### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

### COPAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2017** 



#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4 WASHINGTON COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4 WASHINGTON COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

President Ryan Shane Cameron

Vice-President Julie Jennings

Clerk Dana Trimble

Member Mike Carver

Member Adam Hunt

#### SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Chris Smith

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Cheryl Askew



### JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Copan School District No. I-004 Copan, Oklahoma 74022-0429

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Copan School District No. I-004, Copan, Oklahoma (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our modified audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Copan School District No. I-004, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the previous paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the

United States of America, the financial position of the Copan School District No. I-004, Washington County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2017, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, of each fund type, for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 28, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Jenkons & Kumper, CRAS P.C.

February 28, 2018

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REG	ULATORY BASIS

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2017

<u>ASSETS</u>	G	ENERAL	GOVERNMENT SPECIAL REVENUE	AL FUND TYPES DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Cash	\$	419,914	110,898	30,783	7,924	43,278		612,797
Amounts available in debt service Amounts to be provided for retirement of					1000		4,437	4,437
general long-term debt							435,563	435,563
Total Assets		419,914	110,898	30,783	7,924	43,278	440,000	1,052,797
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>S</u>							
Liabilities								
Warrants payable		45,778	1,940					47,718
Encumbrances		2,136	160					2,296
Funds held for school organizations						43,278		43,278
Unmatured obligations				26,346				26,346
Long-term debt:								
Bonds payable							440,000	440,000
Total liabilities		47,914	2,100	26,346		43,278	440,000	559,638
Fund balances								
Restricted for:								
Capital projects					7,924			7,924
Debt service				4,437				4,437
Child nutrition			8,322					8,322
Building			100,476					100,476
Unassigned		372,000						372,000
Total fund balances		372,000	108,798	4,437	7,924	(E)	Y	493,159
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	419,914	110,898	30,783	7,924	43,278	440,000	1,052,797

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2017

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL	TOTALS		
Revenues	GENERAL	REVENUE	SERVICE	PROJECTS	(MEMO ONLY)		
Local sources	\$ 603,437	83,063	150,254		836,754		
Intermediate sources	50,517	00,000	100,204		50,517		
State sources	875,372	949			876,321		
Federal sources	147,034	68,135			215,169		
Non-revenue receipts	342	14,879			15,221		
Total revenues	1,676,702	167,026	150,254		1,993,982		
Total levelides	1,070,702	107,020	100,204		1,555,562		
Expenditures							
Instruction	999,258				999,258		
Support services	787,671	91,209			878,880		
Operation of non-instructional services	12,098	88,959			101,057		
Other outlays	342				342		
Debt service			170,555		170,555		
Total expenditures	1,799,369	180,168	170,555		2,150,092		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(122,667)	(13,142)	(20,301)		(156,110)		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Bank fees	(400)				(400)		
Estopped warrants	10				10		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(390)				(390)		
Decrees and other courses ever (under)							
Revenue and other sources over (under)	(400.057)	(40.440)	(00.204)		(450 500)		
expenditures and other uses	(123,057)	(13,142)	(20,301)	-	(156,500)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	495,057	121,940	24,738_	7,924	649,659		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 372,000	108,798	4,437	7,924	493,159		
Personal Control of the Control of t							

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND					
		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	523,169	523,169	603,437		
Intermediate sources		49,461	49,461	50,517		
State sources		942,328	942,328	875,372		
Federal sources		111,043	111,043	147,034		
Non-revenue receipts		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		342		
Total revenues		1,626,001	1,626,001	1,676,702		
Expenditures						
Instruction		1,499,256	1,499,256	999,258		
Support services		571,008	571,008	787,671		
Operation of non-instructional services		32,481	32,481	12,098		
Facilities, acquisition and const. services		3,678	3,678			
Other outlays		14,635	14,635	342		
Total expenditures		2,121,058	2,121,058	1,799,369		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(495,057)	(495,057	(122,667)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Bank fees				(400)		
Estopped warrants				10		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(390)		
Revenue and other sources over (under)						
expenditures and other uses		(495,057)	(495,057	(123,057)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	3	495,057	495,057	495,057		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	-		372,000		
The second secon						

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	74,698	74,698	83,063	
State sources		977	977	949	
Federal sources		63,863	63,863	68,135	
Non-revenue receipts		15,876	15,876	14,879	
Total revenues		155,414	155,414	167,026	
Expenditures					
Support services		183,320	183,320	91,209	
Operation of non-instructional services		88,959	88,959	88,959	
Non-categorical		5,075	5,075	-	
Total expenditures		277,354	277,354	180,168	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(121,940)	(121,940)	(13,142)	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		121,940	121,940	121,940	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	<del>2</del> /	<u></u>	108,798	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	DEBT SERVICE FUND					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	145,817	145,817	150,254		
Total revenues		145,817	145,817	150,254		
Expenditures Other outlays Debt service		170,555	170,555	170,555		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(24,738)	(24,738)	(20,301)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		24,738	24,738	24,738		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	. <del>=</del>	<b>-</b> 2	4,437		

### NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Copan Public Schools Independent District No. I-4 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> - Expendable trust funds include the gifts fund, medical insurance fund, worker's compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund.

