FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED June 30, 2016 and 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statements of Net Position	6
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	7
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE INFORMATION	
Supplemental Combining Statement of Net Position Information- By Program Component	23
Supplemental Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information- By Program Component	24
Supplemental Combining Statement of Cash Flows Information- By Program Component	25



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality/Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program (the "Program") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Program as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Program's basic financial statements. The supplemental combining financial statement information, as listed in the table of contents under Supplemental Schedule Information, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Program.

The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental combining financial statement information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Aledge + Associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2016, on our consideration of the Program's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Program's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edmond, Oklahoma September 23, 2016



SCOTT A. THOMPSON Executive Director MARY FALLIN Governor

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Our discussion and analysis of the Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program's (the "Program") financial performance provides an overview of the Program's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Program's financial statements, which begin on page 6. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality ("ODEQ") administers the Program. ODEQ's primary activities include providing direct assistance and managing the coordination of the Program to meet the objectives of the Safe Drinking Water Act. Pursuant to an interagency agreement between ODEQ and the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (the "OWRB"), OWRB handles certain financial functions including originating, approving and servicing loans made to qualifying recipients.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Program's net position increased by over 8% from \$234,112,065 in FY-2015 to \$252,889,003 in FY-2016. The increase in net position is primarily attributable to an increase in federal grant revenue retained to fund loans.
- The Program experienced a decrease of \$46,958,942 in the amount of outstanding loans. At June 30, 2016, the Program had 124 outstanding loans with a principal balance of \$369,792,179 At June 30, 2015 the Program had 134 outstanding loans with a principal balance of \$416,752,021.

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

- During FY 2016, five (5) construction loans, totaling approximately \$122 million were made to correct deficiencies and achieve compliance with the national primary drinking water regulations or otherwise further public health protection objectives of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SWDA).
- Completed construction during the year on eleven (11) projects totaling \$65.6 million.
- Made binding commitments for six (6) new loans, totaling approximately \$124 million, in drinking water construction for communities to correct problems and achieve compliance with the SWDA.



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S OUTLOOK

The Oklahoma DWSRF has been extremely popular with communities that borrow from the program. The Program's financing strategy of providing long-term loans at 70% of market rate has been consistent for many years. No additional staff is planned at this time. The Program is expected to increase assets as well as operating income as more loans are approved and eligible draws are made from the federal capitalization grants and the bond issue.

CONTACTING THE PROGRAM'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the DEQ's accountability of the Program. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Administrative Services Division of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality at 707 North Robinson, Oklahoma City, OK 73101.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016 and 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	2016		2015
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$	19,865,281	\$	28,592,946
Federal letter of credit payments receivable		545,361		535,653
Accrued interest on loans receivable		2,634,394		3,184,502
Other interest receivable		89,106		93,162
Due from Drinking Water Admin Fund		-		50
Loans receivable	_	18,356,042		19,700,845
Total current assets	_	41,490,184		52,107,158
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash		93,344,750		30,290,790
Restricted investments		26,698,212		27,453,340
Loans receivable, net of current portion and allowance for				
uncollectible loans of \$137,469 in 2016 and \$156,167 in 2015		351,437,027		397,051,176
Equipment, net		84,731		31,938
Total noncurrent assets	_	471,564,720		454,827,244
Total assets	_	513,054,904	_	506,934,402
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		270,669		40,538
Due to Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality ("ODEQ")		393,590		503,862
Compensated absences		93,613		123,244
Interest payable		2,666,669		2,765,139
Current maturities of long-term debt	_	89,195,000		11,855,000
Total current liabilities	_	92,619,541		15,287,783
Nnoncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated absences		26,805		38,918
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		150,725,000		239,920,000
Unamortized (discount)/ premium	_	16,794,555		17,575,636
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	167,546,360		257,534,554
Total liabilities	_	260,165,901		272,822,337
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		84,731		31,938
Restricted for loans and debt service		252,924,690		234,242,289
Unrestricted net liability	_	(120,418)		(162,162)
Total net position	\$	252,889,003	\$	234,112,065

