Financial Statements June 30, 2022

With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon

June 30, 2022

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School District Officials Year Ended June 30, 2022

Board of Education

President James Griffin

Vice-President Michael Laster

Clerk Colie Wilkes

Member Paul Lambert

Member Heather Trevino

School District Treasurer/Minute Clerk

Carlene Reavis

Encumbrance Clerk

Kim Wright

Superintendent of Schools

Brian Armstrong

JOHNSTON & BRYANT

Certified Public Accountants

Pete Johnston, C.P.A. Allen Bryant, Jr., C.P.A. P.O. Box 1564 Ada, Oklahoma 74821-1564 (580) 332-5549

MEMBER

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13 Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements—regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position—regulatory basis for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2022, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

The Board of Education Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13 Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma Page two

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Education Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13 Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma Page three

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eagletown Independent School District
 Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma 's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma 's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The Board of Education Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13 Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma Page four

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements—regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole arising from regulatory basis transactions.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schroton & Bryons

August 22, 2022 Ada, Oklahoma



Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - Regulatory Basis All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types					S
	•		Special			Debt
		General	R	Revenues	Services	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	655,277	\$	161,058	\$	24,523
Amounts Available In Debt						
Services Fund		-		-		-
Amounts to be Provided for						
Retirement of General Long-Term Debt						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	655,277	\$	161,058	\$	24,523
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:						
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Warrants Payable	\$	80,618	\$	26,253	\$	_
Encumbrances	,	-	•	-	•	_
Long-Term Debt - Bonds Payable		-		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		80,618		26,253		-
FUND BALANCE:						
Restricted		_		134,805		24,523
Unassigned		574,659				
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		574,659		134,805		24,523
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCE	\$	655,277	\$	161,058	\$	24,523

Govern	nmental	Fi	iduciary	Account			
Fund	-Туре	Fu	nd Types	Group		Totals	
	oital		rust and	Lo	ng-Term	(Me	morandum
	jects	Agency			Debt		Only)
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>
\$	_	\$	62,612	\$	_	\$	903,470
			ŕ				ŕ
	_		_		24,523		24,523
					,		,
	_		_		35,477		35,477
\$	-	\$	62,612	\$	60,000	\$	963,470
\$	-	\$	1,796	\$	-	\$	108,667
	-		-		-		-
			-		60,000		60,000
	_		1,796		60,000		168,667
	-		33,333		-		192,661
			27,483				602,142
	-		60,816		-		794,803
\$		\$	62,612	\$	60,000	\$	963,470

Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis
All Governmental Fund Types
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types				
	•	Special	Debt	Capital	
	General	Revenue	Services	Project	
REVENUES COLLECTED:					
District Sources	\$ 311,791	\$ 45,283	\$ 41,134	\$ -	
Intermediate Sources	51,021	-	_	-	
State Sources	1,651,267	20,858	-	-	
Federal Sources	395,782	160,803	6,647		
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED	2,409,861	226,944	47,781		
EXPENDITURES PAID:					
Instruction	1,342,595	-	-	-	
Support Services	746,782	16,216	-	-	
Non-Instruction Services	88,017	127,149	-	-	
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service			58,480		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	2,177,394	143,365	58,480		
Excess of Revenues Collected Over					
(Under) Expenditures Paid	232,467	83,579	(10,699)	-	
Operating Transfers In	38,000	(38,000)			
Excess Of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other					
Financing Sources (Used)	270,467	45,579	(10,699)	-	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	304,192	89,226	35,222		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 574,659	\$ 134,805	\$ 24,523	\$ -	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

(Me	Total morandum Only)
\$	398,208
	51,021
]	1,672,125
	563,232
2	2,684,586
1	1,342,595
J	762,998
	215,166
	-
	58,480
2	2,379,239
	305,347
	305,347
	428,640
\$	733,987

Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

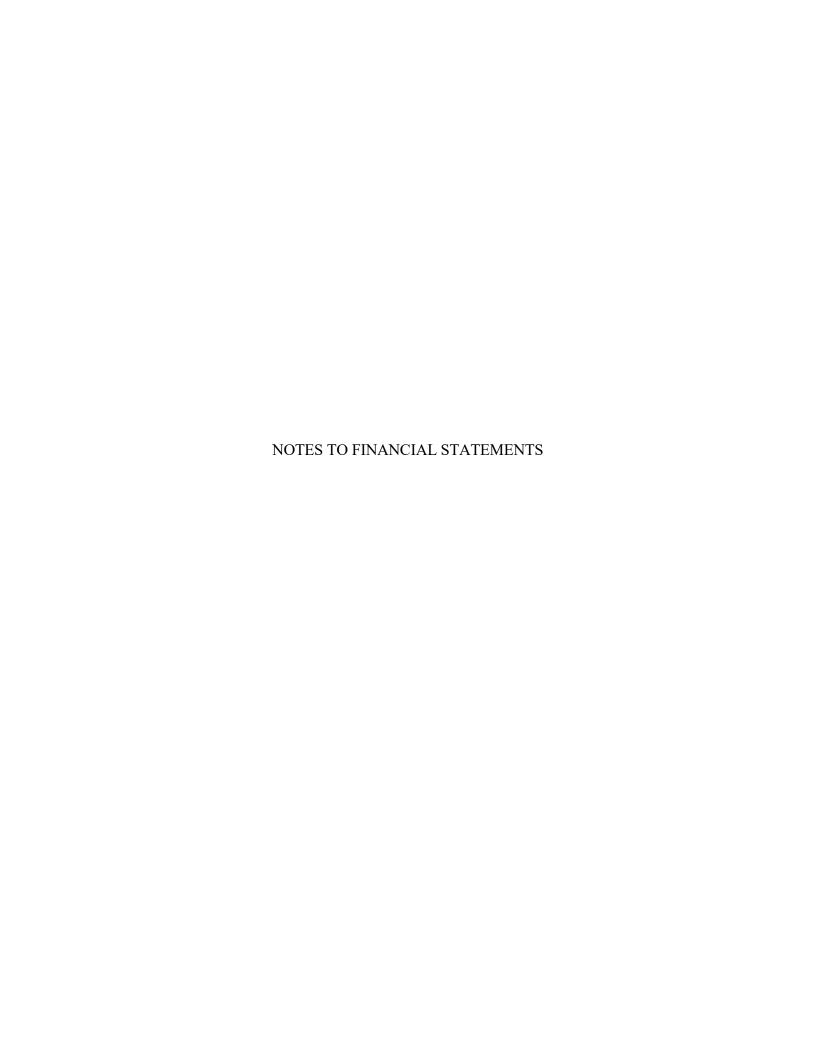
	Eliaca Julie 30, 202	= <i>=</i>		
REVENUE COLLECTED:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
District Sources	\$ 264,871	\$ 264,871	\$ 311,791	\$ 46,920
Intermediate Sources	35,218	35,218	51,021	15,803
State Sources	1,493,787	1,493,787	1,651,267	157,480
Federal Sources	135,642	135,642	395,782	260,140
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED	1,929,518	1,929,518	2,409,861	480,343
EXPENDITURES PAID:				
Instruction	1,398,890	1,398,890	1,342,595	56,295
Support Services	746,800	746,800	746,782	18
Non-Instruction Services	88,020	88,020	88,017	3
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Other Outlays				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	2,233,710	2,233,710	2,177,394	56,316
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures Paid	(304,192)	(304,192)	232,467	536,659
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In			38,000	38,000
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(304,192)	(304,192)	270,467	574,659
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	304,192	304,192	304,192	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 574,659	\$ 574,659

Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

10	ar En		, 202			7	Variance
	Original		Final			Favorable	
		Budget		Budget	Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
REVENUE COLLECTED:			•				
District Sources	\$	39,924	\$	39,924	\$ 45,283	\$	5,359
Intermediate Sources		-		-	-		-
State Sources		776		776	20,858		20,082
Federal Sources		103,997		127,115	160,803		33,688
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		144,697		167,815	226,944		59,129
EXPENDITURES PAID:							
Instruction		-		-	-		-
Support Services		91,892		91,892	16,216		75,676
Non-Instruction Services		104,031		127,149	127,149		-
Capital Outlays		-		-	-		-
Other Outlays					 -		-
TOTAL EXPENTURES PAID		195,923		219,041	 143,365		75,676
Excess of revenue Collected Over							
(Under) Expenditures Paid		(51,226)		(51,226)	83,579		134,805
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In		(38,000)		(38,000)	 (38,000)		
Excess of Revenue Collected							
Over (Under) Expenditures							
Paid and Other Financings							
Sources (Uses)		(89,226)		(89,226)	45,579		134,805
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		89,226		89,226	89,226		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$ 134,805	\$	134,805

Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Debt Service Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

1 Cai Lii	iucu j	unc 50, 20.	<i></i>			
	Origianal/Final Budget		Actual		Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUE COLLECTED:					`	
District Sources	\$	38,562	\$	41,134	\$	2,572
Intermediate Sources		-		_		-
State Sources		-		-		-
Federal Sources		-		6,647		6,647
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		38,562		47,781		9,219
EXPENDITURES PAID:						
Instruction		-		-		-
Support Services		-		-		-
Non-Instruction Services		-		-		-
Debt Services		-		-		-
Other Outlays		58,480		58,480		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID		58,480		58,480		
Excess of Revenue Collected Over						
(Under) Expenditures Paid		(19,918)		(10,699)		9,219
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In				<u>-</u>		
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid						
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(19,918)		(10,699)		9,219
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		35,222		35,222		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	15,304	\$	24,523	\$	9,219



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Eagletown Public Schools Independent District No. I-13 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by Oklahoma Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed Superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the district, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basis -- but not the only -- criterion for including a potential component unit in the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involved considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

Special Revenue Fund - The special revenue fund of the District consists of the Building Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund.

Building Fund - The Building Fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of constructing, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Child Nutrition Fund - The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies collected from meals served to students and employees of the district and is expended on food, supplies, and salaries.

Debt Service Fund - Debt Service fund is the District's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earning from temporary investments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is the District's Bond Fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (Enterprise Funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service fund).

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principle. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Agency Fund - The Agency Fund is the Schools Athletics and Activities Fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts and athletic events of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt-service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

General Fixed Asset Account Group - This account group is used to account for property, plant and equipment of the school district.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its basic financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

D. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2022 that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Encumbrance Accounting (continued)

General Fund	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund - Food Service	
Total	\$ -

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. In February, 2007, voters of the School District approved making all support levies permanent.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting -- under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund -- is utilized in all governmental funds of the District.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments – The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Inventories – Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment - The District has not maintained a record of its general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Asset Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (continued)

Compensated Absences – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year.

Due to Activity Groups - Due to Activity groups represent the funds received from school related groups and organizations over which the board of education exercises control. These funds are credited to the account maintained by the District for the benefit of the group or organization.

Reserved for Debt Service - The balance of the sinking fund is restricted by Oklahoma statutes to be used only for paying of the principal and interest bonds and judgments (to the extent of all outstanding obligations of the District).

Fund Balances – In the fund statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amount that are considered nonspendable (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are spendable (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances (continued)

Committed fund balance represents amount that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated hi-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposed within the general fund.

G. Revenue, Expenses, and Expenditures

Local Sources - Revenues from local sources is the money generated from within the District's boundaries. It includes ad valorem tax, interest income, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions, and reimbursements.

Intermediate Sources - Revenues from intermediate sources are monies collected by an intermediate administrative unit (i.e. county government) between the District and the state levels, and distributed to the District in amount that are different than the proportion collected within the District's boundaries.

