

Central Oklahoma Transportation & Parking Authority A discrete component unit of The City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Annual Financial Report | for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018

THE CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

A Discrete Component Unit of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

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Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared by The Oklahoma City Finance Department, Accounting Services Division Laura L. Papas, Controller

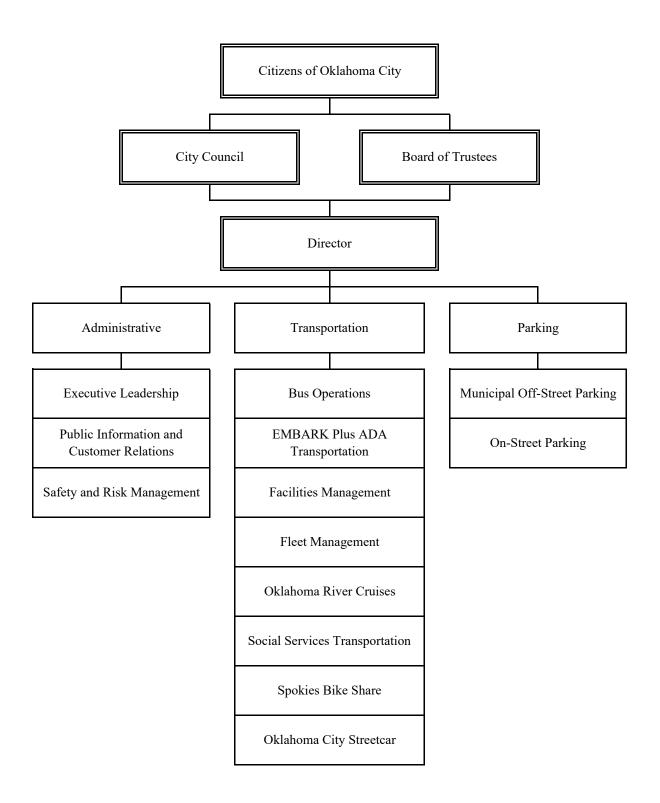
CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

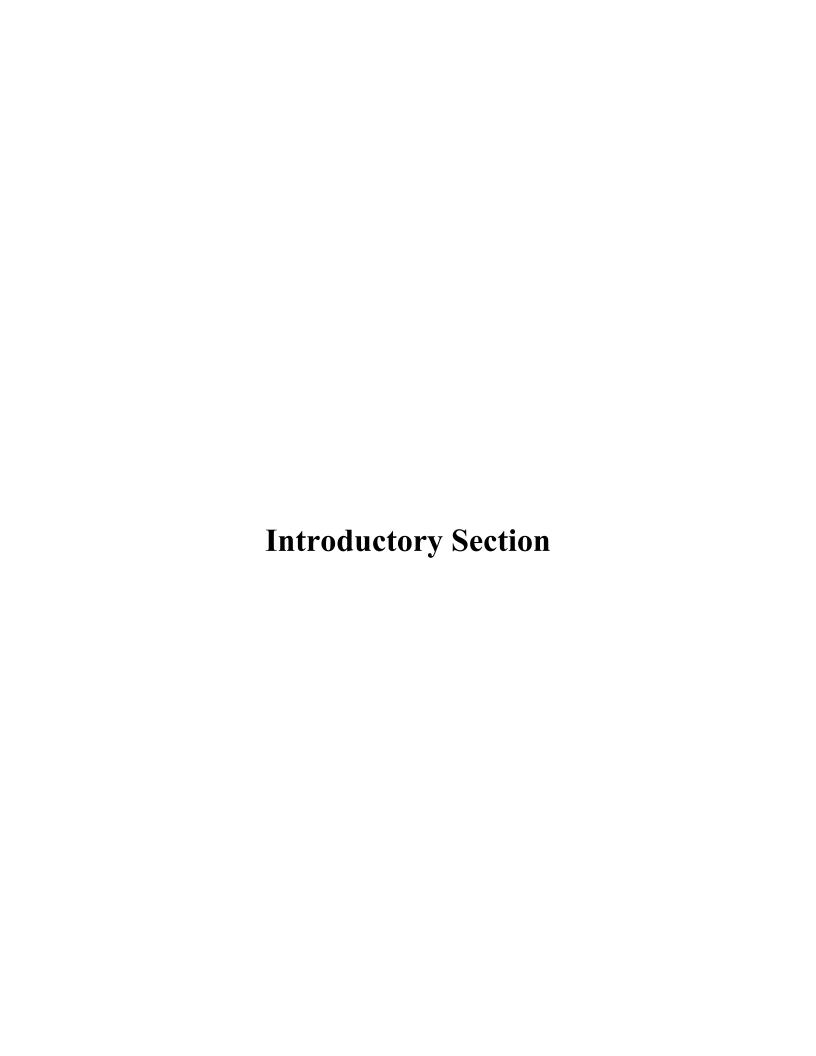
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City of Oklahoma City Transportation and Parking Authority Organization Chart





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November 16, 2018

The Board of Trustees of the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority

The Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority (Authority) annual financial report (annual report) provides a comprehensive overview of the Authority's financial position and the results of operations during the past fiscal year. It complies with reporting requirements specified by Oklahoma State Statutes and the dictates of effective financial management practices. The City of Oklahoma City (City) Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, prepared this report in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). It is fairly stated in all material respects. Responsibility for the accuracy of the reported information and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the Authority.

The Authority's annual report includes the report of independent auditors, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), financial statements, related notes, and required supplementary information. Management's narrative on the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, is in the MD&A section of this report, immediately following the independent auditor's report on financial statements and supplementary information. The Authority is included within the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Authority was established on February 1, 1966, to plan, establish, develop, acquire, construct, purchase, install, repair, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, finance and refinance, operate and regulate public transportation systems and facilities and public parking systems and facilities within and outside the territorial boundaries of the City.

Oklahoma City's recovery from the regional recession caused by the significant downturn in the energy industry took hold during fiscal year 2018. Higher oil and natural gas prices have meant significant gains in employment and investment in the energy sector and have led to broad economic strength in Oklahoma. While Oklahoma City has a diverse economic base, the energy industry still has a major impact on the health of the local economy. Going forward, Oklahoma City has a number of factors in its favor. The cost of living and the cost of doing business are consistently rated among the best in the country. In addition, low commuting times, convenient airline travel, and excellent entertainment and sports opportunities make Oklahoma City a great place for businesses and residents.

Oklahoma City is being recognized more and more as a great place to work, live, and visit. According to CNBC and Go Banking Rates, Oklahoma City was the number 1 city in the country where wages most outpaced expenses based on average annual income and average monthly living expenses. Oklahoma City was ranked as one of the top 10 "Best Cities for New Small Businesses" based on average annual revenue and profitability. The website OnlineDegrees.com rated the Oklahoma City metro as the number eleven "Best Big Cities for New Grads." Business Insider rated Oklahoma City as number 8 on their list of most popular cities everyone wants to live in right now based on factors such as migration ratio and growth rate. Southern Living magazine and Money magazine both ranked Oklahoma City as a top destination for travel.

In his February 6, 2018 report, Dr. Russel Evans, Executive Director of the Steven C. Agee Economic Research & Policy Institute of Oklahoma City University, provided his economic forecast to the City Council during the annual budget workshop. Dr. Evans highlighted state economic performance relative to the U.S. economy and how the two diverged significantly between 2015-early 2017 with Oklahoma impacted by the contraction in the oil and gas industry. Dr. Evans noted how important the metro areas in Oklahoma have become to the state economy and how much better Oklahoma City has performed on his macroeconomic performance index compared to Tulsa and the rest of the state. The macroeconomic index tracks employment, income and business creation. Dr. Evans forecasted U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) to grow at a rate of 2.2% in 2018 and 2.1% in 2019. He is projecting higher growth in Oklahoma with projected gross state product growth of 3.6% in 2018 and 3.2% in 2019. The outlook for Oklahoma City is also very positive, with projections for steady growth in population, per capita personal income, and employment. Dr. Evans' fiscal forecast for Oklahoma City projects sales tax growth in FY19 of 3.0%-3.3%.

The Mayor (or his appointed surrogate), the City Manager (or his appointed surrogate), and the City Finance Director, serve as the Authority's Trustees with five other Trustees appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Council. The Authority participates in the City's comprehensive accounting and budgetary system. Interim financial statements provide Authority management and other interested readers with regular financial analysis. Additionally, the Authority's management maintains budgetary controls to ensure effective financial oversight.

In compliance with statutory requirements, the Authority engaged AGH, L.C. to conduct its annual audit. The Authority acknowledges the professional and competent services of its independent auditors.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Ferbrache

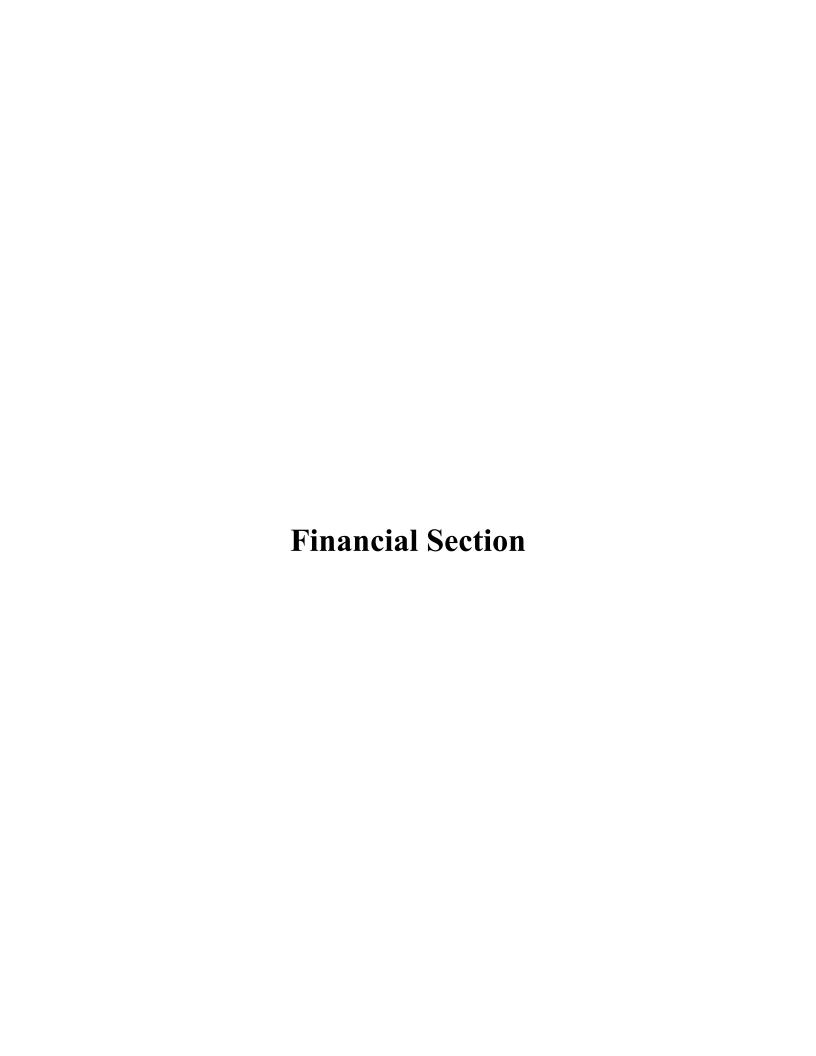
Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority

Administrator

Laura L. Papas

City of Oklahoma City

Controller





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees

Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority (Authority), a discrete component unit of the City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (City), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in *Note I.B.1.*, the financial statements present only the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority, a discrete component unit of the City, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Oklahoma City Public Transportation and Parking Department as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in *Note IV.*, in 2018, the Authority adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note IV., in 2018, the Authority changed its method of accounting and recognized an additional liability and reduced net position, as of July 1, 2017, due to the chargeback from the City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (City) related to the City's adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and pension and other post-employment information listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying transmittal letter is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The transmittal letter has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2018 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 16, 2018 Wichita, KS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority (Authority) annual financial report, the Authority's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The Authority's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. Introductory information is available in the transmittal letter which precedes this discussion and analysis. The Authority is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Oklahoma City (City).

Financial Summary

- Authority assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$84,288,378 (net position) for 2018. This compares to the previous year when assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$83,406,994 (net position).
- Total assets for the Authority increased by \$3,965,681 (3.5%) to \$117,049,323 during the fiscal year. This compares to the previous year when assets increased by \$1,604,724.
- Total liabilities for the Authority increased by \$3,281,874 (11.2%) to \$32,628,046 during the fiscal year. This compares to the previous year when liabilities decreased by \$3,206,532.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets, in the amount of \$60,043,151 at June 30, 2018, and \$57,286,626 at June 30, 2017, includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$2,128,998 and \$2,107,536 at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, is restricted for debt service by constraints imposed by debt covenants.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position is \$22,116,229 at June 30, 2018, and \$24,012,832 at June 30, 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) statement of net position, (2) statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, (3) statement of cash flows (4) fiduciary financial statements, and (5) notes to the financial statements. The Authority also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Financial Statements

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds report transportation, parking and river cruise services for which the Authority charges a fee.

The Authority's annual report includes three proprietary fund financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the overall status of the Authority and are presented to demonstrate the extent to which the Authority has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively using all the resources available and whether the Authority can continue to meet its objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting.

The first of these statements is the statement of net position. This statement presents all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may indicate whether the financial position of the Authority as a whole is improving or deteriorating and identify financial strengths and weaknesses, and be used to assess liquidity.

The second statement is the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position which reports how the Authority's net position changed during the current fiscal year and can be used to assess the Authority's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the Authority's programs are financed. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The third statement is the statement of cash flows which reports the inflows and outflows of Authority cash.

Fiduciary Funds

The Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Employee Retirement Trust (COTPA Retirement) is a fiduciary component unit of the Authority. COTPA Retirement reports pension resources that are not available to fund Authority programs. COTPA Retirement reporting includes both short and long-term assets and liabilities and all current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to gain a full understanding of the proprietary funds, and fiduciary financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Authority's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees.

Financial Analysis

The Authority's net position at fiscal year-end is \$84,288,378. This is an increase of \$881,384 over the prior year net position of \$83,406,994. Overall, the Authority's financial position improved during fiscal year 2018.