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
REVENUES		
Operating revenues:		
Federal grants \$	3,359,571	\$ 3,835,810
Loan program income (net of bad debt recovery of \$18,698 in 2016	, ,	
and bad debt expense of \$62,879 in 2015)	11,391,054	11,086,723
Total operating revenue	14,750,625	14,922,533
EXPENSES		
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	2,149,373	2,502,639
Professional services	217,618	242,129
Travel	31,724	43,246
Office	68,856	59,610
Depreciation	13,751	3,549
Indirect costs	644,856	791,215
Other expense	138,856	186,119
Interest expense	10,181,006	10,514,804
Debt issuance costs	-	15,000
Trustee fees	33,135	35,797
Total operating expenses	13,479,175	14,394,108
Operating income (loss)	1,271,450	528,425
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants	14,723,609	8,198,441
Federal grants-principal forgiveness	(2,066,531)	(2,473,763)
Investment income	1,506,043	1,068,956
Interest income-invested cash balances	542,777	477,294
Total nonoperating revenues	14,705,898	7,270,928
Income (loss) before transfers	15,977,348	7,799,353
Transfers in - Drinking Water Treatment Loan Administrative Fund	2,799,590	36,161
Increase in net position	18,776,938	7,835,514
NET POSITION		
Net position, beginning of year	234,112,065	226,276,551
Net position, end of year \$	252,889,003	\$ 234,112,065

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Federal grant receipts \$ 3,349,863 \$	3,562,213
Collection of interest on loans to local governmental units 11,922,464	11,083,468
Payments to employees (2,191,117)	(2,370,363)
Payments to suppliers (1,125,734)	(1,212,208)
Interest paid on debt (11,060,557)	(11,317,141)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 894,919	(254,031)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal paid on bonds (11,855,000)	(11,440,000)
Federal grant receipts 12,657,078	5,724,678
Transfers in - Drinking Water Treatment Loan Administrative Fund 2,910,138	36,161
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities 3,712,216	(5,679,161)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(05.405)
Purchase of equipment (66,544)	(35,487)
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities (66,544)	(35,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Loans to local governmental units (43,984,431)	(28,346,248)
Collection of principal on loans to local governmental units 88,895,550	18,867,360
Collection of principal on loans to local governmental units from federal grant proceeds 2,066,531	2,473,763
Interest on investments 1,506,381	1,072,627
Interest on invested cash balances 546,495	475,954
Sales of investments 755,178	1,205,974
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 49,785,704	(4,250,570)
Net increase (decrease) in cash 54,326,295	(10,219,249)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 58,883,736	69,102,985
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$\frac{113,210,031}{\}\$	58,883,736
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss) \$ 1,271,450 \$	528,425
Adjustment to reconcile net operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation 13,751	3,549
Amortization of bond/note premium (781,081)	(781,081)
Provision (recovery) for uncollectible loans (18,698)	62,879
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease (Increase) in letter of credit payments receivable (9,708)	(273,597)
Decrease (Increase) in interest receivable 550,108	(66,134)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 119,980	27,156
Increase (Decrease) in due to/from ODEQ (110,272)	246,441
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences (41,744)	24,635
Increase (Decrease) in other accrued liabilities (397)	(5,048)
Increase (Decrease) in interest payable (98,470)	(21,256)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 894,919 \$	(254,031)

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality/Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program (the "Program") was created pursuant to the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1995 (the "Act"), Section 1452, to provide a perpetual fund for financing the construction of drinking water treatment facilities for municipalities and other entities. The program utilizes Federal Capitalization grants, required State matching funds equal to 20% of federal funds received, and interest income for drinking water loan assistance. Standard loans made by the Program must be repaid within 30 years from construction completion. All repayments, including interest and principal, must remain in the fund.

The Program consists of two program components: 1) set-aside funds and 2) loan fund. The set-aside funds are administered by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality ("ODEQ"). ODEQ's primary activities include providing direct assistance and managing the coordination of the Program to meet its primary objective pursuant to the Act. The loan fund is administered by the Oklahoma Water Resources Board ("OWRB") pursuant to an interagency agreement between ODEQ and OWRB. The OWRB handles certain financial functions, including the originating, approving and servicing loans made to qualifying recipients.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Program prepares its financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Program is accounted for and presented similar to a special-purpose government engaged solely in business type activities.

The financial statements of the Program are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. The Program uses the economic resources measurement focus where all assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, expenses and transfers relating to the Program and net income and capital maintenance are measured.

Federal Letter of Credit Payments Receivable

Funding from Federal grants is provided through a Federal letter of credit ("LOC"). The Program records revenue as qualifying expenditures are made or as expenses are incurred, as appropriate. Availability of funds under the LOC is specified by the terms of the grant. The Program draws on the available funds as necessary to fund operations and selected loans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Federal Grants

Federal grants are recognized as operating revenue upon payment of allowable grant expenditures eligible for reimbursement from the EPA and not covered by state matching or program income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Program considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less and money market funds to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents the portion of the Program's cash balance at year-end that has been obligated for known future expenditures, such as loans, which have been approved and are complete as to all application requirements. The restricted portion fluctuates as obligated funds are used or as funds are de-obligated.

