Table 2 for changes in net position from year to year

Schedule 1: Net Position - Primary Government (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (Continued) June 30, 2024

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 6,960	\$ 6,927 \$	5 7,041	\$ 7,366	\$ 7,595	\$ 7,692
 2,399,344 418 22,265	2,519,954 9,406 22,159	2,418,820 2,528 28,953	2,382,746 440 23,494	2,223,966 5,081 21,790	2,278,697 1,265 25,677
\$ 2,428,987	<u>\$ 2,558,446 </u> \$	2,457,342	\$ 2,414,046	\$ 2,258,432	<u>\$ 2,313,331</u>
(5.06)%	4.11 %	1.79 %	6.89 %	(2.37)%	(1.96)%

Schedule 2: Changes in Net Position - Primary Government (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	 2024	 2023	 2022	2021
Program Expenses				
Governmental Activities				
Education apportionment to beneficiaries: Universities and colleges Public Schools Public buildings Custodial fees Administrative expenses Commercial real estate expense Other expenses Depreciation	\$ 36,746 107,904 4,154 7,394 7,190 20 1,487 207	\$ 33,682 103,080 2,988 9,002 11,729 - 2,464 207	\$ 30,985 \$ 91,572 2,585 6,122 5,900 - 9,457 219	30,236 86,079 1,984 6,563 9,177 - 1,564 257
Total Program Expenses	\$ 165,102	\$ 163,152	\$ 146,840 \$	135,860
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities				
Investment earnings Interest Dividends Net increase(decrease) in fair value of investments Mineral royalties Rents Commercial real estate rents Fees	70,924 40,779 184,079 59,404 20,097 6,772 1,739	72,457 35,122 23,335 77,518 19,487 5,728 314	61,091 37,320 (302,324) 70,969 20,510 8,931 298	59,034 34,973 412,706 41,236 17,187 5,053 740
Total Program Revenues	383,794	233,961	(103,205)	570,929
General Revenues Gain on sale of land Miscellaneous Other interest Total General Revenues	 5,734 3,355 3,316 12,405	 344 1,521 1,836 3,701	 114 7,849 1,616 9,579	17,374 2,245 867 20,486
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 231,097	\$ 74,510	\$ (240,466) \$	455,555

(a) This schedule reports using the accrual basis of accounting

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 30,804 \$ 89,394 2,691 6,374 8,466 (118) 3,277 240	31,206 \$ 94,241 3,542 6,731 7,350 - 2,444 314	32,628 93,581 3,185 6,971 8,180 5 946 590	\$ 35,862 103,360 4,364 7,035 7,776 1,557 597 532	\$ 31,604 95,366 5,348 7,459 7,461 1,665 1,017 525	\$ 32,716 118,485 5,388 8,453 6,463 1,055 820 503
\$ 141,364 \$	145,828_\$	146,086	\$ 161,083	\$ 150,445	\$ 173,883
60,252 38,427 (146,096) 30,453	61,188 36,757 59,303 61,448	57,909 35,599 5,625 62,699	55,461 36,302 127,014 66,793	54,377 36,681 (75,916) 56,165	55,360 34,099 (76,024) 91,908
17,705 4,465	16,991 3,705	16,797 3,462	15,468 3,974	15,622 3,300	14,229 1,803
 404	253	452	359	364	430
5,610	239,645	181,639	304,653	89,865	120,945
 2,251 2,402 1,646	680 4,363 2,244	685 4,437 1,717	4,896 4,937 1,493	88 2,924 1,940	2,205 3,288 1,959
 6,299	7,287	6,839	11,326	4,952	7,452
\$ 129,455 \$	(101,104) \$	42,392	\$ 154,896	\$ (55,628)	\$ (45,486)

Schedule 3: Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	2024	 2023		2022	 2021
General Fund Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 373 1,722 33,159	\$ 461 1,722 26,202	\$	437 1,722 26,966	\$ 427 1,722 23,259
Total General Fund	\$ 35,254	\$ 28,385	\$	29,125	\$ 25,408
% Change from prior year	24.20 %	(2.54)%		14.63 %	9.64 %
Permanent Fund					
Non-spendable Permanent fund corpus Restricted for education Unassigned	 2,884,851 - -	 2,662,359 - -		2,584,275 - -	 2,853,545 - -
Total Permanent Fund	2,884,851	2,662,359		2,584,275	2,853,545
% Change from prior year	8.36 %	3.02 %		(9.44)%	18.93 %
Total Fund Balance Total	 2,920,105	 2,690,744	_	2,613,400	 2,878,953
% Change from prior year	8.52 %	2.96 %		(9.22)%	18.84 %