State Sources - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Revenue, Expenses, and Expenditures (continued)

The District receives revenues from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue ear-marked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenue be accounted for in the general fund.

Federal Sources - Revenues from federal sources are monies received from the federal government in the form of grants or entitlements (either directly or passed through another entity). A grant is monies received which must be spent for a specific purpose or activity. An entitlement is an amount given to the District based upon an allocation formula.

Instruction Expenditures - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students.

Support Services Expenditures - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures - This expenditures category consists of activities which provide non-instructional services to students, staff, or the community.

Capital Outlays - This expenditure category consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays - This category is for items not properly classified as expenditures, but which still require budgetary or accounting control.

Interfund Transactions - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

H. Statement of Cash Flows

Since the District does not currently have any Proprietary Fund Types, the statement of cash flows has not been presented in the fiscal 2021 accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during that reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 2. Property Taxes

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision had been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible.

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed for all real, business personal and public service property located in the District. The assessed value of the certified roll, upon which the levy for the 2021 fiscal year was based, was \$8,070,970.

In February, 2007, voters of the school district approved making all support levies permanent.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information – The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget is submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The electors of the District have voted on the question to make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent; therefore, an annual mileage election (normally the first Tuesday in February) is not necessary. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Appropriations not used or encumbered will lapse at the end of the year.

Note 4. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2022, the District held deposits of approximately \$903,470 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 4. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposits, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administration and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administration, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a. d.).

The investments held at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Weighted			
	Average			
	Maturity	Credit	Market	
Туре	(Months)	Rating	Value	Cost
Investments				
Checking	N/A	AAAM	\$ 903,470	\$ 903,470
Total investments			\$ 903,470	\$ 903,470

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 100% in checking (\$903,470).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5. General Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without the approval by the District voters. Bond issues have been approved the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 10 years from the date of issue. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022:

<u>Obilgation</u>	Balance Outstanding 6/30/2021	Issued (Retired) During Year	Balance Outstanding 6/30/2022		
2018 GO Bonds	\$ 115,000	\$ (55,000)	\$ 60,000		
Totals	\$ 115,000	\$ (55,000)	\$ 60,000		

The annual requirements to retire general obligations bonds as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	1 Interest			Totals			
2023	\$	60,000	\$	1,830	\$	61,830			
2024		-		-		-			
2025		-		-		-			
2026		-		-		-			
2027		-		-		-			
	•		•						
Totals	\$	60,000	\$	1,830	\$	61,830			
Totals	\$	60,000	\$	1,830	\$	61,830			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System insures a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Funding Policy – The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14.0% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales tax, use tax, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma, plus the federal contribution contributed 7.7% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participation members. The school is required to pay 16.5% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

Basis of Accounting- The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. The pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation which was dated June 30, 2022:

The District's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2019 were \$112,155, \$99,173 and \$105,602 respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such 4amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 22, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