Restricted Investments

Restricted investments at June 30, 2016 represents a portion of the Series 2013B Revenue Bonds as well as the residual investment amounts related to the Series 2003 Revenue Bonds remaining after the retirement of the Series 2003 Revenue bonds during FY-2015. The amount has been set-aside into a Debt Service Reserve Fund. The Debt Service Reserve fund portion of restricted investments totals \$26,698,212 and \$27,453,340, at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively (See Note 5).

Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to nine years. The Program's policy is to capitalize individual asset purchases in excess of \$5,000.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Bond Issue Premium

The Program's State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A, Series 2012A, Series 2011, and Series 2010, were initially sold at a premium of \$20,744,132. The bond premium is being amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. Net amortization expense of \$781,081 and \$781,081 was recorded in 2016 and 2015, respectively, and is included in interest expense in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Loan Administration Fees

Loan administrative fees are assessed to each participating borrower by the OWRB at the rate of one-half of one percent per annum of the amount of each borrower's loan balance outstanding. Fees paid by the participating borrowers are remitted directly to OWRB and, therefore, are not included in the accompanying Program financial statements. These fees are deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Administration Fund, an account held outside the Program. The activity within this fund for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2015	\$ _	8,566,009	Balance, July 1, 2014	\$ _	6,611,938
Fee income		2,285,693	Fee income		2,115,497
Interest income		117,384	Interest income		118,819
Operating expenses		(574,076)	Operating expenses		(244,084)
Transfers	_	(2,799,590)	Transfers	_	(36,161)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$_	7,595,420	Balance, June 30, 2015	\$_	8,566,009

Unrestricted Net Liability

The unrestricted net liability at June 30, 2016 and 2015, is attributed to the accrual for compensated absences for financial reporting purposes in advance of reimbursement of such costs under the Program's federal funding arrangements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT RISK

Cash of \$19,865,281 and \$28,592,946 at June 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively, was on deposit in the State Treasurer's office's internal investment pool – *OK Invest*. Restricted cash of \$93,344,750 and \$30,290,790 at June 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively, was on deposit with the Program's trustee. Amounts on deposit with the Program's trustee bank are invested in the *Federated Treasury Obligations, Federated Government Obligation, Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Obligations and the Goldman Sachs Financial Square Federal Funds* money market mutual funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank or other institution failure, the Program's deposits may not be returned or the Program will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Program deposits its funds with the Office of the State Treasurer (OST). Oklahoma statutes require OST to ensure that all state funds either be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations. The Program's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other State agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the Treasurer may determine, in the State's name.

Of the \$19,865,281 and \$28,592,946 in cash and cash equivalents on deposit with the State Treasurer as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, 100% represent amounts held within OK INVEST, an internal investment pool. Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are allowed to participate in OK INVEST. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in OK INVEST. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day-to-day OK INVEST management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State's daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at http://www.ok.gov/treasurer/. An evaluation of the use and purpose of the Program's participation in the internal investment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT RISK (Cont'd)

pool determined that the amounts on deposit with OK INVEST are considered demand deposits and are reported as cash equivalents.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – the Program does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates as it relates to funds not directly associated with bond issue proceeds.

Investment Credit Risk-Non Debt Proceeds – for non-debt proceeds, the Program has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law imposed on the State Treasurer as follows:

- a. U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds and U.S. Government Agency Securities with certain ratings and maturity limitations.
- b. Collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit issued by a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union located in the state.
- c. With certain ratings and maturity limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances and commercial paper.
- d. Obligations of state and local governments, including obligations of Oklahoma state public trusts, with certain ratings and maturity limitations.
- e. Collateralized repurchase agreements tri-party repurchase agreements.
- f. Money market mutual funds and short term bond funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and in which investments consist of obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase agreements collateralized by obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities.