(a) This schedule reports using the modified accrual basis of accounting

Schedule 3: Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (Continued) June 30, 2024

 2020	2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 418 1,722 21,034	\$ 467 1,722 20,968	\$	450 1,722 28,191	\$ 440 1,722 24,334	\$ - 8,617 14,097	\$ - 8,617 18,549
\$ 23,174	\$ 23,157	\$	30,363	\$ 26,496	\$ 22,714	\$ 27,166
0.07 %	(23.73)%)	14.59 %	16.65 %	(16.39)%	(34.79)%

_	2,399,344 - -	2,519,954 8,939 -	2,418,820 2,078 -	2,382,746 - (1,780)	2,223,966 5,081 -	2,278,697 1,265 -
	2,399,344	2,528,893	2,420,898	2,380,966	2,229,047	2,279,962
	(5.12)%	4.46 %	1.68 %	6.82 %	(2.23)%	(1.32)%
=	2,422,518	2,552,050	2,451,261	2,407,462	2,251,761	2,307,128
	(5.08)%	4.11 %	1.82 %	6.91 %	(2.40)%	(1.91)%

Schedule 4: Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021
General Fund					
Revenue Fees Other interest Miscellaneous	\$	1,739 \$ 850 <u>11</u>	314 \$ 573 <u>392</u>	298 \$ 392 168	740 511 42
Total General Fund Revenue	\$	2,600 \$	1,279 \$	858 \$	1,293
% Change from prior year		103.28 %	49.07 %	(33.64)%	11.95 %
Expenditures Administrative Capital outlay Custodial fees		8,847 141 -	8,865 239 -	8,220 56 -	8,249 50 -
Total General Fund Expenditures		8,988	9,104	8,276	8,299
% Change from prior year		(1.27)%	10.00 %	(0.28)%	(3.42)%
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	;	(6,388)	(7,825)	(7,418)	(7,006)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		13,449 (192)	12,765 (5,680)	11,286 (150)	9,307 (67)
Total General Fund Other Financing Sources		13,257	7,085	11,136	9,240
Net Change in General Fund Balance	\$	6,869 \$	(740) \$	3,718 \$	2,234

(a) This schedule reports using the modified accrual basis of accounting

Schedule 4: Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 404 \$ 681 70	253 \$ 709 10	452 \$ 516 30	359 \$ 510	364 \$ 525 3	430 761
\$ 1,155 \$	972 \$	998 \$	869 \$	892 \$	1,191
 18.83 %	(2.61)%	14.84 %	(2.58)%	(25.10)%	(91.60)%
 8,506 87 -	7,780 54 6,731	8,002 137 9	7,917 257 5	8,054 487 -	8,021 353 -
 8,593	14,565	8,148	8,179	8,541	8,374
(41.00)%	78.76 %	(0.38)%	(4.24)%	1.99 %	45.89 %
(7,438)	(13,593)	(7,150)	(7,310)	(7,649)	(7,183)
 9,893 (2,438)	11,185 (4,798)			10,692 (7,495)	12,907 (20,218)
 7,455	6,387	11,017	11,092	3,197	(7,311)
\$ 17 \$	(7,206) \$	3,867 \$	3,782 \$	(4,452) \$	(14,494)

Schedule 4: Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022	2021
Permanent Fund				
Revenue				
Investment Revenue Interest Dividends Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value Other interest Mineral Royalties Rents Gain on sale of investment properties Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 70,924 \$ 40,779 184,079 2,467 59,404 26,870 - 3,344	72,457 \$ 35,122 23,335 1,264 77,518 25,216 - 1,130	61,091 \$ 37,320 (302,324) 1,224 70,969 29,442 - 7,681	59,034 34,973 412,706 356 41,236 22,241 - 2,203
Total Permanent Fund Revenue	\$ 387,867 \$	236,042 \$	<u>(94,597)</u>	572,749
% Change from prior year	64.32 %	349.52 %	(116.52)%	6,635.85 %
Expenditures Administrative Capital outlay Custodial fees Other	- 192 7,394 1,462	- 9,002 2,464	- 269 6,122 9,457	- 6,563 1,564
Apportionment to Beneficiaries Universities and colleges Public Schools Public buildings	 36,746 107,904 4,154	33,682 103,080 2,988	30,985 91,572 2,585	30,236 86,079 1,984
Total Permanent Fund Expenditures	 157,852	151,216	140,990	126,683
% Change from prior year	4.39 %	7.25 %	11.29 %	(4.64)%
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	230,015	84,826	(235,587)	446,066
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of grant land	 192 (13,449) 5,735	5,680 (12,765) 344	150 (11,286) <u>114</u>	67 (9,307) 17,374
Total Permanent Fund Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,522)	(6,741)	(11,022)	8,134
Net Change in Permanent Fund Balance	222,493	78,085	(246,609)	454,200
Net Change in Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 229,362 \$	77,345 \$	(242,891) \$	456,434