<u>Gifts Fund</u> - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The worker's compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for worker's compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Group**

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – contd.

recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

#### E. Assets. Liabilities and Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest-bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2017 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – contd.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> - Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### *F. Revenue and Expenditures-* contd.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence.

Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers between funds during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2017, the District held deposits of approximately \$612,797 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

#### Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

The District did not have any outstanding investments as of June 30, 2017.

#### 3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of bonds payable. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Bonds	
	Payable	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$ 600,000	600,000
Additions	€.	( <del>-</del>
Retirements	160,000	160,000
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 440,000	440,000

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2017 is set forth below:

	Amount outstanding
General Obligation Bonds Building Bonds, Series 2014, original issue \$385,000 interest rate of 2.56-3.37%, initial installment of \$25,000 due 6-1-16, annual installments of \$120,000 beginning 6-1-17, final payment due 6-1-19;	\$ 240,000
Building Bonds, Series 2012, original issue \$350,000 interest rate of 1.25-4.75%, due in annual installments of \$40,000 beginning 5-1-14, final payment due 5-1-22;	200,000
Totals	\$ <u>440,000</u>

#### 3. **General Long-term Debt** – contd.

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Principal	T	
	Interest	Total
\$ 160,000	11,952	171,952
160,000	7,544	167,544
40,000	2,700	42,700
40,000	1,850	41,850
40,000	950	40,950
\$ 440,000	24,996	464,996
	160,000 40,000 40,000 40,000	160,000 7,544 40,000 2,700 40,000 1,850 40,000 950

There was \$15,936 interest paid on long-term debt incurred during the current year.

#### 4. Employee Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated

#### 4. Employee Retirement System – contd.

Basis of Accounting - contd.

pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employees who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the financial statements. The amount of calculated net pension liability for the District at June 30, 2016 (latest information available) was \$2,284,922.

#### Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$113,181, \$116,318, and \$107,379 respectively.

#### 5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public official's liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

ОТН	ER SUPP BASIS -			- REGULA TEMENTS	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Cash Total assets	\$ 102,576 102,576	8,322 8,322	110,898 110,898
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Warrants payable	1,940		1,940
Encumbrances	160		160
Total liabilities	2,100		2,100
Fund balances			
Restricted	100,476	8,322	108,798
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 102,576	8,322	110,898

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	83,063		83,063
State sources			949	949
Federal sources			68,135	68,135
Non-revenue receipts			14,879	14,879
Total revenues		83,063	83,963	167,026
Expenditures Support services Operation of non-instructional services		91,209	88,959	91,209 88,959
Total expenditures		91,209	88,959	180,168
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(8,146)	(4,996)	(13,142)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	-	108,622	13,318	121,940
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	100,476	8,322	108,798

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILDING FUND			CHII	LD NUTRITION FU	JND
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 74,698	74,698	83,063			
State sources				977	977	949
Federal sources				63,863	63,863	68,135
Non-revenue receipts				15,876	15,876	14,879
Total revenues	74,698	74,698	83,063	80,716	80,716	83,963
			W-1			
Expenditures						
Support services	183,320	183,320	91,209			
Operation of non-instructional services				88,959	88,959	88,959
Non-categorical				5,075	5,075	
Total expenditures	183,320	183,320	91,209	94,034	94,034	88,959
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(108,622)	(108,622)	(8,146)	(13,318)	(13,318)	(4,996)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	108,622	108,622	108,622	13,318	13,318	13,318
			,		to II	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ -		100,476	. <del></del>	(E)	8,322

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	31		32	
	BUILDING		TRANS.	TOTALS
	BON	D FUND	BOND FUND	(MEMO ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$	7,579	345	7,924
Total assets		7,579	345	7,924
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances				
Restricted		7,579	345	7,924
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,579	345_	7,924

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balan July 1, 2		Net ons Transfers	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017	
Assets	July 1, 2	2010 Addit	Olis Transicis	Detetions	June 30, 2017	
Cash	\$ 43,	509 153,8	88	154,119	43,278	
Liabilities						
Funds held for student organizations						
Annual	\$	435 7,8	02	6,592	1,645	
Athletics	1.70	152 69,8		63,750	17,359	
Cafeteria	11,	- 14,9		14,960	17,000	
Cheerleaders		717 7,0		3,218	4,500	
FFA		787 36,4		43,863	6,391	
Grade Sales		307 3,8		7,756	1,250	
Library		611 3,2		3,348	497	
Misc			17	1,115	756	
Scholarship		268 1,3		1,000	5,664	
Student Council	٥,	44	-	1,000	44	
National Honor Society			27	863	24	
Art		492	- 844	942	394	
Service Club		350	- 044	342	350	
Class of 2016		844	- (844)		330	
Class of 2017			56	2,011	56	
Class of 2017	1,	4 4,6		3,093	1,610	
Pre-K		25	33	3,093	25	
Class of 2019			26		126	
		175	20		175	
Jack McGlathery Memorial Fund		346			346	
Terry Bryan Memorial Fund Drumline	4		53	785	495	
	L,			823		
Beta Club		2,3		023	1,571	
Total Liabilities	\$ 43.	509 153,8	88 -	154,119	43,278	
	<del>+ 10</del> ,					