Investment Credit Risk - Debt Proceeds – for debt proceeds, the bond indenture provides for restrictions on the investment choices of the Program as follows:

- a. Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- b. Collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions located in the State of Oklahoma.
- c. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of those items specified in (a) and (b) above.
- d. Investment agreements with entities maintaining a rating in the top two categories by a nationally recognized municipal bond rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT RISK (Cont'd)

The Program implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Program categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Program's investments in obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in money market mutual funds were valued according to the following hierarchy and were rated as follows:

		Credit	Fair Value		Carrying Value		
Туре	Maturities	Rating	Hierarchy		2016		2015
							_
OK Invest	On Demand	Not Rated	N/A	\$ 1	9,865,281	\$	28,592,946
Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	16 days	AAAm	Level 1		4,599,190		11,220,729
Federated Government Obligations Fund	16 days	AAAm	Level 1	8	8,188,547		15,957,364
Goldman Sach Fin. Sq. Treasury Oblig. Fund		AAAm	Level 1		557,013		1,663,801
Goldman Sach Fin. Sq. Federal Fund		AAAm	Level 1		-		1,448,896
	2022/2027				2.120.212		2.004.224
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2022/2025	AA+	Level 2		3,120,343		2,984,336
Federal Home Loan Bank	2020/2023	AA+	Level 2		1,160,247		1,125,615
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. Int. Strips	2025	AA+	Level 2		2,440,575		2,210,135
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. Int. Strips	2017/2022	AA+	Level 2		1,092,010		1,052,391
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. Princ. Strips	2018	AA+	Level 2		24,620		24,078
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	2016	AA+	Level 2		-		60,088
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	2017	AA+	Level 2		73,239		73,460
Tennessee Valley Authority	2018/2021	AA+	Level 2		1,166,209		1,159,855
Tennessee Valley Authority Coupon Strips	2017/2025	AA+	Level 2	1	7,620,969		18,654,528
U.S. Treasury Strip Principal Strip	2016	AA+	Level 2		-		108,854
Total				\$ 13	9,908,243	\$	86,337,076

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – neither the Program nor the bond indenture place any limit on the amount the Program may invest in any one issuer. The Program has the following concentration of credit risk at June 30, 2016: 67% or \$93,344,750 is invested in government obligations money market mutual funds, 19% or \$26,698,212 is invested directly in fixed income securities, and 14% or \$19,865,281 is invested in OK Invest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT RISK (Cont'd)

A "pooled cash" concept is used by ODEQ in maintaining cash and equivalents for the Program's Set Aside accounts. Under this method, cash and equivalents are pooled and each ODEQ program has equity in the pooled amount. There were no pooled cash overdrafts included in Due to ODEQ in the current year.

3. FEDERAL LETTERS OF CREDIT

Federal letters of credit ("LOC") balances at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

			Year Ended	June 30, 2016		
		Program				
		Management &	Small	Local		
	Administrative	Reserve	Systems	Assistance	Loan	Totals
LOC available for draw	\$ 9,074,939	17,135,177	3,634,256	19,051,770	211,142,858	260,039,000
Grant available in 2016	566,280	1,415,700	283,140	2,123,550	9,768,330	14,157,000
LOC reprogrammed	(6,067)	-	(22,074)	(841,402)	869,543	-
Cumulative cash draws	9,590,723	18,299,818	3,891,283	19,276,750	219,099,730	270,158,304
LOC balance available for draw at June 30, 2016	\$ 44,429	251,059	4,039	1,057,168	2,681,001	4,037,696

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

3. FEDERAL LETTERS OF CREDIT

	Year Ended June 30, 2015						
	Administrative	Program Management & Reserve	Small Systems	Local Assistance	Loan	Totals	
LOC available for draw	\$ 8,542,550	16,489,003	3,465,774	17,844,109	199,471,564	245,813,000	
Grant available in 2015	545,041	1,425,100	285,020	2,137,649	9,833,190	14,226,000	
LOC reprogrammed	(12,652)	(778,926)	(116,538)	(929,988)	1,838,104	-	
Cumulative cash draws	9,037,025	16,789,354	3,571,858	18,310,474	204,376,121	252,084,832	
LOC balance available for draw at June 30, 2015	\$ 37,914	345,823	62,398	741,296	6,766,737	7,954,168	

Due to the fact that the grants cover a period of more than 8 quarters, not all of the balances presented above are available for immediate drawdown.

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Program originates loans with Oklahoma municipalities and other entities for financing the construction of drinking water treatment facilities which are payable in semiannual installments at subsidized rates. Funded projects of the Program must meet established eligibility requirements. Effective interest rates on the outstanding loans vary from 0% to 3.49% at June 30, 2016 and from 0% to 4.01% at June 30, 2015.