Schedule 4: Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	60,252 \$	61,188 \$	57,909 \$	55,461	\$ 54,377 \$	55,360
	38,427	36,757	35,599	36,302	36,681	34,099
	(146,096)	59,303	5,625	127,014	(75,916)	(76,024)
	965	1,535	1,200	983	1,415	1,197
	30,453	61,448	62,699	66,793	56,165	91,908
	22,170	20,696	20,258	19,441	18,922	16,032
	-	-	-	-	88	2,205
—	2,332	4,353	4,408	4,937	2,922	3,288
\$	8,503 \$	245,280 \$	187,698 \$	310,931	<u>\$ 94,654</u>	128,065
	(96.53)%	30.68 %	(39.63)%	228.49 %	(26.09)%	(69.46)%
	(00.00)/0	00.00 /0	(00.00)/0	220.10 /0	(20.00)/0	(00.10)/0
	-	-	136	-	-	-
	193	145	934	46	-	-
	6,374	-	-	7,035	7,459	8,453
	3,390	2,444	6,971	2,149	2,595	820
	30,804	31,206	32,628	35,862	31,604	32,716
	89,394	94,241	93,581	103,360	95,366	118,485
	2,691	3,542	3,185	4,364	5,348	5,388
	132,846	131,578	137,435	152,816	142,372	165,862
		,	,	,- ,-	,	-,
	0.96 %	(4.26)%	(10.07)%	7.34 %	(14.16)%	13.44 %
	(124,343)	113,702	50,263	158,115	(47,718)	(37,797)
	(124,343)	113,702	50,205	150,115	(47,710)	(37,797)
	2,438	4,852	-	-	7,495	20,218
	(9,893)	(11,185)	(11,017)	(11,092)	(10,692)	(12,907)
	2,251	680	685	4,896	-	-
	(5,204)	(5,653)	(10,332)	(6,196)	(3,197)	7,311
	(129,547)	108,049	39,931	151,919	(50,915)	(30,486)
					. ,	. ,
\$	(129,530) \$	100,843 \$	43,798 \$	155,701	<u>\$ (55,367)</u> <u>\$</u>	(44,980)

Schedule 5: Principal Royalty Payers Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

		2024		2023	2022		2021
Royalty Payor							
Devon Energy Production Company LP	\$	5,438,988	¢	5,044,399	\$ 2,074,312	¢	976,348
Ovintiv Exploration Inc.	Ψ	4,706,395	Ψ	10,291,984	10,173,030		1,708,590
Marathon Oil Co		3,257,825		769,561	2,998,254	1	793,677
Continental Resources Inc		2,705,233		4,087,088	4,267,872		3,116,834
Formentera Operations		2,048,836		-,007,000	-,201,012	,	-
Mewbourne Oil Co		1,826,262		3,752,013	1,109,265		365,711
BCE-MACH LLC Operating		1,603,837		2,896,538	2,645,145	1	1,551,400
Citizen Energy III, LLC		1,412,710		3,273,079	3,205,822		2,204,130
Sandridge E&P, Llc.		1,276,144		782,442	950,382	-	542,217
DP Legacy Tapstone Energy LLC		1,010,586		1,644,058	1,752,614		-
Unbridled Resources LLC		972,814		1,367,159	-		-
XTO Energy Inc.		892,247		1,381,903	1,372,310		820,029
Presidio Petroleum LLC		635,239		1,284,426	1,182,475		-
Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, Llc		488,924		605,992	673,106		393,190
Eog Resources		234,876		340,097	665,204		695,708
Revolution Resources LLC		117,645		985,507	1,697,150		836,604
Kaiser Francis Oil Co		100,591		314,811	246,655		226,616
Unit Petroleum Co		97,777		-	381,650		207,699
Scissor Tail Energy, Llc		12,281		98,050	94,088		46,175
Chesapeake Operating Inc.		-		-	102		387,416
Newfield Exploration Mid-Cont.		-		-	-		-
Apache Corporation		-		-	-		-
Cimarex Energy Company		-		661,357	1,081,712		806,062
Sunoco, Inc. (R&M)		-		1,145	-		30,237
Fourpoint Energy Llc		-		389,565	-		317,577
White Star Petroleum, Llc		-		-	-		-
Chaparral Energy Llc		-		-	-		613,381
Anadarko Petroleum Corp		-		-	-		-
Alta Mesa Resources Inc		-		-	-		-
Encana Corporation		-		-	-		260,465
Conocophillips Company		-		385,331	545,129		422,998
Midstates Petroleum Company Llc		-		-	-		-
Linn Operating, Inc.		-		-	-		38,592
Jones Energy, Ltd.		-		-	-		-
Le Norman Operating Llc		-		-	-		14,146
Equal Energy Us Inc		-		-	-		-
BP America Production Company		-		52			1,766
Total	\$	28,839,210	\$	40,356,557	\$ 37,116,277	<u>\$ 17</u>	7,377,568