Note 9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 10. Surety Bonds

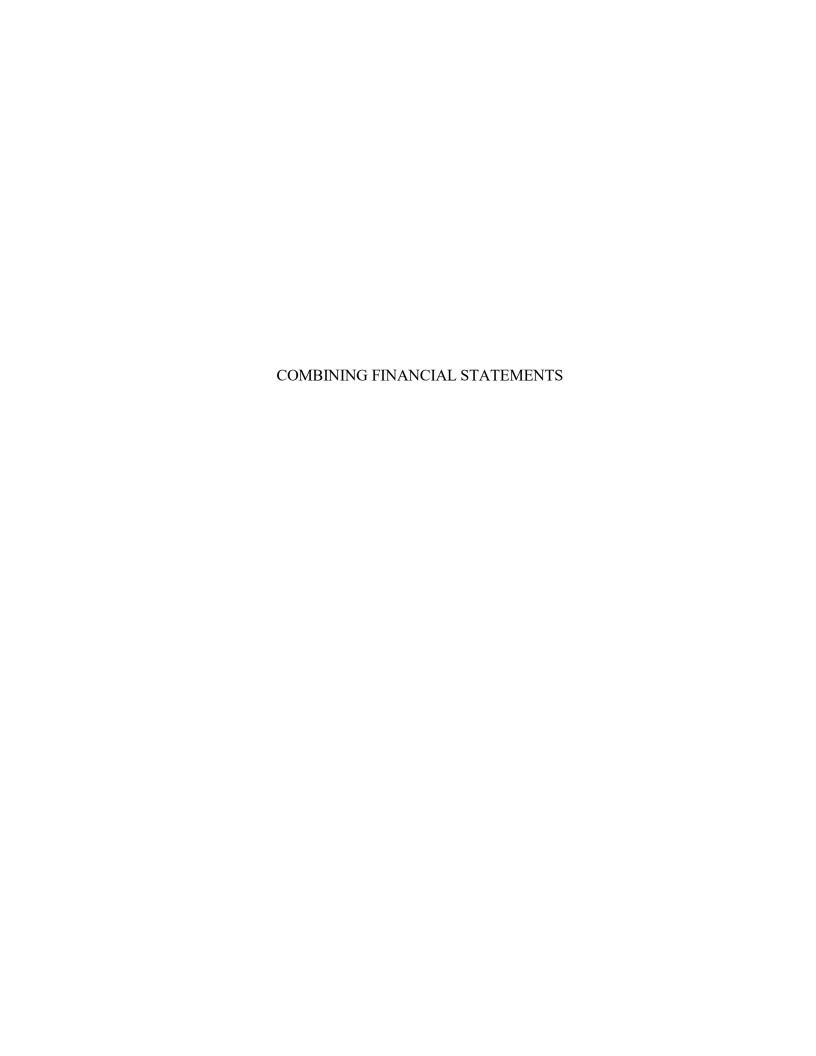
The treasurer is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$100,000.

The minute clerk/encumbrances clerk is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$2,000.

The Activity Fund Custodian is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$1,000.

The Lunch Custodian is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$2,000.

The superintendent is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$100,000.



Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis All Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

ACCETC.	Building Fund		N	Child Jutrition gram Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)	
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	105,695	\$	55,363	\$	161,058
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	105,695	\$	55,363	\$	161,058
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Outstanding Warrants Encumbrances	\$	155	\$	26,098	\$	26,253
		1.5.5		26,000		26.252
TOTAL LIABILITIES		155		26,098		26,253
FUND BALANCES:		105.510				4.4.00.7
Restricted Unassigned		105,540		29,265		134,805
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	105,695	\$	55,363	\$	161,058

Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid And Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis - All Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

]	Building Fund	Child Nutrition gram Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)	
REVENUES COLLECTED:					
District Sources	\$	42,746	\$ 2,537	\$	45,283
Intermediate Sources		-	-		-
State Sources		18,599	2,259		20,858
Federal Sources		5,792	 155,011		160,803
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		67,137	 159,807		226,944
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction		-	-		-
Support Services		16,216	-		16,216
Non-Instruction		-	127,149		127,149
Capital Outlays		-	-		-
Debt Service			 		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID		16,216	127,149		143,365
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments		50,921	32,658		83,579
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In			 (38,000)		(38,000)
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		50,921	(5,342)		45,579
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		54,619	 34,607		89,226
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	105,540	\$ 29,265	\$	134,805

Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid And Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis Special Revenue Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Building Fund					
	Original		Final			
	Budget		Budget		Actual	
REVENUES COLLECTED:						
District Sources	\$	37,273	\$	37,273	\$	42,746
State Sources		_		-		18,599
Federal Sources		-		-		5,792
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		37,273		37,273		67,137
EXPENDITURES PAID:						
Instruction		_		_		_
Support Services		91,892		91,892		16,216
Non-Instruction Services		-		-		-
Capital Outlays		_		_		_
Other Outlays		-		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID		91,892		91,892		16,216
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under)						
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments		(54,619)		(54,619)		50,921
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers In						
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(54,619)		(54,619)		50,921
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		54,619		54,619		54,619
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	105,540