Not less than 20% up to a maximum of 30% of the annual federal grant must be used for principal forgiveness for communities meeting the "disadvantaged" criteria. For the periods ending June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Program made loans that have or will receive principal forgiveness to two and one borrowers, respectively, under the "disadvantaged" criteria. Loans are collateralized by various revenue sources including, but not limited to, user charges and sales taxes collected by the borrowers. Principal payments must start within one year of construction completion or at an earlier date set in the loan agreement. Loan terms are available up to a maximum of twenty years, except for loans qualifying under the "disadvantaged" criteria for which the maximum term is thirty years. During the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, principal payments of \$90,692,081 and \$21,341,123, respectively, had been received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE (Cont'd)

The allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2016 of \$137,469 is based upon management's evaluation of the collectability of the loans. The evaluation takes into consideration such factors as size of the individual loans, overall quality, current economic conditions and trends that may affect the borrowers' ability to pay.

Loans receivable activity from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2016, is as follows:

Loan disbursements	28,346,248
Loan principal repayments and forgiveness	(21,341,123)
	416,814,900
Change in provision for uncollectible loans	(62,879)
Balance, June 30, 2015 \$	416,752,021
Loan disbursements	43,984,431
Loan principal repayments and forgiveness	(90,962,081)
	369,774,371
Change in provision for uncollectible loans	18,698
Balance, June 30, 2016 \$	369,793,069

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

5. RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

A description of the restricted investments held at June 30, 2016 and 2015, is as follows:

	_	2016		2015
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	3,120,343	\$	2,984,336
Federal Home Loan Bank		1,160,247		1,125,615
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. Int. Strips		2,440,575		2,210,135
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. Int. Strips		1,092,010		1,052,391
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. Princ. Strips		24,620		24,078
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.		-		60,088
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.		73,239		73,460
Tennessee Valley Authority		1,166,209		1,159,855
Tennessee Valley Authority Coupon Strips		17,620,969		18,654,528
U.S. Treasury Strip Principal Strip		-		108,854
	_	_	_	
Total restricted investments	\$	26,698,212	\$_	27,453,340

6. **BINDING COMMITMENTS**

The OWRB, pursuant to an interagency agreement entered into between ODEQ and OWRB, approves funding of various loan applications through the Program. These binding commitments will be funded by the Program provided that a loan agreement and promissory note are executed within one year from the date of original approval unless an extension is granted by the OWRB. Binding commitments approved by the OWRB for which a loan agreement and promissory note have not been executed totaled \$0 and \$0 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

7. EQUIPMENT

A summary of changes to equipment is as follows:

	Year ended 2016				
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2015	Additions	2016		
Equipment	\$ 798,758	66,544 \$	865,302		
Accumulated depreciation	(766,820)	(13,751)	(780,571)		
Net	\$ 31,938	52,793 \$	84,731		
	Y	ear ended 2015			
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2014	Additions	2015		
Equipment	\$ 763,271	35,487 \$	798,758		
Accumulated depreciation	(763,271)	(3,549)	(766,820)		

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Net

Bonds Payable

On September 19, 2013, the Program issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A in the amount of \$41,410,000. The bonds are secured by the loans made to the local entities by the OWRB, investment income in the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Account and monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. These bonds were issued to provide low interest cost financing for Oklahoma Local governmental entities for acquiring, constructing, or improving their wastewater treatment systems, to reimburse the Program for amounts previously advanced to local governments, and to enable the Program to meet the State matching requirements in order to obtain Federal grants.

\$ ____ 31,938 \$ 31,938

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

Bonds Payable (Cont'd)

On September 19, 2013, the Program issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B in the amount of \$35,505,000. The bonds are secured by the loans made to the local entities by the OWRB, investment income in the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Account and monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. These bonds were issued to provide funds, together with certain other available moneys and investments, to retire the Program's Series 2003 Revenue Bonds, and to fund a debt service reserve fund.

On June 12, 2012, the Program issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A in the amount of \$49,395,000. The bonds are secured by the loans made to the local entities by the OWRB, investment income in the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Account and monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. These bonds were issued to provide low interest cost financing for Oklahoma Local governmental entities for acquiring, constructing, or improving their wastewater treatment systems and to enable the Program to meet the State matching requirements in order to obtain Federal grants.

On April 13, 2011, the Program issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 in the amount of \$57,910,000. The bonds are secured by the loans made to the local entities by the OWRB, investment income in the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Account and monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. These bonds were issued to provide low interest cost financing for Oklahoma Local governmental entities for acquiring, constructing, or improving their wastewater treatment systems and to enable the Program to meet the State matching requirements in order to obtain Federal grants.

On January 13, 2010, the Program issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$94,460,000. The bonds are secured by the loans made to the local entities by the OWRB, investment income in the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Account and monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. These bonds were issued to provide low interest cost financing for Oklahoma Local governmental entities for acquiring, constructing, or improving their wastewater treatment systems and to enable the Program to meet the State matching requirements in order to obtain Federal grants.