Schedule 5: Net Position - Principal Royalty Payers
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
June 30, 2024

 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	. —	2015	_	Total
\$ 1,684,669	\$ 2,630,664	\$ 879,303	\$ 1,260,175	\$ 3,081,055	\$	6,694,635	\$	29,764,548
-	-	-	-	-		-		26,879,999
761,937	2,548,283	1,328,766	779,071	87,891		316,467		13,641,732
2,191,307	2,358,904	1,312,212	283,638	118,220		301,585		20,742,893
-	-	-	-	-		-		2,048,836
263,148	430,465	424,180	563,319	853,304		2,153,785		11,741,452
1,128,749	-	-	-	-		-		9,825,669
-	-	-	-	-		-		10,095,741
1,192,657	1,259,510	1,430,733	1,806,892	2,219,768		6,267,554		17,728,299
-	-	-	-	-		-		4,407,258
-	-	-	-	-		-		2,339,973
518,946	1,035,479	1,170,435	1,223,765	1,030,299		2,648,352		12,093,765
-	-	-	-	-		-		3,102,140
520,095	369,965	400,789	471,584	480,050		1,491,030		5,894,725
514,978	534,651	207,782	214,449	291,181		684,111		4,383,037
240,818	-	-	-	-		-		3,877,724
191,573	384,999	675,803	443,608	210,000		415,507		3,210,163
390,448	581,312	491,590	449,962	526,520		2,229,537		5,356,495
34,943	74,434	71,070	83,863	59,163		893,239		1,467,306
1,281,086	1,968,638	2,967,645	3,275,216	4,994,782		9,710,701		24,585,586
-	4,710,778	3,571,296	2,450,731	1,252,904		964,520		12,950,229
330,748	1,711,445	1,051,109	1,088,220	1,275,489		4,476,445		9,933,456
906,569	2,221,451	1,748,700	1,079,279	395,346		819,156		9,719,632
1,093,719	1,502,987	1,451,702	1,414,977	1,380,279		2,501,924		9,376,970
1,761,287	1,514,436	2,172,092	630,922	212,836		-		6,998,715
1,115,778	1,500,403	1,155,530	955,335	57,212		-		4,784,258
951,716	818,913	606,928	303,156	348,052		905,789		4,547,935
-	-	-	-	-		4,457,169		4,457,169
1,397,196	2,081,797	505,277	407,959	503		914		4,393,646
4,116,886	-	-	-	-		-		4,377,351
260,968	400,256	459,489	541,377	498,911		770,049		4,284,508
87,112	958,519	669,811	1,069,436	784,700		687,477		4,257,055
586,671	311,877	1,098,349	401,858	373,893		1,204,055		4,015,295
651,231	1,222,755	1,207,197	163,212	194,265		472,891		3,911,551
147,094	477,703	419,897	343,638	921,351		807,442		3,131,271
-	536,794	657,832	669,628	814,832		262,299		2,941,385
 562,636	 1,012,900	 759,090	 731,712	 429,542		744,337		927,299
\$ 24,884,965	\$ 35,160,318	\$ 28,894,607	\$ 23,106,982	\$ 22,892,348	\$	52,880,970	\$	308,195,066

Schedule 6: Portfolio Income Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) June 30, 2024

	2024	 2023	 2022		2021
Interest	\$ 70,924	\$ 72,457	\$ 61,091	5	59,034
Dividends	40,779	35,122	37,320		34,973
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	 184,079	 23,335	 (302,324)		412,706
Total	\$ 295,782	\$ 130,914	\$ (203,913)	\$	506,713

Schedule 6: Portfolio Income Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (Continued) June 30, 2024

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 60,252 \$	61,188	\$ 57,909	\$ 55,461	\$ 54,377	\$ 55,360
38,427	36,757	35,599	36,302	36,681	34,099
 (146,096)	59,303	5,626	127,014	(75,916)	(76,024)
\$ (47,417) \$	157,248	\$ 99,134	<u>\$ 218,777</u>	<u>\$ 15,142</u>	\$ 13,435