		Sum	mary of Net Pos	ition			
			2018-2017	2018-2017		2017-2016	2017-2016
			Amount	%		Amount	%
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	of Change	Change	<u>2016</u>	of Change	Change
Assets							
Current assets	\$35,672,421	\$33,989,744	\$1,682,677	5.0%	\$32,784,159	\$1,205,585	3.7%
Capital assets, net	79,541,733	77,246,538	2,295,195	3.0	77,132,716	113,822	0.1
Other non-current assets	1,835,169	1,847,360	(12,191)	(0.7)	1,562,043	285,317	18.3
Total assets	117,049,323	113,083,642	3,965,681	3.5	111,478,918	1,604,724	1.4
Deferred outflows	1,539,456	1,579,685	(40,229)	(2.5)	1,302,337	277,348	21.3
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	4,356,847	3,756,384	600,463	16.0	4,962,494	(1,206,110)	(24.3)
Non-current liabilities	28,271,199	25,589,788	2,681,411	10.5	27,590,210	(2,000,422)	(7.3)
Total liabilities	32,628,046	29,346,172	3,281,874	11.2	32,552,704	(3,206,532)	(9.9)
Deferred inflows	1,672,355	<u>1,910,161</u>	(237,806)	(12.4)	625,030	1,285,131	205.6
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	60,043,151	57,286,626	2,756,525	4.8	56,084,175	1,202,451	2.1
Restricted	2,128,998	2,107,536	21,462	1.0	2,097,553	9,983	0.5
Unrestricted	22,116,229	24,012,832	(1,896,603)	(7.9)	21,421,793	2,591,039	12.1
Total net position	<u>\$84,288,378</u>	<u>\$83,406,994</u>	<u>\$881,384</u>	1.1	<u>\$79,603,521</u>	<u>\$3,803,473</u>	4.8

Current assets increased by \$1.68 million in 2018 and \$1.21 million in 2017. In 2018, cash and investments increased by \$3.12 million. Receivable from the City decreased by \$1.31 million primarily related to the timing of the City General Fund subsidy payment. Intergovernmental receivables decreased \$194 thousand related to the timing of receipts of Federal grants revenues. Supply inventories increased \$36 thousand. In 2017, cash and investments increased \$117 thousand. Receivable from the City increased \$1.50 million related to the timing of the City General Fund subsidy payment. Intergovernmental receivables decreased \$291 thousand related to the timing of receipts of Federal grant revenues. Supply inventories decreased \$96 thousand.

Net capital assets increased by \$2.30 million at June 30, 2018 with construction and capital acquisitions of \$7.25 million, net of depreciation of \$4.96 million. Net capital assets increased by \$114 thousand in 2017 with construction and capital acquisitions of \$4.79 million, net of depreciation of \$4.62 million and retirements of \$57 thousand.

Other non-current assets decreased by \$12 thousand in 2018 primarily related to a \$23 thousand decrease in receivables from the City due to the prefunding of the initial payments for a radio system, offset by an increase of \$11 thousand in bond reserves. During 2017, other non-current assets increased by \$285 thousand for prefunding of the radio system.

Current liabilities increased by \$600 thousand in 2018 primarily due to a increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$270 thousand related to timing of vendor payments and an increase of \$331 thousand in payables to the City for cost reimbursement. Current liabilities decreased by \$1.21 million in 2017 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$746 thousand and a decrease in wages and benefits payable of \$514 thousand.

In 2018, non-current liabilities increased by \$2.68 million primarily due to a \$2.62 million increase in payable to the City for cost reimbursement to the City Transportation Fund related to a change in accounting principle. Non-current liabilities decreased by \$2.00 million in 2017, primarily due to a decrease in the actuarially determined net pension liability of \$866 thousand and a decrease in bonds payable of \$625 thousand for the current portion due.

		Summary o	of Changes in N	et Position			
			2018-2017	2018-2017		2017-2016	2017-2016
			Amount	%		Amount	%
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	of Change	Change	<u>2016</u>	of Change	Change
Operating revenues	\$11,899,276	\$11,713,557	\$185,719	1.6%	\$11,998,784	(\$285,227)	(2.4%)
Operating expenses							
Personal Services	16,976,814	16,562,887	413,927	2.5	15,903,537	659,350	4.1
Maintenance, operations,							
and contractual services	10,998,150	10,253,453	744,697	7.3	11,172,365	(918,912)	(8.2)
Material and supplies	3,320,521	3,499,455	(178,934)	(5.1)	3,346,744	152,711	4.6
Depreciation	4,956,439	4,617,165	339,274	7.3	4,235,103	382,062	9.0
Total operating expenses	<u>36,251,924</u>	34,932,960	<u>1,318,964</u>	3.8	34,657,749	<u>275,211</u>	0.8
Operating loss	(24,352,648)	(23,219,403)	(1,133,245)	(4.9)	(22,658,965)	(560,438)	(2.5)
Net non-operating revenues	25,557,166	24,802,945	754,221	3.0	27,469,208	(2,666,263)	(9.7)
Contributions	3,503,173	2,219,931	1,283,242	57.8	1,450,139	769,792	53.1
Changes in net position	4,707,691	3,803,473	904,218	23.8	6,260,382	(2,456,909)	(39.2)
Beginning net position							
As previously reported	83,406,994	79,603,521	3,803,473	4.8	73,343,139	6,260,382	8.5
Change in accounting principle	(3,826,307)	_=	(3,826,307)	(100.0)	<u>-</u>	_=	0.0
As restated	79,580,687	79,603,521	(22,834)	0.0	73,343,139	6,260,382	8.5
Ending net position	<u>\$84,288,378</u>	<u>\$83,406,994</u>	<u>\$881,384</u>	1.1	<u>\$79,603,521</u>	<u>\$3,803,473</u>	4.8

Operating revenues increased by \$186 thousand during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Transportation revenues decreased by \$66 thousand primarily due to a decrease of \$157 thousand in ridership fees, offset by a \$26 thousand increase in lease revenue due to the reinstatement of the Santa Fe Station lease after renovations were completed, and an increase of \$64 thousand in advertising revenues. Parking revenues increased by \$255 thousand mainly due to an increase of \$280 thousand in higher monthly and transient parking revenues, offset by a \$26 thousand decrease in lease and other revenues. River revenues remained relatively constant. Operating revenues decreased \$285 thousand during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Transportation revenues decreased by \$178 thousand primarily due to a decrease in transportation charges of \$81 thousand related to a \$40 thousand decrease in Spokies sponsorship revenues and a decrease in lease revenue at the Santa Fe Depot due to renovations. Parking revenues decreased by \$259 thousand due to a downturn in the economy, offset by an increase in lease and rental revenues of \$122 thousand primarily for the retail space in the Arts District parking garage. River revenues increased \$29 thousand due to increased ridership.

Operating expenses increased by \$1.32 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Maintenance expense increased \$745 thousand due to stocking the maintenance facility with repair parts for the new buses. Personal services increased by \$414 thousand primarily related to an increase in healthcare premiums and normal pay increases. Depreciation expense increased by \$339 thousand primarily due to projects completed at the end of 2017 being depreciated for a full year. Operating expenses increased by \$275 thousand in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Maintenance expense decreased \$919 thousand primarily due to discontinuing a contract for Metrolink services of \$672 thousand. Personnel services increased \$659 thousand primarily due to filling vacant positions and normal pay increases. Depreciation increased \$382 thousand due to projects completed at the end of 2016 being depreciated for a full year.

Net non-operating revenues increased by \$754 thousand in 2018, primarily due to a \$1.05 million increase in the City General Fund subsidy, offset by a \$388 thousand decrease in operating grant revenues. Net non-operating revenues decreased \$2.67 million in 2017. This was primarily due to a decrease in the budgeted City General Fund subsidy of \$1.23 million, a decrease in Federal grant revenues of \$453 thousand and a decrease of \$1.11 million due to a payment from the Oklahoma City Economic Development Trust in 2016 to fund retail construction at the Arts District Garage.

Contributions and transfers increased by \$1.28 million in 2018. This was primarily from an increase in capital grants of \$1.46 million to fund the purchase of new buses, offset by a decrease in other capital contributions of \$178 thousand. Contributions and transfers increased \$770 thousand during 2017. This was primarily from an increase in capital grants of \$1.77 million to fund the purchase of new buses, offset by a decrease in capital contributions of \$978 thousand related to the one time donation of the land under the Arts District Garage in 2016.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, was \$79,541,733 and \$77,246,538, respectively. This was an increase of 3.0% in 2018 compared to an increase of 0.1% in 2017. See Note II. G. for more information regarding capital assets.

	C	apital Assets, N	et of Accumula	ted Depreciati	on		
			2018-2017 Amount	2018-2017 %		2017-2016 Amount	2017-2016 %
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	of Change	Change	<u>2016</u>	of Change	Change
Non-Depreciable Assets							
Land and art	\$5,850,022	\$5,850,022	\$ -	0.0%	\$5,850,022	\$ -	0.0%
Construction in progress	3,263,543	1,507,215	1,756,328	116.5	832,318	674,897	81.1
Total non-depreciable assets	9,113,565	<u>7,357,237</u>	1,756,328	23.9	<u>6,682,340</u>	<u>674,897</u>	10.1
Depreciable Assets							
Buildings	9,377,829	9,715,381	(337,552)	(3.5)	10,455,951	(740,570)	(7.1)
Improvements other than							
buildings	7,310,200	8,020,558	(710,358)	(8.9)	7,926,806	93,752	1.2
Buses, automobiles							
and river boats	8,595,673	10,331,656	(1,735,983)	(16.8)	8,938,475	1,393,181	15.6
Parking garages and							
surface lots	37,236,918	38,296,362	(1,059,444)	(2.8)	39,325,518	(1,029,156)	(2.6)
Other assets	7,907,548	3,525,344	4,382,204	124.3	3,803,626	(278,282)	(7.3)
Total depreciable assets	70,428,168	69,889,301	538,867	0.8	70,450,376	(561,075)	(0.8)
	<u>\$79,541,733</u>	<u>\$77,246,538</u>	<u>\$2,295,195</u>	3.0	<u>\$77,132,716</u>	<u>\$113,822</u>	0.1

Land and art was unchanged in 2018 and 2017. Construction in progress increased \$1.76 million in 2018 primarily due to increases of \$1.13 million for the Sheridan Walker Parking Garage Renovations. Construction in progress increased \$675 thousand at June 30, 2017, with increases of \$597 thousand for improvements to the South May Facility.

Depreciable assets increased by \$539 thousand in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the purchase of new buses for \$5.43 million, offset by normal depreciation of \$4.96 million. Depreciable assets decreased in 2017, by \$561 thousand due to normal depreciation and the sale of four buses at auction, offset by the purchase of eight buses at \$3.20 million.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the 2018 fiscal year, the Authority had total bonded debt outstanding of \$19.57 million. This debt was solely supported by pledged revenues generated by the parking activities of the Authority (revenue bonds). See Note III. C. for more information regarding revenue bonds.

		О	utstanding Bon	ds			
			2018-2017	2018-2017		2017-2016	2017-2016
			Amount	%		Amount	%
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	of Change	Change	<u>2016</u>	of Change	Change
Revenue bonds							
Parking	<u>\$19,570,000</u>	\$20,195,000	(\$625,000)	(3.1%)	\$20,810,000	(\$615,000)	(3.0%)

The change in outstanding debt for both 2018 and 2017 is the result of scheduled principal bond debt service payments. See Note III. G. for more information regarding changes in long-term debt.

Bond Ratings

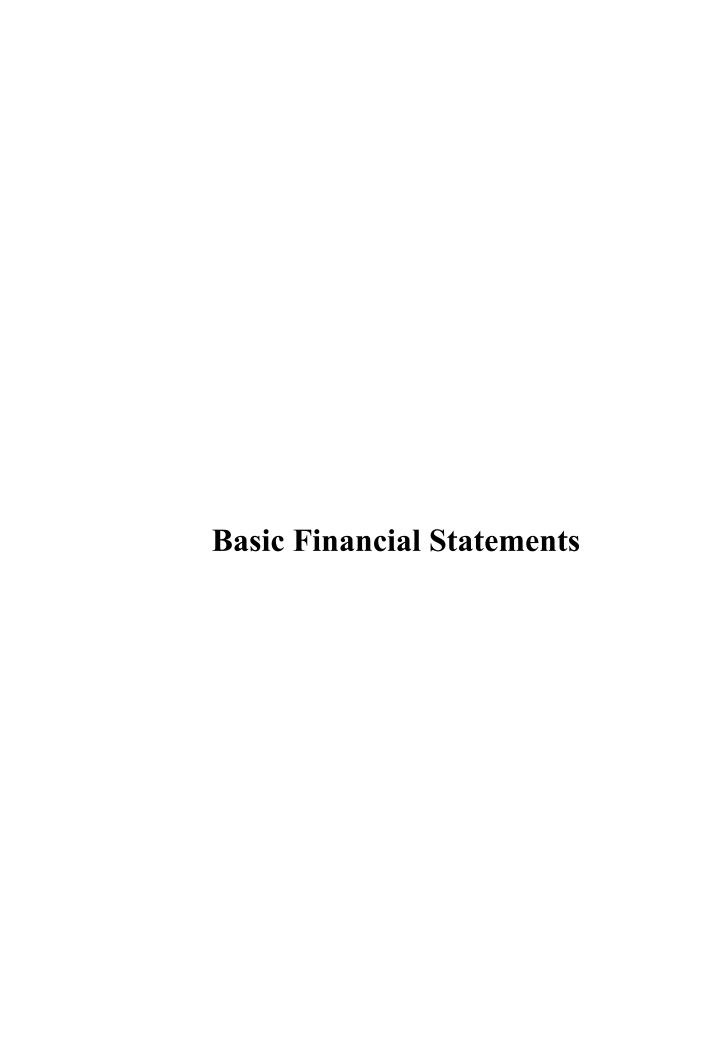
The bonds are issued through the Authority. Authority bonds are rated Aa2 and AA+ by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating agencies, respectively.

Economic Factors

The transportation division continues to follow a nation-wide trend of decreasing ridership due to lower fuel prices, reasonable used car prices, and an increase in on-demand car services. Parking revenue steadily increased throughout the year due primarily to higher monthly and transient parking. Monthly parking occupancy saw a slight decline at the end of the fiscal year due to the loss of a large customer in the Santa Fe Parking Garage.

Contacting the Department's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, at 100 North Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102.



Fund Financial Statements

Focus on the Authority's most significant funds. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Generally report services for which the Authority charges customers a fee using full accrual accounting and provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Report assets held for others that cannot be used to support the Authority's programs.

CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

		201	8					
				Total				Total
	Transportation	River Cruises	Parking	Authority	Transportation	River Cruises	Parking	Authority
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Non-pooled cash	\$2,610,824	\$128,724	\$2,302,139	\$5,041,687	\$1,160,157	\$343,696	\$3,118,344	\$4,622,197
Investments	13,454,666	248,547	14,981,331	28,684,544	13,964,523	-	12,018,778	25,983,301
Accounts receivable, net	156,352	-	80,643	236,995	139,372	-	47,072	186,444
Interest receivable		-	1,160	1,160	-	-	339	339
Internal balances	(10,999)	10,999	-	-	(139,893)	107,022	32,871	-
Receivable from City of Oklahoma City	22,632	-	220,000	242,632	1,338,739	-	214,750	1,553,489
Intergovernmental receivables	485,911	-	-	485,911	679,603	-	-	679,603
Inventories	932,982	1,429	-	934,411	896,938	1,189	-	898,127
Prepaids	45,081	-	-	45,081	66,244	-	-	66,244
Total current assets	17,697,449	389,699	17,585,273	35,672,421	18,105,683	451,907	15,432,154	33,989,744
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Investments	<u>-</u>	-	1,492,839	1,492,839	-	-	1,482,198	1,482,198
Receivable from City of Oklahoma City	- 277,239	-	-	277,239	299,870	-	-	299,870
Prepaids	- 91	-	-	91	292	-	-	292
Other	65,000	-	-	65,000	65,000	-	-	65,000
Capital assets:								
Land, art, and construction in progress	4,905,541	-	4,208,024	9,113,565	4,452,575	-	2,904,662	7,357,237
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation-	25,261,510	3,903,929	41,262,729	70,428,168	22,867,798	4,179,893	42,841,610	69,889,301
Total capital assets	30,167,051	3,903,929	45,470,753	79,541,733	27,320,373	4,179,893	45,746,272	77,246,538
Total non-current assets	30,509,381	3,903,929	46,963,592	81,376,902	27,685,535	4,179,893	47,228,470	79,093,898
Total assets	- 48,206,830	4,293,628	64,548,865	117,049,323	45,791,218	4,631,800	62,660,624	113,083,642
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,539,456	-	-	1,539,456	1,579,685	-	-	1,579,685
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
<u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,123,248	3,867	820,236	1,947,351	1,185,927	16,662	474,840	1,677,429
Wages and benefits payable	301,955	-	-	301,955	232,429	-	-	232,429
Payable to City of Oklahoma City	160,514	9	471,784	632,307	197,525	91,008	12,866	301,399
Compensated absences	216,959	-	-	216,959	193,654	-	-	193,654
Unearned revenue	-	139,330	62,224	201,554	105	146,358	153,008	299,471
Bond interest payable		-	421,721	421,721	-	-	427,002	427,002
Bonds payable	-	-	635,000	635,000		-	625,000	625,000
Total current liabilities	1,802,676	143,206	2,410,965	4,356,847	1,809,640	254,028	1,692,716	3,756,384
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Compensated absences	256,681	-	-	256,681	208,855	-	-	208,855
Payable to City of Oklahoma City	3,071,220	-	-	3,071,220	399,058	-	52,980	452,038
Unearned revenue	-	433,735	-	433,735	-	566,995	-	566,995
Bonds payable	-	-	18,935,000	18,935,000	-	-	19,570,000	19,570,000
Net pension liability	4,081,515	-	-	4,081,515	4,600,125	-	-	4,600,125
Net other post-employment benefit liability	1,493,048	-	-	1,493,048	191,775	-	-	191,775
Total non-current liabilities	8,902,464	433,735	18,935,000	28,271,199	5,399,813	566,995	19,622,980	25,589,788
Total liabilities	10,705,140	576,941	21,345,965	32,628,046	7,209,453	821,023	21,315,696	29,346,172
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,672,355	-	-	1,672,355	1,910,161	-	-	1,910,161
NET POSITION			-				-	
Net investment in capital assets	30,118,841	3,903,929	26,020,381	60,043,151	27,294,144	4,179,893	25,812,589	57,286,626
Restricted for debt service		-	2,128,998	2,128,998	-	-	2,107,536	2,107,536
Unrestricted	7,249,950	(187,242)	15,053,521	22,116,229	10,957,145	(369,116)	13,424,803	24,012,832
Total net position	- \$37,368,791	\$3,716,687	\$43,202,900	\$84,288,378	\$38,251,289	\$3,810,777	\$41,344,928	\$83,406,994

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended June 30,

CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

		201	8					
				Total				Total
OBED LEING DELENATION	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>	Authority	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>	Authority
OPERATING REVENUES								
CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Transportation charges		\$ -	\$ -	\$2,740,073	\$2,896,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,896,940
River cruise charges		133,568	-	133,568	-	136,395	-	136,395
Parking		-	8,386,635	8,386,635	-	-	8,105,674	8,105,674
Other charges		-	-		40	-	500	540
Total charges for services	2,740,073	133,568	8,386,635	11,260,276	2,896,980	136,395	8,106,174	11,139,549
Lease and rental income	50,601	-	232,897	283,498	24,336	-	252,538	276,874
Other	355,471	31	-	355,502	291,191	48	5,895	297,134
Total operating revenues	3,146,145	133,599	8,619,532	11,899,276	3,212,507	136,443	8,364,607	11,713,557
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal services	16,618,543	53,131	305,140	16,976,814	16,299,470	50,251	213,166	16,562,887
Maintenance, operations, and contractual services	6,265,235	807,371	3,925,544	10,998,150	5,619,543	948,428	3,685,482	10,253,453
Materials and supplies	3,283,128	8,319	29,074	3,320,521	3,374,249	12,940	112,266	3,499,455
Depreciation	3,101,588	275,966	1,578,885	4,956,439	2,766,736	275,966	1,574,463	4,617,165
Total operating expenses	29,268,494	1,144,787	5,838,643	36,251,924	28,059,998	1,287,585	5,585,377	34,932,960
Operating loss	(26,122,349)	(1,011,188)	2,780,889	(24,352,648)	(24,847,491)	(1,151,142)	2,779,230	(23,219,403
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Non-capital contributions	326,999	133,260	_	460,259	312,315	133,260	_	445,575
Grants operating		_	_	8,887,445	9,275,507	_	_	9,275,507
Investment income		2,802	182,744	354,562	65,969	52	52,568	118,589
Interest on bonds		2,002	(843,441)	(843,441)	-	-	(853,988)	(853,988
Oil and gas royalties		_	(013,111)	(013,111)	500		(055,700)	500
Payments from Oklahoma City					300			300
		25,000	_	25,000	_	25,000	_	25,000
Riverfront Redevelopment Authority								
Payments from City of Oklahoma City		725,566	220,000	17,113,567	15,125,631	725,566	214,750	16,065,947
Other revenues (expenses) Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		886,628	(440,697)	(440,226) 25,557,166	(530,865)	883,878	256,680 (329,990)	(274,185 24,802,945
Income before contributions	(1,011,114)	(124,560)	2,340,192	1,204,518	(598,434)	(267,264)	2,449,240	1,583,542
CONTRIBUTIONS								
CONTRIBUTIONS Grants capital	3,468,173	_	_	3,468,173	2,007,128	_	_	2,007,128
Other capital contributions		-	-	35,000	212,803	-	-	212,803
Transfers to other funds		30,470	_	-	(147,841)	147,841		212,000
Total contributions	3,472,703	30,470		3,503,173	2,072,090	147,841		2,219,931
Total Colid Inditions	3,472,703	30,470	-	3,303,173	2,072,090	147,041	-	2,219,931
Changes in net position	2,461,589	(94,090)	2,340,192	4,707,691	1,473,656	(119,423)	2,449,240	3,803,473
Total net assets, beginning, as previously reported	38,251,289	3,810,777	41,344,928	83,406,994	36,777,633	3,930,200	38,895,688	79,603,521
Change in accounting principle	(3,344,087)	-	(482,220)	(3,826,307)	-	-	-	-
Total net assets, beginning, as restated	34,907,202	3,810,777	40,862,708	79,580,687	36,777,633	3,930,200	38,895,688	79,603,521
Total net position, ending	\$37,368,791	\$3,716,687	\$43,202,900	\$84,288,378	\$38,251,289	\$3,810,777	\$41,344,928	\$83,406,994

CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

	2018			2017				
				Total				Total
	Transportation	River Cruises	Parking	Authority	Transportation	River Cruises	Parking	Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$3,107,860	\$126,891	\$8,472,200	\$11,706,951	\$3,217,791	\$141,757	\$8,608,215	\$11,967,763
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(7,233,545)	(869,757)	(3,469,038)	(11,572,340)	(6,841,088)	(950,905)	(3,227,057)	(11,019,050)
Cash payments to employees and professional contractors for services	(14,178,730)	(103,382)	-	(14,282,112)	(14,474,196)	-	(30,000)	(14,504,196)
Cash payments for internal services	(2,374,419)	(38)	(158,283)	(2,532,740)	(2,587,574)	(2)	(427,961)	(3,015,537)
Cash payments within the Department/Authority for operations	(159,365)	126,494	32,871	-	51,572	45,349	(96,921)	-
Cost reimbursements	(2,350,000)	-	(484,886)	(2,834,886)	(2,414,718)	-	(400,000)	(2,814,718)
Other operating cash receipts	6,395	-	-	6,395	19,301	39,790	-	59,091
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(\$23,181,804)	(719,792)	\$4,392,864	(19,508,732)	(23,028,912)	(724,011)	4,426,276	(19,326,647)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITI	ES							
Cash received from operating grants		-	-	8,896,231	9,086,365	-	-	9,086,365
Non-capital financing payments from component units		25,000	_	25,000	_	25,000	_	25,000
Non-capital financing payments from City of Oklahoma City	17,440,357	725,566	220,000	18,385,923	13,853,275	725,566	49,500	14,628,341
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		750,566	220,000	27,307,154	22,939,640	750,566	49,500	23,739,706
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Payments for acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	(1,161,680)	(7,077,011)	(4,592,503)	-	(412,063)	(5,004,566)
Principal paid on long-term debt		-	(625,000)	(625,000)	-	-	(615,000)	(615,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt		-	(848,724)	(848,724)	-	-	(857,761)	(857,761)
Capital financing payments from City of Oklahoma City		-	-	35,000	57,982	-	-	57,982
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	29,357	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions received		-	-	3,468,173	2,007,128	-	-	2,007,128
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,382,801)	-	(2,635,404)	(5,018,205)	(2,527,393)	-	(1,884,824)	(4,412,217)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments	(54,334,130)	(1,368,609)	(75,266,463)	(130,969,202)	(15,939,352)	-	(37,562,921)	(53,502,273)
Proceeds from sale of investments	54,880,606	1,120,953	72,328,036	128,329,595	17,443,958	-	35,573,273	53,017,231
Investment income received	132,208	1,910	144,762	278,880	62,345	50	48,287	110,682
Receipts from oil and gas royalties	-	-	-	-	500	-	-	500
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	678,684	(245,746)	(2,793,665)	(2,360,727)	1,567,451	50	(1,941,361)	(373,860)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,450,667	(214,972)	(816,205)	419,490	(1,049,214)	26,605	649,591	(373,018)
Cash, beginning	1,160,157	343,696	3,118,344	4,622,197	2,209,371	317,091	2,468,753	4,995,215
Cash, ending	\$2,610,824	\$128,724	\$2,302,139	\$5,041,687	\$1,160,157	\$343,696	\$3,118,344	\$4,622,197

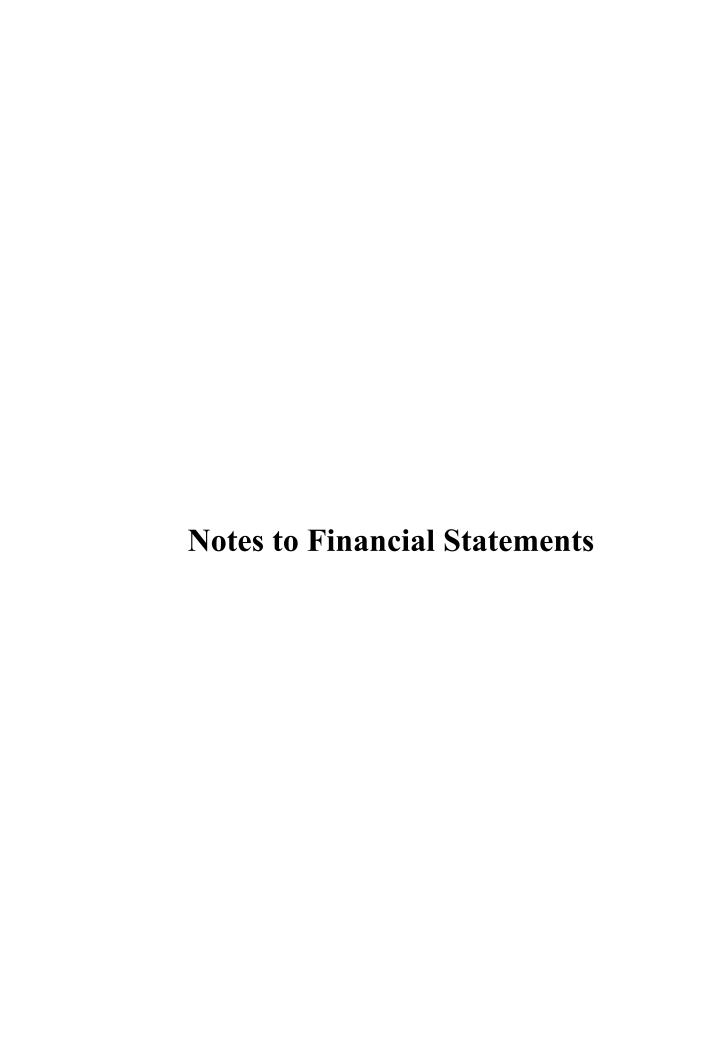
CENTRAL OKLAHOMA TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING AUTHORITY

	2018			2017				
•				Total				Total
	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>	Authority	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>	Authority
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	<u>1</u>							
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	(\$26,122,349)	(\$1,011,188)	\$2,780,889	(\$24,352,648)	(\$24,847,491)	(\$1,151,142)	\$2,779,230	(\$23,219,403)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>O</u>							
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Depreciation	3,101,588	275,966	1,578,885	4,956,439	2,766,736	275,966	1,574,463	4,617,165
Other revenue (expense)	6,395	-	_	6,395	(124,537)	147,841	_	23,304
Changes in assets and liabilities:					, , ,			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	18,236	_	(33,571)	(15,335)	(34,113)	_	80,991	46,878
(Increase) decrease in payments/transfers from (to)	ŕ		, , ,		. , ,			,
within the Department	(30,470)	30,470	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(128,894)	96,023	32,871	-	165,364	(102,493)	(62,871)	-
(Increase) decrease in receivable from City of Oklahoma City	22,631	-	(5,250)	17,381	(322,502)	-	-	(322,502)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(36,044)	(240)	-	(36,284)	96,443	31	249	96,723
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	21,364	-	-	21,364	(271)	_	1	(270)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	-	-	_	-	4,283	-	-	4,283
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	414,345	-	_	414,345	(277,348)	-	-	(277,348)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(94,901)	(12,796)	203,714	96,017	15,285	10,590	(10,867)	15,008
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits payable	69,526	-	_	69,526	(513,733)	_	-	(513,733)
Increase (decrease) in payable to component unit	· -	_	_	, -		(25)	_	(25)
Increase (decrease) in payable to City of Oklahoma City	210,619	(90,999)	(73,890)	45,730	(132,622)	90,605	(64,405)	(106,422)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	71,131	-		71,131	(41,761)	· -	-	(41,761)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(518,610)	_	_	(518,610)	(866,127)	_	_	(866,127)
Increase (decrease) in net other post-employment benefit liability	51,540	_	_	51,540	(201,649)	_	_	(201,649)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(105)	(7,028)	(90,784)	(97,917)	(===,===)	4,616	129,485	134,101
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(237,806)	(,,,==,)	-	(237,806)	1,285,131	-,,,,,		1,285,131
Total adjustments	2,940,545	291,396	1,611,975	4,843,916	1,818,579	427,131	1,647,046	3,892,756
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(\$23,181,804)	(\$719,792)	\$4,392,864	(\$19,508,732)	(\$23,028,912)	(\$724,011)	\$4,426,276	(\$19,326,647)
NON CASH INVESTING CADITAL AND SINANCING ASSESSMENT	TIES							
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITY Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments								
Total non-cash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$36,618	\$891 \$891	\$34,766	\$72,275 \$72,275	\$860 \$860	\$ - \$ -	\$3,485 \$3,485	\$4,345 \$4,345

	2018	2017
<u>ASSETS</u>		
RECEIVABLES		
Interest and dividends	\$10,255	\$7,351
Employer	11,225	30,445
Plan members	8,834	24,007
Total receivables	30,314	61,803
INVESTMENTS, AT FAIR VALUE		
Domestic common stock	5,346,114	4,818,659
Passive domestic stock funds	1,889,632	1,797,679
Passive bond fund	2,868,972	2,913,967
International stock	2,104,318	2,076,491
Treasury money market fund	638,357	624,713
Real estate	228,691	193,589
Total investments	13,076,084	12,425,098
Total assets	\$13,106,398	\$12,486,901
Restricted for pension benefits	\$13,106,398	\$12,486,901

	2018	2017
<u>ADDITIONS</u>		
CONTRIBUTIONS		
Employer	\$545,728	\$554,876
Plan members	440,612	411,951
Total contributions	986,340	966,827
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	723,532	1,105,214
Interest	2,121	3,198
Dividends	227,678	191,381
Dividends	953,331	1,299,793
T · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,
Less: investment expense	(52,066)	(48,152)
Net investment income	901,265	1,251,641
Total additions	1,887,605	2,218,468
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits paid	981,658	982,713
Refunds of contributions	243,159	243,619
Administrative expenses	43,291	75,040
Total deductions	1,268,108	1,301,372
Increase in net position	619,497	917,096
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION		
Beginning of year	12,486,901	11,569,805
End of year	\$13,106,398	\$12,486,901

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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority (Authority) financial activities for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017.