			Child								
		Nutr	ition Fund						Totals		
	Original		Final			C	Priginal		Final		
	Budget		Budget		Actual]	Budget		Budget		Actual
\$	2,651	\$	2,651	\$	2,537	\$	39,924	\$	39,924	\$	45,283
	776		776		2,259		776		776		20,858
	103,997		127,115		155,011		103,997		127,115		160,803
	107,424		130,542		159,807		144,697		167,815		226,944
					•				•		
	-		-		_		-		-		-
	-		-		-		91,892		91,892		16,216
	104,031		127,149		127,149		104,031		127,149		127,149
	-		-		_		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	104,031		127,149		127,149		195,923		219,041		143,365
	3,393		3,393		32,658		(51,226)		(51,226)		83,579
	(38,000)		(38,000)		(38,000)		(38,000)		(38,000)		(38,000)
	(34,607)		(34,607)		(5,342)		(89,226)		(89,226)		45,579
	34,607		34,607		34,607		89,226		89,226		89,226
*		.		.	20.255			.		_	104007
\$		\$	_	\$	29,265	\$		\$		\$	134,805

Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – Regulatory Basis Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2022

	Agency Fund Activity Fund		
ASSETS:			
Cash	\$	62,612	
Due From Other Fund			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	62,612	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES:			
Checks Outstanding	\$	1,796	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,796	
FUND BALANCE:			
Unreserved/Undesignated		27,483	
Designated Student Groups		33,333	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		60,816	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	62,612	

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis All Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Balance 6/30/2021	Deposited	Net Transfers	Disbursed	Balance 6/30/2022
ASSETS: Cash	\$ 57,506	\$ 85,024	\$ -	\$ 81,714	\$ 60,816
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 57,506	\$ 85,024	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 81,714	\$ 60,816
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Unreserved/Undesignated	\$ 25,574	\$ 26,362	\$ -	\$ 24,453	\$ 27,483
Designated Student Groups	31,932	58,662		57,261	33,333
Total Fund Balances	57,506	85,024		81,714	60,816
TOTAL LIABILITES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 57,506	\$ 85,024	\$ -	\$ 81,714	\$ 60,816

School Activity Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

Description	Ending Balance 6/30/2021	Receipts	Adjustments	Disbursements	Ending Balance 6/30/2022
Athletics	\$ 14,548	\$ 24,336	\$ -	\$ 21,792	\$ 17,092
General Activity	61	186	_	206	41
FFA	12,318		_	46,717	12,511
High School Library	26		_	742	46
Yearbook	10,880		_	2,455	10,265
Donation Fund	86	,	_	-	86
Cheerleading	656		_	1,835	81
High School Account	4,671	3,081	-	4,004	3,748
STUCO	676	,	-	-	1,021
Girls Softball	1,842		_	634	1,674
Class of 2019-2020	· -	571		84	487
Class of 2020-2021	1,951	261	_	2,212	-
Class of 2021-2022	296	-	-	296	-
Class of 2022-2023	848	2,000	_	-	2,848
Class of 2023-2024	697		_	-	847
Class of 2024-2025	1,094	356	_	-	1,450
Class of 2025-2025	655	435	_	358	732
Class of 2026-2027	1,061	436	_	95	1,402
Class of 2027-2028	759	64	_	105	718
Class of 2028-2029	787	135	-	83	839
Class of 2029-2030	715	139	_	-	854
Class of 2030-2031	932	317	-	-	1,249
Class of 2031-2032	1,477	113	_	-	1,590
Class of 2032-2033	142	493	-	96	539
Class of 2033-2034	224	217	-	-	441
Class of 2034-2035	104	151	<u> </u>		255
Grand Total	\$ 57,506	\$ 85,024	\$ -	\$ 81,714	\$ 60,816



