### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

### DICKSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-77, CARTER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2017** 

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

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### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 20, 2017

The Honorable Board of Education Dickson School District Number I-77 Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Dickson School District Number I-77, Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2017, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2017, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

anders, Blodsoe & Newett

Broken Arrow, OK

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 20, 2017

The Honorable Board of Education Dickson School District Number I-77 Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Dickson School District Number I-77, Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2017, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Danders, Blodsoe & Newett

Broken Arrow, OK

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 20, 2017

The Honorable Board of Education Dickson School District Number I-77 Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Dickson School District Number I-77, Ardmore, Carter County, Oklahoma (District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Danders, Blodsoe & Newett

Broken Arrow, OK

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2017

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Section 1** - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unmodified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Programs determined to be major are the Child Nutrition Programs (10.553, 10.555), which were clustered in determination, and the Indian Education Program (84.060), which was not clustered.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.
- <u>Section 2</u> Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

**NONE** 

**Section 3** – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

**NONE** 

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

Capital   Data   Data			GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	TOTALO
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt         \$ 2,060,140         496,761         185,259         244,611         263,597         185,259         185,259           Total Assets         \$ 2,060,140         496,761         185,259         244,611         263,597         1,253,023         4,503,391           LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE           Liabilities:           Warrants payable         \$ 124,831         9,792         244,611         263,597         1,253,023         429,334           Funds held for school organizations         1,007,000         263,597         263,597         263,597           Long-term debt:         8         1,007,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000           Capital leases         9         9         1,007,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         263,597         1,253,023         2,080,577         1,000,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000         1,070,000		GENERAL					LONG-TERM	(MEMORANDUM
Total Assets         \$ 2,060,140         496,761         185,259         244,611         263,597         1,253,023         4,503,391           LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE           Liabilities:           Warrants payable         \$ 124,831         9,792         \$ 134,623           Encumbrances         427,834         1,500         429,334           Funds held for school organizations         263,597         263,597           Long-term debt:         263,597         263,597           Bonds payable         1,070,000         1,070,000           Capital leases         1,070,000         1,070,000           Total liabilities         552,665         11,292         0         0         263,597         1,253,023         2,080,577           Fund Balance:           Restricted         485,469         185,259         244,611         915,339           Unassigned         1,507,475         1,507,475         1,507,475	Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$ 2,060,140	496,761	185,259	244,611	263,597	·	185,259
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE         Liabilities:       Umarrants payable       \$ 124,831       9,792       \$ 134,623         Encumbrances       427,834       1,500       429,334         Funds held for school organizations       263,597       263,597         Long-term debt:       8       1,070,000       1,070,000         Capital leases       183,023       183,023         Total liabilities       552,665       11,292       0       0       263,597       1,253,023       2,080,577         Fund Balance:       Restricted       485,469       185,259       244,611       915,339         Unassigned       1,507,475       1,507,475       1,507,475	of long-term debt						1,067,764	1,067,764
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE         Liabilities:       Umarrants payable       \$ 124,831       9,792       \$ 134,623         Encumbrances       427,834       1,500       429,334         Funds held for school organizations       263,597       263,597         Long-term debt:       8       1,070,000       1,070,000         Capital leases       183,023       183,023         Total liabilities       552,665       11,292       0       0       263,597       1,253,023       2,080,577         Fund Balance:       Restricted       485,469       185,259       244,611       915,339         Unassigned       1,507,475       1,507,475       1,507,475	Total Assets	\$ 2,060,140	496,761	185,259	244,611	263,597	1,253,023	4,503,391
Restricted       485,469       185,259       244,611       915,339         Unassigned       1,507,475       1,507,475	Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt: Bonds payable Capital leases	427,834	1,500	0	0		183,023	429,334 263,597 1,070,000 183,023
Unassigned 1,507,475 1,507,475								
		1 507 475	485,469	185,259	244,611			
Cash fund balances 1,507,475 485,469 185,259 244,611 0 0 2,422,814	•	1,507,475	485,469	185,259	244,611			2,422,814
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance \$ 2,060,140 496,761 185,259 244,611 263,597 1,253,023 4,503,391								