I. B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

I. B. 1. REPORTING ENTITY AND RELATIONSHIP TO THE CITY

The Authority was created in 1966 as a public trust pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Section 176, et. seq. The purpose of the Authority is to provide a means of financing municipal public transportation services and public parking facilities. The trust indenture provides that the Authority will acquire and operate the transportation service and parking facilities and equipment, receive all revenue generated from these services, pay the debt service requirements on the revenue bonds issued by the Authority, pay all operating expenses, and finance future improvements.

The Authority funds are the legal funds through which the Authority's employees are compensated. Authority employees are generally bus operators, mechanics, and certain administrative staff. Employee salaries and benefits, certain maintenance and contractual items, certain supplies, administrative chargebacks from the City, and certain capital asset acquisitions are paid by the Authority's funds. Authority funds also account for long-term leasing, financing, and other necessary business activities.

Method of Reporting in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

The Authority is a component unit of the City because the City appoints all (voting majority) of the Board of Trustees (Board) and the Authority is fiscally dependent on the City with subsidies for transportation and an agreement of support for revenue bonds. The Authority is discretely presented because the majority of the Board is not the same as the voting majority of the City Council.

The Authority is included in the City's financial reporting entity as a discrete component unit, and COTPA Retirement Trust is presented as a fiduciary pension trust fund. The City CAFR may be obtained from the Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

Related Parties

Oklahoma City Riverfront Redevelopment Authority (OCRRA)

OCRRA is a public trust of the City. On January 13, 2006, the Authority Trustees approved a resolution accepting an administrative role in developing and operating the water transport system as part of a joint Oklahoma River Water Mobility System Plan (System Plan). On June 20, 2006, the City Council approved a joint resolution with the Authority and OCRRA regarding the assignment and acceptance of responsibilities. Per the resolution, the Authority will be primarily responsible for operations and finance issues, while OCRRA will provide support in areas of planning, development, and marketing. Activity relating to the System Plan is included in the financial statements of the Authority River Cruises Fund.

Oklahoma City Post-Employment Benefit Trust (OCPEBT)

OCPEBT provides post-retirement health benefits for Authority retirees.

I. B. 2. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial statements are provided for proprietary and fiduciary funds. All funds are considered major.

Transportation Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and capital investments; including financing and other business activities, of the Oklahoma City metropolitan public transportation system, including Spokies bike share and streetcar operations.

River Cruises Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and capital investments, including financing and other business activities, of the Oklahoma River Cruises (Ferry Service) consisting of the operation of ferry boats on the Oklahoma River.

Parking Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and capital investments; including financing and other business activities, of the Oklahoma City metropolitan public parking system. Costs and revenues associated with parking meters are reported in the City General Fund.

COTPA Retirement

COTPA retirement provides retirement benefits to employees of the Authority. The Pension Plan Committee serves as the governing body and is comprised of the City's Transportation and Parking Department Director who is also the Authority Administrator, the Authority Human Resources Manager, City Finance Director, City Treasurer, President of the Amalgamated Transit Union - Local 993, one current Authority retiree, and two plan participants appointed by the President of the Amalgamated Transit Union - Local 993 and approved by the Authority Trustees, and one independent party mutually agreed to by the Authority's Administrator and the President of the Amalgamated Transit Union - Local 993 and approved by the Authority Trustees. The Authority is a discretely presented fiduciary component unit.

On November 22, 2017, the Authority approved changes to the governing board including adding the Authority Human Resources Manager and one independent party mutually agreed upon by the Authority Administrator and the President of the Amalgamated Transit union - Local 993 and approved by the Authority Board. In addition, prior to this change, the one current retiree was appointed by the Authority Administrator and the two plan participants were appointed by the Authority Trustees.

The Plan financial statements, along with required supplemental information, is reported in the audited annual financial statements of the Authority. Interim financial statements are provided to management and may be obtained from the Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

I. B. 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

Effective July 1, 2017, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement number 85, Omnibus 2017. This statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)).

Effective July 1, 2017, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment benefits other than pension plans. This statement replaces GASB statements 45 as amended and 57. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It also includes note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements. Please see Note IV for more information.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP)

The financial statements of the Authority are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Authority applies all relevant GASB pronouncements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Authority reports using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. COTPA Retirement financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting. Employer and participant contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due and the Authority has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the pension plan.

All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of net position.

Operating income reported in the fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets.

COTPA Retirement Fund

All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of fiduciary net position. Changes in plan net position reported in the fund financial statements include additions and deductions related to retirement benefits provided to Authority employees. Additions are contributions from the Authority and Plan members, and investment income. Deductions include the cost of benefits and administrative expenses.

I. C. BUDGET LAW AND PRACTICE

Budget Approval

Oklahoma Statutes require the submission of financial information for public trusts. However, legal budgetary control levels are not specified. The Authority's budget is submitted to its governing body for approval. Appropriations are recorded and available for encumbrance or expense as revenue is received in cash. Revenues are budgeted by source. For general operations, expenses are budgeted by division and class as follows: personnel services, other services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. Expenses may not exceed appropriations. Budget revisions at this level are managed administratively and reported to the Board of Trustees. Revisions to the budget are made throughout the year. For capital and grant related expenses, budgetary control is exercised on a project-length basis. Therefore, appropriations are carried forward each year until projects are completed. Management's policy prohibits expenses to exceed appropriations at the detail, line item level. Management may transfer appropriations without governing body approval.

Basis of Budgeting

Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenses are budgeted by division and class as follows: personal services, other services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. Budget revisions at this level are managed administratively and reported to the City Council. The legal level of control is by division and class within a fund. Expenses may not exceed appropriations at this level. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Council approval. Revisions to the budget can be made throughout the year.

I. D. POLICIES RELATED TO ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

I. D. 1. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's governing Board formally adopted the City's updated deposit and investment policy for unrestricted accounts in June 2018, in addition to policies specified in the Authority bond indenture applicable to the Authority funds as restricted by the indenture. COTPA Retirement has deposit and investment policies separately approved by the retirement system's Board.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Managed funds related to the retirement system not listed on an established market are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which approximates fair value.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Accounting guidance establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the observability of inputs used to measure fair value. These different levels of valuation hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable prices or inputs.

An investment's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

I. D. 2. INVENTORIES AND PREPAIDS

Inventories are recorded at a weighted average. Inventories are primarily fuel, vehicle parts and supplies. Prepaids are payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are reported on the consumption basis. Noncurrent prepaids benefit periods beyond the following 12 month period. Payments to vendors that are less than \$5,000 are considered *di minimus* and are reported with expenses in the year of payment.

I. D. 3. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables represent the receivable from the Federal Transit Administration for transit assistance for reimbursement of capital outlay and maintenance costs related to those capital assets.

I. D. 4. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are restricted for capital projects funded through long-term debt and debt service reserves. Restricted deposits and investments are legally restricted for the payment of currently maturing debt service.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Trust's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

I. D. 5. INTERFUND BALANCES

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/from other funds include outstanding charges by one City fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are described as internal balances.

Activity between the Authority and funds of the City or its component units are described as payable/receivable to (from) City of Oklahoma City or component units.

City employees perform certain administrative and management services for the Central Oklahoma Transit and Parking Authority. Reimbursements for the costs of these services, which includes salaries, pension, and OPEB, are included with payments to the primary government. The payable to primary government represents the unfunded liabilities of the City Funds.

I. D. 6. CAPITALIZED INTEREST

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets. Interest earned on proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing arrangements restricted to the acquisition of qualifying assets is offset against interest costs in determining the amount to be capitalized.

I. D. 7. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and presented net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the estimated economic useful lives of the respective assets as follows: 50 years for parking garages and buildings; 20 years for other improvements; 5 to 12 years for vans, buses, trolleys, and automobiles; 25 years for watercraft; and 3 to 10 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of the terms of the related leases or the useful lives of the improvements. The Authority generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$7,500 or more as purchases and construction outlays occur. Assets purchased or constructed with grants are the exception. These assets are capitalized at cost of \$5,000 or more. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations, while renewals and betterments are capitalized. When property is retired or otherwise disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting difference is recorded as non-operating revenues/expenses.

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service.

I. D. 8. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position may report separate sections of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

I. D. 9. LONG-TERM DEBT, BOND DISCOUNT OR PREMIUM, AND DEFERRED AMOUNTS FROM REFUNDING

Outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts and premiums are reported with bonds payable and deferred amounts from refunding are reported as deferred outflows in the statement of net position.

I. D. 10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences represent the accrued vested vacation and sick leave benefits attributable to full-time employees based on the personnel policies or union bargaining agreements of the City and the Authority.

I. D. 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is self-insured for liability related to accidents involving their transportation equipment up to \$75,000 per incident. The Authority pays premiums for commercial insurance for employee short-term disability and life, unemployment, employee felonious assault, and retiree health benefits. The Authority's property and liability is administered through the City's Risk Management Fund and the Oklahoma City Municipal Facilities Authority (OCMFA) which accounts for the risk financing activities and assumes the risk of loss.

I. D. 12. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. D. 13. FUND EQUITY

Proprietary fund financial statements report net position. Amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt, and legally restricted amounts are separated from unrestricted net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The amount reported is calculated as total capital assets less accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt used to purchase the assets net of unspent portions. Unspent portions of bonds payable, along with any amounts used to fund debt reserves, are included with restricted net position.

Restricted Net Position

Amounts reported as restricted for debt service include those amounts held in restricted accounts as required by the debt instrument. Restricted amounts held to pay bond interest are reduced by accrued interest payable. Net position restricted for capital projects include unspent debt proceeds legally restricted for capital outlays. Restricted net position also include purpose restrictions from enabling legislation and other external sources.

I. E. TAX STATUS

Authority

The Authority is exempt from Federal and state income taxes under section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code for any trade or business related to the Authority's tax-exempt purpose or function.

COTPA Retirement

On January 25, 2017, the Internal Revenue Service determined that COTPA Retirement is designed in accordance with Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

I. F. RETAINAGES

It is the policy of the Authority to retain a percentage of construction contracts until a completed project has been accepted by the Trustees. Contractors may request to opt out of this retainage by providing a certificate of deposit with the City. The City holds the certificate of deposit and the Authority retains the risk of incurring costs related to a contractor's failure to perform. However, in the event of non-performance, the City calls the certificate and pays the proceeds to the Authority to cover any costs incurred. The Authority does not record the effect of holding the certificates of deposit.

II. ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

II. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned or the Authority will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's policy requires deposits to be 110 percent secured by collateral valued at market less the amount of the Federal depository insurance (FDIC). Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health, as determined by the bank's institutional rating provided by commercially available bank rating services or on performance evaluations conducted pursuant to the Federal Community Reinvestment Act, 12 United States Code, Section 2901. Collateral agreements must be approved prior to deposit of funds as provided by law. The City Council approves and designates a list of authorized depository institutions based on evaluation by the City Treasurer of the institution's financial strength in accordance with the investment policy.

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority's cash is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the name of the Authority, less Federal depository insurance.

Investments

The Authority invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the Authority's financial position. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

				201	8			
		Fair Value/					Average	Weighted Average/
		Carrying	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Measured at	Credit Quality/	Effective Duration
	Cost	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Inputs</u>	<u>Inputs</u>	<u>Inputs</u>	NAV (1)	Ratings (2)	(months) (3)
<u>Authority</u>								
Money								
market (4)(5)	\$1,159,500	\$1,159,500	\$1,159,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	AAA/Aaa	0.27
U.S.								
treasury bill	28,907,033	29,017,883	<u>-</u>	29,017,883	_=	<u>-</u> -	N/A	2.90
Total								
authority								
investments	\$30,066,533	<u>\$30,177,383</u>	<u>\$1,159,500</u>	<u>\$29,017,883</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
COTPA Retirement	<u>t</u>							
Mutual funds (6)								
Equity	\$7,721,084	\$9,340,064	\$9,340,064	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	37.32
Bond	2,970,457	2,868,972	2,868,972	-	-	-	В	75.87
Real estate								
investment								
trust	240,704	228,691	228,691	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
Money								
market (4)(5)	638,357	638,357	638,357	_=	_=	_=	AAA	0.87
Total fiduciary								
investments	<u>\$11,570,602</u>	<u>\$13,076,084</u>	<u>\$13,076,084</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
				201	7			
		Fair Value/					Average	Weighted Average/
		Carrying	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Measured at	Credit Quality/	Effective Duration
	Cost	Amount	<u>Inputs</u>	Inputs	Inputs	NAV (1)	Ratings (2)	(months) (3)
<u>Authority</u>								
Money								
market (4)(5)	\$1,139,437	\$1,139,437	\$1,139,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	AAA/Aaa	1.27
U.S.								
treasury bill	26,287,489	26,326,062	=	26,326,060	=	=	N/A	3.40
Total								
authority								
investments	<u>\$27,426,926</u>	<u>\$27,465,499</u>	<u>\$1,139,437</u>	<u>\$26,326,060</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
								(continued)

Investments (continued)

	2017							
•		Fair Value/					Average	Weighted Average/
		Carrying	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Measured at	Credit Quality/	Effective Duration
COTPA Retirement								
Mutual funds (6)								
Equity	\$7,367,834	\$8,692,829	\$8,692,829	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A
Bond	2,945,718	2,913,967	2,913,967	-	-	-	BBB	67.74
Real estate								
investment								
trust	203,257	193,589	193,589	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
Money								
market (4)(5)	624,713	624,713	<u>624,713</u>		_=	_=	AAA	0.57
Total fiduciary								
investments	\$11,141,522	\$12,425,098	\$12,425,098	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		

- (1) The net asset value (NAV) is a practical expedient to estimate fair value.
- (2) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (3) Interest rate risk is estimated using weighted average months to maturity.
- (4) Cost approximates fair value.
- (5) Consists solely of U.S. Treasury securities.
- (6) Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. COTPA Retirement has \$2,104,318 and \$2,076,491 invested in international mutual funds at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Fair Value Measurement

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value in the tables above. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

An investment's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market funds are reported at cost, which approximates fair value, are traded on active markets at quoted prices, and are valued at level 1.