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Schedule 7: Investment Portfolio Rate of Return Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	Fixed		International			
	Income	U.S. Equity	Equity	MLP's	U.S. REIT's	Total
2024	7.17	15.73	12.40	35.56	8.08	10.67
2023	2.58	11.64	12.52	21.96	-0.65	5.96
2022	-10.97	-5.74	-14.24	12.13	-5.15	-8.49
2021	7.69	45.22	37.15	55.45	37.84	21.68
2020	5.46	-5.92	-7.21	-36.97	-9.17	-2.29
2019	7.98	4.45	0.56	2	11.28	5.99
2018	0.99	11.11	7.06	-1	5.20	3.71
2017	5.20	20.56	20.14	3	-2.96	9.25
2016	4.66	-0.51	-8.25	-17	26.00	0.74
2015	1.71	4.66	-3.03	-11.06	5.48	0.14

Schedule 8: Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years June 30, 2024

		Populat (in thou		ncome (a) Ilions)		
Year	U.S.	Change from Prior Period	State of Oklahoma	Change from Prior Period	U.S.	State of Oklahoma
2023	334,915	0.49 %	4,054	0.85 %	\$ 23,380,269	\$ 245,439
2022	333,288	0.42 %	4,020	0.83 %	21,820,248	226,308
2021	331,894	0.13 %	3,987	0.71 %	21,288,709	214,761
2020	331,449	0.98 %	3,959	0.05 %	19,627,600	196,603
2019	328,240	0.33 %	3,957	0.36 %	18,470,546	186,544
2018	327,167	0.44 %	3,943	0.31 %	17,738,973	182,302
2017	325,719	0.80 %	3,931	0.18 %	16,817,988	170,791
2016	323,128	0.53 %	3,924	0.33 %	16,057,871	167,503
2015	321,419	0.80 %	3,911	0.85 %	15,663,418	178,250
2014	318,857	0.86 %	3,878	0.70 %	\$ 14,882,521	\$ 167,292

(a) source U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis as adjusted

(b) source Oklahoma Employment Security Commission

NOTE: The information above is the latest available at the date of publication

Schedule 8: Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (Continued) June 30, 2024

 Per Ca	pita Personal I	Income	Civ	ilian Labor For	ce (b)
		Oklahoma as			
	State of	a Percentage			Unemployment
 U.S.	Oklahoma	of U.S.	Employed	Unemployed	Rate
\$ 69,810	\$ 60,545	86.73 %	1,924,037	68,646	3.44 %
65,470	56,298	85.99 %	1,830,061	56,979	3.02 %
64,143	53,870	83.98 %	1,785,703	74,634	4.01 %
52,800	52,295	99.04 %	1,725,318	116,031	6.30 %
56,490	47,341	83.80 %	1,782,411	57,812	3.14 %
54,446	46,233	84.92 %	1,771,251	60,005	3.28 %
50,392	43,449	86.22 %	1,752,733	73,539	4.03 %
49,246	42,692	86.69 %	1,743,225	84,830	4.64 %
48,112	45,573	94.72 %	1,750,501	78,545	4.29 %
\$ 46,129	\$ 43,138	93.52 %	1,719,826	77,943	4.34 %

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Schedule 9: State of Oklahoma Major Employers - Non-Governmental June 30, 2024

Non-Governmental Major Employers 2014	Non-Governmental Major Employers 2023	Employment 2023	Percenta of Total S Employm 2023	tate
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	38,500	1.90	%
Integris Health, Inc.	Amazon	15,000	0.75	%
Saint Francis Hospital, Inc.	Integris Health, Inc.	11,500	0.58	%
Saint John Medical Center, Inc.	Hobby Lobby Stores Inc	8,300	0.42	%
American Airlines, Inc.	Saint Francis Hospital, Inc.	8,300	0.42	%
W.H. Braum, Inc.	Chickasaw Nation	6,500	0.33	%
Hobby Lobby Stores	Mercy Health	6,200	0.31	%
Express Employment Professionals	Braum's Inc.	6,000	0.30	%
Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.	Choctaw Nation	6,000	0.30	%
Chesapeake Energy Corporation	Dollar General	4,900	0.25	%

Source: Oklahoma Department of Commerce

NOTE: The information above is the latest available at the date of publication

Schedule 10: Full Time Equivalents (FTE's) by Division June 30, 2024

Divisions	2024	2023	2022	2021
Administration	10	10	11	7
Records Management	-	-	-	3
Real Estate Management	15	15	15	14
Soil Conservation	-	-	-	-
Commercial Real Estate	3	3	4	3
Financial Services	10	10	11	11
Minerals Management	5	5	7	8
Royalty Compliance	4	5	5	7
Legal	6	6	6	5
Information Technology	5	5	5	5
Total	58	59	64	63