Subsequent to year end, on July 12, 2016, the Program defeased all of the outstanding Series 2010 bonds. The defeasance was funded with available excess cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

Bonds Payable (Cont'd)

Future debt service payments required by the Program's serial bonds as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	89,195,000	8,835,593	98,030,593
2018		9,905,000	6,743,586	16,648,586
2019		10,530,000	6,377,392	16,907,392
2020		9,815,000	5,970,705	15,785,705
2021		9,320,000	5,580,326	14,900,326
2022-2026		34,070,000	22,585,078	56,655,078
2027-2031		30,435,000	15,368,100	45,803,100
2032-2036		26,235,000	8,197,975	34,432,975
2037-2041		16,295,000	3,126,813	19,421,813
2042-2043		4,120,000	274,800	4,394,800
	\$_	239,920,000	83,060,368	322,980,368

In addition to their normal scheduled maturity dates as shown above, the bonds may also be redeemed at the option of the Board, in whole or part, as such dates and for such prices, plus accrued interest as are set forth in the bond indenture.

In order for the interest on the Program's Series 2013A, 2012A, 2011, and 2010 bonds to be tax-exempt, the Board must comply with certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. One provision requires that the arbitrage earnings (defined as the excess of the amount earned on all nonpurpose investments over the amount which would have been earned if the nonpurpose investments were invested at a rate equal to the note/bond yield) be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service. This rebate is payable at the end of each five years during the term of the issues. Management has estimated the arbitrage rebate liability at June 30, 2016 to be immaterial for the Series 2010, Series 2011, Series 2012A, and Series 2013A bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016 and 2015

8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

Bonds Payable (Cont'd)

Changes in long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

		2016	2015
Beginning Balances:	·	_	 _
Serial 2013B bonds due April 1, 2017 to			
April 1, 2025, interest at 1.795% to 4.116%	\$	28,750,000	\$ 31,755,000
Serial 2013A bonds due April 1, 2017 to			
April 1, 2043, interest at 4.00% to 5.00%		39,220,000	41,410,000
Serial 2012A bonds due April 1, 2017 to			
April 1, 2042, interest at 3.00% to 5.00%		45,985,000	47,945,000
Serial 2011 bonds due April 1, 2017 to			
April 1, 2042, interest at 2.50% to 5.25%		54,115,000	55,415,000
Serial 2010 bonds due April 1, 2017 to			
April 1, 2032, interest at 2.75% to 5.00%		83,705,000	86,690,000
Unamortized (discount)/ premium		17,575,636	18,356,717
•	\$	269,350,636	\$ 281,571,717
Less: Debt Repayments		(11,855,000)	(11,440,000)
Less: Current Amortization of Premium		(781,081)	(781,081)
Ending Balances:	\$	256,714,555	\$ 269,350,636
Amounts due in one year	\$	89,195,000	\$ 11,855,000

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Program is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of assets, efforts and omissions, injuries to employees while performing Program business, or acts of God. The Program maintains insurance through the State of Oklahoma Risk Management Division, which is included in the indirect costs charged to the Program. There have not been any claims against the Program since its inception in 1998.

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION - BY PROGRAM COMPONENT June 30, 2016

		Set-Asi				
				Local Assistance		
		Program	Small	and Other	Loan	
	Administrative	Management	Systems	State Programs	Fund	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets:						
Cash	\$ -	-	-	-	19,865,281	19,865,281
Federal letter of credit payments receivable (payable)	(18,649)	285,798	64,374	213,838	-	545,361
Accrued interest on loans receivable	-	-	-	-	2,634,394	2,634,394
Other interest receivable	-	-	-	-	89,106	89,106
Loans receivable			-		18,356,042	18,356,042
Total current assets	(18,649)	285,798	64,374	213,838	40,944,823	41,490,184
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Cash	_	-	_	_	93,344,750	93,344,750
Restricted investments	_	-	_	-	26,698,212	26,698,212
Loans receivable, net of current portion and allowance for					.,,	.,,
uncollectible loans of \$137,469	-	-	_	-	351,437,027	351,437,027
Equipment, net	-	-	_	84,731	-	84,731
Total noncurrent assets			-	84,731	471,479,989	471,564,720
Total assets	(18,649)	285,798	64,374	298,569	512,424,812	513,054,904
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	-	894	-	150,877	118,898	270,669
Due to (from) Oklahoma Department of						
of Environmental Quality ("ODEQ")	(18,649)	284,904	64,374	62,961	-	393,590
Compensated absences	9,217	38,520	6,712	39,164	-	93,613
Interest Payable	-	-	-	-	2,666,669	2,666,669
Current maturities of long-term debt					89,195,000	89,195,000
Total current liabilities	(9,432)	324,318	71,086	253,002	91,980,567	92,619,541
Nnoncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated absences	2,639	11,030	1,922	11,214	_	26.805
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	-,		-,	,	150,725,000	150,725,000
Unamortized (discount)/premium	_	-	_	_	16,794,555	16,794,555
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,639	11,030	1,922	11,214	167,519,555	167,546,360
Total liabilities	(6,793)	335,348	73,008	264,216	259,500,122	260,165,901
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	_	-	_	84,731	-	84,731
Restricted for loans and debt service	-	_	-	-	252,924,690	252,924,690
Unrestricted net liability	(11,856)	(49,550)	(8,634)	(50,378)		(120,418)
Total net position	\$(11,856)	(49,550)	(8,634)	34,353	252,924,690	252,889,003