U.S. treasury bills and U.S. Treasury notes are valued at level 2 using pricing models that maximize the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Mutual funds are valued at the daily closing price as reported by COTPA Retirement. Mutual funds held by the pension trust are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily NAV and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plan are deemed to be actively traded.

Investment Policies

The Authority's investment policy is maintained by the City Treasurer. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Authority funds may be invested in: (1) direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged; (2) Federal agency or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise obligations, participations, or other instruments, including those insured by or fully guaranteed as principal and interest by Federal agencies or U.S. government-sponsored enterprises; (3) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions located in Oklahoma when secured by appropriate collateral or fully insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions located outside of Oklahoma; (4) repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral of direct obligations or obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities; (5) money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission which consist of authorized domestic securities with restrictions as specified in state law; (6) savings accounts or certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and credit unions, to the extent the accounts are fully insured by Federal depository insurance; (7) State and Local Government Series (SLGS); (8) City direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bonds issued by a public trust of which the City is a beneficiary and judgments rendered against the City by a court of record, provided it is a prudent investment; (9) prime commercial paper with a maturity date less than 180 days which represents less than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation.

Under the policy, the Authority may not invest in reverse repurchase agreements, derivative instruments created from, whose value depends on, or is derived from, the value of one or more underlying assets or indices of asset values and/or has no call options prior to the desired maturity or is a variable rate instrument. Collateralization is further restricted to permitted investments shown previously as items (1) and (2).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, investments are not made in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Certificates of deposit may not be purchased with maturities greater than 365 days from date of purchase.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Authority's investment in a single issuer. Cumulatively, portfolios of the Authority may not be invested in any given financial institution in excess of 5% of such institution's total assets excluding U.S. government securities and those issued by government sponsored enterprises, SLGS, and City judgments. Additionally, no more than 5% of the total Authority portfolio may be placed with any single financial institution excluding U.S. government securities and those issued by government sponsored enterprises, savings, money market funds, SLGS, City judgments, and repurchase agreements.

Portfolio Structure (1)

Investment Type Limitations
Percentage of Total Invested Principal

Maturity Limitations
Percentage of Total Invested Principal

i ciccinage of Total invested	i i iliicipai	referringe of Total Invested Timespar		
	Maximum % (2)		<u>Maximum % (4)</u>	
Repurchase agreements	100%	0-1 year	100%	
U.S. Treasury securities (3)	100	1-3 years	90	
Certificates of deposit	50	3-5 years	90	
Money market funds	100			
Savings account	100			
U.S. non-callable agencies securities	100			
U.S. callable agency securities	20			
Prime commercial paper	7.5			
City judgments	5			

- (1) Specifically matched cash flows are excluded.
- (2) For investments listed, there is no minimum percentage specified under the policy.
- Includes SLGS.
- (4) For maturities limited to 0-1 year, the minimum percentages allowed under the policy are 5-25%.

Authority policy also allows surplus cash, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements to be collateralized with securities with longer maturities if such maturity does not exceed ten years.

Bond Indenture Restrictions

Authority non-pooled cash and investments are restricted in purpose by the policies incorporated in the applicable bond indenture. A trustee bank provides the management of these restricted, non-pooled investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is not addressed by the bond indenture.

The bond indenture prescribes authorized investments for accounts restricted under the indenture to (1) direct obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U. S.; (2) bonds or debentures payable in cash issued by the following Federal agencies: (a) Export Import Bank of the United States, (b) Federal Financing Bank, (c) Farmer's Home Administration, (d) Federal Housing Administration, (e) Maritime Administration, (f) Public Housing Authorities, (g) Government National Mortgage Association; (3) investments fully insured by FDIC including: (a) certificates of deposit, (b) savings accounts, (c) deposit accounts, (d) depository receipts; (4) certificates of deposit in excess of FDIC insurance properly secured by collateral security consisting of obligations described in (1) and (2) above; (5) commercial paper; (6) money market funds; (7) investment agreements.

The bond indenture provides that investments mature in no more than six to sixty months, depending on the purpose of the funds and the requirements of the account in which funds are deposited.

Pension Trust Investment Policy

COTPA Retirement has an investment policy separately approved by the pension plan committee. Investment activity follows the Uniform Prudent Investment Act providing for the preservation of capital, with the goal to achieve the highest possible rate of return consistent with the tolerance for risk determined by the board. The Investment Policy provides for the hiring of Financial Consultant(s) and Investment Manager(s) to implement the investment of assets in accordance with investment guidelines set out in the policy. The policy provides for the engagement of a custodian bank who accepts possession of securities for safekeeping; collects and disburses income; collects principal of sold, matured, or called items; and provides periodic accounting statements.

Manager performance is reviewed by a consultant who provides reports to the governing board. Any changes in the investment management firm must be reported as they occur. Overall investment guidelines provide for a diversified portfolio and allow investment in cash equivalents, fixed income securities, equity securities, liquid alternatives, and mutual pooled funds. COTPA Retirement policy prohibits investment of more than 5% of its assets in the securities of any one issuer held either in individual investments or through a mutual fund with the exception of U.S. government securities. Policy further prohibits investment of more than 20% in any one market sector. Fixed income securities must be considered "Investment Grade" by at least one of the major rating agencies at the time of purchase. Cash Equivalents can include treasury bills, money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits or FDIC insured deposits. Liquid alternatives shall be restricted to mutual funds and/or exchange traded funds with daily liquidity.

Asset allocation guidelines

				2018	2017
	Minimum	Target	Maximum	Actual	Actual
Domestic equities	40%	55%	70%	56%	42%
International	10	15	20	15	17
Alternatives	0	15	25	9	10
Fixed income	10	25	40	20	31
Cash Equivalents	0	5	10	0	0

Cash Reserve Policy

The Board may elect to reduce risk exposure by raising cash reserves. It may, at its discretion, retain a manager to manage such cash reserves in a Special Cash Reserve Fund. The implementation of a cash reserve policy will be driven by the current level of interest rates as reflected by the discount rate as determined by the Federal Reserve.

Cash Reserve Guidelines

Percent of total Fund Invested in Special Cash Reserve Fund	Discount Rate Levels
0-3 %	4% or less
6	>4% to 6%
12	>6% to 7%
18	>7% to <8%
24	>8% to <9%
30	>9% or above

The fixed income portfolio may be invested 100% in cash equivalents or up to 100% fixed income securities maturing in 30 years or less. The policy also requires that the active fixed income manager maintain portfolio duration at a minimum of 50% and a maximum of 150% of the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index (AGG=100).

Securities Held by Others

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Authority policy provides that investment collateral is held by a third party custodian with whom the Authority has a current custodial agreement in the Authority's name or be held in the name of both parties by the Federal Reserve Bank servicing Oklahoma.

COTPA Retirement held \$9,340,064 and \$8,692,829 in common stock or stock funds at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. These are held by the investment counterparty, not in the name of COTPA Retirement or the Authority.

Compliance with State Requirements

Authority investment policy and the bond indenture, as well as, the pension trust policy, are more restrictive than the requirements of Oklahoma law found in Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes and the standards of the Oklahoma Uniform Prudent Investor Act. These statutes restrict public investing to the Prudent Investor Rule defined by Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes to consider the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the Trust and to exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investment decisions must be evaluated not in isolation, but in the context of the Authority's portfolio as a whole and as a part of the overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the Authority.

Restricted Deposits and Investments

	<u> 2018 </u>	<u> 2017</u>
Bond principal and interest accounts	\$1,056,720	\$1,052,002
Bond reserve account	1,492,839	1,482,198
	<u>\$2,549,559</u>	\$2,534,200

II. B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS

Receivables include monthly parking agreements, retail leases, and charter services. These receivables are due in less than one year. The allowance amount is estimated using accounts receivable past due more than 90 days.

		2018	
	Transportation	<u>Parking</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable	\$157,021	\$81,892	\$238,913
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	<u>(669)</u>	(1,249)	<u>(1,918)</u>
Net accounts receivable	<u>\$156,352</u>	<u>\$80,643</u>	<u>\$236,995</u>
Affect on revenues for change in uncollectible	<u>(\$69)</u>	<u>\$68,245</u>	<u>\$68,176</u>
		2017	
	<u>Transportation</u>	<u>Parking</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable	\$139,972	<u>Parking</u> \$116,566	<u>Total</u> \$256,538
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts			<u> </u>
110000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$139,972	\$116,566	\$256,538

II. C. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLE

Total intergovernmental receivables of \$485,911 in 2018 and \$679,603 in 2017 was due from the Federal government for grants.

II. D. INVENTORIES

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Diesel fuel, gasoline and oil	\$56,128	\$40,597
Vehicle parts and supplies	878,283	857,530
	<u>\$934,411</u>	<u>\$898,127</u>

(continued)

II. E. PREPAIDS

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Memberships and dues	\$3,773	\$5,497
Software licenses and support	34,330	49,101
Insurance	7,069	6,977
Other	<u></u>	<u>4,961</u>
	<u>\$45,172</u>	<u>\$66,536</u>

II. F. OTHER ASSETS

 2018
 2017

 Insurance security deposit
 \$65,000
 \$65,000

II. G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in Capital Assets

			201	8		
		Construction				Total
	Land and Art	In Progress				Non-depreciable
CAPITAL ASSETS, NOT DEPRECIATED						
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$5,850,022	\$1,507,215				\$7,357,237
Increases	-	1,808,193				1,808,193
Transfers		(51,865)				(51,865)
Total capital assets, not depreciated	<u>\$5,850,022</u>	<u>\$3,263,543</u>				<u>9,113,565</u>
		Improvements	Buses,	Parking	Other Furniture,	
		Other Than	Automobiles,	Garages and	Machinery,	Total
	Buildings	Buildings	and Boats	Surface Lots	and Equipment	Depreciable
CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED						
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$15,557,933	\$14,589,924	\$23,090,275	\$55,244,087	\$9,562,735	\$118,044,954
Increases	2,700	-	-	-	5,440,740	5,443,440
Decreases	-	-	(2,419,620)	-	-	(2,419,620)
Transfers	<u>51,865</u>	_=	<u>-</u>		_=	<u>51,865</u>
Balance, June 30, 2018	15,612,498	14,589,924	20,670,655	55,244,087	15,003,475	121,120,639
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
Balance, June 30, 2017	5,842,552	6,569,366	12,758,619	16,947,725	6,037,391	48,155,653
Increases	392,117	710,358	1,735,984	1,059,444	1,058,536	4,956,439
Decreases	_=	_=	(2,419,621)	_=	_=	(2,419,621)
Balance, June 30, 2018	6,234,669	7,279,724	12,074,982	18,007,169	7,095,927	50,692,471
Total capital assets, depreciated	<u>\$9,377,829</u>	<u>\$7,310,200</u>	<u>\$8,595,673</u>	<u>\$37,236,918</u>	<u>\$7,907,548</u>	<u>70,428,168</u>
Total capital assets, net						<u>\$79,541,733</u>

Capital Assets (continued)

	2017					
		Construction				Total
CAPITAL ASSETS, NOT DEPRECIATED	Land and Art	In Progress				Non-depreciable
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$5,850,022	\$832,318				\$6,682,340
Increases	-	901,280				901,280
Decreases	-	(6,432)				(6,432)
Transfers	_=	(219,951)				(219,951)
Total capital assets, not depreciated	<u>\$5,850,022</u>	<u>\$1,507,215</u>				<u>7,357,237</u>
		Improvements	Buses,	Parking	Other Furniture,	
		Other Than	Automobiles,	Garages and	Machinery,	Total
	Buildings	Buildings	and Boats	Surface Lots	and Equipment	Depreciable
CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED	Dundings	<u>Dunumgs</u>	and Boats	Surface Lots	and Equipment	Вергесионе
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$15,906,479	\$13,807,084	\$21,937,424	\$55,220,611	\$9,598,218	\$116,469,816
Increases	-	352,971	3,176,098	-	357,267	3,886,336
Decreases	_	(115,152)	(2,023,247)	_	(392,750)	
Transfers	(348,546)	545,021	_ _	23,476	(= = , , = =) _=	219,951
Balance, June 30, 2017	15,557,933	14,589,924	23,090,275	55,244,087	9,562,735	118,044,954
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
Balance, June 30, 2016	5,450,528	5,880,278	12,998,949	15,895,093	5,794,592	46,019,440
Increases	392,024	757,122	1,773,406	1,059,064	635,549	4,617,165
Decreases		(68,034)	(2,013,736)	(6,432)	, , ,	
Balance, June 30, 2017	5,842,552	6,569,366	12,758,619	16,947,725	6,037,391	48,155,653
Total capital assets, depreciated	\$9,715,381	\$8,020,558	\$10,331,656	\$38,296,362	\$3,525,344	69,889,301
• • •	· <u></u>					
Total capital assets, net						<u>\$77,246,538</u>

Depreciation Expense

	2018	2017
Transportation	\$3,101,588	\$2,766,736
River Cruises	275,966	275,966
Parking	<u>1,578,885</u>	1,574,463
	<u>\$4,956,439</u>	\$4,617,165

II. H. PENSION DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Differences are deferred when the pension system's actuarial estimate of the plan's experience costs for a given period differ from the actual experience costs. Deferred outflows that result from plan experience differences are divided by the beginning expected remaining service life of its members and amortized over that period, with the current year amount included in the determination of pension expense. Differences are also calculated and recorded as deferred outflows when actual investment earnings exceed estimated investment earnings. This amount is amortized over a fixed five year period for each unique fiscal year. Current year employer contributions are deferred and included in the following year net pension liability calculation.

	2018	2017
Current year contributions - Employer	\$545,728	\$548,513
Differences between expected and		
actual pension plan experience	222,424	277,861
Differences between expected and		
actual investment earnings	228,563	753,311
	<u>\$996,715</u>	\$1,579,685

II. I. OPEB DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Differences are deferred when the OPEB system's actuarial estimate of the plan's experience costs for a given period differ from the actual experience costs. Deferred outflows that result from plan experience differences are divided by the beginning expected remaining service life of its members and amortized over that period, with the current year amount included in the determination of OPEB expense. Current year employer contributions are deferred and included in the following year net OPEB liability calculation.

	2018
Current year contributions - Employer	\$130,000
Differences between expected and actual OPEB plan experience	<u>412,741</u>
	<u>\$542,741</u>

III. LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

III. A. UNEARNED REVENUE

	2018	2017
<u>CURRENT</u>		
Transportation	\$ -	\$105
River	139,330	146,358
Parking	<u>62,224</u>	<u>153,008</u>
	<u>201,554</u>	<u>299,471</u>
NON-CURRENT (1)		
River	<u>433,735</u>	<u>566,995</u>
	<u>\$635,289</u>	<u>\$866,466</u>

(1) In July and August 2007 the Authority and OCRRA, respectively, entered into an agreement with Devon Energy Corporation (Devon) for \$2 million for the exclusive naming rights of three riverboats with an initial term of 15 years (commencing October 1, 2007) for \$133,000 per year. The payment amount was received from Devon by OCRRA in a lump sum and transferred to the Authority to finance needed system acquisitions. Devon unearned revenue at June 30, 2018 and 2017, is \$566,630 and \$699,995 including \$433,735 and \$566,995 reported as non-current unearned revenue, respectively.