Source: FY15-Current Used BWP Salary Worksheet Information

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
8	8	6	6	6	7
3	4	4	3	3	2
14	12	14	14	14	14
-	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3
10	11	11	12	12	11
8	8	8	8	8	9
7	7	8	8	8	8
5	4	5	5	5	4
5	5	5	5	5	4
63	64	66	66	66	64

Schedule 10: Full Time Equivalents (FTE's) by Division (Continued) June 30, 2024

Schedule 11: Surface Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Alfalfa	7,978	7,978	7,497	7,497
Beaver	24,279	24,279	24,279	28,239
Beckham	7,219	7,219	7,219	7,219
Blaine	6,267	6,267	6,267	6,267
Caddo	9,651	9,651	9,651	9,651
Canadian	3,495	3,494	3,494	3,495
Cimarron	233,666	233,666	233,669	233,669
Cleveland	5,276	5,276	5,276	5,276
Comanche	29,491	29,490	29,623	29,493
Cotton	14,268	14,268	14,268	14,268
Custer	3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042
Dewey	6,685	6,685	6,685	6,686
Ellis	23,811	23,811	23,813	23,813
Garfield	10,054	10,054	10,051	10,054
Garvin	160	160	160	160
Grady	4,431	4,431	4,431	4,431
Grant	6,467	6,367	6,367	6,367
Greer	8,475	8,475	8,475	8,475
Harmon	3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029
Harper	25,883	25,883	25,882	25,882
Jackson	6,576	6,576	6,576	6,576
Jefferson	4,644	4,644	4,644	4,644
Kay	34,168	34,171	34,171	34,171
Kingfisher	7,037	7,037	7,037	7,037
Kiowa	24,131	24,131	24,131	24,131
Lincoln	28,537	29,175	29,332	29,353
Logan	9,299	9,301	9,297	9,295
Major	7,483	7,483	7,483	7,483
Marshall	-	-	-	-
McClain	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549
McCurtain	240	240	240	240
Noble	10,239	10,239	10,239	10,239
Oklahoma	3,683	3,677	3,972	4,024
Pawnee	24,756	24,755	24,756	24,756
Payne	22,357	22,357	22,358	22,361
Pottawatomie	17,241	17,252	17,269	17,267
Roger Mills	8,173	8,173	8,173	8,173
Stephens	8,334	8,334	8,334	8,334
Texas	42,125	41,485	41,445	41,445
Tillman	9,618	9,618	9,618	9,618
Tulsa	7	7	7	7
Washita	6,914	6,914	6,914	6,914
Woods	5,561	5,561	5,561	5,561
Woodward	19,283	19,283	19,283	19,283
Total	735,582	735,487	735,567	739,474

Schedule 11: Surface Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) June 30, 2024

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
7,497	8,452	8,452	8,452	8,452	8,452
28,239	28,239	28,239	28,239	28,120	28,120
7,219	7,219	7,218	7,218	7,217	7,217
6,267	6,267	6,295	6,290	6,284	6,281
9,641	9,641	9,641	9,641	9,641	9,641
3,360	3,459	3,459	3,459	3,360	3,360
233,671	233,671	234,365	233,730	233,625	229,605
5,275	5,275	5,276	5,275	5,275	5,220
29,508	29,902	29,901	29,992	29,179	28,900
14,268	14,270	14,270	14,270	14,270	14,270
3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042	2,740
6,686	6,686	6,916	6,916	6,921	6,916
23,813	23,813	23,813	23,813	23,973	23,813
10,054	10,369	10,057	10,057	10,057	10,057
162	162	162	162	162	162
4,437	4,437	4,431	4,431	4,431	4,431
6,367	6,367	6,369	6,376	6,368	6,375
8,475	9,081	9,081	9,081	9,081	9,081
3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029
25,882	25,882	26,082	26,082	26,082	26,082
6,436	6,436	6,436	6,436	6,256	6,256
4,644	4,643	4,643	4,643	4,643	4,643
34,178	34,178	34,178	34,178	34,178	33,987
7,037	7,037	7,196	7,196	6,739	6,739
24,131	24,131	24,131	24,131	24,131	24,131
29,349	29,827	29,826	29,827	29,824	29,278
9,284	9,277	9,277	9,277	9,279	9,279
7,483	7,487	7,518	7,518	7,678	7,678
-	-	-	750	750	750
1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549
240	240	240	240	240	240
10,239	10,239	10,239	10,239	10,191	10,191
4,659	4,655	4,785	4,783	4,760	4,060
24,758	24,758	24,759	24,761	24,761	24,761
22,360	22,360	22,360	22,360	22,360	22,360
17,266	17,409	17,289	17,311	17,245	17,083
8,173	8,173	8,151	8,151	8,151	8,312
8,334	8,333	8,333	8,333	8,333	8,333
41,445	41,921	41,445	41,763	41,122	40,802
9,778 -	9,778 -	9,778 -	9,778 -	9,778 -	9,778
6,914	6,916	6,916	7,682	6,911	6,911
5,561	5,561	5,921	5,921	5,921	5,785
19,283	19,366	19,042	19,042	19,122	18,608
739,993	743,537	744,110	745,424	742,491	735,266