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Grantor's Project Number	Program or Award <u>Amount</u>	Beginning Balance 7/1/2016	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Ending Balance 6/30/2017
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title VII-Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	\$ 13,494		13,494	13,494	
Title VI-Small, Rural School Ach. Program	84.358A	588	23,588		23,588	23,588	-
Subtotal - Direct Programs			37,082		37,082	37,082	
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	56,949		56,114	56,114	
Title II-Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367	541	7,970		7,955	7,955	
Title II-Part A 2015-16	84.367	799	7,070	(574)	574	7,000	
Title VI-Rural and Low Income	84.358	587	275	(374)	275	275	
Special Education Cluster:	01.000	007	2,0		210	2,70	
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	42,697		41,939	41,939	
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	2,036		1,963	1,963	
Subtotal - Special Education Program (Cluster)	944 44 9	0,,	44,733		43,902	43,902	
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Education			\$ 109,927	(574)	108,820	108,246	(*)
The state of the s							
U.S. Department of Agriculture:  Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Cash Assistance:							
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763		17,193	51,159	62,681	5,671
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764			16,976	10,212	6,764
Cash Assistance Subtotal				17,193	68,135	72,893	12,435
Passed Through State Department of Human Services:							
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A		47.400	7,173	7,173	40.465
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)				17,193	75,308	80,066	12,435

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Pass-through					
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning	_		Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	CFDA	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	<u>Amount</u>	7/1/2016	Collected	<b>Expenditures</b>	6/30/2017
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	\$ 2,200		1,026	1,799	(773)
Johnson O'Malley 2015-16	15.130	799		(106)	106		
Subtotal - Other Federal Assistance			2,200	(106)	1,132	1,799	(773)
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 149,209	16,513	222,342	227,193	11,662

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$7,173 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount. These commodities are reported at fair market value.

Note 2 - There were no amounts passed to subrecipients.

Note 3 - Grantor provides adequate insurance coverage against loss on assets purchased with Federal Awards.

Note 4 - The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance. The District has also elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND <u>NUMBER</u>	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Old Republic Surety Co.	Superintendent	LLI2007744	\$100,000	7/1/16-7/1/17
	Treasurer	LL12007744	\$200,000	7/1/16-7/1/17
	Encumbrance Clerk	LLI2007744	\$10,000	7/1/16-7/1/17
	Activity Fund Custodian	LLI2007744	\$10,000	7/1/16-7/1/17
	Minutes Clerk	LLI2007744	\$10,000	7/1/16-7/1/17
	Payroll Clerk	LLI2007744	\$10,000	7/1/16-7/1/17



### JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Copan School District No. I-004 Copan, Oklahoma 74022-0429

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis as listed in the Table of Contents, of Copan School District No. I-004, Copan, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2018. This report was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, there was one (1) immaterial observation included in a separate letter to management.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Jenkons & Kumper, CPAs P.C.

February 28, 2018

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2016 TO JUNE 30, 2017

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None.

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2016 TO JUNE 30, 2017

There were no material instances of non-compliance in the prior fiscal year.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, WASHINGTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2016 TO JUNE 30, 2017

State of Oklahoma ) County of Tulsa )
The undersigned auditing firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, say that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance is accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Copan School District for the audit year 2016-17.
Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C.  AUDITING FIRM  BY  AUTHORIZED AGENT
Subscribed and sworn to before me on this day of, Murch, 20_18



## Joy Hofmeister State Superintendent of Public Instruction Oklahoma State Department of Education 2500 North Lincoln Boulevard, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-4599

#### AUDIT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

District Name C	opan Public School	District Number I-4				
County Name W	Vashington	County Code 74				
Audit Year: 2016-2017						
The annual indep	endent audit for the	Copan Public School District				
was presented to	the Board of Education in	(District Name) an Open Board Meeting on 3/6//				
by Jenkins & Ke	emper, CPAs, P.C.	(Dale of Meeting)				
<u> </u>	(Independent Auditor)	(Independent Auditor's Signature)				
financial and compl  A copy of the audit,	liance operations, the audit , including this acknowled	overning body of the district, responsible for the district's findings and exceptions have been presented to them.  gement form, will be sent to the State Board of Education and				
the State Auditor an	nd Inspector within 30 days	s from its presentation, as stated in 70 O.S. § 22-108:				
"The district board of statements to the Statements to the audit."	ate Board of Education and	a copy of the auditor's opinions and related financial d the State Auditor and Inspector within thirty (30) days after				
Superintendent of S  Board of Education	em	Board of Education Vide President  Board of Education Member				
		Soard of Education Member				
		Board of Education Member  Board of Education Member				
		Board of Education Member				
		Board of Education Member				
		Board of Education Member				
Subscribed and swo	(Notary Public)	My Commission expires  CHERYL L. ASKEW  Notary Public in and for STATE OF OKLAHOMA Commission #16006153 Expires: June 27, 2020  Minutes with the approval of the about inust accompany the audit. * * *				