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES** TOTALS CAPITAL **SPECIAL DEBT** (MEMORANDUM REVENUE **SERVICE PROJECTS GENERAL** ONLY) Revenues Collected: 495,600 896,390 3,044,506 Local sources \$ 1,652,516 Intermediate sources 277,369 277,369 5,326,004 State sources 5,326,004 Federal sources 1,021,362 1,021,362 1,380 1,380 Interest earnings 95,655 95 95,750 Non-revenue receipts 8,374,286 495,600 896,485 0 Total revenues collected 9,766,371 Expenditures: Instruction 4,489,008 195,746 4,684,754 2,999,693 200,841 3,200,534 Support services Operation of non-instructional services 499,120 499,120 Facilities acquisition & construction services 12.765 826.500 839,532 267 Other outlays: Reimbursement 285 285 Debt service requirements 740,298 740,298 Total expenditures 7,988,373 409,352 740,298 826,500 9,964,523 Excess of revenues collected over (under) over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses) 385,913 86,248 156,187 (826,500)(198, 152)Other financing sources (uses): Bond sale proceeds 745,000 745,000 Transfers in (out) 119 (119)0 Adjustments to prior year expenditures 731 487 1,218 850 368 0 745,000 Total other financing sources 746,218 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures 386,763 86,616 156,187 (81,500)548,066 Cash fund balances, beginning of year 398,853 29,072 1,120,712 326,111 1,874,748

Cash fund balances, end of year

485,469

185,259

244,611

2,422,814

1,507,475

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND					
	_	jinal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:	·					
Local sources	\$	1,560,063	1,652,516	92,453		
Intermediate sources		247,877	277,369	29,492		
State sources		5,335,301	5,326,004	(9,297)		
Federal sources		961,018	1,021,362	60,344		
Interest earnings			1,380	1,380		
Non-revenue receipts		75,000	95,655	20,655		
Total revenues collected		8,179,259	8,374,286	195,027		
Expenditures:						
Instruction		5,218,104	4,489,008	729,096		
Support services		3,287,971	2,999,693	288,278		
Operation of non-instructional services		705,516	499,120	206,396		
Facilities acquisition & construction services Other outlays:			267	(267)		
Reimbursement		380	285	95		
Clearing account		88,000		88,000		
Total expenditures		9,299,971	7,988,373	1,311,598		
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments						
to prior year encumbrances		(1,120,712)	385,913	1,506,625		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)			119	119		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			731	731		
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	850	850		
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures		(1,120,712)	386,763	1,507,475		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		1,120,712	1,120,712	0		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	1,507,475	1,507,475		

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Variance Original/Final Favorable (Unfavorable) **Budget** Actual Revenues Collected: Local sources 425,859 495,600 69,741 Expenditures: Instruction 225,386 195,746 29,640 582,134 381,293 Support services 200,841 Facilities acquisition & construction services 12,765 12,765 Unbudgeted 4,308 4,308 Total expenditures 824,593 409,352 415,241 Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses) (398,734)484,982 86,248 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) (119)(119)Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 487 487 Total other financing sources (uses) 487 (119) 368 Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures (398,853)86,616 485,469 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 398,853 398,853 0 0 Cash fund balance, end of year 485,469 485,469

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

DEBT SERVICE FUND Variance Original/Final Favorable Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: \$ 874,037 896,390 22,353 Local sources Non-revenue receipts 95 95 Total revenue 874,037 896,485 22,448 Requirements: Bonds 882,500 720,000 162,500 Coupons 20,609 20,298 311 903,109 Total expenditures 740,298 162,811 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures (29,072)156,187 185,259 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 29,072 29,072 0 Cash fund balance, end of year 0 185,259 185,259

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Dickson Public Schools Independent District, No. I-77 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### A. Reporting Entity – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op, municipal sales tax and child nutrition funds. The district did not maintain a child nutrition fund during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District operates their child nutrition program within the general fund.

<u>Municipal Sales Tax Fund</u> - The municipal sales tax fund consists of money derived from special sales tax on behalf of the school district. These funds are to be kept separate and expended only for those items addressed in the tax levy agreement.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain an expendable trust fund during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

#### **Memorandum Only - Total Column**

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2017, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amount in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Non-Monetary Transactions – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. During the 2016-17 fiscal year, the district transferred \$119 from the co-op fund to the general fund.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2017, were \$3,261,559, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2017.