Schedule 12: Net Mineral Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Adair	10,017	10,017	10,017	10,017
Alfalfa	10,218	10,218	10,218	10,218
Atoka	17,264	17,287	17,287	17,287
Beaver	54,773	54,773	54,773	54,773
Beckham	20,229	20,229	20,229	20,229
Blaine	8,635	8,635	8,635	8,629
Bryan	19,412	19,422	19,422	19,422
Caddo	13,442	13,442	13,442	13,442
Canadian	7,157	7,157	7,157	7,157
Carter	1,229	1,229	1,229	1,229
Cherokee	7,135	7,135	7,135	7,135
Choctaw	10,007	10,007	10,007	10,007
Cimarron	275,020	275,020	275,020	275,020
Cleveland	8,395	8,395	8,395	8,395
Coal	3,502	3,502	3,502	3,502
Comanche	34,992	34,992	34,992	34,992
Cotton	15,883	15,883	15,883	15,883
Craig	17,268	17,268	17,268	17,268
Creek	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293
Custer	8,761	8,763	8,763	8,731
Delaware	12,732	12,732	12,732	12,732
Dewey	10,921	10,905	10,905	10,905
Ellis	34,454	34,454	34,479	34,438
Garfield	11,488	11,488	11,488	11,488
Garvin	4,144	4,144	4,144	4,144
Grady	7,769	7,769	7,769	7,769
Grant	6,795	6,795	6,795	6,795
Greer	14,868	14,868	14,868	14,868
Harmon	4,743	4,743	4,743	4,743
Harper	30,746	30,746	30,746	30,746
Haskell	6,495	6,495	6,495	6,495
Hughes	1,447	1,447	1,447	1,447
Jackson	8,902	8,902	8,902	8,902
Jefferson	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Johnston	5,488	5,488	5,488	5,488
Kay	38,467	38,467	38,467	38,467
Kingfisher	7,742	7,742	7,742	7,742
Kiowa	25,988	25,988	25,988	25,988
Latimer	6,082	6,082	6,082	6,082
Leflore	5,942	5,942	5,942	5,942
Lincoln	31,589	31,589	31,589	31,589
Logan	11,015	11,015	11,015	11,015
Love	1,168	1,168	1,168	1,168
Major	11,206	11,246	11,246	11,246
Marshall	7,438	7,438	7,438	7,438
Mayes	6,655	6,655	6,655	6,655
McClain	3,054	3,054	3,054	3,054
McCurtain	21,290	21,290	21,290	21,290
moontain	21,200	21,200	21,200	21,200

Schedule 12: Net Mineral Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) June 30, 2024

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
10,017	10,017	10,017	10,017	10,017	10,017
10,218	10,218	10,218	10,218	10,218	10,218
17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,193	17,193
54,773	54,773	54,773	54,773	54,773	54,773
20,229	20,229	20,229	20,229	20,229	20,229
8,629	8,643	8,639	8,639	8,583	8,583
19,422	19,422	19,422	19,422	19,422	19,382
13,442	13,442	13,442	13,442	13,442	13,442
7,157	7,157	7,177	7,199	7,181	7,181
1,229	1,229	1,236	1,236	1,236	1,236
	7,135				
7,135		7,135	7,135	7,135	7,135
10,007	10,007	10,007	10,007	10,007	10,007
275,020	275,020	275,020	275,020	275,020	275,020
8,395	8,395	8,395	8,395	8,395	8,395
3,502	3,502	3,502	3,502	3,502	3,502
34,992	34,992	34,992	34,992	34,992	34,992
15,883	15,883	15,883	15,883	15,883	15,883
17,268	17,268	17,268	17,268	17,268	17,268
3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293
8,731	8,731	8,731	8,731	8,731	8,731
12,732	12,732	12,732	12,732	12,732	12,732
10,905	10,905	10,905	10,953	10,950	10,882
34,438	34,438	34,471	34,471	34,471	34,471
11,488	11,488	11,808	11,808	11,808	11,808
4,144	4,144	4,144	4,143	4,143	4,143
7,769	7,769	7,769	7,769	7,719	7,719
6,795	6,795	6,795	6,795	6,795	6,795
14,868	14,868	14,868	14,868	14,868	14,868
4,743	4,743	4,743	4,743	4,743	4,743
30,746	30,746	30,746	30,746	30,746	30,746
6,495	6,495	6,495	6,495	6,495	6,495
1,469	1,469	1,447	1,487	1,487	1,487
8,902	8,902	8,902	8,902	8,902	8,902
5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
5,488	5,488	5,488	5,488	5,488	5,488
38,467	38,467	38,467	38,467	38,467	38,467
7,742	7,742	7,742	7,742	7,742	7,742
25,988	25,988	25,988	25,988	25,988	25,988
6,082	6,082	6,082	6,082	6,082	6,082
5,942	5,942	5,942	5,942	5,942	5,942
31,589	31,589	31,589	31,589	31,589	31,589
11,015	11,015	11,015	11,015	11,015	11,015
1,168	1,168	1,168	1,168	1,168	1,168
11,246	11,246	11,246	11,274	11,104	11,104
7,438	7,438	7,438	7,438	7,438	7,438
6,655	6,655	6,655	6,655	6,655	6,655
3,054	3,054	3,054	3,174	3,174	3,174
21,290	21,290	21,290	21,290	21,290	21,290