III. B. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences balances changed from 2017 to 2018 by accruals of \$487,611 and usages of \$416,480 compared to changes in accruals of \$346,764 and usages of \$388,527 from 2016 to 2017.

III. C. REVENUE BONDS

Bond Issuance

On June 20, 2013, the Authority issued \$22,000,000 in Series 2013 Parking Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate (coupon) of 4.5%. The proceeds of \$22,000,000 from the bonds, less \$264,139 in issuance costs, to finance construction of a new parking garage in downtown Oklahoma City, known as the Arts District Parking Garage.

Parking Revenue Bonds

In 2013 the Authority issued bonds for financing part of the construction of a new parking facility. The bonds are collateralized principally by the net revenues of the parking system and revenues pledged by the City under an agreement of support (City Agreement).

The Series 2013 Parking Revenue Bonds mature on July 1, 2014, through July 1, 2038. Interest payments are payable on January 1 and July 1 beginning January 1, 2014. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after July 1, 2023. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 and 2017, are \$19,570,000 and \$20,195,000, respectively.

Bonded Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$635,000	\$837,281	\$1,472,281
2020	650,000	823,221	1,473,221
2021	665,000	806,339	1,471,339
2022	680,000	787,203	1,467,203
2023	700,000	765,543	1,465,543
2024-2028	3,900,000	3,414,431	7,314,431
2029-2033	4,825,000	2,454,941	7,279,941
2034-2038	6,105,000	1,137,194	7,242,194
Thereafter	<u>1,410,000</u>	<u>35,031</u>	<u>1,445,031</u>
	\$19.570.000	<u>\$11.061.184</u>	\$30.631.184

Revenue Bond	ds Outstanding
--------------	----------------

					2018	2017
	<u>Issued</u>	Rate %	<u>Date</u>	Maturity Date	Balance	Balance
Series 2013 Parking Revenue Bonds	\$22,000,000	0.71-4.97	6/20/2013	7/1/2038	\$19,570,000	\$20,195,000

Bond Defeasance

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust or escrow account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. This resulted in a transfer of liability to the irrevocable trust or escrow account trustee. Accordingly, the trust or escrow accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements.

Related to the sale of the City Center West Parking Garage to Devon Energy Corporation on October 1, 2009, was the vacation and subsequent demolition of the Scissor Parking Facility which resulted in a partial defeasement of the Series 2006 Parking Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$6,895,000 at a cost of \$7,637,097. The Authority defeased the Series 2006 Parking Revenue Bonds with \$1,057,210 of the net proceeds from the sales of garages, bond fund reserves of \$219,887, a payment from the Oklahoma City Economic Development Trust (OCEDT) of \$4,360,000, and a contribution from OCURA of \$2,000,000. In addition, \$179,356 of the net sales proceeds were used to pay fees and costs relating to the bond defeasance. Excess proceeds of \$23,625 were transferred to operations of the Parking Authority.

In addition to the payment received from OCEDT to help fund the defeasement of the Series 2006 Parking Revenue Bonds, the Authority also received \$3,865,550 from OCEDT for reimbursement of the total capital outlay expended to make the parking garages ready for sale.

Bond Coverage

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Gross revenue, including non-operating investment income	\$9,022,276	\$8,888,605
Direct operating expenses, excluding depreciation, and		
transfers to Parking Enterprise Fund	4,259,758	<u>4,010,914</u>
Net revenue available for debt service	<u>\$4,762,518</u>	<u>\$4,877,691</u>
Principal amounts	\$650,000	\$625,000
Interest amounts	<u>823,221</u>	<u>848,722</u>
Total debt service requirements	<u>\$1,473,221</u>	<u>\$1,473,722</u>
Revenue bond coverage	<u>3.23</u>	<u>3.31</u>

The bond indentures require the payment of principal and interest before any other expenditures may be made. In addition, depreciation and amortization expenses are excluded from the direct operating expenses as they do not affect funds available for debt service. The revenue bonds are secured principally by net revenues of the parking system and from amounts that could be received, if needed, from the City under the City Agreement. Per the bond indenture, principal and interest amounts are derived from the highest annual principal and interest amounts outstanding. The required revenue bond coverage is 1.25 of maximum annual bond service for all bonds outstanding.

III. D. SEGMENT INFORMATION AND PLEDGED REVENUES

The Authority issued revenue bonds to support its parking garages. The financial statements report revenue-supported debt. The Authority recognized \$8,386,635 and \$8,105,674 in parking revenues in 2018 and 2017, respectively.

III. E. NET PENSION LIABILITY

A net pension liability is reported when a pension plan's total pension liability exceeds the plan's net position. The Authority's net pension liability and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial dated July 1, 2016, and July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Related to COTPA Retirement, the Authority reported a net pension liability of \$4,081,515 and \$4,600,125 at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

III. F. NET OPEB LIABILITY

A net OPEB liability is reported when the OPEB plan's total OPEB liability exceeds the plan's net position. The Authority's net OPEB liability and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial dated June 30, 2017. The Authority reported a net OPEB liability of \$1,493,048 at June 30, 2018, related to COTPA Retirement.

III. G. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

				2018			
	Balance	Change in			Balance	Due	Due
	July 1,	Accounting			June 30,	Due Within	Due After
	<u>2017</u>	Principle	<u>Issued</u>	Retired	<u>2018</u>	One Year	One Year
COMPENSATED ABSENCES							
Transportation	\$402,509	-	\$487,611	\$416,480	\$473,640	\$216,959	\$256,681
REVENUE BONDS							
Parking	20,195,000	-	-	625,000	19,570,000	635,000	18,935,000
NET PENSION LIABILITY							
Transportation	4,600,125	-	1,155,816	1,674,426	4,081,515	-	4,081,515
NET OPEB LIABILITY							
Transportation	<u>191,775</u>	1,249,733	<u>618,155</u>	<u>566,615</u>	1,493,048	_=	1,493,048
Total	<u>\$25,389,409</u>	<u>\$ 1,249,733</u>	<u>\$2,261,582</u>	<u>\$3,282,521</u>	<u>\$25,618,203</u>	<u>\$851,959</u>	<u>\$24,766,244</u>
				2017			
	Palanaa	Changain		2017	Dalanaa	Duo	Duo
	Balance	Change in		2017	Balance	Due	Due
	July 1,	Accounting	Inquad	·	June 30,	Within	After
COMPENSATED A DSENGES		_	<u>Issued</u>	2017 Retired			
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	July 1, 2016	Accounting Principle		<u>Retired</u>	June 30, 2017	Within One Year	After One Year
Transportation	July 1,	Accounting	<u>Issued</u> \$346,764	·	June 30,	Within	After
Transportation REVENUE BONDS	July 1, 2016 \$444,272	Accounting Principle		<u>Retired</u> \$388,527	June 30, 2017 \$402,509	Within One Year \$193,654	After One Year \$208,855
Transportation REVENUE BONDS Parking	July 1, 2016	Accounting Principle		<u>Retired</u>	June 30, 2017	Within One Year	After One Year
Transportation REVENUE BONDS Parking NET PENSION LIABILITY	July 1, 2016 \$444,272 20,810,000	Accounting Principle \$ -	\$346,764	Retired \$388,527 615,000	June 30, <u>2017</u> \$402,509 20,195,000	Within One Year \$193,654	After One Year \$208,855 19,570,000
Transportation REVENUE BONDS Parking NET PENSION LIABILITY Transportation	July 1, 2016 \$444,272	Accounting Principle		<u>Retired</u> \$388,527	June 30, 2017 \$402,509	Within One Year \$193,654	After One Year \$208,855
Transportation REVENUE BONDS Parking NET PENSION LIABILITY Transportation NET OPEB OBLIGATION	July 1, 2016 \$444,272 20,810,000 5,466,252	Accounting Principle \$ -	\$346,764 - 1,573,065	Retired \$388,527 615,000 2,439,192	June 30, 2017 \$402,509 20,195,000 4,600,125	Within One Year \$193,654	After One Year \$208,855 19,570,000 4,600,125
Transportation REVENUE BONDS Parking NET PENSION LIABILITY Transportation	July 1, 2016 \$444,272 20,810,000	Accounting Principle \$ -	\$346,764	Retired \$388,527 615,000	June 30, <u>2017</u> \$402,509 20,195,000	Within One Year \$193,654	After One Year \$208,855 19,570,000

III. H. GUARANTEED DEBT

The City has executed an agreement of support which guarantees the City will fund debt service and bond reserve requirements for the Authority Series 2013 Parking Revenue Bonds. Under Oklahoma law, the City may only be obligated to transfer up to the end of its fiscal year (June 30) and has no legal obligation or promise to transfer beyond its fiscal year. The debt instruments recognize the limitations set by state law and the City's moral obligation to renew the guarantees. The debt instruments require the City to renew the guarantees annually. The City did not and was not required to fund debt service for the Authority in 2018 or any preceding year in which the debt was outstanding.

	Total Amount	Total Amount
Maximum of Bond Reserve or Bond Debt Service Requirements	Guaranteed (1)	Outstanding
Series 2013 Parking Revenue Bonds	<u>\$1,472,281</u>	\$19.570.000

⁽¹⁾ The amount guaranteed is only the amount of debt service due on or before June 30, 2019, and covered under the guarantee effective July 1, 2018. It is anticipated that the guarantees will be renewed annually.

III. I. PENSION DEFERRED INFLOWS

Differences are deferred when the pension system's actuarial estimate of the plan's experience costs for a given period differ from the actual experience costs. Deferred inflows that result from plan experience differences and change in assumptions are divided by the beginning expected remaining service life of its members and amortized over that period, with the current year amount included in the determination of pension expense.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Differences between expected and		
actual pension plan experience	\$167,121	\$203,771
Change in assumptions	<u>1,370,263</u>	1,706,390
	<u>\$1,537,384</u>	<u>\$1,910,161</u>

III. J. OPEB DEFERRED INFLOWS

Deferred inflows that result from change in assumptions are divided by the beginning expected remaining service life of its members and amortized over that period, with the current year amount included in the determination of OPEB expense. Differences are also calculated and recorded as deferred inflows when actual investment earnings exceed estimated investment earnings. This amount is amortized over a fixed 5 year period for each unique fiscal year.

Differences between projected and actual investment	<u>2018</u>
earnings on plan investments	\$9,714
Change in assumptions	125,257
	<u>\$134,971</u>

IV. NET POSITION

Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2017, the Authority changed its method of accounting and recognized an additional liability and reduced net position of \$2,950,651 due to the chargeback from the City for the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions. In addition, the Authority recognized an increase in the OPEB liability of \$1,249,733, an increase in deferred outflows of \$374,116 and reduced net position of \$875,617 related to the Authority's adoption of GASB Statement No. 75 related to the Authority's employees.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Capital assets, net Retainages and capital related accounts payable Bonds payable, net Bond issuance costs paid with bond proceeds	2018 \$79,541,733 (192,721) (19,570,000) 264,139	2017 \$77,246,538 (29,051) (20,195,000) 264,139
	<u>\$60,043,151</u>	<u>\$57,286,626</u>
Restricted for Debt Service		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Bond principal and interest accounts	\$1,056,720	\$1,052,001
Bond reserve	1,492,839	1,482,198
Interest receivable on debt service accounts	1,160	339
Current bond interest payable	(421,721)	(427,002)
	<u>\$2,128,998</u>	\$2,107,536
Unrestricted		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Unrestricted	<u>\$22,116,229</u>	<u>\$24,012,832</u>

V. REVENUES AND EXPENSES

V. A. LEASE REVENUES

The Parking Fund leases retail space at the Santa Fe and Arts District Parking Garages to various establishments. Most of these leases are at least two years with multi-year renewal options. At June 30, 2018, 17,611 square feet of garage retail space was leased. In addition, the Transportation Fund leased out approximately 4,000 square feet of retail space at the Santa Fe Depot.

Minimum Rentals on Non-Cancelable Leases

2019	\$252,722
2020	217,560
2021	222,123
2022	205,254
2023	142,953
2024 - 2028	337,201
	<u>\$1.377.813</u>
Rental income	\$283,498

V. B. PENSION EXPENSE

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources to be Recognized in Future Pension Expense

<u>20</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>201</u>	<u>17</u>
2018	(\$281,175)	2017	(\$182,712)
2019	(86,980)	2018	(182,710)
2020	(198,444)	2019	11,485
2021	(370,951)	2020	(99,979)
2022	(149,753)	2021	(272,484)
Thereafter	<u>906</u>	Thereafter	(152,589)
	(\$1,086,397)		<u>(\$878,989)</u>

V. C. OPEB EXPENSE

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources to be Recognized in Future OPEB Expense

<u>2018</u>	<u>3</u>
2018	\$23,706
2019	23,706
2020	23,706
2021	23,708
2022	26,135
Thereafter	156,809
	\$277,770

VI. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

VI. A. INTERFUND BALANCES

Internal Balances

Internal balances consist of reimbursements from the Parking Fund to the Transportation Fund for payroll costs, and grant receivables in the River Cruises Fund from the Transportation Fund in both 2018 and 2017.