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA No.	Pass Through Grantor's Number
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:		
Impact Aid (591)	84.041	N/A
Impact Aid - Disabled (592)	84.041	N/A
Indian Education Title VI (561)	84.060A	S060A041278
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through State Department of Education:		
Title I, Part A (511)	84.01	511
Title II, Part A	84.367A	541
Title IV, Part A Academic Enrichment	84.424A	552
Small Rural School (588)	84.358A	588
Indian Education JOM (563)	15.13	563
IDEA - B Flow Through (621)	84.027	621
IDEA - B Pre-School (641)	84.173	641
IDEA - B Early Intervening (623)	84.027	623
COVID Assist Prog (617)	84.425	617
ARP-IDEA B Flow Through (628)	84.027X	628
ARP-IDEA B Preschool (643)	84.027X	643
CARES (788)	84.425D	788
ESSER II (793)	84.425D	793
ESSER III (795)	84.425U	795
TOTAL STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through State of Oklahoma		
Forest Reserves (772)	10.665	N/A
Passed Through U.S. Department of Agriculture:		
Child Nutrition - Lunches (763)	10.555	N/A
Child Nutrition - Breakfasts (764)	10.553	N/A
Child Nutrition - Commodity Credit Corporation (759)	10.555	N/A
Child Nutrition - P-EBT Programs (760)	10.649	N/A
Child Nutrition - Emergency Reim-SBP & NSLP (762) TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	10.555	N/A
Passed Through U.S. Department of Human Services:		
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	N/A
TOTAL FEDERAL ENLANGIAL ACCIOTANCE		

TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Balance June 30, 2021	P	Reciepts for Prior Year Expenditures		Reciepts for Current Year Expenditures		Expenditures		Balance June 30, 2022	
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	_	-		9,948		9,948		-	
	<u> </u>			9,948		9,948		<u> </u>	
1,482	2	-		66,282		66,282		663	
	- -	-		-		-		-	
	-			5,658		5,658		-	
	-	2,971		37,351		3,168 37,351		-	
	=	-		814		814		-	
	-	-		-		-		-	
	-	-		7 122		- 0 172		110	
	-	-		7,132 133		8,173 469		110 1	
	- -	- -		133		409		1 -	
	_	3,829		65,876		65,876		69,615	
	=	-		117,126		117,126		224,833	
1,482	2	6,800		300,372		304,917		295,222	
	_	_		91,101		91,101		_	
				91,101		91,101		-	
45,640	5	-		94,635		102,004		_	
11,750)	-		40,582		40,582		=	
	-	-		8,604		8,604		-	
	-	-		614		614		-	
57,390	- —			1,470		1,470		-	
37,390				145,905		153,274		<u>-</u>	
	<u> </u>			9,106		9,106		_	
\$ 58,878	<u> </u>	6,800	\$	556,432	\$	568,346	\$	295,222	

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant expenditures of Eagletown Public Schools, I-13, McCurtain County, Oklahoma and is presented on the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

No amounts were passed through to a subrecipient.

Note 2: Forrest Reserve Funds totaling \$91,101 were allocated to the District's various funds as follows:

General Fund	\$ 78,663
Building Fund	5,792
SInking Fund	 6,646
	\$ 91,101

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

EAGLETOWN PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-13

Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

STATE OF OKLAHOMA)ss COUNTY OF MCCURTAIN)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit agreement with the Eagletown Public Schools for the audit year 2021-2022.

Johnston and Bryant, C.P.A.'S ..

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December 2022.

My commission expires

Commission Number

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education
Eagletown School District Number I-13
Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, Issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Eagletown School District Number I-13, Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma(District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2022, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's Internal control over financial reporting (Internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's Internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Board of Education Eagletown Independent School District Number I-13 Eagletown, McCurtain County, Oklahoma Page two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnston & Bryons

Ada, Oklahoma August 22, 2022

EAGLETOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-13 MCCURTAIN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Current	Year	Findings
Carrent	1 cai	I III GIII 55

None Noted

Status of Prior Year Findings

None Noted