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2016 Additions Deletions	\$ 1,745,000 745,000 (1,420,000)	328,287 0 (145,264)	2,073,287 745,000 (1,565,264)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 1,070,000	183,023	1,253,023

#### **4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT** – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2017, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds:	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Building Bonds, Series 2016, original issue \$325,000, interest rate of 1.15%, due in one installment of \$325,000 on 6/1/18	\$ 325,000
Building Bonds, Series 2016, original issue \$745,000, interest rate of 1.15%, due in one installment of \$745,000 on 7/1/18	745,000
Capital Leases:	
Lease Purchase for buses, dated 3/5/14, totaling \$149,950, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$2,657	84,720
Lease Purchase for vehicles, dated 6/17/13, totaling \$75,200, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$1,335	15,750
Lease Purchase for lift station, dated 9/29/14, totaling \$131,600, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$2,343	62,406
Lease Purchase for land, dated 10/13/14, totaling \$41,249, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$750	20,147
Total	<u>\$ 1,253,023</u>

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the capital lease, including the payment of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 405,948	21,721	427,669
2019	812,048	10,520	822,568
2020	35,027	311	35,338
Total	\$ 1,253,023	32,552	1,285,575

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2016-17 fiscal year totaled \$32,339.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.7%.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$776,704, \$848,749 and \$893,250, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Annual Pension Cost - cont'd

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements. The amount of calculated pension liability for the District at June 30, 2016 (the latest information available) was \$11,017,717.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2016-17 fiscal year. The Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

AGGETG	B	UILDING FUND	MUNICIPAL SALES TAX FUND	TOTAL		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	394,186	102,575	496,761		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities:						
Warrants payable	\$	9,792		9,792		
Encumbrances		1,500		1,500		
Total liabilities		11,292	0	11,292		
Fund Balance:						
Restricted		382,894	102,575	485,469		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	394,186	102,575	496,761		

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILDING FUND		CO-OP FUND	MUNICIPAL SALES TAX FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	217,638	0	277,962	495,600	
Expenditures:						
Instruction				195,746	195,746	
Support services		145,182		55,659	200,841	
Facilities acquisition & const. services		12,765			12,765	
Total expenditures		157,947	0	251,405	409,352	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		59,691	0	26,557	86,248	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) Adjustments to prior year encumbrances Total other financing sources (uses)		0	(119)	487 487	(119) 487 368	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		59,691	(119)	27,044	86,616	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		323,203	119	75,531	398,853	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	382,894	0	102,575	485,469	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILDING FUND				CO-OP FUND				MUNICIPAL SALES TAX FUND			
		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	201,390	201,390	217,638	\$	0	0	0	\$	224,469	224,469	277,962
Expenditures: Instruction Support services Facilities acquisition & construction services		511,828 12,765	511,828 12,765	145,182 12,765						225,386 70,306	225,386 70,306	195,746 55,659
Unbudgeted Total expenditures		524,593	524,593	157,947	_	0	0	0		4,308 300,000	4,308	251,405
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(323,203)	(323,203)	59,691		0	0	0		(75,531)	(75,531)	26,557
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) Adjustment to prior year encumbrances Total other financing sources (uses)		0	0	0	_	(119)	(119)	(119)		0	0	487 487
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(323,203)	(323,203)	59,691		(119)	(119)	(119)		(75,531)	(75,531)	27,044
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		323,203	323,203	323,203	_	119	119	119		75,531	75,531	75,531
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	382,894	\$	0	0	0	\$	0	0	102,575

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS_	UILDING OND (31) FUND	BUILDING BOND (32) FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 231,028	13,583	244,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:	\$ 0	0	0
Fund Balance: Restricted	231,028	13,583	244,611
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 231,028	13,583	244,611

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUILDING BOND (31) FUND		BUILDING BOND (32) FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected	\$	0	0	0
Expenditures: Facilities acquisition & construction services		94,200	732,300	826,500
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(94,200)	(732,300)	(826,500)
Other financing sources (uses): Bond proceeds		0	745,000	745,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(94,200)	12,700	(81,500)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		325,228	883	326,111
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	231,028	13,583	244,611