	2018				2017	,		
	River			River				
	<u>Transportation</u>	Cruises	Parking	<u>Total</u>	Transportation	Cruises	Parking	<u>Total</u>
Transportation Fund	\$ -	\$10,999	\$ -	\$10,999	\$ -	\$107,022	\$32,871	\$139,893
River Cruises Fund	(10,999)	-	-	(10,999)	(107,022)	-	-	(107,022)
Parking Fund	<u></u>		_=		(32,871)	_=		(32,871)
	<u>(\$10,999)</u>	<u>\$10,999</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(\$139,893)	<u>\$107,022</u>	<u>\$32,871</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Receivable from / Payable to the City

		2018		
-	<u>Purpose</u>	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>
RECEIVABLE FROM				
City General Fund	Operating subsidy	\$ -	\$ -	\$220,000
City Municipal Facilities				
Authority Services fund	Prefunded radio system	<u>299,871</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$299,871</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$220,000</u>
	<u>Purpose</u>	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>
PAYABLE TO				
City General Fund	Administrative charges, purchasing card	\$121,438	\$9	\$16,599
City Transportation Fund	Cost reimbursement	3,071,220	-	-
City Parking Fund	Cost reimbursement	-	-	401,791
City Print Shop Fund	Postage and copy services	1,792	-	-
City Fleet Services Fund City Stormwater	Fuel chargeback	31,491	-	-
Drainage Fund	Administrative charges	1,210	-	176
City Municipal Facilities				
Authority Services fund	Cell services	4,583	-	-
Oklahoma City Public Property Authority General				
Purpose Fund	Thunder parking lease	<u></u>		<u>53,218</u>
		<u>\$3,231,734</u>	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$471,784</u>
_		2017		
_	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>
RECEIVABLE FROM				
City General Fund	Operating subsidy	\$1,302,830	\$ -	\$214,750
OCPPA General				
Purpose Fund	Prefunded radio system	322,502	-	-
City Grant				
Management Fund	Grant match	13,277 \$1,638,609	<u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>	\$214,75 <u>0</u>

(continued)

Receivable From/Payable To (continued)

PAYABLE TO	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>
City General Fund	Administrative charges, purchasing card	\$125,028	\$965	\$3,397
City Transportation Fund	Payroll reimbursement	-	50,251	-
City Transportation Fund	Cost reimbursement	399,058	-	-
City Parking Fund	Cost reimbursement	-	-	52,980
City Print Shop Fund	Postage and copy services	2,567	2	30
City Fleet Services Fund	Fuel chargeback	8,157	-	-
City MAPS				
Operations Fund	Boat repair advance	-	39,790	-
City MAPS3				
Sales Tax Fund	Streetcar operations planning	43,751	-	-
Oklahoma City Public Prope				
Authority General				
Purpose Fund	Thunder parking lease	-	-	9,426
City Municipal Facilities				
Authority Services fund	Cell services	5,506	-	-
City Grant				
Management Fund	Grant match	<u>12,516</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$596,583</u>	<u>\$91,008</u>	<u>\$65,846</u>

Cost Reimbursement Payable to (Receivable From) the City Transportation and Parking Funds

City employees perform all administrative and management services for the Authority. Reimbursements for the costs of these services are included in the Authority's expenses. The advance represents the unfunded non-current liabilities of the City Transportation and City Parking Funds.

	Transpor	tation_	<u>Parkir</u>	<u>z</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Beginning balance, as previously reported	\$399,058	\$527,844	\$52,980	\$74,651	
Change in accounting principle See Note IV for more information	<u>2,468,471</u>	<u>-</u> -	482,220	_=	
Beginning balance as restated	\$2,867,529	\$527,844	\$535,200	\$74,651	
Personnel services	2,579,213	2,319,424	305,140	213,166	
Other services	379,267	(29,488)	48,730	166,692	
Interest income	(189)	(4,004)	(2,393)	(1,529)	
Other non operating revenue	(404,600)	-	-	-	
Reimbursement to the City	(2,350,000)	(2,414,718)	<u>(484,886)</u>	(400,000)	
	<u>\$3,071,220</u>	<u>\$399,058</u>	<u>\$401,791</u>	<u>\$52,980</u>	

The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the City Transportation and Parking Funds represent assets and deferred outflows that may be used to reduce Authority reimbursement requirements and the liabilities and deferred inflows represent current and future liabilities that the Authority will be required to fund.

	City Transportation Fund		City Parking Fund	
·	2018	2017	2018	2017
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Pooled cash	\$2,527	\$9,494	\$509	\$1,268
Investments	215,949	216,302	260,756	35,578
Interest receivable	922	644	1,092	106
Inventories	-	-	6,427	6,440
Receivable from the City	-	-	-	7,883
Receivable from Component Unit	-	50,251	-	-
Net pension assets	275,204	-	62,546	-
Deferred outflows of resources	368,336	<u>550,897</u>	80,516	125,204
Total assets and deferred outflows	862,938	<u>827,588</u>	<u>411,846</u>	<u>176,479</u>
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-	-	35,258	6,885
Wages and benefits payable	111,711	98,217	19,954	18,926
Payable to the City	-	-	-	120
Payable to Component Unit	-	-	61,370	-
Compensated absences	465,619	388,663	32,109	49,650
Net OPEB liability	2,922,796	548,176	574,120	110,335
Net pension liability	-	12,905	-	2,933
Deferred inflows of resources	434,032	<u>178,685</u>	<u>90,826</u>	40,610
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	<u>3,934,158</u>	<u>1,226,646</u>	<u>813,637</u>	<u>229,459</u>
Cost reimbursement payable to				
(receivable from) the City	<u>\$3,071,220</u>	<u>\$399,058</u>	<u>\$401,791</u>	<u>\$52,980</u>

VI. B. INTERFUND PAYMENTS/TRANSFERS

Transfers

Transfers within the Authority consist of the transfer of grant revenue funds from the Transportation Fund to the River Cruises Fund.

		2018			2017		
	Transportation	River Cruises	<u>Parking</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	River Cruises	Parking	
Transportation	\$ -	\$30,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$147,841	\$ -	
River Cruises	(30,470)	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	(147,841)	<u>-</u> -	<u></u>	
	<u>(\$30,470)</u>	\$30,470	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(\$147,841)</u>	\$147.841	<u>\$ -</u>	

Payments From/To the City and Component Units

	2018				
	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	River Cruises	Parking	
FROM					
City General Fund	Operating subsidy	\$16,168,001	\$725,566	\$220,000	
OCRRA	Marketing costs subsidy	<u></u>	25,000	<u></u>	
	ç ,	<u>\$16,168,001</u>	<u>\$750,566</u>	<u>\$220,000</u>	
		2017			
	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	River Cruises	Parking	
FROM					
City General Fund	Operating subsidy	\$15,125,631	\$725,566	\$214,750	
OCRRA	Marketing costs subsidy	<u>-</u>	25,000	<u>-</u> -	
		\$15,125,631	\$750,566	\$214,750	

VI. C. OTHER INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Administrative Chargebacks

City employees external to the Authority perform some administrative functions which are reimbursed through administrative chargebacks recorded with the operating expenses of the Authority. In fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the Authority paid \$2,607,727 and \$2,695,419, respectively, for these services. The payments are reported with operating expenses.

VII. DEFINED BENEFIT SINGLE EMPLOYER PENSION PLANS

Employees of the Authority participate in COTPA Retirement, a defined benefit public employee retirement system.

VII. A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

COTPA Retirement provides retirement benefits for all Authority employees, primarily bus drivers, and related operations employees. Unless otherwise indicated, COTPA Retirement information in this note is for both the July 1, 2017 and 2016. The information presented in this note as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 will be reported in the financial statements of the Authority as of June 30, 2018 and 2019, respectively.

Management of the COTPA Retirement is vested in the Pension Committee, which consists of eight members - five by position and three appointed by Authority Director or Trustees. Actuarial valuations are performed annually.

The required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents certain ten-year trend information for as many years for which information measured in conformity with the requirements of GASB 68 is available. A copy of the actuarial report referred to in this note may be obtained from the City Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

of service; age 62 with 10 years on a reduced basis.

2010

2017

Funding Policies, Contribution Methods and Benefit Provisions

Year established and governing authority	1970; COTPA Trustee's Resolution		
Determination of contribution requirements	Contracted pursuant to union neg	otiations	
	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	
Employer	\$55.04 per week through February 2018	\$55.04	
	\$58.17 per week through June 2018		
Plan members	\$44.13 per week through February 2018	\$44.13	
	\$46.64 per week through June 2018		
Funding of administrative costs	Investment Earnings		
Period required to vest	10 years		
Cost of living increases	Increases must be approved by the CC	OTPA Board	
Eligibility for distribution	Earlier of age 65 with 10 years or age 60) with 30 years	

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are negotiated and established pursuant to union contract. Beginning March 1, 2018, the employer contribution rate changed from \$55.04 per week to \$58.17 per week and the employee contribution rate changed from \$44.13 per week to \$46.64 per week. Beginning July 1, 2018, the employer contribution rate was changed from \$58.17 per week to \$60.05 per week, and the employee contribution rate changed from \$46.64 per week to \$48.52 per week. Administrative costs are funded with investment earnings.

Benefit Provisions

Employees of the Authority are required to participate in the Plan after completion of six months of employment. The Authority employees are eligible for distribution at the earlier of age 65 with 10 years or 60 with 30 years and are entitled to receive monthly pension benefits equal to the sum of \$60.00 per month for each year of service from their date of hire, plus variable cost of living increases based on their date of retirement. An early retirement option with reduced benefits is available at age 62 with 10 years of credited service.

Membership

<u> 2018</u>	<u> 201 /</u>
194	184
85	80
4	5
283	269
	194 85 4

Actuarial Assumptions

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Valuation date	7/1/17	7/1/16
Provisions for:		
Disability benefits	Yes	Yes
Death benefits	Yes	Yes
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal	Individual entry age normal
Amortization method	Level % of payroll	Level % of payroll
Amortization period	30 years, closed	30 years, closed
Actuarial asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial Assumptions		
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Inflation	1.50%	1.50%
Mortality table	SOA RP 2000 combined mortality table projected to 2010	SOA RP 2000 combined mortality table projected to 2010
Experience study	An experience study was issued November 16, 2015, covering the past five years of plan experience.	An experience study was issued November 16, 2015, covering the past five years of plan experience.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the Authority and Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Authority and Plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. The actuarial methods and assumptions use techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of calculations.

Concentrations

The pension plan does not hold any individual securities, but invests in mutual funds. The Plan holds investments exceeding 5% of the total plan market value in the American Beacon Large Cap Value Fund, Fidelity Contrafund, JP Morgan Large Cap Growth, Vanguard 500 Index Fund, and PIMCO Total Return Fund. The Plan held no individual investments (other than U.S. government and U.S. government guaranteed obligations) whose market value exceeds 5% or more of net assets available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

VII. B. NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY)

	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>
Total pension liability	(\$17,286,114)	(\$16,513,967)
Fiduciary net position	13,086,503	12,432,452
Net pension asset (liability)	<u>(\$4,199,611)</u>	<u>(\$4,081,515)</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.71%	75.28%

		Pension (Liability)		Fiduciary Position		Pension Liability)
	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Beginning balance	(\$16,513,967)	(\$16,122,605)	\$12,432,452	\$11,522,480	(\$4,081,515)	(\$4,600,125)
Service cost	(512,593)	(479,799)	-	-	(512,593)	(479,799)
Interest	(1,149,716)	(1,119,973)	-	-	(1,149,716)	(1,119,973)
Changes of benefits terms	(424,959)	-	-	-	(424,959)	-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	90,304	(17,922)	-	-	90,304	(17,922)
Contributions - employer	-	-	564,947	544,896	564,947	544,896
Contributions - employee	-	-	455,784	414,804	455,784	414,804
Net investment income	-	-	953,494	1,299,672	953,494	1,299,672
Benefit payments and refunds	1,224,817	1,226,332	(1,224,817)	(1,226,332)	-	-
Administrative expense	<u>_=</u>	<u>_=</u>	(95,357)	(123,068)	(95,357)	(123,068)
	(\$17,286,114)	(\$16,513,967)	\$13,086,503	<u>\$12,432,452</u>	(\$4,199,611)	(\$4,081,515)

VII. C. RATE OF RETURN AND DISCOUNT RATE

Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 7.77% for 2018 and 11.47% for 2017. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a geometric basis and a time horizon of 20 years. The capital market expectations are initially developed by combining historical risk, return, and correlation data with state-of-the-art techniques and tools that mitigate the limitations of traditional optimization methods. The asset allocation committee at Bank of Oklahoma Financial then employs a qualitative overlay to determine the long-term expected returns. See NOTE II. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, *Investments*, Pension Trust Investment Policy, <u>Asset allocation guidelines</u> for target allocation of investments.

	2018	2017
Cash	0.01%	1.51%
U.S. core fixed income	0.47	1.97
U.S. high yield fixed income	0.00	4.19
Global fixed income	0.00	1.87
Domestic equities	5.71	7.21
Equities	7.32	8.82
Alternative strategies	1.57	3.07
Real estate investment trusts	0.00	6.42
The long-term expected inflation	1.50	1.50

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for 2018 and 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that the Plan and members contributions will be made at the current contribution rates specified in the union contract. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	2018			2017
		Net Pension		Net Pension
	Rate	Asset(Liability)	Rate	Asset(Liability)
1% decrease	6.00%	(\$6,010,485)	6.00%	(\$5,843,043)
Current single discount rate	7.00	(4,199,611)	7.00	(4,081,515)
1% increase	8.00	(2,658,302)	8.00	(2,583,741)

VIII. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLANS

The Authority participates in a defined contribution plan established July 1, 2001, for eligible administrative employees (not represented by a union). Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established or amended by Authority resolution. It is in addition to COTPA Retirement and provides that the employee may voluntarily contribute to the ICMA plan and the Authority will match employee contributions up to \$1,000 annually. The ICMA plan includes 56 participants at June 30, 2018, and 53 participants at June 30, 2017. For fiscal years 2018 and 2017, actual contributions by plan participants were \$72,623 and \$47,938, respectively. The Authority contributed \$14,830 and \$17,257 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

IX. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

IX. A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Authority provides post-employment healthcare benefits for retired employees and their dependents through the Authority Post-retirement Medical Plan (the Plan), a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the OCPEBT. The benefits, coverage levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Authority and can be amended by the Authority through its personnel manual and union contracts. The Plan issues a separate report that can be obtained from Human Resources at 420 W. Main, Suite 110, Oklahoma City, OK 73102. The Plan covers all general employees.

The OCPEBT administers two separate post-employment healthcare benefit plans. Unless otherwise indicated, the information provided in this note is provided for the Authority Plan only.

The Plan and required supplementary information schedules are updated annually and reported in the audited annual financial reports of the Authority and in quarterly reports issued by OCPEBT.

OCPEBT financial statements including the actuarial report be obtained from Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

Funding Policies, Contribution Methods and Benefit Provisions

Valuation Date June 30, 2017

Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Year established and governing authority 2009; Authority Board Resolution

Determination of contribution requirements

Authority Policy

Contribution rates:

Employer Subsidy based on years of service
Plan members Remainder of unsubsized premium costs

Funding of administrative costs

Investment earnings

Period required to vest 10 years

Eligibility for distribution General employees are eligible for membership in the

Plan if they retire from COTPA on or after age 62 with 10 years of service or at any age with 25 years of

service.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are actuarially determined and established by the Authority Board. For retirees over age 65, the Authority contributed a subsidy towards medical coverage of retires based on years of service. The retirees were responsible for paying the remaining balance of the premium. Authority contributions to the Plan were equal to the benefit payments. The Authority does not plan to fund the Plan for more than the expected benefit payments requirements in the near future.

Benefit Provisions

The Authority provides post-retirement healthcare benefits to its retirees. The Plan covers all current retirees who elected post-retirement medical coverage and future retired general employees. The Authority provides medical benefits through a fully insured health plan. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services and prescription drug coverage.

Membership

	<u> 2018</u>
Active members	212
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
	225

generational using scale AA

19.77%

Annual Required Contributions - Actuarial Assumptions

Provisions for: Disability benefits Yes Death benefits Yes Valuation date June 30, 2017 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll Amortization period 30 years, closed Actuarial asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market **Actuarial Assumptions**

Investment rate of return 7.50% Inflation 3.75% Projected salary increases 3.75%

Health care trend rate

Initial 8.5% (6.00% for Medicare Age) Ultimate 4.50% RP 2000 combined mortality table fully Mortality table

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the Authority and Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Authority and Plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. The actuarial methods and assumptions use techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of calculations.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

IX. B. NET OPEB ASSET (LIABILITY)

total OPEB liability

	2018
Total OPEB liability	(\$1,860,857)
Fiduciary net position	<u>\$367,809</u>
Net OPEB asset (liability)	<u>(\$1,493,048)</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
i fail fiduciary fiet position as a percentage of the	

	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Asset (Liability)
Beginning balance	(\$1,441,508)	\$ -	(\$1,441,508)
Service cost	(91,462)	-	(91,462)
Interest	(45,349)	-	(45,349)
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(450,263)	-	(450,263)
Changes of assumptions	136,644	-	136,644
Contributions - employer	-	374,116	374,116
Net investment income	-	24,774	24,774
Benefit payments and refunds	<u>31,081</u>	(31,081)	<u>-</u>
	(\$1,860,857)	\$367,809	(\$1,493,048)

IX. C. RATE OF RETURN AND DISCOUNT RATE

Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense was 9.99% and 11.43% for 2018 and 2017, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation. See Note II. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, *Investments*, <u>Asset Allocation Guidelines</u> for target allocation of investments.

	2018
Domestic Equity	7.5%
Domestic Bonds	2.5
International Equity	8.5
International Bonds	3.5
Real Estate	4.5

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.75%. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaing benefit payments after the net position is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments (7.50%) was applied to years 2019 through 2027 of projected benefit payments and the 20-year municipal bond rate based on a range of indices from 3.13% - 3.56% was applied to projected benefit payments after 2027 to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased from 3.18% on June 30, 2016 to 3.75% on June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Plan calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate and the resulting net OPEB liability:

		<u>2018</u>
		COTPA
		Net OPEB
	Rate	<u>Liability</u>
1% decrease	2.75%	\$1,735,587
Current single discount rate	3.75%	1,493,048
1% increase	4.75%	1,288,774

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trends

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan calculated using the discount rate of 8.5% - 4.5%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.5% - 3.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.5% - 5.5%) than the current rate and the resulting net OPEB liability.

		<u>2018</u>
		COTPA
		Net OPEB
	Rate	Liability
1% decrease	7.5-3.5%	\$1,485,782
Current single discount rate	8.5-4.5%	1,493,048
1% increase	9.5-5.5%	1,501,813

The required supplementary information schedules of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. OCPEBT financial statements including the actuarial report referred to in this note may be obtained from the Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

X. COMMITMENTS

Contract Commitments

Oklahoma City Streetcar System

On June 2, 2017, the Authority approved a contract with Herzog Transit Services, Inc. for the operation and maintenance of the Oklahoma City Streetcar System through June 30, 2023 with one, five-year renewal option. The total amount of the contract is \$17.3 million with the annual amounts scheduled to grow in phases with the implementation and growth of the streetcar system.

Spokies Bike Share Program

On June 6, 2014, the Authority approved a resolution accepting administrative responsibility for the Oklahoma City Bike Share Program (Spokies). The resolution assigns overall program administration to the Authority, makes the Authority the point of contact with the Federal Transit Administration, assigns marketing and contract administration to the Authority, and assigns system expansion and financial administration to the Authority.

On December 5, 2014, the Authority approved a contract with Bicycle Transit Systems (BTS) for management of the Spokies Bike Share Program. The contract commenced on January 5, 2015 and provides for a term through December 31, 2017 with two one-year renewal options. Under the contract, BTS receives a \$15,000 per year management fee. On November 3, 2017, the Authority approved a one year renewal with BTS.

Parking Facilities

On August 4, 2017 the Authority approved a new contract with Republic Parking Systems, Inc. retroactive to July 1, 2017. The new contract provides for a term through June 30, 2022 with two, three-year renewal options. The amount of the contract is \$185,000 annually of which \$50,000 is an annual performance incentive.

Oklahoma River Cruises

On February 14, 2014, the Board approved a new contract with HMS, retroactive to January 1, 2014. The new contract provides for a term through December 31, 2016 with two, one-year renewal options. Under the contract, HMS received a contract fee of \$64,583 per month for ferry operations and for services rendered under year one of the agreement. The annual expense operating budget will be added to the annual management fee to establish the annual contract fee for contract years two and three and any subsequent extensions. In addition to the annual management fee and contract fee, HMS was paid an incentive of 15% of the gross of all charter cruises boat rental fees. Ferry service commenced on April 1, 2014. On October 7, 2016 the Authority approved the first extension option, extending the contract term through December 31, 2017, under the same terms and conditions from the original contract. On December 15, 2017, the Authority approved the second extension option, extending the contract term through December 31, 2018, under the same terms and conditions from the original contract.

Construction Commitments

Construction projects are substantially funded with operating revenues, City subsidies, bond proceeds, and Federal grants.

	2018	201/
	Remaining	Remaining
	Commitment	Commitment
Transportation	\$642,790	\$460,014
Parking	24,084_	97,442
	\$666,874	\$557,456

XI. CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the Authority receives grant funds from various Federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Litigation

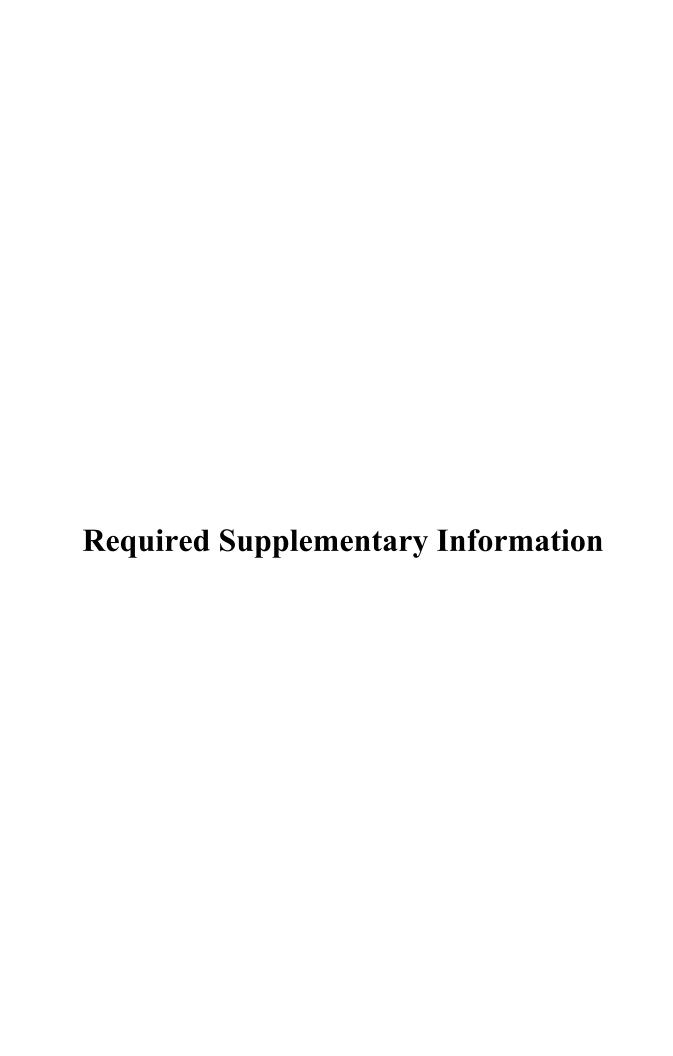
Certain claims, suits, and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business have been filed or are pending against the Authority. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operations of the Authority. The Authority is self-insured for property loss of buses. In the event of loss due to casualty or fire, the Authority is responsible for refunding the Federal government 83% of the net book value of certain buses.

XII. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Sale of the Santa Fe Plaza Parking Garage

In July, 2018 the Authority and City Council approved a memorandum of agreement to set forth terms and conditions for Continental Resources, Inc and BancFirst Corporation to purchase the Santa Fe Plaza Parking Garage, located at 101 North E.K. Gaylord Boulevard for \$22,500,000. The real estate purchase agreement was approved by the Authority and City Council in August, 2018 and staff was authorized to take action to remove the property from the COTPA Trust Estate and the lien of the 2013 General Bond Indenture.

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I. SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (1)(2)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total Pension liability					
Service cost	\$512,593	\$479,799	\$516,377	\$537,107	\$509,879
Interest	1,149,716	1,119,973	967,116	885,099	853,491
Changes of benefit terms	424,959	-	468,814	126,372	-
Difference between expected and actual					
experience of the total pension liability	(90,304)	17,922	(240,421)	418,907	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(1,547,072)	(595,738)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(1,224,817)	(1,226,332)	(1,030,948)	(830,781)	(767,421)
Net change in total pension liability	772,147	391,362	(866,134)	540,966	595,949
Pension liability, beginning	16,513,967	16,122,605	16,988,739	16,447,773	15,851,824
Pension liability, ending	<u>\$17,286,114</u>	<u>\$16,513,967</u>	<u>\$16,122,605</u>	<u>\$16,988,739</u>	<u>\$16,447,773</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	564,947	544,896	953,953	518,478	506,258
Contributions - employee	455,784	414,804	401,187	412,959	428,915
Net investment income	953,494	1,299,672	(189,349)	225,040	1,643,961
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(1,224,817)	(1,226,332)	(1,030,948)	(830,781)	(767,421)
Administrative expense	(95,357)	(123,068)	(134,850)	(113,753)	(63,390)
Other	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(600)
Net change in fiduciary net position	654,051	909,972	<u>(7)</u>	211,943	1,747,723
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	12,432,452	11,522,480	11,522,487	11,310,544	9,562,821
Plan fiduciary net position, ending	<u>\$13,086,503</u>	<u>\$12,432,452</u>	<u>\$11,522,480</u>	<u>\$11,522,487</u>	<u>\$11,310,544</u>
Net pension (asset) liability, ending	\$4,199,611	\$4,081,515	\$4,600,125	\$5,466,252	\$5,137,229
Covered payroll	11,130,175	9,809,584	9,947,437	9,557,433	9,457,557
Net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	37.73%	41.61%	46.24%	57.19%	54.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of total pension liability	75.71%	75.28%	71.47%	67.82%	68.77%
Valuation date	7/1/2017	7/1/2016	7/1/2015	7/1/2014	7/1/2013
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal	Individual entry age normal	Individual entry age normal	Individual entry age normal	Individual entry age normal
Amortization method	Level % of payroll	Level % of payroll	Level % of payroll	Level dollar	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, closed	30 years, closed	30 years, open	30 years, open	30 years, open
Actuarial asset valuation method	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed
	market	market	market	market	market
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	5.69%	5.34%
Cost of living benefit increases (maximum)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Inflation	1.50%	1.50%	2.50%	2.25%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mortality table	SOA RP 2000 combined mortality	SOA RP 2000 combined mortality	SOA RP 2000 combined mortality	1983 group annuity mortality tables, scale	1983 group annuity mortality tables, scale
Experience study	table projected to 2010 An experience study was issued November 16, 2015, covering the	table projected to 2010 An experience study was issued November 16, 2015, covering the	table projected to 2010 An experience study was issued November 16, 2015, covering the	An experience study will be conducted in advance of the next	An experience study will be conducted in advance of the next
	past five years of plan experience.	past five years of plan experience.	past five years of plan experience.	fiscal year end.	fiscal year end.

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2014, are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2014 until eventually 10 years of information is available.

⁽²⁾ Amounts presented are reported in the financial statements in the next fiscal year.

II. SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - COTPA RETIREMENT (1)(3)

	Actuarially				
	Determined	Contributions	Contributions		Actual Contribution
FY Ending	Contribution	in Relation to	Deficiency	Covered	As a Percentage of
<u>June 30,</u>	(ADC) (4)	<u>ADC</u>	(Excess)	<u>Payroll</u>	Covered Payroll
2018 (2)	\$374,113	\$545,728	(\$171,615)	\$11,130,175	5%
2017	379,863	544,896	(165,033)	9,809,584	6
2016	298,220	953,953	(655,733)	9,947,437	10
2015	316,728	518,478	(201,750)	9,557,433	5

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2009, are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2009 until eventually 10 years of information is available. Total plan information is provided below.

(2) The contractually required contribution for 2018 is estimated and may change upon receipt of the actuarial report.

	Covered	Employer
June 30	<u>Payroll</u>	Contributions
2014	9,457,557	506,258
2013	9,457,557	504,166
2012	6,930,000	498,883
2011	7,595,000	465,859
2010	7,150,000	471,252
2009	7,464,000	416,086

⁽³⁾ The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated.

III. SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS (1)(2)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return,	7.77%	11.47%	-1.62%	1.99%	17.10%
net of investment expense					

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2014, are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2014 until eventually 10 years of information is available.

⁽⁴⁾ Contributions are deferred in the fiscal year reported and recognized in the financial statements in the subsequent year.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal year indicates the year of reporting for the pension plan. Pension related transactions are recognized in the financial statements in the subsequent year.

I. SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS (1) $\,$

	<u>2018</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$91,462
Interest	45,349
Differences between expected and actual	
experience of the total OPEB liability	450,263
Assumption changes	(136,644)
Benefits payments, including refunds	(31,081)
Net change in total OPEB liability	419,349
OPEB liability, beginning	<u>1,441,508</u>
OPEB liability, ending	1,860,857
or 22 money, onding	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - employer	374,116
Net investment income	24,774
Benefits payments, including refunds	(31,081)
Net change in fiduciary net position	367,809
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	-
Plan fiduciary net position, ending	<u>367,809</u>
Net OPEB liability, ending	\$1,493,048
	
Covered - employee payroll	\$9,500,000
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a	
percentage of covered - employee payroll	15.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total OPEB liability	19.77%
Actuarial assumptions	- 14 a 14 -
Valuation date	6/30/17
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, closed
Actuarial asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Health care trend rate	
Initial	8.5% (6.00% for Medicare Age)
Ultimate	4.50%
Inflation	3.75%
Projected salary increases	3.75%
Mortality table	RP 2000 combined mortality
	table fully generational using
	scale AA
Evnerience study	NI/A
Experience study	N/A

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2017 are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2017 until eventually 10 years of information is available.

II. SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (1)

	Actuarially				
Fiscal Year	Determined	Contributions	Contributions	Covered	Actual Contribution
Ending	Contribution	in relation to	Deficiency	Employee	As a Percentage of
June 30,	(ADC)(2)	ADC	(Excess)	Payroll (3)	Covered Employee Payroll
2018	\$111,934	\$130,000	(\$18,066)	\$9,014,084	1.44%
2017	169,203	374,116	(204,913)	9,500,000	3.94
2016	88,559	24,638	63,921	9,274,579	0.27
2015	85,569	21,494	64,075	9,004,446	0.24
2014	78,556	38,652	39,904	9,458,000	0.41
2013	76,259	35,424	40,835	9,458,000	0.37
2012	73,841	30,253	43,588	6,930,000	0.44
2011	71,136	25,591	45,545	7,595,000	0.34
2010	68,563	23,256	45,307	7,150,000	0.33
2009	65,880	17,505	48,375	7,464,000	0.23

⁽¹⁾ The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated.

⁽²⁾ Contributions are deferred in the fiscal year reported and recognized in the financial statements in the subsequent year.

⁽³⁾ The amounts reported prior to 2015 have been rounded. Covered employee payroll amounts reported after 2015 are actual amounts provided to the actuary.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees

Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business type activities and each major fund of the Central Oklahoma Transportation and Parking Authority (Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 16, 2018 Wichita, Kansas