Schedule 12: Net Mineral Acres Owned by County Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021
McIntosh	1,602	1,602	1,602	1,602
Murray	1,479	1,479	1,479	1,479
Muskogee	2,981	2,981	2,981	2,981
Noble	13,034	13,034	13,034	13,034
Nowata	3,337	3,337	3,337	3,337
Okfuskee	353	353	353	353
Oklahoma	9,753	9,753	9,753	9,753
Okmulgee	1,739	1,739	1,739	1,739
Ottawa	1,759	1,759	1,759	1,759
Pawnee	29,073	29,073	29,073	29,073
Payne	32,772	32,772	32,772	32,772
Pittsburg	8,317	8,317	8,317	8,317
Pontotoc	1,459	1,459	1,459	1,459
Pottawatomie	21,678	21,678	21,678	21,678
Pushmataha	12,212	12,212	12,212	12,212
Roger Mills	24,881	24,881	24,856	24,856
Rogers	8,587	8,587	8,587	8,587
Seminole	18	18	18	18
Sequoyah	3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042
Stephens	7,849	7,849	7,849	7,849
Texas	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542
Tillman	10,357	10,357	10,357	10,357
Tulsa	1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224
Wagoner	4,109	4,109	4,109	4,109
Washington	700	700	700	700
Washita	14,666	14,666	14,666	14,666
Woods	11,792	11,792	11,792	11,792
Woodward	31,067	31,067	31,067	31,067
Total	1,205,642	1,205,701	1,205,701	1,205,622

Schedule 12: Net Mineral Acres Owned by County
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
June 30, 2024

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
1,602	1,602	1,602	1,602	1,602	1,602
1,479	1,479	1,479	1,479	1,479	1,479
2,981	2,981	2,981	2,981	2,981	2,981
13,034	13,034	13,034	13,034	13,034	13,034
3,337	3,337	3,337	3,337	3,337	3,337
353	353	353	353	353	353
9,753	9,753	9,753	9,753	9,753	9,748
1,739	1,739	1,739	1,739	1,739	1,739
1,759	1,759	1,759	1,759	1,741	1,723
29,073	29,073	29,073	29,073	29,073	29,073
32,772	32,772	32,772	32,772	32,772	32,772
8,294	8,294	8,308	8,308	8,308	8,308
1,459	1,459	1,459	1,459	1,459	1,459
21,678	21,678	21,678	21,678	21,678	21,678
12,212	12,212	12,212	12,212	12,212	12,212
24,856	24,856	24,857	24,857	24,857	24,857
8,587	8,587	8,587	8,587	8,587	8,587
18	18	18	18	18	18
3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042	3,042
7,849	7,849	7,846	7,846	7,846	7,846
55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542
10,357	10,357	10,357	10,357	10,357	10,357
1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224
4,109	4,109	4,109	4,109	4,109	4,109
700	700	700	700	700	700
14,666	14,666	14,666	14,666	14,666	14,666
11,792	11,792	11,792	11,792	11,792	11,792
31,067	31,067	31,049	31,049	31,049	31,078
1,205,550	1,205,564	1,205,912	1,206,169	1,205,831	1,205,729

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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Commissioners of the Land Office State of Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Commissioners of the Land Office, State of Oklahoma (Agency), an agency of the State of Oklahoma, which comprise the Agency's statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and the related statements of activities, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control with a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control with severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 20, 2024 This page intentionally left blank

Commissioners of the Land Office, State of Oklahoma 204 N. Robinson, Suite 900 Oklahoma City, OK 73102