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INFORMATION - BY PROGRAM COMPONENT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Set-Aside Funds					
	A	lministrative	Program Management	Small Systems	Local Assistance and Other State Programs	Loan Fund	Totals
REVENUES							
Operating revenues:							
Federal grants	\$	536,292	1,240,792	292,562	1,289,925	-	3,359,571
Loan program income (net of recovery of \$18,698)		-	-	-	-	11,391,054	11,391,054
Total operating revenue		536,292	1,240,792	292,562	1,289,925	11,391,054	14,750,625
EXPENSES							
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and benefits		232,470	895,640	219,973	801,290	-	2,149,373
Professional services		217,618	-	-	-	-	217,618
Travel		6,233	13,974	1,932	9,585	-	31,724
Office		2,404	26,259	184	40,009	-	68,856
Depreciation		-	-	-	13,751	-	13,751
Indirect costs		68,657	271,372	67,337	237,490	-	644,856
Other expense		2,094	2,000	236	134,526	-	138,856
Interest expense		-	-	-	· •	10,181,006	10,181,006
Trustee fees		-	-	-	-	33,135	33,135
Total operating expenses		529,476	1,209,245	289,662	1,236,651	10,214,141	13,479,175
Operating income (loss)	_	6,816	31,547	2,900	53,274	1,176,913	1,271,450
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Federal grants		-	-	-	-	14,723,609	14,723,609
Federal grants-Principal Forgiveness		-	-	-	-	(2,066,531)	(2,066,531)
Investment income		-	-	-	-	1,506,043	1,506,043
Interest income-invested cash balances		-	-	-	-	542,777	542,777
Net nonoperating revenues		-	-	-		14,705,898	14,705,898
Income (loss) before transfers		6,816	31,547	2,900	53,274	15,882,811	15,977,348
Transfers in - Drinking Water Treatment Loan Admin Fund		-				2,799,590	2,799,590
Increase (decrease) in net position		6,816	31,547	2,900	53,274	18,682,401	18,776,938
NET POSITION							
Net position, beginning of year	_	(18,672)	(81,097)	(11,534)	(18,921)	234,242,289	234,112,065
Net position, end of year	\$	(11,856)	(49,550)	(8,634)	34,353	252,924,690	252,889,003

${\bf SUPPLEMENTAL\ COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ INFORMATION\ -\ BY\ PROGRAM\ COMPONENT}$ For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Set-Asio				
	_	Administrative	Program Management	Small Systems	Local Assistance and Other State Programs	Loan Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				_			
Federal grant receipts	\$	553,698	1,510,464	319,425	966,276	-	3,349,863
Collection of interest on loans to local governmental units		- (220, 200)	(007, 107)	(222, 972)	(001.771)	11,922,464	11,922,464
Payments to employees		(239,286)	(927,187)	(222,873)	(801,771)	- (22,522)	(2,191,117)
Payments to other suppliers		(314,412)	(583,277)	(96,552)	(97,961)	(33,532)	(1,125,734)
Interest paid on debt	_		 -		66,544	(11,060,557)	(11,060,557) 894,919
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-		 -		00,344	828,375	894,919
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Principal paid on bonds		-	-	-	-	(11,855,000)	(11,855,000)
Federal grant receipts		-	-	-	-	12,657,078	12,657,078
Transfers in - Drinking Water Treatment Loan Admin. Fund		-	-	-	-	2,910,138	2,910,138
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital							
financing activities		-		-		3,712,216	3,712,216
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of equipment		-	-	-	(66,544)	-	(66,544)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	_				(66,544)		(66,544)
financing activities	_		 -		(00,544)	 .	(00,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Loans to local governmental units		-	-	-	-	(43,984,431)	(43,984,431)
Collection of principal on loans to local governmental units		-	-	-	-	88,895,550	88,895,550
Collection of principal on loans to local governmental units							
from federal grant proceeds		-	-	-	-	2,066,531	2,066,531
Interest on investments		-	-	-	-	1,506,381	1,506,381
Interest on invested cash balances		-	-	-	-	546,495	546,495
Sale (Purchase) of investments		-		-		755,178	755,178
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	-		-		49,785,704	49,785,704
Net increase (decrease) in cash		-	-	-	-	54,326,295	54,326,295
Cash and each continuous havinging of some						50 002 727	50 002 726
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>_</u>				 -	58,883,736 113,210,031	58,883,736 113,210,031
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year						113,210,031	113,210,031
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,816	31,547	2,900	53,274	1,176,913	1,271,450
Adjustment to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					13,751		13,751
Depreciation Amortization of bond/note premium		-	-	-	15,/51	(781,081)	(781,081)
Provision (recovery) for uncollectible loans		-	-	-	-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		-	-	-	-	(18,698)	(18,698)
		17 406	260 672	26.962	(222 640)		(0.709)
Decrease (Increase) in letter of credit payments receivable Decrease (Increase) in interest receivable		17,406	269,672	26,863	(323,649)	550,108	(9,708) 550,108
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		(275)	(1,586)	(73)	121,914	-	119,980
Increase (Decrease) in due to/from ODEQ		(17,131)	(268,086)	(26,790)	201,735	-	(110,272)
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences		(6,816)	(31,547)	(2,900)	(481)	_	(41,744)
Increase (Decrease) in other accrued liabilities		(0,810)	(31,377)	(2,900)	(461)	(397)	(397)
Increase (Decrease) in interest payable		-	- -	-	- -	(98,470)	(98,470)
(Beelease) in interest pullation	_					(20,170)	(20,170)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	-			66,544	828,375	894,919

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES:	
Reports related to financial statements of the reporting entity Required by GAO Government Auditing Standards:	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	1
Reports related to Federal Assistance Programs Required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance):	
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Directors of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality/Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program (the "Program") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Program's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Program's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Program's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Program's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edmond, Oklahoma September 23, 2016

Arledge + Associates, P.C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Directors of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality/Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program's (the "Program") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Program's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Program's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Program's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Program's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Program's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Program complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Program is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Program's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the Program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Program's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Edmond, Oklahoma September 23, 2016

Arledge + Associates, P.C.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number		Total Expenditures	Operating Expenditures	Loans Funded Subaward Amount	Loan Forgiveness Subaward Amount
Environmental Protection Agency DWSRF Cluster: Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	\$_	18,083,180	3,359,571	12,657,078	2,066,531
Total Federal Expenditures		\$_	18,083,180	3,359,571	12,657,078	2,066,531

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Oklahoma Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

2. RECONCILIATION OF 2016 EXPENDITURES

The 2016 expenditures are detailed as follows:

Loan forgiveness funded during 2016 from federal funds	\$ 2,066,531
Loans funded during 2016 from federal funds	12,657,078
Set-aside program expenditures per financial statements	3,265,034
Depreciation expense	(13,751)
Purchases of equipment	66,544
Fiscal year 2016 change in compensated absences	 41,744
Total 2016 expenditures	\$ 18,083,180

3. OUTSTANDING LOANS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2016, the Program's outstanding balance on loans receivable funded by federal awards and related matching funds was \$369,793,069, net of an allowance of \$137,469.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report is	sued:		Unmodif	ied	
not considered t	s(es) identified? ency(ies) identified o be material weakness(es)?		yes		none reported
-	o financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u>	110
<u>Federal Awards</u>					
•			yes		no none reported
Type of auditor's report is for major program	•		Unmodif	ïed	
Any audit findings disclos to be reported in a the Uniform Guid	ccordance with	es <u> </u>	X no		
Identification of major pro	ograms:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program of	or Cluster	• -		
66.468	DWSRF Cluster - Capitaliz Revolving Funds	zation Gra	ants for Dri	nking W	Vater State
Dollar threshold used to d between Type A and Type	•	\$	750,0)00	_
Auditee qualified as low-r	isk auditee?		Xyes		no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Compliance Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

Internal Control Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Compliance Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

Internal Control Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.