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	ALANCE 7-01-16	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-17
<u>ASSETS</u>	 				
Cash	\$ 225,313	742,488	0	704,204	263,597
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Annual	\$ 62,930	27,390		32,157	58,163
Athletic fund	14,078	69,458		53,444	30,092
Band fund	627	6,032		5,078	1,581
Cheerleading - Junior High school	1,021	6,335		3,372	3,984
Cheerleading - High school	2,194	12,024		9,703	4,515
Girls softball	2,473	11,203		9,015	4,661
General activities fund	0	95,640		95,640	0
Concessions	781	0		0	781
Earned interest	3,005	21,702		17,541	7,166
Football booster club	12,230	28,629		28,120	12,739
Lower elementary	18,360	67,490		55,725	30,125
F.C.A.	50	615		655	10
F.F.A.	7,732	69,400		69,480	7,652
F.C.C.L.A.	527	3,012		2,822	717
Freshman class	60	0		60	0
High school	8,353	19,263		17,421	10,195
Indian parent committee		312		98	214
Junior high	5,898	19,037		14,369	10,566
Cross country track	66	432		227	271
Junior class	1,047	8,828		7,387	2,488
Spec Ed		3,219		2,361	858
Miscellaneous	1,089	7,366		7,177	1,278
Music	1,978	40,893		42,787	84
Basketball booster club	160	40,375		38,674	1,861
S.A.D.D.	134	341		340	135
Senior class	5,660	13,384		13,754	5,290
Track account	531	6,662		7,132	61
Sophomore class	70	1,771		1,221	620
Spanish class	1	156		132	25
Springdale community center	27,485	2,065		29,549	1
Upper elementary	11,919	44,814		35,943	20,790
Colorguard	2,681	0		2,681	0
H.S. student council	3,181	10,527		10,281	3,427
Softball booster club	418	306		100	624
Baseball booster club	165	3,531		2,996	700

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BALANC 7.01.14		NET ADDITIONS TRANSFERS DEDUCTIONS		
	7-01-16	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	6-30-17
Academic team	\$	0 2,521		2,471	50
Band booster club	4,	371 10,022		11,554	2,839
HS Library	3,	145 239		314	3,070
Baseball		1 14,753		11,934	2,820
Girls Basketball		536 14,180		12,451	2,265
Football		555 26,703		17,953	9,305
Art		81 100		160	21
Boys Basketball	2,	738 7,275		6,498	3,515
Science		328 0		0	328
Project Circle	9,	947 0		0	9,947
Golf	3,	473 6,177		7,328	2,322
AG Boosters	2,	857 16,033		14,090	4,800
Elementary music		259 738		937	60
Gifted and talented		118 1,535		1,072	581
Total Liabilities	\$ 225,	313 742,488	0	704,204	263,597

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/16	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/17
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
*Indian Education	84.060	S060A161123	\$ 76,531		76,351	76,531	
Impact Aid	84.041	S041B20173917	26,397		26,397	26,397	
Sub Total			102,928	0	102,748	102,928	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010	S010A160036	234,297		234,297	234,297	
Title II Part A	84.367	S367A160035	43,266		43,266	43,266	
IDEA-B, Flow Through	84.027	H027A160051	246,488		246,488	246,488	
IDEA-B, Preschool	84.173	H173A160084	5,567		5,567	5,567	
Title VI Part B	84.358	S358B160036	28,628		28,628	28,628	
Sub Total			558,246	0	558,246	558,246	0
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				61,808	61,808	
National school lunch program	10.555				275,350	275,350	
Farm Bill Grant	10.579				6,084	6,084	
Sub Total					343,242	343,242	
Passed Through Department of Human Services:							
*Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 3							
National school lunch program	10.555				32,287	32,287	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		16,497		16,497	16,497	
Rehabilitation services	84.126		504		449	504	
Sub Total			17,001	0	16,946	17,001	0
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 678,175	0	1,053,469	1,053,704	0

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditiures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$32,287 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements

<sup>\*</sup> Major programs

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -				
Westen Surety Company	Treasurer	68522029	\$ 100,000	8/09/16 - 8/09/17
	Superintendent	15323935	100,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Minutes Clerk	18127518	2,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Activity Fund Custodian	18127518	2,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Lunch Fund Custodian	18127518	2,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Encumbrance Clerk	71309632	1,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Building Fund Clerk	71309632	1,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17
	Bond Fund Clerk	71309632	1,000	7/01/16 - 7/01/17

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-77, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2016 TO JUNE 30, 2017

State of Oklahoma	)
	) ss
County of Tulsa	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Dickson Public Schools for the audit year 2016-17.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 20<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2017

NAND FOR STATE OF TAHOM

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2020 Commission No. 00008621



Stephen H. Sanders, CPA Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 101 N. MAIN ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

October 20, 2017

Mr. Jeffery Colclasure, Supt. Dickson Public Schools Route 4, Box 122 Ardmore, Oklahoma 73401-9427

Dear Mr. Colclasure:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. These items are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

#### No Audit Exceptions

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP